TWELVE PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. **TWELVE PAGES.**

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Minn Hist'l Society

Easter Fixings

THE BIG DULUTH

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.

THE genuine opening of Spring is Eastertide. We're ready for it, and the whole store is abloom with newness. It's Spring in this store whether it is any other place or not.

Suits and Top Coats for Spring and Summer Wear:

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25

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Cabinet Discusses Aguinaldo's Capture.

His Disposition Is Still a Problem.

Washington, March 29.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted almost entirely to a discussion of the capture of Aguinaldo, its effect upon the military situation in the Philippines, the disposition to be made of the insurgent chief, and the reward to be given to Gen. Funston. The subject was considered in all its phases, but no definite conclusions were reached either with regard to Gen. Funston's reward, or to the punishment of Aguinaldo.

The president and all members of the cabinet are in favor of the most liberal and substantial recognition of the service performed by Gen. Funston. There was some discussion of the question of making him a brigadier general in the regular army, but it was thought that full reports should be awaited before action was taken. The matter probably will be allowed to rest where it is for the present. Gen. Funston is holding a volunteer commission as brigadier general, which will not expire until June 30 of this year, therefore, so far as honor and emoluments are concerned, his standing will not be prejudiced by the delay.

The disposition to be made of Aguinaldo was a matter that could not be disposed of definitely. Whether action is taken in regard to him will originate with the army officials in the Philippines, and be passed upon finally here. There is no inclination to deal harshly with the man who has led the rebels against the forces of this country. Some of the cabinet think it is possible he may be used with good effect by the authorities of the Philippine commission in the establishment of civil government.

Gen. MacArthur's dispatch suggesting that Aguinaldo might issue an address advising the insurgents to accept the situation was pointed to as indicating possibilities along this line. On the other hand, Aguinaldo's record has not been such as to win for him great confidence in his constancy, and, if his influence cannot be utilized safely, he undoubtedly will be sent to some place where he can foment no further trouble. Guam was mentioned as a possible place for his detention.

The president and his cabinet believe that the capture of Aguinaldo will mean much in the crushing of the insurrection. Indeed, they are inclined to believe now that it means the utter collapse of the opposition to the authority of the United States.

Secretary Hitchcock reported that his department is at work trying to perfect plans for the opening of the Kiowa and Comanche Indian reservations in Oklahoma to settlement in August next. He is trying to avoid, if possible, the troubles which attended prior openings, especially the opening of Oklahoma. The land is being resurveyed for the purpose of locating quarter section lines and school lands. There must be alloted to each of 3000 Indians 160 acres, and grazing lands also must be set aside. The whole reservation includes 14,000 quarter sections.

This was the last cabinet meeting to be attended by Attorney General Griggs, and the leave-taking was marked by the most sincere regret from the president and members of the cabinet. Mr. Griggs will leave Washington at 10 o'clock tomorrow for his home in New Jersey, and will at once begin the practice of his profession.

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OBJECTIONS ARE LESS

The Explanations of Russia on the Manchurian Convention Serve to Place the Matter In a Different Light.

Washington, March 29.—It is stated on excellent Russian authority that the Manchurian convention has from the first been regarded simply as a modus vivendi. It was this phase of the subject which Count Cassini brought to the attention of Secretary Hay yesterday, and simultaneously it appears to have been impressed upon the minds of the British officials, as Lord Lansdowne announced to the house of lords that the convention viewed as a modus vivendi might not present the objections heretofore held against it. The Russian authorities at Washington have all along construed the convention as a modus vivendi, although Count Cassini has now made this reply to Secretary Hay. It is expected that the term, modus vivendi, as applying to the present convention, means that abnormal conditions have arisen in Manchuria, and that normal conditions can best be restored by means of a modus. The chief purpose of the modus, it is explained, would be toprovide for the evacuation of Manchuria by the Russian troops, as their presence there is part of the abnormal condition brought about by the disturbances. But with these forces withdrawn, Russia expects that assurances will be given that quiet will be maintained and that the former normal condition will be in fact restored. When the old state of things is thus restored, it is the Russian view that the modus vivendi will cease to operate, as its purpose will have been secured of correcting the abnormal conditions brought about by the Chinese outbreak and the dispatch of a large Russian force to different points in the province. It is said that the integrity of China will be completely preserved and that nothing in the nature of a Russian protectorate or suzerainty will exist.

Neither the Russian ambassador nor the Chinese minister has received any word as to the final action on the convention. The Chinese minister was at the state department today, having returned from a three-days' visit to New York. He is without advices, however, since the last dispatch from the southern viceroys, expressing the hope that the United States will induce Russia not to press the convention. In some diplomatic quarters it is pointed out that the term modus vivendi implies that Russia has certain distinct territorial rights in Manchuria, and that it in no way mitigates the character of the convention.

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DEAL IS NOT PLEASING

Large Stockholders In the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Do Not Like Hill's Purchase Scheme.

Boston, March 29.—The Post today says: The proposed consolidation of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company with the Great Northern and Northern Pacific has reached a final stage. The long-delayed plan, it is said, is ready for submission to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stockholders.

The secret conference of President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern, Charles E. Pekins, chairman of the Burlington board of directors, and ex-Senator Wolcott of Colorado at the Victoria hotel in this city on Wednesday is believed to have settled the question. The plan provides, it is said, for the purchase of C., B. & Q. bonds at 187½ in 3½ per cent guaranteed bonds, or 180 in in cash. It is not known whether the proposition contained a guarantee to the stockholders of the proposed 7 per cent.

The large C., B & Q. stockholders do not manifest pleasure over the rumors of a deal.

The plans were laid some time ago. Wednesday's conference was prolonged, and at its close President Hill and Senator Wolcott hurried for the West. Mr. Wolcott had been in Boston since March 17 talking over matters pertaining to the consolidation.

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SURRENDERING FAST

The Insurrection In the Island of Mindanas, Second Largest of the Philippines, Is at an End.

Washington, March 29.—Another important dispatch was received at the war department today from Gen. MacArthur, at Manilla, dated today. It did not refer to Aguinaldo or Funston, but in the opinion of the war department officials, it went far to support the prediction made by Gen. MacArthur in yesterday's dispatch relating to those two leaders, to the effect that the end of the rebellion is near at hand. This dispatch chronicles the surrender of a considerable additional number of rebels and military arms, and the important feature of it is that the surrender marks the complete stamping out of the insurrection in the island of Mindanao, which is, next to Luzon, the largest island in the group. The dispatch is as follows:

"Manilla, March 29.—Brig. Gen. William A. Kobbe reports surrender at Sumulao, Mindanao, of nine officers, 100 men, 187 rifles, eighty shotguns, Capistrano's command. This ends trouble as far as Filipinos concerned.

"Brig. Gen. Robert P. Hughes reports from Alikpali and Ruiz thirty-four guns surrendered to Capt. Shanks, at Mamburao, 206 guns. Fullon's command surrenederd to Lieut. Co. William S. Scott, Forty-fourth United States volunteers. MACARTHUR."

FUNSTON'S REWARD

Brigadier Generalship In Regular Army to Be Asked.

The Kansas Delegation Will Urge Such an Appointment.

Strong Opposition Is Expected From Regular Army Officers.

Washington, March 29.—The Kansas congressional delegation has decided to urge the president to appoint Gen. Funston a brigadier general in the regular army, as a reward for his daring capture of Aguinaldo. This afternoon Senator Burton and Representatives Long and Curtis, the only members of the delegation in the city, will call upon the president for that purpose. The members of the Kansas delegation do not consider that a brigadier generalship would be too great a reward for Gen. Funston's exploit, and point to Gen. MacArthur's recommendation that he be appointed to that grade as complete demonstration of the great service he has rendered to the government. They are exceedingly warm in their praise of Gen. MacArthur for giving the entire credit of the expedition to Funston. In view of his recommendation, they do not believe the president will hesitate to bestow upon the gallant Kansan the star he has won.

They would not be surprised, however, if considerable opposition to giving Funston a brigadier generalship should develop at the war department. There is no disposition in the regular establishment to belittle Gen. Funston's exploit, especially since the receipt of Gen. MacArthur's dispatch giving full credit to Funston, but there naturally would be opposition there to jumping a volunteer officer 35 years old into the grade of brigadier general, and the Kansas delegation recognizes this fact.

TO HELP DUKE

Papa Zimmerman Will Pay His Daughter's Husband's Debts.

London, March 29.—The duke of Manchester appeared in the bankruptcy court today for public examination, but the case was again adjourned to May 10. It was represented that Mr. Zimmerman, the duke's father-in-law, had just arrived in England and was investigating the debtor's affairs, and that, therefore, it would be for the benefit of the creditors to adjourn the case until the investigation was completed. This is taken as an intimation that Mr. Zimmerman proposes to extricate his son-in-law from his embarassments.

Miss Portia Knight's statement of ner claim in the breach of promise action brought by her against the duke is approaching completion. It is understood that heavy damages will be demanded. The duke of Manchester has entered an appearance in the action so he evidently intends to fight it.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

Party of Gold Seekers Undoubtedly Massacred.

Phoenix, Ariz., March 29.—It is reported that a party of gold seekers was massacred by Ceris Indians on the island of Tiburon, in the gulf of California. Two weeks ago six Mexican prospectors left Tepopa, on the west coast of Mexico, in a small boat and went to Tiburon island in search of gold. Pedro Parquita, one of the party, has reached the mainland in a small boat and reported a fierce fight with the Indians. He escaped, but believes his companions were killed.

MAY COME IN.

San Francisco, March 29.—Collector of the Port Stratton has received an opinion from Attorney General Griggs definitely establishing the right of Chinese persons who were citizens of the Hawaiian islands prior to Aug. 12, 1898, by birth or naturalization, to enter the United States. It was clearly the intent of congress, the attorney general thinks, to throw the cloak of adoption over all who were Hawaiian citizens on the date mentioned in the treaty.

NEARLY FOUNDERED.

Vancouver, B. C., March 29.—The British bark Beechdale has arrived here from Liverpool after a stormy passage, during which the vessel narrowly escaped foundering. She lost three of her men, one of whom was swept overboard, another fell to the deck and was killed, while the third died from exposure.

ANIMAL PARASITE.

Buffalo, March 29.—"Cancer is caused by an animal parasite which we have identified and located in the New York state canceral laboratory," said Professor H. R. Gaylord of the university of Buffalo, who has charge of that laboratory, last night.

A peculiar feature about the parasite is the length of time required to develop a culture, and this, Professor Gaylord said, accounted for the failure to fully identify it before.

CHILEANS COMING.

Santiago de Chile, March 29 (via Galveston, Texas.)—The Chilean commission to the Buffalo exposition have started for the United States. It is said that Chile, although late, will be well represented at the Pan-American exposition.

HAS A SON.

Berlin, March 29.—Princess Bismarck was accouched of a son here today.

JAKE WINS

Gross Earnings Tax Bill Passed House.

Duluth Members, Except Alford, Opposed It.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Jacobson bill increasing the gross earnings tax on railroads from 3 to 4 per cent came up as a special order in the house this morning, and this fact is one of Jake's victories. Last week, after a hard fight on the floor, a report was adopted referring the substance of his bill to the tax commission. This left the bill in the possession of the house, and its opponents agreed to lay it on the table, thinking it was well out of the way and not believing it likely to be called up soon, in which event they had a majority and were in no wise alarmed, but felt sure of again defeating the fighter from Lac qui Parle county. This is the same measure over which the charges of bribery were made which have yet to be substantiated. But Jacobson was not idle, and has been hustling his liveliest during the past few days, so that when on Wednesday the motion was made to take the bill from the table he was able to muster a bare majority to carry the motion, and the bill was then made a special order for this morning, when it passed by a vote of 78 to 36.

The preliminary debate was over the same ground heretofore gone over by friends and opponents of the provision, little that was new being brought out. Jacobson and J. A. Peterson led the fight in support of the bill, the opposition being led by Laybourn, with speeches by Larson, G. W. Armstrong and others. Roll call was begun within an hour of the calling the special order, but a number of members felt called on to explain their votes for the sake of consistency or some other reason.

An amendment was offered to raise the rate to 5 per cent, but the intention seemed to be to get it so high that the senate would be the more sure of killing the bill, and the provision was overwhelmingly voted down.

No material change was made in the bill, the only amendment adopted being one to provide that the statement on the ballot be printed in black faced type when it is submitted to a vote of the people.

The Duluth delegation, with the exception of Mr. Alford, voted against the bill, having held together on the measure in its various stages through the house. Mr. Alford had been with his colleagues in the earlier steps, but went with Jacobson on the motion to take the bill from the table, and again today voted with Jacobson in favor of it. The opponents of the bill were most stirred over the remarks of Mr. Sweet, of Hennepin county, when he voted, denouncing him in warm terms as most insulting. He had suggested that the numerous explanations of votes made by the opponents of the bill, and by those who had been heretofore opposed to it, might come from the prickings of guilty consciences.

In the opening half hour of the session the house bill for a constitutional amendment establishing a road and bridge fund and authorizing the legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and bridges within the state was favorably reported.

Among the new bills were these:

Babcock—Authorizing the appointment of two inspectors for the semi-graded and rural schools.

Nelson—Requiring railroad companies to carry bicycles free for passengers.

Pennington—Amending the laws relating to election contests.

Galt—To promote interest in the study of rural life in the rural schools.

Dobbin—Legalizing past foreclosures of mortgages heretofore made as against specified objections thereto.

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NEW POSTOFFICE HEAD

Report That George B. Cortelyou Will Succeed Postmaster General Smith, Who Will Become Ambassador to England.

Washington, March 29.—(Special to The Hearld.)—The next postmaster general of the United States will be George B. Cortelyou, at present secretary to President McKinley. It has been decided by Mr. McKinley to give Mr. Cortelyou a cabinet office, and the letter will accept the place with satisfaction personally to himself and to this great department. It is not necessary to explain why Mr. Cortelyou will be acceptable in this high office, to the department of which he will be the head and to the people of the country.

Postmaster General Smith is by no means forced to resign his present position. Mr. Smith is anxious to represent this government at the court of St. James, considered at this time one of the highest diplomatic positions within the gift of the president of the United States and one which Mr. Smith will undoubtedly be able to fill with great satisfaction to the McKinley administration. It is conceded that Mr. Cortelyou will make a good postmaster general.

A story recently printed in the East that Perry S. Heath, formerly first assistant postmaster general, is to have charge of the press work at the St. Louis exposition is not true. He will succeed George B. Cortelyou as secretary to the president as soon as the latter has been nominated for postmaster general. This, at least, is the information secured from White House sources today.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

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THE CHINESE MEDLEY

Russia Says the Manchuria Convention Has Been Signed While Other Statements Equally Positive Assert It Has Not.

New York, March 29.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There is the usual Chinese medley in the dispatches from Pekin, St. Petersburg, Berlin and Washington. A positive assertion from Russian sources that the Manchuria convention has been signed is met with equally explicit statements that England has protested against it and that the Chinese government has deferred action, owing to appeals from the viceroys of Wu Chang and Nanking and protests from Japan and other powers. Lord Cranborne admitted in the house of commons that he did not know whether the agreement had been accepted or rejected. It is a tangled skein of diplomacy, and the first knot that needs to be unravelled is the realscope of the Anglo-German agreement. This compact has not been repudiated, but the two partners have clearly been playing at cross purposes and with demoralizing effect. As far as the Yank Tse viceroys are concerned, these viceroys who had prevented a revolution in Central China were protesting against the surrender of Manchuria to Russia by the Manchu party of reaction. Count Von Buelow paralyzed their action when he declared that Manchuria was outside the scope of the Anglo-German agreement, for he virtually licensed Russia to enforce and proclaim the provisions of the Manchuria convention. Lord Cranborne has been breaking the force of this revelation by contradictions and evasions which leave a final impression that the two partners are not in accord respecting the policy which should be adopted toward Russia.

The action of Japan in interpreting in a natural way the scope of that convention and the dangers to which the Yang Tse viceroys may be exposed from resentment of the Manchu dynasty may warn the Western powers that strenuous opposition must be offered to the Russian plan of campaign. Diplomatists explain the situation as a result of the German reversion to Bismarck traditions. Bismarck always contrived to have a secret understanding with Russia, whatever might be his relation or alliances with other powers. The German emperor has made an agreement with England whom Bismarck never regarded as a natural ally. He has suddenly honored the traditions of Bismarck diplomacy by disclaiming any interference with Russian designs in Manchuria. The view is that this result is due either to the necessity of conciliating the anti-English prejudice in Gemany or to the expediency of winning Russian support to the indemnity proposals or other points concerning which the concert is now divided.

Members of parliament are encouraged by the outspoken leaders in the Times and are hoping that the government will pull itself together and condemn strongly Russian intrigues against the integrity of China. This would involve emphatic repudiation of Count Von Buelow's announcement that the Anglo-German agreement excludes Manchuria and the adoption of the literal interpretation of that convention placed upon it by Japan. England's complaints are heard that the American government is inactive and feeble on the China question. These strictures will come with better grace when it is apparent that the Anglo-German agreement is not a cover for the Russian conquest of Northern China, and that the British government is bent upon supporting the best of the Yang Tse viceroys, instead of condoning the plots of the worst and most reactionary Manchurian intriguers.

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ARBITRATION.

Will Do Away With Strikes Among Printers.

Albany, N. Y., March 29.—State Commissioner of Labor McMackin has issued his quarterly labor bulletin. Among other things it says: Negotiations are progressing towards a compact between the American Newspaper Publishers' association and the International Typographical union, which, if adopted, will establish the peaceful methods of arbitration in place of strikes or lockouts in that large part of the printing industry controlled by the publishers' association.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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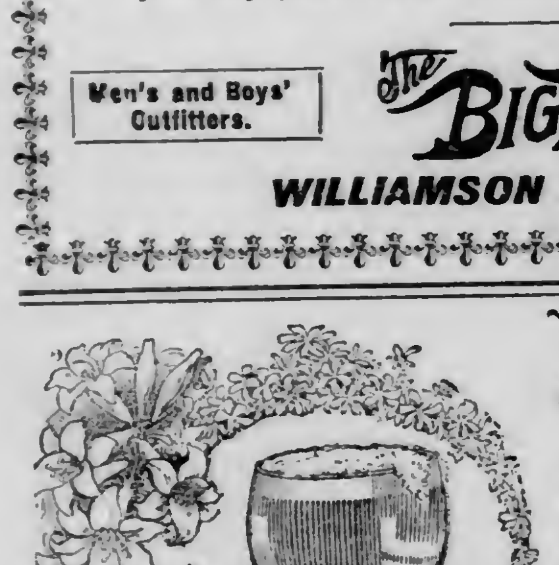

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Washington, March 29.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted almost entirely to a discussion of the capture of Aguinaldo, its effect upon the military situation in the Philippines, the disposition to be made of the insurgent chief, and the reward to be given to Gen. Funston. The subject was considered in all its phases, but no definite conclusions were reached either with regard to Gen. Funston's reward, or to the punishment of Aguinaldo.

The president and all members of the cabinet are in favor of the most liberal and substantial recognition of the service performed by Gen. Funston. There was some discussion of the question of making him a brigadier general in the regular army, but it was thought that full reports should be awaited before action was taken. The matter probably will be allowed to rest where it is for the present. Gen. Funston is holding a volunteer commission as brigadier general, which will not expire until June 30 of this year, therefore, so far as honor and emoluments are concerned, his standing will not be prejudiced by the delay.

The disposition to be made of Aguinaldo was a matter that could not be disposed of definitely. Whether action is taken in regard to him will originate with the army officials in the Philippines, and be passed upon finally here. There is no inclination to deal harshly with the man who has led the rebels against the forces of this country. Some of the cabinet think it is possible he may be used with good effect by the authorities of the Philippine commission in the establishment of civil government.

Gen. MacArthur's dispatch suggesting that Aguinaldo might issue an address advising the insurgents to accept the situation was pointed to as indicating possibilities along this line. On the other hand, Aguinaldo's record has not been such as to win for him great confidence in his constancy, and, if his influence cannot be utilized safely, he undoubtedly will be sent to some place where he can foment no further trouble. Guam was mentioned as a possible place for his detention.

The president and his cabinet believe that the capture of Aguinaldo will mean much in the crushing of the insurrection. Indeed, they are inclined to believe now that it means the utter collapse of the opposition to the authority of the United States.

Secretary Hitchcock reported that his department is at work trying to perfect plans for the opening of the Kiowa and Comanche Indian reservations in Oklahoma to settlement in August next. He is trying to avoid, if possible, the troubles which attended prior openings, especially the opening of Oklahoma. The land is being resurveyed for the purpose of locating quarter section lines and school lands. There must be alloted to each of 3000 Indians 160 acres, and grazing lands also must be set aside. The whole reservation includes 14,000 quarter sections.

This was the last cabinet meeting to be attended by Attorney General Griggs, and the leave-taking was marked by the most sincere regret from the president and members of the cabinet. Mr. Griggs will leave Washington at 10 o'clock tomorrow for his home in New Jersey, and will at once begin the practice of his profession.

OBJECTIONS ARE LESS

The Explanations of Russia on the Manchurian Convention Serve to Place the Matter In a Different Light.

Washington, March 29.—It is stated on excellent Russian authority that the Manchurian convention has from the first been regarded simply as a modus vivendi. It was this phase of the subject which Count Cassini brought to the attention of Secretary Hay yesterday, and simultaneously it appears to have been impressed upon the minds of the British officials, as Lord Lansdowne announced to the house of lords that the convention viewed as a modus vivendi might not present the objections heretofore held against it. The Russian authorities at Washington have all along construed the convention as a modus vivendi, although Count Cassini has now made this reply to Secretary Hay. It is expected that the term, modus vivendi, as applying to the present convention, means that abnormal conditions have arisen in Manchuria, and that normal conditions can best be restored by means of a modus. The chief purpose of the modus, it is explained, would be toprovide for the evacuation of Manchuria by the Russian troops, as their presence there is part of the abnormal condition brought about by the disturbances. But with these forces withdrawn, Russia expects that assurances will be given that quiet will be maintained and that the former normal condition will be in fact restored. When the old state of things is thus restored, it is the Russian view that the modus vivendi will cease to operate, as its purpose will have been secured of correcting the abnormal conditions brought about by the Chinese outbreak and the dispatch of a large Russian force to different points in the province. It is said that the integrity of China will be completely preserved and that nothing in the nature of a Russian protectorate or suzerainty will exist.

Neither the Russian ambassador nor the Chinese minister has received any word as to the final action on the convention. The Chinese minister was at the state department today, having returned from a three-days' visit to New York. He is without advices, however, since the last dispatch from the southern viceroys, expressing the hope that the United States will induce Russia not to press the convention. In some diplomatic quarters it is pointed out that the term modus vivendi implies that Russia has certain distinct territorial rights in Manchuria, and that it in no way mitigates the character of the convention.

DEAL IS NOT PLEASING

Large Stockholders In the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Do Not Like Hill's Purchase Scheme.

Boston, March 29.—The Post today says: The proposed consolidation of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company with the Great Northern and Northern Pacific has reached a final stage. The long-delayed plan, it is said, is ready for submission to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stockholders.

The secret conference of President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern, Charles E. Pekins, chairman of the Burlington board of directors, and ex-Senator Wolcott of Colorado at the Victoria hotel in this city on Wednesday is believed to have settled the question. The plan provides, it is said, for the purchase of C., B. & Q. bonds at 187½ in 3½ per cent guaranteed bonds, or 180 in in cash. It is not known whether the proposition contained a guarantee to the stockholders of the proposed 7 per cent.

The large C., B & Q. stockholders do not manifest pleasure over the rumors of a deal.

The plans were laid some time ago. Wednesday's conference was prolonged, and at its close President Hill and Senator Wolcott hurried for the West. Mr. Wolcott had been in Boston since March 17 talking over matters pertaining to the consolidation.

SURRENDERING FAST

The Insurrection In the Island of Mindanas, Second Largest of the Philippines, Is at an End.

Washington, March 29.—Another important dispatch was received at the war department today from Gen. MacArthur, at Manilla, dated today. It did not refer to Aguinaldo or Funston, but in the opinion of the war department officials, it went far to support the prediction made by Gen. MacArthur in yesterday's dispatch relating to those two leaders, to the effect that the end of the rebellion is near at hand. This dispatch chronicles the surrender of a considerable additional number of rebels and military arms, and the important feature of it is that the surrender marks the complete stamping out of the insurrection in the island of Mindanao, which is, next to Luzon, the largest island in the group. The dispatch is as follows:

"Manilla, March 29.—Brig. Gen. William A. Kobbe reports surrender at Sumulao, Mindanao, of nine officers, 100 men, 187 rifles, eighty shotguns, Capistrano's command. This ends trouble as far as Filipinos concerned.

"Brig. Gen. Robert P. Hughes reports from Alikpali and Ruiz thirty-four guns surrendered to Capt. Shanks, at Mamburao, 206 guns. Fullon's command surrenederd to Lieut. Co. William S. Scott, Forty-fourth United States volunteers. MACARTHUR."

FUNSTON'S REWARD

Brigadier Generalship In Regular Army to Be Asked.

The Kansas Delegation Will Urge Such an Appointment.

Strong Opposition Is Expected From Regular Army Officers.

Washington, March 29.—The Kansas congressional delegation has decided to urge the president to appoint Gen. Funston a brigadier general in the regular army, as a reward for his daring capture of Aguinaldo. This afternoon Senator Burton and Representatives Long and Curtis, the only members of the delegation in the city, will call upon the president for that purpose. The members of the Kansas delegation do not consider that a brigadier generalship would be too great a reward for Gen. Funston's exploit, and point to Gen. MacArthur's recommendation that he be appointed to that grade as complete demonstration of the great service he has rendered to the government. They are exceedingly warm in their praise of Gen. MacArthur for giving the entire credit of the expedition to Funston. In view of his recommendation, they do not believe the president will hesitate to bestow upon the gallant Kansan the star he has won.

They would not be surprised, however, if considerable opposition to giving Funston a brigadier generalship should develop at the war department. There is no disposition in the regular establishment to belittle Gen. Funston's exploit, especially since the receipt of Gen. MacArthur's dispatch giving full credit to Funston, but there naturally would be opposition there to jumping a volunteer officer 35 years old into the grade of brigadier general, and the Kansas delegation recognizes this fact.

TO HELP DUKE

Papa Zimmerman Will Pay His Daughter's Husband's Debts.

London, March 29.—The duke of Manchester appeared in the bankruptcy court today for public examination, but the case was again adjourned to May 10. It was represented that Mr. Zimmerman, the duke's father-in-law, had just arrived in England and was investigating the debtor's affairs, and that, therefore, it would be for the benefit of the creditors to adjourn the case until the investigation was completed. This is taken as an intimation that Mr. Zimmerman proposes to extricate his son-in-law from his embarassments.

Miss Portia Knight's statement of her claim in the breach of promise action brought by her against the duke is approaching completion. It is understood that heavy damages will be demanded. The duke of Manchester has entered an appearance in the action so he evidently intends to fight it.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

Party of Gold Seekers Undoubtedly Massacred.

Phoenix, Ariz., March 29.—It is reported that a party of gold seekers was massacred by Ceris Indians on the island of Tiburon, in the gulf of California. Two weeks ago six Mexican prospectors left Tepopa, on the west coast of Mexico, in a small boat and went to Tiburon island in search of gold. Pedro Parquita, one of the party, has reached the mainland in a small boat and reported a fierce fight with the Indians. He escaped, but believes his companions were killed.

MAY COME IN.

San Francisco, March 29.—Collector of the Port Stratton has received an opinion from Attorney General Griggs definitely establishing the right of Chinese persons who were citizens of the Hawaiian islands prior to Aug. 12, 1898, by birth or naturalization, to enter the United States. It was clearly the intent of congress, the attorney general thinks, to throw the cloak of adoption over all who were Hawaiian citizens on the date mentioned in the treaty.

NEARLY FOUNDERED.

Vancouver, B. C., March 29.—The British bark Beechdale has arrived here from Liverpool after a stormy passage, during which the vessel narrowly escaped foundering. She lost three of her men, one of whom was swept overboard, another fell to the deck and was killed, while the third died from exposure.

ANIMAL PARASITE.

Buffalo, March 29.—"Cancer is caused by an animal parasite which we have identified and located in the New York state canceral laboratory," said Professor H. R. Gaylord of the university of Buffalo, who has charge of that laboratory, last night.

A peculiar feature about the parasite is the length of time required to develop a culture, and this, Professor Gaylord said, accounted for the failure to fully identify it before.

CHILEANS COMING.

Santiago de Chile, March 29 (via Galveston, Texas.)—The Chilean commission to the Buffalo exposition have started for the United States. It is said that Chile, although late, will be well represented at the Pan-American exposition.

HAS A SON.

Berlin, March 29.—Princess Bismarck was accouched of a son here today.

Minn Hist'l Society

JAKE WINS

Gross Earnings Tax Bill Passed House.

Duluth Members, Except Alford, Opposed It.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Jacobson bill increasing the gross earnings tax on railroads from 3 to 4 per cent came up as a special order in the house this morning, and this fact is one of Jake's victories. Last week, after a hard fight on the floor, a report was adopted referring the substance of his bill to the tax commission. This left the bill in the possession of the house, and its opponents agreed to lay it on the table, thinking it was well out of the way and not believing it likely to be called up soon, in which event they had a majority and were in no wise alarmed, but felt sure of again defeating the fighter from Lac qui Parle county. This is the same measure over which the charges of bribery were made which have yet to be substantiated. But Jacobson was not idle, and has been hustling his liveliest during the past few days, so that when on Wednesday the motion was made to take the bill from the table he was able to muster a bare majority to carry the motion, and the bill was then made a special order for this morning, when it passed by a vote of 78 to 36.

The preliminary debate was over the same ground heretofore gone over by friends and opponents of the provision, little that was new being brought out. Jacobson and J. A. Peterson led the fight in support of the bill, the opposition being led by Laybourn, with speeches by Larson, G. W. Armstrong and others. Roll call was begun within an hour of the calling the special order, but a number of members felt called on to explain their votes for the sake of consistency or some other reason.

An amendment was offered to raise the rate to 5 per cent, but the intention seemed to be to get it so high that the senate would be the more sure of killing the bill, and the provision was overwhelmingly voted down.

No material change was made in the bill, the only amendment adopted being one to provide that the statement on the ballot be printed in black faced type when it is submitted to a vote of the people.

The Duluth delegation, with the exception of Mr. Alford, voted against the bill, having held together on the measure in its various stages through the house. Mr. Alford had been with his colleagues in the earlier steps, but went with Jacobson on the motion to take the bill from the table, and again today voted with Jacobson in favor of it. The opponents of the bill were most stirred over the remarks of Mr. Sweet, of Hennepin county, when he voted, denouncing him in warm terms as most insulting. He had suggested that the numerous explanations of votes made by the opponents of the bill, and by those who had been heretofore opposed to it, might come from the prickings of guilty consciences.

In the opening half hour of the session the house bill for a constitutional amendment establishing a road and bridge fund and authorizing the legislature to levy an annual tax for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and bridges within the state was favorably reported.

Among the new bills were these:

Babcock—Authorizing the appointment of two inspectors for the semi-graded and rural schools.

Nelson—Requiring railroad companies to carry bicycles free for passengers.

Pennington—Amending the laws relating to election contests.

Galt—To promote interest in the study of rural life in the rural schools.

Dobbin—Legalizing past foreclosures of mortgages heretofore made as against specified objections thereto.

NEW POSTOFFICE HEAD

Report That George B. Cortelyou Will Succeed Postmaster General Smith, Who Will Become Ambassador to England.

Washington, March 29.—(Special to The Hearld.)—The next postmaster general of the United States will be George B. Cortelyou, at present secretary to President McKinley. It has been decided by Mr. McKinley to give Mr. Cortelyou a cabinet office, and the letter will accept the place with satisfaction personally to himself and to this great department. It is not necessary to explain why Mr. Cortelyou will be acceptable in this high office, to the department of which he will be the head and to the people of the country.

Postmaster General Smith is by no means forced to resign his present position. Mr. Smith is anxious to represent this government at the court of St. James, considered at this time one of the highest diplomatic positions within the gift of the president of the United States and one which Mr. Smith will undoubtedly be able to fill with great satisfaction to the McKinley administration. It is conceded that Mr. Cortelyou will make a good postmaster general.

A story recently printed in the East that Perry S. Heath, formerly first assistant postmaster general, is to have charge of the press work at the St. Louis exposition is not true. He will succeed George B. Cortelyou as secretary to the president as soon as the latter has been nominated for postmaster general. This, at least, is the information secured from White House sources today.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

THE CHINESE MEDLEY

Russia Says the Manchuria Convention Has Been Signed While Other Statements Equally Positive Assert It Has Not.

New York, March 29.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There is the usual Chinese medley in the dispatches from Pekin, St. Petersburg, Berlin and Washington. A positive assertion from Russian sources that the Manchuria convention has been signed is met with equally explicit statements that England has protested against it and that the Chinese government has deferred action, owing to appeals from the viceroys of Wu Chang and Nanking and protests from Japan and other powers. Lord Cranborne admitted in the house of commons that he did not know whether the agreement had been accepted or rejected. It is a tangled skein of diplomacy, and the first knot that needs to be unravelled is the realscope of the Anglo-German agreement. This compact has not been repudiated, but the two partners have clearly been playing at cross purposes and with demoralizing effect. As far as the Yank Tse viceroys are concerned, these viceroys who had prevented a revolution in Central China were protesting against the surrender of Manchuria to Russia by the Manchu party of reaction. Count Von Buelow paralyzed their action when he declared that Manchuria was outside the scope of the Anglo-German agreement, for he virtually licensed Russia to enforce and proclaim the provisions of the Manchuria convention. Lord Cranborne has been breaking the force of this revelation by contradictions and evasions which leave a final impression that the two partners are not in accord respecting the policy which should be adopted toward Russia.

The action of Japan in interpreting in a natural way the scope of that convention and the dangers to which the Yang Tse viceroys may be exposed from resentment of the Manchu dynasty may warn the Western powers that strenuous opposition must be offered to the Russian plan of campaign. Diplomatists explain the situation as a result of the German reversion to Bismarck traditions. Bismarck always contrived to have a secret understanding with Russia, whatever might be his relation or alliances with other powers. The German emperor has made an agreement with England whom Bismarck never regarded as a natural aily. He has suddenly honored the traditions of Bismarck diplomacy by disclaiming any interference with Russian designs in Manchuria. The view is that this result is due either to the necessity of conciliating the anti-English prejudice in Gemany or to the expediency of winning Russian support to the indemnity proposals or other points concerning which the concert is now divided.

Members of parliament are encouraged by the outspoken leaders in the Times and are hoping that the government will pull itself together and condemn strongly Russian intrigues against the integrity of China. This would involve emphatic repudiation of Count Von Buelow's announcement that the Anglo-German agreement excludes Manchuria and the adoption of the literal interpretation of that convention placed upon it by Japan. England's complaints are heard that the American government is inactive and feeble on the China question. These strictures will come with better grace when it is apparent that the Anglo-German agreement is not a cover for the Russian conquest of Northern China, and that the British government is bent upon supporting the best of the Yang Tse viceroys, instead of condoning the plots of the worst and most reactionary Manchurian intriguers.

ARBITRATION.

Will Do Away With Strikes Among Printers.

Albany, N. Y., March 29.—State Commissioner of Labor McMackin has issued his quarterly labor bulletin. Among other things it says: Negotiations are progressing towards a compact between the American Newspaper Publishers' association and the International Typographical union, which, if adopted, will establish the peaceful methods of arbitration in place of strikes or lockouts in that large part of the printing industry controlled by the publishers' association.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Ladies' Storm Rubbers 35 cents.

PHILLIPS

Misses' and Childs' Rubbers 24 cents.

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

NEW SPRING FOOTWEAR. OUR TWO GREAT LEADERS—

THE PRINCESS OUR $3.50 LADIES' BOOT

A beautiful Boot to look at; dainty, yet substantial.

Irreproachable in make and finish.

Made in twenty styles.

Vici Kid, Enamel and Patent Leather.

ASK FOR THE WALK-OVER SHOE FOR MEN
Copyrighted.

Walk-over $3.50 MEN'S SHOE.

More style, more comfort, and more wear than usually found in $4.00 Shoes.

Misses' Shoes.

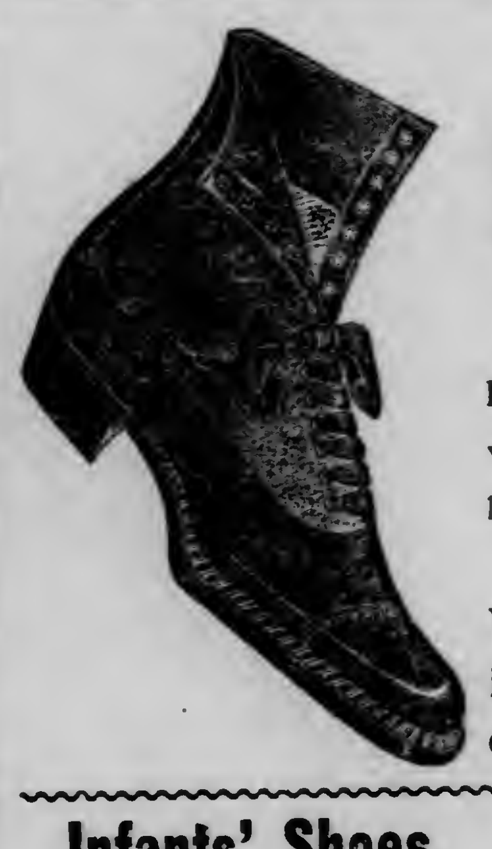
Misses' Dongola spring heel Shoes at ---- 98c

Misses' heavy sole Shoes; patent tip ---- $1.25

Misses' fine dongola or box calf Shoes at ---- $1.50

SPRING STYLES NOW IN.

All leathers; patent leather and patent kid; price only ---- $4.00



LADIES' $3.00 SHOES

In patent leather and vici kid, made with light or heavy soles.

We have them in fifteen different styles.

Ladies' Shoes.

Ladies' Fine Shoes at ---- $2.50

Welt turns—flexible soles. Don't fail to see them.

School Shoes.

Little Gent's Vici Kid Shoes, 8 to 13 ---- 89c

Little Gent's Satin Calf Shoes ---- 98c

Little Gents' Box Calf Shoes ---- $1.25

Infants' Shoes.

Infants' Soft Soles, in all colors—at ---- *25c, 35c, 50c, 75c*

Boys' Shoes.

Boys' satin calf Shoes, good strong soles; sizes 11 to 5 ---- $1.25

Boys' oil calf Shoes, serviceable school Shoes ---- $1.39

Boys' seamless grain shoes, made to turn water ---- $1.50

WILL NOT CONFER.

Mine Operators Post Notices Regarding Wages.

Pittsburg, March 29.—The coal operatore of the Irwin field posted notices at all the mines today, that the rate of wages for the ensuing year from April 1 will remain the same as last year. The notice is taken as an indication that the operators will not meet the mine workers' officials in conference on the question of adopting the Pittsburg scale, and an effort may be made to enforce a strike. There are 25,000 miners in the Irwin district, but the operators claim only 10 per cent are in the union and that the others ars satisfied with the scale and conditions.

St. Petersburg, March 29.—It is proliable the Russo-Chinese Manchurian treaty will not be signed before Monday or Tuesday at the earliest. The delay is due to the dilatoriness of the Chinese government, or to the natural difficulties of communication between the Chinese court, Pekin and St. Petersburg.

It is not believed the indisposition of Yang Yu, the Chinese minister at St. Petersburg will prevent him from going to the foreign office when invited to do so.

APPOINTMENTS.

A Few More Made By the President.

Washington, March 29.—The president today made the following appointments in the navy:

Edwin M. Shipard, to be a rear admiral; Kossuth Niles, to be a commander; Richard M. Hughes, to be a lieutenant-commander.

To be assistant naval constructors, with rank of lieutenant, junior grade—Guy A. Bissel, John E. Bailey, Henry M. Gleason. Joseph Evans Venable, to be a warrant machinist. Allen Earle Peck, to be assistant surgeon, with the rank of lieutenant, junior grade.

When you are bilious, use those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers to cleanse the liver and bowels. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

"Charming novelties for Easter."

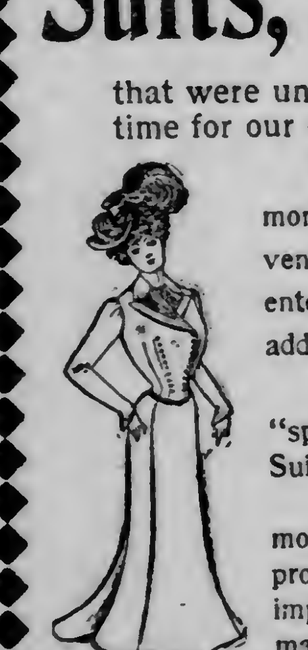
New Arrivals for Tomorrow

Suits to Order a Specialty

—Many New Styles—

Suits, Skirts and Waists

that were unavoidably delayed and did not come in time for our opening, will be here tomorrow.



With the various parts of our business more harmoniously brought together and the many little inconveniences that usually attend the opening of any new enterprise, smoothed away, we are now prepared with additional help to serve you promptly.

Bigness is not always greatness, but ours is a "specialty" of Ladies' and Misses' Ready Tailor-Made Suits, Skirts and Waists.

Our best efforts, combined with with those of the most experienced company of experts ever assembled to produce garments of such tailored excellence, with that imprint of style and distinction, will be at your service to make your buying here profitable and pleasant.

The Parisian Suit Co.

CHARLES FREIMUTH, Manager.

106 West Superior Street, Duluth.

GARNER PROMOTED.

Omaha, March 29.—L. A. Garner has been appointed assistant general superintendent of the Northwestern division of the American Express company with headquarters in Omaha. Mr. Garner has been superintendent of the Nebraska and Iowa division for thirty years. He will enter upon his new duties April 1.

Last of the Series.

Flaaten's CONCERT ORCHESTRA.

At the Armory, Sunday Afternoon at 3:00.

E. W. Prophet
Shirley Alexander } Soloists.

Admission, 25c.

A LITTLE JOLLY.

Cable Congratulations at So Much Per Word.

Washington, March 29.—The following cablegram was received at the navy department this morning from Admiral Remey:

"Cavite, March 29.—Bureau Navigation, Washington — MacArthur telegraphs: 'Thanks to splendid co-operation of Vicksburg, I have Aguinaldo securely in my possession at Malacanang. Gen. Funston loud in praise of everything navy did. Entire army joins in thanks to yourself, officers and men.' REMEY."

Secretary Long replied to Admiral Remey as follows: "Remey, Manilla: Inform MacArthur highly appreciate his and Funston's generous praise navy and congratulate them heartily. LONG."

NOT EMILIO.

Agent Says President Aggy Has Not Been Captured.

Paris, March 29.—An interview with Regidor Jubado, who claims to be the Filipino agent in Europe, is published here. He says he has received the following cablegram from New York:

"According to precise information, the man captured is not President Emilio Aguinaldo, but Baldomero Aguinaldo, chief of the general staff, and Emilio's cousin."

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

The Ladies

Of the First Baptist church will have a sale of fancy articles and home cooking on Saturday, March 30, at the Grand Union Tea company's store.

THE RENT RAISING

Evil Effects Are Fast Beginning to Be Apparent.

Breeding a Spirit of Dissatisfaction Among People.

Owners Already Faring Better Than For Many Years.

The rent hold-up is still working throughout the city, as tenant after tenant gets notice that on and after May 1 his rental will be increased in various amounts from a modest sum up to jumps of 25 to 40 per cent. In many cases the tenants are standing it with a very poor grace, but in others, where it is possible, the tenants are looking out for chances to move to other places where landlords are not so greedy.

The suggestion of The Herald in a former article on this subject that a mass meeting should be called to discuss this matter is meeting with considerable favor, and one may be called for a near-by date, when everybody will have a chance to tell what they think of the landlords and suggest any measures they may have for relief. Such a meeting could do no harm, and it might do some good.

The general increase that is being made is probably the most ill-advised move that has ever been made in the history of Duluth, and one that will result in the most harm. There is one point that has not yet been publicly mentioned, and that is its effect on the public spirit. A city without loyalty and public spirit, struggling for advancement in a warm competition with other cities where such loyalty and public spirit exists, is very seriously handicapped. Perhaps the greatest criticism that can be made of Duluth is that lack of public spirit. Recently it has appeared that the various interests were being amalgamated, and that this united public spirit, where every man pulls one way and that in the way best calculated to pull the city into a better and more commanding situation, was waxing strongly. Once in full force, and nothing could stop the progress of Duluth. Every thought would then be of pride in the city, of hope for its future, and of means to bring about the success that has been dreamed. Every man would be thinking mightily how to help the city, and he would have an interest in its welfare that would crowd out petty dissensions and selfishness.

But the high rent problem is creating a spirit of dissatisfaction and resentment that will not permit such a state of affairs to come about. People confronted with the necessity of paying more rent than they can afford and more rent than the houses are worth cannot feel kindly if they would. They will complain of the expenses of living in Duluth, they will write to their friends abroad and advertise it to the world, and they will be seeking a way of getting out of the city rather than of staying and bettering their own condition and that of the city.

The real estate agents allege as grounds for the increases the prosperity and the demand for houses. As to the prosperity, while most people are employed, they have received no increases in salaries. The only increase has been in the wages of common labor, which are better than they were. But the clerk, the bookkeeper, the subordinate employe on a salary of $50 to $125 per month, who is paying from a quarter to more than a third of his income for rent with the prospect that he will pay more on May 1, is not nearly so well off as he was several years ago when prices of everything were lower and his salary just the same.

The resentment seems to take the shape of complaints about the non-resident property owner largely, when as a matter of fact the local property owners and the local agents of non-residents are just as great sinners in this respect. The local agent has influence with the non-resident, and if he told the owner that conditions did not warrant increases in rent there would be no increases.

Not only are the property owners profiting by the increases that have gone into effect every spring for two or three years, but they are losing no rent whatever, as they did several years ago. Then houses lay idle for long periods, and often when they were rented the rent was not paid. Now they are full the year around and they are losing no rent. Not content with that, and with the increase of two years ago and of one year ago, they are levying another tribute this year, intending to get all they possibly can squeeze out of the tenants whether they drive Duluth into another decline or not.

No wonder tenants are up in arms, and that there is talk of mass meetings and of moving out of town. The sentiment of the people generally seems to be expressed in this caustic observation of a Superior street business man:

"The real estate agents had better call off this year's increase, which practically amounts to highway robbery and is inflicted only because they believe the tenants cannot help themselves and not because it is proper or just. If they do not they will again have a period of empty houses and unpaid rents, and so far as they are concerned it will serve them right if they have every house on their hands vacant for nine years."

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free

CHANGES.

Some Things Which Are Planned For Health Department.

Important changes to increase the efficiency of the health department are contemplated by city officers. The board of health, which was abolished under the Greene charter, will undoubtedly be revived under the authority of the state laws—an ordinance to that effect is now pending in the council. The old board of health consisted of two aldermen, two citizens and a health officer. The new board will consist of two citizens and a health commissioner. The two citizen members of the new board will probably be elected by the council on the mayor's recommendation on April 7. This new board will assist and advise the health commissioner, and shall audit and allow all bills.

Another important change contemplated in health department affairs is now in the hands of the city attorney. At present many persons holding hospital tickets are turned away from the hospitals on account of contagious disease. They then become charges of the city and the expense of maintaining them at the emergency hospital is quite a burden to taxpayers. The city attorney has been requested to consult with the hospital authorities with a view to securing contracts by which the hospitals shall agree to reimburse the city for the cost of caring for smallpox patients turned away from the institutions in which the patients hold annual tickets.

If the hospitals refuse to consider this proposition, an ordinance will be introduced in the council requiring the hospitals to care for all such cases, and providing for a quarantine of the hospitals when taking care of such cases.

The ordinance re-establishing the board of health will also contain provisions against the dumping of ashes, garbage and other refuse on vacant lots and in alleys.

Still another section will require all physicians to report cases of typhoid and tuberculosis to the health department as soon as discovered, as now in the case of infectious diseases.

Nobby Spring Clothing......

We are displaying this season a superb line of Spring Suits and Top Coats for men, the equal of which have never been shown in this city. The fabric is RIGHT—the cut is RIGHT—the tailoring is RIGHT—and the prices, as always in our establishment, are sure to be right. Sizes to fit everybody.

Top Coats For Dressy young men we have a long garment that is fine—Olive is the extreme color—have them also in Oxford, Gray and Tan. A large assortment of plain Black Overcoats of unfinished worsteds—prices range from ---- **$10.00 to $25.00**

Men's Suits for spring wear—we have all the popular fabrics out this season, such as Black Thibets, Blue Serges, Cassimeres and Unfinished Worsteds. Our prices range from ---- **$8.50 to $25.00**

Hats All the new shapes and blocks in Men's Hats. Stetson's new spring hats, most beautiful shapes and colorings, in both Derbys and Fedoras.

All the New Gordon Hats ---- **$3.00**

"The Miller," the best $5.00 Derby on the market today.

Floan, Leveroos and Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Cough Medicine for Children.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold at Boyce's drug store.

ILL ADVISED.

Emperor William Causes Comment By His Recent Remarks.

Berlin, March 29.—The Conservative papers today do not discuss Emperor William's speech to the Emperor Alexander grenadier regiment at their new barracks yesterday, but the Liberal papers generally comment on his majesty's utterances, emphasizing the statement that the emperor is ill-informed concerning the character of the March, 1848, revolution in Berlin. The National Zeitung expresses its inability to comprehend what current events induced the emperor to refer to the revolution of 1848, and says it does not see any signs of his majesty needing a bodyguard. The Vissiche Zeitung is also unable to see any occasion for the emperor's words, since nobody in Berlin is thinking of a revolution, and his majesty's predecessors repeatedly recognized the loyalty of Berlin's population.

The Voerwaerts cites a number of previous speeches of the emperor, exhorting the soldiers to fight for him when necessary, and claims it has authentic information that his words were literally as follows:

"If the city of Berlin should again impudently and disobediently rise against the king, as in 1848, then, my grenadiers, it will be your duty, with the points of your bayonets, to annihilate the impudent and disobedient."

The Tageblatt is amazed, and asks what has occurred to justify the emperor's words. It points out that the revolution of 1848 was not directed against the Hohenzollern dynasty and appeals "from the ill-informed emperor to the emperor rightly informed."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

THE WAR IS OVER.

Governor Van Sant and Mayor Ames Friends.

Minneapolis, March 29.—The war is over. The doves of peace are cooing. "Doc" Ames and "Cap" Van Sant have made up. Doc will be surgeon general on Cap's staff. The late unpleasantness regarding Minneapolis prize fights is forgotten.

It was announced at the governor's office yesterday afternoon that the honor of surgeon general had been accorded to the mayor of Minneapolis. The latter is delighted.

WILLIAMS FAILS.

Pittsburg, March 29.—James Williams individually and as a member of the Grand Lake Coal company, of this city, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court. The liabilities are given as $175,368.27, and assets as $245. Of the total liabilities $104,775.56 is scheduled as unsecured claims, and $70,593.71 as notes and bills which ought to be paid by others.

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, President of Sample's Instalment Company, Wash., Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatments by specialists only gave me temporary relief, until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief and has proved the one good thing in my case. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—21.

NEW BILLS.

Some That Were Introduced In the House Thursday.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following new bills were introduced in the house yesterday afternoon:

Roberts—To amend chapter 312, general laws, 1899, entitled "An act to regulate persons and corporations engaged in installing or repairing electrical wires and apparatus in certain cities of the state of Minnesota, and to provide for licensing persons and corporations to carry on said business." Referred to the Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis delegations.

Nelson, W.—Authorizing judges of probate in counties having a population of not less than 150,000 and not over 200,000 inhabitants to employ a stenographer and to fix the compensation therefor.

Allen—To amend section 2 of chapter viii, chapter 146, laws of 1891, relating to condemnation of private property for public use.

Pennington—To amend article 8 of the constitution of the state of Minnesota, relating to school funds, education and science.

Nelson, H. K.—To amend section 9 of chapter 157 of the laws of 1893, being section 7425, of the general statutes of 1894, entitled "An act to regulate the construction and management of county jails."

Haugen—To reimburse various towns in the county of Otter Tail for expenses incurred in the care of smallpox patients.

Lee—To reimburse the town of Centerville, Anoka county, Minn., for moneys expended and expenses incurred in caring for smallpox cases and preventing the spread of the disease in said township, and appropriate money therefor.

Ferris—Relating to the powers of certain corporations in the matter of transmission of electric energy or current for heat, light and power purposes, over public highways and otherwise.

Holm—To amend section 4717 of general statutes of Minnesota, 1894, being section 304 of chapter 46 of general laws of 1889, relating to foreign executors, administrators or guardians.

Hunt—Prescribing the duties of town assessors.

Larson—To amend chapter 120, general laws of Minnesota, 1897, entitled "An act to prescribe the bounds of senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the various districts."

Mr. Larson's bill adds one senator to the present number, and one representative, and makes a new division of the districts in his section of the state, but otherwise makes no change in the apportionment of senators and representatives. Lincoln and Yellow Medicine counties are placed in one senatorial district, with one senator and two representatives; Redwood and Lyons make another, with one senator and one representative, while Brown alone makes a senatorial district, with one senator and one representative.

Among the bills on the calendar in the senate was the Younger parole bill and it was passed by a vote of 40 to 17. A good many explained their votes on the measure in short speeches, but the sympathy of the greater number has evidently been stirred for the Younger brothers.

The passage of the bill, which has already passed the house, means that if the Younger brothers can secure the unanimous consent of the board of pardons, they will be paroled during good behavior. Whether or not they will receive this unanimous consent is a question, but it gives a ray of hope to the imprisoned men, who have been looking at the world from behind iron bars for about a quarter of a century.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

OXFORD THE FAVORITE.

Annual Boat Race Between English Universities.

London, March 29.—The Oxford and Cambridge crews have finished their practice. The weather was milder today and both crews confined themselves to paddling, with a couple of sharp bursts. The prospects for the annual boat race tomorrow are fine weather and smooth water. The consensus of opinion favors the dark blue (Oxford).

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

San Pedro, Cal., March 29.—The Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad has begun the work of construction by preparing to lay 75-pound rails along the present right-of-way of what has been known as the Los Angeles & Terminal railway. When this work is completed the company expects to continue the line to and through the mountains.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

"If It Comes from GATELY'S It's Good."

LADIES!

Only one more week until Easter. If you have not selected your

Tailor-made Suit

Call at once; they are going fast. Homespuns, Light and Dark Grays, Pebbled Cheviots, Venetian Cloth, in Brown, Black, Blue and Red.

We have also as fine an assortment of—

Silk and Satin Waists

From which to choose, as you will find in the city.

We also have a large stock of up-to-date **Men's and Children's Suits** of the best quality. We sell no shoddy clothing—only good honest goods.

A Small Sum Down and the balance in Weekly Payments.

Gately Supply Co

8 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store.

SPRING MERCHANDISE. Having just returned from the Eastern markets, where we have completed our buying of Spring Merchandise, we desire to announce to our friends and the public in general that we will show one of the most complete stocks of up-to-date merchandise at the head of the lakes this Spring. We have been especially fortunate in our selections of Wash Goods, Dress Goods, Tailored Suits, Etc., obtaining many exclusive new novelties that have been put on the market within the last ten days, and are now being shown for the first time in the best stores in New York, Chicago, and other fashion centers. Our prices, as usual, will be based on the small-profit, quick-selling-plan.

Saturday, March 29.

Wrappers.

10 dozen Ladies' Calico Wrappers, well-made, in figured Blue Prints regular 88c kind; Saturday, special—each— **65c**

10 dozen Ladies' Percale Wrappers, made in figured Red and Blue Percale, braid-trimmed yoke, flounce at bottim of skirt, full sweep, regular value $1.25; Saturday special.................... **95c**

Corsets.

The correct styles in Corsets for spring are here. Special for Friday and Saturday—Our "650" Winner Corsets, well made, perfect shape, a leader at 38c; special at—each.......... **25c**

New Spring Dress Goods.

We are showing excelling varieties, and you will wonder how we can sell them at such low prices, but successful purchases and a desire to do a big business are the prime factors.

34-in Fancy Brocade Suitings, in all the leading spring shades—regular 38c value, at only...... **25c**

34-in Novelty Suitings, in exquisite mercerized and wool mixtures perfect copies of high-class Suitings; special, yd. **29c**

40-inch Wool Figured Granite Cloth, Brown, Blue, Red, Tan and Mode, 50c value, at only... **35c**

38-in All-wool Albatros, Henrietta and Nun's Veiling, in handsome evening shades for Waists; special value, only...... **68c**

40-inch All-wool Imported Satin Prunella Cloth, Granite Cloth and Pebbled Cheviot, in Black, Blue, Green, Tan and Mode, big values at—per yard....... **$1.25**

54-in all-wool Venetian, Covert Cloth, Tweeds and Broadcloth, in all the leading spring shades and black for tailor-made Suits and Skirts; special values at—per yard— **98c and $1.25**

Some Elegant Easter Silks.

We have them here in profusion. The styles and colorings are exquisite, and the prices remarkably low.

Fancy Colored Taffeta, in the most beautiful colorings and trimmings for waists, regular $1.25 value, at, per yard, only......... **98c**

(About fifty styles to select from.)

Black Figured Taffeta, desirable styles, 85c to $1 value; special Easter price, a yd.......... **75c**

Black Peau de Soie and Satin Duchess, regular $1.25 kind; special Easter price, a yd....... **98c**

French Silk and Wool Challies—handsome exclusive patterns for waists; Easter price, a yd... **75c**

JOHNSON & MOE.

Ladies' Tailored Suits, Coats, Skirts.

$12.50

For man-tailored Suits, silk-lined Jackets, made in Eton and tight-fitting—Several styles to select from. Flaring flounced skirts. Suits that are in every way attractive. Come in Blue, Gray and Tan all-wool Venetians, actual value $15; for this sale— **$12.50**

Others, equally big values, at— **$15, $18 and $22.50**

Misses' Tailored Suits.

Made in Tan and Blue Wool Cheviot, blouse jacket, perfect fit guaranteed, regular price $7.50; special for this sale.. **$6.48**

Others in Blue, Brown and Black at— **$10.00 and $12.50**

New Silk Waists.

Ladies' Taffeta Silk Waists, in very latest style, bishop sleeve, handsomely trimmed, leading colors and black, special values— **$3.98, $5, $5.98 and $6.50**

Ladies' Spring Jackets.

New, nobby styles, at— **$3.25, $4.50, $5.00, $7.50, $9.00 and $10.00**

Ladies' Skirts.

Ladies' Dress Skirts, in figured Mohair, special price, each..................... **$1.50**

Ladies' Skirts, in plain Black Brilliantine, a well-finished perfectly fitting skirt, at **$2.75**

Ladies' Skirts in Black Crepon and Wool Serge, big value at—each.......... **$2.98**

Walking Skirts.

Ladies' Walking Skirts, in Gray Wool Melton Cloth, a perfect hanging garment, at.................. **$3.50**

Others at $3.98, $5.98, $7.50 and $10.00.

Misses' Walking Skirts.

A splendid line at— **$2.50, $3.50 and $5,00**

Muslin Skirts.

Muslin Skirts, ruffle and lace edging, at— **48c and 58c.**

Muslin Skirts, with flounce tucked and embroidery edge, at only............................ **75c**

Other beautiful styles up to $2.

JOHNSON & MOE.

Undermuslin Sale.

Ladies' Muslin Gowns, tucked yoke and lawn ruffle trimmed, 65c value, at, each......... **49c**

Four numbers in Gowns, material good muslin, trimmed in beautiful lace or embroidery, at— **68c and 75c.**

Better grades at— **88c, 98c, $1.25. $1.48 up to $3.24.**

Corset Covers.

Corset Covers, plain muslin; special **10c**

Corset Covers, with yokes trimmed in embroidery, insertion or edging, lace and hemstitching, at prices ranging from— **25c to 75c.**

Drawers.

Good Muslin Drawers, with tucks of ruffle; special Easter price, per pair.................... **25c**

Same as above with lace edging on ruffle, at only **28c**

The Umbrella Drawers, with ruffle and lace edging or three rows of hemstitching, at only......................... **48c**

Better grades at— **68c, 75c, 88c and up.**

Grocery Dept.

For Saturday and Monday, Mar. 30 and Apr. 1:

17 lbs Best Granulated Sugar	**$1.00**
Hiawatha Flour, strictly fancy Patent, per 98-lb sack	**$2**
Strictly fresh Eggs, direct from the country, per doz	**13c**
Storage Butter, per lb	**17c**
Farina, in bulk per lb	**5c**
3 packages Corn Starch	**10c**
Macaroni, in bulk, per lb	**5c**
Full Cream Cheese, per lb	**13c**
Choice California Prunes, per lb	5c
California Cooking Figs, per lb	6c
California Peaches, per lb	8c
Apricots, bright amber color, per lb	10c
Jelly in 3-lb cans, per can	7c
Blueberries, Raspberries and Blackberries, per can	**8c**
Egg Plums and Green Gages, can	11c
12 lbs Rolled Oats	25c
Fancy Burbank Potatoes, per bushel	**49c**
Sour Pickles, per doz	4c
Dill Pickles, per doz	8c
Sweet Pickles, per doz	7c
Sweet Mixed Pickles, per quart	15c
Spiced Pickles, per quart	10c
Chow, Chow, per quart	15c
10 bars Kirk's Satinet Soap	25c
4 bars Castile Soap	5c
12 bars White Soap	25c
Kerosene Oil, per gallon	10c
5 gallons Kerosene	45c

JOHNSON & MOE.

CAPT. NEWTON

Friends Much Pleased at His New Fame.

The friends of Capt. Harry Newton of West Superior and Duluth, are rejoicing at the success of the Gen. Funston plan for the capture of Aguinaldo, as they feel assured that Capt. Newton will be well cared for by the government for the active part he took in the capture of the insurgent leader. Capt. Newton was one of the four American officers that Gen. Funston took on his desperate venture, and he was taken because of his knowledge of the country through which they were to travel. Harry Newton served through the Porto Rican campaign as the captain of Company I, of West Superior, and at the end of the Spanish-American war was commissioned a first lieutenant in the Thirty-fourth volunteer infantry for service in the Philippines. So active was Lieut. Newton in performing, to the satisfaction of his superiors, the duties assigned him, that he was promoted to captain, and has since been engaged in several daring expeditions about the islands in search of Filipino criminals, and at one time on a desperate but successful venture into the heart of the island to rescue a Spanish priest that had been held for two years a prisoner by the Filipinos.

Capt. Newton's executive ability came to the knowledge of the powers that be at an early stage of the game, and this winter he was made assistant chief of police in Manilla, a position that was not only dangerous, but meant hard and trying work. Capt. Newton is said to have performed his duties to the utmost satisfaction of the government, and has been of invaluable assistance in ferreting out Filipino treachery in Manilla. His friends believe that he well deserves the honor that was bestowed on him in being chosen to take part in the famous strategic move of Gen. Funston.

Capt. Newton has many powerful friends in court, and it is understood that a strong effort is being made to have the war department grant him a several months' furlough to visit his relatives in this country, as he has been in the Philippines two years. Capt. Newton's mother died in West Superior about a year ago. It is hoped by his friends that when peace is restored in the troubled island Capt. Newton will be one of those officers whose duty it will be to establish the municipal governments over the island, his training in the city hall of West Superior having given him a knowledge of such affairs that will be of service to the government.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

Hits High Mark.

Consolidated stock has not yet run its course by any means, for today it was quoted at $172.75 bid by A. R. Macfarlane. This is the highest price that has been bid thus far.

READ OUR HANDBILLS:

Out every Saturday Morning. They contain matter of interest to all careful buyers. The bargains offered save you dollars. Here are a few:

WINDOW SHADES

How is this? A genuine oil-finished Shade on genuine Hartshorn roller 6-foot long, for only, a Shade **37c**

Is not this a money-saving item?

Saturday, March 30.
All Day.

Tin Dippers, regular 10c for.............. ***5c***

Anti-rust Dippers, regular 25c one for...... ***15c***

Granite Ware Dippers, worth 35c at....... ***23c***

Saturday, March 30.
Afternoon only.

Center Tables

A solid oak Center Table, our regular $1.25 quality, like cut, only ***89c*** each.

Hall Trees

¼ off regular this date; prices..***$7.75 to $18***

See our $22.85 Bicycle—it just defies competition. **"Columbia" and "Cleveland" Bicycles at $25 00 to $75.00**

READ OUR MARCH 30th HANDBILLS. Crammed with money-saving prices.

YOURS FOR TRADE **R. R. Forward & Co.** *2021-2023 West Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.*

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.* | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.*

Spring Suits and Jackets

For Young Women and Girls.

There's a royal road to knowledge of the latest and prettiest styles in girls' outer wear for this spring, and it leads straight to the Silberstein & Bondy Company—a primrose path for mothers who want the most stylish wear for their girls, and no trouble but just to choose.

We know of no other store that has devoted the same study to perfecting styles for young women and girls, or which gives the space that we do, or which shows the great assortment to be found here. Some hints—

Misses' Suits, 14 to 18 years--

$7.50—Eton Suits of all-wool cheviot, in navy or black. Double-breasted jacket, lined with silk serge; seven-gore flare skirt.

$10.00—Stylish Suits of homespun cheviot, in tan and light gray. Vest effect, satin-strapped, high L'Aiglon collar; skirt is finished with two satin straps.

$13.95—Eton Suits of cheviot serge, in brown or navy. Low-cut pointed collar, trimmed with wide taffeta stitched bands and braid; cut flounce skirt.

$16.50—Suits of Venetian cloth, in gray, castor or brown. Trimmed with six taffeta straps, ferrets finished with small buttons; cut flounce skirt.

Misses' Jackets, 14 to 18 years--

$4.95—Double-breasted half-fitting Jackets of Venetian cloth; two pearl buttons, buttoned through; L'Aiglon collar; lined with silk serge.

$6.95—Half-fitting Jackets of kersey cloth, in tan, castor, black or navy. Fly-front, inlaid velvet collar, heavily stitched.

$9.75—Box Coats of kersey, in red, tan or castor. Double-breasted, buttoned through, new bell sleeve, L'Aiglon collar; satin-lined throughout.

$12 45—Jaunty Box Coats, 22-in. long. Velvet collar, new turn-back cuff; patch pockets; all heavily stitched; lined with taffeta.

Children's Reefers--

$2.50—Reefers of lightweight ladies' cloth, in red, cadet or navy. Box-back and front, square sailor collar, trimmed with seven rows of narrow braid. Sizes 4 to 8 years.

$3.50—Reefers of lightweight kersey, in castor, red, navy or brown. Box-back and front, four brass buttons, buttoned through, notched collar trimmed with small buttons; bell sleeve. Sizes 4 to 14 years.

And up to $12.50.

$4.75—Jaunty Reefers of lightweight broadcloth, in red, cadet, castor or navy. Circular scalloped collar, appliqued with lace, braid-trimmed, and edged with ribbon. Sizes 4 to 8 years.

$8.75—Box Reefers of lightweight kersey cloth, in castor, tan or red. Low-cut, L'Aiglon velvet collar, lined throughout with silk serge. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Children's Three-quarter Coats--

$5.50—Plain tailored Box Coats of covert cloth. Six bone buttons, buttoned through. L'Aiglon velvet collar, patch pockets. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

$7.50—Box Coats of paca cloth, in golf red or navy. Double-breasted, buttoned through, adjustable pique sailor collar. Sizes 4 to 10 years.

$10.50—Jaunty Box Coats of covert cloth; strapped yoke effect, fly-front, velvet collar. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

—Second floor.

A VITAL MATTER

Limit to Number of Saloons of Supreme Importance.

Figures Showing Hold They Have In Business Section.

Doing Away With "Straw" Proprietors Is Also Favored.

Down town business houses may soon find it necessary to join with the W. C. T. U. in an anti-saloon crusade, as a matter of self-protection. Should the saloon business continue to force other lines of business to seek new locations, it may only be a question of time till the business district is annexed to the Bowery. At present there are 62 saloons between Lake avenue and Eighth avenue west. This number is constantly increasing. Opulent brewing companies backing the saloons are able to make higher bids for Superior street property than the average business man.

This condition has been brought about by a fight for supremacy among the brewing companies. These concerns watch closely for an opening on Superior street, and the moment a lease expires there are several big offers made for the property. It has been a merry fight—the brewing companies staking practically every man that has cared to start a saloon, simply to get ahead of some rival brewery. The fight has been the source of much revenue to the city as the licenses now pay over $160,000 into the treasury.

One saloon man says that the city would be acting to its own financial interest to stop the fight for supremacy by limiting the number of saloons to those already in existence, until the city shall attain a population of fully 100,000. He explained his meaning by saying that the present war for control of the liquor business in Duluth was too expensive for even the larger breweries, and that in the course of a year or so, if it continued, the breweries would form a combine by which they would district the city and reduce the number of saloons.

The resolution which was introduced in the council last Monday night by Alderman Neff of the Fourth ward, to establish a limitation to the saloon business, has the hearty endorsement of many temperance workers, saloon keepers and business men. The temperance people are inclined to support it in the interest of temperance, while the saloon men favor it as a protection to themselves. They figure that if the breweries get together and district the city, fully half of them will be forced out of business, and they also think that if the council took a step of this kind it would have a tendency to break up the combine price on beer, which is said to be higher here than elsewhere.

Saloons in the down-town and West End business districts are as follows:

Lake avenue from Superior street to canal	20
East Superior street to Fifth avenue east	12
West Superior street to Eighth avenue west	62
West End business district	14

The resolution which was introduced last Monday night by Alderman Neff may come up for final action next Monday night. Should it pass it is only binding as long as the council sees fit. At any time it may be reconsidered and the saloons allowed to continue crowding their way into the business district at the expense of other lines of commercial enterprise. Many people would like to see the resolution in some more substantial form.

The movement to do away with straw saloon proprietors is also meeting with much favor, and the effort which is being made in the state legislature to have Bowery whisky composed of something more substantial than "dope" and rainwater seems also to meet with much enthusiasm in some sources.

Ran Into a Detecive.

Charles Carlton was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail at hard labor, in police court today, for petty larceny. While passing a clothing store, near First avenue west and Superior street, last evening, he snatched a coat from a dummy and ran east on Superior street. He had scarcely gone half a block when he ran into the arms of Detective Mork, who captured him and a moment afterward had to protect him of a vigorous assault by several Hebrew merchants, who insisted on laying Mr. Carlton in a position parallel with the sidewalk and jumping on him.

NECESSARY.

R. S. Munger Says Cheaper Homes Must Be Provided.

R. S. Munger, formerly register of deeds of St. Louis county, has recently returned from the East, where his attention was called to the class of buildings that the contractors there are puttinp up to meet the demands of moderate salaried people for homes. Mr. Munger says that the morning paper in its statement that good homes could be provided that would rent for a price as low as $10 a month, has gogne to the extreme, that it would be impossible to construct buildings in this city to rent for that price. He does believe that buildings could be planned that would rent from $18 to $20 a month, houses that would have all the modern conveniences and make pleasant homes. In order to do this, Mr. Munger says, the houses must bt built close together and must be built of brick. He believes such a scheme is feasible and that something must soon be done along this line. Mr. Munger says that a prominent manufacturer of this city told him recently that he could hire men for his work in Ohio for $1.35 a day, that refused to come here to work at $1.75, claiming that the cost of living in Duluth exceeded the additional 40 cents in wages. Mr. Munger cites this as one instance showing that in order to get workingmen to this city something must be done to lower the living expenses.

Fine Photo Frames 15c Saturday Only, at Decker's, 16 2nd Ave. W.

Austin Moody Injured.

A letter received today by Wendell P. Mosher gives the particulars of an accident which occurred at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Wednesday, to Austin Moody, of this city. It seems that in attending to some insurance business for Mr. oMsher he was crossing a bridge over the excavation made by the Water Power Canal company when a blast exploded directly under him and he was struck in the shoulder and side by a large piece of rock, bruising him severely and breaking a rib. He was carried to his hotel and placed in charge of a physician and trained nurse by J. A. Watterworth of this city, who reports that he will bring Mr. Moody to Duluth as soon as he can be moved.

Improvement to Proceed.

The improvement of the Totman property, on Superior street, has been definitely decided upon and will proceed at once. The building will be raised to three stories. The lower floor will be finished off into two stores, and the two upper floors will be arranged to suit tenants. The contract has not yet been let, but will be very soon.

Open After Hours.

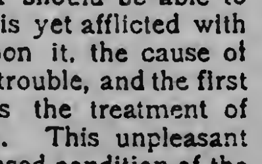
Roy McKenzie and Dan Donovan, who left the police force about a year ago to become Bowery saloonkeepers, were arrested this afternoon for keeping their saloon open after hours. They were arraigned in the blue room of police court and fined $30 and costs.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Millinery!

We are ready to execute all orders given us tomorrow and have them delivered tomorrow night, ready for Sunday's wearing, or will deliver when ever you wish.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

"A Spring Garment"

is felt to be "the thing" for these warmish days! It does'nt do for a woman to go without some warm coat, and the winter coat is getting uncomfortable and begins to feel heavy.

Then the great beauty and distinction of our spring garments this season makes one of them a most desirable acquisition.

Perhaps the greatest difficulty is to decide which style of a coat it will be; whether an Eton of cloth or Taffeta, a box coat or a long "Raglan;" all three are immensely popular.

One's figure must be taken into account, and after all the only way to arrive at a decision is by trying on.

All colors, all styles of trimming and making, all the new frills, etc.; great range of prices, beginning at $6.75 for jackets, $10 for suits, $12.50 for Raglan coats and so on.

And the separate Dress Skirts, don't forget to see them! Cloth and Taffeta and over fifty styles, starting at $5.75.

Silk Waists, too

Dozens of the prettiest styles you've seen in many a day, in almost any shade; plain and fancy trimmed and all over tucked and hemstitched. Specials at $5 and $6.75 up to $15.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 81 East Sup. St.

Service for marine men at First M. E. church Sunday morning.

Tomorrow will be president's day at the Saturday club. It will be the first social afternoon of the year. Mrs. Seymour will give a talk on "Dutch Painters," afer which tea will be served. Members are privileged to invite friends.

At a meeting of the board of public works this morning, A. G. Meldahl was reappointed street commissioner for the West Duluth district. At the time the other appointments were made, Mr. Meldahl's was withheld, pending the settlement of the Swenson-Kern aldermanic contest, which was then in the district court.

The thirty-second degree was conferred last evening by the Scottish Rite and the ceremonies were very elaborate. The Duluth City band took part and the High School Musical society sang.

The Duluth Shingle company has taken out a building permit to erect a $1500 frame dry kiln down on Garfield avenue, opposite Elevator I.

Petitions in bankruptcy have been filed by J. W. Bull, giving his liabilities at $35,475.79, with no assets, and Burns T. Butler, who gives his liabilities at $1543.62, and his assets at $84735.

Today the schools closed for the usual spring vacation. They will not reopen until Monday, April 8.

The funeral of D. Forbes will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence of his son, S. Forbes, 128 Fifty-Seventh avenue west.

A marriage license has been issued to Charles Widegren and Lena Peterson.

The jury in the case of Aron D. Olson against Alexander Sang, which has been on trial in district court for several days, returned a verdict for $12.50 at 10 o'clock last night. The Gasser case is still on trial before Judge Cant and a jury in room No. 2, and it may get to the jury tomorrow.

Judge Dibell will leave next Monday for Carlton, where the spring term of court in that county will be held beginning Tuesday.

Fire this morning caused several hundred dollars worth of damage to the supply house of the Union Depot company. The house is a single story frame structure located down in the railroad yards. The fire is supposed to have caught from a boiler.

PERSONALS.

C. G. Goodrich, of St. Paul, president of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, was in the city yesterday and this morning inspected the lines and general affairs of the company, returning to St. Paul this noon. Mr. Goodrich said his visit had no special significance.

M. Rice, advance agent of "The Milk White Flag," is in the city today.

W. B. Vance, or Erie, Pa., is a business caller in the city.

Ole Erickson and D. J. Smith, of Cloquet, are in the city.

S. M. Campbell, the Indian agent from Ashland, was a guest of the St. Louis today.

L. M. Titus, of Grand Marais, arrived from the north shore this morning.

Thomas Whister, Joseph E. Thomas, W. C. Holmes and T. V. Polkingham, of Ely, were among the range visitors in the city today.

W. B. Dixon, traveling passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, was a caller at the local offices today.

H. C. Hornby, a Cloquet lumberman, arrived in the city on a business trip this morning.

S. M. Leitzell, of Washington, D. C., is a guest of the Spalding.

William Scallon, of Butte, Mont., is in the city on his way to the East.

Mrs. G. A. Whitman, of Tower, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Coates and Mrs. D. E. Cuppernull, of Virginia, came down from the range this morning to attend the grand opera this evening.

M. Rice is in the city today arranging for the coming of Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" company.

Superintendent Denfeld of the public schools left for St. Cloud last night to attend a meeting of the Minnesota Teachers' association. Mr. Denfeld reads the most important paper on the program tonight, entitled "Literature in the Grades." A few of the Duluth teachers accompanied him.

WOOD ACQUITTED.

Omaha, March 29.—A special dispatch from Chadron to the World-Herald states that James Hague Wood, tried for the murder of Batiste Garnier, better known as "Little Bat," the half breed scout, has been acquitted.

Is Bound Over.

William Cameron, the former bartender of McKenzie & Donovan, was given an examination in police court this afternoon and bound over to the grand jury on a charge of attempting to rob James Ferry of $57. The attempt was made in the saloon of the Scandia hotel, Wednesday night, but L. R. Birch, the proprietor, interfered and had Cameron arrested. The maximum penalty for this offense is five years, and the court fixed the bail at $250, which the bartender was unable to put up.

Tomorrow Night Dancing Party DANCING at 8:30. **At Hunter Hall** *Best Music in the city* ***You are invited.***

CORN SOARS.

Chicago, March 29.—Forty-four cents was the price paid for May corn today on the board of trade, being the highest since the memorable bull campaign of 1894, when corn was forced up to 56 cents. Today's close was at 43⅞ cents, a net gain of 1 cent over yesterday. Abroad demand caused today's advance. Although the market has advanced steadily for several days on large cash sales and small receipts, the demand in nowise slackened today and was in such volume that immense sales in the way of profit taking were swallowed up on a steadily rising market.

SUSPENDS SENTENCE

John Wiiri, Tower Man, Released on Good Behavior.

William Hawkins Is Given Four Years For Larceny.

Had a Chance But He Let It Slip Away.

The remainder of the prisoners convicted at the present term of district court, excepting Dr. T. J. Pierce, in whose case a motion for a new trial will be made, were sentenced this morning by Judge Ensign.

John Wiiri, the Tower man who shot and instantly killed Mat Johnson by accident at Tower, March 2, and who was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, was permitted to go on suspended sentence. He will be kept under the surveillance of the court for a time, and if his behavior is good the chances are that the charge will be dropped entirely. If it is not good, however, Judge Ensign said he would have him arrested again and given a sentence which may be from one to fifteen years. As Wiiri bears a good character though he drinks a little, there is little question that he will behave himself. Judge Ensign will appoint some one to keep track of his conduct.

Every member of the jury that convicted, the members of the coroner's jury, the deputy coroner at Tower and some of the members of the grand jury joined in a petition for clemency. The court granted the mercy asked for, and said that he felt that no punishment the court could inflict would be greater than that the defendant has suffered every waking moment since the night when he accidentally killed an intimate friend by carelessly snapping a revolver in his face. Judge Ensign referred to the fact that Wiiri had been a hard-working man of good character in the past, and hoped he would continue to be such. He also advised him to abstain from drink, for while he was not drunk when the shooting occurred, he had been drinking.

The case was continued to the next term, and Wiiri was released on his own recognizance in the sum of $1000.

William Hawkins, a boy who had been given a chance by the court to reform and who let it go by, did not escape so easily. He was sentenced to four years at hard labor in the penitentiary at Stillwater. Hawkins was indicted last May with another boy for grand larceny in the second degree. He pleaded guilty to the indictment, but on the request of his sisters, who wished him given an opportunity to see if he could not do better, he was permitted to withdraw the plea, and the case was continued.

At this term he was indicted with another boy for breaking into a Duluth & Iron Range freight car, and the old charge was brought up. Judge Ensign expressed regret that the young man, who is 20 years of age, should have thrown away his chance to reform himself. He would like to grant the request of his sisters and his attorney to send him to the reformatory instead of the state prison, but he felt that it was best that he should have a fixed sentence, so he gave him four years at Stillwater.

Theodore Schulz, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree, was sentenced to five months in the county jail at hard labor.

E. L. Rhodes, who pleaded guilty to forgery in the third degree, was sentenced to one year and four months at Stillwater.

William S. Johnson, who was convicted of receiving stolen property, was sentenced to eighty days at hard labor in the county jail. His attorney said that the man that did the stealing had only got sixty days, and the prisoner had already served sixty-five days waiting for the determination of his case.

In passing sentence Judge Ensign again referred to the colored clubs on Michigan street, and as he did once before, urged that the city authorities clean them out. He said that many criminal cases came from there, and that in this case the stolen property went directly there, and was taken from there to the pawnshop. He said that the resort should be dealt with severely. He said that the city authorities should make a careful investigation and make vigorous efforts to root out this evil.

A BRIGHT SCHEME.

Chance For Variety Theater on Bowery.

A variety theater may be built on the Bowery. Negotiations are now under way for the property, but until these negotiations are closed the backers of the new theatrical project decline to disclose the proposed location or future plans.

One of the young men interested in the scheme said that the project had gone so far that they were casting about for good vaudeville talent. It is proposed to open the house with "Ten Nights in a Barroom" with Mrs. Carrie Nation leading lady at a salary of $100 a week, according to this young man's dream.

"You see," he explained, "by coming with us, Mrs. Nation can teach a great moral lesson every night and at Wednesday and Saturday matinees without fear of arrest. We shall have a magnificent practical barroom scene with mirrors and glasses, and Mrs. Nation can enter it eight times a week before large audiences and cut loose as much as she pleases. The house will stand for the breakage and in our revival of the play we would be willing to nave a few lines introduced calculated to spread her ideas. Of course we could arrange with a brewery to provide the bar, incidentally advertising the peculiar brand of beverage prepared by the concern."

Thus at one fell swoop the proposed Bowery vaudeville house would further the cause of temperance and intemperance without in any way conflicting with the canons of dramatic art.

It is not so much what the newspapers say, as what neighbor says to neighbor, or friend to friend, that has brought Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy into such general use. It is as natural for people to express their gratitude after using this remedy as it is for water to flow down hill. It is the one remedy that can always be depended upon, whether a baby be sick with cholera infantum or a man with cholera morbus. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. Have you a bottle of it in your home? For sale at Boyce's drug store.

IT'S FREE!

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION FREE

BEAUTY ON TRIAL.
A SAMPLE BOX
COSTS YOU NOTHING.

Does your **Skin Smart, Burn, Roughen, Redden?** Your hands and **Lips Chap, Crack, Feel Sore** and **Tender?** There's a herb healing remedy for the skin afflictions of these trying times called Satin-Skin Cream, made from fragrant flowers, plant milk and beautifying balsams. It's a harmless, effective wrinkle remover and tissue-building skin food, being vegetable does not cause or promote hair growth. If any blotch or blemish worries you, use Satin-Skin Cream. More praise from pretty girls, sensible, handsome women and wise men, has been received for Satin-Skin Cream, than for any other toilet article made. Application of Satin-Skin Cream, before using powder, renders it adhesive, perfectly protects your complexion from exposures, climatic changes. You are now cordially invited to test, try, prove without expense, the virtues of the most exquisite, dainty, refined toilet article ever produced, magical Satin-Skin Cream.

Satin Skin Cream, per box_____25c
Satin Skin Face Powder, per box 25c
Satin Skin Soap (2 cakes 25c) at 15c

The Black Cat Sketch Club

Is progressing finely. Scores of children have already sent in their sketches of the Black Cat. Every boy and girl is invited to try for the prizes offered for the Funniest, most Artistic or Ugliest Black Cat. Don't matter whether you can draw or not, make a funny picture and send or bring it to us.

The competition closes Easter. Draw your picture—write your name on it—and bring it tomorrow.

Freimuth's

A BAD SMASH UP.

Street Cars Badly Damaged on Lakeside Line.

One of the worst smashups that has occurred on the street car line in a long time took place early this morning on the Lakeside line near Fortieth avenue east. Lakeside car No. 61, east-bound, jumped the track at the foot of the grade at that point, and stopped in a position nearly across the tracks. The supply car was sent for, and in going down the grade to the derailed car, the crew in some manner lost control of it, and it dashed into car 61 at a high rate of speed. The Lakeside car was struck near the middle and almost cut through by the snow plow arrangement on the front of the supply car. The front end of the latter was badly stove in. The wreck occasioned a considerable delay, and a number of the Lakesiders did some tall "hiking" this morning.

Unique Entertainment.

An entertainment will be given at the First Norwegian Lutheran church Tuesday evening that will be exceedingly interesting. G. J. Dahl's phonocopgraph and moving picture machine will be used and will present pictures of many of the pastors of leading English and Scandinavian churches can be seen standing by their own pulpits, and their speeches can also be heard. The entire idea will make it almost as though they were present in body. In addition there will be songs, music and descriptive selections.

Struck By a Car.

E. Rindal, a 14-year-old boy residing at 307 Garfield avenue, was struck by West Fourth street car No. 53 near the corner of Third avenue west and Superior street at 11:50 o'clock this morning, and received a broken wrist and a few minor scratches. Young Rindal was walking on Superior street with a companion, and started to run across the street car tracks in front of the Trust building. The lad says that he was attempting to get by an east-bound car and did not see the west-bound car, which struck him with considerable force, hurling him several feet and doubling his left arm under him when he struck. The boy was very much frightened and jumped up, running hurriedly to the curb, declaring that he was not hurt. He was taken to Dr. Lynam's office and the fracture was reduced.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Proprietors, Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—S. O. Berg has been appointed postmaster at Dysart, Beltrami county, vice R. B. Blake, removed.

WAIVED HEARING.

Omaha, March 29.—James Callahan waived preliminary hearing in the district court today on the revised complaint in connection with the Cudahy kidnapping case. His trial was set for April 22.

New Easter Belts.

Include all the latest effects—the Princes, Postilion, the Serpentine, the Oriental, in leather, gold, satin, velvet and ribbon, on show in center aisles.

Special Patent Leather Belts with neat, pretty gilt buckles, regularly sold at 35c, tomorrow ________ 25c

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candies for Saturday.

Butter Scotch Wafers, crisp and fresh, usually sell at 20c per lb., tomorrow, per lb ________ 12c
Easter Novelties, rabbits, eggs, panorama eggs, all sorts of novel shapes and figures, filled with bon bons, remember the little ones with one of these cunning gifts________$1.50 to 5c
In Candy Department.

Easter Gloves **The Finest Gloves in the world** are those bearing this name—Jouvin. They are famed for the uniform, softness and firm texture of the skins which not only gives better service, but takes a richer coloring. This splendid glove is exclusive with us. We have all the fashionable shades for spring and in all sizes. Made with the new Paris point backs—the world's standard of glove excellence.

TRADEMARK Marque de XAVIER JOUVIN INVENTEUR BREVET D'INVENTION 1834 GANTS JOUVIN MÉDAILLE D'OR REGISTERED.

In all colors, per pair at__________$2.00
In black suede, per pair at_________$1.85

Trefousse Kid Gloves—a direct importation in the new Easter colors of gray, tan, mode, red, etc., and a new kid covered fastener, suede or glace, Paris backs, $1.75 & $2.00

Peerless Gloves for fine street wear, glace kid, pique seamed; of course, all the new shades—this is the glove that can't be matched anywhere at our price of__ $1.50

Corso—the best glove ever sold for $1.00. Colors brown and oxblood.

Easter Dress Goods.

50 inch heavy all wool homespun—in Oxford gray and blue, splendid for walking skirts and suits, requires no lining, the $1.00 quality at ________ 69c

New reversible all wool Skirtings, in all the popular colorings—a $2.00 cloth reduced to________ $1.50

46-inch all wool black Cheviot—a specially heavy quality that should bring 75c—on sale at ________ 59c

New Waistings—Light-weight wool materials in most pleasing spring colors, just right for "present wear" waists, 27 inches wide.
Silk Stripe Albatross at________50c
Silk Cord all-wool Albatross at________75c
Silk Embroidered all-wool Batistes at ________$1.00
Persian Stripe Foule at ________$1.00

New Wool Challies—All-wool Challies in pleasing spring colors in dot and stripe patterns, 31 inches wide, sold everywhere at 50c; we bought this lot at a bargain, so we can say choice per yard ________ 39c

Wm Read's Lansdownes—The genuine Read's with the name stamped on the edge, the standard Lansdowne of the world; all the new colors, blue, maize, willow green, jacqueminot, geranium, etc., our price only__ $1.25

Easter Neckwear **Stocks, Ties and Collars.**
(See the east entrance window display.)

We've more handsome conceits in fashionable neck dressings than ever before, and so far the season's demand promises to exceed even our great anticipation.

White collar edges and lay overs, prettily embroidered, usual 20c sort, at ________ 10c

New silk twice round ties—corded stock and hem, stitched ends, all colors, at________ 35c

Silk Stock Collars—Very prettily made with velvet ribbon, gold braid and buttons, various colors, on sale at________ 29c

Silk Stocks with Ties—Fancy creations, trimmed in gold and tinsel, has flowing ends with spike or flat tip, comes in colors to suit any taste. Special value at________ 75c

Chenile Marcellas for girdles and belts—pretty knots with 4 to 8 streamers of different lengths, gold tipped, 35c sort go tomorrow at______ 25c

Easter Ribbons.

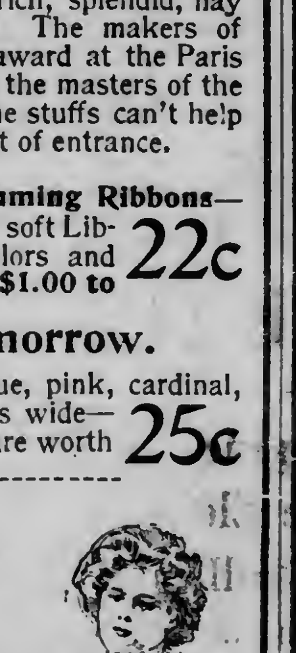
We are told it is to be a ribbon year, that women are going to get back to the finery and fancies they gave up some seasons ago—perhaps it's the Ribbons, for they're a fetching lot and their flutter beckons us on to new weaves and colorings—soft finish Taffetas, warp printed Silks, Liberty Silk and Satins, with all the richness, yet none of the weight of old weaves—and Oriental effects in rich, splendid, nay gorgeous in colors—all are here. The makers of our ribbons received the highest award at the Paris Exposition last summer—they're the masters of the craft and between them and us the stuffs can't help but please you.—First aisle to left of entrance.

Neck Ribbons, Belt Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons—in Oriental and Persian effects, in soft Liberty Silks and Sateens, all colors and widths, range from________$1.00 to 22c

Extra Special for tomorrow.

Double Faced Satin Ribbons—In blue, pink, cardinal, maize, white, etc., 3 to 4½ inches wide—beautiful all silk Ribbons, that are worth 50c, tomorrow—per yard at________ 25c

Special Corset Offer.



To make you better acquainted with the merits of our F. & C. Corset, we will give you choice of the $1 corsets for ______ 85c
Comes in regular or straight front.

89c Flannel Gowns at 69c—A clearance of all the 89c Flannel Night Gowns at the special price of only________ 69c

The $1.50 Flannel Gowns at____$1.19

Linings Our up-to-date Linen Dept. is getting the trade and deserves it—with the thin summer stuffs for gowns, the linings will play a still more important part. We carry the best brands of linings in all qualities. In our showing of colored linings for foundations and skirt linings can be found colors to match almost everything. Try us.

Heavy black Moire Sateen for petticoats or linings, has sold for 18c, tomorrow to close out at________ 10c

Heavy Sateens, 36 inches wide, good range of colors—suitable for linings or skirts—has sold for 25c, tomorrow at________ 16c

50 pieces extra quality Silesia in gray, black and brown, the 15c quality at________ 10c

Unmistakably Superior Suits for Easter Wear.

STYLE costs you nothing—its absence is what costs. Like the salt which the small boy said "makes the potatoes taste bad if you don't put any on." Each one of these Easter suits has that fashionable and inimitable style—touch, which is so characteristic of all our garments. It costs us more to put it there, and yet we always hold the prices down to the lowest point consistent with high quality. We do not make to order—but we make to fit. Every garment that leaves this house must fit perfectly and exactly—We owe it to ourselves as well as to you. Come and look at the new things tomorrow—you're always welcome. Try them on and note the perfect fit. Make your selections if you're ready. Alterations and fittings can be more easily made now than during next week's rush.

BETWEEN these two prices can be found the most inviting and interesting lot of suits imaginable—their exclusiveness of style is certain, for why should we desire the same as others—when we can have such excellence in these. The skirts are all cut with that graceful flaring fullness and some are lined with taffeta silk, though percaline seems preferred in most of them. The jackets are in Bolero, Eton, Blouse or Tight Ftting shapes—are all silk lined—have Military, L'Aiglon, or no collar, and are trimmed with stitched silk—Persian bands, satin stitching—in fact every used trimming. The cloths are Broadcloth, Venetian and Cheviot in blue, brown, castor, tan, black, etc. There are more than ten styles to choose from at **$17.50, $18.50, $20.00, $21.00, $22.50** and________ $17½ $25

Junior Suits for Misses and Girls.

These nobby suits have been received with utmost favor from the start. In fashioning them we have been careful to follow the style lines set by "mammas"—modified to suit the smaller wearer. There is no use bothering with home sewing for the girls now—with ready to wear suits at such prices. Here's one example:

At $10.75 Suit of Cheviot in blue, red, castor or gray—has short collarless Bolero jacket, very tastily trimmed with gold braid and buttons, bishop sleeve with narrow cuff, skirt is cut with full flaring flounce, percaline lining, ages 12 to 14 years, our price **$10.75.**

Women's Taffeta Boleros.

Cloth Etons, Raglans and Box Coats for Spring.

Exceedingly Stylish Black Silk Bolero Jackets are the fashion for spring—mostly the jaunty collarless effects—tricked out with cording tucking—tailor stitching. They are extremely fetching over a light waist and not expensive either—at **$25.00, $20.00, $18.00, $15.00, $10.00** and________ $7.00

Short Cloth Etons of Venetian, Broadcloth, Covert, etc., in the swell light tan and gray shades—or good Cheviot in black, lined with silk—ornamented with stitching or Arab lace collars and revers—prices are from **$30.00** down to________ $6.50

Raglans Shaped Back Coats, Box Coats—in a dozen shades of tan and gray—silk lined, of Covert and Broadcloths, handsome, perfect fitting goods, prices range from **$25.00** down to________ $6.50

Special for Tomorrow Women's and Misses' Box, Eton and half fitting coats of fine Covert, in shades of tan and gray, has silk serge lining, is tailor made in every way, tomorrow all sizes at _____ $6.50

Special at $9.50 Covert Box or Half Fitting coat, velvet collar, silk lining, comes in shades of tan, in single or double breasted shapes, tomorrow special value at ________ $9.50

BRING THE CHILDREN—The stock of children's box coats, jackets and Raglans is ready now. We are proud of it. Never had so many cunning things for the youngsters, nor so winningly priced. Bring tnem in tomorrow and see the new things.

Fashionable Albatross Waists in the light spring colors, made with vertical tucks on front and back, bishop sleeve, narrow cuff, tomorrow at ________ $2.50

New Albatross Waists Just received, entire front and back covered with fine vertical tucks ½ inch apart. Full bishop sleeve, is tucked part way, narrow band cuff, all colors and sizes, on sale tomorrow at ________ $3.75

Walking Skirts of heavy skirting in black and gray, is cut 7 gore, has lapped seams and 10 inch flare flounce with 20 rows stitching, a splendid skirt for only ___ $4.50

Dress Skirts of good Cheviot, percaline lined, with flaring graceful flounce, trimmed with three rows of stitched satin above flounce, tomorrow at________ $5.00

Easter Perfumes and Toilet Articles.

In Drug Department, 1st aisle to the right of Main Entrance.

Colgate's extra fine handkerchief extracts in all floral odors, lasting and refreshing, 35 cent perfumes, tomorrow at ________ 25c

Rogers & Gallet's finest extracts in the genuine floral odors, White Rose, Violet, Peau de Espagne, Heliotrope, etc. These $1.00 perfumes tomorrow at per ounce______ 75c

25c box Dr. Lyon's tooth powder at ________ 19c

25c box Swans' Down face powder at ________ 12½c

50c box genuine Java Rice powder at________ 29c

35c bottles high grade Violet Toilet Water at only ______ 25c

25c tooth brushes, the Prophylactic brush shape, at only _____ 15c

25c Hair Brushes, solid back, good bristle, tomorrow at only 15c

Box of 3 cakes fine toilet soap, Royal Honey, Glycerine, Windsor Violet Buttermilk, worth 10c a cake, tomorrow box of 5 cakes at __ 10c

Easter Things in the Men's Store. **Just inside the door**

Men, do you know this furnishings store as you should? Do you know that styles and qualities are always right here, and that we do a big business on a small dry goods profit? And here is still further proof—

Men's Percale Shirts, 50c—Almost a dollars worth. They're cheap because we bought them cheap; the maker had more than he could use—choice________ 50c

Men's Fancy Colored Shirts—New spring patterns, new stripe effects, splendid assortment of patterns—"Monarch" or "Faultless" make. We don't think you can match them anywhere under $1.50; our price— $1.00

Medium Weight Underwear—Derby rib, made from Egyptian comb yarn, soft, body fitting and ought to bring $1.00. We start them tomorrow at________ 50c

Men's Fancy Hose—Not the loud sort, but in pretty stripes, embroidered and plain effects. The balance of manufacturer's imported sample hose; we bought at half, that's why we don't ask you 50c for them, though every pair is worth it—Instead we say, choice________ 25c

Black Hose—There's another line of black with neat embroidery stripes and fancies, a good 75c sock for ________ 35c

New Easter Neckwear.

A dollar's worth in any other store, all the new creations of foreign and domestic looms, in neat stripe effects and plain shades, made from silks usually found in $1.00 neckwear, the narrow military and the King Edward VII shapes predominate. But all the others are here to a great variety at________ 50c

Neckwear at 25c—Made from 50c silks; four-in hands, tecks, bat wings, club ties, band bows, at 25c

Spring Hosiery.

Start the season right bs laying in a supply—you can have a better selection of colors now than a little later. The showing at present is particularly choice, eclipsing anything ever brought to this. The range of fancy Hosiery includes the latest and most fashionable effects in stripes, light and dark plain colors, silk embroidered dots, figured and floral patterns—the black lace and drop stitch are particularly handsome and choice, our price is but— 50c

Black Cotton Lisle Ingrain Stockings—Extra high quality, equal to the usual 50c Stockings, tomorrow at—per pair________ 35c

Women's Stockings—Genuine Hermsdorf dye, in cotton and lisle, good 35c values, tomorrow at________ 25c

Fast Black Hose—Very fine gauge, elastic and splendid wearing, our price is only— 15c

Spring Underwear **for Women.**

The Underwear makers are always striving to improve their product and they've taken a long stride ahead this season—so have we, and the new Underwear includes all that is new and desirable—at our well known fair prices.

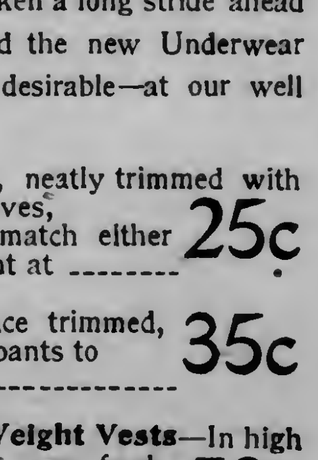
Women's Vests—Of fine cotton, neatly trimmed with lace high neck and long sleeves, in cream or white, pants to match either plain or trimmed, per garment at ________ 25c

Excellent Cotton Vests—Silk lace trimmed, high neck and long sleeves, pants to match, an extra value at ________ 35c

Women's Light and Medium Weight Vests—In high neck and long sleeve styles; new fresh, carefully made goods and most desirable at________ 50c

Pants—In ankle and knee lengths, plain or lace trimmed at, each— 50c

New Mercerized Vests — Low neck and no sleeves, beautiful silky goods in white, cream, pink and blue, you'll wonder when we tell you the price is only— 75c



Handkerchief Bargains.

Women's fine sheer linen handkerchiefs, hand hemstitched and pretty hand drawn work corners; they come to us dirty, all direct from the makers. If laundered you'd pay 50c for them, as now they are ________ 25c

Children's unlaundered lawn handkerchiefs with pretty handworked initials, if laundered would be 15c, at each ________ 5c

Blushing with newness.

Our suits are the Fresh Spring Products of the best makers. The sunshine is woven in to make bright, snappy suits for gentlemen who have grown weary of winter things. Our handsome Suits are within easy reach of every purse. While they sing the Opening Stanza of Spring, our hobby is to please our customers, and we shall do our level best to please YOU when you come in.

Artistic Shirts... The Fancy Shirt season is at its height. Men, who, a few years ago, would not dream of wearing anything but a plain white shirt, now wear the fanciest of Fancy Shirts. Shades of the needle! What's the world coming to? Well, never mind; we have shirts enough for all. Some styles are quiet and serene, while others are "warm members." **75c to $1.50.** Negligee and full laundered. Come in and see.

Eagle Clothing Co.,

B. J. Cook & Bro.,
321 West Superior Street.

CAUSES SURPRISE

Judge Ensign's Ruling In Rockwell Case Is Interesting.

Nothing But Civil Process Possible Against Overseer.

Could He Carry Off Everything and Only Be Sued?

The outcome of the Rockwell cases yesterday morning is even more interesting than if the defendant had been convicted. In dismissing the prosecution, Judge Ensign gave utterance to some reflections that ought to be cut out and pasted in the hat of every county commissioner as a warning to take greater care in the future.

His holding that no theft could have occurred under the circumstances is a great surprise to many people, and its effect will be to leave the county in very peculiar shape on some matters. He held that the overseer of the poor had in his custody and control all of the property of the poor farm, to handle it and dispose of it as he saw fit, and to make an accounting of his acts to the county board. If he disposed of property and made no accounting, the board should act on his bond, or by the civil process of replevin, and not by criminal proceedings. He held that it was impossible for Rockwell to steal from himself, as the property was in his possession.

It did not appear whether this doctrine applies only to the overseer of the poor, or to all county officers having county property to handle and to make accountings therefor. Probably it refers only to the overseer of the poor, but even at that it leaves a very peculiar situation. Under it the overseer of the poor, it would seem, might carry away almost anything in his possession as overseer, and the act would be no crime, but an action might lie for recovery on the part of the county.

The situation at present as revealed by the case is that the county has no bond from Rockwell as overseer, and never has had, therefore no action on his bond can be had. There have been no inventories made of the property out there except at scattered and uncertain intervals, so it would be hard to find out what to sue for. Not only is the criminal prosecution in the air, but the situation so far as any settlement with Mr. Rockwell is concerned would seem to be equally in the air, owing to the absence of any bond or any inventories from which the board might find out how much property the county had, or how much—if any—has been taken away.

While Judge Ensign did not refer to the fact that there was no bond and no inventories, he laid down the duties of the county commissioners in these matters in no uncertain language, showing that they should have regular and complete and infrequent inventories and reports, and competent bonds from the overseer for the care of the property. Neither of these duties have been heeded in the past.

After Judge Ensign had dismissed the case yesterday, County Attorney McClintock turned to Mr. Rockwell and asked, with a smile:

"Who are the sureties on your bond as overseer?"

"Never had any," responded Mr. Rockwell, with another smile.

THE ICE REPORT.

Condition of Fields Along the Great Lakes.

The ice report of the lakes issued by Norman B. Conger, of Detroit, inspector and marine agent of the weather bureau there, is as follows:

"The reports indicate the ice has been materially decreased by the warm weather of the past three days, and there is less ice in all the lakes. Over Western Superior the ice field is packing at Duluth, with open water off Two Harbors and Eagle Harbor; the ice field continues heavy over Eastern Superior; the conditions have not changed in St. Mary's river, except a large field of ice is reported at the mouth of the river extending out of sight; over Green Bay the snow is melting off the ice, otherwise the conditions are unchanged; there is very little ice reported in Lake Michigan; and the ice has decreased to twenty inches at Mackinaw; the large ice fields remain in the southern portion of Lake Huron, and the ice bridge is still firm at the foot of the lake; reports indicate that the rivers are open from Port Huron to Amherstberg, with considerable running ice in the Detroit river. There is less ice than was reported last week in Lake Erie and the large field at Buffalo is breaking up and running down the river; there is very little ice reported in Ontario.

"In comparison with same period last year, there is less ice reported in all the lakes, although the conditions are about the same over Eastern Superior, St. Mary's river and Southern Lake Huron. Last year the ice was still firm in Lake St. Clair except at the extreme southern end and Detroit river was open only down to Sandwich point; in Erie the ice field extended from Cleveland, eastward to Buffalo."

Col. Copeland's Lecture.

The lecture which will be given at the First Methodist church next Monday evening by Col. L. F. Copeland on "Seeing the Elephant," promises to be one of the most enjoyable that has been given in the course this year, if not at any time. The managers of the course had much difficulty in getting him and have been after him for several years. He is always in demand and his season is always filled long before he starts out. The Indianapolis Journal says of him:

"His fund of knowledge from extensive research and travel was utilized in his minute, thrilling descriptions of nature and incidents taken from nearly every country on the globe. Col. Copeland was in last season's course and received the highest vote ever given to a lecturer by the patrons of the course."

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON LYRIC COMPANY.

"Carmen" was put on at the Lyceum for the second time by the Boston Lyrics last night, and it was heard by a crowd that filled the theater, the attendance being even better than on the first night. The performance went off at least as well as on Monday night, and better in some respects. Collamarini was in excellent voice, and her acting of the title role was as spirited and pleasing as on the first night. Russo sang his part of Don Jose beautifully, and deepened the impression he has made on the Duluth public with his voice. Allessandroni made another hit in the Toreador song, and was given a vigorous encore. Miss Bertha Davis appeared to even better advantage than on the first night, and she was well received.

Tonight will be another Collamarini night, and "Mignon" will be the bill.

"'WAY DOWN EAST."

The greatest success of last season in a dramatic way, so far as New York was concerned, was the production of that play of universal sympathy "'Way Down East." For over two years it crowded two theaters, and is expected to remain in New York for another year beginning next season. It is a dramatization of Lottie Blair Parker, staged and in fact largely improved by Mr. Joseph R. Grismer. It will be given in this city at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday next. It will be presented here under the direction of William A. Brady. It will be given with a great cast, magnificent scenery, all of the marvelous effects including the great snow scene, will introduce a great quartet of singers and depict a vivid story of true New England life.

ROUGH SPOTS.

Good Food Smooths Them Over.

"There is probably nothing in the world that produces as much happiness as the peculiar feeling that comes over the mind when well fed with nourishing food that particularly rebuilds the brain, and makes everything on earth have a rosy tint. Ambition is renewed, spirits are of the most sanguine, and confidence has restored that feeling within us which carries us over the rough places."

So writes a man who was built up from a wretched invalid to a fine condition of health by changing his diet and using Grape-Nuts Food.

"There is no sense of enjoyment equal to that of being well physically and mentally. I can hardly realize that such a transposition has been made. From being ill tempered and disagreeable I have changed to something like enjoyment of the society that I had grown to avoid. From feeling that life was not worth living, I now feel that I would like to live always.

"I enclose a sample of my handwriting showing my nervous condition before using Grape-Nuts Food, and you can compare it with my signature to this letter."

The writing done while he was in a nervous, ill-fed condition is shown on an old time check and reports a series of dates when he was absent on account of sickness. His signature was made in lines that consist of minute waves or wiggles, showing the desperately weak condition, while the signature to the letter is remarkable for its clear penmanship.

It is the old story over and over again that when a man is broken down because he exhausts the gray matter in the nerve cells and brain from overwork and improper food, he can rebuild that gray matter by using Grape-Nuts, for this food contains Phosphate of Potash direct from the natural grains of the field, and this, united with the Albumen of the grains make the only combination that will rebuild this peculiar soft, gray substance.

FAILED TO GET IT

Romantic Episode of Past Years Brought to Light.

Relatives Fail In Effort to Get Life Insurance.

Woman Leaves It to Her Lover and Friend.

A rather romantic story which concerns two people in this city, a street car conductor and a professional nurse, came to light the first of this week by the arrival of a young man from Canada, who had been hunting all over the country for the two, in his efforts to locate and get from them the money on an insurance policy of $1000 which was made out by his sister. He departed for his home a few days ago a disappointed and much wiser man.

The conductor is a young man that has been in the employ of the street railway company about two years, is now on the West Duluth run, but for obvious reasons wishes his name withheld, although he acknowledges the details of the story and has the certificate of deposit to prove that he has the cash concerned in the matter.

About five years ago this street car conductor was employed on a logging stream in Canada, and was so fortunate as to rescue from drowning two young ladies, whose boat had upset in the river. At the time of the accident he had no boat within reach, but, like all river men, he was familiar with another method of transportation, and hurried to the rescue on a log.

Of course, his rescue of the two young ladies made him very popular in the little Canadian village of which they were both residents, the father of the young ladies being a well-to-do farmer. The families belonged to a temperance society that met frequently, and at one of these meetings some means of rewarding the young man was discussed, as all the members were enthusiastically in favor of doing something to show their appreciation of his brave act. They were unable to decide on anything, so, as a last resort, determined to call in the young man and ask him what he would like as a token. This was done, and the young man, a little embarrassed at the prospect of so much honor pressed on him, especially in public, declared that he would not take a thing: that he did not save the lives of people with the expectation of receiving a reward. His friends insisted, and the young man, getting back his nerve, and conceiving a brilliant idea, boldly declared that if they were bound to reward him, he had decided on having the oldest of the two sisters that he had saved.

This announcement in public created great excitement, the parents of the young ladies were scandalized and said that their daughters had been insulted. The young man's parents and many of his friends were very indignant with him and said he was no gentleman to make such a demand. He was firm, however, and told the people that if he could not have the girl he would not have a thing, and the meeting broke up in great disorder.

Finding that the parents of the girl would not give their consent to his marriage with the daughter, who in the meantime had learned to love the young man, the latter determined to secure by strategy that which he could not accomplish by open means, so the couple kept up clandestine meetings for a few weeks that finally ended in an elopement.

The man that took them to the train ran his horses all the way home to inform the girl's parents of the escapade and the angry father had an officer on the trail within two hours after the elopement. The young couple got a fairly good start, however, and fled to Bangor, Me. Here the young man learned that they would have to remain several days before they could be lawfully married. He suspected pursuit and determined to go into New Hampshire, where the marriage laws were not so strict. The agent employed by the girl's father reached Bangor a few hours after they left and, learning of their flight he conferred with the authorities, resulting in the detention of the couple by the police when they stepped from the train. The girl, who was but 16 years old, was taken home, and the young man, who was kept in jail a few days, was released as no further action was taken against him.

He worked for a farmer a few months before returning to his home, where the feeling was very bitter against him. The girl's parents would not withdraw their opposition to the marriage, so the young couple agreed to wait until the girl became of age, when they would be married.

The young man drifted up into the Northwest and the girl became a professional nurse and was employed in a hospital in Portland, Me. While there she formed a close friendship with another young lady nurse and the two had life insurance politicies taken out, each being the other's beneficiary, with the excetion that the Canadian girl made half her policy payable to her lover, with whom she was in correspondence. She sent her policy to the young man, who had obtained employment on the street railway here. Soon after the other young lady nurse arrived and was employed in a hospital in this city.

Last November the Canadian girl died while at her work in the far East, but faithful until death to her absent lover. The receipts for premiums paid on the insurance fell into the hands of the girl's relatives, but they did not have the policy, so search was instituted to find the young man and get him to either give up the policy or give them part of the benefit. They finally located him here and wrote asking for the policy. He refused to give it up and wrote back that if they ever expected to get any of the money it would be wise to send him the receipts. They did so, the policy was paid and the young man and the nurse here received and banked the money. The money that they expected not showing up, the relatives sent the brother-in-law to Duluth to make the young man give up part of the money. A lawyer was consulted, but he advised a bluff as the only chance that the brother-in-law had to get it.

The bluff was attempted, was called, and the brother-in-law went back much wiser as to American laws than when he came here from Canada. The meeting between the two men occurred in the Union depot a few nights ago and was a stormy one, but the young man stood pat on his rights and told the relatives point blank that while he was not good enough, in their estimation, to marry the girl; he did consider himself as the proper beneficiary and as such would keep all that was coming to him.

DON'T FORGET THE GREAT BLACK SILK SALE TOMORROW.

Panton & White.

DON'T FORGET THE GREAT BLACK SILK SALE TOMORROW.

EASTER SALE.

Of beautiful and appropriate Easter novelties.

Gift giving at Easter-tide has become prevalent. It is coming to be more of a general custom than formerly. This season we have made very extensive preparations for this demand for Easter novelties. On bargain counter 3 Saturday we conduct a sale of Easter gift things, such as Easter cards, booklets, eggs, chickens, etc.

Easter Cards—From the tiny, inexpensive card to the large, elaborate ones—2c to............ **75c**

Easter Booklets—Bound in paper and cloth, appropriate verses by the best authors............ **19c**

Easter Medallions—In this line we show some exquisite little novelties just brought out, 20c to............ **50c**

Easter Eggs—Hand painted gloss Easter—10c, 15c, 20c and............ **25c**

Easter Chickens—From the wee chick to the large barn yard fowl—you can almost hear them crow—3c to **35c**

Hand Painted Eggs—Real eggs. Beautifully decorated and mounted on hand painted cards............ **15c**

Great Silk Special.

Corded Wash Silks in a complete line of colors; very special values at............ **25c**

Dress Goods Special.

Ten pieces 40-inch mixed Zibolines in all the new shades—ten pieces Plaids—twenty-five pieces fine Cashmere—selling at the very low price of............ **25c**

Candies for Easter.

A special Easter sale of fine candies on the candy counter. Easter Eggs, Buttercups, Chocolate Wafers, Peach Stones, Assorted Gooseberries, Fresh Salted Peanuts, Bird Eggs, Cream Oval Wafers, Marshmallows—choice of any of the above, worth 25c, 15c a lb—2 lbs for............ **25c**

Fresh Allegrettas Just Received. BUY A BOX FOR SUNDAY.

Saturday is Glove Day.

New Suede Gloves, Dents, in grays and black—Saturday............ **$1.50**

La Tour Pique Street Glove, in all shades for Spring; red, brown, beaver, pearls............ **$1.25**

Marlborough—all colors, black and white at, only............ **$1.00**

Ireland Bros.' new Suede Gloves—in grays, browns, beaver, white, black............ **$1.00**

New Silk Taffeta Gloves—all colors, two clasp, at only............ **25c**

New Taffeta Gloves, for children; red, blue and tan; price............ **25c**

Shoes For Easter.

Women's high grade Boots for house, street and dress wear. We show the correct kinds, and a very large assortment to choose from; hand welt, extension soles, Cuban heels, patent colt skin or extra fine glazed boots; the swellest designs ever shown **$5.00**

Vassar Boots—for snappy, dashy designs, the Vassar stands unrivalled. We have an exceptionally large assortment. All the new leathers and lasts, including a patent kid, heavy extension sole; welt shoe with neat kid top, lace. It is one of the prettiest shoes ever sold at this price............ **$2.98**

The Ultra—an ideal shoe for women; perfect fitting, stylish lasts, best materials and workmanship. These points strongly commend the Ultra to your careful notice. All sizes. The Glass Block's price is only............ **$3.50**

Crockery and Hardware Attractions for Saturday.

A Snap in Jardinieres.—500 tinted Jardinieres from a Zanesville, O., manufacturer were shipped us in plain tints. We ordered blended tints. We refused to accept them. To avoid returning we have instructions from the factory to close them at cut prices, they to stand the loss. For Saturday we offer the lot at about half of real value, offering 7-inch tinted Jardinieres at 25c, 8-inch tinted Jardinieres at 38c, 9-inch tinted Jardinieres at 48c.

10c Counter—A basement bargain table Saturday of Crockery and Glassware worth up to 25c each. Glass berry bowls, China Cream Pitchers, Cuspidores, China Meal Bowls, Glass Vinegar Cruets, Opal Plates, Glass Bread Plates, Glass Jelly Dishes, choice from the lot for............ **10c**

Water Tumblers—Heavy pressed glass Water Tumblers for Saturday, 12 to a customer, at—each............ **2c**

Pin Trays—500 decorated Pin Trays, 10c value, Saturday—each............ **5c**

Water Sets—Six-colored glass Water Tumblers, Water Pitchers and Metal Tray, Saturday—per set............ **89c**

Lamps—Central draught Stand Lamps, nickel plated, complete with white shade and central draught burner, at............ **$1.39**

Butcher Knives—8-inch imported French Butcher Knives, strictly high grade goods, special for Saturday............ **29c**

Bread Knives—Serrated edge, hardware stores ask 15c—special at............ **5c**

Carving Sets—Kitchen Carving Sets, made by American Cutlery Co., worth 75c a set—special............ **29c**

Hat Racks—Heavy Hat and Coat Racks with tinned hooks—5-hook size—each 29c; 6-hook size—each............ **35c**

Universal Food Choppers—Family size—Saturday at............ **$1.25**

Go-Carts—25 new patterns, famous Whitney make—now on exhibition.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

OPPOSE IT.

Stationary Engineers Object to the Electricians' Bill.

An electrician's bill was introduced in the house of representatives yesterday, H. F. 245, which, if it becomes a law, will affect all firms and persons engaged in electrical work. The promoters of the bill in Duluth met with the local association of stationary engineers at their regular meeting on Saturday evening. The measure was discussed from all standpoints, after which the engineers passed resolutions condemning the bill, as it would restrict them from doing work which is a part of their duties as engineers. They contend that they should be allowed to take care of and keep in repair the electric machinery and apparatus under their charge, as they have always done, and object strongly to a law compelling them to contribute to the support of a political board, as they are now paying for the right to operate steam machinery.

The bill provides that the governor shall appoint five persons who shall constitute a state board of electricity, a majority of which shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. This board will have power to say who shall engage in the business of installing or repairing, or contracting to install or repair, any and all kinds of electrical apparatus or wiring of any kind or nature whatsoever in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants; also, to require a bond in the sum of $5000, with sufficient surety or sureties, to be provided and filed for the faithful performance of all work. This board appointed by the governor shall pass judgment on all persons who shall engage in the work of installing or repairing work or devices, inside or outside of any building, for the transmission of electric current, for arc or incandescent light, for motors, electric gas lighting, electric heating, house annunciators, burglar alarms, telephone or telegraph systems, messenger call service, electric lighting fixtures and any other electric apparatus of whatever nature.

The engineers say that furnishing a bond will not prevent contractors from furnishing poor or improper material, nor their workmen from doing faulty work; the only preventative is inspection at the time the work has been done by a competent inspector. They say the bill will, however, do away with competition, which is so essential to prevent exorbitant charges. A great number of persons have the necessary skill to execute the work and comply with all rules, but will be unable to furnish the required bond of $5000.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

The Flaaten Concert.

The final concert of the winter series by Flaaten's orchestra will be given at the Armory next Sunday. The program will be made up of request numbers and will be of exceptional strength. The soloists will be Master Shirley Alexander and E. W. Prophet. The latter will sing as one of his numbers a song written by Fred Swanson, of St. Paul, with words by M. J. Donnelly, of St. Paul. It has been sung by Chauncey Olcott. Mr. Swanson lived in Duluth at one time and Mr. Donnelly is a brother-in-law of O. C. and A. W. Hartman, of this city. The song is entitled "I Love You, Dear Heart."

CHURCH MEETING.

First Presbyterian Church Holds Its Annual.

The adjourned regular congregational and church meetings of the First Presbyterian church occurred last evening in the church parlors. The regular time for the meeting was Wednesday, March 20, but as this was the day of the storm, it was postponed until yesterday.

The congregational meeting was called to order by Rev. T. H. Cleland. The treasurer's report indicated that about $9000 had been spent in church and missionary work during the past year, and it is expected that about $10,700 will be required for the coming year. Treasurer Hargraves' report showed a prosperous condition of affairs and a bright outlook.

The number of trustees was changed from six to nine, and the following were elected: For terms of three years, J. T. Hale, George D. Swift, to succeed themselves, and G. L. Gordon, under the new order; George C. Claypool, for two years, and J. T. Rose, for one year, under the new order.

During the congregational meeting the following elders were chosen: For three-year terms, S. R. Paine, L. D. Marvin, J. R. Williams, all to succeed themselves; G. N. Stevenson, to succeed S. T. Harrison, and J. A. Goodell, for one year, to succeed C. P. Bragg, who has left the city. T. F. Upham and S. T. Richardson were re-elected deacons for 3-year terms, and S. S. Williamson for one year, to fill a vacancy.

Very encouraging reports were submitted from the various organizations, as follows: Report of session, by Judge W. D. Edson; Sunday school, by Superintendent George Wilson and Treasurer F. W. Wieland; Endion Sunday school, by W. J. McCabe; Chinese school, by Miss Ethel Farmer; Y. P. S. C. E., by Mrs. Thorburn, the president, and G. L. Gordon, the secretary; Men's league, by Mr. Williams, president, and Harvey Dash, secretary; Woman's Missionary society, by Mrs. F. B. Smith, and the Ladies' Aid society, by Mrs. Frazier. All these societies are in flourishing condition.

It was decided to print a manual, containing all the foregoing reports in full, for distribution among the congregation of the church. The outlook for the future is brighter than it has been for eight or nine years.

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

EDUCATED FILIPINOS.

Are Wanted For the Coast Survey.

Washington, March 29.—The civil service commission has decided to request the Philippine civil service board at Manilla to hold regular classified examinations to secure about fifteen well educated Philippine men between the ages of 18 and 25 for service as aids in the coast and geodetic survey, which plans to press work in that archipelago beginning about June 1. One of its officials is already at Manilla. The prospective Filipino appointees will receive $720 a year salary to begin with and must have qualifications that include the higher mathematics, astronomy, physics, surveying, geography and two modern languages.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

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One year (in advance) $5 00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m.(Central time), March 29.—The depression over Texas is increasing in energy, developing snow or rain in Northern Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Western Nebraska and Colorado. Scattered falls of snow or rain also occurred over Assinniboia, Nevada and Oregon. The low pressure area off the New England oast is moving slowly northeastward. Another low is forming over Alberta. The barometer is high over the Western lake region, Upper Mississippi and Red River valleys and off the north Pacific coast. Temperatures range from 2 above zero at Battleford to 66 at Galveston. It is somewhat warmer over Manitoba, Assinnoboia, Oklahoma and Northern Texas, elsewhere the 24-hour changes hav been slight. A northwest gale is blowing at New York city.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	34	Mamphis	40
Battleford	2	Miles City	24
Bismarck	24	Milwaukee	26
Boston	26	Minnedosa	10
Buffalo	21	Modena	20
Calgary	22	Montgomery	48
Charleston	48	Moorhead	26
Chicago	28	New Orleans	60
Cincinnati	30	New York	32
Davenport	28	North Platte	28
Denver	22	Oklahoma	46
Detroit	24	Omaha	30
Duluth	14	Pittsburg	30
Edmonton	28	Port Arthur	4
El Paso	44	Portland	40
Escanaba	16	Prince Albert	8
Galveston	66	Qu' Appelle	20
Green Bay	20	Rapid City	26
Havre	26	San Francisco	44
Helena	26	Santa Fe	24
Houghton	12	Shreveport	56
Huron	22	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	56	St. Louis	40
Kansas City	34	St. Paul	24
Knoxville	34	Sault Ste. Marie	10
La Crosse	22	Swift Current	26
Lander	20	Washington	36
Los Angeles	42	Williston	24
Marquette	20	Winnemucca	18
Medicine Hat	22	Winnipeg	8

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and warmer tonight; Saturday mostly cloudy with possibly light snow or rain; fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 29.— Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Increasing cloudiness tonight; probably rain or snow Saturday. Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness with probably rain or snow Saturday and in south portion tonight; warmer northeast portion tonight; brisk easterly winds.

An Appeal to True Patriotism.

In another column will be found an article by ex-Governor Boies, of Iowa, on "The Industrial Situation," in which he points out the dangers of monopoly in a striking way that must give thought and concern to every patriotic and intelligent man. The plain truth is that too many of our people in the strife for wealth, disregarding the principles of justice and equality upon which our institutions are founded, are only too willing to avail themselves of any unfair advantages they can secure, whether by the "protection" of high tariffs, trust combinations, or otherwise. Public opinion is too lax on this subject. It needs arousing, until it will point the finger of scorn at every self-seeker who dares to openly violate the ture basic rule of a republic, "Equal rights for all, special privileges for none." There is too much pseudo-patriotism, waving of the American flag, mouthing American adjectives, and patriotic outcry by selfish seekers for offices, pensions, appropriations, and cunningly framed protective laws. The country never more than now needed men whose patriotism consists in firm adherence to real republican principles, who disdain to take undue public favors for themselves, and sternly prohibit them to others.

The Sanitation of Havana.

Those who have visited Havana of late have been surprised at its excellent sanitary condition since its American occupation. The death rate has diminished wonderfully and the city is said to be as clean as Washington which is held up as a paragon of neatness. The number of deaths in Havana during February was 446. In February, 1898, it was 1602, and the monthly average of the past ten years was 746. The deaths of last month were at the rate of 19.32 per thousand, which is much below the rate of most of the cities of the United States. New Orleans, at about the same period, had a death rate of 28.26; Mobile, 29.73, and Jacksonville, 48.37. In the last February under Spanish rule the death rate was 82.32 per thousand. During the military occupation the city has been cleaned as it never was before, drainage and sewerage systems established and the streets paved. A most effective fight has also been made against yellow fever, and the recent observations of the agency of mosquitoes in propagating disease have been practically applied. This, in addition to disinfection and general sanitary precautions, has kept the fever at a minimum and but little fear is felt of the usual epidemic the coming summer.

The First Language In Use.

A strong bond which binds together the millions of people in the United States, England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland, Canada, India, Australia, Egypt and South Africa is the English language. It is no longer a personal possession of England, but really an "American language," and more than half its users owe no allegiance whatever to "the mother country." England exhibits less tendency to dialects than any other language and enjoys a vigorous, healthy growth. One hundred years ago French was the European tongue in most general use, being spoken by 31,500,000 people, and recognized as the language of diplomacy and polite society. Russian was spoken by 31,000,000; German by 30,500,000, Spanish by 26,000,000, one-half of whom only were in Europe, and English was spoken by only 19,750,000, of whom 5,000,000 were in the United States and 750,000 in the colonies. The English language has gone from fifth in use to first in one hundred years and is now spoken by 70,000,000 in the United States, 40,000,000 in the United Kingdom and 20,000,000 more in the British colonies. German has taken second place, but at a great distance, closely followed by Russian. These languages are spoken by something like 75,000,000 each. French is now spoken by slightly more than 50,000,000, Spanish by 13,000,000 and Italian by 33,500,000. English has easily become the most familiar of the European languages and is rapidly becoming the polite tongue of Europe.

SOMETHING OF AN ELEPHANT.

Now that Aguinaldo has been captured, the question of his disposal comes up to fret the administration. So long as he was in hiding he was of no particular menace to the United States forces in Luzon. But now he is a thing of life and must be disposed of. Being a general, he is entitled to the courtesies of prisoners of war holding that rank. Not having ever been an American citizen, he is not guilty of a breach of fealty and cannot be tried for treason. It is a serious question whether it was not a mistake to capture him. That is, a mistake from the Republican viewpoint. It will be the very best thing in the world for Aguinaldo. It will give him added influence with his people and enable him to make terms advantageous to himself. Should the insurrection now come to an end, it will be said, and believed, too, that the collapse was owing to the capture of the great Filipino leader.

The conditions surrounding the capture of Aguinaldo are similar to those of the capture of Jefferson Davis in 1865. There was a great clamor for the capture and execution of that "arch-traitor," as Davis was called. His final capture was regarded as the crowning victory of the war, and many enthusiasts in the North were dreaming of the time, which seemed at hand, when they could verify the old song, "We will hang Jeff Davis on a sour apple tree." But Davis was not to be disposed of in that way. He was a prisoner of war and entitled to the protection of that greatest of all codes—international law. Considerations of humanity had driven the Union government into the exchange of prisoners, an act which a complete acknowledgment of the belligerency of the Confederacy. At the beginning of the great rebellion all those in arms against the government, or who were aiding or abetting them, were technically guilty of treason. Davis was a traitor to his country, so was Robert E. Lee, but the magnitude of the rebellion divested the acts of the qualities of treason and made them acts of war and subject to the laws of war. So it is with Aguinaldo, only more so. He fought for the land he calls his country against foreign invasion. Whatever be our politics, there is no one who will deny this fact. This being the case, Gen. Aguinaldo is entitled to every consideration at the hands of his captors.

Everyone will hope that Aguinaldo will use his influence toward a complete pacification of the islands. The government will be justified in using his talents, if they can be engaged, to restore peace, by placing him in a position of power. Let the reconstruction of the Philippines go on, as did the reconstruction of the Southern states, but for heaven's sake keep the carpet-baggers at home! Let the Filipino govern the Filipino so far as that act is possible.

CHINA REFUSES.

Under the pressure of protests from several of the great powers, including England and the United States, against the signing of the proposed convention between Russia and China, by which the latter was to give Russia virtual control over Manchuria, the Chinese minister at St. Petersburg has refused to sign. This puts another face on the far-East question. Russia has been checkmated by England and the United States in her desire to get possession of Manchuria, while Japan has been standing with a chip on its shoulder ready to fight Russia at the drop of the hat, should there be any more signs of aggression shown toward Corea.

Russia has been trying for over five years to remove McLeary Brown, an Englishman, who occupies the position of manager of Corean customs. Something over two years ago England was obliged to make a naval demonstration to prevent the forcible removal of Brown and the placing of a Russian in his stead. Recently another attempt has been made to remove him, and it was that more than anything else which aroused the lion to protest against concessions in Manchuria.

Russia, by the acts of the last few weeks, has become completely out of tune in the great concert. Although Count Cassini declares that the removal of Brown was the work of the Corean government and that the Russians had nothing to do with it the average diplomat is suspicious of these apparently honest protestations.

With this Manchurian matter off the boards, it is hoped the powers can get to work and settle this Chinese muddle, or refer the whole thing to the national court of arbitration at The Hague.

HE SEEMS TO BE A MAN.

From the report of the way in which Gen. Chaffee has conducted his affairs in China, he seems to be very much of a man, as well as a soldier. There is little of the MacArthur about him and none of the Sampson. He is a man of honor, of brains and of common sense.

These remarks, personal in their nature, are suggested by his disposal of the looters among the American ranks. While the American people are very proud of the conduct of the American soldiers in China, they must remember that their conduct was the result of being under the command of a man and not a machine.

Those who did organize looting expeditions on their own hook, who despoiled houses and outraged native women, were promptly court-martialed and upon conviction sentenced to imprisonment, some for twenty years. That is the kind of a man Chaffee is. Had the other troops been commanded by generals of this stamp and had the missionaries been governed by as high a sense of justice and honor as governed Gen. Chaffee, China would not now have a counterclaim against civilization for barbarities committed in the name of Christendom.

Citizens who have been inquiring what would become of the war revenue stamps in their possession when the law goes into effect repealing the tax on checks and other documents, will find their question answered in a notification by the commissioner of internal revenue. Uncle Sam has no desire to cheat his beloved nephews, and therefore he will stand ready to redeem stamps for which there will be no use after July 1. By appointing a day so far in the future when the changes in the revenue law are to go into effect, an opportunity is given to stamp users to reduce the supply on hand; but stamps that remain in private hands at the date named will be redeemed on compliance of the holders with certain formalities designed to prevent imposition upon Uncle Sam.

The consolidation of the Chicago Times Herald and the Record under the name of the Herald-Record has been effected, Mr. Kohlsaat having purchased the Record. He has associated with him Frank B. Noyes, of the Washington Star, who will look after the business management of the consolidated paper, while Mr. Kohlsaat devotes his whole attention to the editorial end. This is a strong combination and can hardly fail of success. All the special features of the Record have been added to the daily contents of the Times-Herald, and the result is a newspaper of peculiar attractiveness.

The example set by Pat Crowe and his associates has now reached the juvenile portion of the population and some of the tough lads of various cities are emulating the methods of the kidnapper. A Lead, S. D., business man received the following letter the other day: "If you don't leave $5 at the corner of ——, we will take your son. Remember at 4:50 a. m. if not called for. Remember, do the right thing with us and we will with you. Keep it from the police. Just yourself. Remember, all in nickels, in a bag." The place for boys of that class is the reformatory.

There is a man in Savannah who has become thoroughly disliked on account of his meanness. When his first wife died he erected a handsome stone to her memory and had it inscribed: "Sacred to the memory of Sarah, beloved wife of John Smith." In the course of time his second wife died and to save expense he had added to the stone that was already erected, "and Jane, equally beloved second wife." The neighbors take some satisfaction in the fact that there is not room enough on the stone to add No. 3 when she passes away.

The peace was broken at Omaha recently all on account of an innocent little inscription written in an autograph album. Lily Somebody invited a friend to write in her album and this is what she wrote: "To Lily: Behold the lilies of the valley. They broil not, neither do they chin." Lily took offense and a scrap followed which eventually ended in the police court. Moral: Never indulge in parodies.

Reports that the Odyssey is to be dramatized and that another light of the stage has issued directions for adapting the Rubalyat impel us, says the Pittsburg Dispatch, to contemplate the day when the constitution and the Declaration of Independence will be produced in the form of staged illustrations of ancient and defunct literature.

The Easton, Penn., school board has refused to increase the tax rate one-half a mill for the maintenance of a public library, thereby practically refusing the offer of Andrew Carnegie to give the town $50,000 provided $5000 was appropriated each year for maintenance. The people of Easton must be proud of that board!

The mayor of Camden, N. J., has awarded a contract for 100 shirt waists for the policemen of that city. The color is to be a French blue and a row of brass buttons will extend down the front. It is to be hoped that the material will be of sufficient thickness to keep the mosquitoes from biting through.

A couple at Middleton, N. Y., have caused a sensation by eloping without the consent of their children. John Millens, the groom, is aged 79 and Nancy Downey, the bride, is 77. As "Aunt Nancy" has defective eyesight it must really have been a case where "love is blind."

The Nebraska legislature has settled the senatorial problem, two men being elected who had not been previously mentioned in connection with the offices. The result will produce lots of bad blood, and it is hardly likely Nebraska will go Republican again at the next election.

Senator Soyde should push his bill for the introduction of the Torrens system of land transfers in this state. It is a measure that should not meet serious opposition. A little push and energy might secure its enactment.

Three of the nine United States commissioners for the St. Louis exposition are stated to have known qualifications for the work. The other six got the positions because they were statesmen very recently out of jobs.

The Boston Globe says: "How the Boers manage to keep up and doing, raiding and wrecking almost at will, must be wholly unaccountable to the British, who are so sure they have conquered the Transvaal."

The board of control bill has been passed by both branches of the legislature. It will be signed by Governor Van Sant because he recommended the plan in his inaugural message.

There is some talk in New York of building a monument to Andrew Carnegie. It will never amount to more than talk unless Mr. Carnegie provides the money.

Neither Hetty Green nor Russell Sage has yet contributed a site for one of Mr. Carnegie's branch libraries in New York.

And now it is said that this country suffered more than any other in trade through the Boxer troubles in China.

Mr. Hanna probably feels better now, after getting the Nebraska senatorial muddle off his hands.

Russia may find it advisable to start a foreign war in order to put a stop to the internal disorders.

Li Hung Chang's chances of dying in peace are not very bright.

DAILY STORY.

A DANGEROUS MAN

BY
HORACE MELVILLE GRANT.

(Copyrighted, 1901, William R. Miller).

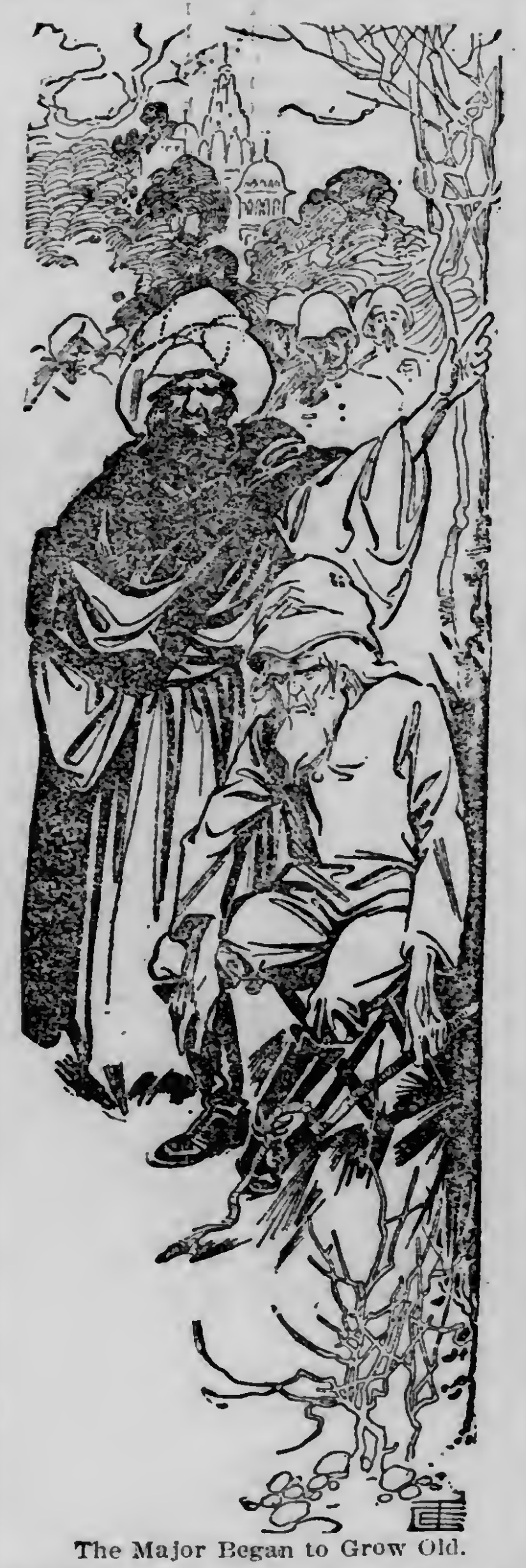
There are two classes of people in India whom the British regard as more dangerous to the general welfare than tigers and serpents, and the eyes of the conquerors are always upon them. I refer to the religious fakirs and the professional jugglers. If another rebellion ever comes it will come through them, as the common people hold the one in great reverence and the other in great awe. The fakir is a sort of evangelist traveling about in concern for the souls of men, but if he had liberty of speech he would dwell on the wrongs of the people instead. They are beggars, charlatans and seditionists, but because of self-inflicted punishment and mysterious predictions they are held as almost sacred beings. The juggler begets awe because what seems an unknown power behind him is in most cases his adriotness of hand. Now and then, however, a Hindoo comes down from the hills or out of the jungles and performs such seeming miracles that even the British authorities are startled by them.

I was at Moorshead when Rajah Gunda, as he called himself, came out of the great jungle to the north and soon stirred the country up as far as Calcutta.

No sooner were the military authorities apprised of the juggler's advent than they sent men to witness and investigate. I beheld the miracles wrought for the benefit of these men and others, and were I to live for a thousand years I could not solve the mysteries to my own satisfaction. The British looked to trap Rajah Gunda as a juggler and expose his tricks to the people and thus break his power, while he claimed to be only the representative of a spiritual power. In the broad light of day, out in the open where all could see, and with no hesitation in his movements, the fellow gave us an exhibition such as never had been heard of before, even in that land of mysteries.

His first performance was to ask a British captain to take a seat on the grass beside him. There were eight of us Europeans present, and at least five hundred natives were onlookers. When the captain was seated the juggler lighted a queer looking pipe and blew half a dozen puffs at him, and of a sudden the man vanished from sight. We walked over the spot where he had sat, but he had disappeared and no ear had heard the sound of his going. A mighty silence fell upon the crowd for three or four minutes. Then Rajah Gunda began chanting in a low voice, and presently the captain came to us out of a field of growing corn. He was as pale as death and trembled all over, and all he could say was that he seemed to fall asleep, and on opening his eyes found himself in the field. In his hand he held an ear of corn that he had plucked as he came along and we had seen him first on his return when he was yet a hundred yards away from us. The juggler wanted to repeat the performance, but none of us accepted his invitation.

A major was selected as the victim of the second performance. He was a man of 35, smooth-shaven and not a wrinkle on his face. He took a seat on the camp stool instead of the grass, and was asked to hold a curiously twisted stick in his hand while the juggler muttered an incantation. Right there before our eyes, and so near that any of us could reach out and touch him, the major began to grow old. Furrows came to his forehead, wrinkles to his face and gray hairs appeared among the brown. Inside of two minutes he was gray-haired, had venerable chin-whiskers, and his shoulders were bowed like a man of 70. Aye, some of his teeth were missing, his hands were thin and wrinkled, and when we spoke to him he lifted his hand to his ear as if deaf. The man sat there for us to gaze at for fully five minutes and the juggler then took the stick from his stiff fingers, waved it over his head a few times, and we saw youth renewed. I tell you the major was a frightened man. He hadn't lost consciousness for a second, and he fully realized what was going on. All the money in India wouldn't have tempted him to try it again, and for a few minutes we had to work hard to convince him that he had been rejuvenated.



The Major Began to Grow Old.

The third performance was also the last. The juggler first asked that he be tied hand and foot; and as there were plenty of ropes we lashed him up until he could only move his eyes. When we had finished our work he raised his eyes to the sky, uttered a dozen words or more, and the ropes fell at his feet. We picked them up and found them intact, though every knot had been untied. There was a stout box beside him belonging to a native farmer who had paused on his way home. The contents were emptied out and the juggler got in. The lid of the box was then not only nailed down but lashed with the ropes, and we had scarcely completed our work when the juggler appeared before us, coming from a distant grove. We then put handcuffs and shackles on him and wound him around with chains, but he talked them off as he had the ropes alone. He asked us to carry what might be called the experiment still further, and when it was agreed he called out for two men to dig a grave. In the light soil their labors were soon completed. The grave was over four feet deep, and when the man had laid down in it the dirt was filled back and trampled down. The natives were yet dancing on the fresh mound when the supposed tenant came out of the cornfield and rejoined us.

These performances were more than enough for the commission. In this case they did not make an arrest nor use threats. They simply resorted to bribery. I knew for a fact that the government offered that juggler about £50,000 to go back to his jungle and agree to make no more exhibits, and that he accepted the terms. He seemed to prove to all that he could not be kept in a grave, to say nothing of a jail, and to have arrested him and been discomfited would have meant a loss of prestige. It was cheaper and better all around to buy him up and send him back to obscurity, and that was what was done, and he is still, perhaps, alive today.

HERBERT SPENCER FAILING

America Still Buys Works of English Scientists.

London, March 29.—The health of Herbert Spenser remains very poor. In a pathetic letter he says he cannot work, can write only a few lines, and reads little. His days are spent on a lounge near a window looking out on the sea at Brighton.

His income is drawn mainly from the sale of his books in America, his copyrights there having yielded him $4730 in the last six months.

The works of four leading scientific writers in England in the last quarter of a century now have a steady sale in America, whereas the demand for them has fallen off here. The Appletons have paid within six months royalties amounting nearly to $10,000 to Herbert Spencer and the heirs and executors of Darwin, Huxley and Tyndall. The sales of Spencer's and Darwin's books lead those of Huxley and Tyndall.

NEW MINISTER OF WAR.

The Hague, March 29.—Lieut. Gen. Kool has been appointed minister of war in succession to Lieut. Gen. Eland, whose resignation was announced March 16, in consequence of an antagonistic vote in the chamber.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
TONIGHT:
Col. W. A. Thompson will present
COLLAMARINI
and the Boston Lyric Co. in
Mignon
SATURDAY MATINEE ......"Wang"
Saturday Night "The Fencing Master"

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Ave. West.
EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
"Great Vaudeville Bill."
All the Latest Hits.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
April 1st and 2nd.
The Great Lenten Attraction.
The universal and uncontradicted success! Wm. A. Brady has the honor to announce the Famous Pastoral Drama by Lottie Blair Parker,
"WAY DOWN EAST"
Elaborated by Joseph R. Grismer, exactly as presented at the New York City Academy of Music and Manhattan Theater 427 times. A play founded on Truth and Nature. Endorsed by the Clergy, recommended by Educators. A drama for everybody, to be presented here in its Perfect Entirety. Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Carriages may be ordered for 10:45.

Star Lecture Course,
First M. E. Church, Duluth.
Col. L. F. COPELAND,
—SUBJECT—
"Seeing the Elephant,"
Monday Ev'g, April 1.
One of the Greatest Orators.
Tickets 50 Cts.
Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

500 spools Sewing Silk in short spools—all colors, 2 spools for only— 1c

STACK & CO.

100 boxes of Note Paper, 25 envelopes and 25 sheets of paper in a box, for 6c

More and Bigger Bargains

For Saturday are to be found here than in all the stores in town put together.
The following are samples which are unmatchable.

Priestley's Novelties
In fine Black Dress Goods, sold by the high-priced stores at $1.75 a yard, on sale tomorrow—per yd....... 89c
All-wool Cheviots.
42-inch all-wool Cheviots, spring weight, worth 65c per yard—at.... 43c
All-Wool Henriettas.
40-inch all-wool Henriettas, worth 75c a yard, at.... 48c
Wool Novelties.
Wool novelties, worth 39c per yard—tomorrow at.... 25c
Shepherd Suitings.
15 pieces Shepherd Check School Suitings, worth 12½c a yard, at.... 5c
Silesia.
5 pieces Gray and Black Silesia, worth 10c per yard, at.... 7c
Ladies' Pants and Vests.
40 dozen fleece-lined Ladies' Pants and Vests, worth 25c a garment, at.... 17c
Ladies' Hose.
36 dozen Ladies Maco Cotton Hose, worth 19c a pair, at.... 12½c
Boys' Stockings.
60 doz Boys' double-knee heavy Cotton Stockings, worth 25c a pair—at.... 15c
Misses' Hose.
Misses' double Knee Fast-Black Hose—per pair.... 10c
Corsets.
Corsets, Short Hip, heavy coutille, well-boned, in Pink, Blue, Gray and Black, worth 69c a pair at.... 48c
Underskirts.
6 dozen Undershirts, in Black and colors, worth $1.48, $1.25 and 98c each—choice at.... 75c
Men's Dress Shirts.
Men's colored Dress Shirts, with collars and cuffs to match, at.... 48c
Calico.
2000 yards best Indigo Blue Calico, standard cloth, desirable patterns, worth 6½c—per yard.... 3½c
Dress Ginghams.
Dress Ginghams, short length, Toile du Nord and Amoskeg, in fancy checks and striped, worth 12½c, at.... 5c
Brown Sheeting.
Brown Sheeting, 1 yard wide, best standard L. L. brand, worth 7c a yd.... 5c
Apron Ginghams.
Apron Ginghas, Lancaster and Amoskeag brand, assorted checks, worth 7c—per yard.... 5c
Huck Towels.
Huck Towels, size 18x36, heavy and durable, plain or with colored borders, the 15c kind, for.... 10c
Table Damask.
Bleached Table Damask, full 60 inches wide, handsome patterns, worth 35c a yard.... 22c
Table Cloths.
Fringed Table Cloth, White with colored borders, full size, good value at 75c.... 59c
India Linons.
India Linon, fine and sheer, equal to any 15c quality, at—per yard.... 8c
Bleached Sheets.
Bleached Sheets, size 63x90, hemmed and ironed, made of good quality muslin, worth 45c each.... 35c
Brown Sheets.
Brown Sheets, size 72x90, of good quality sheeting, worth 50c each.... 39c
Cushion Pillows.
Cushion Pillows, filled with silk floss, size 18x18, good value at 35c.... 25c
Coat and Hat Racks.
Coat and Hat Racks—6 hooks—at.... 5c
Pie Pans.
Tin Pie Pans, worth 3c—at.... 1c
Cuspidors.
Painted Cuspidors, 10c ones—at.... 5c
Tooth Picks.
Toothpicks, double pointed, 1000 in package, for.... 2½c

Nickel-plated Shears, 6, 7, 8 and 9-inch, choice at.... 10 cents.
8-4 Turkey Red Table Covers, at.... 49 cents.
39c and 50c Fancy Ribbon—per yard.... 25 cents.
100 pieces, No. 5 silk Taffeta, in all shades—per yard.... 5 cents.
Baby Ribbon, 1000 yards, at 2 yards for.... 1 cent.
Boys' all-wool Knee Pants, per pair.... 25 cents.
2-quart Nickel-plated Coffee Pots, at.... 29 cents.
Meat Saws, worth 50c at.. 19 cents.
Scales, worth $2.50 each, at 69 cents.
Ladies' Pink and Blue Mercerized Undervests, worth 50c, at.... 39 cents.
1000 rolls, good cotton batting, per roll.... 5 cents.
Cotton Shirt waists worth 75c, at.... 39 cents.
Black Lawn Shirt Waists, worth $1.25, at.... 69 cents.
Black Silk Shirt Waists, worth $4.00, at.... $2.98.
Brush Braid Shirt Binding, a yard.... 2½ cents.
Black Sewing Silk, 100-yd spools, at.... 2 cents.
Dress Shields, a big value—per pair.... 5 cents.
Fancy Belts, with Chenille Tassels and Spikes, worth 75c each—at.... 50 cents.
Leather Shopping Bags, worth $1.25, at.... 75 cents.
100 packages of 5c Envelopes, at.... 2½ cents.
Toilet Soap, at—per cake 1c, 3c and 5c worth duouble.
Ladies' Kid Gloves, worth $1.48 a pair, at.... $1.00.
Men's Red and Blue Half Hose—per pair.... 10 cents.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hose Supporters—per pair.... 5 cents.

Clothes Pins.
Clothespins, hardwood, 60 for.... 5c
Razor Strops.
Razor Strops, worth 25c—at.... 10c
Wash Boards.
Washboards, heavy zinc, worth 25c—at.... 12½c
Water Pails.
14-quart Water Pails, worth 25c—at.... 12½c
Coffee Pots.
4-quart Coffee Pots—each.... 10c
Dish Pans.
12-quart Dish Pans—each.... 10c
Tumblers.
Table Tumblers, fluted or banded—per dozen.... 25c
Stand Lamps.
Glass Stand Lamps, complete for.... 25c
Wine Glasses.
Wine Glasses—per dozen.... 35c
China Cuspidors.
Decorated China Cuspidors, worth 65c—at.... 43c
Dinner Plates.
White Porcelain Dinner Plates, worth 10c each—at.... 5c
Dusters.
Turkey Feather Duster, 23-inch, worth 29c—at.... 15c
Sauce Pans.
Granite Sauce Pans, 2-quart size, worth 29c—at.... 18c
Wash Boilers.
Galvanized Bottom Wash Boilers, No. 9 size, at.... 59c
Washing Machines.
The Western Washing Machine—worth $3.75, at.... $2.95
House Brooms.
House brooms, good corn, 3-sewed, worth 25c, for tomorrow.... 15c
Oyster Bowls.
Blue Oyster Bowls, worth $2.00 per dozen, each—at.... 8c
Lace Curtains.
Nottingham Curtains, full size, new patterns, good value at 98c.... 75c
Lace Curtains.
Ecru Curtains, full 60-in wide, 3½ yds long, over-lock edge, cheap at $2.50.... $1.75
Ruffled Curtains.
Fine Net Ruffled Curtains, the regular $5 value, for this sale—per pair.... $2.50
Bed Spreads.
Full size; hemmed and ready for use, Marseilles or Crochet patterns, worth $1.25.... 98c
Zephyr Ginghams.
Fine Ginghams, full 32-inch wide—in fancy stripes and checks, new patterns, worth 20c a yard.... 10c
Bed Pillows.
Feather Pillows, guaranteed all feathers, weight 6 lbs to the pair, covered with finest quality, satin ticking, worth $2.00 per pair.... $1.48
Dress Percales.
Best Dress Percales, full width—in the new Blue and Dark Red colors, worth 12c a yard; special for this sale.... 7½c
Curtain Swisses.
Curtain Swisses, in figures and dots, full 32 inches wide, worth 15c a yard, at.... 10c
Table Oil Cloths.
Table Oil Cloth, assorted colors, best quality, the regular 20c kind—per yard.... 12½c
Brown Sheeting.
Brown Sheeting, best quality, 2 yds wide, worth 18c—per yd.... 14c
Outing Flannel.
Outing Flannels, 50 pieces fine soft finish Outing Flannels, worth 10c a yard.... 7½c

We do repairing quickly.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH

THE FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Open Every Saturday Night.

Beautiful Footwear.

The new fashions in footwear for men and women, this spring, are decidedly handsome without being extreme, giving a neatness and attractive appearance to the foot. The shapes make the foot look really smaller, and the finish is exceedingly fine. Our lines in the new Spring Footwear are not cumbered with any old stock. Everything is new here, and the best shoemakers of the world are represented in our display. We promise you a showing we know is superior in the completeness of variety and the excellence of selections.

For Women—For Men—

$2 $3 $3.50

At this price you will find that we are giving a quality that will cost you from 50c to $1 more per pair in any other store. Your own comparison will quickly indorse this claim. Patent Leather, Fine Vici Kid, Enameled Leather and the Soft Calf-Skin, fashtoned in the most charming shapes, with the newest effects in toes, heels and soles, every detail of the trimming most carefully looked after, so that you are sure of durability with beauty and a positive saving of money. The same facts apply to our new Spring Footwear for Misses, Boys and Children.

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100 pairs Ladies' small size Rubbers, special for tomorrow at only 14c

50 pairs Men's first quality Rubbers, small or extra large sizes at 39c

Child's or Misses' 40c Rubbers for	24c
Women's 50c Storm Rubbers for	35c
Men's 75c Rubbers for	50c

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Lands and Bonds Make the Osages a Wealthy Tribe.

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Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

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THE BASE ORE

Meeting of Bessemer Ore Producers Is Still Delayed.

Cleveland, March 29.—The Iron Trade Review says: The much-delayed meeting of Bessemer ore producers on the old ranges is still delayed. The absence of representatives of leading Cleveland interests this week indicates the carying of the matter over to the early part of April. The lack of any definite details as to the purposes and mode of opeartion of the United States Steel corporation is reflected in the ore situation. So much uncertainty as exists relative to the immediate future status of the constituent companies and the policies of the new officers is naturally felt throughout all lines that depend on the Bessemer steel trade. There is still some divergence of view as to the price that should be established for the base ore, in view of the change that has taken place in the Bessemer iron market in all departments. The estimates that now seem closest to what is likely to be fixed are $4.25 and $4.50.

There has been same business in non-Bessemer ores. A portion of the latter coming from the Menominee range was sold two years ago for a term of years. But apart from this transaction there have been offerings recently, $2.90 being named for certain foundry ores from the Crystal Falls district. The lake feright situation is in no more definite shape than the ore market. There has been talk of 80 and 85 cents on season business from the head of the lake, but shippers believe the abundance of tonnage finished at the shipyards this year will give rather lower rates than the above. In the past week the Lake Erie dock companies and the officers of the 'Longshoremen's union have agreed upon an ore shoveling rate of 13 cents a ton, as against 14 cents last year. The ore unloading charge has been fixed at 20 cents, as against 22 cents last year.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure CATARRH. The specific is Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly Assorbed. Gives Relief at once.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH ROSE-COLD HAY-FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE COLD IN HEAD ELY BRO'S. NEW YORK

COLD IN HEAD

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Regular size, 50 cents; Family size, $1.00, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street. New York.

PROPOSED BY CABLE

English Lord Wanted to Marry Mrs. George Pullman.

Fell In Love With Her Without Her Knowledge.

She Was Angry and Would Not Answer Cablegram.

Chicago, March 29.—Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the millionaire magnate of car-building fame, is the latest American woman whose hand has been sought in marriage by an English lord, and thereby hangs a most interesting and unusual tale.

A year ago Mrs. Pullman decided to go abroad for the winter in the company of her mother, Mrs. Sanger. So the Mediterranean trip was made by the two women. At Cairo an English gentleman of highest rank saw Mrs. Pullman for the first time. He became a most serious and devoted admirer, although owing to her deep mourning and her retirement he never succeeded in being presented. On leaving Egypt Mrs. Pullman journeyed through Europe. All this while the enamored nobleman had kept the object of his admiration well in mind and sight.

Mrs. Pullman, be it said, knew nothing of her admirer until she received a cablegram of 150 words several days ago. This cable message was transmitted first of all to Washington in the care of a United States senator, who forwarded it at once to its destination, which was the Pullman residence, at Prairie avenue and Eighteenth street. With this came an order for $25 to prepay an immediate answer.

The cablegram was a proposal for the hand of the handsome and wealthy widow. It set forth an admiration of long duration, and likewise the various castles, estates, honors and rank to which the sender was heir. Only one thing was missing in the message, and that was the actual name of the suitor. This, he said, could be instantly learned by cable from his London solicitors if Mrs. Pullman should telegraph her readiness to consider his proposal seriously. He would not only disclose his identity at once, but would embark by the next ocean greyhound to prosecute his suit in person.

Far from being acceptable to Mrs. Pullman, this proposal so irritated her that she would return neither a yea nor a nay to the expectant lord.

"A piece of unwarrantable impertinence," said she.

Thus for the third time this winter this interesting and much-sought-after woman firmly declares that she will live and die the widow of George M. Pullman. She has twice this season been reported engaged to two artists whom she favored with her patronage, the handsome Gerard Barry and the quiet, well-dressed Franklin Knott, of Kansas City.

A YOUNG RASCAL.

Criminal Ever Since He Was a Baby.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 29.—The long criminal record of 11-year-old Eddie Stephenson, of No. 22 Lena street, came to an end Tuesday, when it was dragged into police court with him.

Aged 4, he whipped his older brother for "telling on him," and it required seven stitches to close the wound he inflicted on the brother's head with a club.

At 5 he stole his brother's new shirt, shoes and plug tobacco. About this time neighbors began to miss things. The thefts continued until Eddie's folks moved away.

At 6 Eddie saw the inside of a police court, and not as an honored guest. He was captain of the "Pigeon Gang," being placed in command because he could steal more and better pigeons in a given time than any ten other members of his age.

At 7 he was in charge of the "brigade of car brass thieves," and frequently held conversation with the police judges.

Eddie was 8 when he transferred his affections to the crowd whose specialty was removing telegraph and trolley wires in violation of the eight-hour law and against the wishes of the owners of the wire.

On his 9th birthday he walked into a candy store on Wilson avenue, and, brushing some imaginary dust out of his eyes, coughed vigorously, and asked the woman in charge for a drink of water. He got it, and after he had gone the good Samaritan found the till had been tapped until it was as empty as a political promise.

Nineteen other tills were tapped in Wilson, Lexington and Dunham avenues before Eddie reached his joyous 10th birthday, which he celebrated by becoming a highwayman.

His specialty was small boys, and although Eddie was only tall enough to reach the knee mark on the Bertillon measuring machine at central police station, he worked alone. Invariably he chose boys larger than himself, laid them out with a club and robbed them of the money which they were taking to the stores to buy groceries.

The bandit business was too slow a money-maker. Eddie was 11 when he turned burglar. His kit was found in the house, No. 623½ Wilson avenue, and a half wagon load of goods was missing. They were never found. Then the B. M. Hallock company's plumbing shop was entered, and Eddie was caught, but released. He went immediately to No. 675 Wilson avenue, and entering a building owned by J. T. Appleton, stole a tin boiler and quilt. Patrolman Chaffin caught the boy practically in the act. Police Judge Kennedy found Eddie guilty of petit larceny and sentenced him to Lancaster.

LINDBERGH-LAND.

Little Falls Attorney Is Married at Detroit.

Little Falls, Minn., March 29.—C. A. Lindbergh, of the legal firm of Lindbergh & Blanchard of this city, and Miss Evangeline Lodge Land, daughter of Dr. C. H. Land, of Detroit, Mich., were married at the home of the bride's parents in that city at 7:30, Wednesday evening. They will take an extended trip to California and Southwestern points.

The New Store HENDREN & TALLANT CO The New Store

Appreciative People Thronged The New Store Today, feasting their eyes upon the meritous, seasonable spring fabrics so much in evidence here. The opening continues tomorrow and is indeed worthy of your time and presence. For those to whom the "newness and goodness" of merchandise may not appeal and for those who will appeciate both, the appended values are offered. Always remember you are not required to purchase when visiting The New Store. This is the one place you may come and not feel obligated for so doing.

Collars and Cuffs.
Big bargain in all sizes and styles men's collars and cuffs—slightly soiled—Saturday, cuffs 6c per pair; collars each only 3c

Ladies' Hosiery.
Ladies' black "French Split Foot" hosiery—plain or ribbed top—Saturday only 25c

Fancy Ribbons.
Thirty-five pieces fancy striped and brocaded ribbons—3 and 3½ inch wide—Sat'rd'y 15c

Plaid Ribbons.
No. 12 heavy plaid hair ribbons, very fine quality, these will go Saturday for 15c

Ladies' Gloves.
New line of colors in our regular 79c kid gloves, Saturday's price only 59c

Handkerchiefs.
Special lot of Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs, on sale Saturday 10c

Summer Silk.
White Habutai Wash Silk—36 inch 65c, 27 inch 50c, 24 inch Saturday for 45c

Regal Percale.
27 inch book fold Percales, bargains at 8c, the price on Saturday, a yard 5c

Windsor Ties.
New line of plaid and striped grenadine and light colored Silk Ties, Saturday 25c and 15c

Wool Waist Cloths.
So popular for Spring Wear.

Albatross—That soft, dressy, washable material, colors o'rose, gray, light green, lavender, pink and canary, best quality, a yard 59c

Batiste—Not much heavier than a cotton fabric, but it meets fashion's decree, colors tan, pink and blue, a yard 65c

Wool Crepe Cloth—Is as serviceable as it is stylish, 40 inches wide, in red, cream and gray, a yard 69c

Silk Warp Henrietta is coming into enviable favor. 'Tis no wonder that such a quality should be appreciated thus. In the best shades, tan, gray, turquoise, old rose, red and navy, a yard $1.58

Silk Attractiveness.
Never lose sight of the fact, no matter what the inducements may be elsewhere, that The New Store is never undersold. Our silks are new and have that attractiveness so much desired by good dressers. For Saturday selling:

Plain Taffeta Silk—A regular 60c quality in the following colors—grays, browns, tans, green, light blue, pink, purple, white, lavender, red, turquoise, royal and navy—at 48c

For the Silk Waist—A very desirable line of fancy silks in the Persian designs and fancy stripes. The latest fancy waist silks at $1.00

Black Peau de Soie—Are you contemplating purchasing a black silk dress this spring? If so, you cannot afford to overlook this popular and sensible silk. This number is especially good weight, lustrous and satisfactory, a yard 98c

Guaranteed Black Taffeta Silk—Guarantee woven in selvege every ⅝ yard. If it cracks or breaks we replace it. The most satisfactory Taffeta Silk on the market—a yard 98c

Silk Petticoats.
A line so handsome and bewitching that the most unobserving will be interested in seeing. Not a new shade or a new style but what we are prepared to show you. They will be found at a lower price than the quality would indicate.

For $3.50—a Taffeta Skirt—with flounce and 6-inch ruffle, all colors and black. When at the opening, see it—only $3.50

For $4.50—a Taffeta Skirt—with 15-inch flounce, trimmed with 7-inch tucked ruffle, newest shades and black, excellent quality, at $4.50

For $6.50—Black Taffeta Skirt—of excellent quality, flounce receives fine effect from three rows piping. Will please you, for $6.50

More than beautiful—is the least we can say for our $22.50 skirt—is made with a three-ruffled flounce, the edges of which are trimmed with double ruffled pinked edge, silk lace and insertion enter largely into the trimmings. Lovers of "serviceable beauty" should see this skirt— $22.50

Closing Men's Shoes.
For several weeks we have been cutting the price of our Men's Shoes to cost and below to close. Our limited space forbids us carrying them longer (Women's Shoes shall hereafter receive our undivided attention). At these prices they have moved rapidly, but there still remains a good assortment and they must go at once. Saturday we begin another cutting of prices—they will move at these prices and move quickly—if you can use another pair, this is an exceptional opportunity. Secure a pair at below cost, this is now your privilege.

Glass Toweling.
17-inch Glass Toweling—blue, black, red and pink checks, special low price for Saturday, per yard—only 6c

Nursing Bottle.
"Our Darling" Nursing Bottle, complete—regular price 25c, Saturday at only 14c

Water Bottles.
Diamond White Rubber Hot Water Bottles—2-quart size—Saturday you buy them at 49c

Men's Handkfs.
Men's Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, special quality—Saturday you get them for the low price of 9c

Towel Bargain.
Huck Towels—18x32 inches, red border or plain, Saturday at the low price 10c

Umbrellas.
Child's School Umbrellas, 26-inch, very serviceable, Saturday for only, each 49c

Men's Gloves.
Men's Kid Gloves—good line of colors, a $1.00 quality, Saturday we will sell these for, the low price, per pair 75c

Guyot Suspenders
The Guyot Suspenders are well known and unequaled for wear, Satuday they will sell at the very low price of, per pair 50c

Men's Shirts.
Colored Summer Shirts, stripes, regular 75c shirt, Saturday you can buy them at the low price of 48c

Crockery and Housefurnishing Dept. Basem'nt

100-piece English Dinner sets, enameled decorations, rich underglazed, these sets are worth $15 and which we will sell special for Saturday at Only $9.00

Large size Ewer and Basins, this is not the small size, worth 98c. Special price for Saturday only at 65c

Lamp like cut, complete with burner and chimney, for Saturday only 15c

Bracket lamps, complete with burner, chimney and reflector—all ready to put up, Saturday only, complete 19c

WATER SETS.
Jug, six glasses and nickel tray, plain with heavy fluted bottom—worth $1.00. Special price for Saturday at only 59c

Specials in Our Housefurnishings for Saturday.

Round Wooden Chopping Bowls, only each	7c
Pareing Knife, worth 10c, special each	4c
Bread Knife, large size, only each	7c
Laundry Soap, the best, only each	2c
Folding Leather Lunch Boxes, only each	25c
Wire Coat Frames or Hanger, only each	3c
The Surprise Wire Egg Beaters, only each	1c
Full size Hammers with hardwood handles, each	6c
Heavy Tin Dippers, like cut. Special for Saturday only at	5c

DEFECTIVE PAGE

We do re-pairing quickly.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH

THE FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Open Every Saturday Night.

Beautiful Footwear.

The new fashions in footwear for men and women, this spring, are decidedly handsome without being extreme, giving a neatness and attractive appearance to the foot. The shapes make the foot look really smaller, and the finish is exceedingly fine. Our lines in the new Spring Footwear are not cumbered with any old stock. Everything is new here, and the best shoemakers of the world are represented in our display. We promise you a showing we know is superior in the completeness of variety and the excellence of selections.

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THE BASE ORE

Meeting of Bessemer Ore Producers Is Still Delayed.

Cleveland, March 29.—The Iron Trade Review says: The much-delayed meeting of Bessemer ore producers on the old ranges is still delayed. The absence of representatives of leading Cleveland interests this week indicates the carying of the matter over to the early part of April. The lack of any definite details as to the purposes and mode of opeartion of the United States Steel corporation is reflected in the ore situation. So much uncertainty as exists relative to the immediate future status of the constituent companies and the policies of the new officers is naturally felt throughout all lines that depend on the Bessemer steel trade. There is still some divergence of view as to the price that should be established for the base ore, in view of the change that has taken place in the Bessemer iron market in all departments. The estimates that now seem closest to what is likely to be fixed are $4.25 and $4.50.

There has been same business in non-Bessemer ores. A portion of the latter coming from the Menominee range was sold two years ago for a term of years. But apart from this transaction there have been offerings recently, $2.90 being named for certain foundry ores from the Crystal Falls district. The lake feright situation is in no more definite shape than the ore market. There has been talk of 80 and 85 cents on season business from the head of the lake, but shippers believe the abundance of tonnage finished at the shipyards this year will give rather lower rates than the above. In the past week the Lake Erie dock companies and the officers of the 'Longshoremen's union have agreed upon an ore shoveling rate of 13 cents a ton, as against 14 cents last year. The ore unloading charge has been fixed at 20 cents, as against 22 cents last year.

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure **CATARRH.** The specific is

Ely's Cream Balm

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH COLD IN HEAD ROSE-COLD HAY-FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY BRO'S. NEW YORK

COLD IN HEAD

It is quickly Assorbed. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Regular size, 50 cents; Family size, $1.00, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York.

PROPOSED BY CABLE

English Lord Wanted to Marry Mrs. George Pullman.

Fell In Love With Her Without Her Knowledge.

She Was Angry and Would Not Answer Cablegram.

Chicago, March 29.—Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the millionaire magnate of car-building fame, is the latest American woman whose hand has been sought in marriage by an English lord, and thereby hangs a most interesting and unusual tale.

A year ago Mrs. Pullman decided to go abroad for the winter in the company of her mother, Mrs. Sanger. So the Mediterranean trip was made by the two women. At Cairo an English gentleman of highest rank saw Mrs. Pullman for the first time. He became a most serious and devoted admirer, although owing to her deep mourning and her retirement he never succeeded in being presented. On leaving Egypt Mrs. Pullman journeyed through Europe. All this while the enamored nobleman had kept the object of his admiration well in mind and sight.

Mrs. Pullman, be it said, knew nothing of her admirer until she received a cablegram of 150 words several days ago. This cable message was transmitted first of all to Washington in the care of a United States senator, who forwarded it at once to its destination, which was the Pullman residence, at Prairie avenue and Eighteenth street. With this came an order for $25 to prepay an immediate answer.

The cablegram was a proposal for the hand of the handsome and wealthy widow. It set forth an admiration of long duration, and likewise the various castles, estates, honors and rank to which the sender was heir. Only one thing was missing in the message, and that was the actual name of the suitor. This, he said, could be instantly learned by cable from his London solicitors if Mrs. Pullman should telegraph her readiness to consider his proposal seriously. He would not only disclose his identity at once, but would embark by the next ocean greyhound to prosecute his suit in person.

Far from being acceptable to Mrs. Pullman, this proposal so irritated her that she would return neither a yea nor a nay to the expectant lord.

"A piece of unwarrantable impertinence," said she.

Thus for the third time this winter this interesting and much-sought-after woman firmly declares that she will live and die the widow of George M. Pullman. She has twice this season been reported engaged to two artists whom she favored with her patronage, the handsome Gerard Barry and the quiet, well-dressed Franklin Knott, of Kansas City.

A YOUNG RASCAL.

Criminal Ever Since He Was a Baby.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 29.—The long criminal record of 11-year-old Eddie Stephenson, of No. 22 Lena street, came to an end Tuesday, when it was dragged into police court with him.

Aged 4, he whipped his older brother for "telling on him," and it required seven stitches to close the wound he inflicted on the brother's head with a club.

At 5 he stole his brother's new shirt, shoes and plug tobacco. About this time neighbors began to miss things. The thefts continued until Eddie's folks moved away.

At 6 Eddie saw the inside of a police court, and not as an honored guest. He was captain of the "Pigeon Gang," being placed in command because he could steal more and better pigeons in a given time than any ten other members of his age.

At 7 he was in charge of the "brigade of car brass thieves," and frequently held conversation with the police judges.

Eddie was 8 when he transferred his affections to the crowd whose specialty was removing telegraph and trolley wires in violation of the eight-hour law and against the wishes of the owners of the wire.

On his 9th birthday he walked into a candy store on Wilson avenue, and, brushing some imaginary dust out of his eyes, coughed vigorously, and asked the woman in charge for a drink of water. He got it, and after he had gone the good Samaritan found the till had been tapped until it was as empty as a political promise.

Nineteen other tills were tapped in Wilson, Lexington and Dunham avenues before Eddie reached his joyous 10th birthday, which he celebrated by becoming a highwayman.

His specialty was small boys, and although Eddie was only tall enough to reach the knee mark on the Bertillon measuring machine at central police station, he worked alone. Invariably he chose boys larger than himself, laid them out with a club and robbed them of the money which they were taking to the stores to buy groceries.

The bandit business was too slow a money-maker. Eddie was 11 when he turned burglar. His kit was found in the house, No. 623½ Wilson avenue, and a half wagon load of goods was missing. They were never found. Then the B. M. Hallock company's plumbing shop was entered, and Eddie was caught, but released. He went immediately to No. 675 Wilson avenue, and entering a building owned by J. T. Appleton, stole a tin boiler and quilt. Patrolman Chaflin caught the boy practically in the act. Police Judge Kennedy found Eddie guilty of petit larceny and sentenced him to Lancaster.

LINDBERGH-LAND.

Little Falls Attorney Is Married at Detroit.

Little Falls, Minn., March 29.—C. A. Lindbergh, of the legal firm of Lindbergh & Blanchard of this city, and Miss Evangeline Lodge Land, daughter of Dr. C. H. Land, of Detroit, Mich., were married at the home of the bride's parents in that city at 7:30, Wednesday evening. They will take an extended trip to California and Southwestern points.

The New Store HENDREN & TALLANT CO The New Store

Appreciative People Thronged The New Store Today, feasting their eyes upon the meritous, seasonable spring fabrics so much in evidence here. The opening continues tomorrow and is indeed worthy of your time and presence. For those to whom the "newness and goodness" of merchandise may not appeal and for those who will appeciate both, the appended values are offered. Always remember you are not required to purchase when visiting The New Store. This is the one place you may come and not feel obligated for so doing.

Collars and Cuffs.
Big bargain in all sizes and styles men's collars and cuffs—slightly soiled—Saturday, cuffs 6c per pair; collars each only 3c

Ladies' Hosiery.
Ladies' black "French Split Foot" hosiery—plain or ribbed top—Saturday only 25c

Fancy Ribbons.
Thirty-five pieces fancy striped and brocaded ribbons—3 and 3½ inch wide—Sat'rd'y 15c

Plaid Ribbons.
No. 12 heavy plaid hair ribbons, very fine quality, these will go Saturday for 15c

Ladies' Gloves.
New line of colors in our regular 79c kid gloves, Saturday's price only 59c

Handkerchiefs.
Special lot of Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs, on sale Saturday 10c

Summer Silk.
White Habutai Wash Silk—36 inch 65c, 27 inch 50c, 24 inch Saturday for 45c

Regal Percale.
27 inch book fold Percales, bargains at 8c, the price on Saturday, a yard 5c

Windsor Ties.
New line of plaid and striped grenadine and light colored Silk Ties, Saturday 25c and 15c

Wool Waist Cloths.
So popular for Spring Wear.
Albatross—That soft, dressy, washable material, colors o'rose, gray, light green, lavender, pink and canary, best quality, a yard 59c
Batiste—Not much heavier than a cotton fabric, but it meets fashion's decree, colors tan, pink and blue, a yard 65c
Wool Crepe Cloth—Is as serviceable as it is stylish, 40 inches wide, in red, cream and gray, a yard 69c
Silk Warp Henrietta is coming into enviable favor. 'Tis no wonder that such a quality should be appreciated thus. In the best shades, tan, gray, turquoise, old rose, red and navy, a yard $1.58

Silk Attractiveness.
Never lose sight of the fact, no matter what the inducements may be elsewhere, that The New Store is never undersold. Our silks are new and have that attractiveness so much desired by good dressers. For Saturday selling:
Plain Taffeta Silk—A regular 60c quality in the following colors—grays, browns, tans, green, light blue, pink, purple, white, lavender, red, turquoise, royal and navy—at 48c
For the Silk Waist—A very desirable line of fancy silks in the Persian designs and fancy stripes. The latest fancy waist silks at $1.00
Black Peau de Soie—Are you contemplating purchasing a black silk dress this spring? If so, you cannot afford to overlook this popular and sensible silk. This number is especially good weight, lustrous and satisfactory, a yard 98c
Guaranteed Black Taffeta Silk—Guarantee woven in selvege every ⅝ yard. If it cracks or breaks we replace it. The most satisfactory Taffeta Silk on the market—a yard 98c

Silk Petticoats.
A line so handsome and bewitching that the most unobserving will be interested in seeing. Not a new shade or a new style but what we are prepared to show you. They will be found at a lower price than the quality would indicate.
For $3.50—a Taffeta Skirt—with flounce and 6-inch ruffle, all colors and black. When at the opening, see it—only $3.50
For $4.50—a Taffeta Skirt—with 15-inch flounce, trimmed with 7-inch tucked ruffle, newest shades and black, excellent quality, at $4.50
For $6.50—Black Taffeta Skirt—of excellent quality, flounce receives fine effect from three rows piping. Will please you, for $6.50
More than beautiful—is the least we can say for our $22.50 skirt—is made with a three-ruffled flounce, the edges of which are trimmed with double ruffled pinked edge, silk lace and insertion enter largely into the trimmings. Lovers of "serviceable beauty" should see this skirt— $22.50

Closing Men's Shoes.
For several weeks we have been cutting the price of our Men's Shoes to cost and below to close. Our limited space forbids us carrying them longer (Women's Shoes shall hereafter receive our undivided attention). At these prices they have moved rapidly, but there still remains a good assortment and they must go at once. Saturday we begin another cutting of prices—they will move at these prices and move quickly—if you can use another pair, this is an exceptional opportunity. Secure a pair at below cost, this is now your privilege.

Glass Toweling.
17-inch Glass Toweling—blue, black, red and pink checks, special low price for Saturday, per yard—only 6c

Nursing Bottle.
"Our Darling" Nursing Bottle, complete—regular price 25c, Saturday at only 14c

Water Bottles.
Diamond White Rubber Hot Water Bottles—2-quart size—Saturday you buy them at 49c

Men's Handkfs.
Men's Silk Initial Handkerchiefs, special quality—Saturday you get them for the low price of 9c

Towel Bargain.
Huck Towels—18x32 inches, red border or plain, Saturday at the low price 10c

Umbrellas.
Child's School Umbrellas, 26-inch, very serviceable, Saturday for only, each 49c

Men's Gloves.
Men's Kid Gloves—good line of colors, a $1.00 quality, Saturday we will sell these for, the low price, per pair 75c

Guyot Suspenders
The Guyot Suspenders are well known and unequaled for wear, Satuday they will sell at the very low price of, per pair 50c

Men's Shirts.
Colored Summer Shirts, stripes, regular 75c shirt, Saturday you can buy them at the low price of 48c

Crockery and Housefurnishing Dept. Basem'nt

100-piece English Dinner sets, enameled decorations, rich underglazed, these sets are worth $15 and which we will sell special for Saturday at **Only $9.00**

Lamp like cut, complete with burner and chimney, for Saturday only 15c

Bracket lamps, complete with burner, chimney and reflector—all ready to put up, Saturday only, complete 19c

Large size Ewer and Basins, this is not the small size, worth 98c. Special price for Saturday only at **65c**

WATER SETS.
Jug, six glasses and nickel tray, plain with heavy fluted bottom—worth $1.00. Special price for Saturday at only **59c**

Specials in Our Housefurnishings for Saturday.
Round Wooden Chopping Bowls, only each 7c
Pareing Knife, worth 10c, special each 4c
Bread Knife, large size, only each 7c
Laundry Soap, the best, only each 2c
Folding Leather Lunch Boxes, only each 25c
Wire Coat Frames or Hanger, only each 3c
The Surprise Wire Egg Beaters, only each 1c
Full size Hammers with hardwood handles, each 6c
Heavy Tin Dippers, like cut. Special for Saturday only at 5c

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

AT WEST DULUTH

Wilfred and William Malone were arrested this morning on a warrant sworn out by Joseph Bellemuer, of Waseca street, West Duluth, charging the former with maliciously breaking some front windows to the complainant's house, and the latter with throwing snowballs and otherwise acting in a disorderly manner. The brothers entered pleas of not guilty in Judge Stone's court, and their trial was set for this afternoon. Yesterday afternoon the complainant was fined in Justice of Peace Stone's court for slapping Wilfred Malone.

Frank Schultz, a West Duluthian, was arrested this morning on a warrant sworn out by Otto Spitz, charging the defendant with stealing his dog. The hearing is set for tomorrow morning at the West Duluth justice of peace court.

Several of the rental agents have been complaining of late at the frequency with which windows in empty houses in their charge are being broken by boys throwing snowballs. The authorities are making a determined effort to apprehend the offenders, and they will be made an example of for the benefit of those who will persist in violating the city ordinances.

MIGHTY MEAN JOKE.

Patrick Haley was this morning mentioning a little joke that was perpetrated on Charles Hartman recently, and which the latter has forgotten to speak about. Mr. Hartman has a pair of high rubber boots that he keeps at the office to wear in the deep snow, and when the recent storm came he started to change his shoes for the boots. Mr. Haley, when the opportunnity occurred, slipped a handful of snow into each boot. Mr. Hartman wore them around for a time, and went back to the office complaining that he had delayed too long in putting on his boots, that he got his feet wet before he exchanged the shoes for the boots.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Joseph Method, of Saginaw, Mich., arrived in West Duluth yesterday to stay through the coming sawing season. Mr. Method has been visiting a sister at Essex, Mich., for a few weeks.

Fred Gooderman and Joe Crotto arrived yesterday afternoon from Split Rock, where they have been employed in the logging business this winter.

The funeral of Duncan Forbes, who died early yesterday morning, will be held tomorrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the late residence of the decedent, 128 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Anna Smith, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Smith, of 213 Sixty-second avenue west, died yesterday of typhoid fever. The funeral will occur at the St. James church, at 9 o'clock, tomorrow morning. Burial will be made at the Oneota cemetery.

Mrs. E. V. Dodge, of Milwaukee, Wis., arrived yesterday for a visit with her sister, Mrs. W. C. Gray, of Central avenue and Bristol street. Mr. Dodge came for a visit several days ago.

Mrs. McCarthy, of Two Harbors, is a guest of the family of Frank Wade.

H. Vangorder, of Cloquet, arrived this morning for a short visit with relatives here before starting for Seattle, Wash., where he expects to make his future home.

Charles Field arrived in the city today for a short visit with relatives and friends before proceeding to North Dakota.

Word has been received in West Duluth that Harry Buffum, who left several days ago for Minneapolis to accept a position with a drug company, is laid up with an eye trouble that is so bad that he is unable to see to write. Mr. Buffum is undergoing treatment for his eyes.

W. B. Hartley left today for Carlton, where he will institute a camp of Modern Woodmen this evening.

Mrs. W. R. McKag and Mrs. W. J. Nelson and family left last night for a visit at Port Elgin, Ont.

P. A. Mitchell, superintendent of the Transfer Railway company, is moving his office from the Silvey block to the Manhattan building, in Duluth.

William Brotherton is sick with the grip.

William McDonald is back from Split Rock.

WEST DULUTH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Excellent ice at the West Duluth Covered Rink Tonight.

Brown Mallough & Son

Cash Grocers,
West Duluth.

Our motto: Small profits and quick returns "CASH IS KING."

FOR SATURDAY ONLY.

LENOX SOAP— 9 bars for	25c
GOLD DUST— One large package for	17c
CORN, PEAS, STRING BEANS and TOMATOES—1 can of each (4 cans) for	25c
BAKING POWDER—1-lb cans—regular price 25c—this sale only	15c
NEW-LAID EGGS— 2 dozen for	25c
SEEDED RAISINS— 3 packages for	25c
EVAPORATED BARTLETT PEARS—3 lbs fancy stock	25c
EVAPORATED PEACHES— 3 lbs fancy White Muir for	25c
BRIGHT EVAPORATED APRICOTS—3 lbs for only	25c
BEST-OF-ALL FLOUR— per 98-lb sack (this sale only)	$1.97
BEST-OF-ALL FLOUR— per 49-lb sack (this sale only)	99c

Best-of-All Flour won medals at the World's fair, 1893, and at Omaha exposition, 1898.

NIAGARA GLOSS STARCH 3-lb package (limited)	10c
No. 1 PICNIC HAMS— this sale, per lb only	8½c

Brown Mallough & Son

Central MeatMarket

C. B. OLSON, PROP.

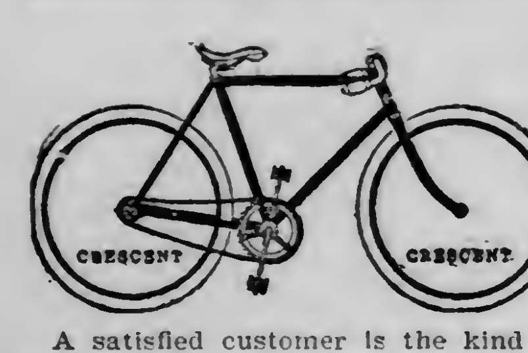
Cash Bargains for Saturday and Monday:

Mutton Roast, per lb	7c
Pork Butts, per lb	9c
Pork Roast, per lb	9c
Pork Steak, per lb	10c
Pork Chops, per lb	11c
Chopped Beef	10c
Round Steak, per lb	12c
Shoulder Steak, per lb	9c
Porterhouse, per lb	14c
Pot Roast, per lb	8c
30 lbs Boiling Beef	$1.00
3 lbs Spare Ribs	25c
5 lbs Mutton Stew	25c
3 lbs Bologna and Liver Sausage	25c
3 lbs Pork Sausage	25c

We have strictly fresh Butter and Eggs. Also a full line of Smoked Meats at reasonable prices.

C. B. OLSON

503 Fifty-eighth Avenue West and Wadena Street.



A satisfied customer is the kind we like, and we satisfy every purchaser of a Crescent Bicycle. They are the "wheels that satisfy." Strictly up-to-date, Dunlop detachable tires and latest equipment throughout. You take no chances when you buy a Crescent. We shall open our Duluth store next week.

Crescent Bicycles, $25.00, and $35.00.

Supply House Bicycles $13.75

WIELAND & WADE,

Hardware and Bicycles.

317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

THE MARKET.

Little New Stuff Coming In===Prices Are Steady.

Though things are rather quiet on Michigan street just now, there is little doubt that with the passing of Lent, which is near at hand, business will liven up, and there will be something more going on than there is now. Prices are holding generally level just now, and not very much new stuff is coming in; that is, not much summer produce that has not been on the market before. Receipts of produce are good, and so is the demand, but an air of quietness pervades the market. After Lent the new vegetables will be the feature of the market.

Butter is easier, creamery prices coming off a little this week. The best grade in prints is selling at 22 instead of 23 cents, and storage creamery in tubs is 18 and 19 cents instead of 19 and 20 cents.

Eggs have been coming off a point or so every week for a long time, and this week is no exception. Fresh eggs are now selling at 12 cents to 12½ cents, instead of 12½ cents to 13 cents. Storage eggs are no longer on the market, the "strictly fresh" article being the only one purchasable.

Prices of fruits and vegetables are holding steady, the only change this week being an increase in the price of carrots, which jumped from 50 to 60 cents up to 70 to 75 cents.

Most of the meats are firmer. Lamb has increased from 8½ cents flat to 8½ to 9 cents, hogs have gone up a quarter of a cent, and pork loins have increased from 10 cents to 10½ cents.

Feed and shorts are each up 50 cents.

FIRE AT PATERSON.

New York, March 29.—Fire at Paterson, N. J., today destroyed the interior of the building owned and occupied by the Guardian newspaper, and caused a loss of $75,000. Two firemen were injured.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

BALDWIN BLUSHED

As Senator Halvorson Threw Him a Few Bouquets.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate today undid all that it had done yesterday with regard to the primary election bill, and the net result of two days of parliamentary backing and filling is that the bill is in the same shape as it came from the house and has not advanced an iota towards final consideration. The special order on the bill was continued, on motion of Senator Daugherty, until 11 o'clock Tuesday morning. He advanced as a reason for this that many of the senators would be absent until then on a visit to the state institutions at Faribault.

When the bill came up today, the pending motion was to refer the first section to a special committee of three to be redrafted to include state officers as well as those comprised in the bill as it came from the house.

Senator Young moved that the vote by which the committee was instructed to include state officers be reconsidered. Senator J. D. Jones made the point that the senator from Swift had not voted with the prevailing party, whereupon Senator Underleak who had, renewed the motion to reconsider. This brought out considerable discussion upon the merits of the bill. Senators Young and J. D. Jones made speeches in opposition to the bill, claiming that its ultimate result would be the disruption of all political parties. Senator Schellbach also opposed it, maintaining that it would entirely change the form of representative government.

Senator Somerville opposed the bill and incidentally administered a scathing criticism of the "great family journals" of the Twin Cities for "attempting to dictate to the senate what it should do." He maintained that they favored the bill simply because it would result in bringing more money into their coffers.

Senator Miller wanted the matter discussed fully. He wanted to know why state officers should or should not be included in the bill.

Senator Halvorson gave as his reason for excluding state officers that the other house would not accept the bill with that amendment.

This brought out a protest from a number of senators against such an argument and against house dictation to the senate.

Senator Halvorson denied that his house colleague, Jacobson, had attempted to dictate to him or to influence his opinion. Incidentally he threw a few bouquets to the senator from St. Louis.

"I belong to no faction in this body," he said, "and have been dictated to by no one. I have consulted with my friend the senator on my left (Baldwin) upon legal questions the effect of which I myself did not know. I have consulted with him not because he is a Democrat, but because he is a man in the fullness of his manhood—keen, intellectual, clean. I wish that the senate was entirely composed of such men as my colleague from St. Louis county."

There was great applause at this, and loud cries of "Baldwin, Baldwin," but the senator from Duluth modestly kept his seat.

Finally after an endeavor to obtain a roll call upon the motion to reconsider had been overruled by the lieutenant governor, a division was called for and the motion to reconsider was adopted—22 to 23.

Senator Johnson then, by unanimous consent, withdrew his motion to refer the first section to a special committee, and so all the discussion and voting of the last two days had gone for naught.

Senator Roverud sent up a motion to refer the entire bill to a special committee of five, to be redrafted so as to apply only to city and county officers, but the lieutenant governor ruled it out of order, and the special order was then continued, as stated above.

Among the bills introduced was one by Senator Stockwell, proposing an amendment to the constitution, authorizing the legislature to collect sufficient revenue for all state and local purposes, in accordance with the Australian land value taxation system. Mr. Stockwell gave notice that he would later move to have the subject matter referred to the tax commission for consideration. The measure is similar to one recently adopted in Colorado.

Senator Coler introduced a bill regulatign fraternal and beneficiary societies; Senator Knatvold, one increasing the term of the superintendent of public instruction to four years, fixing his salary at $2500, with $500 contingent fund, and allowing him a clerk at $1200; Senator Snyder, a bill allowing the establishment of art commissions in cities of over 50,000, and Senator Underleak, one providing for the exchange of manufactured goods between state institutions.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. If you suffer from indigestion, heartburn, belching or any other stomach trouble, this preparation can't help but do you good. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. Max Wirth.

LOOK!

Look over this repair list.

The City Gun Store repair list takes in everything.

We are prepared to repair everything with the best equipped machinery and Skilled workmen.

In the Gun and Bicycle Department.

Bicycles, no matter how badly broken; Guns, Revolvers, Carpet Sweepers, Typewriters, Cash Registers, Clothes Wringers, Lawn Mowers; Umbrellas recovered and repaired; Compasses charged and repaired; Keys made to order and Locks repaired; Safes opened, repaired and combinations changed. Repair all kinds of complicated machinery.

Crawford Bicycles on easy payments, $25, $35 and $50.

Our Grinding Department

Is equipped with the latest grinding machinery—grind all kinds of edge tools, Razors, Shears, Knives, Clippers, Lawn Mowers, Skates, Surgical Instruments, Razors honed, cutting, grinding and polishing Agates.

The best line of Cutlery, my own brand Razors, for sale, warranted.

Musical Instrument Dept.

We repair the most difficult instruments, no matter what is broken—Guitars, Violins, Mandolins, Banjoes, if broken all in pieces, will make them equal to new. Tuning and repairing Accordeons, Organs, Reginas, Music Boxes, Band Instruments; refilling Violin Bows. Material and Trimmings always in stock.

Model and Electric Work.

Make to order models for inventors, and assist in getting patent.

Watch and Jewelry Dept.

Watches and Clocks most skillfully repaired; Jewelry neatly repaired and made to order. Agates, Thompsonites, Green Stones cut, polished and mounted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Largest line of Agate Goods in the country. Indian Goods and Curiosities, bought and sold.

R. C. KRUSCHKE,

402 West Sup. St. Don't make a mistake; see that the Gold Revolver is above the door.

THE MARKET BASKET

WHAT IT COSTS TO FILL IT.

Advertisements of none but dealers in pure, wholesome and reliable food products will be admitted under this heading.

GASSER'S GROCERY.

ALWAYS RELIABLE.

23 lbs granulated sugar with cash purchase of $5 $1.00

100-lb sack Granulated Sugar	$5.65
Arbuckles' Coffee, per package	12½c
XXXX Coffee, per package	12½c
Santa Claus Soap, 9 bars	25c
Lenox Soap, 9 bars	25c
3-lb can Grated Pineapple	12c
100-lb Sack First Patent Flour	$2.00

We are agents for Chase & Sanborn's Celebrated Coffees for this city on Superior street, and we crave an opportunity to please those who are dissatisfied with their Coffee.

OUR MEAT DEPT.

In the way of poultry we will offer some fine dressed Young Turkeys and Chickens. In the way of Beef Roasts and Steaks we will offer you some choice cuts from young and well seasoned stock. In this connection we will say that we age all our best beef for a long period and deliver to the consumer in the pink of condition.

209-211 West Sup. St.

Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887.

Cash Grocers.
Zenith 'Phone, 282,
Duluth 'Phone 282.
401 and 403 East Fourth St

Saturday and Monday We Offer

Viking Pride Flour, 98-lb sk	$1.85
Our celebrated Viking Print Creamery, per lb	23c
"Viking" Soap, 9 bars for	25c
Viking Coffee, per pkg	12½c
Viking Catsup, 20c bottle, fo.	10c
Fresh Eggs, per doz	12c
Wisconsin Cheese, per lb	10c
Viking Maple Sap Syrup, gallon	$1.05

Nothing better in any brand or in any market.

S. L. Lard, per lbs	9c
California Hams, per lb	8c
Best Skinned Hams, per lb	11c
Dew Drop Peas, 2 cans	25c
Our own J. & M. Coffee, 3-lb cans	85c
Our own J. & M. Coffee, 1-lb can	35c
Gallon Blackberries, per can	45c
Gallon Black Raspberries, per can	45c
Gallon Rheubarb, per can	25c
Gallon Apples, per can	21c
Gallon String Beans, per can	35c
Gallon Blueberries, per can	45c
Gallon Pears, per can	32c
Gallon Plums, per can	32c
Gallon Corn, per can	35c
Gallon Gooseberries, per can	45c
Gallon Red Raspberries, per can	50c

We are Headquarters for Canned Goods.

Our assortments and varieties are unsurpassed and our prices the lowest. Mail orders given prompt attention.

Gronseth & Olsen.

The RICHELIEU GROCERY.

SUTTON & McCABE, Proprietors,

No. 5 West Superior Street.

The Reliable Trading Centre for Good Goods at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Eggs	Fresh—and all guaranteed—2 doz	25c
Hams	Sugar cured, fresh from packing house—per lb	12c
Butter	Fancy Dairy—per lb	18c
Honey	Pure Buckwheat—per lb	12c
Soap	Fine Laundry—10 bars	25c
Kirkolene	Same as Gold Dust, large package	15c
Coffee	3-lb can Mocha and Java, for	85c
Tea	Saturday only—Our regular 60c Gunpowder and English Breakfast for—per lb	45c
Corn	While it lasts, 4 cans for	25c
Tomatoes	Fancy Goods, 4 cans	25c
Rolled Oats	Richelieu Brand, Nothing better, per pkg	10c
Pancake Flour	Our Richelieu Brand beats them all, Per package	10c
Salad Dressing	If you have not tried our Richelieu Brand, include a bottle in your next order. Once tried, always used, per bottle	25c & 50c
Potatoes	Early Rose, fancy stock, per bushel	50c
Gold Dust	Large package, Saturday only	17c
Flour	Our White House Brand is a trade winner—49-lb sack	$1.10
Rutabagas	Fresh and sweet, per peck, only	12½c

As usual, our line of Fresh Garden Vegetables will be full and complete at prices that will please you.

SUTTON & McCABE

5 West Superior Street.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Saturday Specials:

Interesting to housekeepers who study economy in their purchases.

HONEY! HONEY! HONEY!

Large shipment at a special snap—per lb— **11c** per lb—by case— **10c.**

Fresh laid Eggs, direct from farmers, large fancy stock—2 dozen—

25 cents

Our private stock Table Butter beats them all—per lb—

23 cents

NEW SPRING VEGETBLES IN ABUNDANCE!

Tomatoes, per lb	15c
Long Radish, 3 bunches	10c
Home grown Lettuce, 3 heads	10c
Egg Plant	10c
3 Bunches Green Onions	10c
Cauliflower, each	10c and 15c
Beets, Carrots and Turnips, bunch	5c
Head Lettuce, each	5c
Fancy Hubbard Squash, each	10c
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 7 lbs	25c

Strawberries direct from Florida.

Finnan Haddies, the ideal breakfast dish—per lb—

8 cents

We are Headquarters for the best Table Fruits.

Bananas, 2 dozen	25c
Sweet Juicy Navel Oranges, dozen.	25c
Sweet Juicy Navel Oranges, extra large, per dozen	35c
Seedling Oranges, per dozen	10c
Best Lemons, per dozen	15c
Northern Spy, King and Baldwin Apples.	
Pineapples, each	25c

Our Java and Mocha Coffee, rich and fragrant in the cup, gives universal satisfaction—3-lb can—

85 cents

Canned Vegetables that always bring repeat orders.

Sweet Corn
Early June Peas
Solid Packed Tomatoes
3 cans for 25c

Sundries.

3 lbs Bulk Starch	10c
3 lbs Split Peas	10c
3 lbs Barley	10c
Lemon and Vanilla, 2-oz bottle	5c
New Century Dates, per packet	5c
Bulk Cocoanut, per lb	15c
1-lb Packet Tea Dust	20c
Good Sweet Japan Tea, 3 lbs	$1.00

RATHBUN'S.

17 East Superior Street.

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY,
LOWELL BLOCK, First Ave. E. and Superior St.

--Our-- Saturday Specialties!

Butter	Choice Dairy, per lb, only	20c
Butter	Fancy Bulk Creamery per lb	22c
Eggs	Absolutely fresh, per dozen	12½c
Oranges	Fancy Navels, per dozen	25c
Lemons	Large fancy, per dozen	20c
Bananas	Large fancy, per dozen	15c
Apples	Fancy Baldwins, for the table, per peck	45c

We have bargains to offer in canned fruits and vegetables

Sweet Corn	Good, per can	5c
Sweet Corn	Good, 4 cans for	25c
Peas	Fancy Early June, per can	10c
Tomatoes	Best quality, 3 cans for	25c
Apples	Gallon, per can	20c
Peaches,	Fine Dried Peaches, 3 lbs for	25c
Apricots	Fancy Dried, per lb	10c
Apples	Fine Dried Apples 3 lbs for	25c
Prunes	Fine California Prunes, 7 lbs for	25c
Rice	Our 12½c, now 3 lbs for	25c
Jellies	5 lb, each only	15c
Bologna	Good, per lb	5c
Summer Sausage	Fancy, per lb	12½c
Laundry Soap	Best, 9 bars for	25c

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY,
Bell Telephone 555. Zenith 555.

PAYING COMMISSIONS.

Roads Break the Agreement on Ticket Sales.

Chicago, March 29.—A resumption of the payment of commissions on ticket sales is a possibility threatening Western roads, according to today's Evening Post. Railroad officials are excited over reports that certain roads are now paying commissions to a firm engaged in running "summer excursions."

Roads which have refused to give this firm commissions for routing their business over their lines have been refused business by the excursion people, it is claimed, and the traffic is given exclusively to roads which were paying commissions prior to the agreement abolishing such payments. This is taken as strong evidence that the latter roads are violating the agreement. Convincing proofs of violations, it is said, is likely to lead to the practical abrogation of commissions to ticket agents as before.

Swift's Premium Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

Every one selected with nicest care, and are of the highest possible grade of appetizing quality. No home complete without them at Easter. For sale by the following leading grocers and butchers:

M. M. GASSER.
R. J. TOBEN.
COX BROTHERS.
H. FOLZ.
T. R. HANCOCK CO.
N. H. WITT.
DREWETT BROTHERS.
MORK BROTHERS.
GEORGE S. MUNSEY.
FELIX HERZOG.
MILNER & EBERT.
GEO. HESSINGER.
J. GROCHOWSKI.
W. V. PORTER.
F. ZEIPEN.
C. B. OLSON.
A. LARSON.
F. GOTTWALD.
H. SCHRECK.
W. LANGSLOW.
J. SCHMAUS.
H. KRANTZ.
GRONSETH & OLSON.
ANDERSON GROCERY CO.
SUTTON & McCABE.
MEDEN & MORTON.
R. H. RATHBUN.
TEMPLE GROCERY.
MOIR & WALKER.
BRAND BROTHERS.
BRAND & DONALD.
F. W. ERICKSON.
E. DORMEDY.
O. T. STRAND.
TILSON GROCERY CO.
T. WILTON.
KNOWLTON & LITTLE.
PARSONS & FAUCETT.
T. TIDBALL.

Ask your grocer

196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT — DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. DULUTH, MINN.

for a sack of Duluth Universal Whole Wheat and Graham Flour.

You'll find them the best you ever used.

Duluth Universal Mill Co.

506 Board of Trade—Both Phones. An Independent Mill.

Masonic Temple Grocery.

Both 'Phones 199. **D. O'LEARY & Co., Props.** 203-205 E. Sup. St.

THE RIGHT PRICED STORE.

West End and West Duluth Delivery on Mondays, Wednesdays. Lakeside Delivery on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Special attention given to 'phone orders. Extra pains with shipping orders.

EVERY DAY PRICES.

Fancy Potatoes, per bushel	45c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, 2 dozen	25c
8 dozen	$1.00

These eggs are all fresh—no storage eggs mixed in.

49 lb sack guaranteed Flour	$1.00
3 lbs good Tea	$1.00
4 cans Corn	25c
10 lbs Rolled Oats	25c
Seedless Raisins, per lb	10c
3 lbs Fancy Evaporated Pears	25c
3 lbs Fancy Evaporated Peaches	25c
3 lbs Fancy Evaporated Black berries	25c
3 lb cans Pears, Plums or Peaches	10c
2-lb cans Sliced Peaches	15c

BUTTER.

Exira Fancy Dairy, per lb	17c
Bulk Creamery, per lb	22c

Oranges, Saturday only, 2 doz	25c
Per box	$1.75

This is a real snap.

Everything Imaginable in Fruits and Vegetables

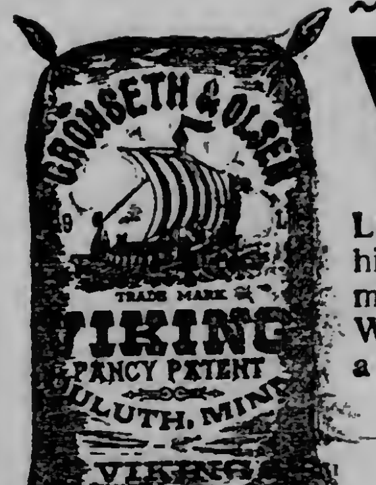
Bananas FANCY BRIGHT STOCK **per doz 15c**

Bananas per bunch	$1.00
Strawberries, per box	18c
Pine Apples,	
Pie Plant	3 lbs for 25c

A full line of Fresh Vegetables, consisting of Fresh Tomatoes, Celery, Radishes, Onions ***—2 bunches for 5c*** Cucumbers, 10c each. Lettuce, Cauliflower, Beets, Turnips, Spinach, Mint, Carrots, Oyster Plant, Egg Plant, Asparagus, etc.

10 lbs. Sweet Potatoes for 25c.

If you want a cup of delicious Coffee buy our 3-pound can for **85c**



VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates—per lb	25c
Assorted Buttercups—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor, made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large Assortment of Easter Boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per dozen	10c
Almont & Cocoanut Macaroone, doz.	10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

J. G. OSTBY,

32 East Fourth Street.

How Are These Prices?

100-lb sack Sugar	$5.60
49-lb sack fancy Patent Flour	$1.00
Best Ginger Snaps, per lb	6c
A, B, C Soda Crackers, per lb	7c
Best Golden Rio Coffee, per lb	15c
Lion Coffee, 2 lbs for	25c
Big Cans Fish Balls, per can	25c
15c Pealed Peaches, per can	10c
Elgin Corn, per dozen	65c
White Russian Soap, 9 bars	25c
Good Jap Tea, 3½ lbs for	$1.00
Lenox Soap, 9 bars for	25c
Strictly fresh Eggs, per dozen	11c

If you want some real good Dairy Butter, we have it. We get our butter and Eggs shipped in direct.

A 25c. Toilet Soap for 10c.
Transparent because of its purity.
Made of vegetable oil and glycerin.
Perfumed with roses.
Kirk's latest and finest soap.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] **Soap**

Money cannot buy better materials. No skill can make a soap less harmful or more delicate.

Not a soap in the world has a penny more of value.

CREATOR OF THE TRUST

The Industrial Situation Discussed By Former Governor Horace Boies of Iowa and the Needed Remedy Suggested.

"I am monarch of all I survey,
My right there is none to dispute;
From the center all around to the sea
I am lord of the fowl and the brute."

With little variation in terms, the Morgans and Rockefellers of today can describe their relation to much of the industrial world.

With them competition in their lines in these United States is dead, and in the outer world is dying. They are indeed monarchs of all they survey, with no effective force to dispute their right to the control of far-reaching industrial pursuits they have brought under the absolute dictation of one all-absorbing single management of their own.

How has this been accomplished?

For more than a generation the opponents of a protective tariff, as distinguished from a tariff for revenue, fought it upon the single ground of its innate, inherent wrong to individuals.

They said, and said truthfully, it was class legislation of the rankest kind; that it took from toiling millions in all the avenues of manual labor a portion of their just reward, and bestowed it as a donation upon favorites of the law.

But the mind of no man in the beginning was capable of peering into the future and foretelling all that was to result from this law-enforced tribute paid by the masses to a favorite class.

No one realized until recently that one of its legitimate effects would be the elevation of a handful of men to positions which would make them the unrestrained arbiters of great industries in which millions of others must earn their daily bread.

We have learned this now.

Colossal corporations, capitalized by hundreds upon hundreds of millions of dollars, with stocks swollen with water, stride through the land, dictating terms to all competitors, opening their arms to gather them in, if willing to come without force, and to crush them with a giant's grasp if they hesitate to obey.

What, let me ask, does all this mean to the masses of men?

To American manhood and the ordinary common sense of our people let me appeal.

Stop now, and think. Do you not know that it means the elevation of a few rich men to absolute control of many of the great industrial pursuits in which, in some capacity or other, a vast number of American citizens must win the bread they eat?

Do you not know that, clothed with this colossal power, it will be used to multiply to the limit of human greed the wealth of the men in control, at the expense of all who come in any way within the influence they exert?

Do you not know it closes forever to men of moderate means and to every poor American boy, however competent and however energetic, every avenue of business occupied or to be occupied by these gigantic, all-absorbing trusts?

Do you not know it means the division of American society into a limited class of money-made aristocrats on one side and a nation of industrial slaves on the other?

Do you not know it means that here in free America, as in the old world it long has been true, that money is to be master and immortal man its slave?

If you do not know all this, it is because you are the slave of a political prejudice that leads you as the unreasoning brute is led to a slaughter house, in which much of the life-blood of unpensioned American manhood is to be spilled.

If any to whom these words should come belong to that class, put them away. They are not for you.

With those who know the evils that are sure to come from these gigantic combinations of capital, backed by all the ills that human greed and heartless sagacity can entail, but do not know the best means of averting them (and these are found in all political parties), I want to reason.

The undoing of that which has made trusts possible is the one rational and only means of checking, even to a limited extent, their influence for evil in the future. A protective tariff beyond that which is required for public revenue must be destroyed. It is this folly of the years that has made the trust a possibility; and, if we would stay their growth, it must be cut up, root and branch. To reach the octopus already formed more than this must be done. No tariff whatever, for revenue or otherwise, should be levied upon foreign articles competing with American trust-made goods. The makers of these have destroyed competition at home. They should be made to meet the competition of the outside world until they are dissolved and assume their original component part. Then, and not till then, give them the protection a wisely-framed revenue tariff will afford.

I do not underrate the obstacles in the way of the accomplishment of this end. I know that one of the mightiest of all the influences which elect men to office and direct legislation, in state and nation alike, is the financial aid these monster aggregations of capital are ready and anxious to contribute in political campaigns.

Until recently they have been able largely to conceal the real end at which they aim.

It took an object lesson no less startling than the workings of the steel trust and the effort of powerful political leaders to force through congress the ship subsidy bill, to arouse this nation to the danger which confronts it.

When we are forced to realize that a gigantic steel trust, nursed into being by a protective tariff, and defended by its advocates with the specious plea that it was made in the interest of American labor, is selling the products of its furnaces, thousands upon thousands of miles from our shores, for less money than it will sell the same articles to our own artisans at its very doors—thus giving to the foreign manufacturer of finished goods not only the advantage of cheaper labor at his own home, but the additional advantage of cheaper material for the prosecution of his work—we are able to comprehend the manner in which that trust, at least, affects the interest of labor in these United States.

Add to this the spectacle of the unstinted efforts of great political leaders of an overwhelmingly dominant political party to force through congress a ship subsidy bill—that will, if passed, take from the pockets of labor (for labor alone produces money) $9,000,000 every year for thirty years in succession, and bestow it upon a favored class of shipbuilders and shipowners, thereby enabling these to pay a higher price for trust-made articles required for the construction and equipment of ships than the same articles are being sold for, freight paid, by the same trusts in the foreign markets of the world—and we are able to penetrate the veil which has enabled a crafty few to lead a whole host of honest men to believe that a protective tariff is a boon to labor, and labor alone, and that the men who take the tribute it brings deserve the sympathy of mankind for the burden it thrusts upon them.

Possibly it was evidence like this that is required to strip the alluring mask from the real purpose for which a protective tariff was designed. If so, it furnishes one additional proof of the truth of the saying that "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

HORACE BOIES.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

STORY BY FUNSTON

Tells How the Capture of Aguinaldo Was Effected.

It Was the Result of a Well Planned Scheme.

The Party Was Nearly Starved on the Hard Trip.

Manilla, March 29.—Gen. Funston, who on March 23 captured Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo, when interviewed by the representative of the Associated Press, made the following statement concerning the capture of the Filipino leader:

The confidential agent of Aguinaldo arrived Feb. 28 at Pantabangan, in the province of Nueva Ecija, Northern Luzon, with letters dated Jan. 11, 12 and 14. These letters were from Emilio Aguinaldo and directed Baldemer Aguinaldo to take command of provinces of Central Luzon, supplanting Gen. Alejandrino. Emilio Aguinaldo also ordered that 400 men be sent him as soon as possible, saying that the bearer of the letters would guide these men to where Aguinaldo was.

Gen. Funston secured the correspondence of Aguinaldo's agent and laid his plans accordingly. Months previously he had captured the camp of the insurgent general, Lacuna, accidentally obtaining Lacuna's seal, correspondence and a number of official papers. From this seizure a correspondence was instituted ostensibly from Lacuna to Aguinaldo. One of these documents purported to report the status of the war. Another reported to Baldermo Aguinaldo that Lacuna was sending a deputation to Emilio Aguinaldo.

His plans completed and approved, Gen. Funston came to Manilla and organized his expedition, selecting seventy-eight native Macabebes. Twenty wore insurgent uniforms and the others the dress of Filipino laborers. This Macabebe company, armed with fifty Mausers, eighteen Remingtons and ten Krag-Jorgenson's, was commanded by Capt. Russell T. Hazzard, of the Eleventh United States volunteer cavalry. With him was his brother, Lieut. Oliver P. Hazzard, of the same regiment. Capt. Harry W. Newton, Thirty-fourth infantry, was taken because of his familiarity with Laguna de Bay, and Lieut. Burton J. Mitchell, Fortieth infantry, went as Gen. Funston's aide. These were the only Americans accompanying the leader in the expedition. With the Macabebes were four ex-insurgent officers, one being a Spaniard and the other three Tagals, whom Gen. Funston trusted implicitly.

Gen. Funston and the officers wore plain blue shirts and khaki trousers. They carried each a half blanket, but wore no insignia of rank. The Macabebes were carefully instructed to obey the orders of the four ex-insurgent officers. On the night of March 8 the party embarked on the United States gunboat Vicksburg. It was originally intended to take cascoes from the island of Polillo and to drift to the mainland, but a storm arose and three cascoes were lost. This plan was abandoned. At 2 a. m. March 14, the Vicksburg put her lights out and ran in shore twenty-five miles south of Cariguan, province of Principe. The party landed and marched to Cariguan. The Americans had never garrisoned this place and the inhabitants are strong insurgent sympathizers. Having arrived there the ex-insurgent officers, ostensibly commanding the party, announced that they were on the way to join Aguinaldo between Pautohamg and Balo, that they had surprised an American surveying party, that they had killed a number, capturing five. They exhibited Gen. Funston and the other Americans as their prisoners. The insurgent president of Cariguan believed the story. Two of the Lacuna letters, previous concocted, were forwarded to Aguinaldo at Palanan, province of Isabella. Gen. Funston and the others were kept imprisoned for three days, surreptiously giving orders at night.

On the morning of March 17, taking a quantity of cracked corn, the party started on a ninety-mile march to Palanan. The country is rough and uninhabited and provisions could not be procured. The party caught small fish, but almost starved. Wading swift streams, climbing precipitous mountains and penetrating dense jungles, they marched five days and nights and on March 22 had reached a point eight miles from Palanan. They were now so weak that it was necessary to send to Aguinaldo's camp for food. Aguinaldo dispatched supplies and directed that the American prisoners be kindly treated, but not allowed to enter the town. On the morning of March 23 the advance was resumed. The column was met by the staff of Aguinaldo and a detachment of Aguinaldo's bodyguard, which was ordered to take charge of the Americans. While one of the ex-insurgents officers conversed with Aguinaldo's aide, another, a Spaniard, sent a courier to warn Gen. Funston and the rest, who with eleven Macabebes were about an hour behind. Having received this warning, Gen. Funston avoided Aguinaldo's detachment and joined the column avoiding observation. The Tagalos went ahead to greet Aguinaldo, and the column slowly followed, finally arriving at Palanan.

Aguinaldo's household troops, fifty men in new uniforms of blue and white and wearing straw hats, lined up to receive the newcomers. Gen. Funston's men crosed the river in small boats, formed on the bank and marched to the right and then in front of the insurgent grenadiers. The Tagalos flocked into the houses where Aguinaldo was. Suddenly the Spanish officer, noticing that Aguinaldo's aide was watching the Americans suspiciously, exclaimed: "Now, Macabebes, go for them." The Macabebes opened fire but their aim was rather ineffective and only three insurgents were killed. The rebels returned the fire. On hearing the firing, Aguinaldo, who evidently thought his men were merely celebrating the arrival of reinforcements, ran to the window and shouted: "Stop that foolishness; quit wasting ammunition." Hilero Placido, one of the Tagalo officers and a former insurgent major, who was wounded in the lung by the fire of the Kansas regiment at the battle of Caloocan, threw his arms around Aguinaldo, exclaiming: "You are a prisoner of the Americans."

Col. Simeon Villia, Aguinaldo's chief of staff; Maj. Alambra, and others attacked the men who were holding Aguinaldo. Placido shot Villia in the shoulder. Alambra jumped out of the window and attempted to cross the river. It is supposed that he was drowned. Five other insurgent officers fought for a few minutes and then fled, making their escape. When the firing began Gen. Funston assumed command and directed the attack on the house, personally assisting in the capture of Aguinaldo. The insurgent bodyguard fled, leaving twenty rifles. Sandiago Barcelona, the insurgent treasurer, surrendered without resistance.

When captured, Aguinaldo was tremendously excited, but he calmed down under Gen. Funston's assurance that he would be well treated. Gen. Funston secured all of Aguinaldo's correspondence, showing that he had kept in close touch with the sub-chiefs of the insurrection in all parts of the archipelago. It was also discovered that Aguinaldo, Jan. 28, had himself proclaimed dictator. He had been living at Palanan for seven months undisturbed except when a detachment of the Sixteenth infantry visited the town. On that occasion the entire population took to the mountains and remained there until the troops retired.

Aguinaldo admitted that he had come near to being captured before, but he averred he had never been wounded, adding: "I should never have been taken except by strategy. I was completely deceived by Lacuna's forged signature." He feared he might be sent to Guam, and he was quite glad to come to Manilla.

Panalan was guarded by numerous outposts and signal stations. During the fight none of the Macabebes were wounded. The expedition proceeded to Panalan bay, where Gen. Funston found the Vicksburg, which brought him to Manilla. Commander Barry of the Vicksburg rendered Gen. Funston splendid assistance.

Aguinaldo, who talked freely of past events, said he supposed Gen. Trias would proclaim himself dictator, even then not knowing that Trias had surrendered. He behaved quietly and gave no trouble.

Gen. Funston says Aguinaldo is above the average in intelligence and has prepossessing manners.

AN EASY WAY

To Keep Well.

It is easy to keep well if we would only observe each day a few simple rules of health.

The all important thing is to keep the stomach right and to do this it is not necessary to diet or to follow a set rule or bill of fare. Such pampering simply makes a capricious appetite and a feeling that certain favorite articles of food must be avoided.

Prof. Wiechold gives pretty good advice on this subject; he says: "I am 68 years old and have never had a serious illness, and at the same time my life has been largely an indoor one, but I early discovered that the way to keep healthy was to keep a healthy stomach, not by eating bran crackers and dieting of any sort; on the contrary I always eat what my appetite craves, but for the past eight years I have made it a daily practice to take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal and I attribute my robust health for a man of my age to the regular daily use of Stuart's Tablets.

My physician first advised me to use them because he said they were perfectly harmless and were not a secret patent medicine, but contained only the natural digestive peptones and diastase, and after using them a few weeks I have never ceased to thank him for his advice.

I honestly believe the habit of taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals is the real health habit, because their use brings health to the sick and ailing and preserves health to the well and strong."

Men and women past fifty years of age need a safe digestive after meals to insure a perfect digestion and to ward off disease, and the safest, best known and almost widely used is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They are found in every well regulated household from Maine to California and in Great Britain and Australia are rapidly pushing their way into popular favor.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, full sized pkgs. at 50 cents and for a weak stomach a fifty cent package will often do fifty dollars worth of good.

HAS A SISTER IN DULUTH.

Death of a Notorious Character at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Wash., March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Mattie" Jones, a notorious character, who for the past fourteen years has conducted a resort in the tenderloin district of Tacoma, has just died of penumonia. She left a sister said to be engaged in the same business in Duluth.

Puny children with weak constitutions can attain an unusual degree of bodily and mental vigor by taking Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

CATARRH

Catarrh has become such a common disease that a person entirely free from this disgusting complaint is seldom met with. It is customary to speak of Catarrh as nothing more serious than a bad cold, a simple inflammation of the nose and throat. It is, in fact, a complicated and very dangerous disease; if not at first, it very soon becomes so.

The blood is quickly contaminated by the foul secretions, and the poison through the general circulation is carried to all parts of the system.

Salves, washes and sprays are unsatisfactory and disappointing, because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does. It cleanses the blood of the poison and eliminates from the system all catarrhal secretions, and thus cures thoroughly and permanently the worst cases.

Mr. P. H. McAllister, of Harrodsburg, Ky., writes: "Having been a terrible sufferer from Catarrh, and being now sound and well, the question often put to me is, 'What cured you?' In answer I feel it my duty to state that Swift's Specific is the medicine. I am such a true believer in the efficacy of Swift's Specific that I can honestly and conscientiously recommend it to any one suffering from Catarrh. Have recommended it to many, and am happy to say that those whom I have induced to use it can bear me out in the statement that it will cure any case of Catarrh if taken according to directions."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the greatest of all blood medicines and tonics.

If you have Catarrh don't wait until it becomes deep-seated and chronic, but begin at once the use of S. S. S., and send for our book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians about your case.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FOURTEEN FEET DEEP

The Claims Made By Canada For the Ship Canal.

Waterway From Great Lakes to Port of Montreal.

The Coming Season Will Be the First Practical Test.

Ottawa, Ont., March 29.—A. G. Blair, the minister of railways and canals, stakes his reputation and that of his department that Canada now has a 14-foot waterway from the great lakes to the port of Montreal throughout both river and canal stretches and says this was practically tested by the fact that last fall the steamer Arabian passed through drawing thirteen feet six inches. Mr. Wolvin, of the American Shipbuilding company, of Duluth, wired to the minister on March 5 that he could answer absolutely for thirteen feet, having passed one of his vessels of that draught through the channel last autumn. Mr. Blair's emphatic assurance on this point is of importance, as great doubt has been recently thrown on the practicability of the 14-foot channel by statements that have appeared in the Canadian and American press.

The matter came up in the house on a debate on transportation matters. Mr. Blair made an extensive statement dealing with the whole situation and giving reports from officers of his department to show that there is fourteen feet of water on the miter sills of the canals at low water and a safe channel in the river stretches, which, however, will need improving.

"I have reason to believe," said Mr. Blair, "that the people who are engaged in transportation in the United States look upon what we have achieved, and at the present position of our canals, as a matter of grave anxiety and alarm to them. They recognize that we have not all the details perfected, but they do acknowledge that we have made a most thorough and efficient channel throughout the whole St. Lawrence system, and they look upon it as a grave and serious rival of their various transportation routes."

Mr. Blair took up statements made by Capt. Thomas Donnelly, and said that when they appeared the officers of the canals were summoned and asked to report every particular mentioned by him and charged to be accurate to utmost degree. The chief engineer in his report says the allegations made have been proved to be false by the fact that the new system was safely navigated on Dec. 1 last by the steamer Arabian, drawing thirteen feet six inches. Mr. Blair, in commenting on the statement, said that the officers were thoroughly familiar with the effect of wind and currents and they were positive that they could furnish fourteen feet of water at low level.

Mr. Blair made the statement early in the session in reply to a question on these matters that certain navigation companies were doing their utmost to discredit the route. The decision as to the water depth is of the gravest importance to Canada. Hitherto its canal system, in which it has invested over $100,000,000, has not been the success that was expected and much is expected from the deepened and enlarged system in the way of retaining the grain trade of the Canadian west and capturing a share of the American trade. The coming season will be the first practical test of the new waterway. Even if the trade should be little greater than last season, Mr. Blair sees no reason to despair, holding that it simply shows that they are not yet prepared to compete successfully with the Buffalo route. The character of the shipping cannot be changed in a day.

The weak points in the St. Lawrence as a competing route with Buffalo are Port Colborne and Montreal. The government is engaged in building a breakwater at Port Colborne and dredging out the harbor to a depth of twenty-two and one-half feet, so that large grain freighters may come there and discharge their cargo. The works originally planned at this place would cost about $4,000,000, or $5,000,000, but the work now under way will cost only about one-fifth of that sum. The breakwater, which is nearly completed, is 1300 feet long, but when finished will be 4300 longer. Mr. Tarte, minister of public works, thinks that when these works are completed vessels of the largest class can come to this port and carry grain as cheaply there as to Buffalo, which is twenty miles away.

Though Montreal has had a system of harbor improvement under way for several years the accommodation at that port is still very poor. Ony one new high level wharf and basin is completed, but another will be ready by the spring.

CABLE FLASHES.

Count Boni de Castellane sued M. de Rodays, editor of the Paris Figaro last year on account of articles in the Figaro respecting his (count's) financial difficulties at the time the count went to New York. The suit was called in the palace of justice and was struck off the list by request of counsel of both sides.

Several Vienna newspapers assert that Japan has sounded Great Britain and Germany as to whether they would combine against Russia in the event of the annexation of Manchuria.

The British inflicted a repulse March 20 on the commandoes of Gen. Malan and Commandant Scheper on Sundays river. The Boers fled, having lost sixteen killed.

MARQUISE IS DEAD.

Paris, March 29.—The Marquise De Galiffet, nee Lafitte, wife of the former French minister of war, is dead.

Imparts fascination to all womankind; makes the form conform more clearly to the ideal of an artist. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. Ask your druggist.

Two Trains a Day.

On May 5 the Northern Pacific Railway company will inaugurate a double train service between Duluth and Staples, Minn., to make connections with the North Coast limited train from the Twin Cities. While the time card for this service has not been definitely arranged, it is probable that there will be trains into Duluth at about 7 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and departing trains at 8 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening.

SAVE YOUR SKIN

How to Preserve, Purify and Beautify the Skin and Complexion.

To preserve, purify and beautify the skin, and prevent pimples, blotches, blackheads, redness, roughness, yellow, oily, mothy skin, chapping, and many other forms of skin blemishes, no other skin or complexion soap is for a moment to be compared with CUTICURA SOAP, because no other soap reaches the cause, viz., *the clogged, irritated or inflamed* condition of the PORES

SAVE YOUR HAIR

How to Prevent Falling Hair Scalp Humors and Dandruff.

Cleanse the scalp and hair thoroughly with a warm shampoo of CUTICURA SOAP, rinse with warm water, dry carefully, and apply a light dressing of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, gently rubbed into the scalp. This simple, refreshing and inexpensive treatment will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales and dandruff, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, supply the roots with energy and nourishment and make the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome and healthy scalp.

SAVE YOUR HANDS

How to Make the Hands Soft and White in a Single Night.

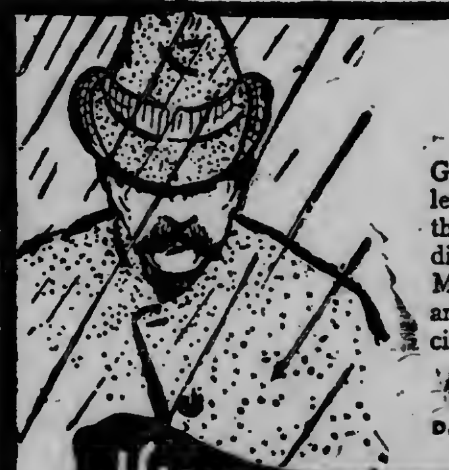
Bathe and soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry thoroughly and anoint freely with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear during the night old, loose kid gloves with the finger ends cut off. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, shapeless nails, with painful finger ends, this *one night treatment* is simply wonderful and a blessing to all afflicted with sore, chapped, rough, or tender hands.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR, $1.25 consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humor, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Omega Oil

My goodness, how a sprain does hurt! And it isn't the pain alone that is to be dreaded, but the loss of time and wages. There is today many a person with a sprained wrist, elbow, hip, back, knee, or ankle who is unable to work, and is losing many a dollar in wages. What a pity it is that these people won't get a bottle of Omega Oil and cure themselves! Why don't they rub their sprains with this green-colored liniment, and get back to their work again? Maybe they'll try Omega Oil some of these days, and then they'll find out for sure that there's one liniment in the world which can be depended upon to cure sprains, bruises, strains, swellings, and all other bodily aches and pains. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Never take a substitute for Omega Oil. If your druggist persistently refuses to give what you ask for, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 162



Wet Thro'

Generally means a bad cold. A cold may lead to pneumonia or consumption. Check the cold and make the cure sure by an immediate dose of HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT. A certain cure for colds, sore throat, and every pain of any name. A whole medicine chest in itself.

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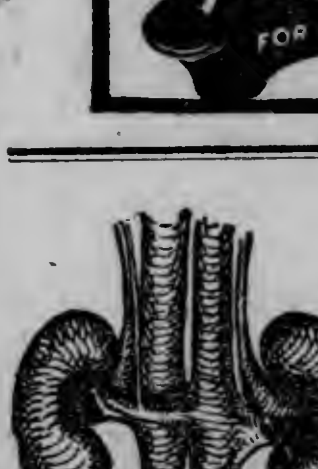

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After you tire of using the so-called kidney remedies without any benefit, use **Lincoln Sexual Pills** and be forever rid of those dull pains in your back. Discard that old fogy idea of "pain in the kidneys" and have all your bladder and urinary troubles cured, and your nights made restful by the use of nature's greatest assistant—**Lincoln Sexual Pills.**

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

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MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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CORN THE FEATURE

Bulge of a Cent Recorded on the Chicago Board.

Northwest Receipts Liberal And the Crop Reports Favorable.

Argentine Shipments Showed Falling off And Cables Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 29.—The wheat market was quiet and somewhat easier at the opening this morning but soon rallied. The Northwest receipts were of liberal size and the reports concerning the winter wheat crop were of a favorable character. The Argentine shipments were 500,000 bus less than the previous week, which helped to sustain prices. The cables were also steady, Liverpool closing unchanged to ⅛d higher. Primary receipts of wheat were 563,000 bus, last year 484,000 bus. Shipments were 318,000 bus, last year 323,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 576,000 bus. The Modern Miller reports that the crop situation has undergone no change except in Texas where there is insect damage in wheat fields. The Illinois report shows some damage from Hessian fly and unfavorable weather. New York reported 30 loads of wheat taken for export today. Bradstreet's report showed exports of wheat and flour for the week amounting to 4,494,630 bus. Exporters bought 160,000 bus of wheat at the seaboard yesterday. Stocks of wheat in Duluth are estimated to increase 500,000 bus this week. Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 378 cars, against 433 last week and 436 last year. Chicago receipts, 63 cars, none of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛c off at 76⅜c, sold up to 76⅝c at 10:55, reacted to 76½c at 11:02 and closed on sales at 76⅝@¾c, an advance of ⅛@¼c. Chicago advanced ¼@⅜c and Minneapolis, ⅛@¼c.

Cash sales were 35,000 bus at 1c under May for wheat to arrive and 2c under for wheat in store.

Corn had a great bulge today, closing in Chicago a full cent higher than yesterday and in Duluth 1¼c. The situation in corn is a very strong one. Phillips, the young bull leader is in a fair way to repeat his former deal. This morning he was a heavy seller in the first hour and he was supposed to have dumped 1,000,000 bus. Later he was buying as heavily. Chicago gossip today said: "Patten's selling of wheat yesterday, which was on a large csale, was for the purpose, according to his opponents in the corn pit, of sympathetically influencing the coarse grain. But if that was his design, it did not succeed. The bull enthusiasm in corn finally even influenced the wheat and closed at the top."

Other gossip said: "The money situation has something to do with the corn market," says a coarse grain man, who usually figures on the selling side. "The Western corn man can keep his grain this year if he wants to. The farmer never had so much money and the Western banks were never so anxious to use their funds as they are this year. If the grower anywhere feels bullish there is no reason why he should market his property. If he has not himself all the money ne needs to hold his stock of grain, he can get all he wants at the neighboring bank. I know that this money situation is likely to prove a factor and the wise speculator will bear it in mind."

Primary receipts of corn were 329,000 bushels, last year 703,000 bus. Shipments were 321,000 bus, last year 616,000 bus. Clearances of corn 467,000 bus. At the seaboard yesterday exporters bought 96,000 bus. Bradstreet's report showed exports of corn this week amounting to 3,582,000 bus against 3,193,000 bus last year.

The Chicago Times-Herald said this morning: "Duluth is evidently in the market to sell the 5,000,000 bus of corn it has in store. It was offering Buffalo yesterday ½c cheaper than Chicago. There were samples of the Duluth grain on the floor yesterday. This Northwestern corn is very dry, kiln dried the Chicago people say. It is No. 3 yellow and 3 white and would not be available on contracts in this market."

Flax was up 2c and rye ¼c. Other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 76⅝c; to arrive, 77⅝c; May, 78⅝-¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 74⅝c; to arrive 75⅝c; May, 76⅝-¾c; July, 77¾c. No. 2 northern, 69-72⅝c. No. 3 spring, 64⅛-68⅝c. Oats, 26-25¾c. Rye, 51¼c. Braley, 35-55c. Flax, cash, $1.61; to arrive, $1.61; May, $1.64; September, $1.15. Corn, 41⅝c; May, 42½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 188; corn, 5; oats, 2; rye, 4; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 92,563 bus; corn, 2152 bus; oats, 2822 bus; rye, 787 bus; flax, 2754 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 6043 bus; barley, 175 bus.

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American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.75⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	75
No. 1 northern, 6 cars	75⅛
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	75½
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	75½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	75
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	75½
N. 2 northern, 2 cars	73¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72¼
N. 3 spring, 1 car	67½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	68½
Rejected, 1 car	66½
Corn, 25,000 bus May	42
Corn, 25,000 bus May	40⅞

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PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
Offices in Duluth, W. Superior, Virginia and Two Harbors.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Corn Held the Board In Speculation.

Chicago, March 29.—Corn continued the leader of speculative markets on board today. The bull leader unloaded about a million bushels of May, but prices receded only slightly and upon cessation of this liquidation showed renewed strength. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 42⅞c to 43c, touched 43¼c, reacted to 42⅞c, and rose to 43⅞c—a new high record for the delivery. Receipts were 211 cars, 13 of contract grade. Cables were firm.

An enormous business was transacted later. Longs reinstated their lines and shorts covered freely. May jumped to 44c and closed 1c over yesterday at 43⅞c.

Wheat was quiet. May opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 75¾@⅞c, on liberal receipts and favorable crop reports, touched 75⅞@76c, declined to 75¾c and then advanced to 76⅜c. Local receipts were 63 cars, none of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 378 cars against 433 last week and 436 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 500,000 bus less than the previous week.

The market rallied later on export sales at the seaboard and in sympathy with corn and closed steady, May ¼@⅜c up at 76¼c.

Oats were strong on the liberal cash sales yesterday. May opened ⅛c higher at 25¼c, touched 25¼@¼c and advanced to 25⅜@½c. Receipts were 211 cars.

Provisions were irregular and rather dull. May pork opened 12½@27½c lower at $15.20@15.35, declined to $14.97½ and rallied to $15.12½. The slump was on liquidation by local operators. There was not trade in lard during the first hour. May ribs opened 5@7½c down at $7.85@7.87½ and sold to $7.90.

Close, wheat, March, 75¼@¼c; April, 75¼c; May, 76¼c. Corn, March, 42⅜c; April, 43c; May, 43⅞c. Oats, March, 25⅜c; May, 25¾c. Pork, March, $15.15; May, $15.30; July, $15.05. Lard, March, $8.20; May, $8.07½@8.10; July, $8.02½; September, $8.05@8.07½. Ribs, March, $8.00; May, $8.09; July, $7.42½; September, $7.90. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.56@1.57; No. 1, $1.55@½; May, $1.55; September, $1.14. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 75@77c; No. 3 red, 71@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½@73¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 71@73c; No. 1 northern spring, 76@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@78c; No. 3 spring, 68@76c. Corn, No. 2, 42⅜c; No. 3, 42c. Oats, No. 2, 26@¼c; No. 3, 25⅞@26c. Barley, cash, 38@58c. Timothy, March, $4.10. Clover, March, $11.00.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76⅜B	74½	76	80¾
High	76⅝-¾	74⅞	76¼	81
Low	76⅜	74⅝	75¾	80⅝
Close	76⅝-¾	74⅞	76¼A	81A
July—				
Open	77⅝B	76⅛	76⅛-¼	81
High	77⅞	76¼	76⅞	81¼
Low	77⅝	76	76⅛	81
Close	77¾	76¼	76⅞	81¼

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	May. Oats	May. Corn.	May. Pork.
Open	25⅛-¼	42⅞@43	$15.22@15.35
High	25¾-⅞	44	15.35
Low	25⅛-¼	42¾	15.00
Close	25¾	43⅞	15.30

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	94,500	....
Philadelphia	53,049	32,000
Baltimore	21,969	32,000
Detroit	409	3,672
Toledo	37,668	3,100
St. Louis	42,000	136,000
Boston	69,844	155,647
Chicago	137,050	69,396
Milwaukee	36,750	14,608
Minneapolis	153,900	25,201
Kansas City	62,400	53,600
Duluth	92,563	6,043

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 29.—Close, wheat quiet, unchanged to ⅛d higher. May, 6s 1d; July, 6s 1d. Corn; steady, unchanged to ½d higher. May, 3s 10⅝d; July, 3s 10¼d.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, March 29.—The corn market continued to be the strong feaure in wheat, the only independent help being the large clearances, together with some slight cash demand here of about 100,000 bushels and forty-eight loads at New York. On the other hand primary receipts were larger than a year ago The Modern Millers was rather bearish. Liverpool cables unchanged ⅛d lower. Market generally dull with not much trade, but the shorts seem to be afraid of the bull developments. At this writing these developments are not in sight

The corn market has continued to soar upwards, the pt being quite excited and a new high price being scored. Continued Western buying, large commission house trade and scared shorts supplied the motive. There was a big trade. Local sales 100,000 bushels, nine loads at New York. It is difficult to say just what this market is liable to do, as the bulls are now betting their profits and adding to their lines on the scale up. This is taking care of what profit taking there is, but it seems natural to look for some limit in the neighborhood of these figures and we would be very careful in buying corn on sensational bulges like the present and should a higher range be scored would accept profits on at least a part of lines.

The oat market has been sympathetically strong with corn, but latterly on its merits, reflecting the strength cash situation. The sales yesterday were 800,000 bushels ando within a week not less than 2,500,000. Local sales were 500,000 bushels today and 160,00 bushels at New York.

Selling of May pork was a fine proposition. Armour became a buyer of July and September ribs, which created a recovery from weakness.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	137
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	119
First Nat. bank, Superior	100	...	95
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			172¾
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	235	150
Leithhead Drug Co	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

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MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 29.—Wheat, cash, 74⅝c; May, 74⅝c; July, 76¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 northern 69@71c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 29.—Wheat, May, 81c; July, 81¼c. Corn, May, 49½c; July, 49⅛c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, May wheat, 74½@⅝c bid.
Puts, May wheat 74½-⅝c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅝c bid.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report market well represented with buyers from all quarters with liberal orders for farm horses, which sold at some improvement in prices over the opening of the week's market. Receipts of horses and mules alike were large; no urgent demand was had on the latter. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@175
Drafters, choice	125@150
Farm mares, extra	115@125
Farm mares, choice	100@115
Farm mares, common to good	55@75
Mules	100@135

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 29.—Cattle receipts, 2000; steady to strong; good to prime steers, $4.95@6.05; poor to medium, $3.75@4.90; stockers and feeders, $4.15; cows and heifers, $2.75@4.60; canners, $2.00@2.60; calves, $4.50@5.75; Texas steers, $3.40@5.00. Hogs receipts todaq, 18,000; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 3650; steady to slow; mixed and butchers, $5.85@6.10; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.15; rough heavy, $5.85@6.95; light, $5.80@6.05; bulk of sales, $5.85@6.05. Sheep receipts, 5000; strong; sheep, $4.50@5.15; lambs, $4.85@5.45. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 10,563; hogs, 20,675; sheep, 19,977. Shipments yesterday—Cattle, 5582; hogs, 5199; sheep, 6368.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	22	
Creamery, storage tubs	18 @	19
Dairies, fancy	15 @	16
Dairy, fair	13 @	14
Packing stock	11 @	12
EGGS.		
Fresh	12 @	12½
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	12½@	13
Twins, full cream	12½@	12
Full cream, Young America	14	
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup., per gal	1 10	
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50	
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS		
Apples, eating	4 50	@ 5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@ 4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50	@ 1 75
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 25	@ 1 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@ 3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @	7½
California navel oranges	2 50	@ 2 75
Cranberries, per bbl	8 50	@ 9 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50	@ 8 00
VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10	
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	43 @	45
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75	@ 3 00
Radishes, per doz	65 @	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@ 2 00
Wax beans	5 25	@ 5 50
Celery, California	85	@ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
Lettuce, per bus	1 25	@ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 75	@ 1 85
Carrots	70 @	75
Oyster plant, per doz	50 @	65
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Mint, per doz	30 @	50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@ 4 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@ 3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Chickens	11 @	12
Turkeys	10 @	10½
Ducks	10 @	11
Geese	10 @	11
MEATS.		
Mutton	7½	
Lamb	8½@	9
Veal, good	9	
Veal, fancy	9½	
Beef, dressed	5 @	6½
Hogs	8	
Pork loins	10½	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	17 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	16 50	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	42	
Oats, car lots, sacked	31	
Hay, upland	14 00	
Hay, timothy	16 00	
Feed, No. 1	17 00	
Feed, No. 2	17 50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 29.—Butter, quiet; creamery, 15@21c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese fairly active, 11@13c. Eggs, 12¼@½c. Dressed poltry, dull; turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 29.—Butter, receipts, 3013 packages. Market firm. Fresh creamery, 15@22c; factory, 11@14½c. Cheese, receipts, 1077 packages. Firm. Fancy large colored and white, 11@¼c; fancy small colored, 12½c; fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 11,255 packages. Market easier. Western at mark, 13½@¾c; Southern at mark, 13@¼c.

REWARD FUNSTON.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 29.—The lower house of the legislature today adopted a resolution requesting the president of the United States "to reward Gen. Funston in a manner that will fully recognize his great and meritorious services" in capturing Aguinaldo.

MILLARD PRESENTED.

Lincoln, Neb., March 29.—Senator-elect J. H. Millard was presented to the legislature. In a brief speech he extended his thanks for the election. George D. Meiklejohn also addressed the members.

The lingering cough following grippe calls for One Minute Cough Cure. For all throat and lung troubles this is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Prevents consumption. Max Wirth.

TAKING OF PROFITS

Caused Stocks to React After a Sharp Bulge.

Bulls Bid Up Some Stocks In Closing Dealings.

But the Market Closed Irregular --- Bonds Very Active.

New York, March 29.—There was wide and excited openings in a number of stocks, notably Burlington and United States Steel stocks, when issued. The opening sale in Burlington was at 169½ compared with 169 last night, and the stock immediately ran up to 170½ on purchase of 15,000 shares. In United States Steel the opening sales were at 46 to 45½ compared with 44⅝ last night and the preferred sold at 95 to 95¼, compared with 94¾ last night. Very heavy blocks of both stocks changed hands. Western Union was in large demand, the opening sales being at 94 and 93¼, compared with 93½ last night. Northern Pacific rose nearly a point and Delaware & Hudson was up 1½. The smelting stocks were very feverish, but were strongly supported. The common opened unchanged and ran off ¾, but recovered again and the preferred was run up 4 points. Sugar was under pressure at a loss of over a point and there were losses sprinkled through the list of internationals and specialties.

Heavy realizing met the bulge in Burlington, Northern Pacific and United States Steel issues, and their resultant declines of 1@1½ caused sympathetic recessions in the general mraket. Losses elsewhere were not important outside of Rubber preferred, which broke 2½, Smelting preferred 3 points and New York, Chicago & St. Louis preferred 1 point. With a resumption of buying for the long account in Burlington and United States Steel these stocks recovered to the top prices at the start and there was also conspicuous strength manifested by Western Union, Manhattan, New York Central, Delaware & Hudson, and Ontaria & Western. Northern Pacific was hampered by the free offerings and ruled only a shade above last night's close. Some of the less active stocks made sharp gains, especially Lake Erie & Western preferred, which jumped 3 points to 130. At 11 o'clock the general undertone was good and speculation was becoming broader and buying very connuent in special stocks.

During the second hour there was effective support in various stocks which had been laggards earlier, notably People's Gas, which was rushed up 2 points to 107¼. All of the steel stocks became active and from 1 to 3 points higher in sympathy with the enormous absorption of the United States Steel issues. Among the coalers Delaware & Hudson was pushed up 5¼ and Lackawanna 5 points. The Eries and Wheeling & Lake Eries were reactionary and the Readings fairly steady. Stocks of municipal corporations were lifted, Brooklyn Union Gas gaining 3 points. St. Paul, which had been offered freely earlier was rushed up 2 points on the short interest and there was a better tone through all the Pacific stocks, excepting Northern Pacific, which held near last night's price. Bonds were very active and reactionary for most issues.

The reaction carried down Northern Pacific to the low point of the day. Northwest fell back 3. Strength developed in Brooklyn Transit and Metropolitan, carrying them up 2½ and 3¼ respectively. Profit-taking continued very large all through the list under cover of these individual advances. The bulls bid up prices of some stocks in the closing dealings, but the market closed irregular under the continued profit-taking.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	140¼	140¾	139⅞	139⅞
Tobacco	125¾	126	125	125⅛
Atchison com	61⅜	61⅞	61¼	61⅜
Atchison pfd	95¼	95½	94⅞	95½
Brooklyn Transit	81¼	83	80¾	83
C., M. & St. P.	149⅞	151⅛	149⅜	150⅜
C., B. & Q.	169½	175	169½	174⅞
Erie	36	37⅛	36	36⅞
U. S. Steel com	46	46	44¾	46
U. S. Steel pfd	95	96	94⅞	95⅞
B. & O.	92½	93	92¼	93
L. & N.	100	100½	99¾	100
Manhattan	125	126¼	125	126¼
Missouri Pacific	102¾	103⅛	102¼	102⅝
N. P. common	95½	96	94½	94¾
N. P. preferred	92½	93⅝	92½	93
People's Gas	104½	107¼	104¼	106⅝
Rock Island	128¼	129½	128	129¼
Southern Pacific	46⅛	46⅞	46¼	46⅞
T. C. I.	58	58½	57¾	58
Leather common	14	14	13¾	13¾
Union Pacific pfd	84¾	85	84½	84½
Union Pacific com	91⅞	92⅝	91⅝	92⅛
Western Union	94	96¾	93¾	96⅜
Great Northern	200	201	200	201
Southern Ry. com	28¾	29	28¾	28¾
Southern Rr. pfd	79¾	79¾	79	79⅝
Pennsylvania	153½	154½	153½	154

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 29.—Money on call firmer at 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4¼ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼ for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½; silver certificates, 59¾@61c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 49c. Government bonds strong. Refunding 2s registered, $1.06; coupon, $1.06½; 3s registered and coupon, $1.11¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38½; old 4s registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.14¾; 5s registered ad coupon, $1.11½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, March 29.—Consols for money, 95 11-16; for the account, 95 11-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 29.—Cotton opened quiet and firm, 1 to 9 points higher. Liverpool responded to our advance of yesterday, thus keeping the English market in the lead on a contrast as to prices. May opened from 7.91 to 7.94 and fell to 7.85 under profit taking. The rest of the list reacted in proportion to the decline in May.

Cotton spot closed easy; middling uplands, 8 3-16; middling gulf, 8 7-16; sales, 2697 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet; March, 775; April, 776; May, 779; June, 777; July, 779; August, 751; September, 735; October, 724; November, 721; December, 718; January, 718.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, March 29.—Clearings, $23,640,276; balances, $2,490,085. Posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 30c discount.

FOR STOCK INVESTORS.

Waldorf gossip to Edwards, Wood & Co.—According to the views expressed tonight by close observers of the stock market there has been heavy profit-taking all along the line together with a big reduction in the short intertst. The indications bearing on the monetary situation are less favorable. Further gold exports looked for. The West is drawing capital from this center in increasing volume, hence talk of a flurry in money and the advisability of taking profits on the bulges, good judges being of the opinion that stocks can be bought at a lower level a little later. For with gold exports in progress with Chicago exchange on New York 50c discount and the treasury taking $3,000,000 to $4,000,000 weekly of the banks, the latter's loans aggregating over $9,000,000, and the surplus reserve only about $10,000,000, it puzles everybody to see where the funds are to come from to perpetuate the bull movement. Moreover some $500,000,000 of new securities including about $300,000,000 contributed by the United States Steel company, must be provided for. All this makes for a feeling of caution notwithstanding that fundamental conditions, for instance, earnings, the state of business and the crop outlook are all admittedly encouraging. The greatest interest attaches to the Burlington-Northern Pacific deal, and there is a theory that it may prove as much of a finsco as the defunct Northern Pacific deal. Then it is felt that the Burlington people will oppose any plan for a lease or guaranty of dividends on the grounds that Burlington's earnings are a good enough guaranty for them, and that the conservative methods which have stood the property in such good stead for over twenty years will not be displayed by new ones with the consent of the stockholders. One of the biggest holders of St. Paul objected to the leasing of his road. He is quoted as saying to friends, because he feared that in hard times it would be skinned in the interest of the lesser. It is believed that a like feeling may influence many owners of Burlington stock who have an abiding faith in the ability and honesty of their president and his associate managers.

* * *

Ridgley to Rupley—Whatever gold we send abroad is simply in the nature of a loan, but if we were not in a bull market it would not be viewed that way. No wonder Europe turns to us for financial assistance. Our mines are producing $2,000,000 per week, and in the treasury is gold to the extent of $600,000,000, a record never before approached. Cash holdings of our national banks are over $550,000,000, a gain of $75,000,000 over a year ago. It would indeed require some huge shipments of gold to cause any monetary trouble here. I continue to advise the purchase of stocks on moderate reactions, but not on bulges. It don't do any harm to take profits on good bulges, that is if you have a big load. I told you when to buy the new steel, it was 42 then, 45 now. Will be well above 50 in due course. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy is getting nearer 180 every day. Louisville & Nashville is simply taking a little rest, same with Tobacco. The transactions are all right, so is the whole list.

* * *

New York to Edwards, Woods & Co.—It is practically settled that George Gould will go into the Southern Pacific directory at the invitation of Mr. Harriman. Four or five changes will be made in the board at the annual meeting of shareholders in this city next Wednesday, and all of the new men will be named by the Harriman syndicate.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel: Adventure, 15; Allouez, 3; Anaconda, 45½; Arcadian, 21⅜; Arnold, 4¾; Ashbed, 25; Atlantic, 32; Baltic, 42; Bingham, 24½; Boston and Montana, 349; Butte and Boston, 97½; Calumet and Hecla, 790; Centennial, 36½; Centenial Eureka, 32 asked; Copper Range, 53; Cochita, 8½; Dominion Coal, 38; Elm River, 5½; Franklin, 21¼; Humboldt, 25; Isle Royale, 42½; Mass, 16¼; Michigan, 7¼; Mohawk, 31¼; Old Colony, 4¼; Old Dominion, 34; Osceola, 82½; Parrot, 51; Quincy, 176 bid; Rhode Island, 6; Santa Fe, 8; Tamarack, 333; Tecumseh, 1¾; Tri Mountain, 36; Trinity, 31-⅜; Utah, 33⅛; United States, 18⅜; Victoria, 3½; Winona, 4½; Wolverine, 50⅛; Washington, 50; Wyandot, 1¾.

No. 121 East Fifth St.
8-room residence, bath, range, water, sewer, cellar, hardwood floors, in good condition; small house in the rear. This property is worth $4000. We can sell it for $2200. Exclusively,
LITTLE & NOLTE.

Elks Elect Officers.

The Duluth lodge of Elks met last evening and held an election of officers for the coming year. The election resulted as follows: Exalted ruler, Alex Marshall; leading knight, J. H. McFadzean; loyal knight, Cook Ely; lecturing knight, John Cox; secretary, J. L. Fuller; treasurer, Henry Folz; tyler, Frank Cox; trustee for three years, J. G. Harris. After the election of officers the matter of the next annual convention of the Elks at Milwaukee was taken up and discussed, the discussion showing that plans for the consolidation of the forces of the Elks of Duluth and West Superior, and probably Ashland, to go on one train to the encampment are progressing well and will undoubtedly go through all right. The Elks will have with them on the special train two bands, and will go to Milwaukee several hundred strong.

Going to Their Homes.

Many of the teachers in the city schools, which close for a short vacation today, will leave this afternoon and tomorrow morning for their homes in other parts of the state, or for a visit with friends. Among the teachers at the Jackson school, Miss Eva Porter will leave in the morning for a visit with friends at Mankato, Minn., Miss Bertha Beinhorn will visit her home in New Ulm, Minn., Miss Murphy will spend her vacation at her home in Winona, Minn., as will also Miss E. Whitney, and Miss Pearl McDonald will spend a week with friends in St. Paul.

Wieland Shoe Co
123 West Superior Street.
BRIM FULL--SPRING NEWNESS IN SHOES! Our best EASTER STYLES just in and on sale. STYLISH AND RELIABLE SHOES for everybody.

Gentlemen's high grade Shoes. Just received a large shipment of the well known Stacy, Adams & Co.'s Shoes; the shoe that always pleases. Swell shapes and styles; black and brown vici kid, black Russia, Velour Calf, Patent Enmel Kid and all the new leathers. Price $5 and $6

Men's Shoes
New styles in our Men's $3.50 Shoes, Vici kid, box calf, Velour calf, patent leather ---- $3.50
Patent Kid and Enamels ---- $4.00
Men's Dress Shoes— $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

Boys' Shoes.
Steel Clad and oil grain, for wet weather ---- $1.50 and $1.75
Youth—the same kind, size 11 to 2 ---- $1.35 and $1.50
Little Gents', our leader, $1.00
Little Gents' Shoes, very stylish, black or brown— $1.50 and $1.25

Ladies' Shoes.
New styles of high grade Shoes just received in light and heavy extension sole. — Ladies' best quality patent kid, round wide toe, very new— at ---- $4.00

Sorosis Shoes.
The popular Shoe for women—They combine ease with elegance and durability. They are all that could be wished for in appearance for walking or dress wear. Different last adapted to different feet. Price ---- $3.50

Ladies' Shoes, extra values at— $2.00, $2.50, $3.00

Rubbers.
The quality that give wear and satisfaction—Special Bargains:
Child's Rubber Boots ---- 98c
Misses' Rubber Boots ---- $1.25
Men's Rubbers ---- 50c
Ladies' Low Rubbers ---- 35c
Misses' Low Rubbers ---- 25c

Misses' Shoes.
Kid lace or button, size 12 to 2 ---- $1.25
Misses' Shoes, brown or black, $1.75 quality ---- $1.50
Children's lace or button, 8½ to 11 ---- $1.00
Children's Shoes, all solid, 6 to 8 ---- 75c
Infants Shoes ---- 25c, 35c and 50c

A LUNATIC

Believed to Be Operating Around the Akron Potteries.

Akron, Ohio, March 29.—The plant of the Diamond Pottery company was destroyed by fire during the night. The fire is believed to have originated in waste soaked in oil and placed in various parts of the building. A well dressed man was seen around the place before the fire started, but no trace of him has since been obtained. Earlier in the evening an attempt was made to dynamite the extensive pottery of the Robinson-Merrill company. Sticks of the explosive were placed under several parts of the main building, but the watchman discovered them in time to prevent an explosion.

At other factories oil soaked waste was found in various sections of the buildings. The police believe a lunatic is doing the work.

MEETS THE TURK.

Minister Leischmann Presents His Credentials.

Constantinople, March 29.—John A. Leischmann, who has succeeded Oscar P. Strauss as United States minister to Turkey, accompanied by the members of the legation, the United States consul general, C. M. Dickinson, and the United States vice consul, William A. Lambert, had an official audience with the sultan today, when Mr. Leischmann presented his credentials. The usual ceremony was observed and there was the customary exchange of friendly assurances.

STRONGER FORCE

May Be Put In China By Japan.

Tokio, March 29.—The newspapers here say it is proposed to relieve the Japanese troops in the Chinese province of Pe Chi Li by a force 50 per cent stronger. Although May is the usual month in which the relief of the force at Zeoul takes place, the relief of the troops there will take place immediately. Three officers of the headquarters staff will also proceed to Corea.

These movements, with the usual activity at the arsenals, is taken to point to the adoption of a strong policy by Japan.

COUNTERFEIT ONEPAPA.

Washington, March 29.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service has announced that a new and improved issue of the counterfeit $5 silver certificate, series 1899, portrait of the Indian chief Onepapa, discovered on Oct. 23, 1900, has appeared in circulation. The check letter and plate number have been changed from B 20 to A 32.

Our Line of
Wall Papers
Are All New Patters.
H. A. HALL & CO.,
Decorators,
18 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

REST AS YOU RIDE.
The Morrow Coaster Brake
Guarantees you Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling. Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.
You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.
100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. Booklet Free.
Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Graff Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to acquire, hold, own, lease, let, improve, mortgage, sell, convey, and generally deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, and interests therein, lumber, logs, timber standing or otherwise, and timber rights of all kinds in and upon lands in Minnesota and elsewhere, and to cut, remove, transport, manufacture and deal in the products thereof; to acquire, own, hypothecate, sell, transfer and deal in shares of capital stock and securities of other corporations; to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all other property, and to do all things, necessary or convenient in carrying on any of the aforesaid business. The principal place where its business shall be transacted in Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be March 25th, 1901, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Edward M. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Saturday in July, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation, and the management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and seals, this 20th day of February, A. D. 1901.

LEO A. BALL. (Seal.)
SARA L. McNULTY. (Seal.)
EDWARD M. GAYLORD. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in presence of—
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
E. P. KIRBY.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 20th day of February, 1901, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn. (Notarial Seal St. Louis Co., Minn.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z2 of Incorporations, on page 449. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 20th, 1901, at 4 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 553. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 27-28-29-30-April-1-2-1901.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
14 AVE W & MICHIGAN ST.

R & G CORSETS NEVER STRETCH

The moderately straight R & G No. 397 was and is the corset of comfort with the essence of style. It is straight enough for the prevailing vogue and curved enough to conform to healthful anatomical lines. In 1900 we were unable to fully meet the demand for straight-front goods and unwilling to resort to any makeshift to meet the conditions. At present, however, considerable additions to our factory facilities enable us to keep the trade supplied with real straight-front corsets at retail prices from $1.00 to $2.50, and also our 397, 197, Empire and other popular numbers. There are over seventy styles and sizes of R & G Corsets—a corset to fit every figure. R & G Corsets are the corsets that do not stretch. Every hairbreadth of stretch is taken out of the goods by means of steam-heated iron forms. This gives a permanency to the right shape and form that will stay in it until the last day you wear it. Every R & G Corset is sold with the understanding that it must give satisfaction to the wearer, or the dealer will supply a new one free of cost. If your dealer hasn't it, send us his name and we will see that you are supplied with what you want.

R & G CORSET CO
363 BROADWAY NEW YORK

DRESSMAKING AT HOME

Simply By Following These Lines You Can Equal the Best Ideas of the Parisian Modiste.

Crepe de chine, of the usual silk or satin width, and mousseline de soie, forty-four and four-six inches wide, are two of the daintiest semi-transparent fabrics in black or white, and can either be mounted on a silk which has done previous service, or worn over a separate slip which is utilized for other gowns. The entirely distinct foundation is by far the most economical, and one glace or satin slip can be worn under a voile skirt, appliqued with ecru or cream lace, also under a Russian net, run with ribbon, and again under the crepe or mousseline.

Our model is useful for quiet evening wear, or as a summer day gown, and is quite smart and dressy for either purpose. In the sketch it is shown as a theater or ordinary evening gown, and the skirt is quite distinct from the lining or foundation, and easily raised, being so thin and light.

The make of this upper skirt is very pretty, the shaped flounce giving a full-edge and a semi-trained back. All details and directions for making the skirt were given last week, and the mousseline de soie would be cut exactly the same as the double-width cloth. The flounce is hemmed up with a three-inch fold, and the lace flounce only just reaches to the edge of the hem.

The second flounce just lies over the top of the first one, and is headed by a line of insertion, lace. Another row of the lace is placed six inches higher, and these trimmings make a very smart and pretty flounce. Another line of the insertion covers the seam where the flounce joins to the skirt, or a ruche of the mousseline de soie can be used, as shown in the sketch.

On the upper part of the skirt there are three more rows of the insertion, and these follow the line of the center seam, and are placed at regular intervals up the skirt. A narrow fold of the mousseline de soie forms the band for this skirt, and a small inlay should be joined on to the left side, and the placket must be fastened with small safety-hooks, and the inverted pleats kept quite close by two small concealed hooks also.

The separate foundation or slip can be made from four widths of silk, allowing six and a half to seven yards for the skirt and pleated frill.

The frill consists of four-inch strips cut across the goods and joined at the selvedges, and a tiny hem is made by the machine. The seam and hem must be thoroughly pressed, and the flounce is then set in half-inch pleats. To manage this, pleat the hemmed edge and tack as you pleat, and it is then quite simple to pleat the other edge and tack along also.

The pleating must be well pressed on the wrong side, and laid aside until the slip is ready for it. The cut of the slip is explained by our diagram. The front is to the left, marked F, and consists of one width folded down the center and gored as shown. The slope taken off the top is joined on at the bottom, as denoted by the broken line marked X.

The sides are arranged from entire widths of silk and here, again, the top slope is joined on at the lower part to the width, so that not a scrap is wasted. The two small darts on the hips require to be carefully fitted, and the whole width forming the back is arranged like the front, with the slope joined on to widen it. The placket opening is cut in the center, and a false inlap must be joined on the left side, and the right side hemmed and fitted with safety hooks and eyes.

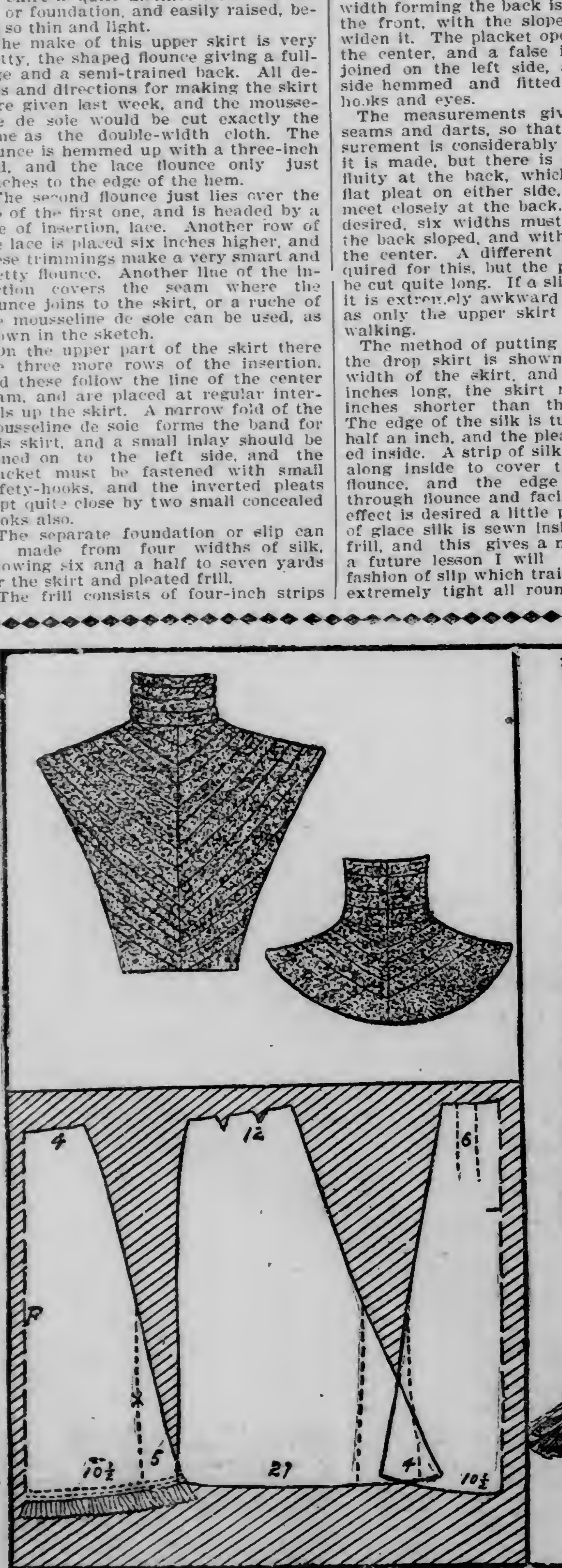
The measurements given allow for seams and darts, so that the top measurement is considerably reduced when it is made, but there is a little superfluity at the back, which is laid in a flat pleat on either side, the pleats to meet closely at the back. If a train is desired, six widths must be used, and the back sloped, and with a seam down the center. A different pattern is required for this, but the plain back can be cut quite long. If a slip is very long, it is extremely awkward for day wear, as only the upper skirt is raised for walking.

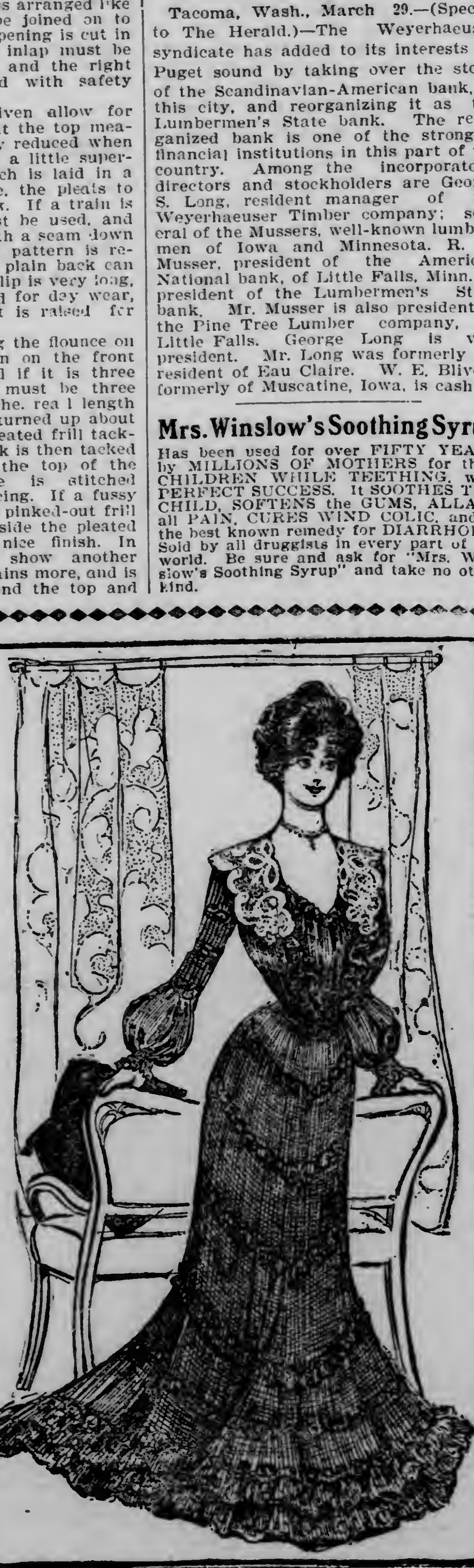
The method of putting the flounce on the drop skirt is shown on the front width of the skirt, and if it is three inches long, the skirt must be three inches shorter than the real length The edge of the silk is turned up about half an inch, and the pleated frill tacked inside. A strip of silk is then tacked along inside to cover the top of the flounce, and the edge is stitched through flounce and facing. If a fussy effect is desired a little pinked-out frill of glace silk is sewn inside the pleated frill, and this gives a nice finish. In a future lesson I will show another fashion of slip which trains more, and is extremely tight all round the top and has a seam down the back.

The bodice is very becoming, and can be worn with or without the white lace collar. The entire bodice is tucked up to within two inches of each side, where a line of insertion runs down, and the edge is finished with a cascade of narrow lace. The vest—or plastron—is very full, and a little ruche finishes the top. The bodice is made up on a silk or satin lining to match the slip.

At the back the neck is almost high, and is cut round just leaving the necklace above the gown. A little removal plastron in tucked silk of white, mauve, or any color can be used to fill in the opening for day wear, or the same thing can be copied in transparent lace for forming a high-necked evening bodice for restaurant dinners.

We give the outline of this little plastron. The smaller figure gives the back, and the dots show the fastening, but the hooks are concealed inside the hem, and are not seen at all. The little left-hand figure shows the front, and this has a seam down the center which is sewn through the tucks. The dots at the bottom of the plastron denote where it is fastened to the corset with small safety pins, and two other pins should be used on the shoulder under the little ruche.





THE WEYERHAEUSERS

Have Taken Hold of a Tacoma Bank.

Tacoma, Wash., March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Weyerhaeuser syndicate has added to its interests on Puget sound by taking over the stock of the Scandinavian-American bank, of this city, and reorganizing it as the Lumbermen's State bank. The reorganized bank is one of the strongest financial institutions in this part of the country. Among the incorporators, directors and stockholders are George S. Long, resident manager of the Weyerhaeuser Timber company; several of the Mussers, well-known lumbermen of Iowa and Minnesota. R. D. Musser, president of the American National bank, of Little Falls, Minn., is president of the Lumbermen's State bank. Mr. Musser is also president of the Pine Tree Lumber company, of Little Falls. George Long is vice president. Mr. Long was formerly a resident of Eau Claire. W. E. Bliven-formerly of Muscatine, Iowa, is cashier.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

PASSION WEEK.

Quarterly Review---International Sunday School Lesson For March 31, 1901.

FINAL INCIDENTS AND TEACHINGS.

For the past three months the Sunday school lesson studies have been traversing the most sacred ground of New Testament story. Jesus Himself assigned a central and cardinal place to the fact of His death; and Paul, with the other apostles, preached, with absorbing emphasis, the gospel that Jesus died for our sins. Our studies have been upon the central facts of the redemptive work of Jesus Christ. The theories of that work afford an interesting field for speculative thought; but the facts appeal to the believer with more force than all the theories. The incidents of Passion Week furnished many opportunities for Jesus to teach important lessons. He was the Great Teacher up to the very last.

On Saturday before the crucifixion Jesus was in Bethany rejoicing the hearts of His friends with His presence and words. Simon the leper gave a supper in His honor. The disciples were there, also Lazarus and Mary and Martha. Mary there immortalized herself by her act of supreme devotion to Jesus. She took an alabaster cruse of very precious ointment and poured it on Jesus' head. Jesus considered it a memorial of affection, and declared, with sad pleasure in the deed, that she had anointed Him beforehand unto His burial. Judas objected to the lavish waste of ointment. But Jesus justified her. She had acted from her heart, and it is always justifiable for one to manifest his love for his friends, even at considerable expense.

The next morning Jesus, seated on a colt that had never before been ridden, triumphantly proceeded from the Mount of Olives down across the valley and up through the gates of Jerusalem into the city. The disciples honored Him as a king. The people shouted "Hosanna to the Son of David; Blessed is He that cometh in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest." The Pharisees muttered their disapproval, and taunted one another with the words, "Behold how ye prevail nothing; lo, the world is gone after Him." But the disciples did not then comprehend the real significance of the event, and the leaders of the Jews were plotting to put Him out of the way. O, dull disciples and perverse city, the Prince of Peace in your midst and ye knew it not!

As Israel's rightful king, Jesus did not assert His power in the Praetorium, but in the Temple. He sought not to exercise an arm of flesh in ruling over the people; but knew that His dominion was over the spirit of man. In His Father's house "the Sons of Annas" had avariciously set up their booths for commercial purposes. Conscious that the sacredness of the Temple as a place for all people to worship was being violated, Jesus asserted the power of His office by driving out all the money changers and traffickers. He healed the blind and the lame as they came to Him. He taught the people who hung upon Him listening to His words of grace. This second cleansing of the Temple probably occurred on Monday.

Tuesday was a day of discourses. The authority of Jesus was challenged by the Pharisees. He answered the challenge by giving them a question about the baptism of John which they did not dare to answer (Matthew xxi, 23-27). He added a group of parables (Matthew xxi, 28—xxii, 14) warning the Jewish leaders against assuming to do any of God's work without performing it faithfully and righteously, also warning them against maltreating God's messengers. Then the rulers came with their plot to entrap Jesus. They had a question about the lawfulness of paying tribute to Caesar. Jesus said, "Render, therefore, unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's." They next presented a question about the resurrection. Jesus showed them that they had wrong ideas on the subject. In the resurrection, people will be not only transposed from the earth, but also transformed into the condition of pure spirituality, unfettered by carnal relations. The rulers then brought the question, Which is the greater commandent? Jesus told them, It is the commandment that inculcates love as the controlling principle of life. He, in turn, asked them the question, "What think ye of Christ, Whose Son is He?" and set them the task of unravelling the difficulty about the Messiah in Psalm 110. But they could not do it. They were discomfited. He then turned to the disciples and the multitude and utttered that scathing discourse and denunciation against the Scribes and Pharisees which Matthew has recorded in chapter xxiii.

It was probably on Tuesday, while Jesus was busy teaching in the Temple, that certain Greeks requested to see Him and were ushered into His presence. It was in connection with their visit that Jesus taught that His power in the world would come through the influence emanating from the sacrifice of His life on the cross: "I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me." His was to be a gospel of limitless power. Life and power through death is the law of spiritual as well as of physical propagation. "Except a grain of wheat fall into the earth and die, it abideth by itself alone; but if it die, it beareth much fruit. He that loveth his life loseth it; and he that hateth his life in this world shall keep it unto life eternal. If any man serve me, let him follow Me."

There were some, even from among the rulers of the Jews, who that day heard his words and believed on him; but the majority turned away from him. (John 12:37-50.) Toward evening he and the disciples went out of the city and started up the side of the Mount of Olives. They fell to discussing the mysterious words Jesus had spoken about the buildings of the city, "Seest thou these great buildings? There shall not be left here one stone upon another which shall not be thrown down." In a quiet place on the side of the mountain they sat down and looked over the city to where the setting sun seemed to flood the western sky with a lurid flame. The conversation and the circumstances led Jesus to speak to that little company the great discourse on the end of the world and the destruction of Jerusalem which Matthew has preserved in his 24th and 25th chapters. Two parables spoken as illustrations of the thought of that discourse claimed our attention in the lessons. The parable of the ten virgins taught that it is dangerous and disastrous to delay making one's arrangements for Christ's second coming. Whatever may be our daily occupation, we ought to have our minds and hearts so pre-occupied with the preparation for that great event that we would be ready if he should come at morning, noon or night. Such readiness is one characteristic of the real believer. The parable of the talents adds to this teaching of readiness the thought that the Master requires us to make the most of what he has given us and not be idle while we wait for his coming. At his return he will exact of us a reckoning for every talent he has entrusted to us. If we have been faithful, he will take us into a region of larger service where we may have the increased joy of the Lord.

AT THE SUPPER AND IN THE GARDEN.

It was early in the evening of Tuesday that the Sanhedrin met and devised those plans to capture Jesus which resulted in the payment to Judas of the thirty pieces of silver on the agreement that he would deliver Jesus into their hands in such a manner as not to stir up the people. We have no record of the events of Wednesday. On Thursday Jesus directed two of the disciples to go and make arrangements for them all to eat the passover together. This was done, and during the progress of the feast, Jesus revealed to Judas that he knew that he was about to betray him. This was also revealed to John and to Peter. Judas then left the room in obedience to Christ's words, "That thou doest, do quickly." Thereupon Jesus instituted the commemorative meal which the church has until now observed as the Lord's supper. The eating of the bread and the drinking of the cup symbolize the fact that we take Jesus as our life, and that we have sealed with him and he with us an indelible covenant of salvation and service.

At the beginning of this passover feast there had been the discussion of a question of social priority among them. Jesus had ended that discussion by assuming the role of a servant and washing their feet. It was a stinging rebuke which they never forgot. At the end of the supper Jesus spoke heart to heart with them as his personal friends. John, the bosom disciple, has given us the substance of what was said in his chapters 14 to 16. Such words could never be forgotten. The supper scene was ended with the singing of a hymn and the utterance of the intercessory prayer which occupies the 17th chapter of John.

Out of the house and away toward Gethsemane Jesus led the disciples. There he asked them to watch with him while he prayed. He prayed that the Father would relieve him of the burden of his sacrifice, but confessed that he was ready and eager to do the Father's will. He was in great distress, which was unalleviated by any sympathy from the disciples, who were lost in drowsiness and sleep. He was "treading the winepress alone."

The prayer was barely ended when the yellow glare of advancing torches betokened the approach of the traitor and the rulers came to arrest him. He willingly surrendered to them, because he was certain that that was the Father's will. He rebuked the disciples for trying to defend him with their swords. He healed one of his enemies and pleaded that his disciples might go free. Upon seeing that he would make no defense the disciples lost confidence in him, and their courage collapsed with the temporary eclipse of their faith. They fled into the darkness to seek hiding places. Jesus was bound and led away.

THE TRIAL AND THE END.

Jesus was examined before Annas, then tried before an irregular meeting of the Sanhedrin held before dawn. There he was condemned to death on the charge of blasphemy. In the morning this sentence was confirmed by a regular session of the Sanhedrin, and Jesus was hurried before Pilate, where he was charged with seducing the people and teaching that it was not lawful to pay tribute to Caesar. Pilate was ready to acquit him, but the populace, incited by members of the Sanhedrin, would not hear to an acquital. A pretext arose on which Pilate sent Jesus to Herod, who in turn found him innocent of the charge. Pilate again examined Jesus and concluded to set him at liberty if possible; but the rabble became furious and shouted, "Crucify him!" Goaded by their taunt that "If thou let this man go, thou art not Caesar's friend," Pilate finally yielded to their demands, although he had previously declared, "I find no fault in this man." Pilate was Caesar's friend, and his conduct could not countenance anything which might suggest disloyalty to Tiberius.

Jesus was led out and crucified between two thieves, according to the lesson of last week. Isaiah 52:13-53:12 ought to be carefully read in this connection, because it presents so beautifully the spirit of the sacrifice which Jesus made for a world burdened with its woe of sin. "He was despised and rejected of men, a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief; and as one from whom men hide their faces he was despised, and we esteemed him not. Surely he hath borne our griefs and carried our sorrows; yet we did esteem him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted. But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities; the chastisement of our peace was upon him, and with his stripes we are healed. All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way; and the Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all. He was oppressed, yet he humbled himself and opened not his mouth; as a lamb that is led to the slaughter, and as a sheep that before her shearers is dumb; yea, he opened not his mouth."

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 20, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleanser. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE GLASS BLOCK STORE

HANGED.

Theodore Wallert Paid the Penalty of His Crime.

Henderson, Minn., March 29.—Theodore Wallert, who murdered his wife and four of his children, was hanged at 1.03 this morning. The drop was five feet and the neck of the condemned man was not broken. For nearly ten minutes the body was seen to be swaying, and it was sixteen minutes before he was pronounced dead.

The murderer displayed no nervousness, and during the last few hours of his life he laughed and joked with relatives as though nothing was the matter.

Wallert's crime was one of the bloodiest and most brutal in the history of the state. He had married, ten years ago, a widow who had six children by a former marriage. The couple did not get along well together, differing over the children, and at last separated. Wallert deemed himself badly used, and claimed a larger share of the property should be given to him, and had been heard to threaten his wife and her children. On the evening of Aug. 19, 1900, Wallert was seen going in the direction of the farm, near Arlington, Minn., where his wife resided. About 2 o'clock the next morning, after reaching the home of his family, the desperate man set fire to the barns and stacks. Then he gained access to the home by a rear window, and stood at the foot of the stairway calling "Fire."

The man's cries awakened the occupants of the house, and Mrs. Wallert was the first to descend the stairs. As she reached the bottom, Wallert secured her around the body and cut her throat from ear to ear with a huge knife. One by one the four children were murdered, each body being cut in many places.

The youngest boy, 11 years of age, was the last to meet the murderer. Wallert plunged the knife into his breast, and inflicted many cuts on his arms, leaving him for dead. The lad has since recovered.

The murderer was trailed for two days before he was captured. He was found hiding two miles from the scene of the tragedy. He offered no resistance and was easily taken into custody.

Seven Day Adventist Battle Creek, Mich.

For the above occasion the Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets at the very low rate of $16.55 for the round trip, going March 31 and April 1, good returning until April 10, with privilege of having tickets extended until April 25. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return $45.00.

The Northern Pacific railway will, on July 6 to 13 inclusive, sell round trip tickets to Seattle, Tacoma and Portland for $45, with final return limit Aug. 31. Destination to be reached on going journey not later than July 18. Stopovers will be allowed with directions.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

His 31st Regular Visit.

DR. REA

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Catarrhal, Chronic and Nervous Diseases Specialist, at Duluth, Minn.

Spalding Hotel, Saturday, March 30

9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

For one day only—returning every four weeks.

DR. REA.

Author of popular medical works, "Guide to Health," "Health Journal," "Nervous Debility, Its Cause and Cure." Originator "Electro-Medical Treatmen.

AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE.

Treats all curable medical surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, liver, stomach and bowels. Dyspepsia, constitutional catarrh, sick headache, rheumatism, chronic female diseases, neuralgia, sciatica, dizziness, nervousness, slow growth in children and all wasting diseases in adults. Deformities, club feet, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, diabetes, paralysis, Bright's disease, heart disease, appendicitis, eczema, variococele and hydrocele properly treated. Dr. Rea's system of curing cancers, tumors, goiter, wens, fistula and piles with the sub-cutaneous method, without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is really one of the most scientific and sure cures of the nineteenth century. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, stunted development lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, facial blemishes, impediments to marriage, also blood and skin diseases, syphillis, eruptions, hair falling, bone pains, swelling sore throat, ulcers, effects of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, gonorrhoea, gleet and stricture receive searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life. There are no experiments in Dr. Rea's practice. Able as he is to tell anyone their disease he is not likely to doctor his patients for the wrong ailment. No incurable disease taken. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Consultation and examination to those interested $1.

DR. REA,
Louisville, Ky. Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Addie J. Gorham, Plaintiff,
vs.
Herbert S. Gorham, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscribers, at their office, No. 213 Palladio building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 17, 1900.

TEALL & HARRIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
213 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-15-22-29-April-5-12-19-1901.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of three thousand five hundred twenty-one dollars ($3521) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alice S. McKinley and John McKinley, her husband, mortgagors, to Frank D. Day, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of December, 1899, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of December, 1899, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 178 of mortgages on page 288.

Since the execution and delivery of said mortgage, the mortgagee, Frank D. Day has died, and letters testamentary have been duly issued by the probate court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, to the undersigned, Mattie A. Day, on the will and estate of said Frank D. Day, and the undersigned is now the duly appointed and acting executrix of the last will and testament and estate of said Frank D. Day. A duly certified copy of said letters testamentary and of the will of said mortgagee and probate thereof, were duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1901, at 10:20 o'clock a. m. in Book "K" of miscellaneous page 626.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lot twelve (12), West Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, said lands being situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 19th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three thousand five hundred twenty-one dollars ($3521) and interest thereon and seventy-five dollars ($75) attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 7, 1901.

MATTIE A. DAY,
Executrix of the Will and Estate of Frank D. Day, Deceased, Mortgagee.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Executrix,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-8-15-22-29-April-5-12-1901.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia, or money refunded. Price 50 cents. Book explaining cause and cure mailed free. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

The Saturday Herald IS THE SUNDAY PAPER IN THE IRON RANGE TOWNS...... REMEMBER THIS IN PLANNING YOUR ADVERTISING.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR RENT—Fine store room, 50x80 ft, steam heat, city water, freight elevator, electric lights or gas, good basement. Location 1534-1536 West Superior street. For further information, call on

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

THE DAKOTAS.

Preparations For a Big State Fair In the Fall.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—The newly elected directors of the State Fair association elected the following officers for the ensuing year: A. M. Packard, president; P. W. McGillic, vice president; C. L. Timmerman, secretary; John Gruber, treasurer. The different committees will be appointed by the president at the next regular meeting. It was decided to have a 4-day fair this year instead of three, as has heretofore been the custom. As an inducement for good horses, the purses will be almost doubled.

A consulship in Germany is said to be one of the plums Editor Tuttle is after, and his trip to Washington, en route to Europe, was for the purpose of securing the place.

Jamestown—Receiver James Murphy, of the North Dakota Telephone and Electrical company, has decided to sell the telephone line at a private sale. The line is located in Foster and Wells counties and connects Harvey, Fessenden, Carrington and other towns. Since the line has been in the hands of a receiver it has paid handsomely. It is understood the Northwestern Telephone company may buy. There will be other bidders, however.

Fargo—Traffic Manager Walker, of the Washburn road, from Bismarck to Wilton, was in the city last evening and is enthusiastic over the immigration that is arriving along the line this spring. The majority of the new settlers are Americans from Iowa and Illinois. They have been renters in the older states and come out here thoroughly equipped with stock and machinery and will take government land. They are thrifty and ambitious, and the management of the road is delighted with the class of settlers secured.

The lignite coal industry at Wilton has exceeded all expectations and plans are being made to enlarge the plant and supply the people of the state with fine fuel next winter. Much of the coal will be mined during the summer and dried.

Another continuance has been taken in the preliminary hearing of Herbert Robertson, who is in jail here on the charge of infanticide. Mrs. Emma Jasmer, who is said to be the mother of the child, is still ill, but will probably be able to attend the hearing set for April 2.

The farmers of Harwood are planning a great mass meeting Saturday to organize a stock company. If the meeting is successful, a farmers' elevator will be erected with a capacity of 60,000 bushels. A similar elevator will be erected at Gardner, a few miles north, two years ago and paid its stockholders 15 per cent the first year.

Grand Forks—Sam McDonald, who was released from the pesthouse, where he had been confined while suffering from smallpox, had his watch and about $20 taken from him in an East Side resort.

Omemee—Efforts are being made to have Editor Simpkins of the Herald dispose of his plant and move to Fargo and establish a state paper to advocate social democracy views.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Belle Fourche—The prospect for a lively season in this city is excellent. Denver men have been here looking up a location for a 20-stamp mill, and a large cyanide plant, which will be used by the Hidden Fortune Mining company, that has purchased several mines north of Lead. It is likely that the mills will be built one mile east of town, on the Belle Fourche river. Owing to its nearness to the coal mines of the Hay Creek district, it is believed this place is destined to become a large mill city. There will always be plenty of water for mill purposes.

William Yokum will stand trial for the second time for the killing of James Barnes in the summer of 1896, in this city. Judge McGee, of Rapid City, will try the case, Judge Moore being disqualified, he having been counsel for Yokum at his first trial. Barnes was stabbed by Yokum in his own saloon, while Yokum was drunk. It is generally believed he will get another sentence at this trial, but it will probably not be for life, as was the first.

Huron—H. R. Berndt, for the past three years chief clerk in the United States land office in this city, has been detailed for special service in the interior department, and has been directed to go to Memphis, Tenn. The department has also directed the transfer of George Snepper from the office of the surveyor general to fill the position made vacant by Mr. Brendt.

Pierre—A rumor is afloat that the Milwaukee road has purchased a tract of land at Milner, supposedly for station grounds. It has been believed for years that the road would build through Miller at some time, as it has a branch from Eureka south to within about twenty miles of Miller, and has long had another branch extending toward that town from the south, terminating at Armour. Last year another extension was built from Tyndall into the northern part of Charles Mix county. Either of these southern branches could well be connected with the northern branch at Orient, and make a through line across the state from the southern counties to the north line at Eureka. At the same time such a line would give the road a shorter run from its new cattle shipping point at Evarts to Sioux City.

Adjt. Gen. Conklin has issued an order for the organization of a troop of cavalry in this city. The probabilities are that Samuel Logan will be selected as captain.

Parker—An election will shortly be called to vote on a proposition to bond the town for $10,000, this amount to be added to a fund of $20,000 which it is hoped the county will provide, for a court house that will be a credit to the county and state.

Yankton—Through fear of causing an epidemic among the 600 members of the state hospital for the insane, Superintendent Ross has declined to receive twenty-five applicants for admission, owing to the fact that nearly all of the subjects come from districts where small pox has appeared.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The elegant residence, 1602 Jefferson street; possession May 1; price...........	**$6500**
Six-room house on Ninth avenue east............ ..	**$900**
4½ 50-foot lots on Ninth street	**$450**
Two 50-foot lots in Helm's addition—very cheap.	
28-foot lot on Twenty-fourth avenue west	**$250**
8-room house near Maleable Iron Works	**$1000**

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

IN MICHIGAN.

Steel Combine Buys Big Aragon Mine at Norway.

Iron Mountain—The big Aragon mine at Norway has been sold by Oglebay, Norton & Co., of Cleveland, to the United States Steel corporation and the latter will soon take possession. The deal has been pending for several weeks. The consideration is believed to be in the neighborhood of $2,000,000.

August Johnson was stabbed at Iron Mountain about 2 o'clock Tuesday morning and the doctors say that he cannot live. He was on his way home when, at the corner of Brown street and Stephenson avenue, he met four or five men, strangers to him who, as he approached, began to fight. Johnson, who was not looking for trouble, started to run away from the scene of the row when one of the strangers rushed up and stabbed him, inflicting a horrible wound in his right side.

Menominee—A Republican municipal ticket was placed in the field. The delegates did not seem possessed of much confidence and it was suggested that no mayoralty candidate be named. This proposition failed to meet with general approval, however, and Fred T. Schultz was made the unanimous choice. The ticket was filled out. Mayor Frank Erdlitz is the Democratic candidate.

Superintendent O. I. Woodley of the Menominee schools may be chosen to take charge of the system at Bloomington, Ill., a city of 50,000 people. Two members of the board of trustees of that city were in Menominee this week to confer with Mr. Woodley relative to the matter. They visited the schools of which he has had supervision for the past several years and were agreeably impressed with their work and condition.

There is now great fear of a general outbreak of small pox in Menominee county. Cases are reported from several localities and it appears that many people have been exposed to contagion. The latest sufferer was found at Talbot and it has been ascertained that he was in and out among his friends at that place for four or five days before he was taken down. Every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease and the physicians hope that its prevalence will be restricted, although they are by no means confident on this point.

—THE—

American Exchange Bank

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Capital, $500,000.

Will issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4-Big Ones-4

$1800	Will buy No. 5427 Oneida street, lot 50x140; house modern; stone foundation.
$1900	For the brick modern house at No. 5725 Oneida street, lot 50x140 feet.
$1900	That's the price for No. 4741 London road; streets modern. If you see it you will buy it.
$1900	One-third cash will take this modern house; the number is 5913 London road, modern conveniences, water, sewer, bath and lights, heat, mantle and grate.

All of the above for sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$500 BUYS TWO LOTS 50 BY 150 FEET on upper side of London road. Must be sold. Address D 24, Herald.

THE DECISION.

Ruling of Court In Orr Case.

Copies of the decision of the circuit court of appeals in the case of the White Line Towing company against the steamer Arthur Orr have been received here. The fact that the decision of Judge Lochren awarding $10,500 has been cut in two has been reported before, but the grounds were not known.

The court says that the custom of paying for salvage by a contract price is the custom on the great lakes. It finds that the Orr was lying near Baptism river for thirty-six hours and in no great extremity. Capt. Singer and his outfit came on the scene while the Inman people were away getting more help. He had not been requested to render and aid, but he offered his services. The court says the testimony is convincing that his services were accepted after he had agreed to accept the same compensation that the others were to get, and continues:

"These facts constituted a complete contract on the part of the owners of the vessel and cargo to pay, and the White Line Towing company to receive, the usual compensation by the day for its services, and its recovery should be reckoned on this basis.

"The second question presented is, was the White Line Towing company guilty of embezzlement of a part of the cargo, or of such negligence in its care that the owners of the ship and cargo may have a deduction made from the amount owing the White Line Towing company for its services? The court below answers this question in the negative. It is certain a large portion of the cargo was stolen, but a majority of this court are of the opinion that the evidence that the White Line Towing company participated in the larceny is not so clear as to warrant a reversal of the court below on this issue.

"The conclusion reached is that the decree below must be reversed. That C. W. Elphicke and others recover their costs in this court, and that the district court be directed to enter a decree in favor of the White Line Towing company for $5245, instead of $10,500, and that it recover none of its costs in the court below."

The statement in the court's decision that the vessel lay there in no great extremity will cause some surprise among Duluth people in whose minds the incident is still rather fresh. There was great fear that another storm might spring up for it had been a stormy period and it was not thought possible that the Orr could stand any more wind or sea.

THE ROCKWELL CASES.

Attorney Richards Draws Attention to Some Errors.

To the Editor of The Herald:

As attorney for A. F. Rockwell in the case tried, I make the following statements of fact: In the published report in its issue of March 29, 1901, referring to Judge Ensign's dismissal of the indictments against A. F. Rockwell, the News Tribune is incorrect in several particulars, whereby it is clear that a great injustice may have been inadvertently done to Mr. Rockwell in the general estimation of the people.

The report states that Judge Ensign "scored the former overseer of the poor," (meaning Mr. Rockwell), "for ignorance and lax methods in the conduct of the poor farm." This statement is not true. Judge Ensign did not "score," or roast, or even criticise any alleged acts of the defendant, or attempt in any way to impute to him ignorance or wrong conduct. It is not the custom of judges to say anything in criticism of the accused until tried and found guilty, and this custom was not broken in this case. I assume that when the true facts are understood by the News Tribune it will cheerfully and gladly correct the false, but injurious, impressions among the people conveyed by the published report.

The public should also understand that the three indictments, referring to a cow, 300 pounds of pork and some hens were absolutely dismissed and finally disposed of at the request of the county attorney. He stated as his reasons that the state did not have sufficient evidence to sustain the charges made in these indictments. The defendant is not held to the next grand jury on these charges, and no charges as to these things now stand against him.

In the "potato case" on trial, the state's evidence showed that the cow, hens and pork were claimed by Mr. Rockwell as his own property, and it is apparent that the county attorney, in dismissing the cases, was satisfied that Mr. Rockwell's claims could not be refuted. It is not usual to charge a man with stealing his own property. If the "potato case" is ever heard of again, Mr. Rockwell will undoubtedly be able to show as clear a record as in the other cases mentioned.

J. B. RICHARDS.

Duluth, March 29.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1050 Takes a 6-room house on East Fifth street. Snap.

$325 Takes 50 feet on Boulevard, near Lake avenue.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 PALLADIO BLDG.

FOR SALE—FARM IN ALBERTA, 320 acres, heavy loam, fenced, eighty acres cultivated, new 2-story house, barns, implements, good water, railway four miles; $2500. Colin Thomson.

Excursion to Western Canada

An Tuesday, April 2, I will have a very cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Through tourist cars from Duluth. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent, Duluth.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 28 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 742.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE—CAMP HORNELL, ON Park Point, five room cottage and lease of two high and dry lots on the bay. G. A. McHenry, 1424 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—HORSE; SPLENDID ANImal. D. Devine, Central house, Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—REFRIGERATOR, SUITable for small store. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A SPAN OF horses for a wagon and second hand harness. Call on Fred Sick, Hunter's Park.

FOR SALE—FOUR HEAVY WORK horses, to be sold cheap for cash. Barn on Michigan street and First avenue east.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL DULUTH, 10-cow dairy, with horse, rigs and all necessary appliances. L. Stanton, 2921 Railroad street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, GAS STOVE four burners complete. Inquire after 6 p. m., 414 Lowell block.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post-office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

PIANOS—CLOSING OUT SALE. Every piano and organ must be sold before April 1, 1901. One-half price on all, as follows: Knabe, Chickering and other makes. $200 pianos, upright, now $100. $300 pianos, upright, now $150. $350 pianos, upright, now $175. Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 28 West Superior street, 2 and 3, over Stack's.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in excellent condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

FOUND.

FOUND—A LADIES' POCKETBOOK ON Second avenue west. Call 130 Sixth avenue west.

FOUND—ON SUPERIOR STREET, BEtween First and Second avenues west a bunch of keys consisting of three in number Owner may obtain same at Herald office and paying for this advertisement.

POPULAR MUSIC.

POPULAR SONGS FROM THE "BELLE of New York," or any of the latest songs at Haakinson & Co., 9 First avenue west.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce,	Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny,	Wm. A. Abbett.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply at once. 1 West Fifth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework can find place at good wages by inquiring 1125 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL to do general housework. Mrs. James C. Hunter, Glen Avon.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY LADY TO take care of three children. Scandinavian preferred. 511½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply mornings and evenings at 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT 111 WEST First street.

WANTED — GOOD COOK, SCANDINAvian girl preferred. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good pay. Mrs. Hansen Smith, West Duluth.

WANTED — COOK AT MEYER'S hotel, Thirty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED — DINING ROOM GIRL, 222 West Second street

WANTED —DISH WASHER, IMMEDiately. 318 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1907 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply to Mrs. Thomas Gibson, Victoria street, Glenn Avon.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL. 707 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. 505 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—GIRL. 225 ELEVENTH AVEnue east.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED—MEN WITH TEAMS TO haul brick from Fourth avenue west to vacant lot in rear of Lyceum. Apply J. J. Wangenstein, Providence building.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. No limit to time. In order to supply demand for graduates during spring rush, we make special thirty-day offer including tools and wages. Each scholarship. Apply by mail today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—PATTERN MAKER AND two woodworkers. Duluth-Superior Transit company. Apply Twenty-sixth avenue shop.

WANTED—AGENTS.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS CAN get profitable and desirable employment in leisure hours. For particulars, call 1525 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WORK WANTED BY THE DAY. APply in the rear of 208 West Second street.

WANTED—WORK AROUND HOTEL OR restaurant by boy 17 years of age. Address A 95, Herald.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY WOULD like position in office. Has had experience in insurance and other line of business. Can furnish best of references. Address T 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRApher in law office or commission house. Address J 100, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AT ANY KIND of work. Address 14 East First street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY FIRST-class cook. Address 14 East First street.

DRESSMAKER WANTS TO DO PLAIN sewing by the day. Call at 624 Second avenue west.

WANTED—BY A LADY WITH EXperience in confectionery business, to work in a confectionery or bakery store. Address Box 155, Superior, Wis.

A WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE day at washing, ironing, housecleaning, etc., or will take work home. Call evenings at 1103 East Second street.

A YOUNG MAN OF 20 WANTS WORK as delivery man; is used to taking care of horses; has worked around hotel bar. Inquire W. C. B., 322 West Second street, city.

WANTED — POSITION AS ENGINEER. Address A 98, Herald.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEmen to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 285—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

LOST.

LOST—MARCH 28, LADIES' GOLD watch. C. E. D. engraved on case. Finder return to Herald office and receive reward.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building, Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FURNISHED ROOM, FURNACE HEAT, gas, bath, private family, very central, 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, MODERN FOUR rooms in house or flat by family of two, about April 15 or May 1; central location preferred. Address A 96, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED BY young man. Address B 13, Herald.

WANT TO RENT—A COTTAGE ON Park Point for the summer. "Reliable, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, FURNISHED house for the summer, by a responsible party. G. Y., Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 1, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave April 2, 1901. Work, Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first and third Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. McCollum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Tuesday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Degree work first, third and fifth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

LADIES, WE ARE PREPARED TO make silk draperies. The McGuire rugs from old carpet. Steam carpet cleaning, refitting and relaying. Interstate Rug company, 1701 West Michigan street. 'Phone 318.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

FOR LEASE—MAY 1. COMMERCIAL hotel, corner Tower avenue and Sixth street, centrally located, intersection two street car lines; rent reasonable. D. R. Long, First National bank building, West Superior, Wis.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid anywhere. C. J. Tufte, Duluth.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions, aspirations of youth and health $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by the undersigned: Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth**, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

CURSE OF DRINK

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND safe. R. C. Kruschke, 402 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, COTTAGE IN VIcinity of the pavilion, Park Point. State price and location. Address D, Herald.

WANTED — A SECOND-HAND, LATest Atlas of city of Superior. W. F. Boland, 905 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TYPE-WRITER DESK, FILing cabinet and 16 feet of office railing or counter. Address 310 Lyceum building.

WANTED—LANDS IN COOK AND Lake counties. Century Commercial company, 514 Palladio.

WANTED — LIVE MARTEN, EITHER old or young. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWELVE CANARY singers. Apply 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE IN ITASCA, St. Louis and Lake counties. Magenis & Bull, 506-7 Manhattan building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 918.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 705 E 3rd st. 'Phone 1225.

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:10 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv.........Duluth.........Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.........Virginia.........Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.........Eveleth.........Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar.........Ely.........Lv	7:19 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 55 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 15 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*8 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am *6 00 pm

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1901. TWO CENTS.

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Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

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—AT—
FRENCH & BASSETT'S

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A TIP TO NEW YORKERS

Sir Thomas Lipton Wants to Race With Best Boat--- Puts Shamrock In Open Competition With World.

London, March 30.—In reply to a question asked by a representative of the Associated Press regarding the controversy as to the selection of a defender in the races for the America's cup, Sir Thomas Lipton made this statement today:

"I wish to say nothing which can possibly be construed as a criticism or as gratuitous advice to us. All I want to do is to meet the best boat America can build. I never want anyone to be able to say after the cup races, 'You have won, but you have not beaten our best boat.' My ideas on the subject can best be gathered from what I am doing myself. I am putting Shamrock II into open competition with any boat in the world."

Regarding his plans, Sir Thomas Lipton said: "As soon as possible after the launching I am going to the Solent to have the trials. On my way back to the Clyde I shall probably accept the Royal Irish Yacht-club, Kingstown, invitation to race there. Then I shall go to the Clyde and enter the Glasgow exhibition contests. As soon as possible after that, probably about June 12, the Erin and Shamrock II will sail for America. I have not yet decided if Shamrock I will accompany them. We shall first go to the Azores to replenish our fuel, for on the last trip I found the Erin's coal capacity scarcely equal to the long, slow voyage. I trust there will be sufficient wind to avoid much towing, for I believe that towing, on account of the strain involved, is much more harmful to a yacht than sailing. I expect the yachts will arrive in New York early in July. After the cup races, unless something unexpected prevents it, I will accept the Boston board of trade invitation to take Shamrock II to that city and have a little racing in New England waters.

SITUATION MORE ACUTE

Minister Loomis Has Been Called From Venezuela to Give Government More Information Regarding Affairs In That Country.

Washington, March 30.—The state department has recalled Minister Frank Loomis from Caracas to Washington for purposes of consultation. The issues between the government of the United States and the government of Venezuela have become more acute lately, and it is desired that the department may be able to acquaint itself thoroughly with the situation in Venezuela through more direct means than the scanty cable communications that are being exchanged. So far as can be learned, the last protest of our government to the Venezuelan government respecting the treatment of Consul Baiz has not met with a satisfactory response, and the asphalt controversy is still open. It is not believed that formal official complaint has been lodged against Mr. Loomis save in the case of the brief of one of the attorneys in the asphalt controversy, but however that may be, the minister has the full approval of the government for everything he has done, according to the present information, and there is no reason to believe that he will not return to Venezuela from his conference with the secretary of state.

TO THE CZAR.

Tolstoi Makes a Warm Appeal For the Doukhobors.

New York, March 30.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says: With a petition of Doukhobor women begging to be allowed to join their husbands in Canada, Tolstoi has written the following letter to the czar:

"Tens of hundreds of Russia's best children suffer trials as heavy and even heavier than the present persecution which spreads wider and wider over Russia, but which enlightened men and the government have long come to regard as futile and stupid injustice.

"I have long felt it to be my sacred duty to endeavor before I die to open your eyes to the senseless and horrible cruelties perpetrated in your name. This touching appeal of the Doukhobor forces me to delay no longer. Thousands and thousands of men, deeply religious, and thus representing the nation's truest and chiefest strength, have been brought to ruin, imprisoned in exile, or driven further from Russia.

"Take this matter into your hands. Heed not the counsel of the men who instigated the persecutions, heed not Pobiedonestzeff, an evil, obstinate, hard hearted man, born out of his time, nor Sipjagin, a short sighted, superficial, unenlightened man, but revise or repeal all the existing stupid, repugnant, shameless laws enjoining religious persecutions, which have long ceased to exist in every civilized country except Russia."

NO NORTHROP.

Name of Prexy Fails to Appear In Reported List.

Washington, March 30.—The St. Louis exposition commission will be announced tonight or Monday and will contain the following names:

Ex-Senators Carter, of Montana; McBride, of Oregon; Lindsay, of Kentucky, and Thurston, of Nebraska; ex-Representative Glynn, of New York; Allen, of Mississippi; E. D. Scott, of Arkansas; John F. Miller, of Indiana, and F. A. Betts, of Connecticut.

THE CZAR CHECKED

An Effective Blow Dealt to Autocracy In Russia.

Impossible to Enforce the Obnoxious Student Law.

The First Step Toward Giving Russia a Federal Government.

New York, March 30.—Prince Peter A. Krapotkin, the famous Russian anarchist, was in this city, at the Gerard hotel, last night.

"The first effective blow has been dealt to autocracy in Russia," said Prince Krapotkin, in discussing the affairs of his country. "It has been struck within the past fortnight. The ministers of state have notified the czar that a law he promulgated could not be enforced. This is the first time it has ever been done. It marks the first step in the progress which will eventually make of Russia a federal government, such as is that of the United States.

"This law of the emperor's was the cause of the recent student uprisings in St. Petersburg. The trouble all arose out of an incident at the University of Kieff. A student had become unpleasantly involved in some scandal there, and the other students held meetings to decide what should be done to protect their fellow student from notoriety. The dean of the university arrested a number of students, and the matter was reported to the minister of public instruction, who told it all to the czar.

"The czar is an irresponsible, not very clever, young man, and he promptly issued an order, according to which all students who participate in meetings of any kind will be at once sent to the army for service for two or three years, as the case may be. At the present time the 12,000 university students of the empire are exempted from army duty.

"Under this new law 183 students from Kieff have been sent to the army. The new law is unconstitutional, for while the czar may cause a law to be made in one of two ways, the old law exempted students from army service. It has not been repealed, and the ministers of state were not consulted in the formation of the present obnoxious decree.

"I have a letter from a woman of high rank in Russia, in which she says that the public prosecutor at Kieff, the general of the gendarmes and a military general, who belongs to the commission appointed to draft the students, have joined in a memorial to the czar, in which they say that it is impossible to condemn young men in this ruthless fashion.

"The ministers of state have also taken up the subject. They have informed the czar that his law cannot be enforced. His decree will not be repealed, but the execution of it will not be attempted, and the Kieff students will be quietly released. It is the first time in the history of Russia that the czar has ever been overridden."

Prince Krapotkin said he does not think the czar should be killed.

"I believe the greatest foe to autocracy in Russia today is Nicholas II," he said. "He is so stupid that he will make many mistakes. Every one of those mistakes will weaken his power and the power of the throne. If I thought he should be killed I would do my best to kill him. I do not believe in inciting someone else to do what you would not do yourself."

ANXIOUS.

Possibilities of War Are Freely Discussed In Japan.

London, March 30.—The Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail wires:

"There is great uneasiness in official circles.

"The foreign office is open day and night.

"Frequent conferences are held between the generals. The emperor has been present thereat and has made anxious inquiries as to the condition of the services.

"Three staff officers have been dispatched to Corea to make investigations.

"The possibilities of war are freely discussed."

ALL OVER NOW.

Pittsburg Railway Troubles Are Amicably Settled.

Pittsburg, March 30.—All trouble between the motormen and conductors and the Monongahela street railway was amicably settled at a meeting held at Rankin this morning. The meeting was attended by 90 per cent of the employes of the company. It was not a meeting of the union, but embraced all classes of workmen. Manager Davison gave the men to understand that he wanted the trouble settled at once. The men passed a long set of resolutions in which they agreed to drop all differences and blamed all their difficulty on outside interference.

IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Men of Returned Regiments Desire Discharge.

Washington, March 30.—The war department has received the following telegram from Gen. Shafter, at San Francisco: "Commanding officers Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth regiments, which arrived this morning on the Logan, report as a result of the vote taken on board ship today, that it is the unanimous wish of the enlisted men of their commands to be mustered out in San Francisco."

BARRYMORE IS RESTLESS.

New York, March 30.—Maurice Barrymore, the actor, who was taken to the insane pavilion at Bellevue hospital yesterday, passed a restless night. He awakened early this morning, but would not talk to anyone. Barrymore constantly muttered to himself and once in a while would ask for pen and ink, saying he wished to write to his daughter Ethel, who was detained from him.

Minn Hist'l Society

OXFORD WON

Close Finish of the 'Varsity Race.

Both the Crews Were Greatly Distressed.

London, March 30.—Oxford won by half a length. It was a grand race. Both crews were greatly distressed. Time, 22:31.

London, March 30.—The closeness of the finish of the Oxford-Cambridge boat race, which was rowed this morning over the course from Putney to Mortlake, which is officially given as two-fifths of a length, is evidence of the doggedness of the contest. Cambridge won the toss and chose the Surrey side. A half gale was blowing from the southwest as the time for the start drew near, and the water was so rough that the Cambridge position was considered an advantage. The rivals leading alternately until they reached the Thorneycrofts, where it looked as if the odds were on Cambridge. Shortly afterwards Culme-Seymour called upon his men and a desperate race ensued along the banks by the Meadows.

Cambridge, though distressed, replied splendidly to the Oxonians' challenge and shot by Barnes bridge, looking like winners. It was, however, an expiring effort, and Oxford, keeping an even pace, wore down the opposing crew and won in 22 minutes and 31 seconds.

The Transvaal war left its mark on the crews of the rival blues this year. Several who might have rowed in the historic race were fighting in South Africa, and two of them were shot. Two recent university coaches, Mclean and Trevor Jones, died within a few weeks of the race. To crown all, indisposition and influenza have played havoc with the men, and constant change had been the order of the day up to the hour the crews left their homes for London. Cambridge was the first of the rival eights to reach metropolitan waters and took up quarters at Putney on March 14. There was no time lost in getting to work on the lively waters of the Putney-Mortlake reach, and both crews put in telling practice up to the last day before the race. The Oxford eight came down from Henley on March 15 and had their first spin on the following day. The following are the names of the crews and their weights:

OXFORD.

	St.	lb.
F. O. J. Huntley (University), bow	11	7
H. Du Vallon (Brasenose)	12	3½
J. Younger (new)	12	10
A. De L. Long (New)	12	7
a H. J. Hale(Balliol)	12	12
a F. W. Warre (Balliol)	12	7¼
* T. B. Etherington-Smith (Oriel)	11	4½
* R. Culme-Seymour (New) stroke	11	4½
*G. S. Maclagan (Magualen) cox	8	5

* Signifies Old Blues. a Did not row last year.

CAMBRIDGE.

	St.	lb.
P. H. Nelson (Third Trinity), bow	11	3
B. C. Cox (Trinity Hall)	12	0
* B. W. D. Brooke (First Trinity)	11	10½
C. W. H. Taylor (Third Trinity)	12	7
G. Parker (First Trinity)	12	6
H. B. Grylls (First Trinity)	12	6
E. F. Duncanson (Emmanuel)	12	9
G. M. Maitland (First Trinity), stroke	12	1½
E. A. O. A. Jamieson (First Trinity), cox	8	8

* Signifies an Old Blue.

It was about the third week in January that F. W. Warre, the Oxford president, got his men together. He was accounted lucky in having seven old blues to choose from, besides two or three well tried men quite up to university form. Of the seven blues five had rowed last year, but two, including Warre himself, had had to stand out on that occasion, owing to ill health. Lord Grimston, one of the best of last year's eight, broke his arm in the autumn and was not well enough to row, and two others soon afterwards had to be set aside. When Culme-Seymour, last year's No. 2, finally took stroke he had behind him seven new men. Many changes followed during the early stages of training, and Warre finally picked up sufficiently to take No. 5 blade. The chief difficulty then was to find a coach. W. A. L. Fletcher was still in South Africa, but after several trials Warre got his crew in the experienced hands of Mr. Gold at Henley.

Cambridge was in still worse plight. Of 1900's successful crew, B. W. D. Brooke, president, was alone able to row, so that seven new men and a coxswain had to be found. Fortunately there was much good material at hand and with indefatigable energy, remarkable progress was soon discernible. Many chnages were necessary, and it was not until the crew got to Cookham, as late as March 6, that they had a chance of settling down at all. R. S. D. Muttlebury, the old war horse of the Cam, took the Cambridge crew in hand on its arrival at Putney for final work up to the time of the race. The crew was then seen to be made up of a very powerful looking lot and their work produced a very favorable impression during the final days of training. Experts remarked that they were rather a more taking set of men in build, both in and out of the boats, than the dark blues. The Cambridge men are only about a pound and a half heavier all round per man, but when sitting in their boat they gave the appearance of a much neater team than Oxford. It was noticeable that they were more commanding in height and squarer in the back and shoulders when at work. When the eye glanced lower and examined the sliding and dipping of blades, a certain falling off was noticeable, and Oxford seemed much cleaner and quicker at their work. Practice at Putney, however, did much for both eights, and on the eve of the race, two very fit crews prepared to fight the grand fight of the year for their universities.

FLAMES DEVOUR THREE

Bad Fire In New York Tenement House Causes a Panic and Death of Mother and Two Children.

New York, March 30.—Mrs. Esther Cohen and two of her children, Benjamin, aged 5, and Sophia, 1 year old, perished by the burning of a 5-story tenement house at Delancy and Norfolk streets early today. In the panic which occurred, mothers lost their reason and threw their children from the windows and fire escapes to the street below. That all were caught by the police and firemen and escaped serious injury seems almost a miracle. Following is a list of the injured:

Max Salisburg, 20, burned about face, hands and body.

John J. Reardon, detective, cut on hands and face by falling glass.

Michael Oestfeldt, suffering from shock and contusions.

There were thirteen families in the house. The fire was discovered at 3:30 o'clock by the wife of the janitor, who aroused her husband, and together they went to the front of the house, giving the alarm.

On the top floor of the tenement house lived Morris Cohen, his wife and their children, Sophia, Harry and Benjamin. The flames were already through the roof when they were awakened. Escape by the hallway was cut off. Groping their way through the smoke to the window, Cohen picked up the boy Harry and, calling to his wife, to follow, got out on the fire escape and started to descend. Mrs. Cohen carried the baby in her arms and the boy Benjamin followed. Out on the fie escape the flames and smoke which burst from the windows below them, separated the members of the family, and only Cohen and the boy reached the street. When the firemen were finally able to reach the top floor, they found the bodies of Mrs. Cohen and the other two children blackened and burned, lying on fire escape landing. The damage by the fire is estimated at $10,000.

MAY NOT VISIT DULUTH

Change Made In President McKinley's Plans For His Coming Western Trip Will Probably Cut Out Duluth.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The indications this afternoon are that President McKinley will not be able to visit Duluth on his coming Western trip. In view of the fact that he has decided to pass through the state of Kansas upon his return from the Pacific coast, he is pretty certain to make his proposed journey by water from Chicago and thence to Milwaukee, on his way to inspect the Buffalo Pan-American exposition.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

DOOMED.

New York Bucket Shops Are Liable to Extinction.

New York, March 30.—Wall street is beginning to believe tht baucket shops are doomed to extinction by the act of congress of March 2, amending the war revenue laws. The office of Charles H. Treat, collector of internal revenue for the Second district of New York has been haunted by lawyers representing proprietors of bucket shops who want information as to how the law is to be enforced. Collector Treat replied the law is to be enforced according to regulations issued by the commissioner of internal revenue for the collection of the tax. The lawyers said that the keepers of bucket shops were placed in the position of having to violate the gembling laws of New York state or go out of busienss.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—John Dressler, of St. Cloud, $72; Oliver Lawrence, of Buffalo, $10. Widows—Lucy A. Conrad, of Eagle Bend, $8.

MOULTON [illegible]OVES.

N[illegible] March 30.—The condition of Richard Hayden Moulton, the young man who shot Alexander W. Dingwall in the Pabst rathskeller recently, is said to be somewhat improved today.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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Sir Thomas Lipton Wants to Race With Best Boat—Puts Shamrock In Open Competition With World.

London, March 30.—In reply to a question asked by a representative of the Associated Press regarding the controversy as to the selection of a defender in the races for the America's cup, Sir Thomas Lipton made this statement today:

"I wish to say nothing which can possibly be construed as a criticism or as gratuitous advice to us. All I want to do is to meet the best boat America can build. I never want anyone to be able to say after the cup races, 'You have won, but you have not beaten our best boat.' My ideas on the subject can best be gathered from what I am doing myself. I am putting Shamrock II into open competition with any boat in the world."

Regarding his plans, Sir Thomas Lipton said: "As soon as possible after the launching I am going to the Solent to have the trials. On my way back to the Clyde I shall probably accept the Royal Irish Yacht-club, Kingstown, invitation to race there. Then I shall go to the Clyde and enter the Glasgow exhibition contests. As soon as possible after that, probably about June 12, the Erin and Shamrock II will sail for America. I have not yet decided if Shamrock I will accompany them. We shall first go to the Azores to replenish our fuel, for on the last trip I found the Erin's coal capacity scarcely equal to the long, slow voyage. I trust there will be sufficient wind to avoid much towing, for I believe that towing, on account of the strain involved, is much more harmful to a yacht than sailing. I expect the yachts will arrive in New York early in July. After the cup races, unless something unexpected prevents it, I will accept the Boston board of trade invitation to take Shamrock II to that city and have a little racing in New England waters.

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SITUATION MORE ACUTE

Minister Loomis Has Been Called From Venezuela to Give Government More Information Regarding Affairs In That Country.

Washington, March 30.—The state department has recalled Minister Frank Loomis from Caracas to Washington for purposes of consultation. The issues between the government of the United States and the government of Venezuela have become more acute lately, and it is desired that the department may be able to acquaint itself thoroughly with the situation in Venezuela through more direct means than the scanty cable communications that are being exchanged. So far as can be learned, the last protest of our government to the Venezuelan government respecting the treatment of Consul Baiz has not met with a satisfactory response, and the asphalt controversy is still open. It is not believed that formal official complaint has been lodged against Mr. Loomis save in the case of the brief of one of the attorneys in the asphalt controversy, but however that may be, the minister has the full approval of the government for everything he has done, according to the present information, and there is no reason to believe that he will not return to Venezuela from his conference with the secretary of state.

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TO THE CZAR.

Tolstoi Makes a Warm Appeal For the Doukhobors.

New York, March 30.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says: With a petition of Doukhobor women begging to be allowed to join their husbands in Canada, Tolstoi has written the following letter to the czar:

"Tens of hundreds of Russia's best children suffer trials as heavy and even heavier than the present persecution which spreads wider and wider over Russia, but which enlightened men and the government have long come to regard as futile and stupid injustice.

"I have long felt it to be my sacred duty to endeavor before I die to open your eyes to the senseless and horrible cruelties perpetrated in your name. This touching appeal of the Doukhobor forces me to delay no longer. Thousands and thousands of men, deeply religious, and thus representing the nation's truest and chiefest strength, have been brought to ruin, imprisoned in exile, or driven further from Russia.

"Take this matter into your hands. Heed not the counsel of the men who instigated the persecutions, heed not Pobiedonestzeff, an evil, obstinate, hard hearted man, born out of his time, nor Sipjagin, a short sighted, superficial, unenlightened man, but revise or repeal all the existing stupid, repugnant, shameless laws enjoining religious persecutions, which have long ceased to exist in every civilized country except Russia."

NO NORTHROP.

Name of Prexy Fails to Appear In Reported List.

Washington, March 30.—The St. Louis exposition commission will be announced tonight or Monday and will contain the following names:

Ex-Senators Carter, of Montana; McBride, of Oregon; Lindsay, of Kentucky, and Thurston, of Nebraska; ex-Representative Glynn, of New York; Allen, of Mississippi; E. D. Scott, of Arkansas; John F. Miller, of Indiana, and F. A. Betts, of Connecticut.

THE CZAR CHECKED

An Effective Blow Dealt to Autocracy In Russia.

Impossible to Enforce the Obnoxious Student Law.

The First Step Toward Giving Russia a Federal Government.

New York, March 30.—Prince Peter A. Krapotkin, the famous Russian anarchist, was in this city, at the Gerard hotel, last night.

"The first effective blow has been dealt to autocracy in Russia," said Prince Krapotkin, in discussing the affairs of his country. "It has been struck within the past fortnight. The ministers of state have notified the czar that a law he promulgated could not be enforced. This is the first time it has ever been done. It marks the first step in the progress which will eventually make of Russia a federal government, such as is that of the United States.

"This law of the emperor's was the cause of the recent student uprisings in St. Petersburg. The trouble all arose out of an incident at the University of Kieff. A student had become unpleasantly involved in some scandal there, and the other students held meetings to decide what should be done to protect their fellow student from notoriety. The dean of the university arrested a number of students, and the matter was reported to the minister of public instruction, who told it all to the czar.

"The czar is an irresponsible, not very clever, young man, and he promptly issued an order, according to which all students who participate in meetings of any kind will be at once sent to the army for service for two or three years, as the case may be. At the present time the 12,000 university students of the empire are exempted from army duty.

"Under this new law 183 students from Kieff have been sent to the army. The new law is unconstitutional, for while the czar may cause a law to be made in one of two ways, the old law exempted students from army service. It has not been repealed, and the ministers of state were not consulted in the formation of the present obnoxious decree.

"I have a letter from a woman of high rank in Russia, in which she says that the public prosecutor at Kieff, the general of the gendarmes and a military general, who belongs to the commission appointed to draft the students, have joined in a memorial to the czar, in which they say that it is impossible to condemn young men in this ruthless fashion.

"The ministers of state have also taken up the subject. They have informed the czar that his law cannot be enforced. His decree will not be repealed, but the execution of it will not be attempted, and the Kieff students will be quietly released. It is the first time in the history of Russia that the czar has ever been overridden."

Prince Krapotkin said he does not think the czar should be killed.

"I believe the greatest foe to autocracy in Russia today is Nicholas II," he said. "He is so stupid that he will make many mistakes. Every one of those mistakes will weaken his power and the power of the throne. If I thought he should be killed I would do my best to kill him. I do not believe in inciting someone else to do what you would not do yourself."

ANXIOUS.

Possibilities of War Are Freely Discussed In Japan.

London, March 30.—The Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail wires:

"There is great uneasiness in official circles.

"The foreign office is open day and night.

"Frequent conferences are held between the generals. The emperor has been present thereat and has made anxious inquiries as to the condition of the services.

"Three staff officers have been dispatched to Corea to make investigations.

"The possibilities of war are freely discussed."

ALL OVER NOW.

Pittsburg Railway Troubles Are Amicably Settled.

Pittsburg, March 30.—All trouble between the motormen and conductors and the Monongahela street railway was amicably settled at a meeting held at Rankin this morning. The meeting was attended by 90 per cent of the employes of the company. It was not a meeting of the union, but embraced all classes of workmen. Manager Davison gave the men to understand that he wanted the trouble settled at once. The men passed a long set of resolutions in which they agreed to drop all differences and blamed all their difficulty on outside interference.

IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Men of Returned Regiments Desire Discharge.

Washington, March 30.—The war department has received the following telegram from Gen. Shafter, at San Francisco: "Commanding officers Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth regiments, which arrived this morning on the Logan, report as a result of the vote taken on board ship today, that it is the unanimous wish of the enlisted men of their commands to be mustered out in San Francisco."

BARRYMORE IS RESTLESS.

New York, March 30.—Maurice Barrymore, the actor, who was taken to the insane pavilion at Bellevue hospital yesterday, passed a restless night. He awakened early this morning, but would not talk to anyone. Barrymore constantly muttered to himself and once in a while would ask for pen and ink, saying he wished to write to his daughter Ethel, who was detained from him.

OXFORD WON

Close Finish of the 'Varsity Race.

Both the Crews Were Greatly Distressed.

London, March 30.—Oxford won by half a length. It was a grand race. Both crews were greatly distressed. Time, 22:31.

London, March 30.—The closeness of the finish of the Oxford-Cambridge boat race, which was rowed this morning over the course from Putney to Mortlake, which is officially given as two-fifths of a length, is evidence of the doggedness of the contest. Cambridge won the toss and chose the Surrey side. A half gale was blowing from the southwest as the time for the start drew near, and the water was so rough that the Cambridge position was considered an advantage. The rivals leading alternately until they reached the Thorneycrofts, where it looked as if the odds were on Cambridge. Shortly afterwards Culme-Seymour called upon his men and a desperate race ensued along the banks by the Meadows.

Cambridge, though distressed, replied splendidly to the Oxonians' challenge and shot by Barnes bridge, looking like winners. It was, however, an expiring effort, and Oxford, keeping an even pace, wore down the opposing crew and won in 22 minutes and 31 seconds.

The Transvaal war left its mark on the crews of the rival blues this year. Several who might have rowed in the historic race were fighting in South Africa, and two of them were shot. Two recent university coaches, Mclean and Trevor Jones, died within a few weeks of the race. To crown all, indisposition and influenza have played havoc with the men, and constant change had been the order of the day up to the hour the crews left their homes for London. Cambridge was the first of the rival eights to reach metropolitan waters and took up quarters at Putney on March 14. There was no time lost in getting to work on the lively waters of the Putney-Mortlake reach, and both crews put in telling practice up to the last day before the race. The Oxford eight came down from Henley on March 15 and had their first spin on the following day. The following are the names of the crews and their weights:

OXFORD.

	St.	lb.
F. O. J. Huntley (University), bow	11	7
H. Du Vallon (Brasenose)	12	3½
J. Younger (new)	12	10
A. De L. Long (New)	12	7
a H. J. Hale(Balliol)	12	12
a F. W. Warre (Balliol)	12	7½
* T. B. Etherington-Smith (Oriel)	11	4½
* R. Culme-Seymour (New) stroke	11	4½
*G. S. Maclagan (Magualen) cox	8	5

* Signifies Old Blues. a Did not row last year.

CAMBRIDGE.

	St.	lb.
P. H. Nelson (Third Trinity), bow	11	3
B. C. Cox (Trinity Hall)	12	0
* B. W. D. Brooke (First Trinity)	11	10½
C. W. H. Taylor (Third Trinity)	12	7
G. Parker (First Trinity)	12	6
H. B. Grylls (First Trinity)	12	6
E. F. Duncanson (Emmanuel)	12	9
G. M. Maitland (First Trinity), stroke	12	1½
E. A. O. A. Jamieson (First Trinity), cox	8	8

* Signifies an Old Blue.

It was about the third week in January that F. W. Warre, the Oxford president, got his men together. He was accounted lucky in having seven old blues to choose from, besides two or three well tried men quite up to university form. Of the seven blues five had rowed last year, but two, including Warre himself, had had to stand out on that occasion, owing to ill health. Lord Grimston, one of the best of last year's eight, broke his arm in the autumn and was not well enough to row, and two others soon afterwards had to be set aside. When Culme-Seymour, last year's No. 2, finally took stroke he had behind him seven new men. Many changes followed during the early stages of training, and Warre finally picked up sufficiently to take No. 5 blade. The chief difficulty then was to find a coach. W. A. L. Fletcher was still in South Africa, but after several trials Warre got his crew in the experienced hands of Mr. Gold at Henley.

Cambridge was in still worse plight. Of 1900's successful crew, B. W. D. Brooke, president, was alone able to row, so that seven new men and a coxswain had to be found. Fortunately there was much good material at hand and with indefatigable energy, remarkable progress was soon discernible. Many chinages were necessary, and it was not until the crew got to Cookham, as late as March 6, that they had a chance of settling down at all. R. S. D. Muttlebury, the old war horse of the Cam, took the Cambridge crew in hand on its arrival at Putney for final work up to the time of the race. The crew was then seen to be made up of a very powerful looking lot and their work produced a very favorable impression during the final days of training. Experts remarked that they were rather a more taking set of men in build, both in and out of the boats, than the dark blues. The Cambridge men are only about a pound and a half heavier all round per man, but when sitting in their boat they gave the appearance of a much neater team than Oxford. It was noticeable that they were more commanding in height and squarer in the back and shoulders when at work. When the eye glanced lower and examined the sliding and dipping of blades, a certain falling off was noticeable, and Oxford seemed much cleaner and quicker at their work. Practice at Putney, however, did much for both eights, and on the eve of the race, two very fit crews prepared to fight the grand fight of the year for their universities.

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FLAMES DEVOUR THREE

Bad Fire In New York Tenement House Causes a Panic and Death of Mother and Two Children.

New York, March 30.—Mrs. Esther Cohen and two of her children, Benjamin, aged 5, and Sophia, 1 year old, perished by the burning of a 5-story tenement house at Delancy and Norfolk streets early today. In the panic which occurred, mothers lost their reason and threw their children from the windows and fire escapes to the street below. That all were caught by the police and firemen and escaped serious injury seems almost a miracle. Following is a list of the injured:

Max Salisburg, 20, burned about face, hands and body.

John J. Reardon, detective, cut on hands and face by falling glass.

Michael Oestfeldt, suffering from shock and contusions.

There were thirteen families in the house. The fire was discovered at 3:30 o'clock by the wife of the janitor, who aroused her husband, and together they went to the front of the house, giving the alarm.

On the top floor of the tenement house lived Morris Cohen, his wife and their children, Sophia, Harry and Benjamin. The flames were already through the roof when they were awakened. Escape by the hallway was cut off. Groping their way through the smoke to the window, Cohen picked up the boy Harry and, calling to his wife, to follow, got out on the fire escape and started to descend. Mrs. Cohen carried the baby in her arms and the boy Benjamin followed. Out on the fie escape the flames and smoke which burst from the windows below them, separated the members of the family, and only Cohen and the boy reached the street. When the firemen were finally able to reach the top floor, they found the bodies of Mrs. Cohen and the other two children blackened and burned, lying on fire escape landing. The damage by the fire is estimated at $10,000.

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MAY NOT VISIT DULUTH

Change Made In President McKinley's Plans For His Coming Western Trip Will Probably Cut Out Duluth.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The indications this afternoon are that **President McKinley** will not be able to visit Duluth on his coming Western trip. In view of the fact that he has decided to pass through the state of Kansas upon his return from the Pacific coast, he is pretty certain to make his proposed journey by water from Chicago and thence to Milwaukee, on his way to inspect the Buffalo Pan-American exposition.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

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DOOMED.

New York Bucket Shops Are Liable to Extinction.

New York, March 30.—Wall street is beginning to believe tht baucket shops are doomed to extinction by the act of congress of March 2, amending the war revenue laws. The office of Charles H. Treat, collector of internal revenue for the Second district of New York has been haunted by lawyers representing proprietors of bucket shops who want information as to how the law is to be enforced. Collector Treat replied the law is to be enforced according to regulations issued by the commissioner of internal revenue for the collection of the tax. The lawyers said that the keepers of bucket shops were placed in the position of having to violate the gembling laws of New York state or go out of busienss.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—John Dressler, of St. Cloud, $72; Oliver Lawrence, of Buffalo, $10. Widows—Lucy A. Conrad, of Eagle Bend, $8.

MOULTON [illegible]ROVES.

N[illegible] March 30.—The condition of Richard Hayden Moulton, the young man who shot Alexander W. Dingwall in the Pabst rathskeller recently, is said to be somewhat improved today.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

F. D. DAY & Co. F. D. DAY & Co. F. D. DAY & Co.

A Watch Value That Gives Us Fame and You Gain.

$10.00

This 12 size open face gold filled case, guaranteed for twenty years. Fine ruby jeweled. American made guranteed time piece.

$10.00

This shows the back of one of the engraved cases. Our positive guarantee with these watches. It is the greatest watch bargain ever offered.

Most Popular Gent's Watch.

F. D. DAY & CO., Jewelers, 315 W. Sup. St.

FARM LANDS.

Henry Truelsen Returns From His First Missionary Tour.

Henry Truelsen returned yesterday from a six weeks' trip in the interest of the Boston & Duluth Farm Land company. Practically all of that time he has spent in the state of Iowa, and he has visited every county in the state with the exception of a few in the northeastern part of the state. He established agencies in practically every county and awakened in all sections an interest in the agricultural and stock raising possibilities of the land in St. Louis and Carlton counties in the vicinity of Duluth.

"A great many Iowa farmers are selling out," said Mr. Truelsen this morning. "Illinois formers are selling their lands at $100 and $125 an acre and are going into Iowa and buying lands at $50 and $60 an acre. The lands are just as good and the Illinois farmer makes a good deal. This leaves the Iowa farmer to seek a new location. Some of them are going to Dakota and others are going to timber lands.

"This section of Minnesota has not caught very many of them, for the reason that they have never heard of what we have. It has been my effort to acquaint them with the possibilities to be found in the vicinity of Duluth. I find that they are very much interested in the city of Duluth, and they readily see that this place offers a fine location, if the land is as represented, because there is a fine market right at the very door to these lands. In fact, Duluth and the country around here has the reputation of being one of the very best markets for produce.

"When the snow goes off the ground there will be a large number of these farmers up here to look things over. The agents we have located will come up here, too, to see the country, and thus be better fitted to talk to the men they try to interest. I believe that we will be able to bring a large number of settlers here, and that cannot fail to be of great benefit to the city. Apart from my own personal interest, I believe I am going to be able to do the city of Duluth a great deal of good in the line of work in which I am now engaged. There is a growing tendency to get out of cities on to farms, and I regard it as a very encouraging sign. There is many a workman in the city today who is eking out a bare existence who can do much better on a farm and can certainly live much better and happier.

"I find that Duluth people discredit the agricultural possibilities of the lands around here more than anybody else. They do it because they do not know their value, having never visited any of them except possibly just on the brow of the hill. No man who has gone back a few miles and examined the land carefully is numbered among those who are decrying the lands today."

Mr. Truelsen expects to hold a couple of meetings in Duluth within the next ten days, at which he will endeavor to show the workingmen of Duluth the possibilities that are open to them for the establishment of homes and for their own independence by taking lands around Duluth and making farms of them.

PELLISON WON.

London, March 30.—The race for the Liverpool spring cup was run today and was won by Pellison, with "Johnnie" Reiff up.

Eyes and Nose Ran Water.—C G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had Catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. I would not be without it." It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—22.

ARE DIVIDED.

Apportionment of Funds Collected By County Treasurer.

The February apportionment of funds collected by the county treasurer has just been completed in the office of the county auditor, and $202,810.48 is distributed among the various political subdivisions contained within the county's limits.

The principal sums are distributed as follows: State taxes, $11,499.85; state school taxes, $8710.75; state loans to school districts, $2128.45; state loans to villages, $566.04; St. Louis county, $26,294.62; city of Duluth, $90,259.23; village of Duluth bonds, $2106.40; school district, of Duluth, $34,977.55.

There are refunds to the amount of $4002.85 to come out of the entire county, divided among the funds named above as follows: State, $425.38; county, $1045.82; city of Duluth, $859.43; Duluth schools, $715.49.

The amount to be received by the independent school district of Duluth is divided among the following funds: General, $28,529.33; local mill, $5311.66; building, $266.97; sinking and interest, $869.59.

The city's share is divided among the following funds: General, $9194.76; interest and sinking, $28,576.24; fire department, $8087.34; board of public works, $15,151.06; water fund, $6926.21; light fund, $4328.88; health department, $1298.66; printing and supplies, $2597.32; parks, 2525.68; library, $2552.14; water and light plant, $2164.44; permanent improvements, $4328.88; assessments, $2527.62.

The county's money is divided as follows: Revenue, $12,194.16; poor, $3033.18; roads, $4761.74; bonds, $5337.79; infectious diseases, $967.75.

Money to Loan.

Trust funds to loan on improved real estate, on long time and low rate of interest, in sums of $2000 and upwards. No commission.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,

607 First National Bank Building.

IS POPULAR.

Night School of Y. M. C. A. Has Large Attendance.

This has been a busy week at the Young Men's Christian association. Night school examinations have been in progress every night from 8 to 11 o'clock. The year just closed has been the most successful in the history of the institution. The careful supervision of a competent educational committee, of which Principal Charles A. Smith is chairman, has been evident in many ways. There has been a larger enrollment and better attendance than ever before. The teachers have been very successful with their classes and the students have been faithful in their work.

Two classes in arithmetic, two in English and one each in bookkeeping, reading, penmanship, stenography and mechanical drawing have met twice each week since Oct. 9. The total enrollment in the nine classes was 151. Twenty-eight of these were in two classes, making 123 different men in the school. This is a gain of forty-eight over the year before.

The elementary arithmetic class had an enrollment of twenty-nine, one more than bookkeeping. Advanced English had the best percentage of attendance with mechanical drawing a close second. This speaks well for the teachers, Mrs. Lectra and Professor Rudolph.

T. S. Silliman has been very successful with a class learning to read English. It was made almost entirely of foreigners, five different nationalities being represented. So intense was the interest in this class that Mr. Silliman has decided to continue it two weeks more after the school has closed.

The questions for the examinations just held are prepared by the educational department of the international committee of Young Men's Christian associations located in New York city. Papers of students who are given a grade of 75 per cent by the local teachers are sent the international committee, which examines them again and if found satisfactory sends the student a certificate which is honored by eleven state universities and many other prominent institutions of learning in the United States and Canada. Though the papers are not all in, a goodly number from Duluth have already received a grade that entitles them to the certificate.

HAS NOT QUIT

Ted Sullivan Says He Will Be at West Superior.

There are indications of a scrap for the management of the Superior baseball team during the coming season. Arrangements have been made within the past day or so for Andy Porter, the veteran second baseman, to take charge of the team which was apparently deserted by Ted Sullivan.

In a letter to The Herald from Athens, Ga., Ted Sullivan says that he did not desert Superior and that he will return to the head of the lakes very soon to take charge of the Superior team.

TO PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND GRIP
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

Care of Non-Residents.

Health Commissioner Robinson has returned from St. Paul, where he has been working in the legislature to have the state reimburse Duluth for smallpox expenditures brought in from outside the city. Duluth has claims amounting to about $9000 in this respect and there is a practical certainty that $2300 of this will be repaid at least.

There is a provision in the state law by which municipalities can be reimbursed for expenses in connection with the care of infectious disease brought from outside the state. During the present epidemic this city has cared for forty non-residents of the state at the emergency hospital.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days: the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis Mo., Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

COUGHS,
Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Effectively Relieved.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Fac-Simile Signature of John I. Brown & Son on every box.

WOLVIN'S SCHEME

His Plan as Outlined In the Montreal Papers.

Agrees to Handle Ten Millions of Grain First Year.

Also Agrees to Get Connors Out of the Way.

The offer of Capt. A. B. Wolvin to the Montreal harbor board to put up an elevator in place of the Connors' scheme, which is supposed to be dead, has been reported here by telegraph, together with the fact that the board accepted the offer. It has yet to have the sanction of the government, which it is expected will be granted. The details of the offer, however, have not been given here. They are at hand in the columns of a Montreal paper.

A joint stock company is to be formed, which will insure bonds to cover the cost of the construction necessary, not to exceed $750,000. The bonds are to be secured by a mortgage on the property to be built, and they are not to exceed the cost of construction. The harbor commissioners are to provide a satisfactory guarantee to secure the payment of the bonds, and default in them will give the commission possession of the property.

The commissioners are to give the company the use of both piers of the Windmill Point basin, including the pier which is to be constructed, and comprising a frontage of 1170 feet on one side and 1500 feet on the other side. The company is to build a first-class modern steel or combination elevator or elevators on the first pier, and such warehouses as are necessary on the south pier. The company reserves the right to fix its charges at such reasonable prices as will enable them to secure the business. The company promises to handle at least 10,000,000 bushels of grain, or its equivalent in other freight, during the first year after the completion of the work.

Thec ontract is to run for fifty years, at the expiration of which the company has the right to renew, on the same terms, for another half century. The company also undertakes to construct, equip and operate a fleet of transports between Port Colborne and Montreal sufficient for the requirements of the business, so soon as the facilities of Port Colborne admit of their bringing large, deep-draught vessels to that port. The proposal is, as soon as the harbor improvements are complete at Port Colborne, to erect elevators there, the total cost of both elevator facilities and transport fleet plying between them to be about $3,500,000. If, as it is hoped, the St. Lawrence all-water route from the great lakes to Liverpool can be made a success, the company will be in a position to promptly meet its obligations in connection with the bonds on which a guarantee is asked. Should they be disappointed, the elevating and warehousing facilities can be utilized for the general purposes of the port of Montreal, and will be provided at reasonable cost and constructed on the most modern principles.

On the side, Capt. Wolvin agrees to get the Connors' syndicate out of the way. This further offer was made as the result of a doubt on the part of some of the harbor commissioners whether the engagement with Capt. Wolvin would not lead to a row with Connors.

A Month's Test Free.
If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

FAVORS IT.

Electric Workers' Union Approves the Electricians' Bill.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Seeing the article in The Herald of March 29 regarding the electricians' bill H. F. 245 from the sationary engineers' standpoint, I think a few remarks as to the Electrical Workers' union view of the same would not be out of place. We have discussed the bill in our union and found to our satisfaction that if it became a law it would be of benefit to all concerned and therefore endorsed it at one of our special meetings.

The bill compels each person who does any kind of electric work to have a license, which shows that he is competent to do that class of electric work in which he is engaged. It does not restrict the engineers whatever, except that it requires them to have a license in order to do what ever electric work is required of them.

Should the bill become a law, all applicants will be granted licenses without examinations, if they apply for same before the expiration of six months after the passage of the bill, providing they have had six months' experience in that class for which they apply for a license. All licenses are good for two years, at the end of which they can be renewed for the same length of time without examination upon the payment of the original fee, which is as follows: Master electrician, $5; journeyman electrician, $3; and special journeyman electrician, $2. But all applicants who apply after the expiration of the first six months, after the passage of the bill, will be compelled to be examined by the state board of electricity before being granted a license.

The above explains itself and shows that there are no such restrictions as the engineers claim. It simply makes it a misdemeanor for any person to do electric work without being able to show a license that he is competent in that line of work, the same as a licensed engineer or plumber.

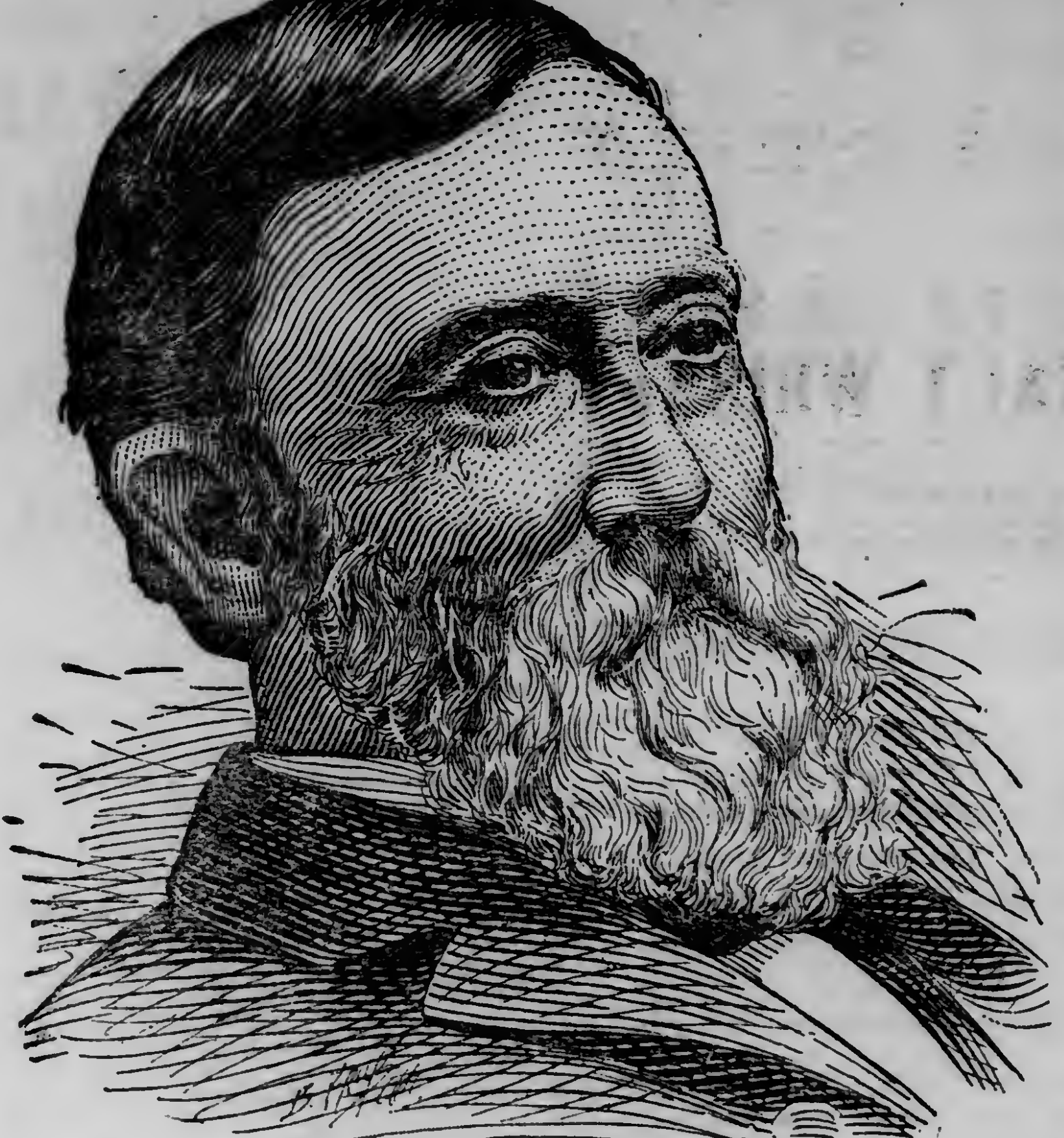
The master or contractor electricians are obliged to take out a bond of $5000. This bond is for the protection of persons having the work done as it makes the contractors liable for any imperfect work that may be done, and should the bill become a law it will make the contractors or bondsmen liable for any imperfect work or material used after the passage of this bill. The engineers and journeymen electricians of the Twin Cities are heartily in favor of this bill and are united in securing its passage.

A bill that is a benefit to the inhabitants of the Twin Cities should be a benefit to the inhabitants of Duluth.

E. A. NELSON,
Recording Secretary of I. B. E. W., Local No. 31.
Duluth, March 30.

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy--I am as Well as Ever."



Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, of the Famous Ohio Family.

Hon Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy." Very respectfully, Dan. A. Grosvenor.

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner, of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna: "As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease, and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh, and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended today for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 18, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy."

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systematic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

AT WEST DULUTH

The shirt factory, owned by Max Shores & Co., 118 Central avenue, was visited by a disastrous fire shortly after 8 o'clock last evening. The blaze is supposed to have been caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove and gained headway so fast that the West Duluth fire department experienced much trouble in subduing it. The building was practically gutted by the fire, and none of the contents were saved. The building was owned by outside parties and was not covered by insurance. The damage on it will be several hundred dollars.

The heaviest loss will fall on the shirt company, as it owned quite a large plant, equipped with considerable machinery, and had on hand a large quantity of finished goods as well as an immense stock of cloth in bolts for the spring trade. The loss for the shirt company was total. The plant was insured for $5500, but it was stated this morning that the insurance will not cover the loss by several hundred dollars. Sixteen girls are thrown out of employment by the fire.

A member of the company said this morning that as soon as the loss has been adjusted on the machinery it will begin operations to resume manufacturing as quickly as new machinery can be procured. It is not known yet if the company will resume at the same location.

PUSHING RAILROAD WORK.

George Showers returned last night from Kelsey, Minn., where he has been engaged on a pulpwood contract. Mr. Showers says there were about 2000 cords cut at Kelsey for the Martin Brothers, which will be shipped by rail to Duluth. He says there are about twenty spurs on the Missabe road where pulpwood has been brought out this winter, also a large number of ties. Mr. Showers says that the Great Northern company has the steel laid as far as Birch, on its Stony Brook cut-off to Virginia, and has a big force of men on that are laying rails at the rate of three-quarters of a mile a day; that the steel will be laid through to Virginia inside the next three weeks, and surfacing will begin. The railway company is hurrying the work of rail laying, as work trains can be run over the new line while the ground is frozen for the purpose of hauling gravel and other supplies needed for the surfacing this spring.

AFTER THE TROPHY.

Next Tuesday night the judges that have been working on the contest between the Odd Fellow lodges of the city for the silver trophy, which was put up by the joint lodges, will inspect and score the West Duluth lodge. The trophy is to go to the lodge that exemplifies the work the best, and the lodge here is about the last one to be scored. The local members have been working hard for the trophy, and feel quite confident that their work will show up gilt edged.

DEBATING CLUB MEETING.

The Senate Social and Debating club held a very interesting session last evening at the club rooms. The subject for debate was: "Resolved, that the abolishment of the army canteen was an unwise measure." There were two contestants on a side, and the contest was finally won by the negative side, the judges remaining out a long time. One amusing feature of the debate was that at the beginning of the debate three of the contestants had the impression that "army canteen" meant the receptacle that the soldier carries slung from his shoulder by a strap and in which he keeps his water supply.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

William Cashin returned this morning from Lesure's camp, on French river, where he has been scaling logs this winter. The logging operations at that point have been completed for the season, and the last load of logs was hauled last Thursday night.

The funeral of Duncan Forbes was held this afternoon at the residence of his son, Alexander Forbes, 128 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

There was a large attendance at the covered rink last evening. The young people realize that the skating season is drawing to a close, and they are making the best of every opportunity to enjoy themselves. The West Duluth rink will probably close its season next week.

Joseph Bennett was arrested last evening by Officer Anderson for drunkenness. He was taken to municipal court for trial this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Phillips returned last evening from their wedding trip to the Twin Cities.

William Meilleur, Frank Blore and Jess Sirr have returned to West Duluth from California, where they have been for the winter. They are all much improved in health.

Robert Newsome and family will move on Monday to St. Paul. Mr. Newson, who has been in the barber business here for the past ten years, has a position offered on one of the Great Northern cars on the train between St. Paul and Seattle.

George Shephard has again heard from Manager Hines of the Des Moines team urging him to sign with the team for the season.

J. D. Meldahl has gone to Valley City to remain on his farm for the season.

The funeral of Anna Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Smith, occurred at the St. James church this morning.

Mrs. Ole Jensen, of Valley City, is a guest of Mrs. Albert Meldahl.

At No. 5514 Grand avenue there will be services on Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Adolph Salverson.

The prices on wall paper at Nygren's the lowest ever seen.

MUSIC

AT WEST DUUTH COVERED RINK, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY NIGHTS NEXT WEEK.
EXCELLENT ICE. DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND, AS IT WILL BE THE LAST WEEK OF THE SEASON.

Panton & White's Florist

Mrs. C. H. Stang, for many years the only florist in Duluth, and one of the most reliable and best in the business, has taken charge of the flower department at Panton & White's. Mrs. Stang's work for years has been the most sought for in this city. Her designs for funerals, parties, socials, gifts, etc., are tasty and beautiful, and people who desire excellence in the line of floral designs have always given her preference. In her new position the volume of business done by the Glass block will give her artistic tastes full scope, and she is in a position to make her charges more reasonable than ever. She will be glad to welcome all her old friends, patrons and acquaintances at the Glass block.

THE QUAKERS.

Announcement of Make-Up of the Team.

Philadelphia, March 30.—Manager Mack, of the Philadelphia American league base ball club, today announced the make up of his team as follows:

Catchers, Smith and Powers; pitchers, Willis, Frazer Bernhard, Matthewson, Milligan; first base, Crisham; second base, Lajoie; short stop, Fultz; third base, Lave Cross; right field, Geier; center field, Ketcham; left field, Davis.

A SURE CURE FOR *Chapped Hands, Rough Skin.*
PARISIAN BALM.
BY MAIL SAMPLE 12¢ REGULAR SIZE 32¢ SEELY'S BALM FACTORY, DETROIT, MICH.

PANTON & WHITE.

Grand pre-Easter illumination of the Glass Block tonight.

TONIGHT will be your opportunity to see the beautiful Easter window trims of the Glass Block under illumination. A taste of what you'll see next week in the store is shown in our mammoth plate glass windows. Easter lilies, beautiful floral back grounds, cleverly executed designs and elegant draperies unfold to the admiring public. Shoes, gems of Millinery, Neckwear, Suits, Skirts, Silk Waists, Silks, Gloves, Umbrellas, Parasols, Etc. The electrical display will be dazzling. Don't fail to see the Glass Block tonight.

MRS. F. C. GEIST,
Demonstrator of Cookery and Lecturer on Foods, author of the "Practical Cook Book."
N. E. Corner Tenth and Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

In Recommending

Agate Enamelled Nickel Steel Ware

Says: "I can endorse all that is said concerning the excellency of Agate Nickel-Steel Ware Cooking Utensils, manufactured by the Lalance & Grosjean Mfg. Co. There are few things that come into the kitchen which will cause more trouble and annoyance than cooking utensils of poor quality, and in buying them housekeepers should be careful to see that they are of the best quality and are well finished. Much of the ware made today is so utterly worthless that to offer it for sale at any price seems almost dishonest. Agate Nickel-Steel Ware is made for that class of people who believe in getting the worth of their money by purchasing a good article and paying the right price for it, and my constant use of it for many years has proved it perfectly reliable and the most satisfactory of all materials for kitchen utensils, its lightness and cleanliness especially commending it, and with proper care and treatment will hold their polish as long as they last, and outwear half a dozen sets of the cheap ware that is used so freely.

Respectfully,
F. G. GEIST.

We Are the Exclusive Duluth Agents.

Kelley Hardware Co.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CONSUMPTION

The time was when doctors thought cousumption could not be permanently cured, but since they have discovered the powerful curative qualities of **Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey** the best doctors agree that it will permanently cure consumption and all diseases of the throat and lungs. We have thousands of grateful patients who write us they have been cured after they were given up by the doctors.

CURED BY

Sirs:—After being given up by several of our best physicians, having throat and lung trouble, and pronounced a case of incurable consumption, my sister started the use of your Pure Malt Whiskey. She has taken three bottles, and is so much improved in strength that we are all feeling quite hopeful.
MRS. BELL SHAUL, Charlotte, Mich.

FREE.—If you are sick and run down write us—it will cost you nothing to learn how to regain health, energy and vitality.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

It is the only Whiskey taxed by the Government as a medicine. This is a guarantee. All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Refuse substitutes, they are injurious. Send for free medical booklet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

We treat you today with reference to your coming back tomorrow.

Zenith 'Phone 336
15 Second Avenue West.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers

CAUSTIC REPORT

Committee Which Investigated Sacred Refuge Presents Findings.

Finds Institution Unworthy of Any Public Support.

Calls on Police to Make a Thorough Investigation.

The committee appointed to investigate the Bakers and their "Sacred Refuge" has made a report to Mayor Hugo. It administers a thorough and vigorous roast on the methods of the Bakers and their conduct of the institution, and, in effect, calls the police.

I. Grettum, the member of the committee appointed by Mrs. Baker, dissented from the report in its reference to Mr. Baker, claiming that he was not within the purview of the investigation, and from the conclusions of the other members, T. H. Pressnell and Dr. S. P. Long. He said to The Herald this afternoon that if he had time he would write a minority report, though he has not yet decided as to that.

In effect, the report condemns the practice of the Bakers in refusing to produce statements as to their management of the funds collected by them, in their treatment of the unfortunates that sought relief in their care; refers rather causticly to the character of Mr. Baker, calls on the police to make a more thorough investigation, and counsels the public in the meantime to withhold its support from the institution.

As Mayor Hugo was instrumental in forming the committee, because of Mrs. Baker's desire that such an investigation be made, the committee reports to him as follows:

"The committee was first formed by Mrs. Baker appointing J. L. Greatsinger, Mayor Hugo appointing Rev. S. P. Long, and these two appointing T. H. Pressnell. Mr. Greatsinger leaving the city, Mrs. Baker appointed in his place I. Grettum. The committee elected T. H. Fressnell as chairman and I. Grettum as secretary. The first meeting was held March 20, but at Mrs. Baker's request it was adjourned to March 21. At that time Mrs. Baker was present. She was called upon to produce the books to show what money had been obtained and what disposition had been made of it. This she refused to do, but promised to do so at a future meeting. The committee called on any persons present to make statements for or against the institution, and a number of persons did make statements.

"Mrs. Baker promised to be present at a future meeting, at which time she would produce the books and make a full statement of financial matters. March 25, at 2:30 o'clock, was subsequently fixed as the time of holding such second meeting, and Mrs. Baker was notified. She appeared, and brought with her what appeared to be books of accounts and other papers, and stated that her husband would conduct the proceedings on her behalf. We then called upon her to produce her subscription list and books of account, and to make a statement of the financial matters of the concern as she had promised. Thereupon Mr. Baker objected to her producing the required information at that time, and stated that he wished to put in some evidence in opposition to statements as to Mrs. Baker's character that had been made at a previous meeting, and he failed to put in the financial statement at the proper time.

"They were permitted to introduce witnesses, and afterwards were requested by the committee to produce or make a financial statement. Whereupon they absolutely refused to comply, notwithstanding the committee repeatedly requested Mrs. Baker to make a statement. Each time she obeyed the order of her husband and refused to do so.

"The committee has worked under great disadvantage, as it did not have the authority to call witnesses or power to compel the managers of the institution to produce books showing the receipts and expenditures of the 'Refuge' and other information. Notwithstanding, some information was obtained which will be of considerable benefit to the public, a summary of which has already been published in the daily papers.

"The institution is supported by public subscriptions, but it has no board of control, and the management is responsible to no one. The money is banked in the name of Mrs. Baker. Witnesses testified that at least six paid collectors are employed, and one of the collectors said that in one day in the logging camps over $100 was taken in. Some of the collectors were paid a commission, the usual rate being 25 per cent, and others were paid salaries. As to the total amount collected, or what becomes of the money, the committee could obtain no further information.

"The information as to the work done was incomplete and unsatisfactory. It was shown that four young women and four babes were supported for some time in the Dodge block. These all lived in one room, 12 by 16, which had one folding bed and a cot on which the eight persons were supposed to sleep. The cot was furnished by outside parties. It appeared that they had to furnish their own fuel. After all explanations have been made, the fact remains that the treatment of these young women is enough to condemn the whole management as incompetent, if not cruel.

"It is a private enterprise living off the public, and controlled, not by Mrs. Baker, as the public believed, but by her husband. His spirit dominates the work, and the testimony showed him to be the controlling power. Although engaged in the work of the 'Sacred Refuge,' he bears a name which would unfit him to conduct or even have a voice in the management of such a work. Even the witnesses who defended the institution had not a good word to say of him. While evidence is not lacking to show that he is a bad man, the letter from the chief of police of Ashland was especially damaging to the reputation of the man who is engaged in the work of caring for unfortunate women.

"The committee considered the 'Sacred Refuge' as it is conducted, the character of the management, the methods of collecting money, as unworthy of moral or financial support, and would recommend that the whole matter be referred to the police for immediate and thorough investigation.

"We have done what we could with our limited authority, but if the public is to be protected, something more must be done at once. In the meantime the public will do well to cease further contributions to the institution, and firms will protect the men in logging and mining camps by giving them information concerning the work."

The committee forwarded also to the mayor a copy of the evidence taken by the committee, stating that a fair report of it had already been published in the daily papers.

DR. MITCHELL

Has Taken Hundreds Off From the Crutches in Duluth and Is Doing It Every Day.

Consumption, Cancers, Paralysis, Rheumatism and Hernia Cured ---Marvelous Power.

The crowds of disabled people who daily visit the office of Dr. Mitchell at 17 East Superior street, testify to the fact that his power over disease is little short of miraculous. Had these cures been performed in the days of superstition, the doctor would have been accredited with supernatural abilities. Men are slow to grasp new ideas and new methods, but when the treatment by magnetism shall have become thoroughly understood by all, it will unquestionably work a reform second in importance to none in the history of medicine. This power is something with which but few are gifted, and probably none to so great an extent as Dr. Mitchell. It is like the gift of music or other fine arts, it must remain in the possession of the comparative few.

Dr. Mitchell gives no medicine with these treatments, but simply applies his magnetic healing power which God has given him, and his patients are to be the judges of his good works, and he will stand or fall by his cures. He only asks one thing of the public, and that is to judge him after investigation, for the man who passes judgment without first hearing the evidence bearing upon the subject, must be regarded as a person without philosophy or common sense, for men are but creatures of the day while principles and facts are eternal. He deals only with facts and his principles are good, for he takes no one that he cannot cure or benefit. His charges are much less than those of any other specialist.

None who are suffering should fail to see this great healer. Take no man's word, out go yourself and witness this marvelous power that has brought health and happiness to thousands.

Dr. Mitchell wants you to ask him for names and addresses of people he has cured, he can send you to hundreds of patients whom he has cured; not patients from outlandish localities where no one resides, but in your own city, at your own door.

Dr. Mitchell cures all forms of female complaints without exposure or the use of instruments. He also cures all nervous trouble, rheumatism, neuralgia, stomach troubles, and in fact all diseases and deformities that flesh is heir to.

Office hours daily, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m. Phone 576. Bring this advertisement with you, it will entitle you to consultation free.

THE MINE WORKERS.

Executive Committee Will Meet at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, March 30.—A meeting of the national executive committee of the United Mine Workers will be held here April 8 to consider a number of important questions, among which are the arrangement whereby a strike has been averted in the anthracite region, and the strike situation in the bituminous fields in Arkansas, Kansas and Indian Territory.

PRESIDENT RESIGNS.

Copenhagen, March 30.—At the closing of the rigsdag today, S. Hoegsbro, president of the folkething, announced his resignation.

IS AGAIN WINNER

A. M. Miller Gets Another Decision In Section Thirty Case.

Court of Appeals at St. Louis Finds For Him.

One More Court for the Case To Go To.

Once more has A. M. Miller won in his contest with the Minnesota Iron company for the possession of the "James forty" in section 30, 63-11, and if one more tribunal, the supreme court of the United States, decides in his favor, the land will be his.

The United States circuit court of appeals has handed down decisions in the case of the Germania Iron company against William Craig, Houghton E. James and others and the Midway company against James Belden, and they affirm the lower court and are for the plaintiff. The title of the cases, so far as the real parties at interest are concerned, should be A. M. Miller against the Minnesota Iron company.

This case was fought all through the land office several times and in every instance the Minnesota Iron company was the winner. There were a number of points involved, but the main point all through has been this: Does a decision of the general land commissioner become effective the moment it is made in Washington or after it reaches the local land office, that is, effective as regards the opening of the land involved to entry again? Mr. Miller's contention was that the land was open to entry when the decision reached the local office and not before, while the Minnesota Iron company relied on the opposite contention.

After the fight in the land office was exhausted, it was carried to the courts. The case went before Judge Lochren and he held with the Minnesota Iron company. It was then taken to the United States court of appeals and Judge Sanborn ruled in favor of Mr. Miller. This ruling came up on a demurer and the case then went back for trial. Judge Lochren was then forced to decide in favor of Mr. Miller, although his conviction that his former decision was correct was not shaken. The case was then appealed by the other side to the court of appeals again and now Judge Sanborn has sustained the lower court and decides for Mr. Miller.

The next step will be to take the case to the United States supreme court.

Walter Ayers and P. H. Seymour have conducted the case for Mr. Miller and J. K. Redington, J. H. Chandler and others for the Minnesota Iron company.

DECISION MODIFIED.

Rehearing Is Granted In a Land Case.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary Hitchcock today modified the decision of Land Commissioner Hermann in the case of Isaac Staples against the Hastings & Dakota railway, involving an entry in the Marshall, Minn., land district, and ordered a rehearing.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

TWO SUFFOCATED.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 30.—Mrs. Joseph A. Holland and son Daniel, 11 years old, were suffocated by escaping coal gas today. The woman's husband was overcome, but will recover.

STICK RIGHT TO IT

And Coffee Will "Do You" Good and Brown, If You Are Highly Organized.

It is remarkable how persistently men or women will stick to a drug through thick and thin, even after they become convinced that the drug is slowly killing them.

This is illustrated thousands of times every day. A sample case is that of F. L. Wolford, of Columbus, Ohio, who says that all his life, since a boy, when he began drinking coffee, he has been anything but robust, or even in what might be termed good health. He has tried all sorts of drugs and tonics and consulted many doctors. He quit tobacco, avoided all intoxicating drinks, stopped eating pastry, and took life easy as far as work was concerned, but the same old trouble continued and he couldn't get well.

He stuck to the coffee because, he said, "I could not do without it. The climax came just about a year ago. I went all to pieces with nervous prostration, neurasthenia and insomnia. The physician absolutely demanded that I cease drinking coffee, and put me on Postum Food Coffee.

"I very much disliked to think that I must take something in place of coffee, but to my surprise I found that Postum was so delicious and so exactly like first-class Java coffee in taste, that I got on with it very well.

After a few days I began to notice that I craved Postum as much as I had the old coffee, and the longer I use Postum the more satisfied I become with it, until today I look upon Postum as the 'real thing' and the ordinary coffee as the 'substitute.'

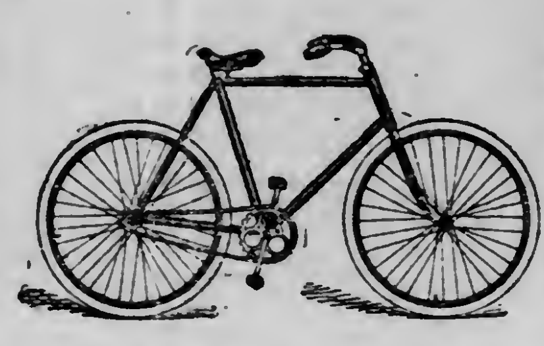
"I would not give one cup of Postum for all the coffee that grows in Central America, not only as a drink, but for what it has done for my health. I have built up again until I am in better health than I ever was, and owe the entire praise to Postum. It is simply a case of leaving off a poison and using a healthful food drink containing powerful elements of nutrition.

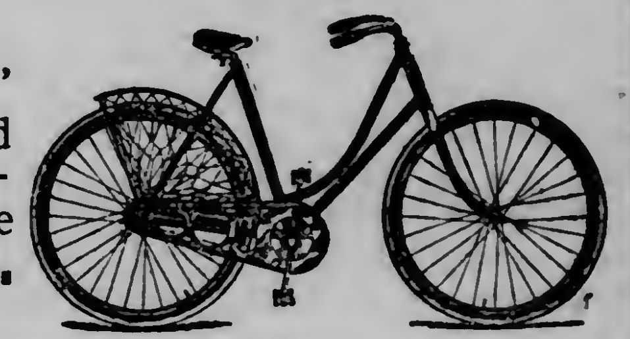
"Many among my own friends have quit coffee and begun using Postum Food Coffee:

"Richard Wilhelm, 823 East Main street, and his wife, both suffered from dyspepsia, but were cured by quitting coffee and using Postum Food Coffee.

"James Neukamp, a grocer on East Fulton street, had liver complaint. He has been greatly benefited by leaving off coffee and taking Postum.

"I can give you the names of a number of others who have either been entirely cured or greatly benefited by the use of Postum."





Take the babies out for a ride and give them plenty of fresh air.

We show a full new spring line of baby carriages, go-carts and stanhopes.

We show 104 styles by actual count. See some samples in our show windows.

Reclining back go-carts; back and foot work independently or together; with or without cushions or parasol,
From $8.00 up.

Go-Carts with removable cushions, rubber tires and sateen parasol. These are the latest thing out and will be all the style this spring.
As low as $6.50

Upholstered baby carriages with parasols, rubber tires and brakes—
As low as $7.00

Folding-Up Carts.
The best thing of its kind made—doubles right up so you can take it on the street car. Prices—
$4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00

Children's Stanhopes.
For the boy who would get in a "girl's cart"—good and strong—made to stand hard usage. Come in and see them. Prices—
$11.50, $14.50 ann $18.50

IMPERIAL WHEELS—"The go-lightly kind"
Our superb line of wheels presents many striking and desirable new features, which are based upon a thorough understanding of the latest requirements of the cycling public. **Cushion Frames — Coaster Brakes.**
COME IN AND SEE THEM.

G. C. STEELE,
226-228 West Superior St., DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Dunlap and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 14 First avenue east.

Eleanor H. Pillsbury has begun suit in district court against Charles B. Pillsbury and others to foreclose a mortgage on lots 5 and 6, block 7, Highland Park addition. John H. Potter is the attorney.

Constant Luoma, of Floodwood, drew a bounty of $7 on a full-grown female timber wolf from the auditor's office this morning.

A contract for a sale of pine lands in this county by the Northern Pacific to William O'Brien for $10,209.15 was filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning. There are 2712.65 acres, and they are located in the following towns: 54-12 and 13; 55-11 and 12; 56-10, 11 and 17; 57-11 and 19; 51-18; 63-16; 64-15, and 6917.

The regular Saturday evening dancing party by the Idlers will occur this evening at Hunter hall. The parties are very popular and largely attended.

The admission to the evening of poetry and song at the First Christian church Tuesday evening will be 10 and 15 cents.

Exquisite creations of fine milliners' art shown first in Duluth at Humes' Easter opening Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

G. Hood Thompson will speak on "Mrs. Carrie Nation and the Press" Tuesday evening at the Bethel. The discussion after the addres will be open to all.

Owing to the large number of personal injury suits that are being filed against the city on account of defective sidewalks, the board of public works, will, in the future, have the street commissioners inspect every foot of sidewalk in the city limits at least once a month.

The following births were reported at the health office this morning: Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Swenson, 3217 Huron street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Tilseth, 2623 Railroad street, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. Ole Anderson, Twenty-fourth avenue west, a boy; Mr. and Mrs. John Strand, 230 Pittsburg avenue, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Knute Larson, 618 Twenty-first avenue west, a girl; Mr. and Mrs. Gust Swanfelt, 2215 West Second street, a boy, and Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson, 812 East Second street, a boy.

George Williams, a vag in police court this morning endeavored to gain sympathy and a suspended sentence by bandaging one hand up as if it had been broken. On taking him back to jail the court officers decided to investigate and found that his hand was not injured in the least. His case was set over till later in the day.

The Sparta mine on the Mesaba range is said to be shipping a few carloads of ore daily to the furnaces at Ashland. Last season the Sparta mine had an output of about 200,000 tons.

PERSONALS.

S. Cohen, of Ashland, was in the city today.

S. E. Bostwick, of Eau Claire, Wis., is a guest of the St. Louis today.

Mr. and Mrs. John Redy, of Ashland, arrived in the city this morning to spend Sunday.

Hugh B. Rogers, of Necedah, Wis., is a guest of the St. Louis.

R. M. Weyerhauser, of the Northern Lumber company, came down from Cloquet this morning.

S. T. Hamilton, of Virginia, is a guest of the Spalding this afternoon.

Frederick Elendorf, representing the Spokane chamber of commerce, was in the city a few hours today on his way to the Twin Cities. Mr. Elendorf is sent out by the chamber to boom the climate and productiveness of the state of Washington, in the effort to secure settlers.

A. L. Horton, of St. Paul, of the Y. & L. Coal company, was a visitor here today.

J. Geary, of Hibbing, was in the city today on his way home from Colorado, where he went to inspect the Big Five mine proposition. Mr. Geary says he is well pleased with his investment and says that preparations to operate on an immense scale are being made.

Mrs. George H. Prudden, after her long illness with the grip, is convalescing.

INJUNCTION REFUSED.

L. R. Martin Can Usu His Tie Mark.

In special term of district court this morning Judge Dibell denied the application of the Coolidge, Bruce, Hall company, of Floodwood, for a temporary injunction restraining L. R. Martin from using certain log markings. It was claimed by the plaintiff that the markings adopted by Mr. Martin were so similar to those of the company, that there would be confusion, and also that Mr. Martin might get some of its logs mixed with his. After hearing the arguments the court refused to grant the motion for an injunction.

STEAMER FOUNDERED.

Hull, March 30.—The local steamer Paris foundered today off the Northumberland coast. A boat with ten of her crew capsized and nine men were drowned.

PRIDE OF RICHMOND

Magnificent Hotel Jefferson Swept Out of Existence.

Fire Totally Destroyed the Million Dollar Structure.

Guests Were Fortunately All Saved Without Serious Accident.

Richmond, Va., March 30.—The Jefferson hotel, the pride of Richmond, was practically swept out of existence by fire today. All that remains of the magnificent structure, which was built and furnished by the late Lewis Ginter, at a cost of over $1,000,000, are the two clock towers and part of the court fronting on Franklin street. The fire was discovered near midnight high up in the Main street portion of the building and was not at first considered serious. The hotel apparatus was brought into play, but the hose burst. The flames spread rapidly and messengers were sent through the building to awaken the guests, many of whom had to be dragged out of bed. There was a general rush toward the Franklin street part. The department worked hurriedly, but under the greatest difficulty, owing to the height of the building. In the Franklin street section, were a number of very valuable pictures and Valentine's marble statue of Jefferson. The statue was saved with the head off and the pictures were gotten out, as were much of the drapery and furniture. All the guests were gotten out safely. Mr. Richards, a traveling man of Danville, Va., was the only guest hurt. He broke his leg falling down a flight of stairs. A Richmond boy named Robertson is missing. It is feared he was caught in the burning building. Several firemen were more or less injured, but none seriously.

The insurance on the building is about $650,000. It is not yet known whether the hotel will be rebuilt. The Jefferson was opened about six years ago, and was one of the finest hostelries in the South. It occupied a full block and was regarded as practically fire-proof. The fire originated in the linen room and it is supposed, from a defective electric wire. All the guests in the Main street part lost their baggage.

No. 121 East Fifth St.

8-room residence, bath, range, water, sewer, cellar, hardwood floors, in good condition; small house in the rear. This property is worth $4000. We can sell it for $2200. Exclusively,

LITTLE & NOLTE.

WEATHER IN APRIL.

Data of Weather Bureau For The Month.

The weather for April, according to the data issued by the local weather office covering a period of thirty years, is a problem containing unlimited possibilities. It ranges all the way from 81 degrees April 29, 1891, the highest temperature of the month, down to 3 degrees April 1, 1881, the lowest temperature, and the records show that on April 26, 1893, there was a snow fall of 6.2 inches. The mean temperature for the month is 38 degrees. The warmest April was that of 1900, which had an average of 45 degrees, and the coldest that of 1874, which had an average of 33 degrees. The average date on which the last "killing" frost occurred in the spring is May 5, so April is not over the danger line, and it will be well not to plant vegetables peculiarly liable to frost damage before that date. The month is rather strong on precipitation. The average for the month is 2.42 inches, and it averages ten days with .01 of an inch or more. The greatest of any April was 5.85 inches in 1894, and the least was .30 of an inch in 1873. The greatest amount in any twenty-four hours was 2.23 inches April 14 and 15, 1886. The average number of clear days is nine, partly cloudy days eleven, cloudy days ten. The prevailing winds are from the northeast and the highest velocity reached was 58 miles from the northeast April 22, 1883.

ONLY ONE.

Senator Young Would Have Names on But One Ticket.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Young today presented a bill to provide that candidates can run on only one ticket. If nominated by more than one party he must elect which nomination he wishes to accept and his name will be placed on the ticket as the candidate of that party. If the candidate himself fails to make a choice, the office with whom his certificate of nomination is to be filed will choose for him and place his name on either ticket. No one can be the candidate of more than one party.

Senator Wilson proposed a constitutional amendment prohibiting the legislature from passing any local or special law authorizing the laying out, vacating or altering of roads, streets or alleys; changing the names of persons, places, lakes or rivers, or granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

The senate committee on taxes will meet Tuesday evening, to consider the gross earnings bill. A hearing will be granted those interested in the measure.

Under the terms of the concurrent resolution to adjourn April 12, Monday will be the last day for the introduction of bills without the consent of the governor. Senator McCarthy, by request, introduced a bill declaring persons who have been convicted three or more times of petty offenses habitual criminals and providing for their incarceration in the reformatory or state's prison for one year or less.

Senator Ives rescued his 80-day session bill from the grave. It had been unanimously voted down in the judiciary committee, but Senator Ives insisted that it should at least be discussed in the senate and he succeeded in having it placed in general orders.

GRATIFYING.

Spokane Man Comments on Immigration to Northwest.

"The movement of settlers into the far Northwest has been indeed gratifying to the business interests in the growing cities of Washington, Oregon and Northern Idaho," said Frederic Elendorf, of the Spokane chamber of commerce, who was in the city today on his way from the Twin Cities to Spokane.

"Of course, some of the people who are now traveling westward are stopping off in the Dakotas and Montana, but a generous percentage is going through to the coast. The chamber of commerce of our city is deeply interested in the plan of settling up the country tributary to the cities. It is not alone for the interests of the city of Spokane, but all others in the Northwest that they are spending time and money to build up. The immense resources of the Northwest are becoming pretty well known through the liberal advertising policy of such organizations as the chamber of commerce and the railroad companies to whose interest it is that the country is settled, and big results are already being shown. We have the climate, the timber, the mineral, the agricultural lands, in fact, everything that can **be an inducement** to people to come there and settle. Our object is not as some would think, to populate the cities so much as it is to get the farmers, the laboring men, those that will develop the immense resources now lying dormant in the country round about the cities. The latter will receive the benefit in the end and the business men realize it. I believe the movement toward Washington, Oregon and Northern Idaho, is heavier this spring than before in many years. Thousands are taking advantage of the homeseekers' rates now given by the railway companies."

Mr. Elendorf spoke in enthusiastic terms of Spokane, Wash., its growing interests and the business men are looking good over the present era of prosperity.

THE BANQUET

Annual Maundy Thursday Event of the Scottish Rite.

Next Thursday the Maundy Thursday banquet of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite will be held at the Spalding. This is an annual event and is one of the most imposing and elaborate events of the year in Masonic circles. It has been an annual feature in Duluth since 1886, and for the past few years has always been held at the Spalding.

At the banquet this year it had been hoped to have Hon. James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, acting sovereign grand commander of the southern jurisdiction, but, much to the disappointment of the Duluth Masons, he has been unable to come. Rufus E. Fleming, grand inspector general of North Dakota, will be here, as will also Roland H. Hartley, of Minneapolis.

The number of guests at the banquet will be about 225. T. W. Hugo will preside as toastmaster, and the toasts will be responded to by the following: Rufus E. Fleming, Page Morris, W. A. McGonagle, J. K. Persons, J. E. Cooley, Roland H. Hartley and F. D. Adams. The last named will respond for the class of 1901 which has just received the degrees.

The "In Memoriam" list this year includes six names that were not there when the banquet was held a year ago. They are: Frank A. Day, George F. Chester, I. E. West, Roulhac Ruffin, W. M. Barker and P. W. Jacobus.

The banquet will be a very handsome affair. The committee on arrangements consists of: S. L. Frazer, chairman; H. G. Gearhart and R. N. Day. John Panton has charge of the decorations.

FATALLY INJURED.

Pittsburg, March 30.—By an explosion of gas at furnace C, of the Edgar Thomson Steel works at Braddock, Pa., today, five men were terribly burned, two fatally. Their names: George Rader, George Hosack, will die; George Coan, Charles Porter, Michael Grannon. The men were plumbers, and the explosion was caused by escaping natural gas from a broken main, igniting from the furnace.

WANT MORE WAGES.

Cleveland, March 30.—The union carpenters of this city will, on Monday, demand an advance in wages of 5 cents an hour from the contractors. If the demand is refused, it is said, a strike will be declared. The men now receive 27½ cents an hour and work eight hours per day. It is claimed two-thirds of the carpenters in the city belong to the union.

WILL STRIKE MONDAY.

Youngstown, Ohio, March 30.—At meetings held this morning the furnace workers rejected the compromise offer of an increase of 10 cents per day made by the blast furnace operators, and will strike Monday for their original demand of a 20 cent increase.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Millinery Opening.

We take pleasure to announce that on Monday, April 1, we are ready to show a large assortment of pattern hats and everything pertaining to a first class millinery establishment at our usual low prices.

MRS. BRANDT,
114 West Fourth Street.

LADIES!

Do you know that Charles A. Stevens & Bros. (111-115 State street, Chicago), have established an agency at 633 Manhattan building, Duluth? Suits made to order, Jackets, Furs, Mackintoshes, also

Suits for Boys, All Sizes.

$ $ $ MAKE YOUR DOLLARS GROW! $ $ $

The question **now** is—
Have you any of the stock of the

LAKE SUPERIOR CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES?

In about a month or a year the question will be—
Have you any stock of the

St. Croix Consolidated Copper Mines?

At the price the stock of the St. Croix Consolidated is now selling you can't afford to lose the opportunity to get a small block.

The company having raised nearly all the money it needs for immediate purposes, will on Monday, April the 8th, raise the price of this stock to 20 cents per share

It is quite probable that no great amount will be offered at this figure, as arrangements are being made to procure all necessary funds from other sources.

Will you allow this opportunity to be placed in the catagory of lost ones?

"There is a tide in the affairs of men which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."

St. Croix Consolidated Copper Mines,
A. C. VOLK & CO. Agents, 202 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
19 to 21 Wisconsin Block, West Superior, Wis.

$ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $

The Anglo-American Copper Mining Company of Parry Sound (Limited)

Offer for sale from its Treasury Stock (par value $1.00) a limited number of shares at 15c PER SHARE

The Anglo-American Company are actively engaged in mining copper ore from their Blanche B mine, located on Wilcox Island.

The ores average from all the tests made over seven per cent copper.

From a smelter test of 700 pounds of ore 65 pounds of refined copper was saved.

The mine is on the same formation as the Wilcox mine.

The company has contracted for a smelter to be in operation by June 1st, with a capacity of 20 tons per day, with a large amount of ore already on the dump ready for the smelter.

The company owns its properties unincumbered and has the smelter provided for, and confidently expect to be shipping refined copper from its smelter in June of the present year.

The reports as to the McGowan and Wilcox mines apply with equal force to the mine of the Anglo-American Copper Company.

For further information call at the office of the Company—**4 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.**

GEN. GASSER NOW.

Governor Van Sant's Staff Almost Completed.

St. Paul, March 30.—Governor Van Sant has almost completed the selection of his official staff. The list is as follows:

Quartermaster general, Sherman S. Smith, Minneapolis.

Surgeon general, Dr. A. A. Ames, Minneapolis.

Commissary general, C. J. Montfort, St. Paul.

Chaplain, Rev. J. S. Montgomery, Minneapolis.

Assistant surgeon general, Dr. Edward H. Whitcomb, St. Paul.

Assistant quartermaster general, E. C. Warner, Minneapolis.

Assistant judge advocate general, Joseph A. Eckstein, New Ulm.

Assistant inspector general, Robert E. Lee, Spring Valley.

Assistant commissary general, M. M. Gasser, Duluth.

Aides de camp, with the rank of colonel: Joseph G. Miller, Two Harbors; E. K. Tarbell, Winona; C. L. West, Austin; John Pengilly, Ely; Albert E. Read, Minneapolis; J. J. Windrum, Minneapolis; Ephraim E. Evans, St. Paul; J. T. Conley, St. Paul; William F. Bergmeier, St. Paul; E. M. Hoover, Little Falls and Paul Gotzain, St. Paul.

Aides de camp, with the rank of major: S. F. McKinley, Park Rapids; J. C. Donovan, Tracy, and Hugh Longstaff, Minneapolis.

One Certainty

Some Duluth People Fully Realize It Now.

WHEN THE BACK ACHES FROM KIDNEY ILLS—WHEN URINARY TROUBLES ANNOY YOU, THERE'S A CERTAIN WAY TO FIND RELIEF—A SURE WAY TO BE CURED—DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL DO IT—DULUTH PEOPLE ENDORSE THIS CLAIM.

Mr. H. Pierson, of 924 Third street east, a carpenter by trade, says: "For two years I was troubled with kidney complaint, and while not severe enough to lay me up, it affected my entire system and I felt generally run down. There was an extreme weakness of the kidneys and the secretions were very irregular. I tried a number of different remedies and took a lot of medicine, but nothing seemed suited to my case. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills very highly recomended and being advised to try them. I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store, corner of Superior street and Second avenue west. I had not taken them long before I was satisfied they were doing me good, so I continued their use and improved rapidly. In a short time they thoroughly relieved me of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

RETALIATE.

Vessel Owners Intimate Developments Concerning Engineers' Strike.

Buffalo, March 30.—The vessel owners of this city claim that unless the striking engineers return to work at the opening of navigation the can bring action in the courts that will result in revoking the licenses held by the engineers. They base their contention on a precedent which they say was established in 1897 during a strike of Mississippi pilots when the solicitor general of the United States decided that their refusal to pilot boats was a conspiracy in restraint of commerce and revoked their licenses.

While the vessel owners do not say definitely that such action will be taken here, they intimate that important developments may be expected soon, that will force a settlement of the strike.

REBUKED JURORS.

Honolulu Judge Taken to Task By Court.

Honolulu, March 23.—A. S. Humphreys, judge of the first circuit court, was before the supreme court on the 21st inst. on mandamus proceedings brought by W. T. Schmidt. Several days ago Schmidt was a juror in a criminal case, and with one other juryman refused to convict the defendant. Judge Humphreys was the presiding judge. He administered a scathing rebuke to the obdurate jurors and excused them from further jury service, and ordered that they forfeit all fees for services. Schmidt asked that the order of the lower court judge be annulled. Judge Humphreys entered a demurrer. The case was taken under advisement.

BIDS ARE OPENED

Proposals For Operating Steam Ferry the Coming Year.

Capt. Burnham, Owning Mayflower, Is Lowest Bidder.

Capt. Flynn's Boat, the Carrington, Is the Favorite.

The board of public works this morning opened bids for the one hundred and seventy-fifth time for the Park Point ferry service. The proposals were received on two propositions, the first for an 18-hour service and the second for a 24-hour service. Capt. C. H. Burnham tendered the lowest bid, offering the Mayflower for $22 a day on the 18-hour schedule and $24 a day on the 24-hour schedule.

Capt. M. J. Ryan was the second lowest bidder. He offered the Estelle for $24 a day on the first schedule and $25 a day on the continuous schedule. He stated that he was having the Estelle thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and that he would also supply an excursion barge having an additional capacity of 150, free of charge. This excursion barge, he said, could be brought into service in cases of emergency.

Capt. Daniel Ackley, one of the owners of the Sarah Smith, presented a bid of $25 a day on the 18-hour schedule and $26 a day for the continuous service. The Sarah Smith was also offered to the city under charter at the rate of $7 a day for one year, the city to pay for all operating expenses and repairs.

Capt. Con O. Flynn offers to sell the steamer Carrington to the city for $3500, or to charter it to the city for one year at the rate of $8 a day. In case the city prefers a straight service bid, Capt. Flynn says that the Carrington can be secured for an 18-hour service at $28 a day and for a 24-hour service at $30 a day.

The board of public works will simply report these bids to the council, and it is expected that the hundred and seventy-fifth settlement of the perplexing ferry problem will be effected next Monday evening.

Members of the board seem inclined to favor the Carrington, regarding it as having a capacity better able to handle the rush of summer traffic. This boat also has pumps that could be used in case of fire along the harbor front.

On any of these bids it would cost practically as much to operate a steam ferry across the canal as it would to operate and purchase the aerial ferry bridge under the recent offer of the American Bridge Building company.

Under the 24-hour service by the Carrington it would cost the city annually $10,800 for the steam ferry service, while it would cost about $10,500 at the maximum limit to operate and pay the $7000 annual installment on the aerial ferry bridge.

Ball Team Organized.

A baseball team was organized last evening at a stag party given by Duffield K. Duncan, at Craggencroft, and the host was elected captain and Leigh Swan manager. It was decided to call the team the Tigers, and brown and white were selected as the colors. Their first game will be played April 13 with the Nelson Dewey high school of Superior, and they challenge any amateur team in the city. The players will be McKenzie, Duncan, Thrall, Deetz, Harrison, Draper, Davis, Seaman, Gilman F. Elston and Swan. All communications should be addressed to Leigh Swan manager, 2016 East Superior street.

ARRAIGNED AND HELD.

New York, March 30.—David L. Short and Morris Meyer, the two men arrested yesterday on a warrant charging them with forgery in the first degree in connection with the will of the millionaire, William Marsh Rice, were arraigned today and held in bail of $5000 each.

PUBLISHED THE PAPER.

Dayton, Ohio, March 30.—The Daily News was published today by the Young Woman's league, an organization made up of Dayton's leading ladies. They took entire charge of the publication and then sold papers on the street. Among the contributors were Vice President Roosevelt, Governor Nash, Cardinal Gibbons and Bishop Potter. The proceeds of the work go to the league's building fund.

"77"

A Cold is usually caused by checked circulation, known by a chill or shiver. Dr. Humphreys' "77" starts the blood coursing through the veins until it reaches the extremities, when the feet warm up and the Cold or Grip is broken, while its tonicity sustains the flagging energies.

COLDS

SUFFERERS FROM PILES AND RECTAL DISEASES

Have Now a Simple But Effectual Cure.

Modern medical science and skill has at last succeeded in producing a remedy which effectually cures that common but extremely annoying trouble, piles.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is the remedy referred to, and repeated and thorough trials of the remedy during the past three years have demonstrated that it is the long-sought-for remedy which can be depended upon as a genuine cure. There are many remedies which give relief, but such relief is only temporary and the trouble soon returns, as bad, or worse than ever. But the Pyramid Pile Cure stands practically alone as a lasting cure. It not only gives immediate relief but the relief is there to stay.

Mr. J. W. Rollins writes briefly and to the point regarding his experience with piles. He says: "I consider the Pyramid Pile Cure without an equal. It cured me in less than thirty days. I waited fifteen days or more to be sure the remedy had fully cured me before writing you. I can now say I am cured, and I shall recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure at every possible opportunity because it deserves it."

We quote from this gentleman's letter to show our readers how promptly the remedy acts, and also that there is no return of the trouble.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is simple and harmless, containing purely vegetable ingredients, and can be used in all cases with perfect safety and with the assurance that a cure will follow. Physicians prescribe it and use it in all cases of piles in preference to the danger and uncertainty of a surgical operation. It cures without pain or inconvenience of any kind.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared by the Pyramid Drug company, of Marshall, Mich., and sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package, making the safest, surest, cheapest pile cure before the public and one you can try with almost certain success.

TO SEE AGGY.

Wife and Mother of the Captive Granted Permission.

Manila, March 30.—The wife and mother of Aguinaldo, who have been living at Binacayan, near Old Cavite, have been granted permission to visit him.

The Spaniard Lorenzo Prieto, who was charged with assisting the insurgents by furnishing information to the insurgent general, Cailles, in exchange for trading privileges, was tried by a military commission, found guilty, and sentenced to death. Gen. MacArthur commuted the sentence to imprisonment for ten years. Prieto was the agent of the firm of Mendezona & Co., and to a certain extent was associated with D. A. Carman, the American contractor, also charged with aiding the Filipinos.

EDUCATORS.

Annual Meeting of North Central Association of Colleges.

Chicago, March 30.—Leading colleges, universities and secondary schools throughout the Central West are represented at the sixth annual meeting of the North Central association of colleges and secondary schools, which is being held here. College presidents and educators were present from ducational institutions in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado.

Following the annual report of President Alton, and the usual committee appointments, a general discussion arose over the reading of a paper by Dean S. A. Forbes of Illinois university, on the question of confederating the colleges and universities of the association. President Alton appointed a committee to consider the desirability of such action and report at today's session. The committee conists of Dean S. A. Forbes of the university of Illinois, Professor Culter of Purdue university, Principal C. G. Ballou of Toledo, President Harper of the university of Chicago, President Staley of the Case school of applied sciences.

Last of the Series.
Flaaten's CONCERT ORCHESTRA.
At the Armory, Sunday Afternoon at 3:00.
E. W. Prophet
Shirley Alexander } Soloists.
Admission, 25c.

OVERWORKED.

President Schaffer of Amalgamated Association Sick.

Pittsburg, March 30.—T. F. Schaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Plate Workers, is reported seriously ill. He is suffering from a general break-down, bordering on nervous prostration, brought on by worry and overwork, and may not be able to take up his duties for some time. President Schaffer has just returned from the East, where he has been closely following the situation ever since the formation of the big steel combination. It is claimed that he was given assurances from a source near to the powers in the trade that the Amalgamated association would receive recognition from the combine.

FIERCE GALES.

Do Much Damage on English Coast.

Fierce gales have been sweeping over the channel coasts, and the over trans-channel services have been maintained with great difficulty. A lifeboat landed the crew of the bark Antarctic, which was in distress off Penzance.

Heavy snow storms have also prevailed, especially in Scotland, where there are drifts eight to twelve feet deep. Snow plows have been requisitioned to open the roads and railroads.

TROUBLE IN CHURCH.

Honolulu, March 23.—Two official statements have been issued by the Very Rev. Alfred Willis, Anglican bishop of Honolulu, charging that Rev. John Osborne, rector of St. Clemen's chapel, has attempted to establish a new sect under the name of the "Episcopal Church at Large." Members of St. Clemen's chapel assert that the bishop has taken this action because they declined to turn over their church property to him unless he made certain concessions which they desired.

MERRILLS IN WASHINGTON.

To Log Fir In Puget Sound Country.

Tacoma, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thomas D. Merrill, of Duluth, is one of the incorporators of the Thomas Merrill Logging and Lumber company which has just been organized to do business in Chehalis county, where the company has large tracts of fir. The capital is $200,000, and among the incorporators are Thomas Merrill, of Saginaw, Mich.; R. D. Merrill, of Hoquian; Maurice McMicken, of Seattle, and Thomas D. Merrill, of Duluth.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

A Great Copper Stock!

First experimental shipments of ore from the "McGowan" Mine to the Orford Copper Co. of New Jersey, within three months after commencement of exploration work with only 30 men. How will it be with larger crews and with Smelting and Refining works within easier reach? And this is one of the properties owned by the Parry Sound Copper Mining Co., whose stock is on sale by

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
112 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, JUNE 13, 1899.

THE ORFORD COPPER COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY,
IN ACCOUNT WITH
PARRY SOUND COPPER MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

DATE	COPPER	CAR NO.	WEIGHT	H 20 %	DRY WEIGHT	ASSAY CU.	LBS. COPPER
June 8	Copper	15634	52376	.65	52036	16.275	8469
" 9	"	15432	53471	1.09	52888	17.195	9094
			105847		104924		$175 63

Copper Contents 17,563 lbs. at 16 7-8 cents		$2963 75
DR. TO		
Smelting Toll, $3.50 per ton of 2,000 lbs. on 105847 lbs	$ 185 23	
Refining charge of 2 Cents lbs. on 17563 lb., fine	351 26	
Freight paid on Car 15934	130 50	
Freight paid on Car 15432	134 07	
Balance due you	2162 69	
	$2963 75	$2963 75
Check enclosed. Balance		$2162 69

THE ORFORD COPPER COMPANY,
IN ACCOUNT WITH
PARRY SOUND COPPER MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

DATE	MATERIAL	CAR NO.	WEIGHT	H 20 %	DRY WEIGHT	ASSAY CU.	LBS. COPPER
June 13	Copper	52706	51194	.34	51020	13.915	7099
" 14	"	25839	40996	.25	40894	15.27	6245
" 16	"	25536	40903	.62	40649	16.19	6581
" 17	"	46000	48057	.82	47663	15.48	7378
			181150				27303

Copper Contents 27303 lbs. at 16 7-8 cents		$4607 38
DR. TO		
Freight paid on Car 52706	$ 129 30	
Freight paid on Car 25839	126 30	
Freight paid on Car 25536	126 30	
Freight paid on Car 46000	126 30	
Smelting Charge $3.50 per ton on 181150 lbs	317 01	
Refining Charge of 2 Cents lb. on 27303 lb., fine	546 06	
Balance due you	3236 11	
	$ 4607 38	$4607 38
Check enclosed. Balance		$3236 11

THE DAKOTAS.

Murder and Suicide By Farmer Segerlin Near Devil's Lake.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devil's Lake—Emil Segerlin, a well-to-do farmer, living eight miles northeast of town, killed his three children and stabbed himself to death today at about 1 o'clock. He went to the barn accompanied by his little daughters, Della, aged 7, and Lilly, aged 5. As he did not come to dinner his eldest daughter, Esther, aged 9, was sent to call him. It is thought that before she reached the barn her father had killed Della and Lilly, and immediately killed her. Esther was a strong girl and evidently offered resistance as she was stabbed in several places and horribly mutilated. Both the other children were killed with a knife. Emil Segerlin was sent to the insane asylum about ten years ago, but was soon allowed to return home apparently fully recovered. He was a hard working man, well thought of and in excellent financial condition. There is no doubt but that he was insane when he committed the crime.

Grand Forks—C. T. Kittridge, chief train dispatcher on the Great Northern road at this point and one of the best known railroad men in he Northwest, died Friday afternoon. The remains will be taken to Milwaukee tomorrow evening for interment.

Jamestown—Governor White has appointed Attorney John Knauf, of this city, asylum trustee to succeed Harry Cornwall, of Eldridge, resigned.

Rev. V. D. Poole, a recent graduate of the Wessington, S. D., seminary, has been appointed pastor of the Free Methodist church here, succeeding Rev. H. A. Spicer, who leaves for Edmunds.

Fargo—Late Monday evening R. D. McLeod, a well known contractor, had an attack of heart trouble while walking on the street and fell into a shallow pool of water. He was suffocated before his condition was discovered. He leaves a large family of sons.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—W. G. Porter, assistant United States attorney for South Dakota, has filed an appeal in the case of the United States vs. James A. Ricketr, county treasurer of Roberts county, which was instituted to test the right of county authorities to tax improvements upon lands allotted to Indians by the government and personal property of Indians who have taken their allotments..

This city will at once become the headquarters of the mercy and help department of the Epworth league. Rev. W. H. Jordan, of the First Methodist church, of this city, who returned from attending the annual meeting of the national congress of Epworth league workers, which was held at Delaware, Ohio, brought this news.

Deadwood—Two hoys, Braley Sheppherd and Gus Schultz have suddenly disapperaed, taking with them a valuable saddle horse belonging to William H. Ward, who is the foster father of Sheppherd, and a saddle belonging to T. E. Crawford. The horse is valued at $50. It is supposed the boys have gone to Wyoming and Mr. Ward expects to follow them and hopes to regain the stolen property. Schultz is a hack driver of Deadwood.

Aberdeen—The city election occurs on Thursday, April 16. The Prohibitionists are organizing quietly but systematically and intend to made a hard fight against license. The general city officers are not elected this spring, simply an alderman and a member of the board of education from each ward, also one member of the board of education at large.

Pierre—Troop B of the First squadron of the South Dakota State Guard, was organized with forty-three men. Samuel Logan was selected captain;; Will Notmeyer, first lieutenant, and W. P. Oldfield, second lieutenant. The civil organization is: Judson Dann, chairman; R. O. Burton, secretary, and E. P. Farr, treasurer. Adjt. Gen. Conklin reports militia companies ready to organize in Mitchell, Sioux Falls and Eureka. Capt. Logan, of this city, will in a few days be appointed recruiting officer of the state guard.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

IN MICHIGAN.

Splendid Library Site Deeded Marquette By Mary Longyear.

Marquette—The announcement was made Friday that Mary H. Longyear had deeded the city two lots on Front street, two blocks from the business center, to be used for a site for the new library to be built this year. This gift was in addition to the donation of a third of the adjoining lot for the same purpose a couple of months ago and the city now has a frontage of 150 and 190 feet for library purposes. The land being worth some $25,000, it is proposed to put at least an equal amount into the new library. The sum of $18,000 is available, $15,000 being the gift of three citizens, and other gifts are expected to make up the balance. The building will be the finest library structure north of the Straits and one of the finest in Michigan.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Sault Ste. Marie News, of which Charles S. Osborne has been the proprietor and publisher for the last fourteen years, was Friday afternoon sold to a corporation that will be known as the Sault Ste. Marie News-Record company. The plants of the News and Record will be merged. The News is the oldest paper in Chippewa county and has always been Republican. Two months ago Mr. Osborne started the first daily paper here, an afternoon publication. The new paper is named the Sault News-Record and will be a stalwart Republican morning paper.

Ironwood—The coming season in Ironwood will bring to the mind of the oldest inhabitant the boom days of the '80s. Among the new buildings already assured are the Carnegie public labrary to cost $15,000; a $20,000 business block, the Haehnle brewery to cost $25,000, and the probability of a new and commodious theater. Larger hotel accommodations have become imperative and an annex is to be built to the St. James to meet the demand. The telephone system is to be entirely rebuilt and enlarged, while the street railway will be extended five miles east from its present terminus to Bessemer, west two miles from Gile to the Montreal mine, and north of this city three miles to the falls of the Montreal river, where elaborate plans for an amusement resort will be perfected. The new library building will be built of stone, with the best of finishing material, and will be devoted entirely to the purpose for which it is erected.

REDUCTION.

London, March 30.—The board regulating the Scottish manufactured iron trade wages have decided that there was a decline in the selling prices in January and February which equals 10 per cent reduction in wages. The reduction begins Monday next.

STEAMER LAUNCHED.

Stettin, March 30.—The twin screw steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm, of 15,000 tons, eblonging to the North German Lloyd Steamship company, was launched here this morning in the presence of Crown Prince Frederick William.

WHIRLING SPRAY

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 330 Times Bdg., New York.

The Modern Samaritans.

Home Office, Duluth, Minn.

C. E. LOVETT, President. JOHN CHRISTIE, Secretary.

Organized June 29, 1897.
Commenced Business July 1, 1897.
Attorney to Accept Service in Minnesota: INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

Net assets, Dec. 31, previous year	$ 4,108 82

Income During 1900.

Dues for expenses	$ 2,417 45
Mortuary and reserve assessments	11,658 75
Membership and examiners' fees	2,423 50
Total paid by members	$16,499 70
From all other sources	2,155 21
Total income	$18,654 91

Disbursements During 1900.

Death claims paid	$ 5,830 68
Total paid to members	$ 5,830 68
Commissions, salaries and expenses of agents and organizers	3,449 77
Salaries of officers, employes and examiners' fees	682 50
All other disbursements	4,628 44
Total disbursements	$14,591 39
Excess of income over disbursements	4,063 52

Assets.

Value of bonds owned	$ 1,546 60
Cash in office and in bank	7,412 34
Total admitted assets	$ 8,958 94
Assets not admitted	($282 17)

Liabilities (None).

Balance to protect contracts	$8,958 94

Exhibit of Certificates or Policies, Business of 1900.

	Business in Minnesota. Number.	Amount.
In force Dec 31 (beginning of year)	1,504	2,604,100 00
Written during the year	1,731	2,604,100 00
Total	3,235	$4,913,900 00
Ceased during the year	199	291,500 00
In force Dec 31 (end of year)	3,036	$4,622,100 00
Claims incurred during the year	5	5,831 00
Total	5	5,831 00
Claims settled during the year	5	5,831 00
Amount collected during year	$11,658 75	

State of Minnesota, Department of Insurance.

St. Paul, March 15, 1901.

Whereas, The Modern Samaritans, a corporation organized under the laws of Minnesota, has fully complied with the requirements of the laws of this state, relating to co-operative or assessment insurance.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the above named society to transact its appropriate business of co-operative or assessment life insurance in the state of Minnesota, according to the laws thereof, until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1902, unless said authority be revoked or otherwise legally terminated prior thereto.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office at St. Paul, this first day of February, A. D. 1901.

ELMER H. DEARTH,
Insurance Commissioner.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-30-April 6-13-1901.

Take
Hood's
Sarsaparilla
and Pills

They Cure
Spring Humors, *Spring Fever,*
Spring Pimples, *Spring Tired Feeling,*
Spring Loss of Appetite, *Spring Biliousness,*
Spring Weakness, *Spring Catarrh,*
Spring Headache, *Spring Nervousness.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills are the greatest and best Spring Cleansers. They brush away the cobwebs in the chambers of the body and brain, make the blood rich and pure, invigorate the liver, give a clear, healthy complexion, good appetite, perfect digestion, sweet sleep, sound health.

For your SPRING MEDICINE, get the best—HOOD'S, and have the whole family begin to use Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills today.

In medicinal merit, in wonderful cures, in enormous sales, they are unequalled.

CAPITAL GOSSIP

Jacobson's Great Victory on the Gross Earnings Tax.

Younger Parole Bill Has Finally Passed Both Houses.

But It May Not Result In Release of Youngers.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Stockell says the curse of the American republic is partisan politics and he will welcome any change in the primary election laws that will do away with party conventions. On the other hand a number of senators have been opposing the primary elections bill now pending in the senate for the sole reason that it would prevent the holding of party conventions for the enunciation of party principles and would possibly lead to the disruption of political parties. One senator suggested that the enactment of such a law would interfere with proper representative government, although the clear purpose of the measure is to give the people a better chance to express their preferences and thereby bring the people and their public servants closer together.

* * *

The gross earnings tax victory is probably one of the greatest Jacobson has yet won during his legislative experience. He had shrewd opponents at other times, but at no time has he met with a better managed fight than this which was under the very able leadership of Mr. Laybourn, of Duluth. And nobody appreciates that fact better than does the member from Lac qui Parle county. He was forced to use his utmost endeavors to make things go his way, and it was only after some tall hustling among the members that he secured enough votes to call up his bill and have it made a special order, for after that was done the victory was his. Many members were perfectly willing to vote against him on any preliminary stage of the contest, but when it came to a direct vote for or against the gross earnings increase their nerve failed them and they fell into line with the Scandinavian member from the western part of the state. And yet the waiting for the tax commission to report on the same bill and its passage during the extra session next winter would not have delayed the final enactment of the increased gross earnings tax in the least. The next general election does not come until November, 1902, and the special session will have adjourned eight months before that date.

* * *

The Jacobson bill was reported to the senate by the chief clerk of the house late yesterday afternoon and at once referred to the taxes committee with instructions to report it back in time to make it a special order for next Thursday when the senators hope to be able to dispose of it more promptly than they have done with many other measures. The fact that a general election is due before any of them can again pose as statesmen will have more or less effect on many of the same senators who aided in throttling the gross earnings increase and other like bills in the past.

* * *

The Younger parole bill has finally passed both houses, the senate making no changes in it from the way it passed the house and it is understood that the governor will approve the law. However, the Youngers are now said to be still unable to get out. Under the provisions of the law it is necessary to secure the written consent of all the members of the pardon board before the prison managers can parole the Youngers. The managers are understood to be ready and willing to issue such a parole but there seems to be good authority for the statement that Chief Justice Start will not agree to any such action, being opposed to letting the Youngers out on any conditions. If this proves to be the case they will have to stay in for some years longer, as the chief justice has now served but three months of his six-year term and will be in their way for some years to come.

* * *

The judiciary committees of the two houses are not of the same mind as the attorney general, and the result will be an appropriation for roads and bridges in the various counties. Under the opinion of the attorney general all the bills introduced early in the session for such improvements were quietly killed, but the committee on roads and bridges explained to members when this last committee opinion on the law was announced that if they were given a statement of the amounts wanted in the various counties, an omnibus bill would be introduced and pushed to give each its proper share of the internal improvement fund. So the old scramble will be on just the same and many a bridge will get a coat of new paint and various roads will be scraped or otherwise slightly improved as a result of this committee opinion.

* * *

There have been 670 bills thus far introduced into the house, of which number 520 have been returned from the committees to the house with some sort of report, leaving but a little more than 100 measures now in the house committees. This is a somewhat unusual record and one to be proud of. The senate, however, is not so well up with its business and the long-drawn-out discussion of the primary elections bill had not tended to a thorough clearing up of the business.

* * *

Senator Underleak is the author of a bill to make the state institutions help each other while helping their inmates. He proposes to establish an interchange of products made or raised by the various institutions, the surplus of one institution going to other in exchange, but the sale of such articles in any market is not prohibited.

RINDERPEST.

Every Precaution to Prevent Its Introduction In America.

Washington, March 30.—On account of the reported existence of rinderpest in the Philippine islands, Secretary Wilson sometime ago recommended to the secretary of war that such action be taken as might be necessary to prevent the introduction of the contagion into the Hawaiian islands and the United States by animals brought on government transports. He also requested the secretary of the treasury to direct that special precautions be taken on the Pacific coast to prevent the landing of susceptible animals without their being turned over to the department of agriculture for quarantine, under the supervision of the bureau of animal industry. Secretary Wilson has received replies from Secretary Root and Secretary Gage informing him that the desired instructions have been issued.

Rinderpest is the great cattle plague of Oriental countries, which has frequently swept over Europe, destroying nearly all bovine animals, and has attracted special attention during the past two or three years by its ravages in Africa, where in many sections is destroyed from 90 to 95 per cent of all the cattle.

Although inoculation at last has been so far efficacious as somewhat to reduce the losses from the disease, it still remains one of the most fatal diseases to cattle.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Boston Globe: A Boston clergyman in praising conjugal fidelity referred eloquently to the fact that Adam had but one Eve. But it is doubtful if Adam deserves any special credit for this, seeing that there was no other Eve on earth at the time.

Chicago Tribune: The Oshkosh clergyman who contends there is no personal devil is disposed to insist that the burden of proof is on the other preachers. "Which of you," he argues, "has ever met him? He might have been alive 1900 years ago, possibly, but who knows he is now? Trot him out." It is no sin, we trust, to hope the Oshkosh preacher may be right.

New York Sun: The Methodist preachers who, at a meeting last Sunday blamed the newspapers for the present "meagerness" of the contributions of money to missions for the propagation of Christianity in "heathen lands," sought to shift the responsibility from facts to the reports of facts. Actually the falling off in these contributions is due to proceedings in China which newspapers could not conceal without faithlessness to their public duty. Undoubtedly during the last year the religious fervor upon which such missions depend for their support has received the greatest chill it has ever felt since the organized Protestant movement for the conversion of the "heathen" was begun. Of all religious meetings the most enthusiastic formerly were the misionary meetings, at which crowded congregations burst forth with Heber's famous missionary hymn:

> Shall we whose souls are lighted
> With wisdom from on high;
> Shall we to men benighted
> The lamp of life deny?
> Salvation, O salvation
> The joyful sound proclaim,
> Till each remotest nation
> Has learnt Messiah's name.

Then there was no "meagerness" in the contributions, and it was beyond the power of any newspaper to chill the spirit which sang:

> Waft, waft, ye winds, His story,
> And you, ye waters, roll,
> Till, like a sea of glory,
> It spreads from pole to pole.

When now people read of terrible vengeance wreaked on the Chinamen by armies of Christendom, of outrage and looting and of beheadings at the demand of Christian states, they are disposed to question whether, after all, it is the "lamp of life" which is carried to "men benighted" in the most famous of the missionary fields. The reports, it is true, are printed by newspapers, but they are reports of facts.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Pulling both ways makes progress neither.

You cannot purify the tenant by painting the house.

Not all reverent men are wise, but every wise man is reverent.

It is a common error to try to plant blossoms instead of seeds.

It adds nothing to the piety of the parrot that it has learned to pray.

They who agonize when they pray do not seem to suffer when they pay.

Some Christians break up the Rock of Ages to fling the pieces at one another.

Perhaps the reason the preacher is the better man is that he wears his Sunday clothes all the week.

HILL RETAINED.

Will Present Arguments In Molineux Case.

New York, March 30.—District Attorney Philbin said last night that ex-Senator David B. Hill had been retained by him to present the arguments for the prosecution when the Molineux case is laid before the court of appeals. The court of appeals will meet in Buffalo in June, and the case will be argued there.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

AT DULUTH CHURCHES

Tomorrow Is Palm Sunday---Holy Week Program at Cathedral---Service of Song at Second Presbyterian.

Holy week at the cathedral will be observed with the usual elaborate ceremonies. The office of tenebrae will be chanted by the clergy on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday afternoon and evening confessions will be heard. Holy communion will be distributed on Thursday morning at 7:30 o'clock.

Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, Right Rev. James McGolrick will celebrate pontificial mass, assisted by Rev. C. V. Gamache, as assistant priest; Rev. F. S. Kosmerl and Rev. James F. Greene, as deasons of honor; Rev. A. Leuret as deacon of the mass, and Rev. John W. Smiers as sub-deacons of the mass. The bearers of the oils will be Rev. Alfred Meyer, O. S. B., Rev. John Feehely and Rev. Francis Hufnagel. Rev. T. Corbett will act as first and Rev. James Hogan as second master of ceremonies. In the evening Rev. James Greene will deliver the sermon. During the mass the bishop will consecrate the oils to be used in the administration of the sacraments of baptism, confirmation and holy orders. After mass there will be the solemn procession of the blessed sacrament to the repository, which the faithful will visit during the afternoon and evening.

Friday morning at 9 o'clock the bishop will celebrate the mass presanctified, assisted by the same priests. There will be the singing of the "Passion" by three priests. The veneration of the cross and the solemn procession of the blessed sacrament from the repository to the altar. In the evening Rev. Alfred Meyer, O. S. B., will deliver the sermon.

Saturday morning at 7 o'clock there will be the blessing of the new fire, paschal candle, Easter water and high mass.

Easter Sunday there will be solemn high mass at 10:30 a. m. Bishop McGolrick will deliver the sermon. The choir will sing a special mass, assisted by Flaaten's orchestra. In the evening there will be solemn vespers and a special musical program. Rev. Charles Cannon, O. S. B., will deliver the sermon.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. W. C. Manson, pastor, will conduct morning service at 10:30; communion and reception of members; Sunday school at 12 noon, L. P. Carter, superintendent; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m., Miss Eda Schaller, leader; service of song at 7:45 p. m., the program being as follows:

Hymn—"All Hail the Power of Jesus Name" ....
Congregation.
Invocation ....
Hymn—"He Leadeth Me" ....
Congregation.
Hymn—"Tell It Again" ....
Bethany Mission.
Authem—"Praise the Lord" ....
Choir.
Hymn—"The Soldiers of the King" ....
Boys' brigade.
Prayer ....
Duet ....
Misses Morton.
Bible reading ....
Duet and chorus—"Have Faith in God"
Misses McLennan and McInnes.
Hymn—"The Open Gate" ....
Junior choir.
Solo—"Just for Today" ....
Miss McInnes.
Sermon—Subject, "The Happy People" ....
Solo—"Abide With Me," new song, words and music by Rev. A. C. Manson
Hymn—"One More Day's Work for Jesus" ....
Congregation.
Benediction ....

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long, will preach. Morning subject, "A Lesson Before the American Association of Masters and Pilots;" evening subject, "The Triumphant Entry." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ prelude—"Andante Cantabile" .... Jordan
Organist's Improvisation ....
Requested solo ....
Mr. Hamaker.
"Offertory" .... Lefebure Wely
Mrs. Grace Senior Brearly.
Mixed quartet—"Gently Lead Us" .... Wolvin
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, Miss Florence Dyer, David G. Black and Francis E. Woodward.
Postlude—"March" .... Th. Salome
EVENING.
Organ prelude—"Andante," from "Fifth Sonata" .... Gustav Merkel
Organist's Improvisation ....
Chorus—"Jehovah, Great Jehova" .... Pflinger
Offertory—"Communion, E Flat" .... Ed Basiste
Mrs. Grace Senior Brearly.
Mixed quartet—"Hear Thy Children" .... Foster
First M. E. Church quartet.
Special solo ....
By Master Shirley Alexander.
Postlude .... Clark
Francis E. Woodward, musical director.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Religious Awakening." In the evening he will preach on "The Last Beatitude." The musical programs for the day will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ prelude—"The Tear" .. Rubenstein
Anthem—"Jerusalem" .... Henry Parker
Quartet.
Response—"Wait On the Lord" .... Rogers
Quartet.
Offertory—"Spring Song" .. Mendelssohn
Solo—"The Lord Is My Light" .. Allitsen
Miss Grace Giles.
Hymn anthem—"The Palms" ..... Faure
Quartet.
"Organ Postlude" .... Clark
EVENING.
Organ prelude—"Reverie" .... Wely
Anthem—"Benedictus in B Flat" .... C. B. Hawley
Quartet.
Offertory—"Serenade" .... Raff
Solo—"The Way of Peace" ....
Mr. Cleland.
Hymn anthem—"Soft the Dews of Evening Fall" .... Adolf Frey
Quartet.
Organ postlude—Selected ....

The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, contralto; Will Cleland, tenor; C. H. Giddings, baritone; Miss Grace Giles, special soloist, and Miss Florence Clement, organist.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on, "The Suffering Redeemer," and in the evening on, "Sorrow Unto Death and Sorrow Unto Life."

ANEMIA

is little red in the blood.

The red in the blood is the oxygen-carrier. Better to breath with half of one lung than not have enough red in the blood.

The blood is full of digested food; but it can't build muscle and nerve and bone without oxygen.

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil puts red in the blood: the oxygen-carrier. It is like building a railroad into a famine-stricken country.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

During the week preceding Easter at Pilgrim Congregational church, there will be special religious services every evening but Saturday. The pastor, Rev. Alexander Milne, will preach. His subjects will be as follows:

Monday—"The Removal of Hindrances."
Tuesday—"The Deceitfulness of Sin."
Wednesday—"Putting On the Whole Armor of God."
Thursday—"Christ's Love for the Young."
Friday—"The Sign of the Cross."

The music in Pilgrim Congregational church for Sunday will be as follows:

MORNING.
Organ prelude—Selected ....
Response—"The Lord's Prayer" .. Shepherd
Choir.
Anthem—"Fear Ye Not O Israel"—Spicker
Solos by Miss Hector, Mr. Gearhart.
Choir.
Offertory .... Batiste
Organ.
Solo—"There is an Hour of Hallowed Peace" .... Chenery
Mrs. Barrymore.
Duet—"The Crucifix" .... Faure
Gal 2 Churches omieSwgts.dP hSl
[illegible]
Mr. Tyler, Mr. Gearhart.
Postlude—Gloria from 12th mass .. Mozart
EVENING.
Organ prelude—Selected ....
Anthem—"The Palms" .... Faure
Solo by Mr. Gearhart.
Offertory—Selected ....
Organ.
Anthem—Consider and Hear Me" . Pfluger
Solo by Miss Hector.
Postlude—Selected ....

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach in the morning on "One Solution to the Enigma of Life."

At the 5 o'clock vesper service, Mr. White will speak on "The Bible and the Source of Authority in Religion." The music will be as follows:

Prelude—"The Palms" .... Faure
Mr. Flaaten, violin; Mr. Kritchmar, clarionet; Mr. Hoelscher, flute; Mr. Erickson, cornet; Miss Simonds, piano.
"Adagio," from "Sonate Pathetique" .... Beethoven
Mr. Flaaten's quartet and Miss Simonds.
Offertory—"Serenade" .... Schubert
Mr. Flaaten's quartet and Miss Simonds.
Vocal solo—"Fear Ye Not, Oh Israel" .... Dudley Buck
David G. Black.
Postlude—Selected ....
Mr. Flaaten's quartet and Miss Simonds.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Legacy From the Crop." Evening subject, "The Voice Heard in the Streets."

* * *

At St. Paul's church tomorrow, which is Palm Sunday, there will be services as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon by Dr. Ryan, who will take as his text, "Not This Man, But Barrabas;" 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan, on "The First Palm Sunday." The Story of the Cross" will be sung at both services. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.
Processional—"Ride On In Majesty" .... Stainer
Chanted—"Venite" ....
"Benedicite" .... Matthews
Chanted—"Benedictus" .... Matthews
Litany Hymn—"Sweet the Moments" .... Monk
"Story of the Cross" .... Ellithorpe
Solos, Mrs. Burt Holcomb, C. D. Shepard.
Anthem—"The Palms" .... Faure
Roy Prytz and choir.
Recessional—"Glory Be to Jesus" . German
EVENING.
Processional—"Ride On In Majesty" ..
Chanted—"Psalter and Canticles" .....
Hymn—"All Glory, Laud and Honor" .... German
"Story of the Cross" .... Ellithorpe
Orison—"O Thou, Who Through This Holy Week" .... Brown
Recessional—"Glory Be to Jesus" . German
A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

* * *

The services at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church on Sabath morning at 10:45 o'clock, will e an oservance of the Lord's Supper. Sabbath school at 12 m. The afternoon service at 4:30 p. m. will be for the children. Special music will be given at these services. Rev. R. A. Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the First Christian church Sunday morning at 10:30, Rev. M. B. Ainsworth's subject will be "An Interesting Conference." In the evening at 7:30, his subject will be "Purifying Agencies." Sunday schol at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

Evangelist L. R. Williamson will address the Y. M. C. A. men's meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock on the subject "The Greatest Thing In the World." T. W. Harris will sing.

* * *

Rev. John W Powell, Jr., will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church Sunday morning on "The Silences of Christ" and in the evening on "As He Thinketh." A special program of music will be given.

* * *

At Morley Congregational church, corner Nineteenth avenue and First street east, the regular services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.. The morning subject will be, "Who Leads us?" The evening topic will be "God's Gifts to Men." Rev. J. H. B. Smith, pastor.

* * *

In Grace M. E. church Sunday morning, there will be preaching by the pastor on "An Incident In the Passion of Christ," a Palm Sunday sermon, and in the evening, on "Elisha's She-bears, and a Tragedy of Modern Streets." Prelude, "A Night With the Slum Angels."

* * *

At St John's English Lutheran church, corner Third avenue and Lake avenue, there will be service Sunday as follows: At 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; passion week service every evening next week at 8 p. m., by Pastor D. W. Michael.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be services at 10:45 a. m., subject, "Unreality." Christian Science reading room, No. 409 Burrows building, open daily, except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

* * *

At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Evangelist L. R. Williamson will speak at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. T. W. Harris, gospel singer, of Chicago; Miss Frances McGiffert and quartet will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m., Charles F. Robel, superintendent. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 3 p. m. Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At the Bethel branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evangelist John Callahan will speak at 7:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. At 3 o'clock p. m. the Mission conference will close with a union service. Sunday schol at 12 noon.

* * *

At the Methodist church on Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Rev. John A. Anderson will preach, both morning and evening at the usual time. Sunday school at 12.

* * *

There will be services tomorrow at the Baptist church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12. Being review Sunday, special arrangements with songs and music has been arranged.

* * *

Services at Hope church as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. subject of the morning sermon: "Practical Lessons of Christ's Entry Into Jerusalem." Junior society meets at 2 p. m. sharp. On Sunday evening there will be no services on account of the union meeting at the Evangelican church at West Superior, corner of John and Fourteenth street.

* * *

Rev. Albert Johanson will conduct both morning and evening service, special music by a choir of thirty voices. The Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 5 p. m.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

ULCERS

TO HEAL ULCERS QUICKLY
Apply the Wonderful Armenian Ointment
NAFTALAN

Dr. George Leiser, the Eminent Surgeon of Berlin, writes:—
"NAFTALAN is to be recommended in the treatment of infected wounds and ulcers of all kinds. I was particularly pleased with its action on wounds produced by BURNS."

Equally eminent physicians the world over prescribe it for Eczema, Rheumatism, Mumps, Piles, Frost Bites and Skin Blemishes.

USED BY FIRE DEPARTMENTS
AND IN FOUNDRIES AND FACTORIES.
PUT UP IN 50c AND $1.00 BOXES.

If your druggist doesn't keep it order direct from FORT WAYNE DRUG CO., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Sole Agents for the United States.

LABOR WORLD

Municipal Employment Bureau Is Preparing to Start Work.

Labor meetings next week are:

Stone Masons' union, Monday, in the Burrows block.
Tugmen's association, Monday, in Kalamazoo block.
Carpenters' union, Tuesday, in the Kalamazoo block.
Cigarmakers' union, Wednesday, at 21 East Superior street.
Electrical Workers, Thursday, Kalamazoo block.
Building Trades' council, Friday, Kalamazoo block.
Marine Engineers, Friday night, in Hunter block.

* * *

The municipal employment bureau, in which organized labor has taken such an interest, has finally organized and started out on its work without a cent in the treasury. W. E. Magner was elected president of the bureau, and Henry Dworschak, of the Typographical union, secretary. Mr. Dworschak will communicate with the Superior bureau, which has been in existence for more than a year, with a view to secure important information relative to the maintenance of the bureau.

* * *

On Tuesday evening the Barbers' union held a meeting in Hunter's hall and discussed ways and means for strengthening the union. It was announced that there were only six shops in town displaying the union card.

* * *

A. G. Bainbridge, of Minneapolis, has been working efficiently with the boss painters and painters during the week, and as a result there is likely to be an adjustment of the differences existing between the union and the boss painters. Only half the painters in town are members of the union, as a result of the trouble last spring, but with a speedy settlement of differences in sight, the union is expected to grow stronger.

* * *

Ed Prophet, of the Typographical union, will be the leading soloist at tomorrow afternoon's Armory concert.

* * *

Frank Willett, of the Freight Handlers' union, has been laid up with the grip.

* * *

The Waiters' union held a very enjoyable social last Thursday evening in the Kalamazoo block. Cards, refreshments and dancing were enjoyed by a large number of members and friends.

* * *

It is proposed to unite the offices of financial secretary and treasurer of the Federated Trades' assembly at the next election.

LABOR NOTES.

Minneapolis Servant Girls' union is thriving.

The railways in this country support about 4,000,000 persons and their families.

Before the war the mines in South Africa gave work to between 60,000 and 70,000 men.

All the conductors of the Brookfield, Mass., trolley line have been appointed special officers.

The British government has spent $880,000 buying supplies in Canada for its army in South Africa.

New York is to have the first Chinese newspaper published in the United States east of the Pacific slope.

A telegram of twelve words is sent to any part in New Zealand by simply affixing to it a 6d stamp—12 cents.

Dresden is to have, in 1903, a "city exhibition," at which all German towns of over 25,000 inhabitants are to be represented.

The Carpenters' and Joiners' union of America has 68,000 active workers in its membership and a reserve fund of more than $1,000,000.

In Scotland all licensed premises, except hotels, are closed Sundays, and one must be at least technically "a traveler" before he can obtain liquor.

One woman to every ten men worked for wages fifty years ago, but now the ratio is one to four. If the increase continues for fifty years more, what will the men be doing?

The total number of copies of newspapers printed throughout the world in one year is estimated at 12,000,000,000. To print these requires 781,260 tons of paper. The oldest newspaper is said to be the Kin-Pau, of Pekin, which has been published continually for over 1000 years.

For some time the corporation of Glasgow has taken comparatively small sums of money on deposit, and the experiment has worked well. Emboldened by the success, the progressive element of the city council proposed that banking should be added to the municipal undertakings.

In the face of all the theories of political parties, their platforms and their mighty struggles, the only progress that has been made in the improvement of the condition of the working people has been brought about solely and alone by the trade union movement, says Samuel Gompers.

When the British Federation entered upon its existence it was composed of forty-four unions with an aggregate membership of 343,000. During the twelve months that have elapsed, seventeen unions, with 52,609 members, have been recruited and two unions with 17,880 members have been excluded. Thus it appears that the federation on its first birthday consisted of fifty-nine unions, embracing 377,729 members.

The traveler in China who pays from 1 to 3 cents per day to a number of coolies to tote him several hundreds of miles across the desert, pays an extravagant price for the transit, as compared with the man who boards a limited train in New York city for San Francisco, which is operated by an engineer, fireman, conductor and brakemen, whose salaries range from $75 to $150 per month.

In the windowless basement room of an old mansion near the national capitol in Washington is mounted the most delicate pair of scales in the United States. They are part of the equipment of the treasury department's bureau of weights and measures which is attached to the coast survey. So delicate are these scales that they will weigh accurately a ten-millionth part of a gram. They are so sensitive that the warmth given off by the body of a person approaching them near enough to open the glass case or to shift the weights, would expand the balance arms and produce an appreciable error in the results. Therefore they have been so constructed that they may be operated at a distance of twenty feet. The readings are made through a small telescope.

The farmers of New Zealand have organized a co-operative union, which has grown into almost the dimensions of a department store—including groceries, tools, machinery, dry goods, medicines, harness, bakery, etc. Their store covers nearly half a block. As a sample of what this union has done for them I might mention that bread, which formerly sold for 4 cents pound, has been reduced by the union to 2½ cents. On this, and all other business, there is a handsome profit, the shareholders receiving a return of about 5 per cent on all bills purchased, and an additional dividend of 8 per cent on their stock. The farmers last year organized a co-operative bacon factory, which has resulted in giving them better prices for their hogs without the necessity of slaughtering them at home. They even get their meat for their own use slaughtered and cured at the factory, and few farmers' wives now bake their own bread. The unskilled laborer is sure of work and a much better wage scale than in any country I have ever seen, but one cannot recommend skilled laborers, clerks, typewriters, teachers, etc., to come.

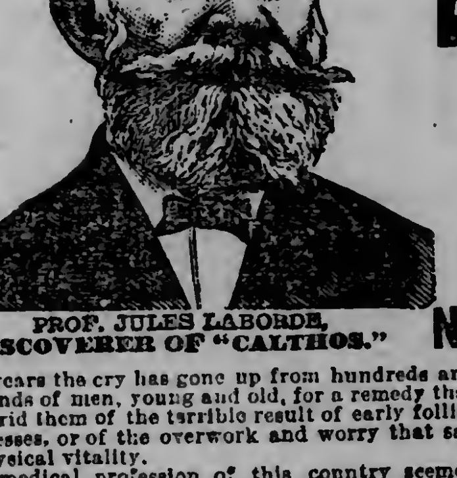
CAST-IRON PLOWS.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Cast-iron plows were first made in this country in 1797, and were greatly objected to from the belief that the cast-iron poisoned the ground and prevented the plants from growing.

MEN; BE STRONG!

You Can Be Cured of
NERVOUS DEBILITY
and LOST MANHOOD
BY
"CALTHOS"

Full 5 Days Treatment
ABSOLUTELY FREE
By Sealed Mail.


PROF. JULES LABORDE,
DISCOVERER OF "CALTHOS."

NO C. O. D. OR DEPOSIT SCHEME.

For years the cry has gone up from hundreds and thousands of men, young and old, for a remedy that would rid them of the terrible result of early follies or excesses, or of the overwork and worry that sap the physical vitality.

The medical profession of this country seemed powerless to cope with the appalling and disastrous diseases and annoying weaknesses of men resulting from violation of Nature's laws.

PROF. LABORDE'S WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

It remained for the eminent French authority, Prof. Jules Laborde, to conduct scientific inquiry into the cause and cure of Lost Vitality, Sexual Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Epilepsy, Impotency, Small Parts, and the world today acknowledges the supremacy of the wonderful remedy "CALTHOS."

The Von Mohl Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, recognizing the commercial value of Prof. Laborde's discovery, secured the sole American rights for "CALTHOS," and through its agency thousands of men who suffered from sexual diseases and enfeebling nervous maladies have been restored to health and the virile powers of perfect manhood.

THE VON MOHL CO'S. REMARKABLE OFFER.

We are now authorized, by The Von Mohl Company, to announce that every man who sends simply his name and address will be supplied absolutely free by sealed mail, with five-days full treatment of "CALTHOS." This is no C. O. D. or Deposit Scheme, and there is positively no condition attached to the offer. You need not give humiliating details regarding your trouble. You need not send one cent of money—not even a postage stamp. All The Von Mohl Company desires is that you give the remedy a fair and thorough trial, and they are willing to stand all the expense connected with the trial to prove the faith in its merits.

POWER OF "CALTHOS" PROVED.

The first day you take the treatment you will be benefited. The second day you will feel an improvement. The third day you will note an increase of strength. The fourth day will show a gain both mentally and physically. The fifth day you will feel like a new man. If you suffer from any form of Nervous Decline and Sexual Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Impotency, Small Parts, Night Sweats, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, Confusion of Ideas, and Loss of Memory, you can positively be cured by "CALTHOS," but if the disease has progressed to the stage marked by the symptoms of Epilepsy, Consumption or Insanity, we cannot promise complete recovery.

PROMPT ACTION IMPORTANT.

As you value your health, your happiness, your very life, do not delay beginning treatment. The Von Mohl Company has thousands of testimonials on file from persons who have taken the treatment, showing its marvelous restorative power.

The Company does not publish testimonials, and your correspondence is sacredly confidential.

Many who take only the five-days free treatment write that they are entirely cured.

For the sake of your family and friends, as well as for your own best interests, write to The Von Mohl Company for the free treatment by mail, in plain sealed package, at once.

The Von Mohl Co., 753 B, Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States. Cincinnati, O.

Easter Opening

At Panton & White's

Introducing the new spring fashions,

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY.

IF there ever existed any doubt as to the store that deserves to be classed as the leader of fashions—the introducer of new ideas—the retailer of the richest, finest, most exclusive novelties in every phase of dry goods retailing—the undisputed leader of styles—the unchampioned maker of lowest prices in the Zenith City, the Glass Block is now amply ready to dispel the doubt. The elaborately planned Easter Opening occurs Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. This wonderful exhibition of the choicest wares, the most bewitching styles and fascinating fashions of the day, is a momentous event worthy of crowds befitting the elaborate preparations. It forecasts styles to be studiously observed and worn by fashion followers this spring and summer—it reflects all the brilliant achievements of every noted designer in the world—it brings to you at this period of festivity the freshest, newest, tastiest millinery, cloths, wraps, suits, skirts, footwear, neckwear, and every article of apparel for womankind. In it we excel every past undertaking—we overshadow every similar event yet held in this community—we emphatically prove that for style leadership, high grade goods, exclusive style pre-eminence, variety and price lowness we are chief at the Head of the Lakes. Easter ushers in the spring, and we are certainly doing the lion's share in this bewildering aggregation of the world's choicest merchandise to which every man, woman and child in Duluth and surrounding country, regardless of race, color or financial standing is most cordially invited to attend.

Rich Display of Fashion's Pronounced Favorites in Tailor Made Garments.

BOTH "masses" and "classes" demand new costumes, bonnets and other dress accessories for Easter—and we have figured on a wonderful call for fine goods this season. Our Easter costumes are full of style and exclusiveness. Every garment made by men tailors. When you walk out of the store you have the consciousness of knowing that the fit is perfect. Our system of alteration is reduced to a science. We alter the garment in every necessary particular so that it will be eminently becoming to you. Our alterations are executed by help of the widest experience. You will not be disappointed if you order your suit here.

Princess Suits in all the new exquisite effects. Jacket of princess suit is made Eton style with dip front, and short in back and over hips. It is daintily trimmed with velvet to match material. Skirt is princess effect trimmed to match jacket. Some have deep flounce and drop skirt. They come in a variety of the finest weaves shown for the prices. The prices of these goods range upward from ---------- $29.50

Blouse Suits in many styles—many fabrics—all gorgeously trimmed—extremely well finished—they come in brown, gray homespun, blue and black—some silk lined with deep flounce skirts—they are exclusive in style—few of a kind—and positively unequalled anywhere for $37.50, $25.00, $18.00 down to ---------- $12.50

Eton Suits in the daintiest, tastiest of styles—the smartest fashions of the minute—they come in the newest shades of brown, green, blue, red, gray and black—exquisitely trimmed with gold, velvet and braid. Some of the skirts are made with seven gores and flare effect—others with the deep flounce and drop skirt. Here is positively the widest, most desirable range of styles and prices in the city. Prices are $65.00, $24.50, $19.50, $18.00 and ---------- $12.50

Postilion Suits in several, new, beautiful, clever styles; no two alike. These Suits are similar to Eton, only Jackets are made with postilion back. It's a very catchy, popular line. The prices are $18.50, $19.50, $25.00 to ---------- $45.00

Dress Skirts Charmingly attractive; correct in drape, hang and shape—elegant taffeta silk—made of fine tosca net—trimmed with chenille and steel beads forming a square—three dainty ruffles of liberty silk encircling bottom of skirt—made with separate drop skirt of silk. Price ---------- $47.50

Dress Skirts Made of Black Taffeta—a perfect dream; foundation taffeta silk applique with tosca net and pattern edged with chenille. Bows of chiffon ruffles around skirt—fine silk drop skirt. The price at the Glass Block is only ---------- $39.50

Dress Skirts Choice taffeta silk. Some tucked and pleated all over. The daintiest exquisite work and effects. Others appliqued with net and silk chenille with several rows of chiffon and silk ruffles. Full drop skirt. This is the most exquisite assortment of very fine skirts that has ever been shown at the head of the lakes. Prices $12.50, $18.00, $24.50, $20.50, $35.00 and up to ---------- $47.50

Wool Dress Skirts Some of these skirts are imported direct from Paris, the center of all style. The makers bear the best of reputations. Nearly all flounce skirts are made with the new drop skirt. Some beautifully trimmed—others rich plain tailored. They come in every new, desirable dress fabric. The prices range from $34.00 down to $19.50, $15.00, $12.50 and ---------- $7.50

Rainy Weather Walking Skirts new and elegant, the correct hang, shape—made of fabrics that will hold their shape and retain their graceful lines—flare and flounce effects—several rows of tucks—twenty rows of tailor stitching. Wonderful skirts for ---------- $6.75

Silk Eton Jackets New silk Eton jackets in black peau de soie---that leather surface silk so fine and desirable—large flaring collars of white silk and tinsel—very swell effects ---------- $13.50

JACKETS—New silk Eton jackets—fancy braided—very nobby ---------- $6.50

VELVET ETON JACKETS—In black, green and blue trimmed and finished in a manner that makes them at once swell, stylish and attractive. Price ---------- $13.50

Raglan Coats 30-in long; in gray and brown, half lined; swell and swagger; nothing handsomer, richer or more popular on the market than these coats. They must be seen to be appreciated. The price at Glass Block is ---------- $11.50

Raglan Coats Forty inches in length; very handsome; fine grade of material; right kind of trimmings; the best of tailoring; the assortment was never more complete; these coats cannot be equalled elsewhere at $14.98 up

Raglan Coats in extreme lengths; some with raglan sleeves; others without the raglan sleeve; the colors are tan, gray, and black; the extreme low prices of these coats are what will attract you; at $14.50 to ---- $35.00

Misses' Jackets in all the new creations; black, blue, gray, red, brown and tan, elegantly tailored and finished; fashionable fabrics; sizes 16 to 19 years; we have an elaborate assortment at $5 to ---------- $12.50

Children's and Misses' Box Coats, Reefers and Jackets in everything that is new; blue, red, brown, tan and gray are the colors to be worn this season; the prices at the Glass Block are $2.98 to ---------- $7.50

Silk Petticoats Exquisite patterns—rich effects; exact copies of foreign models; gorgeously trimmed; artistically fashioned and embellished with laces and ruffles; richest to be had for $22.50, $25 and ---------- $27.50

Picturesque Easter Hat Beauty.

THIS millinery department presents a fascinating, brilliant scene. It is aglow with color and beauty. Fancy straws and braids and diaphanous fabrics, exquisite materials, delicate tissues in which bleached hair and silk unite to form scintillant, shimmering fabrics which excel spun glass in their sheer delicacy---threads of color of the delicate tones---gilt or silver interwoven with the colorless horsehair---chiffon laces---beautiful flowers---have been deftly woven into creations of the most bewitching kinds. It is a representative Panton & White showing---unmatched as to beauty---prodigal in variety---irresistible as to price. Economy with supreme elegance---the creations of the most expert and costly Parisian skill. An array of picturesque hat beauty unrivalled west of Chicago. We invite you all to our opening. Every visitor to our millinery rooms will be presented with a handsome little volume treating exclusively of Parisian millinery. It shows the leading designs, taken from life, by the great Parisian modistes. Executed under the personal direction of Felix Fournery, Paris. Photographs by Du Guy, Paris.

We Are Making Neckwear By Hand.

It's a new feature, introduced of course by the Glass Bloock. Mlle. Ulmonier, formerly with the Louvre, Paris, makes a specialty of elegant hand made neckwear. Leave your orders now for your Easter outfit.

Gloves Finish the Easter Outfit.

FRESH new spring gloves—new in color—new in the matter of stitching—new in every feature---the best grades imported direct from the homes of the great glove centers of the world. You will pronounce the new shades "just too lovely." This spring is going to be a "color season," and in this opening exhibition we forecast the latest correct shades. Our gloves are guaranteed---they are made by makers whose names are guarantees of excellence. There are La Camille gloves at 69c; Elite at 89c; Ireland Bros. Suede gloves at $1.00; Marlborough at $1.00; La Tour Pique at $1.25; Dent's Suede, Le Clairon real kid, and Fownes Dagmar at $1.50; Centemeri black suede at $1.75; Trefousse La Favorite at $1.75; and Fownes' La Toscas at $2.00 a pair. You cannot fail to get a glove to match or harmonize with your Easter Costume and at just the price you want to pay, too.

OUR Ready Made Neckwear Department teems with Easter elegance. There are corded ties in every color at 25c; Windsor ties in all the patterns, all the colors, at 25c; a tremendous variety Automobile ties---every color and combination, 39c to $1.69; silk and chiffon ties, finest foreign hand workmanship, 98c to $1.98. A very special thing in a soft hand made chiffon collar and bow, 69c; all ties suitable to be worn with the finest gowns and the loveliest Parisisian hat. We have beautiful collars in lace, chiffon, batiste---hand made---combinations of chiffon and lace with just enough gold to give it a tone, etc., etc., prices from 69c to $5.00. A large line of ruffs from $1.48 to $10.00.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

A number of the young society men have been arranging a subscription cotillion, to be given at the Spalding April 10, but there is some doubt as to whether it will be given. They anticipated that there would be much interest in the affair, from the fact that large parties have been very scarce during the past season. Thus far, however, the subscriptions have not been coming in very rapidly, and unless they are in by Monday next the party will be declared off.

* * *

The last artists' recital of the Matinee musicale will be given next Monday at 4 o'clock. The Philharmonic trio, Mrs. Schmied, Mrs. Erd and Mr. Bradbury have arranged a very artistic program, and will be assisted by Maud Ulmer-Jones, of Minneapolis, who has a very fine soprano voice. The program is as follows:

Trio—G minor ....Rubinstein
Moderato ....
Adagio ....
Moderato ....
Mrs Erd, Mrs. Schmied, Mr. Bradbury.
"Inel Ruseilletto" (Seventeenth century) ....Paradies
An Old German Love Song.............. ....Meyer-Helmund
"The Lass With the Delicate Air".... ....Dr. Arne
"My Mother Bids Me Bind My Hair".. ....Haydn
Maud Ulmer-Jones.
a. Trio from Op 51................Jadassohn
Romanga ....
Allegro gragioso ....
b. Slavonic Dance ....Dvorak
"Love is Lord of You and Me"..Max Wiel
(With violin obligato.)
"Serenade" —(Allo obligato)........Thayer
"Doris" ....Nevin
"Summer" ....Channinade
Maud Ulmer-Jones.
a. Andantino ....Renleske
b. Bolero ....Fernandez-Arbos
Mrs. Erd, Mrs. Schmied and Mr. Bradbury.

* * *

The meeting of the executive board of the Twentieth Century club, which was to have been held last Monday morning, was prevented by the storm, and will be held Monday next, at 10 a. m.

The final program meeting of the year will be held Monday evening, and it promises to be one of more than ordinary interest. The subject to be discussed is one that has agitated the women's clubs of the whole country, and is one of the most perplexing problems with which they have ever had to deal. It is, "Shall colored clubs be admitted to membership in the General Federation?" Mrs. J. L. Washburn will be the leader. She was present both at the state and general meetings where this subject was discussed, and will give a review of the discussion at those meetings. After that there will be a general discussion of the matter. The meeting is open to all interested, and everyone having any ideas on the subject is at liberty to express them.

The full program for the week is as follows:

Monday—At 10 a. m., meeting of the executive board. At 8 p. m., program meeting. Subject, "Shall colored clubs be admitted to the General Federation?" Leader, Mrs. J. L. Washburn.

Tuesday—At 8 p. m., class in calisthenics and bowling, at Sixth Avenue theater, Professor Alletzhaeuser, teacher.

Wednesday—At 2 p. m., English literature class, Mrs. S. R. Wentworth, leader. At 3:30 p. m., class in current events, Mrs. James McCahill, leader.

* * *

Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald, who has been visiting at Minneapolis for several weeks, returned home today.

* * *

A number of Duluth people have been registered at the Hotel Ormond, in Ormond, Fla., during the past few days. Among them are: Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayers, child and nurse; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton, Miss Alice Peyton, Mrs. F. E. Searle, Miss Esther Searle, Mrs. H. Roberts and Miss Roberts.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Bowers have returned from an extended visit in Guelph, Ont.

* * *

Mrs. T. F. Whiteside, of 419 Nineteenth avenue east, has returned from a three weeks' visit with relatives in Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. B. E. Baker and children have returned from a trip in the South. They were accompanied from Chicago by Mr. Baker.

* * *

Capt. Alexander Wood and Mrs. Kate Robb, of Philadelphia, were married March 4 at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. William Thomson, of Mount Vernon street, in Philadelphia. The bride is a sister of Capt. Wood's former wife, who died about two years ago. Capt. and Mrs. Wood have returned to Duluth and are residing at 1727 East Superior street.

* * *

Miss Lottie Scott has returned to her home in Minneapolis after a week's visit with friends in this city.

* * *

Mrs. S. H. Boyer, of 219 Second avenue east, is visiting in the Twin Cities.

* * *

The Misses Clara and Louise Meining, of 217 Second avenue east, are entertaining Mrs. Henry Meining, of Minneapolis.

* * *

The Knights of Pythias, of West Duluth, gave a very sucessful progressive cinch party to their friends in Odd Fellows' hall on Thursday evening.

* * *

Mrs. Ray T. Lewis left yesterday to spend a month in St. Louis with friends.

* * *

The engagement of Miss Vera Enes, of St. Paul, and Carl A. Eggert, of Duluth, is announced.

* * *

Mrs. S. R. Payne and Miss Payne have returned from an Eastern trip.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Routh have gone to Florida for the benefit of Dr. Routh's health.

* * *

Miss Lillian Oppel left for Tower yesterday afternoon to spend Easter with relatives.

* * *

The second concert of the Beethoven club will be given next Wednesday evening at the Pilgrim church. The club will be assisted by Mrs. Cecille Berrgman, soprano; Miss Clara Hector, contralto; George Tyler tenor; E. W. Prophet, baritone. The program is as follows:

Quartet for strings, op. 18, No. 1.Beethoven
Allegro con brio.........................
Adagio affettuoso ed appassionato ...
Scherzo ....
Allegro ....
Fred G. Bradbury, J. H. Flaaten, I. N. Sodahl and Gaston Borch.
Arabian love songs........Gerard Tonning
A song cycle for four solo voices.
Mrs. Berryman, Miss Hector, Mr. Tyler and Mr. Prophet.
Quartet for piano, violin, viola and 'cello ....August Bungert
Allegro con brio.........................
Adagio con moto ....
Poco Agitato ....
Allegro giocoso ....
Gerard Tonning, Fred G. Bradbury, I. N. Sodahl and Gaston Borch.

* * *

Mrs. C. J. Tufte has gone to Battle Creek, Mich, for a brief visit.

* * *

A supper and Easter sale will be given by the ladies of Morley church next Tuesday evening.

* * *

Rev. John Mason Duncan left for New York Thursday, to be gone for two weeks.

* * *

Daily rehearsals are now in progress for the opera, "The Grand Duchess of Gerolstein," which is to be given at the Lyceum for the benefit of St. James' orphanage on Monday evening, April 15. The opera itself is one of Offenbach's best works, tuneful, pleasing, interesting, not too difficult, and its success in France and Germany as well as America was one of the most pronounced in the age. It has been given here by professional companies, but never in its entirety, and with the interest, diligence and amount of hard work put in by those participating, it can be said that the production of this opera will not be inferior to any given here by travelling companies. It has been cast with a view to fitness for the different roles, and includes Duluth's best talent, all of the principals being well known and popular, and the chorus also numbers among its members many of the city's best voices. The cast of characters and members of the chorus in full are as follows:

The Grand Duchess of Gerolstein...... .... Miss Clara Hector
Wanda, a peasant girl.. Miss Rena Smith
Fritz, a private in the Grand Duchess' army........................ Cyril Tyler
Prince Paul, in the matrimonial market .... Roy Prytz
Baron Puck, the Grand Duchess' preceptor .... Harry Howell
Nepomuc, aid-de-camp..Charles McClure
Gen. Boum-Boum, commander-in-chief of the Grand Duchess' army........ .... Franz Schultz

MAIDS OF HONOR.

Inez .... Mrs. Edward Kreimer
Olga .... Miss Mabel Wallace
Amelia .... Miss Katherine Voss
Charlotte .... Miss Minnie Schultz

VIVANDIERS.

Mrs. J. L. Henderson,
Miss Louise Lyons,
Miss Mary Kieren,
Miss Eva Thennes,
Miss Rose Roth,
Miss Jennie St. Arnard.

The chorus is as follows:

SOPRANOS.

Mrs. E. Kreimer,
Mrs. J. L. Henderson,
Miss Rose Roth,
Miss E. Powers,
Miss E. Thennes,
Miss Pauline Schultz,
Miss Magdelene Eischen,
Miss May Kieren.
Miss Mabel Wallace,
Miss Jennie St. Arnard,
Miss Mary Polski,
Miss Therese Sheegreen,
Miss Louise Lyons,
Miss Kate Peffer,
Miss Maude Batte,
Miss Margaret Howell.

CONTRALTOS.

Miss Agness Polski,
Miss Jennie Kempinsky,
Miss Katherine Voss,
Miss Florence Sheehan.
Miss Minnie Schultz,
Miss Mary St. Arnard,
Miss Glennie Gould.

TENORS.

William Rydberg,
Edward Kreimer,
Harold E. Pierce,
John Lauermann,

BASSES.

E. O. Olund.
Jake Machowski,
Joseph Kreimer,
Harry Butts,
Joseph Polski,
Joseph Roth,
Jacob Pulaski,

Musical director, Otto Muehlbaur.

* * *

There will be a full ensemble rehearsal for "The Grand Duchess" tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in Kalamazoo hall.

* * *

The final Flaaten concert of the season will be given at the Armory tomorrow afternoon. The season has been a fine one, and the Duluth public has reason to be thankful to the orchestra for entertaining them with very delightful programs throughout the winter. Tomorrow's program will be made up of numbers that have been requested. Master Shirley Alexander will sing a solo number as will also E. W. Prophet, one of the city's very best baritones. The program is as follows:

Overture—"Maritana," .... Wallace
a. "Chanson sans Paroles"..Tschaikowsky
b. Intermezzo from ballet "Naila".Delibes
Soprano solo—"Hosanna" ....Granier
Master Shirley Alexander.
Fantasia—"Vision of Dream"........Dorn
(Dedicated to J. H. Flaaten.)
a. Landler—"Grandma" .... Langer
b. "Children's Patrol" ....Gillet
String Orchestra.
Baritone solo—
a. Scene and aria from "Il Trovatore" ....Verdi
b. "I Love You, Dear Heart,".Swanson
E. W. Prophet.
Grand selection from "Robert, the Devil," ....Meyerbeer
Caprice heroique—"Awakening of the Lion" .... Kontsky

* * *

There are often seen in the same family a perfectly well person, another who is perfectly lean, and perhaps another who is over-fat. The reason for this is that the housewife, in arranging her daily bills of fare, does not keep in mind the proper amount of nitrogen and carbon needed for each member of the family, as all do not require the same amount. The man who works outdoors or takes long walks needs a greater amount of food than one who sits quietly in an office. Anyone who is busy indoors and out needs a greater amount of carbon than one who is not.

Few ladies understand the science of

cookery, and fewer still have the time to devote to the study so as to know what amount of nitrogen and carbon the different foods contain. Mrs. Rorer, who is very well known in Duluth, has spent years upon this study and is thoroughly posted upon these subjects. She is to give a course of eight lectures in the lecture room of the Methodist church, commencing April 8. Both from a hygienical and an economical view, this is a privilege offered the ladies of Duluth.

The program is as follows:

Monday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Our Children, how to Feed Them for Health." Demonstration: Cereals and fruits.

Tuesday, 2:30 p. m.—"Our Infants, how to Care for and Feed Them." Demonstration: Modified milk and milk foods in general. Desserts for older children.

Wednesday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Soups. Our Daily Bills of Fare. How to Arrange all Sorts of Meals."

Thursday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Vegetable Cookery. Macaroni. Stuffed Cabbage. Lentils. Rice."

Friday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Fish Cookery. Creamed in Shells. Egyptian Methods. Salt Fish. Kedgeree."

Saturday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Simple Desserts. Almond Pudding. Hamburg Creams. Plain Nut Charlotte."

EVENING LECTURES.

Tuesday, 8 p. m.—"The Chafing Dish and How to Use It."

Friday, 8 p. m.—"Breakfasts. Demonstration: Light Dishes for this Meal."

* * *

At the regular meeting of the McGolrick club last Tuesday evening, Scripture was read by Miss Kinney and explained by the bishop. Mrs. Surge gave a lengthy paper on "The Prisons of Rome." Miss Shannon read a fine paper on "The Hospitals of the 'Eternal City.'" Miss Stringer closed the evening's entertainment with an interesting article on Leonardo de Vinci's picture of "The Last Supper." The program for next week will be in charge of Mrs. Fider and will be as follows:

Scripture ....Mrs. McDonald
"Pope Pious IX"...........Mrs. Shields
"Leo XIII"..................Mrs. Fider
Current events...........Miss Schneider

* * *

The Chautauqua circle will meet on Tuesday evening of the coming week instead of Monday and the meeting will be held at the First Methodist church. The program is as follows:

"Grecian History," chapter 11 to page 187........ ....
Robert P. Shannon.
"Homer to Theocritus," chapter 9..
Miss Zimmerman.
"Human Nature Club," chapters 4 and 5...... ....
Miss Dickey.
"Russian Current Events"..........
C. E. Shannon.
Reading...... ....
Miss Davis.

* * *

Professor G. A. Talbert, of the high school, left yesterday to spend the spring vacation at Beaver Dam, Wis.

* * *

Hugh McInnis left this afternoon to spend the spring vacation with relatives at St. Cloud.

* * *

Mrs. M. J. Foran was pleasantly surprised at her home Thursday evening, 607 Garfield avenue, in honor of her birth day. About twenty-five or thirty of her friends were there and she was presented with a beautiful silver butter dish. The evening was spent with games, cards, singing and music.

* * *

A pretty home wedding was solemnized last Saturday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Longtin, the bride being Miss Lizzie Hart and the groom, Harry Longtin. Rev. F. E. Loomis performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by only a few of the intimate friends of the couple, including Mrs. Mark Calvert, of Wright, a sister of the bride. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served and Mr. and Mrs. Longtin left for their future home in Winton, Minn.

* * *

On Thursday evening, April 11, the Duluth lodge, No. 569, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, will give its third annual ball in the Armory. Arrangements have been made to make the affair a very large and brilliant one. The committees are as follows:

Arrangements—F. C. Bahr, R. J. Kelly, R. T. Purves, Theodore Harris and John Brown.

Reception—W. Harris, J. H. Hall, William Bickford, L. C. McCoy, F. W. Brewer, J. W. Bahr, J. J. Chamberlain, C. D. Graves, R. J. Broderick, Pete McHugh, G. B. Malott, C. A. Burton, T. E. Pillon, H. Breason, William Call, J. M. Sweeney, George Stanley.

Floor—F. B. Thomas, J. L. Henderson, J. J. Meighan, J. E. Code, Aubrey Brewer, Ed Kiley, A. W. Waldren, George Morton, John Grimes, J. T. Hughes, W. Gettrell.

Ladies' reception—Mrs. F. C. Bahr, Mrs. R. T. Purves, Mrs. Theodore Harris, Mrs. F. W. Brewer, Mrs. R. J. Broderick, Mrs. W. Harris, Mrs. Peter McHugh, Mrs. M. Cheesman, Mrs. H. B. Cowan, Mrs. W. P. Kennedy, Mrs. S. A. Temple, Mrs. M. B. Colahan, Mrs. John Brown, Mrs. Charles Purdy.

* * *

Miss Pearl McDonald is visiting in Minneapolis for a few days.

* * *

Miss Eva Porter, of the Jackson school, is spending a week at Mankato.

* * *

Miss Bertha Beinhorn, of the Jackson school, is visiting her parents in New Ulm, Minn., for a week.

Retiring from Business!

MRS. FRANKLIN PAINE 106 W. Superior Street.

Entire Stock of Fine Needle and Decorated Art AT YOUR OWN PRICES.

Choose what you will and offer what you consider its worth. This will prove an opportune time to secure Easter Gifts.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE.

* * *

Miss E. Whitney and Miss Murphy, of the Jackson school, left today for a week's visit at their homes in Winona, Minn.

* * *

Mrs. W. R. McKag and Mrs. W. J. Nelson, of West Duluth, left on Thursday for a short visit in Port Elgin, Ont.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wade, of West Duluth, are entertaining Mrs. McCarthy, of Two Harbors.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gray, of West Duluth, are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Dodge, of Milwaukee, Wis.

* * *

On Friday evening last Mr. and Mrs. J. Kimerer, of Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street, entertained a number of their friends in honor of their daughter, Miss Maude. One of the features of the evening was a "baby contest" in which Miss Edna Stevenson caried off "The Smiling Cherub" as head prize and Alf Gillon "The O'Hoolihan Twins" as the consolation. Those present were:

Mesdames—
R. J. Gillon,
Irene Cooke.
J. H. O'Brien,
Jennie Smith.
Misses—
Edna Stevenson,
Otillie Briggs,
Josie Lightheart,
Maude Dardis,
Ella Phillips,
Madeline Blake,
Lillian Oppel,
Nellie Elder,
Hopkins, of Superior;
Daley Oppel.
Messrs.—
Ruben Johnson,
Geroge Stevenson,
Maynard Boyce,
Joe Miller,
John Helder,
Franklin Stevenson,
William Miller,
Ronald McKenzie,
Sherman O'Brien,
John Ledingham,
Edward O'Brien.

* * *

B. A. Shuman left on Tuesday for a visit at Wichita, Kan., his old home, before leaving the country for Argentine republic, South America, where he will institute the Y. M. C. A. work in that country. Mrs. Shuman has been visiting at Hastings and will leave with him.

* * *

Mrs. John Schreiber has returned from a two months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Booton, of St. Paul, and Mrs. L. McLaughlin, of Milwaukee, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. J. D. Jewett left this week for a short visit in the Twin Cities.

Miss Maud French, of Oneota, is visiting her sister in Wahpeton, N. D.

* * *

A pleasant cinch party was given last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Duclos, of Eleventh avenue west, for the members of the Degree of Honor, Zenith lodge, No. 99. The head prize was won by Mr. Warner and the foot prizes by Mrs. Hunt and George Duclose.

* * *

A pretty wedding was solemnized on Wednesday evening at the Swedish Baptist church at Nineteenth avenue west. The bridal couple were Miss Tilda Soderberg and John Berquist. The ceremony was performed by Rev. K. A. Lundia in the presence of a large number of friends. After the ceremony the bride and groom were congratulated in a number of speeches. Mr. and Mrs. Berquist will be at home at No. 2 Vernon street, West Park.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Oppel was pleasantly surprised on Tuesday night by some of the ladies of the Duluth lodge, No. 110, Degree of Honor, who presented their past chief of honor with a splendid pin as a token of their esteem and appreciation of her work in the past three years as chief of honor.

* * *

Those who were not able to attend "A Scrap of Paper," the comedy that was given at the Unitarian church last week for two nights, will be interested to hear that the play will be repeated at the same place on Tuesday evening of next week. The play as presented has scored such a success that a large number of those who have heard of it but were unable to attend have prevailed upon the actors to repeat the play, as above stated. The cast of characters, which was so admirably selected for the different parts, will be the same.

* * *

Miss Freda Johnson returned on Thursday from a visit on the range.

SINGER LINE.

Routes For His Boats For the Coming Summer.

The White Line Transportation company, with its three tidy little vessels, will be one of the most important of the smaller lake lines this summer. Capt. W. H. Singer now has the Bon Ami, the Bon Voyage and the Mabel Bradshaw, and with them he will cover Lake Superior in a triangular itinerary that will include all important points. The boats are all good ones, and the company occupies a much broader field than it has in the past.

The Mabel Bradshaw will make semi-weekly trips between Duluth and Port Arthur, by way of Isle Royale. The Bon Voyage, as under the former ownership, will make trips twice a week between Duluth and the copper country, touching at Ashland and other points. The Bon Ami will make trips across the lake semi-weekly between Houghton and Port Arthur, by way of Isle Royale, touching at Eagle Harbor and Copper Harbor at stated intervals. Isle Royale and Port Arthur will thus be reached both from Duluth and the copper country, which is entirely new and will fill a long-felt want.

The Bon Ami will make connections at Houghton with the Milwaukee & St. Paul, Northwestern, South Shore and Copper Range roads, all of which will be feeders for the boat lines. The Bon Ami will afford a short line for freight from these roads destined for the Canadian side. Now such freight goes by way of the Sault and Duluth.

The Bon Ami will touch Isle Royale either at Tobin's harbor or Washington harbor, though it has not yet been decided which will be used. The boats will reach each end of the island, however.

Connections between the three boats will be close, so that almost any combination trip may be made by changing boats.

Mrs. Franklin Paine has decided to retire from business and will commence, Monday, a sale of her entire stock of fine decorated art and needle work at prices that will soon close it out.

Spring Millinery Opening!

Tuesday and Wednesday, April 2-3.

WE will show all the latest Paris models, Pattern Hats and novelties, as well as many pleasing creations from our own workroom to all of which we invite your inspection.

WILLIAMS,

29 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Sales Not Very Heavy.

There have been some lumber sales in Duluth this week, but they have not been heavy. The prices paid are said to have been at the top notch. Lumber prices are holding pretty steady and the indications point to a slight stiffening along all lines. Sales from now on must necessarily be small because of the low stocks of unsold lumber on the docks here. One of the principal sales of the week was one of about 3,000,000 feet of No. 3 and better boards, by Alger, Smith & Co.

Tumor Cured.

"By their fruits ye shall know them." The way to judge of the value of any medicine is by its cures. Apply that test to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it is at once lifted high above all other put-up medicines designed for the cure of womanly diseases. Chronic forms of disease which local physicians have failed to cure, and which have yielded to no other treatment, have been perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes monthly regularity. It dries debilitating drains. It heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Mrs. Shopshire, of Ballou, Shelby Co., Ohio, writes: "My mother had an ovarian tumor which we thought would result in her death, but we had read your advertisements and we commenced using your 'Favorite Prescription.' We got one dozen bottles to commence with, and before she had taken three bottles she began to improve; she is living to-day and we have given your medicine the credit. My mother was sixty-six years old when the tumor commenced to grow; she is seventy-six now and the tumor is all gone. She had gotten awfully large, and her limbs began to swell before we began to use your 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

POETRY AND SONG.

Entertainment at First Christian Church Tuesday.

At the First Christian church next Tuesday evening there will be an entertainment, "an evening of poetry and song" it is styled. It will be given by H. P. Penner (Saldini) assisted by Miss Susanne McKay, Miss Ella Mason, Miss Gean Stuart, Miss Virginia Bean, D. G. Black, J. G. Hamaker, with Mrs. J. E. Wieland as accompanist. The program is as follows:

Echoes from Bonnie Scotland ....
Robert Burns' popular poem—"For a' That and a' That" ....
Song—"Ye Banks and Braes of Bonnie Doon" ....
D. G. Black.
Walter Scott at his best—
a. "Quarrel Scene Between Marmion and Douglass" ....
b. "The Toast" ....
Song—"Mary of Argyle" by request....
Miss Susanne McKay.
Charles Mackay's thrilling story—"The Highlander's Revenge" ....
Song—"Land o' the Leal" ....
Miss Gean Stuart.
Humorous—
a. "And Still He Apologized".........
b. "How They Proposed" ....
Violin solo—To be announced ....
Miss Virginia Bean.
James Whitcomb Riley's character sketch—"The Old Man and Jim"...
Song—"Soft Southern Breezes are Sighing" ....
Fun for the little folks—
a. "That Smack in School" ....
b. "The Awful Fight a Little Brownie Saw"..................................
c. "The Funny Story" ....
Song—"O Fair and Sweet and Holy"..
Miss Ella Mason.
Longfellow's masterpiece—"King Robert of Sicily" ....
(Abridged to fifteen minutes.)

NECESSARY.

Repairs Badly Needed at Duluth's Most Popular Park.

People who have visited Lester Park since last season say that it is considerably in need of a few repairs if the park commission can be made to see it. The growing popularity of the place during the summer, when it is visited by thousands daily, has attracted the attention of the new interests in the Duluth-Superior Traction company, and it is said that better service will be given the Lakeside line this summer, including double truck cars, and more of them.

The improvements on the park itself are wholly inadequate to the popularity of the place, which is visited by more people during the summer than any other park on which the park commission has spent any money. The outlay that would seem necessary is not very large, but in view of the usefulness of the park, those who have visited it and are aware of its needs say that it is essential that some work should be done before the opening of the season, which is not very far away.

"The site," said a business man yesterday, "is the only one that has ever been voluntarily given to the city, the Lakeside Land company having donated thirty or forty acres. The upper portion of the park has been cleared, and some little improvement has been done. But the rustic bridges and other work are all old, and a little money could be spent there to good advantage. Along the shore of the lake there are about ten acres of the park that have never been improved at all, and these should at least be cleared of underbrush so as make the spot fit to be a portion of so beautiful and so largely patronized a park as this. During the summer thousands upon thousands of people seek the cool shade and rippling waters of Lester Park for a brief outing, and the park commission should take into consideration the popularity of the place and give it a little attention this spring."

More New Equipment.

The Northern Pacific company has just received from the shops four new coaches that are to be put on the Duluth Short Line service, between this city and the Twin Cities. Two of the sixteen section sleepers will be placed on the service between St. Paul and the head of the lakes, and the other two will run from Minneapolis.

Mrs. R. M. Seymour is to give one of her splendid talks, entitled "The Cathedral Pilgrimages," at the home of Mrs. C. A. Duncan, Wednesday, April 3, at 3 o'clock, for the benefit of the Congregational church.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

EXPECT THE SALE

Lumbermen Look For Diamond Match Company to Purchase.

Merrill & Ring and Split Rock Company's Timber Involved.

An Extension of the Options Has Been Asked.

Ever since the return a few days ago of the corps of timber cruisers and land-lookers sent out over the north shore of Lake Superior by the Diamond Match company, there has been a persistent rumor in lumber circles that the Diamond Match company has had its crew looking over timber on which it has options, and belonging to the Merrill & Ring Lumber company and the Split Rock Lumber company, and some additional tracts near by, which are owned by timber men of Northern Wisconsin and Michigan. The entire tract includes about 350,000,000 feet, of which the Split Rock Lumber company owns the greater part. The Split Rock Lumber company is closely associated with the Merrill & Ring company, of this city, and the Gratwick, Smith & Fryer company.

It is claimed that the entire tract has not yet been looked over by the cruisers who have completed the greater part of their work, but that there still remains sixty or seventy forties that are to be examined, and on which the Match company wished an extension of time on its options.

It is understood that the option time on the Merrill & Ring property and the Split Rock Lumber company's interests has expired, and while the match company has not made a renewal, it was reported yesterday that application has been made for a renewal of the options on the different properties.

The deal, if it goes through, and it is generally conceded by local lumbermen that it will do so, will be one of the largest attempted in the Northwest for a long time and will involve in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. It is asserted by a number of the lumbermen that the Merrill & Ring sawmill plant at West Duluth is included in the deal, but it is impossible to get this report confirmed either by the Merrill & Ring representatives or by General Manager Comstock, of the match company, who was in the city a few days ago. The latter said he had nothing to say on the subject. The Merrill & Ring plant is one of the argest and best equipped at the head of the lakes, with a yearly sawing capacity of about 40,000,000 feet. The interests include extensive docks and ample grounds on the bay front. In the deal also is said to be the Split Rock Lumber company's railroad up on the north shore. During the past year and a half about ten miles of the road has been built and the company has been planning and working on branches. The road has a complete equipment for operating in the way of engines, cars, etc. One terminal is on the lake shore at Split Rock and the other is located back in the timber. The Merrill & Ring and the Split Rock Lumber comanies' interests said to be involved in this deal, amount to about $1,000,000.

The talk heard in lumber circles is that the options asked for will be renewed until the match company has had time to examine all the timber involved in the deal and that the deal will be consummated and the Merrill & Ring plant here will inside of another six months be cutting match timber. Another speculative feature of the deal is the probability of the match company in establishing a match factory here later.

Millinery Opening

April 1st.

We have a full line of Easter Hats.

Johnson Sisters, 1819 West Superior Street

SHOWINGS ARE FINE.

St. Croix Company Has Excellent Prospect.

John T. Murphy, John B. Arnold and other prominent Superior parties made a visit to the properties of the St. Croix Consolidated Copper mines on Monday last. Several Duluth parties had arranged to go down but on account of the heavy storm were unable to get away. Because of the bad weather the members of the party were able to see only two of the company's showings. In speaking of these locations John T. Murphy, owner of the West Superior Evening Telegram, said that for surface showings they were as fine as anything he had ever seen. At both locations the formation appeared to be regular and the showing of copper continuous. Samples of rock brought back by the party would run from 2 per cent to 10 per cent. The company has already started some men at work and expects during the coming month to have its camps completed and everything in shape to commence active development as soon as the snow has disappeared.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,

Jewelers and Opticians,

121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SUPERINTENDENT AT BUFFALO EXPOSITION.

Sickness Driven from Entire Family by Paine's Celery Compound.

Spring is here.

Purify your blood. Take **Paine's** celery compound.

It is **the one spring** remedy sought **after and highly esteemed by intelligent,** earnest men **and women throughout the** land.

Paine's celery compound has created its own constituency.

Men and women who have never taken a spoonful of any sarsaparilla or patent medicine of any sort, nor allowed them to enter their homes, not only use Paine's celery compound when themselves sick, but persuade their families to do the same.

And yet when the history of this wonderful remedy is studied, it is easy to understand why Paine's celery compound thus stands alone and superior to all remedies in the estimation of the public.

It is a physician's remedy.

It is the prescription of Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., professor of materia medica at Dartmouth college.

There is no mistaking the standing of Paine's celery compound in the family of Maj. A. M. Wheeler, superintendent of exhibits at the Pan-American exposition, New York state commissioner at the Atlanta exposition and former assistant postmaster of Buffalo:

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 2, 1901.

Dear Sirs: Being run down from overwork, physically and mentally, I tried Paine's celery compound as a remedy. It undoubtedly did me much good. **My wife and some of my relatives** have also been using it, and inform me they have been very greatly benefited. Sincerely yours,

ALGER M. WHEELER.

The superiority of Paine's celery compound is well illustrated by the way entire families are benefited whenever any one member of the household tries it. Nothing is more common than for husband, wife and children to be led to use it, because they have observed its health-making effects in the case of some relative or intimate friend.

Young and old now need to take a spring remedy to purify their blood, to feed their tired nerves, and to invigorate their bodies. Long experience has shown the necessity of such a spring cleaning for everybody, sick or well.

Thousands are taking Paine's celery compound.

It is so far above all other spring medicines in its strengthening, nerve-restoring, blood-purifying, health-giving, lasting effects that it has no competitor among discriminating people.

The old "cures," one by one, in the last few years have dropped by the way, until today the sales of Paine's celery compound in every civilized country are larger than those of all other spring remedies of all kinds combined.

People just sick enough not to be healthy—every city is full of such semi-invalids—should take advantage of Paine's celery compound to put their blood and nerves into a healthy condition.

Spring is the time to get well.

FACETIOUS.

New York Telegraph Comments on President Greatsinger.

The New York Telegraph in a recent issue referred rather facetiously and satirically to the many newspaper records of the career of President Greatsinger that have been published since his accession to the presidency of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, and also to some of the interviews that have been published with him. The Telegraph's article will doubtless be ejnoyable to Mr. Greasinger's Duluth friends. It is headed: "Mr. Greatsinger's Struggles to Keep the Wolf Away Make Tearful Reading," and the article is as follows:

"Many sympathetic New Yorkers who have never had to struggle with the conditions of Brooklyn Rapid Transit have doutless been affected to tears during the last few days by reading of the early struggles of Mr. Greatsinger, who has succeeded Mr. Rossiter across the bridge. A perusal of Mr. Greatsinger's hard fight for recognition during his early years and his attempt to secure a competence against the coming of old age is truly inspiring. For a long time he received but $5 a week for sweeping out a hardware store, and really managing it for a heartless capitalist.

"Undismayed by this restricted stipend young Greatsinger contrived to save up $1500 in a remarkably short time. Earnest endeavor has ever its reward and while he was still of a tender age Greatsinger approached his aged father one morning and suddenly borrowed from him the trifling sum of $30,000, with which he engaged in the coal business, which has always been a great field for philanthropists.

"Many deserving men have been hampered in early life by the possession of a wealthy parent, but that handicap does not appear to have cast down young Mr. Greatsinger and the fact that he rose superior to such obstacles stamped him at once as a coming man. Concerning the fate of the elder Greatsinger, history is silent; but there is no reason to believe that he died of starvation subsequently.

"His son, who now holds the lives of thousands of Brooklynites in his hand, is said to have adopted as his guiding rule the maximum, 'Don't Worry,' an attitude in regard to the public which may seem dangerous when the conveniences for public slaughter which Mr. Greatsinger has within his reach are considered.

"Nor is it likely that the assertion that Mr. Greatsinger has 'no nerves' and attributes his success to that fact will greatly increase public confidence in him. There was a general leaning toward the belief that Mr. Rossiter also had no nerves and was too little inclined to leave all the worrying to be done by the unfortunate people who were forced to patronize his lines.

"While there are some discouraging features about the narrative of Mr. Greatsinger's attributes, the sad story of his early struggles has undoubtedly made a deep impression upon the public. He has made some almost reckless statements since assuming his position, including a promise to prevent crowding on the bridge. But people like to hear of that sort of thing, notwithstanding the fact that no one believes it will ever be done. But, some day, we are to have other bridges."

DEAD FOR FIVE YEARS.

W. H. Ray, of Fargo, Startles the Physicians of the World.

Comes to Life Again After Five Years.

Fargo, N. D., March 30.—The most remarkable case ever brought before medical men is that of W. H. Rae, of this city, who was supposed to be dead to the world, but who is now sound mentally and as healthy as any man could be. Physicians here claim the case to be most remarkable, and all say it has no parallel.

Mr. Rae suffered for many years with stomach troubles. He suffered greatly from biliousness and habitual constipation. He visited many physicians and spent hundreds of dollars without any beneficial results. As time passed he grew weaker and lost so much in weight that his friends hardly knew him. He was slowly dying; in fact, he was then dead to the world and all his friends. As a last resort he went to a noted New York specialist, who prescribed for him a remedy which is known for its famous cures of all stomach and bowel complaints. This remedy, which is Cascarine, cured Mr. Rae, and he is now a well man, after five years of horrible suffering.

"Cascarine," says Mr. Rae, "is wonderful. It cured me in a short time, when pills and those cheap and nasty tablets made me worse. I am ready at any time to tell anyone about my cure, if they will write me." If you write Mr. Rae, inclose stamped envelope for reply.

Cascarine is a laxative and does not gripe. It is easy to take and will not injure the most delicate stomach. Cascarine is not a new remedy, but has been prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the past ten years. Cascarine is your very best laxative. Every home should have a bottle near at hand, and every mother and father should see that the children are given no other laxative. Cascarine sells for 50 cents per bottle at all druggists. If your druggist hasn't it, tell him to get it for you.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

—We Announce For—

Monday and Tuesday, April 1 and 2,

Our Grand Spring Opening

Fine Millinery, Costumes and Suits,
Silks and Dress Fabrics,
Jackets and Wraps, Silk Waists and Skirts.

We respectfully ask your Attendance.

See the Grand Easter Window Illumination This Evening.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

cookery, and fewer still have the time to devote to the study so as to know what amount of nitrogen and carbon the different foods contain. Mrs. Rorer, who is very well known in Duluth, has spent years upon this study and is thoroughly posted upon these subjects. She is to give a course of eight lectures in the lecture room of the Methodist church, commencing April 8. Both from a hygienical and an economical view, this is a privilege offered the ladies of Duluth.

The program is as follows:

Monday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Our Children, how to Feed Them for Health." Demonstration: Cereals and fruits.

Tuesday, 2:30 p. m.—"Our Infants, how to Care for and Feed Them." Demonstration: Modified milk and milk foods in general. Desserts for older children.

Wednesday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Soups. Our Daily Bills of Fare. How to Arrange all Sorts of Meals."

Thursday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Vegetable Cookery. Macaroni. Stuffed Cabbage. Lentils. Rice."

Friday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Fish Cookery. Creamed in Shells. Egyptian Methods. Salt Fish. Kedgeree."

Saturday, 2:30 p. m.—Subject: "Simple Desserts. Almond Pudding. Hamburg Creams. Plain Nut Charlotte."

EVENING LECTURES.

Tuesday, 8 p. m.—"The Chafing Dish and How to Use It."

Friday, 8 p. m.—"Breakfasts. Demonstration: Light Dishes for this Meal."

* * *

At the regular meeting of the McGolrick club last Tuesday evening, Scripture was read by Miss Kinney and explained by the bishop. Mrs. Surge gave a lengthy paper on "The Prisons of Rome." Miss Shannon read a fine paper on "The Hospitals of the 'Eternal City.'" Miss Stringer closed the evening's entertainment with an interesting article on Leonardo de Vinci's picture of "The Last Supper." The program for next week will be in charge of Mrs. Fider and will be as follows:

Scripture ....Mrs. McDonald
"Pope Pious IX"...........Mrs. Shields
"Leo XIII"...................Mrs. Fider
Current events...........Miss Schneider

* * *

The Chautauqua circle will meet on Tuesday evening of the coming week instead of Monday and the meeting will be held at the First Methodist church. The program is as follows:

"Grecian History," chapter 11 to page 187..................
Robert P. Shannon.
"Homer to Theocritus," chapter 9..
Miss Zimmerman.
"Human Nature Club," chapters 4 and 5..........................
Miss Dickey.
"Russian Current Events"..........
C. E. Shannon.
Reading..............................
Miss Davis.

* * *

Professor G. A. Talbert, of the high school, left yesterday to spend the spring vacation at Beaver Dam, Wis.

* * *

Hugh McInnis left this afternoon to spend the spring vacation with relatives at St. Cloud.

* * *

Mrs. M. J. Foran was pleasantly surprised at her home Thursday evening, 607 Garfield avenue, in honor of her birth day. About twenty-five or thirty of her friends were there and she was presented with a beautiful silver butter dish. The evening was spent with games, cards, singing and music.

* * *

A pretty home wedding was solemnized last Saturday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Longtin, the bride being Miss Lizzie Hart and the groom, Harry Longtin. Rev. F. E. Loomis performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by only a few of the intimate friends of the couple, including Mrs. Mark Calvert, of Wright, a sister of the bride. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served and Mr. and Mrs. Longtin left for their future home in Winton, Minn.

* * *

On Thursday evening, April 11, the Duluth lodge, No. 569, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, will give its third annual ball in the Armory. Arrangements have been made to make the affair a very large and brilliant one. The committees are as follows:

Arrangements—F. C. Bahr, R. J. Kelly, R. T. Purves, Theodore Harris and John Brown.

Reception—W. Harris, J. H. Hall, William Bickford, L. C. McCoy, F. W. Brewer, J. W. Bahr, J. J. Chamberlain, C. D. Graves, R. J. Broderick, Pete McHugh, G. B. Malott, C. A. Burton, T. E. Pillon, H. Breason, William Call, J. M. Sweeney, George Stanley.

Floor—F. B. Thomas, J. L. Henderson, J. J. Meighan, J. E. Code, Aubrey Brewer, Ed Kiley, A. W. Waldren, George Morton, John Grimes, J. T. Hughes, W. Gettrell.

Ladies' reception—Mrs. F. C. Bahr, Mrs. R. T. Purves, Mrs. Theodore Harris, Mrs. F. W. Brewer, Mrs. R. J. Broderick, Mrs. W. Harris, Mrs. Peter McHugh, Mrs. M. Cheesman, Mrs. H. B. Cowan, Mrs. W. P. Kennedy, Mrs. S. A. Temple, Mrs. M. B. Colahan, Mrs. John Brown, Mrs. Charles Purdy.

* * *

Miss Pearl McDonald is visiting in Minneapolis for a few days.

* * *

Miss Eva Porter, of the Jackson school, is spending a week at Mankato.

* * *

Miss Bertha Beinhorn, of the Jackson school, is visiting her parents in New Ulm, Minn., for a week.

* * *

Miss E. Whitney and Miss Murphy, of the Jackson school, left today for a week's visit at their homes in Winona, Minn.

* * *

Mrs. W. R. McKag and Mrs. W. J. Nelson, of West Duluth, left on Thursday for a short visit in Port Elgin, Ont.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wade, of West Duluth, are entertaining Mrs. McCarthy, of Two Harbors.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gray, of West Duluth, are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Dodge, of Milwaukee, Wis.

* * *

On Friday evening last Mr. and Mrs. J. Kimerer, of Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street, entertained a number of their friends in honor of their daughter, Miss Maude. One of the features of the evening was a "baby contest" in which Miss Edna Stevenson caried off "The Smiling Cherub" as head prize and Alf Gillon "The O'Hooliban Twins" as the consolation. Those present were:

Mesdames—
R. J. Gillon,
Irene Cooke,
J. H. O'Brien,
Jennie Smith.
Misses—
Edna Stevenson,
Otillie Briggs,
Josie Lightheart,
Maude Dardis,
Ella Phillips,
Madeline Blake,
Lillian Oppel,
Nellie Elder,
Hopkins, of Superior;
Daley Oppel.
Messrs.—
Ruben Johnson,
Geroge Stevenson,
Maynard Boyce,
Joe Miller,
John Helder,
Franklin Stevenson,
William Miller,
Ronald McKenzie,
Sherman O'Brien,
John Ledingham,
Edward O'Brien.

* * *

B. A. Shuman left on Tuesday for a visit at Wichita, Kan., his old home, before leaving the country for Argentine republic, South America, where he will institute the Y. M. C. A. work in that country. Mrs. Shuman has been visiting at Hastings and will leave with him.

* * *

Mrs. John Schreiber has returned from a two months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Booton, of St. Paul, and Mrs. L. McLaughlin, of Milwaukee, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. J. D. Jewett left this week for a short visit in the Twin Cities.

Miss Maud French, of Oneota, is visiting her sister in Wahpeton, N. D.

* * *

A pleasant cinch party was given last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Duclos, of Eleventh avenue west, for the members of the Degree of Honor, Zenith lodge, No. 99. The head prize was won by Mr. Warner and the foot prizes by Mrs. Hunt and George Duclose.

* * *

A pretty wedding was solemnized on Wednesday evening at the Swedish Baptist church at Nineteenth avenue west. The bridal couple were Miss Tilda Soderberg and John Berquist. The ceremony was performed by Rev. K. A. Lundia in the presence of a large number of friends. After the ceremony the bride and groom were congratulated in a number of speeches. Mr. and Mrs. Berquist will be at home at No. 2 Vernon street, West Park.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Oppel was pleasantly surprised on Tuesday night by some of the ladies of the Duluth lodge, No. 110, Degree of Honor, who presented their past chief of honor with a splendid pin as a token of their esteem and appreciation of her work in the past three years as chief of honor.

* * *

Those who were not able to attend "A Scrap of Paper," the comedy that was given at the Unitarian church last week for two nights, will be interested to hear that the play will be repeated at the same place on Tuesday evening of next week. The play as presented has scored such a success that a large number of those who have heard of it but were unable to attend have prevailed upon the actors to repeat the play, as above stated. The cast of characters, which was so admirably selected for the different parts, will be the same.

* * *

Miss Freda Johnson returned on Thursday from a visit on the range.

Retiring from Business!

MRS. FRANKLIN PAINE 106 W. Superior Street.

Entire Stock of Fine Needle and Decorated Art AT YOUR OWN PRICES.

Choose what you will and offer what you consider its worth. This will prove an opportune time to secure Easter Gifts.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE.

SINGER LINE.

Routes For His Boats For the Coming Summer.

The White Line Transportation company, with its three tidy little vessels, will be one of the most important of the smaller lake lines this summer. Capt. W. H. Singer now has the Bon Ami, the Bon Voyage and the Mabel Bradshaw, and with them he will cover Lake Superior in a triangular itinerary that will include all important points. The boats are all good ones, and the company occupies a much broader field than it has in the past.

The Mabel Bradshaw will make semi-weekly trips between Duluth and Port Arthur, by way of Isle Royale. The Bon Voyage, as under the former ownership, will make trips twice a week between Duluth and the copper country, touching at Ashland and other points. The Bon Ami will make trips across the lake semi-weekly between Houghton and Port Arthur, by way of Isle Royale, touching at Eagle Harbor and Copper Harbor at stated intervals. Isle Royale and Port Arthur will thus be reached both from Duluth and the copper country, which is entirely new and will fill a long-felt want.

The Bon Ami will make connections at Houghton with the Milwaukee & St. Paul, Northwestern, South Shore and Copper Range roads, all of which will be feeders for the boat lines. The Bon Ami will afford a short line for freight from these roads destined for the Canadian side. Now such freight goes by way of the Sault and Duluth.

The Bon Ami will touch Isle Royale either at Tobin's harbor or Washington harbor, though it has not yet been decided which will be used. The boats will reach each end of the island, however.

Connections between the three boats will be close, so that almost any combination trip may be made by changing boats.

Mrs. Franklin Paine has decided to retire from business and will commence, Monday, a sale of her entire stock of fine decorated art and needle work at prices that will soon close it out.

Spring Millinery Opening!

Tuesday and Wednesday, April 2-3.

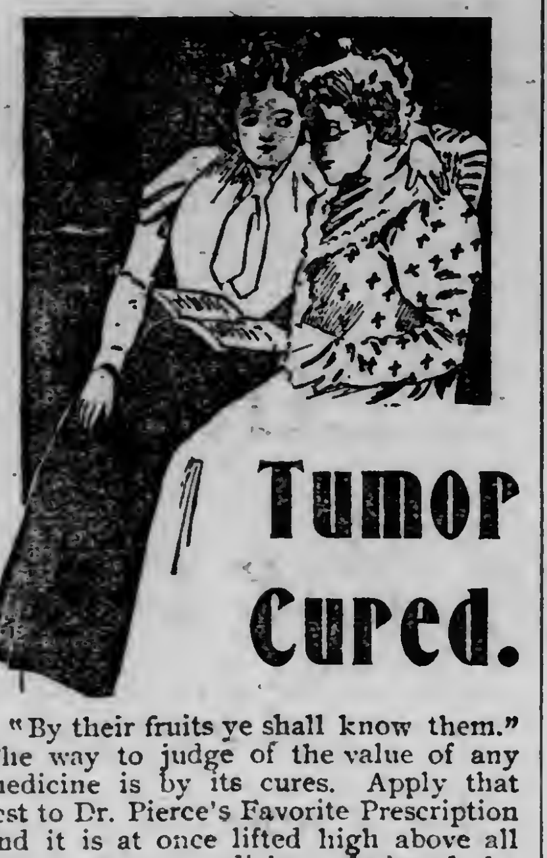
WE will show all the latest Paris models, Pattern Hats and novelties, as well as many pleasing creations from our own workroom to all of which we invite your Inspection.

WILLIAMS,

29 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Sales Not Very Heavy.

There have been some lumber sales in Duluth this week, but they have not been heavy. The prices paid are said to have been at the top notch. Lumber prices are holding pretty steady and the indications point to a slight stiffening along all lines. Sales from now on must necessarily be small because of the low stocks of unsold lumber on the docks here. One of the principal sales of the week was one of about 3,000,000 feet of No. 3 and better boards, by Alger, Smith & Co.



Tumor Cured.

"By their fruits ye shall know them." The way to judge of the value of any medicine is by its cures. Apply that test to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it is at once lifted high above all other put-up medicines designed for the cure of womanly diseases. Chronic forms of disease which local physicians have failed to cure, and which have yielded to no other treatment, have been perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes monthly regularity. It dries debilitating drains. It heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Mrs. Shopshire, of Ballou, Shelby Co., Ohio, writes: "My mother had an ovarian tumor which we thought would result in her death, but we had read your advertisements and we commenced using your 'Favorite Prescription.' We got one dozen bottles to commence with, and before she had taken three bottles she began to improve; she is living to-day and we have given your medicine the credit. My mother was sixty-six years old when the tumor commenced to grow; she is seventy-six now and the tumor is all gone. She had gotten awfully large, and her limbs began to swell before we began to use your 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

POETRY AND SONG.

Entertainment at First Christian Church Tuesday.

At the First Christian church next Tuesday evening there will be an entertainment, "an evening of poetry and song" it is styled. It will be given by H. P. Penner (Saldini) assisted by Miss Susanne McKay, Miss Ella Mason, Miss Gean Stuart, Miss Virginia Bean, D. G. Black, J. G. Hamaker, with Mrs. J. E. Wieland as accompanist. The program is as follows:

Echoes from Bonnie Scotland ....
Robert Burns' popular poem—"For a' That and a' That" ....
Song—"Ye Banks and Braes of Bonnie Doon" ....
D. G. Black.
Walter Scott at his best—
a. "Quarrel Scene Between Marmion and Douglass" ....
b. "The Toast" ....
Song—"Mary of Argyle" by request....
Miss Susanne McKay.
Charles Mackay's thrilling story—"The Highlander's Revenge" ....
Song—"Land o' the Leal" ....
Miss Gean Stuart.
Humorous—
a. "And Still He Apologized".........
b. "How They Proposed" ....
Violin solo—To be announced ....
Miss Virginia Bean.
James Whitcomb Riley's character sketch—"The Old Man and Jim"...
Song—"Soft Southern Breezes are Sighing" ....
Fun for the little folks—
a. "That Smack in School" ....
b. "The Awful Fight a Little Brownie Saw"..................................
c. "The Funny Story" ....
Song—"O Fair and Sweet and Holy"..
Miss Ella Mason.
Longfellow's masterpiece—"King Robert of Sicily" ....
(Abridged to fifteen minutes.)

NECESSARY.

Repairs Badly Needed at Duluth's Most Popular Park.

People who have visited Lester Park since last season say that it is considerably in need of a few repairs if the park commission can be made to see it. The growing popularity of the place during the summer, when it is visited by thousands daily, has attracted the attention of the new interests in the Duluth-Superior Traction company, and it is said that better service will be given the Lakeside line this summer, including double truck cars, and more of them.

The improvements on the park itself are wholly inadequate to the popularity of the place, which is visited by more people during the summer than any other park on which the park commission has spent any money. The outlay that would seem necessary is not very large, but in view of the usefulness of the park, those who have visited it and are aware of its needs say that it is essential that some work should be done before the opening of the season, which is not very far away.

"The site," said a business man yesterday, "is the only one that has ever been voluntarily given to the city, the Lakeside Land company having donated thirty or forty acres. The upper portion of the park has been cleared, and some little improvement has been done. But the rustic bridges and other work are all old, and a little money could be spent there to good advantage. Along the shore of the lake there are about ten acres of the park that have never been improved at all, and these should at least be cleared of underbrush so as make the spot fit to be a portion of so beautiful and so largely patronized a park as this. During the summer thousands upon thousands of people seek the cool shade and rippling waters of Lester Park for a brief outing, and the park commission should take into consideration the popularity of the place and give it a little attention this spring."

More New Equipment.

The Northern Pacific company has just received from the shops four new coaches that are to be put on the Duluth Short Line service, between this city and the Twin Cities. Two of the sixteen section sleepers will be placed on the service between St. Paul and the head of the lakes, and the other two will run from Minneapolis.

Mrs. R. M. Seymour is to give one of her splendid talks, entitled "The Cathedral Pilgrimages," at the home of Mrs. C. A. Duncan, Wednesday, April 3, at 3 o'clock, for the benefit of the Congregational church.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

EXPECT THE SALE

Lumbermen Look For Diamond Match Company to Purchase.

Merrill & Ring and Split Rock Company's Timber Involved.

An Extension of the Options Has Been Asked.

Ever since the return a few days ago of the corps of timber cruisers and landlookers sent out over the north shore of Lake Superior by the Diamond Match company, there has been a persistent rumor in lumber circles that the Diamond Match company has had its crew looking over timber on which it has options, and belonging to the Merrill & Ring Lumber company and the Split Rock Lumber company, and some additional tracts near by, which are owned by timber men of Northern Wisconsin and Michigan. The entire tract includes about 350,000,000 feet, of which the Split Rock Lumber company owns the greater part. The Split Rock Lumber company is closely associated with the Merrill & Ring company, of this city, and the Gratwick, Smith & Fryer company.

It is claimed that the entire tract has not yet been looked over by the cruisers who have completed the greater part of their work, but that there still remains sixty or seventy forties that are to be examined, and on which the Match company wished an extension of time on its options.

It is understood that the option time on the Merrill & Ring property and the Split Rock Lumber company's interests has expired, and while the match company has not made a renewal, it was reported yesterday that application has been made for a renewal of the options on the different properties.

The deal, if it goes through, and it is generally conceded by local lumbermen that it will do so, will be one of the largest attempted in the Northwest for a long time and will involve in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. It is asserted by a number of the lumbermen that the Merrill & Ring sawmill plant at West Duluth is included in the deal, but it is impossible to get this report confirmed either by the Merrill & Ring representatives or by General Manager Comstock, of the match company, who was in the city a few days ago. The latter said he had nothing to say on the subject. The Merrill & Ring plant is one of the argest and best equipped at the head of the lakes, with a yearly sawing capacity of about 40,000,000 feet. The interests include extensive docks and ample grounds on the bay front. In the deal also is said to be the Split Rock Lumber company's railroad up on the north shore. During the past year and a half about ten miles of the road has been built and the company has been planning and working on branches. The road has a complete equipment for operating in the way of engines, cars, etc. One terminal is on the lake shore at Split Rock and the other is located back in the timber. The Merrill & Ring and the Split Rock Lumber companies' interests said to be involved in this deal, amount to about $1,000,000.

The talk heard in lumber circles is that the options asked for will be renewed until the match company has had time to examine all the timber involved in the deal and that the deal will be consummated and the Merrill & Ring plant here will inside of another six months be cutting match timber. Another speculative feature of the deal is the probability of the match company in establishing a match factory here later.

Millinery Opening
April 1st.
We have a full line of Easter Hats.
Johnson Sisters, 1819 West Superior Street

SHOWINGS ARE FINE.

St. Croix Company Has Excellent Prospect.

John T. Murphy, John B. Arnold and other prominent Superior parties made a visit to the properties of the St. Croix Consolidated Copper mines on Monday last. Several Duluth parties had arranged to go down but on account of the heavy storm were unable to get away. Because of the bad weather the members of the party were able to see only two of the company's showings. In speaking of these locations John T. Murphy, owner of the West Superior Evening Telegram, said that for surface showings they were as fine as anything he had ever seen. At both locations the formation appeared to be regular and the showing of copper continuous. Samples of rock brought back by the party would run from 2 per cent to 10 per cent. The company has already started some men at work and expects during the coming month to have its camps completed and everything in shape to commence active development as soon as the snow has disappeared.

Your Eyes?

Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,
Jewelers and Opticians,
121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SUPERINTENDENT AT BUFFALO EXPOSITION.

Sickness Driven from Entire Family by Paine's Celery Compound.

Spring is here.

Purify your blood. Take Paine's celery compound.

It is the one spring remedy sought after and highly esteemed by intelligent, earnest men and women throughout the land.

Paine's celery compound has created its own constituency.

Men and women who have never taken a spoonful of any sarsaparilla or patent medicine of any sort, nor allowed them to enter their homes, not only use Paine's celery compound when themselves sick, but persuade their families to do the same.

And yet when the history of this wonderful remedy is studied, it is easy to understand why Paine's celery compound thus stands alone and superior to all remedies in the estimation of the public.

It is a physician's remedy.

It is the prescription of Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., professor of materia medica at Dartmouth college.

There is no mistaking the standing of Paine's celery compound in the family of Maj. A. M. Wheeler, superintendent of exhibits at the Pan-American exposition, New York state commissioner at the Atlanta exposition and former assistant postmaster of Buffalo:

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 2, 1901.

Dear Sirs: Being run down from overwork, physically and mentally, I tried Paine's celery compound as a remedy. It undoubtedly did me much good. My wife and some of my relatives have also been using it, and inform me they have been very greatly benefited. Sincerely yours,

ALGER M. WHEELER.

The superiority of Paine's celery compound is well illustrated by the way entire families are benefited whenever any one member of the household tries it. Nothing is more common than for husband, wife and children to be led to use it, because they have observed its health-making effects in the case of some relative or intimate friend.

Young and old now need to take a spring remedy to purify their blood, to feed their tired nerves, and to invigorate their bodies. Long experience has shown the necessity of such a spring cleaning for everybody, sick or well.

Thousands are taking Paine's celery compound.

It is so far above all other spring medicines in its strengthening, nerve-restoring, blood-purifying, health-giving, lasting effects that it has no competitor among discriminating people.

The old "cures," one by one, in the last few years have dropped by the way, until today the sales of Paine's celery compound in every civilized country are larger than those of all other spring remedies of all kinds combined.

People just sick enough not to be healthy—every city is full of such semi-invalids—should take advantage of Paine's celery compound to put their blood and nerves into a healthy condition.

Spring is the time to get well.

FACETIOUS.

New York Telegraph Comments on President Greatsinger.

The New York Telegraph in a recent issue referred rather facetiously and satirically to the many newspaper records of the career of President Greatsinger that have been published since his accession to the presidency of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, and also to some of the interviews that have been published with him. The Telegraph's article will doubtless be ejnoyable to Mr. Greasinger's Duluth friends. It is headed: "Mr. Greatsinger's Struggles to Keep the Wolf Away Make Tearful Reading," and the article is as follows:

"Many sympathetic New Yorkers who have never had to struggle with the conditions of Brooklyn Rapid Transit have doutless been affected to tears during the last few days by reading of the early struggles of Mr. Greatsinger, who has succeeded Mr. Rossiter across the bridge. A perusal of Mr. Greatsinger's hard fight for recognition during his early years and his attempt to secure a competence against the coming of old age is truly inspiring. For a long time he received but $5 a week for sweeping out a hardware store, and really managing it for a heartless capitalist.

"Undismayed by this restricted stipend young Greatsinger contrived to save up $1500 in a remarkably short time. Earnest endeavor has ever its reward and while he was still of a tender age Greatsinger approached his aged father one morning and suddenly borrowed from him the trifling sum of $30,000, with which he engaged in the coal business, which has always been a great field for philanthropists.

"Many deserving men have been hampered in early life by the possession of a wealthy parent, but that handicap does not appear to have cast down young Mr. Greatsinger and the fact that he rose superior to such obstacles stamped him at once as a coming man. Concerning the fate of the elder Greatsinger, history is silent; but there is no reason to believe that he died of starvation subsequently.

"His son, who now holds the lives of thousands of Brooklynites in his hand, is said to have adopted as his guiding rule the maximum, 'Don't Worry,' an attitude in regard to the public which may seem dangerous when the conveniences for public slaughter which Mr. Greatsinger has within his reach are considered.

"Nor is it likely that the assertion that Mr. Greatsinger has 'no nerves' and attributes his success to that fact will greatly increase public confidence in him. There was a general leaning toward the belief that Mr. Rossiter also had no nerves and was too little inclined to leave all the worrying to be done by the unfortunate people who were forced to patronize his lines.

"While there are some discouraging features about the narrative of Mr. Greatsinger's attributes, the sad story of his early struggles has undoubtedly made a deep impression upon the public. He has made some almost reckless statements since assuming his position, including a promise to prevent crowding on the bridge. But people like to hear of that sort of thing, notwithstanding the fact that no one believes it will ever be done. But, some day, we are to have other bridges."

DEAD FOR FIVE YEARS.

W. H. Ray, of Fargo, Startles the Physicians of the World.

Comes to Life Again After Five Years:

Fargo, N. D., March 30.—The most remarkable case ever brought before medical men is that of W. H. Rae, of this city, who was supposed to be dead to the world, but who is now sound mentally and as healthy as any man could be. Physicians here claim the case to be most remarkable, and all say it has no parallel.

Mr. Rae suffered for many years with stomach troubles. He suffered greatly from biliousness and habitual constipation. He visited many physicians and spent hundreds of dollars without any beneficial results. As time passed he grew weaker and lost so much in weight that his friends hardly knew him. He was slowly dying; in fact, he was then dead to the world and all his friends. As a last resort he went to a noted New York specialist, who prescribed for him a remedy which is known for its famous cures of all stomach and bowel complaints. This remedy, which is Cascarine, cured Mr. Rae, and he is now a well man, after five years of horrible suffering.

"Cascarine," says Mr. Rae, "is wonderful. It cured me in a short time, when pills and those cheap and nasty tablets made me worse. I am ready at any time to tell anyone about my cure, if they will write me." If you write Mr. Rae, inclose stamped envelope for reply.

Cascarine is a laxative and does not gripe. It is easy to take and will not injure the most delicate stomach. Cascarine is not a new remedy, but has been prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the past ten years. Cascarine is your very best laxative. Every home should have a bottle near at hand, and every mother and father should see that the children are given no other laxative. Cascarine sells for 50 cents per bottle at all druggists. If your druggist hasn't it, tell him to get it for you.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.
—We Announce For—
Monday and Tuesday, April 1 and 2,
Our Grand Spring Opening
Fine Millinery, Costumes and Suits,
Silks and Dress Fabrics,
Jackets and Wraps, Silk Waists and Skirts.
We respectfully ask your Attendance.
See the Grand Easter Window Illumination This Evening.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE EVENING HERALD.
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
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EVERY EVENING,
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily .02
One month .45
Three months $1.30
Six months $2.60
One year (in advance) $5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 30.—The barometer is moderately low off the New England and Texas coasts and high over Colorado and the greater portion of the Northwest. The Texas low pressure area has caused light falls of snow or rain in Wyoming, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Kentucky, Alabama, Tennessee and South Carolina. Light falls of snow or rain occurred also over Oregon and portions of Northwest Canada. Warmer weather prevails in Manitoba, Minnesota and Southeastern states, and colder in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Colorado and Nebraska.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	40	Memphis	44
Battleford	16	Miles City	26
Bismarck	22	Milwaukee	28
Boston	26	Minnedosa	28
Buffalo	24	Modena	16
Charleston	54	Montgomery	58
Chicago	28	Moorhead	28
Cincinnati	36	New Orleans	66
Davenport	30	New York	30
Denver	12	Oklahoma	32
Detroit	26	Omaha	30
Dodge City	20	Pittsburg	30
Duluth	26	Port Arthur	4
El Paso	36	Portland	36
Escanaba	16	Prince Albert	14
Galveston	66	Qu. Appelle	18
Green Bay	26	Rapid City	22
Havre	15	San Francisco	44
Helena	28	Santa Fe	22
Houghton	8	Shreveport	54
Huron	24	Spokane	30
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	38
Kamloops	28	St. Paul	30
Kansas City	34	Sault Ste. Marie	10
Knoxville	38	Swift Current	28
La Crosse	26	Washington	34
Lander	12	Williston	20
Los Angeles	42	Winnemucca	22
Marquette	16	Winnipeg	20

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Cloudy with propably snow or rain tonight and Sunday; fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.
H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 30.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Snow, probably heavy tonight and Sunday. Minnesota—Threatening with snow in east portion tonight and probably Sunday; brisk northeast winds.

Fourth of July Celebration.

Some people may think it is hardly seasonable in the closing days of March, to be discussing Fourth of July celebrations, but a little calculation will quickly convince them that the intervening time is really short—only three months. If it is proposed to have a first-class celebration of the Fourth in Duluth, it is not too early to begin the pheparations. A celebration that will amount to a drawing attraction cannot be gotten up in a few days or weeks. It requires time, study and work. It is with this idea in view that Mayor Hugo has sent out a circular letter to the business men and other citizens, requesting their assistance in arranging a program for the Fourth that would attract thousands of visitors from outside the city. Mayor Hugo says: "It is proposed to mark this first year of the new century with such a celebration of Independence Day as will newly impress upon our citizens the original idea, as well as attract to our city a large concourse of pleasure-seekers from all the surrounding territory and make Duluth famous as a rendezvous upon such occasions. Our peculiar location and facilities will enable us to make this a unique affair, such as other cities would be unable to afford; and so many of our citizens will be benefited that there should be no difficulty in providing the requisite finances. Many visitors will doubtless drop in on us before returning home from their holiday trip to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, and the plan therein outlined may be turned to good account in attracting tourists to the head of the lakes, beside giving us (as well as our neighbors) an idea of what we can do when opportunity and good will are combined. The value of such a move from a commercial view point strikes me quite forcibly, and I would like to have your opinion on this point. Would your firm take an interest in it, and who would you suggest as your representative on a committee to arrange and consummate such an affair as is above proposed? The Herald trusts that there will be a general and enthusiastic response on the part of the business community to the mayor's appeal. Duluth should be able to get up a red hot Fourth of July celebration.

A Very Unfit Appointment.

Those who have been asserting, in the face of what has been happening ever since the present administration came into power, that President McKinley is friendly to civil service reform, will have some more explaining to do, in view of the appointment of ex-Congressman Rodenberg to fill the vacancy on the civil service commission created by the death of Hon. Mark S. Brewer of Michigan. Even as staunch a friend of the administration as William E. Curtis, the well-known Washington correspondent, says it is difficult to speak with patience concerning this appointment. Mr. Rodenberg's qualifications for the place were not taken into account. The interests of the public service were not considered. The only idea was to find a job for a member of the house of representatives who was defeated for re-election, and to relieve the president from embarrassment by reducing the number of candidates for the St. Louis exposition. Mr. Rodenberg may turn out to be an ideal commissioner, but the president has taken a good many chances in appointing a man to enforce a law that he does not believe in. Mr. Rodenberg was one of the seventy-seven members of the house of representatives who voted to deprive the civil service commission of the means of its support when the annual appropriation bill was pending in the house of representatives. The president can find his action set down in the Congressional Record of Feb. 17 last, page 1905. This was equivalent to a vote to abolish the commission and the merit system of appointment in the civil service, and it must be assumed that Mr. Rodenberg was sincere. His character and disposition therefore may be judged by his acceptance of a responsibility in which he has no interest, to enforce a law he does not believe in and to promote a system to which he is opposed. Those who are acquainted with Illinois politics can also judge of Mr. Rodenberg's character by the fact that he was a follower of John R. Tanner when he went into congress and a follower of Shelby M. Cullom when he came out. The downfall of Tanner and the re-election of Cullom may not have had anything to do with his political change, but Cullom seems to have been his warmest supporter for the position to which he has been appointed. Mr. Rodenberg will now use his influence to promote the interests of the Cullom ring of the Republican party in Illinois and the election of Comptroller Dawes to the United States senate. President McKinley is too much given to appointing to office congressmen who have been repudiated by their districts, without any regard to their qualifications. Mr. Rodenberg wanted to get on the St. Louis fair commission. The president needed the place for another man so he dumped Rodenberg on the civil service commission.

THE WORLD AND THE CHURCH.

With the closing of the Lenten season will come the annual warnings of the church against the seductions of the world. Many of the clergy have taken the position that the world is getting less religious and proceed to demonstrate the assertion with facts and figures. The reasons would be convincing if the reverend gentlemen were right in their premises. The world is not getting less religious, but less orthodox. Herein lies a distinction that is vital and when recognized acquits the world of the charge of irreligion.

The hold of religious dogma is failing; the church as an institution is losing its influence over the thoughts of the masses; the priest is no longer the oracle of knowledge, the embodiment of wisdom or even the accepted moral guide. He is rather regarded as the exponent of a philosophy that is time-worn and out of date—a philosophy which a large part of the civilized world has already outgrown. But this does not mean that there is a falling off of religious sentiment. In the place of the old there has sprung up a new religion—a religion adapted to the intelligence of the age. The God of the new religion is a god of mercy and of peace. He does not approve of martyrdom; he asks no sacrifices that he may be glorified. He is a God of humanity who seeks the happiness of the whole animal kingdom—who knows no race nor color—a god who regards with equal favor the happiness and eternal life of those who can believe what is told them and those who cannot.

The religion that is replacing dogmatism is a religion which accepts good deeds and a desire to make mankind happy as the open sesame to a life beyond. It is a religion of works, not of professions—a religion of deeds, not of creeds. There need be no alarm felt when the people do not respond to the invitations to subscribe to this or that creed. It is not a sign of either mental or moral depravity, but in many cases a sign of honesty and culture. Many people do not feel the need of the sort of mental or moral stimulus which the church, as it is conducted now, affords. There are higher sources more available.

The writers on history, philosophy, ethics and poetry have usurped the place of the priest and have lured the cream of the congregation from the sanctuary. But the church as a social institution is secure. It furnishes just what is needed by thousands today as it has for centuries in the past. When the church advances and makes an effort to keep step with the progress of the ages, then will it be able to assume its ancient power over the minds of men. Then will it be fully understood that the human race is instinctively religious, and that when it fails to meet standard requirements there is something the matter with the requirements.

PARENTS' RESPONSIBILITY.

A father was recently found liable by an English judge and jury for damages committed by the continued and unrestrained mischief of his children. The London Law Journal cites the very strange fact that counsel on both sides found some difficulty in discovering the principle of law applicable to the case, no authority directly in point being found. In this case the property injured was that of a contractor, and was injured while lawfully on the father's premises, and under these circumstances the London Law Journal suggests that one ground for the decision may be that the father was a bailee of the property, and therefore liable for the gross negligence of persons under his control. But a more propable ground is that the father may be considered as in charge of his boys, and liable for damage done by them on proof of "scienter."

Commenting on this case the New York Law Journal says: "The acts of a small boy may be likened to those of a dangerous animal. * * * It is not necessary to go so far as to hold a father an insurer against the consequences of malicious mischief, but, where scienter is shown, as in the case under consideration, and he refrains from exercising proper control, he may, in our judgment, legitimately, accordng to principle, and very justly, be held liable. It may be remarked of this English case that its effect is to work out to a limited extent a parent's liability for the torts of his children, and we think there is better reason for such result than there was for the common-law rule rendering a husband liable for the torts of his wife."

There is abundant reason, as many victims of youthful depredations and malicious mischief on the part of young hoodlums will testify, for the adoption of some such legal rule. If parents will not or cannot control their children to the extent of restraining them from such acts, then it would seem reasonable to hold the parents to some degree of responsibility for the mischief and damage done; though if, as suggested by the English Law Journal, knowledge on the parent's part must be shown, such a rule would not amount to much in this country. Many parents could truthfully swear that they knew nothing about their children's malicious performances, or even, for hours at a time almost every day, of their whereabouts. But should not parents in aggravated cases be held responsible without the proof of scienter, on the theory that it is their duty to know what their children do?

If such a rule were adopted by the American courts, or a law were passed establishing it, there would certainly be considerable resultant litigation, yet the cost and labor might be well invested if it induced parents to become more careful in training up their children in the way they should go. The precedent set in the English case cited might be well followed. There is altogether too much laxity on the part of parents in training children to respect the rights of others and in neglecting to even reprimand them for acts of mischief often causing serious damage.

REACTION IN REALTY.

George Law, a well known resident of Kansas City, recently published an article in the Star on the real estate market, that contained some eminently true observations, as applicable to the situation in Duluth as they are to the city on the Kaw.

"For five years," says Mr. Law, "buyers have had it all their own way; they have made the prices, and they are now fighting every inch of ground, plying their stock arguments to keep down the price. They gauge values, not by the standard of intrinsic worth, but by the necessities of the seller."

Introducing this statement, Mr. Law calls attention to the boom in Kansas City, when there were more buyers than sellers. A wonderful rising market culminated in disaster and in the other extreme. This other extreme—more sellers than buyers—has now lasted twelve years, and Mr. Law continues:

"The pendulum has been swinging one way for twelve years, and it has swung too far; the reaction is near; it is sure and it will be rapid. The present low level of values was the natural result of too high prices, and as the day follows the night, the decline will be followed by a rise."

The necessity for selling has been removed, and the hour when the pendulum will swing back has arrived. Again quoting Mr. Law:

"None of us will mark the hour or know the cause for this change, but it is near and sure because of the everlasting natural law of compensation. We counted as fools many of our friends that bought on the top of the boom, but it is my opinion, and in all earnestness I say it, when the history of the present day is recorded, there will be a list, ten times as long, of men who lived in the midst of unparalleled opportunities, who saw real estate slandered, foreclosed and friendless, saw it sell right along at prices considered low in country towns, saw it continue to decline while the city was annually adding 10,000 to her population, saw it still at bottom while every logical theory and supported by every experience in history a change had to come, but they failed to embrace the opportunity. It will be only a few years when you will find on every street corner self-condemned idiots, not of the first, but of the thirty-second degree, who saw and knew that Kansas City real estate in 1901 was the cheapest thing on earth. But they counted on it going still lower and did not buy."

This is not simply logic, but it is experience. The same thing has happened in other cities where real estate has sold for a song for years and then been carried on a sudden wave to the other extreme. What is true of Kansas City today in this respect is true of Duluth. Real estate is selling here today at figures that, a few years hence, will be regarded as ridiculously cheap. The man who puts his money in Duluth realty today will make no mistake. It is an investment that will bring big returns. And the investor will not be forced to wait long before reaping his profits. The reaction has already started.

WHAT WILL ENGLAND DO?

Life is measured not by years but by experience. Men grow old by leaps and bounds, not by the monotonous tick of the pulse. This is also true of nations. There was more history made during the twenty years from 1790 to 1810 than during the previous century. The world for nearly 100 years has rested in comparative quiet, gathering force for another leap toward the light. The last ten years have been crowded with events which, with their natural sequences, will again change the map of the world. Japan has arisen to the position of a dominant power in the East; the United States with one step has placed itself in the front ranks of the world powers; Germany and France have both renewed their ambitions to become vast colonial empires, while Russia has awakened to a realization of her enormous strength and appears anxious to demonstrate her prowess. The nations were never more wideawake, vigilant, jealous. The ambition of the British empire to become dominant in South Africa forced the war with the Dutch republics. Strange as it may seem, that war threatens to be the opening wedge to a reorganization of the balance of power among the nations.

The British empire since the battle of Waterloo has been the one irresistible force in directing the course of history. For nearly a century England has been the dictator of the world. With magnificent diplomacy she has maintained her power and her prestige. Since 1814 she has but once measured swords with a foeman worthy of her steel. But the charm has been broken. The giant is vulnerable. The David of South Africa has proved more than a match for the European Goliath. What will England do? Will she hurl legion after legion against the rocky fastnesses of the Boers, only to see them mown down by these unerring marksmen? Will she sacrifice men and money with a dogged persistence until the nation is exhausted or the Boers annihilated? Or will she seek peace through the channels of diplomacy and mutual concessions in a way that will leave British pride intact and the Boers confirmed in their liberty?

It matters not, so far as the progress of the human race is concerned, what is done now. Another page of history has been turned, and on it the name of England is not written in capital letters. It took Rome 600 years to die. It took Spain 300 years to interpret the handwriting on the wall. Is this the beginning of the end of the power of the British empire? Who can say? Five centuries may not suffice to obliterate the power of England. A thousand years hence the Union Jack may still float on the breeze, but Britain as the one great world power is no more. The great republic of the West and the great empire of the Northeast are henceforth the two dominant factors in the national problems of the world.

The authenticity of at least one Biblical story has been strengthened by the reports of Professor George Frederick Wright, of Oberlin college, who has recently returned from an extensive tour of geological research in Siberia and other parts of Asia. He found among other things that the Red Sea, within historical times, extended a shallow arm many miles toward the Mediterranean over the route now followed by the Suez canal and that heavy winds would sweep the waters of this shallow basin away and make it possible for a host to cross over from one side to the other as was told of the children of Israel when pursued by the army of Pharaoh. Professor Wright brings back many interesting facts and beliefs founded upon his discoveries in that comparatively unknown land. He says that his investigations have satisfied him that the Siberian steppes of Northern Asia are of comparatively recent development, geologically speaking, that instead of being the theater of gigantic glacial action during the glacial period of the world's development they were then from 300 to 3000 feet beneath the Arctic sea. He has found evidence of sea action and beaches on the slopes of mountains nearly a thousand feet above the sea level. He found in Lake Koobia, now many hundred feet above the level of the Caspian sea, Arctic seals whose ancestors were unquestionably left there by the subsidence of the sea or the upheaval of the land not so many thousands of years ago. Altogether the findings of the professor are of a most interesting nature, and a full report will be waited with impatience by the scientific world.

There is a possibility of the abolition of the death penalty in New York. A bill has already passed the assembly looking to that end. It fixes the punishment for murder in the first degree at life imprisonment, and in the second degree at not less than thirty years' imprisonment. There is one provision in the bill, however, and it is one by which the friends of the bill hope to have it successfully run the gauntlet of those who favor capital punishment. It provides that, in case of conviction of murder in the first degree, the jury shall recommend whether or not the punishment shall be death or life imprisonment; likewise upon conviction of murder in the second degree the jury shall recommend whether it shall be life imprisonment or a term of thirty years.

It really looks at times as though the mikado of Japan has about made up his mind to take a fall out of the czar on his own hook without any assistance from the other powers. If Japan should enter a war with the Bear she could not expect any help from the United States or England. It is the policy of the administration to keep its hands out of any European or Asiatic complications, and as for England she has troubles enough of her own without wandering away from home looking for more. Plucky and progressive as the Japanese are, it is a foregone conclusion that if they enter war with Russia they will surely be beaten in the end.

An Eastern newspaper complains that the toilet room for women in Pullman cars is only big enough for one person at a time, whereas the men are given ample space for several to dress at once. Does this unsophisticated Eastern editor, asks the Kansas City Star, fancy that, if the women's compartment were big enough to accommodate ten, the first arrival would not lock the door and let the others wait their turn?

Alabama, according to the report of a business man who has been investigating conditions in that state, is more prosperous than at any time since "befo' the wah." Land, it is said, has doubled in value; over 50 per cent of the people are freeholders; agriculture has become diversified, and manufactures have greatly increased. Indeed, the whole South is sharing in the country's present period of prosperity.

The Hon. Marcus Aurelius Hanna evidently thinks that it is good policy to lie low for a while. If he has any presidential aspirations he is not saying anything about them. Even if he wants to run a section of the great steel combine, as has been currently reported, he is not making that fact known. Mr. Hanna is not one of those men who go looking after anything with a brass band.

An educational qualification for the elective franchise has been adopted by the legislature of Washington. The new election law provides that no one shall hereafter be admitted to the suffrage who cannot read and write the English language. Such action on the part of a Southern state would be called a high-handed outrage and a direct effort to eliminate the negro vote.

A bill has been introduced in the Minnesota legislature to expend $5000 of the state's money in the publication of a book containing portraits of the state officers and members of the legislature, etc. The bill should be promptly killed. It is nothing but an attempt to rob the treasury.

An Omaha man who assaulted a policeman was fined $100. Another Omaha man who beat his wife was fined $10. Are we to conclude that a policeman is ten times more valuable than a wife in the eye of the law?

After one of his "expeditions," Von Waldersee reported: "Two hundred and fifty Chinese left dead on the field; only one German soldier wounded." This is not war; it is wholesale assassination.

In a few short weeks the news of China, the Philippines, and the like will fade into insignificance before the doings of the baseball players on the various diamonds.

If China does not want to lose a large proportion of her trade in firecrackers, she will keep on good terms with the United States.

It cannot be denied that the supreme court is taking time to consider the Porto Rico cases commensurate with their importance.

A Pittsburg woman recently tried to hurry along the fire with oil. Loss, $300,000.

The law taxing the bucket shop begins April 1, but it is no "April fool" joke.

Ben Harrison the President.

At length in God's half-acre, beneath the Hoosier skies,
Ben Harrison, the president, in wakeless slumber lies,
And something in the thought of it has dimmed the people's eyes.

Ben Harrison, the president, is past all human pains,
Past grief for human losses and hope of human gains;
The man we knew has left us, the good he did remains.

We thought him cold, and often his ways were not our own;
His mind was on too sure a base to be by passion blown,
Ben Harrison, the president, was strong to stand alone.

The simple faith our fathers had was ample for his needs;
He lived to warn the land he served against tyrannic creeds,
And square with his ideals was the record of his deeds.

Our children, in the days to be, when we who mourn are gone,
Will see new names of mighty men upon our annals drawn,
But nobler-minded gentlemen they will not look upon.

—FRANK PUTNAM, in National Magazine.

MIRTHFUL LINES.

Philadelphia Bulletin: "The doctor says there's one complaint he can't cure."
"What's that?"
"This one his patients make about their bills."

-:—:-

Judge: Jerrold. (telling story)—Twice I snapped my rifle at the charging lion; it failed to explode. He was right upon me—and what do you think I did then?
Ethel (yawning)—Woke up!

-:—:-

Indianapolis Press: "I presume,' said the sarcastic plutocrat, "that you consider yourself an example of honest worth unappreciated?"
"No mister," admitted Dismal Dawson. "I consider meself honestly worthless."

-:—:-

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Were you ever taken for a minister?" asked the soubrette.
"No," said the leading man with the spiritual face, "but I have been treated like one."
"Eh?"
"I have sometimes been compelled to wait six or seven months for my salary."

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: City editor—How often must I tell you not to use tautological expressions?
Reporter—I didn't know I had used any in that story.
City editor—Well, you have. You speak of young Sapleigh as an "effeminate cigarette smoker."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "I observe," said the friend, "that you always speak kindly of your political opponent."
"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "It is just as well. It conveys the impression that I have him beaten and can afford to be generous."

-:—:-

Chicago Tribune: "Your wife," observed one of his friends, "says you are decidedly in favor of amending the laws so as to give women equal rights with men in voting, holding office and disposing of property."
"If my wife says so," said Mr. Meeker, "it's so. I have always been of the understanding that my marriage vow bound me to love, honor and O. K. her in every thing."

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Her father is a Chicago packer, isn't he?"
"Yes, and very wealthy. Why, he gave his daughter a specially built piano playing attachment with an extra large pedaling surface."
"What was that for?"
"Her feet."

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: The Indian poured forth the old story of his wrongs.
When he had talked two hours, I lost my temper.
"You go on," I sneered, "as if you were a brook instead of a Creek, merely."
I knew the fellow to be well read in English poetry, especially Tennyson, and therefore unable to escape being cut by my witty allusion.

Watch For It.

Philadelphia Times: Ten to one when the president starts on his trip toward the Pacific the well known line, "Westward the star of the empire takes its way," will be quoted.

Shy on Wonders.

Kansas City Star: The perplexity which seems to prevail in Mexico concerning a possible successor to President Diaz proves that there is no state in that republic corresponding to the great commonwealth of Ohio.

Depends on Whom It Hits.

Brooklyn Eagle: Mr. Gorman has put through the law which indirectly establishes an educational qualification for suffrage in Maryland. One has long been directly established in Massachusetts. There those whom it hurts are said to be Democrats. Most of those whom it will hurt in Maryland are said to be Republicans. But the Massachusetts Republican papers bitterly denounce the Massachusetts educational qualification—applied to Maryland.

Holland's Submarine Triumph.

Philadelphia Press: The English navy takes up the Holland boat and Europe generally is disposed to recognize the claims of an American who at home has been treated in a very shabby manner. It is the old story of the inventor or the prophet who is not without honor save in his own country.

Lessons to Be Heeded.

Chicago Record: A wealthy man in Fargo, N. D., who died last week, is reported to have left a will giving all his property to a telephone girl. Presumably the bequest is an evidence of his gratitude because she never said "busy" when he wanted to call up a friend over the 'phone, and never cut him off in the midst of a conversation. Now, if other telephone girls will only take a lesson from the incident!

A Hint For Kidnapers.

San Francisco Call: The fellow who threatened the newly elected millionaire senator from Utah has opened up the prospect of an avenue of crime that would cause a division of sentiment among even the most law-abiding people in the country. Suppose several conspicuous senators, who need not be named, were abducted and carried into retirement; would anybody howl? Would the country vote a ransom?

Well Named.

Anoka Union: It is proper to call it the board of control, for it will come precious near controlling the politics of the state.

Who Is Opposed?

Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin: If, according to Representative Stevens of Minnesota, cheap sugar and tobacco stand in the way of Cuban annexation, the American people will want to know who is opposed to the cheapening—a few manufacturers or the mass of the people?

DAILY STORY.

BOGUS SAMPLES

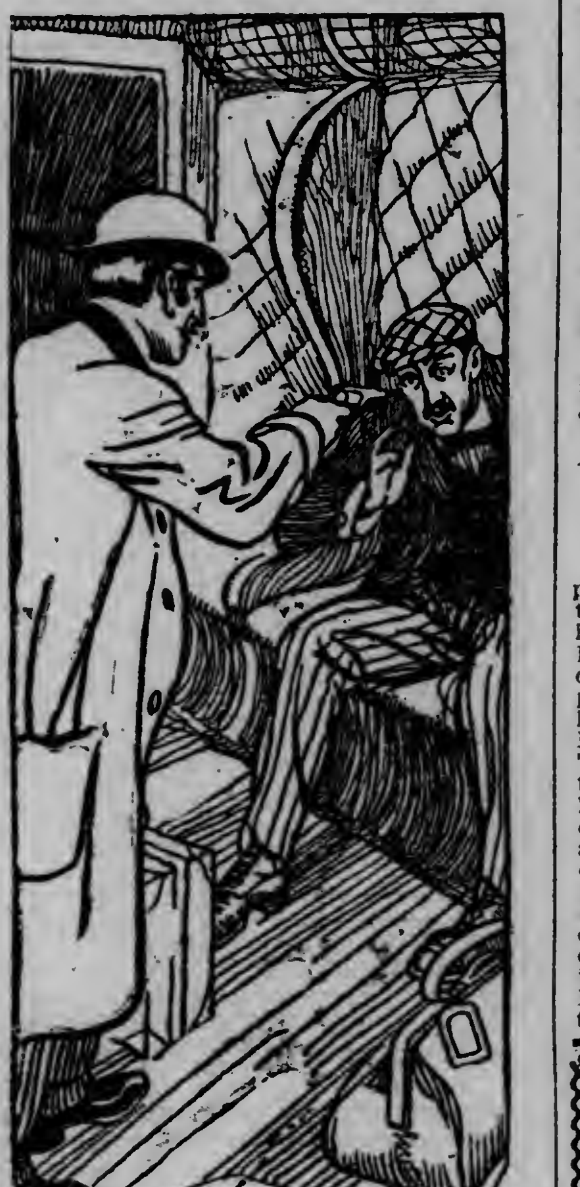
BY WALTER M. PARKER.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

I am what is called the "gem man" of the house of Hunt, Benham & Stoepel, and I have held the position for fifteen years. I have made several trips to Brazil and South Africa in the interests of the house, and have bought and sold gems in every large city in Europe. For the past three years a man known to the police by the sobriquet of "Razor," but whose real name was George Hull, had his eye on me and sought opportunity to make me a victim. He was called "Razor" for his sharpness, but he was impudent as well as sharp. He actually sent me word that he had taken my trail and meant to hang to it until he had plundered me. I was naturally on the lookout for him on my trips, and he gave me many an uneasy hour. He was known to the police as a man of middle age and the appearance of a gentleman, being a smooth talker and one to gain your confidence, but I was not foolish enough to expect to meet him as he was. He would resort to some disguise or other, of course. I learned from the police that he had just one distinguishing mark, and that was a curious one. In speaking words beginning with "r" he would hang to the letter for an instant, as "r—r—remember." He did this with no other letter in the alphabet, and perhaps he was not aware of doing it with any. It was a clue given to the police by a confederate whom he had done for, and it was in turn given to me. Slight as it was it proved my salvation over and over again. "Razor" followed me to Amsterdam in the disguise of a clergyman; he rode with me to Paris as a lawyer; he trailed me to Vienna as a school teacher. In the space of two years I discovered him in seven or eight disguises, and was always in time to checkmate him.

You may ask why my money or gems were not sent by express, and all danger thus avoided. There were two good reasons. In the first place the charges would have been too heavy, and in the next I often bought or sold en route and at unexpected times. While I had identified "Razor" in his numerous disguises, I had never let on to know him. I had simply taken extra precautions to baffle him. I instinctively felt that he would some day drop all disguise and appear before me in his real identity, and that he would be more dangerous than in any other form. One who affects a disguise, no matter how slight, cannot appear perfectly at ease. When I found a frank and jolly traveling companion I would find a man who had sworn to plunder me.

Yes, the day came when we sat opposite each other in a railway car between London and Liverpool, and were the only two occupants. I was going down to Liverpool with gems valued at £40,000 in my breast pocket and "Razor" was in the disguise of a private tutor who had granted himself a week's vacation and was bound for a country village with fishing tackle. He was at first inclined to be omish with me, but warmed up a bit when I began to talk fish and expressed a wish to view his tackle. I took the man for what he said he wan, and though I told him I was on my way to visit friends at a country place he seemed to believe me. We ran from fish to partridges, and from partridges to horses, and because I did not detect the "r—r—r" in the fellow's pronunciation I was idiot enough to forget all about "Razor." As I afterwards recalled our conversation, I cauld easily figure out that he had dodged the words that would have given him aawy. He had got on to his little infirmity of speech, and for fear I had twigged it he had cut the give away words out of his vocabulary for the time being. We had been riding for an hour and a half, and were approaching the station where the tutor was to get off, when he accidentally dropped a coin he held in his fingers. It struck the toe of my boot and I stooped and picked it up. When I lifted my head I found the muzzle of a pistol in my face, and the man opposite said:



"It's No Use, My Friend, I Want Those Gems."

"It's no use, my friend, I want those gems. I think you'll admit that I have waited long enough."

"You—you are 'Razor?' " I asked with sinking heart.

"You've hit it."

"And you mean to rob me?"

"Another hit. Just pass over the package, and let me relieve you of this as well."

I carried a revolver, and he came over to me and drew it from my pocket as deftly as you please. You would have resisted him, of course, but I didn't. The man's craft and cruelty could be read in his eyes, and I realized that he would not hesitate for an instant to shoot me down. I had counted on meeting him some day, and yet I was much taken aback when his identity stood revealed.

"Well, I'm watiing," he said in an impatient voice as I sat staring at him and seeing my ruin in the loss of the gems.

There was nothing to do but out with the package, and as it left my left hand my throat filled up 'till I gasped for breath.

"How much?" he asked with a smile.

"About £40,000."

"Good enough. All things come to him who waits. This train is going to shunt in just above here for the express to pass, and I shall leave you. I have a key, as you see. You may think to raise an alarm and pursue me, but I would advise you against it. If cornered I will shoot you first of all."

The train was slowing up when he unlocked the door and leaped out. He locked the door behind him or I should have been at his heels. As it was, it took me five minutes to bring the guard and get out, and then it was too late. "Razor" had dodged among the freight cars and buildings and reached a buggy and confederate in waiting and got off across the country. We did not even get sight of him. As the train rolled on I remained behind to telegraph the disaster to the house. In an hour I received an answer telling me to proceed to Liverpool and inquire for express package at Davidson's. I could not make it out at all, and I was the most wretched man in England as I resumed my journey. On reaching Liverpool I went straight to Davidson's and found a package awaiting me. No sooner had I got at the contents than my knees knocked together. They were the identical gems I had selected to sell in Liverpool—the identical gems I had passed over to "Razor" in the car. How had it come about? I was all at sea until I had sent a dispatch and received an answer. It read:

"The samples you took were bogus. The real gems were sent by express. Go ahead with your sales."

It was the first time I had ever carried bogus samples, or that the house had changed a package on me, but it had been done at the instance of the police, who had received a hint that "Razor" was in London and putting up a new job on me. I had not been informed, as they did not wish to worry me. It was the last I ever saw of the man in any disguise. His disgust over the trick played on him turned his attention in some other direction, and I have no doubt that he believes to this day that it was my wit that knocked him out of a fortune.

War on Long Skirts.

Atlanta Journal: Short skirts for women are coming into greater favor every day and for good reasons. They are not only more convenient than long, dragging skirts, but are much more serviceable. The strongest argument in favor of the short skirt, however, is that it is so much easier to keep clean and is therefore much more healthful. The subject of dress reform is being discussed with great interest in Canada, not by women alone but by physicians and health authorities. One of the subjects most fully considered at a large convention of physicians in Ottawa recently was tuberculosis and means of its transmission. An eminent physician gave it as his opinion that one-fifth of all the deaths in Canada last year resulted from pulmonary consumption. There was a consensus of opinion that trailing skirts were veritable germ traps and that their use out of doors should be strongly discontinued. It is very difficult to make fashions conform to rules of common sense, but the reasons for abolishing trailing skirts for street wear should be sufficient to appeal effectively to every woman who values her health. Dragging dresses are not necessary to woman's attractiveness.

Raw Material of Revolution.

Arnold White in Harper's Weekly: The Irishman is more a citizen of the world than the Englishman. hTe former is sensitive imaginative, inaccurate, light-hearted and verbose. The Anglo-Saxon is staid, solid, silent, with freezing manner that stings rather than chills the expansive Celtic nature. Few Englishmen have any conception how replsively offensive they can make themselves to the Latin, Celtic and Teuton races by their stony stare. The insularity of England has been one of the chief sources of her safety—like the skin of an armadillo—but as the British grenadier wears upon his head a bearskin hat to make him look more formidable than he is by nature, so the average English official in Ireland—there are of course some excellent exceptions—adopts as his official manner an air of superiority and condescension which is the row material of revolution.

Humane Boys.

Our Dumb Animals: We get this from a friend in Poland, New York: "Last spring when the snow was leaving, a teamster in our place was whipping his horses, trying to make them draw a heavy load over a bare bridge. One of our "Band of Mercy" boys remonstrated with him and persuaded him to let the horses rest awhile and use kindness, and by so doing the bridge was passed without further trouble. The boy then got five little boys that were out with their sleds to come and help put snow on the bridge, which they did, drawing load after load and dumping it on the bridge with great glee. A teamster passing at the time inquired who was the leader of this good movement, and learning handed him a nickel, and our hero proved himself as generous as he was kind by dividing the amount equally among his five little helpers, giving each a penny. The good effect upon those little fellows cannot easily be estimated."

The Day's Best Hour.

Sweet is the Morn that deepens to a blush
Athwart each clear-cut ridge and mountain high,
When, on the dewy twigs, the birds all vie
In tuneful measures with the glorious thrush!
And deeply sweet is Noon, when every rush
And nodding blade of grass seems full asleep;
When scarce a whisper through the woods doth creep,
While distant scenes look hazy, in the hush.
But, poet's hour, loved Eve, whose shadow folds,
In peace, the deeper grasses by the mere;
Whose crimson flame gives glory to the near,
And dapples every height the eye beholds,
With fervent glory fringing cape and bay;
Thou art the sweetest, lordliest hour of Day!

—WILLIAM J. GALLAGHER, in Chambers' Journal.

A Powerful Factor.

Wadena Tribune: hTat Towne is yet a powerful factor in the politics of this country is evident from the constant attention he receives from the opposition press. Every reference to Towne by the Republican press is calculated to make him appear a political nonentity and so dead politically as to be absolutely ridiculous. Republican leaders nevertheless feel that Towne must yet be reckoned with, and the Republican press reflects the apprehension of their party leaders. With a change in sentiment in this country against the tendency of militarism and commercialism, Towne will loom up above the political horizon as an orb pregnant with constraint and disaster to the advocates of these tendencies. That such a change in sentiment is rapidly crystallizing is plainly apparent and the efforts of Republicans are being mainly directed toward checking such sentiment.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

THE HIGH SCHOOL

Schools All Closed For Vacation of One Week.

Prof. Smith Says Something of Savings Bank System.

Personnel of Baseball Team Is Practically Settled.

The high school closed yesterday afternoon for the Easter vacation and will not resume operations until April 8, when the regular sessions will continue without any interruption, save Decoration day, until Friday, June 19, when they close for the summer vacation. On Saturday, April 6, examinations will be held at the high school in which an opportunity will be given to make up conditions incurred in the semester examinations held last February.

THE SAVINGS SYSTEM.

Professor Smith Comments Briefly on It.

The question has been agitated recently of inaugurating the savings bank system in the public schools of this city. The idea has been given a trial in some cities and has met with considerable success and has done a great deal of good in teaching pupils the lesson of economy. It is nothing more nor less than its name implies, a savings bank system in the public schools where the scholars leave their deposits with the teachers, who turn them over to the bank. In this way the spirit of economy is not only inculcated, but the pupils are given the experience in practical banking, which is very apt to be useful in their after life.

Professor C. A. Smith says of the idea: "I cannot say much about the subject, because I have not seen it tried, but I understand that it has been worked very successfully in some places, and I would not object to seeing it tried here. A great many people are in favor of the scheme and no doubt it would prove as successful as it has done in other places. I hardly think though that it is a thing for the school to take up just now because it is doing all that it really can, and I hardly think that it would be wise to make cashiers and bookkeepers out of the teachers as it is likely that it would take the energy that should be devoted along other lines. I do not know whether it would be as much for the high school as the grades. Theoretically I think that it would be a very good thing, but practically I really don't know how it would turn out. I have no idea whether it will be adopted here or not, but it certainly could do little harm and might do much good."

ATHLETIC MATTERS.

Baseball Team Is Practically Made Up.

Nothing new has developed during the week concerning track athletics, and nothing definite will be known until after the spring vacation, during which Professor Hutchinson, the manager of the track team, will arrange the dates for the meets with Ironwood, St. Cloud and Minneapolis or St. Paul. The events for the preliminary field day will be announced about April 8.

In baseball circles things have livened up to a slight etxent and the team met last Wednesday and selected their uniforms. The suits will be white, with red letters, the cap and stockings red and white, and the belt red. A subscription list will be circulated among the business men of the city, and it is expected that the requisite amount can be raised in this manner. Two freshmen, Dash and Seamans, are trying for second base, but otherwise the line up is practically decided upon and will be as follows: Catcher, Alworth; pitchers, A. Cummings and McCumber; first base, G. Cummings; second base, Dash or Seamans; third base, Clarence Adams; shortstop, Peterson; center field, Congdon (captain); righ field, F. Bradley; left field, A. Cummings and McCumber.

Manager Richards has seen Manager Owens of the Tower team and arranged for two games, one to be played here and one at Tower. One game will be played with the Superior normals in Duluth and two with the Blaine high school team of Superior, one to be played here and one in Superior. No dates have yet been arranged for as it is not certain upon what days the park will be open for the use of the high school team. The team will either go to Minneapolis or Ashland and an effort will be made to get a game with Hibbing at that place.

If all the present plans pan out as those in charge expect them to seven games in all will be played. A good team is in prospect and the management expect to come out ahead at the end of the season on the financial question.

THE LITERARY SOCIETY.

An Amusing Play Presented Friday Afternoon.

The meeting of the Literary society, which occurred yesterday afternoon, was the best one held this year, both from the point of attendance and the general excellence of the program. The meeting opened with a vocal solo by Miss Mason, followed by a very enjoyable talk on the latest scientific inventions by Frank Bradley. A violin solo, played by Oliver Colbenston, was very heartily encored. He plays with much brilliancy and finish.

An amusing play, entitled "Six Cups of Chocolate," was presented by several young ladies, and they covered themselves with glory in their rendition of it. Miss Watterworth and Miss Allen carried out their parts especially well. The cast was as follows:

Miss Adeline von Linden, a German girl .. ..Katie Waterworth
Miss Marion Lee, a transplanted Southern girl .. .. ..Claire Fredrick
Miss Dorothy Green, a New Englander .. ..Murien Fellows
Miss Beatrix von Kortlandt, a New Yorker .. ..Ethel Bartlett
Miss Hester Bacon, a Bostonian.... .. ..Ruth Markell
Miss Jeanette Durand, a French girl .. ..Kate Allen
Marie, the maid............Mary Morris

Attaining Good Standing.

The High School Musical society, under the tutelage of Professor A. F. M. Custance, has attained an enviable standing in the musical circles of Duluth. It has given two concerts to packed houses at the high school this year, and has participated in two concerts at the Armory, and Thursday evening assisted in putting a class through the thirty-second degree of Scottish Rite Masonry. April 12 it will sing at an entertainment at the Swedish Mission church, at which Governor Van Sant will speak. On April 21 it will give the annual sacred concert at the high school. Much of the success attained is due to the leading soprano, Miss Rena Smith, who is the soprano soloist in one of the leading church choirs of the city.

Enlarging Library.

The high school library is being considerably enlarged by the addition of about 450 new books. Although the list of books purchased has not yet arrived, they will be the standard works of reference on literature, history, political economy, biological and physical science and literary expression. The school recently added about 100 volumes by trading off a number of old books for new ones, and the rest have been purchased with the money set aside by the state board for that purpose. About 290 volumes have already been received, and the remaining 150 will be here at an early date. The boks are all new and are the latest editions of the standard works, and will be of material assistance to the instructors and students.

Freshmen Ball Team.

The freshmen have elected a manager and captain of their class baseball team, and will get to work as soon as the weather permits and start preparations for defeating the sophomores in the national game. Whether they will be successful or not is a matter of conjecture, as the latter have six men on the high school baseball team. Ed Olson was elected manager, and Walter Dash, who was captain of the victorious polo team, was chosen captain.

To Found a Model Town.

A gigantic scheme is afloat to found a great model industrial town in the Eastern part of the country, where shall be gathered a variety of manufacturers and an army of employes, under social conditions; the town and manufactures to be organized according to the most approved business methods, with the highest regard to the physical and intellectual welfare of its residents. Fifty years ago a medicine was founded which also had in view the welfare of humanity. This was Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a remedy famed the world over for its cure of dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, belching, insomnia, biliousness, nervousness and malaria, fever and ague. As a spring tonic and blood purifier, it is unequalled. Our Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

NEGRO OFFICIAL.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: It is the custom of the Alabama district of the United Mine Workers to elect a negro as vice president.

Facts about your trouble

There is no more sense in paying big fees to a great medical specialist when you are distressed with liver and kidney trouble, than there is in trying to heal a broken limb with putty.

Fifty years ago as Dr. McLean treated the most complicated cases, curing and bringing hope and happiness to his great number of patients, he did not have one-fiftieth as many medicines as his fellow doctors have to-day. The wonderful success of his cures proves that the simple common sense remedies he employed were right. His theory was to go direct to the seat of the trouble and apply the simplest form of remedy there.

The McLean way of reaching the trouble, which has stood the test of a half century of successful life-saving is simple, safe and sure. It is the good old-fashioned, practical method of going direct to the evil to quickly relieve suffering.

Nothing will take the place, nothing can replace

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

It should be used at the beginning of the trouble, but it is equally safe and sure even if taken when the trouble has taken deep root.

In new cases a cure will result in a short time. In very bad, chronic cases, it is equally effective, but patience is necessary and the need to keep up the treatment faithfully.

Kidney and liver troubles are stubborn, and only a persistent use of this reliable remedy will cure them.

If you druggist is up-to-the-times, he has it.

Only $1.00 per Bottle. Made by The J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

CHRONIC COUGHS

OFTEN ARE THE BEGINNING OF CONSUMPTION.

Stop Your Cough and Avoid Future Trouble.

We Will Guarantee That We Can Do It For You.

Our Vinol is the Remedy for all Pulmonary Affections

Vinol is a preparation that is delicious to take.

It consists of a delicate table wine in which has been dissolved the active curative principles that are found in the liver of the live cod, and to which cod-liver oil owes its reputation as a remedy for coughs, colds and all wasting diseases.

If there is any one who has a cough, a tendency to take cold easily, or a dread of consumption, we would like to have them call and permit us to explain what we know about Vinol and why we believe it will cure all such troubles more surely and quickly than any other remedy ever given to the public.

Following is a letter which has just come to hand and which shows how beneficially Vinol acted in one instance:

"I had a severe cough of long standing. I was advised by friends to give your Vinol a trial, which I did. Before taking it I had tried many other remedies for coughs without obtaining any relief. With Vinol it was different. I have now used four bottles of it, and am pleased to say my cough has almost entirely left me. I have been decidedly benefited by its use in every way. Very truly yours."—H. E. SMALL, Boston, Mass.

Vinol acts beneficially upon the digestive organs, enabling them to obtain for themselves the elements from which are made firm healthy flesh tissue, sound muscle, strong bone structure and pure blood.

We recommend Vinol unreservedly.

If you will call on us at our store, we will tell you why we have such faith in this new wine of cod-liver oil.

We guarantee that if you suffer from any symptoms that indicate troubles for which we know Vinol is intended, we will refund to you your money if you don't find Vinol helps you.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

DUN'S REVIEW

Condition of General Business Is In Most Respects Satisfactory.

New York, March 30.—R. G. Dun's weekly review of trade says: The condition of general business in most respects is satisfactory. The labor situation is more tranquil. Mining differences in the soft coal regions are settled and sober counsels seem to have prevailed among anthracite miners. Aside from the expected advance in structrual shapes, there is comparative steadiness in iron and steel. After more or less advance every week for two months it is gratifying to find that Bessemer pig remains seven days without alteration. The tone is firm and producers report all recent sales for early delivery. While exports of cruder forms are light, other countries having reduced prices until their competition is felt, there is no diminution in the foreign demand for bridge material and other finished products. Construction of valley furnaces is practically assured and promises to be a powerful force in the industry.

Prices of boots and shoes are well sustained without any quotable change. New England shoes report fewer orders but most concerns have sufficient work for some months on old contracts. Japanned goods and chrome patent kid are in special request. Most lines of leather are firmly held while receipts of glazed kid and patent leather are quickly absorbed at steady prices. Chicago hides again average lower, the weakness being partly attributed to the extremely poor quality of offerings.

That bottom prices for wool have been reached at last is evidenced by the growing unwillingness of holders to make concessions, the greater activity of dealers, and indications that purchases for speculation are of considerable volume. Transactions show a material gain at the leading markets, while shipments from Boston exceeded those of preceding weeks. Efforts to secure even fractional advances in quantities, however, end negotiations. Manufacturers are not inclined to accumulate stocks. The new clip moves very slowly, consigners accompanying shipments with instructions not to sell at current figures.

It was not possible to maintain the small recovery late last week in raw cotton and subsequent reaction established a new low record for the crop year. While the decline has been severe, mills are not ready to purchase freely and foreign buying for the month is far below last year's. Efforts will be made to prevent the enormous acreage meditated, but unparalleled sales of fertilizers have already occurred.

Wheat did not respond to rumors of damage, but found reason for strength in Atlantic exports, including flour, in four weeks, of 11,432,947 bushels, against 6,078,762 bushels in 1900.

The failures of the week numbered 206 in the United States, against 203 last year, and 29 in Canada, against 33 last year.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Strike at Calumet & Hecla Was of Short Duration.

Millions of Dollars Worth of Shares Held By Miners.

This Gives Them Proprietary Interest In Copper Mines.

Houghton, Mich., March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—A strike is such an unusual thing in the lake copper district that the slight difficulty of this week at the Calumet & Hecla mill creates a greater sensation than a strike of large size and long duration would excite in many mining districts. The strike was really a very small affair, between 100 and 125 wash boys at the Hecla & Calumet mills threatening to walk out over a grievance relative to extra hours. The superintendent promised to take the matter up with the higher authorities, and the boys returned to work pending a settlement, which has practically been reached, the employes getting the greater part of their demands. No time was lost at the mill because of the trouble, but the officials of the mining company are considerably put out because the wash boys saw fit to present their demands in the form of an ultimatum. The company has prepared a careful plan by which any grievance of any employe or group of employes receives prompt consideration, if reported to the immediate boss, who in turn reports to the man above, and so on until the complaint reaches the highest authority necessary to approach in the matter, and all employes are guaranteed against discharge because of making complaints. The Calumet & Hecla company is decidedly parental in its dealings with employes, and many of the latter chafe against some of the little rules for their guidance, but of the good intentions of the company there can be no doubt, and the desire of the Calumet & Hecla management to aid every workingman in its employ is well understood, even by those who think the men might be allowed a little more latitude in some directions. As a whole the relations between employer and employe are singularly happy and free from friction. The Calumet & Hecla not only pays the highest wages paid by any mine east of the Rocky mountains, but has expended fortunes in various benevolences. A fine manual training school, a modern Y. M. C. A. building, thirty churches of various denominations built on the company's lands and partly with the company's cash, a beautiful club, free to employes, a fine library and many other like evidences of a desire to aid its employes mentally, morally and financially bear witness to the intent of the company to do something more than pay to shareholders the largest annual dividends disbursed by any mine in the world.

A feature of the labor situation in the lake district, which has not received the attention justly due it is the system of profit-sharing which has grown up here. It is not a ready-made method, built by some theorist and put into effect by ukase, but a natural and highly practical system by which employes become interested in the mines in which they work. Wages rule high enough so that miners, carftsmen and not infrequently day laborers, are able to save considerable sums from their earnings. Many of them own their homes, and a large number invest their surplus savings in mining stock. All of the lake copper mines have their shares listed on the Boston stock exchange, hence it is easy to buy or sell these shares, a gerat advantage to an investor, as unlisted mining shares lack a steady market, no matter how good the mine may be, the price of the stock depending upon the necessities of the seller and the desires of the buyer, while the man who wishes to either buy or sell must spend time searching out the man who has the corresponding wish. The consequence of the investments of the workingmen of the district in the mines in which they are employed is that millions of dollars' worth of copper shares are owned by the miners, mechanics, laborers and bosses of the mines, and this begets a sense of solidarity which is entirely lacking in the ordinary industrial establishment. The miners feel a proprietary interest in the properties in which they are employed, and the bosses naturally feel and act a trifle differently toward employes who are shareholders in the enterprise. The investments of the miners in the mines help to obviate labor troubes.

The unwatering of the old Minnesota mine is proceeding rapidly, and the water is going down in the old workings at the rate of four to five feet daily. Diamond drill borings recently made from the Calico lode toward the old copper, and it is altogether probable that millions of dollars' worth of copper will be taken from the old Minnesota, which in the 60s was the Calumet & Hecla of the lake copper district.

The first stamp head for the new Baltic mill arrived during the present week. The structural steel work of the new mill is progressing nicely and the buildings should be enclosed in a few weeks.

Work will be resumed on the steel gravity dam of the Atlantic and Baltic companies early in April. This dam is the first of its kind ever constructed and will cost about $130,000 complete, and will save all pumping costs to the mills of the two mines named.

Some fifty carloads of new machinery and structural steel have arrived for the South range mines during the present week. The excavation for the foundations of the new Trimountain mill are already well under way.

Ground has been cleared on Traverse bay for the new mills of the Wolverine and Mohawk and excavating will be started as soon as the snow goes.

Contractor Johnson is pushing work on the new branches of the Copper Range line and promises to have them completed by July 1.

On Monday next Charles H. Krause will assume the surface superintendency of the Mass mine, and Capt. James Wilcox, of the Arcadian, will take charge of the underground workings. The mistake of starting the mill too soon will not be repeated at the Mass, and the first stamp will not be placed in commission until there is an ample rock supply to furnish the 500 tons or more of selected rock required daily by a modern steam stamp. Of the richness of the Mass there can be no question. It has rock as rich as the Quincy or Wolverine, and the only question about the mine's future is whether there is enough of this high grade rock. The developments at the mine indicate that there is sufficient rich rock to make the Mass a highly profitable mine under good management and in the hands of men as experienced and as capable as Messrs. Krause and Wilcox, the property will be given the opportunity it has never before had, of a fair test. In the years past it has lacked sometimes the management and nearly always the cash.

The work of developing the South Kearsarge is progressing steadily and the showing in mine is growing better with depth, though it was by no means poor near the surface. It is evident that this portion of the Osceola Consolidated property is bound to be heard from largely in the near future.

Results at the old 1-stamp mill of the Centennial have been very satisfactory since milling from Kearsarge lode rock was begun. It is yielding much better returns than were ever secured from the rock taken out of the Osceola lode, and with a modern mill the Centennial should be able to make handsome profits from the Kearsarge amygdaloid which underlies the entire square mile of Centennial lands.

The Arnold is soon to resume working double shifts. Attention is being devoted almost exclusively to the old Copper Falls property at present.

The showing of copper in the bottom levels of the Victoria continues exceptionally good.

Recent developments in the Adventure are mainly responsible for the advance in price of the shares of that company.

Stock of the Belt Consolidated company was very largely taken in the lake district. The contiguity of the Belt to the Mass and Adventure and the possession of the same lodes as found on those properties renders the Belt an attractive proposition at present.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON LYRIC COMPANY.

Collamarini as Mignon last evening demonstrated her great versatility to the utmost satisfaction of her many admirers in this city. This wonderful singer-actress presented that difficult role in a highly pleasing manner, and it proved a most fitting finale to the long-to-be-remembered grand opera season of 1901. "Mignon" was never a very popular opera. While the music is beautiful, especially the concerted numbers, it lacks in action, and in the hands of other than a most capable company usually falls very flat. Collamarini, after scoring an unqualified success at the vivacious Carmen and the jealous Azucena, showed in Mignon her wonderful adaptability to every requirement of grand opera. Every note was rendered with that intense feeling characteristic of her work, and the pathos so necessary to the correct expression of the role was manifest on every occasion, while her acting was superb. The soprano, Miss Bertha Davis, had her opportunity of the week, and her presentation of Filena was most excellent. She divided the honors of the evening with the prima donna. Russo, as usual, was equal to his task and sang the part of Wilhelm Meister very acceptably. Alessandroni also appeared at his best and maintained the reputation he secured on his first appearance. The other parts were all well sung and acted.

This afternoon "Wang" was given, and tonight the engagement will close with "The Fencing Master."

JAMES-KIDDER COMPANY.

One of the most elaborate productions that will be seen at the Lyceum theater in Duluth during the season is that of "A Midsummer Night's Dream," which will be presented by Louis James and Kathryn Kidder and a company of fifty players next Saturday afternoon and evening.

Not since the art of stage production has utilized all the modern facilities, such as electricity, limelights, scientific construction of appliances and the like, has there been a subject of larger scope for the utilization of these improved means than "A Midsummer Night's Dream." The production is entirely new—secenery, costumes, properties and all. The play will be given in its entirety, a special feature being made of the fairy revels and the low comedy scenes, while the legitimate story is entrusted to earnest and competent actors. All of the Mendelssohn music, which is regarded as the best ever written for one of the Shakespearean plays, will be used. The whole revival is one of spectacular magnificence and artistic finish, and surpasses, it is said, the big revival made last season of "The Winter's Tale," by Wagenhals and Kemper. This play will be a genuine novelty, as it is almost unknown to the stage of this country, except through the few productions made by the late Augustin Daly in New York and Beerbohm Tree in London.

Two Trains a Day.

On May 5 the Northern Pacific Railway company will inaugurate a double train service between Duluth and Staples, Minn., to make connections with the North Coast limited train from the Twin Cities. While the time card for this service has not been definitely arranged, it is probable that there will be trains into Duluth at about 7 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and departing trains at 8 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening.

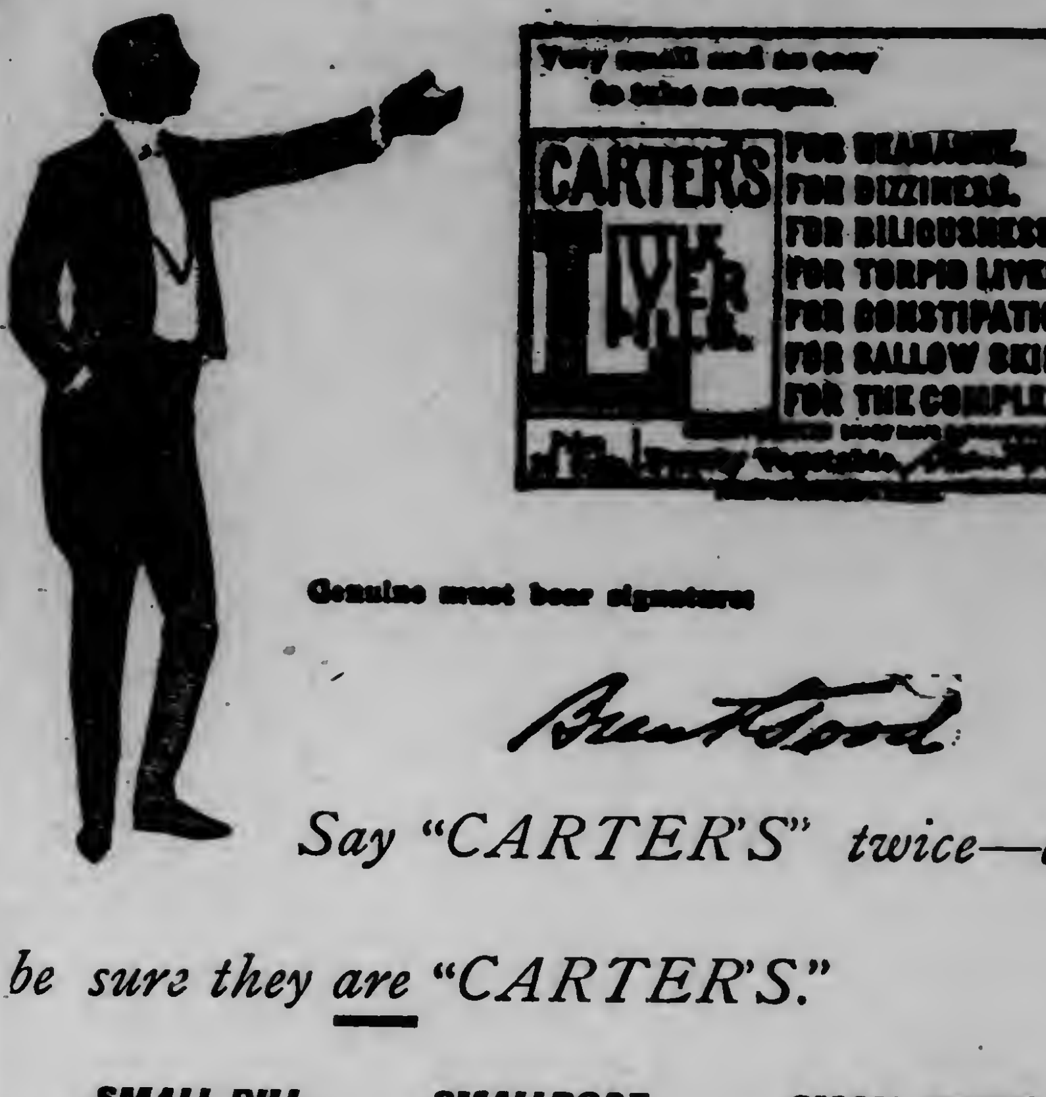
CABLE FLASHES.

Senor Villuenda, of the committee on relations, of the Cuban constitutional convention, signed the report of Senor Juan Gualberto Gomez, thus placing a majority of the committee in opposition to the principal features of the Platt amendment.

The law of associations bill, one of the most important measures considered by the French parliament during the last decade, was passed by the chamber of deputies by a vote of 303 to 220 amid prolonged ministerial cheers.

Snow storms and blizzards were general throughout the north of Great Britain and strong winds in Southern England. In Scotland twenty-five degrees of frost were registered and in Lincolnshire, England, fourteen. Much damage was done to telegraph and telephone wires.

Sir Alfred Milner, escorted by an armored train, has returned to Transvaal colony.



CARTER'S
ITTLE
IVER
PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.

Genuine must bear signature

Brentgood

Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALLDOSE. SMALL PRIOE.

DARK RINGS UNDER YOUR EYES?

ITS YOUR LIVER.

OVER HALF OF THE SUICIDES IN THIS COUNTRY CAN BE TRACED TO A DISORDERED LIVER. IN FACT, THERE IS NO OTHER DISEASE THAT HAS SUCH A DEPRESSING EFFECT ON THE PATIENT AS DISEASE OF THE LIVER. THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE ARE TO-DAY DOCTORING FOR SOME IMAGINARY AILMENT, WHO, IF THEIR LIVER WERE WORKING IN A HEALTHY MANNER, WOULD BE IN PERFECT HEALTH. THE LIVER ACTS AS A PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD, AND ABOVE ALL OTHER MEMBERS OF THE BODY, SHOULD BE ATTENDED TO CAREFULLY.

LINCOLN TEA

Is a guaranteed cure for all diseases of the liver. It acts immediately and leaves none of the bad effects that result from calomel and other poisonous drugs. And all other troubles arising from disordered, weak digestion or inactive Kidneys or Liver. It makes pure blood, a good appetite and builds up the whole system.

A MILD LAXATIVE, WORKS RAPIDLY AND WITHOUT A GRIPE OR PAIN.

One thing is certain—LINCOLN TEA moves the Bowels

A 100-Page Book of Stories and Anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln free with every 25-cent package.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

IN DANGER

The Sultan of Turkey May Be Deposed.

Kind-Hearted Ruler to His Subjects.

Cable dispatches this week have represented that Abdul Hamid II, the sultan of Turkey, is in serious danger of being deposed in favor of his brother, who has already been proclaimed sultan by the Arab insurgents under the title of Mohammed V.

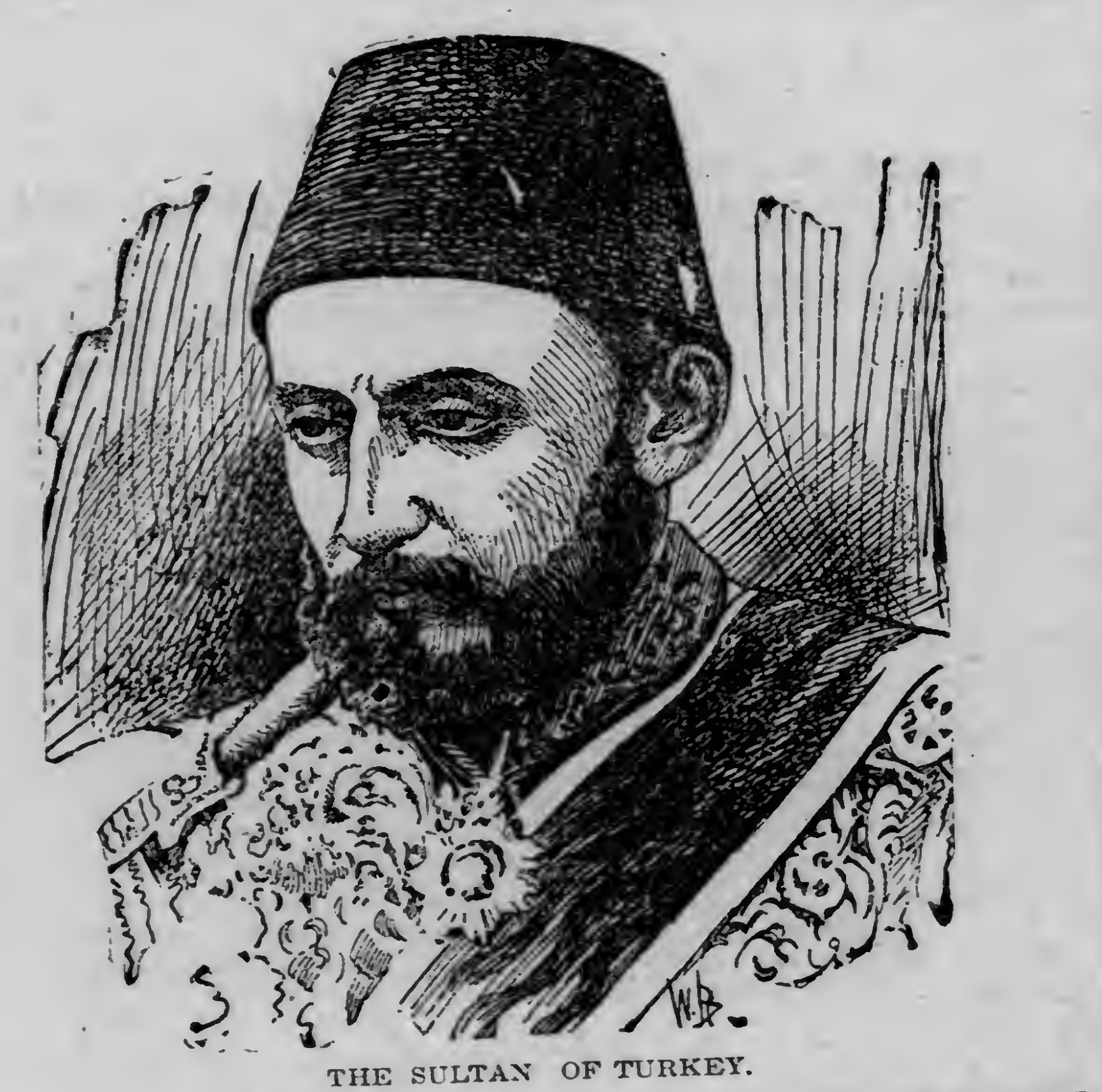
Probably there is no personality in the world that has been so little exploited more interesting than that of Turkey's present potentate, Abdul Hamid II. The character of the sultan of Turkey is a contradiction. Compelled, as it were, by dynastic traditions to enact the role of a despotic monarch, and remain shrouded in that seclusion which his majestic office calls for, he is, by inclination and tastes, a man who would feel far happier playing the role of a comfortably well-off private gentleman.

To the writers of canards and sophisticated cable gossip the sultan is alternately an ogre and an imbecile. Ordinary persons who have enjoyed social intercourse with him find the Turkish potentate a human and kindly-natured being, with the indisputable polish which belongs to the natural gentleman. The contrast between himself and that recently deceased swashbuckler, Milan, ex-king of Servia, is one of the most pronounced that could be imagined.

The sultan is a typical Turk, and the Turks are, at least outwardly, the most polished people of the East. In this respect they are a great contrast to the Bulgarians, Servians, Montenegrins and the inhabitants of many of their dependent states. Abdul Hamid is a creature of circumstance, the perpetuator of the only absolutely despotic government on the face of the earth outside of China—if that government may still be considered to exist.

To the modern mind many of the actions of the Sultan are undoubtedly inexplicable. For instance, his incarceration of his predecessor, the reform sultan Murad, smacks of the action of rulers of the middle ages. It is even hinted by some that his body may long ago have followed those of other victims of state policy over the bridge of Galata, into the deep and unspeakable waters of the Bosphorus.

As the ordained successor of Mahomet, Abdul Hamid cannot be expected to love


THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.

the Armenian Christians or regret that numbers of them are perennially exterminated by the Kurds. The statement may seem strange to those who do not think, but one understanding the training and constant environment of the sultan will easily see that it is only a logical result of both.

The advisers of the sultan are all men whose minds are cast in the came mould as his own. They form a cordon of thought around him which is all but unbreakable. The glimpses of modern feeling and thought which filtrate through these barriers can have but slight influence upon his by no means waxen mind.

Politically, and by virtue of his office, the sultan unquestionably is the despot that he is represented. In his official capacity, as the head of the Ottoman empire and the supreme pontiff of the Mohammedan faith, Abdul Hamid is a man to be dreaded. Some of his ministers tremble before him. In his political relations with persons he exercises the limit of his prerogative. A life which stands in his way, menacing his interests or what he considers those of the empire, is sacrificed much as an American would smash a troublesome mosquito.

The idea that the habitual gloominess of the sultan is due to brooding over the crimes committed in the name of official necessity is absurd. The sultan has troubles of his own. He knows that his life is only prolonged from day to day at the cost of eternal vigilance. Over this fact undoubtedly he does brood. Not a month passes that some unwary plotter is not drawn in by the vigilant henchmen of the sultan and takes that silent and unspeakable route to the unknown called the Bosphorus. Sophia, Belgrade, Paris, London, even New York, are all full of plotters who believe that the world would become a different place to live in if Abdul Hamid were no more. The sultan has a larger army of spies in his employ than any monarch outside the czar of Russia. It may be safely assumed that they are a state necessity.

Beyond the unenviable rules of his official existence, which are apt to cloud his brow a little with the stamp of melancholy, or at least with the "pale cast of thought," the sultan has one vice, which, unless combated by his physicians (and who of them dare combat it?), will lead to his early demise. This is smoking. The sultan is an incessant smoker, and is troubled not a little by the irregular action of his heart. He is now in his 60th year, having been born in the fall of 1842, ascending the Ottoman throne in 1876. At his age he needs to be very careful. The number of cigarettes that the sultan smokes seems to be limited only by the alternating puffs which he takes at his nargileh, sitting at his American desk in his private apartments overlooking the Bosphorus. This pipe is encrusted with gems and is probably the most expensive smoking vehicle in the world. It is cut out of a pure crystal and would not be exchanged for anything in the ordinary jewel cabinet of European monarchs.

At his American desk, which looks very anomalous among the Oriental surroundings of the harem, Abdul smokes and works for many hours daily, deciding matters of state by either endorsing documents or writing upon them such instructions as his well-tried ministerse only could interpret. It is hinted that but for the wise construction put upon these imperial commands, many strange things would happen in the administration of the affairs of the Ottoman empire.

Many of the problems which he is called to adjudicate upon the sultan does not really understand, for he cannot be said to be intimately acquainted with all the intricate points involved in the many-sided interests of his empire. These errors are carefully corrected for him, and he has the tact to pass over the changes without comment, if he ever notices them.

To turn to the personal side of the sultan is like opening a book with a mildewed or bespotted cover in which there are leaves containing very pleasant things. Although perhaps not so strict an observer of the rules of the Koran as he ought to be, the sultan has a very tender heart, and his personal contact with his subjects and servants is calculated to inspire them with very kindly feelings towards himself.

Does a servant serve him faithfully, no opportunity is lost for giving him a substantial recognition of his services Does an appeal come to him from some poor wretch against whose worldly welfare weather or fortune in some way have militated, Abdul Hamid's heart is touched. Money is sent at once, without further question, from the sultan's private purse. Seldom is it unwisely distributed, for the Turk is a stoic, if, on the other hand, somewhat of a sybarite, and he seldom complains unless driven to the point of the exigencies of the situation. It is probably the most self-gratifying part of the sultan's life to respond to these appeals from his unfortunate subjects.

The pride which the sultan takes in his army virtually amounts to a passion. He has succeeded in making it one of the most perfectly drilled armed bodies in Europe, a fact which was sufficiently demonstrated during the Russo-Turkish war. The sultan is practically his own minister of war, and it has been through his judicious selection of officers that the army has been brought to its present high grade of efficiency. The army is the one active and dominant idea of the sultan's mind, and that is where he is thoroughly in touch with his friend the kaiser. In fact, not a few of his best officers have been borrowed from the German army.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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SUGGESTIONS FOR A CARD PARTY.

A card party is one of the most popular forms of entertainment given by those who have social aspirations; and the hostess who does not consider herself "up to date" in every little point of etiquette that regulates social gatherings generally feels herself secure in resorting to this mode of entertaining and discharging her social obligations, as very little effort is required on the part of the hostess to entertain her guests.

Like the informal 5 o'clock tea, all traces of formality are to be carefully concealed and the guests made to feel perfectly at home.

In order to successfully convey this impression to the guests the hostess must, in the first place, avoid overcrowding, especially if her rooms are small.

Card parties are appropriate for all hours, morning, afternoon and evening, and admit of a great variety of arrangement, allowing the entertainer to elaborate as much as she may desire or to observe the greatest simplicity, so long as the comfort of the guest and good taste is not sacrificed to display.

CONGENIAL GUESTS.

The first and most essential point to be observed is in the selection of the guests, as the success of the party depends on the perfect harmony of spirit.

The nature of the game should determine, in a great measure, who among your acquaintances should be invited to make up the requisite number of players, for unless all the guests have practically the same knowledge of the game to be played it will greatly lessen the enjoyment of the affair.

If your social obligations include a large number of acquaintances it is advisable to give a series of card parties, as you would small teas. This allows you to vary the game to suit the different tastes or preference of your friends and also gives you the opportunity of bringing together those who are most congenial. The most successful hostess is she who gives small card parties and makes a careful selection of kindred spirits.

THE INVITATION.

Invitations to card parties must be sent out from a week to ten days in advance in order to allow ample time for reply; and the recipient should acknowledge the invitation at once with an acceptance or declination, so that the hostess may make arrangements accordingly, filling all vacancies at once.

The form of invitation may be an engraved and printed invitation if the affair is formal, or simply an announcement for a small party of intimate friends, which is written on plain white note paper.

The hostess may use her card, with day, date and hour, and noting in lower left-hand corner "cards," "whist," etc.

THE DECORATIONS.

The surroundings add much to the pleasure of the players, but it must be remembered that all else but the cards are merely accessory to the game and must hold a secondary place to purpose of meeting. Avoid elaboration in decorations; depend more on the novel and artistic arrangement; pleasing the eye and senses more by their suggestiveness than by richness and profusion. The pleasure and comfort of the guests depend greatly on the light and atmosphere. Therefore do not have the decorations interfere with the lighting of your rooms or allow the rooms to become overheated or the atmosphere to become oppressive from too great a profusion of strongly-scented flowers; an enthusiastic card player desires to keep his mind clear and alert.

If the hostess desires to add music to the other attractions of the entertainment, it makes a pleasant feature; but is only desirable before the play begins or during the intermissions. Instead of indicating by bells the different moves in the game, a very good imitation of chimes may be given on the piano.

ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES.

In arranging the tables avoid crowding them so as to interfere with the free movement of the guests.

For a four-hand game tables at least twenty-four inches square are used. When space is limited the round table can be used, and a pleasing effect is given by alternating the round and square tables; but the plain, square is preferred, unless some novel idea is to be carried out in the arrangements that requires fancy shaped tables—for example, a "Valentine" or "Good Luck" party.

There are larger tables, made especially for six and eight-hand games. These as well as the small tables can be rented if the hostess gives only an occasional card party.

The tables should be numbered plainly.

THE FAVORS.

In selecting favors, tally-cards and prizes the aim of the hostess is to have all details in keeping. She may exercise any amount of taste and originality in this line; the more novel, the more pleasing to her guests. If she has any artistic ability she can employ it in this line, if not, she must depend on suggestions from those who supply her with these accessories to the game. There are many young lady arists who make a specialty of carrying out novel ideas for card entertainments, and their services relieve the busy society woman of all anxiety on this score. In giving prizes, of course the aim must be to select suitable gifts, but prizes should never be ostentatious.

FOR CONDUCTING THE GAME.

All information as to cards, counters and general detail for conducting the game can be best obtained from books of instruction which usually accompany the cards, or may be secured from a first-class dealer in such games.

THE LUNCHEON.

As the card playing is the prominent feature, light lunches are generally preferred, especially when the lunch precedes the game.

If the card party is given in the morning, the breakfast or lunch follows it; if in the afternoon or evening the luncheon may either precede or follow the games. Cocktails, bouillon, sandwiches, salads, croquettes, coffee, cocoa, fruits, salted nuts, olives, creams, ices and candies are generally served.

The ices and cakes may be molded and iced for special occasions to carry out a color scheme or design.

Punch, lemonade or grape juice may be passed around to the guests during the play, and is very acceptable. The glasses should not be placed on the tables if their surface is uncovered; to prevent this, have the waiter or maid wait and relieve the guest of the empty glass.

At present the Dutch luncheon is very popular. This admits of many pleasing and novel features. Delft designs may be used on the invitation cards and counters; an orange ribbon fastened to a tiny wooden shoe can be used for a tally-cash and tiny pretzels slipped on the ribbon to score. The favors, of course, to be in keeping, and the luncheon to consist of Dutch dishes.

DUTCH LUNCHEON.

Dutch Canapes,
Dill Pickles, Olives,
Assorted German Sausages,
(Sliced thin and served on Delft platters,)
Dutch Potato Salad (hot),
Rye Bread; Pretzels,
Schmierkase, Sweitzer,
Pumperknickel,
Kolatschen, Coffee.

POST-EASTER LUNCHEON.

This card luncheon may be made very attractive. Easter lilies and appropriate spring flowers may be used for designs and decorations. One dainty device for scoring is a tiny nest attached to pale green and white ribbons or whatever fresh spring like color is used in decorations. Tiny candy eggs are used for scoring.

MENU.

Oyster Cocktail,
Egg Croquettes. Cream Sauce,
Olives, Salted Nuts,
Peas,
Cheese Eggs in Nests of Lettuce Leaves,
Vanill. Ice Cream with Orange Ice,
White and Gold Cake,
Coffee.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.

Baked Apples, Cream,
Poached Eggs with Ham,
Creamed Sweet Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee.

LUNCH.

Minced Chicken on Toast,
Plain Boiled Rice,
Stewed Fruit, Wafers,
Tea.

DINNER.

Mock Bisque Soup,
Hot Veal Loaf, Stewed Tomatoes,
Escalloped White Potatoes,
Cold Slaw,
Pop-Overs, Lemon Sauce,
Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Beef Sausage, Brown Sauce,
Baked Potatoes,
Corn Muffins, Coffee.

LUNCH.

Sliced Cold Veal Loaf,
Oyster Catsup, Orange Omelet,
Chocolate.

DINNER.

String Bean Soup,
Roast Beef, Brown Sauce,
White Potatoes, Browned,
Creamed Carrots, Spinach,
Lettuce with French Dressing,
Apricot Tarts, Coffee.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit,
Cereal, Cream,
Creamed Dried Beef, Baked Potatoes,
Milk Biscuit, Coffee.

LUNCH.

Fried Oysters, Cabbage Salad,
Wafers, Cheese,
Cocoa.

DINNER.

Celery Soup,
Broiled Shad, Creamed Potatoes,
Asparagus on Toast,
Carrot and String Bean Salad,
Tapioca Custard,
Coffee.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES.

Mrs. Louise De B. writes: Will you kindly publish a recipe for roll chocolate cake? I mean one with the chocolate in the cake and frosting where it rolls.

ROLL CHOCOLATE CAKE.

We think our correspondent will find it difficult to make a roll chocolate cake successfully if she means a cake with the chocolate added to the batter. The roll chocolate cakes are generally made with a chocolate filling spread on a plain roll cake. However, a small quantity of chocolate, about two squares, might be melted and added to the recipe for plain jelly roll or a sponge cake batter and the batter spread very thin in the pans. Use no baking powder in your recipe, of course. The following is a good recipe for chocolate layer cake, which may be the one the writer refers to:

CHOCOLATE LAYER CAKE.

Cream two ounces of butter and add gradually one and one-half cups of granulated sugar, one well-beaten egg and two-thirds of a cup of milk. Mix well. Sift two teaspoonfuls of baking powder with two cups of flour and add to the mixture. Break two squares of chocolate into small pieces; add a third of a cup of powdered sugar; stir over the fire, and as it melts add a third of a cup of milk and stir and cook until smooth. Let this cool until lukewarm, then add to the cake mixture. Bake in two layers in a moderate oven for about twenty minutes. Put white icing between layers and on top.

BOILED WHITE ICING.

To two and one-half cups of granulated sugar add two-thirds of a cup of boiling water; stir until the sugar is dissolved; then let boil until it will drop from the spoon in fine threads or form rather a soft ball when dropped in cold water. Beat the whites of three eggs to a stiff froth and pour the syrup gradually into the eggs, beating constantly. Continue to beat until icing is cold and stiff enough to spread nicely. Flavor with vanilla for a chocolate cake.

van Houten's Cocoa

is of Unequalled Value as a Household Beverage. Economical, Easy to make—Easy to Digest. Exquisite Flavor.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

JAKE'S BILL.

Measure to Increase Taxes on Railroads' Gross Earnings.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Following is the text of Mr. Jacobson's bill for increasing the gross earnings tax of railroads from 3 to 4 per cent, which was passed by the house yesterday:

"Section 1. That every railway company owning or operating any line of railway situated within, or partly within this state, shall, during the year 1903 and annually thereafter, pay into the treasury of this state, as taxes upon all property within this state owned or operated for railway purposes by such company, including equipment, appurtenances, appendages and franchises thereof, a sum of money equal to four (4) per cent of the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within this state; and the payment of such taxes shall be in full and in lieu of all other taxes upon the property and franchises so taxed. The lands acquired by public grant shall be and remain exempt from taxation until sold or contracted to be sold or conveyed, as provided in the respective acts whereby such grants were made or recognized.

"Sec. 2. The term 'the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within this state,' as used in section one (1) of this act, is hereby declared and shall be construed to mean all earnings on business beginning and ending within the state, and a proportion of earnings on all interstate business passing through, into or out of the state as the mileage operated within the state bears to the entire mileage operated by such company.

"Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts not inconsistent herewith regulating the payment, collection, time of payment, enforcement, or reports involving the amount of taxes upon the gross earnings of railroad companies within this state, or providing penalties for the non-payment of such taxes, are hereby made applicable to this act so far as may be; and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

"Sec. 4. Upon failure to pay the amount of such taxes legally due upon the dates heretofore provided by law for the payment thereof, in addition to existing remedies, collection may be enforced in a civil action brought in the name of the state of Minnesota in the district court of any county.

"Sec. 5. This act shall be submitted to the people of this state for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year 1902. The secretary of state shall cause to be printed upon the ballots used in voting for state officers, at the said election, in manner conformable with the requirements of the general election law, the words,

" 'For increasing the gross earnings tax of railroad companies, from 3 to 4 per cent,

" 'Yes———————

" 'No———————.'

"And each elector voting at such election shall designate his vote by a crossmark made opposite one or the others of the words 'yes' or 'no,' and the said electors shall, in all respects, conform, so far as may be, to the requirements of the general election law, and the returns of said election shall be made, canvassed and certified, and the results thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes cast for state officers."

INCREASING.

Exports of Iron and Steel Continue to Grow.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Exports of iron and steel manufactures from the United States continue to increase. An analysis of the February export figures has just been completed by the treasury department, and it shows that the total for the eight months ending with February, 1901, is six and a half millions in excess of the unparalleled figure of last year, and nearly three times the total for the eight months ending with February, 1891, thus showing an increase of 10 per cent in a single year and 333 per cent in the decade. In the eight months ending with February, 1891, iron and steel formed but 3 per cent of the total domestic exports from the United States; in the eight months just ended they form 8 per cent, being $81,553,132, against $75,053,768 in the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1900, and $18,823,384 in the same months of 1891.

Not only is the total larger in the aggregate, but it covers a greater diversity of products, thus showing that the manufacturers of the United States are not only increasing their output, but each year fabricating a larger proportion of their product and thereby securing for themselves and the labor employed thereon a greater share of the profits accruing from such manufacture. A decade ago such articles as typewriters, bicycles, electrical machinery, cash registers, laundry machinery, pumps and pumping machinery, shoe machinery and other articles involving a high degree of manufacture had no place in the export schedules of the United States: now they constitute an important part of our annual exportations of iron and steel and are steadily increasing both in volume and in the number of foreign markets in which they find profitable sales. In 1891 no exports of electrical machinery were recorded, but by 1900 the figures for eight months' transactions had reached about two and a half million dollars, and for the eight months ending with February, this year, amounted to $3,777,673, an increase of $1,345,000 in a single year. Exports of steel rails increased from $395,484 in the eight months ending with February, 1891, to $4,818,226 in the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1900, and $6,889,079 in the same months of the fiscal year 1901. Exports of sewing machines have increased in value from $1,877,992 in the eight months ending with February, 1891, to $2,902,139 in the same months of 1900, while the figures for this year are slightly below those of last year, being $2,828,165. Exports of typewriters were not separately shown in 1891, but by 1901 the exports for eight months had reached $1,785,821, an increase of $60,000 over the preceding year. Scales and balances have increased in export value over 50 per cent during the decade; locomotives over 200 per cent, printing presses over 300 per cent, and builders' hardware over 300 per cent. Every item in the entire iron schedule shows a substantial increase in 1901 as compared with 1891, but in a few instances there are decreases as compared with 1900, presumably due to the advanced prices consequent upon the increased cost of material.

The are of distribution steadily and rapidly enlarges. In builders' hardware, for instance, the exports now go not only to the principal countries of Europe, but to Mexico, Central and South America and the West Indies, British East Indies, China, Japan, Australasia, Africa, and the islands of Oceanica. Sewing machines and typewriters find a market in the most distant islands and the demand from the European and the other leading countries is increasing, while the demand for electrical machinery is growing in every direction.

The following table shows the exports of iron and steel manufactures in eight months ending with February, 1901, compared with the eight months ending February, 1891:

	Eight months ending— Feb. 1891.	Eight months ending— Feb. 1901.
Total iron and steel..	$18,823,384	$81,553,132
Steel rails	395,484	6,889,079
Builders' hardware	1,353,848	6,058,126
Electrical machinery..	......	3,777,673
Billets, ingots, each	24,014	3,067,372
Sewing machines	1,877,992	2,827,652
Locomotive engines	837,308	2,828,165
Steel bars	......	2,637,813
Structural iron and steel	......	2,296,287
Wire	534,530	2,499,946
Typewriters	......	1,785,821
Pumps and pump machinery	......	1,497,136
Wire nails	85,989	824,522
Printing presses	167,333	779,028
Firearms	640,664	686,530
Bar iron	74,244	594,696
Stoves and ranges	182,723	371,046
Scales and balances...	212,656	358,892

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

"I wallow in a stagnant filthy pool that snakes and frogs have left."
Wesson Cooking Oil
"Try me!"
"I go further than lard or butter and am pure and clean."
BANNINGADV.CO.

Hog Fat, or a Pure Clean Vegetable Oil ~ which will you use?

Thoughtful, home-making women are giving more attention to healthful food every day. ✤ That is why they have with open arms welcomed

WESSON COOKING OIL

VEGETABLE ODORLESS

For Frying
For Shortening

Being strictly vegetable, no possibility of disease is carried with it as with animal fats. It is Superior to Choicest Farm (Melted) Butter because it is richer, has better cooking qualities, is more conveniently handled and costs much less. Sold by all grocers. Send 4 cents in stamps for our new cook book.

WESSON PROCESS COMPANY
120 South Third St., Philadelphia

Lea & Perrins

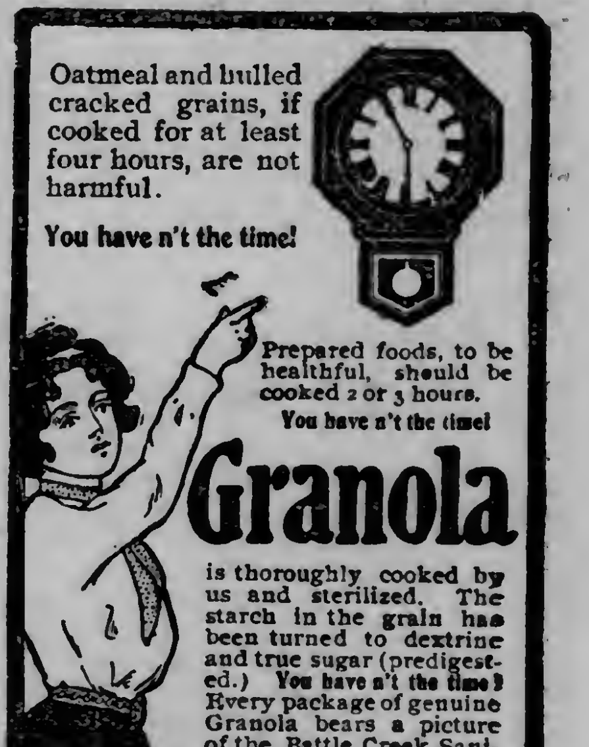
"It has justly won its laurels." Soups, Fish, Game, Hot and Cold Meats, etc., are given a most delicious flavor by using

Lea & Perrins' SAUCE

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

This signature is on every bottle Lea & Perrins

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, New York



Oatmeal and hulled cracked grains, if cooked for at least four hours, are not harmful.

You have n't the time!

Prepared foods, to be healthful, should be cooked 2 or 3 hours.

You have n't the time!

Granola

is thoroughly cooked by us and sterilized. The starch in the grain has been turned to dextrine and true sugar (predigested.) You have n't the time! Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Beware of imitations. If your grocer offers you something else, You have n't the time! Drink Caramel Cereal and sleep well. Send 3c for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co.
Battle Creek, Mich.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

BASEBALL

Stock Company to Run Duluth Team.

Ted Sullivan Has Not Deserted Superior.

It is now up to the Duluth baseball fans to pawn their jewelry and rake up cash on hand, bank balances and other assets, to invest in the stock company which will control the local team during the coming season. During the week Frank Wade, who has financed the team for several seasons past and lost much money for the sake of the game, announced his withdrawal from active participation in baseball affairs, and Charles Hansell has practically been decided on to handle the Duluth nine in the Northwestern league. A meeting will be held shortly, at which the affairs of the stock company will be talked over.

Ted Sullivan writes The Herald from Athens, Ga., that he has no idea of giving up the management of the Superior team, and will be up here in a few days. He says that the sole reason that the meeting of the Northwestern league was not called sooner was that Ashland desired to have it put off till late in the spring, when there would be prospect of more baseball excitement over in the Wisconsin town.

* * *

The Y. M. C. A. basketball team is out with a claim to the championship of the head of the lakes, against Superior normal school's claim of champion of the entire Northwest. The claims of the local players seem to be well sustained. Superior was defeated here and won from the Y. M. C. A. on the home ground. An agreement was then made that the deciding game should be played in this city, but Superior refused to play it off, giving as a reason that the Y. M. C. A. floor was too small. Manager Deighton then offered to play in Superior for a fair share of the receipts, but Superior has again declined and disbanded, leaving the Duluth team slightly in the hole financially.

* * *

James J. Jeffries and Gus Ruhlin have about completed arrangements to fight for the championship of the world in San Francisco. In fact, they are practically matched. They have been offered a date, July 1, by J. J. Groom, manager and matchmaker of the National Sporting club, of San Francisco. The only hitch is on the question of the fighters' share of the receipts. The club has offered the men 60 per cent of the gross receipts for a twenty or twenty-five round contest. "Billy" Madden, manager of Ruhlin and acting for the Akron man, has demanded 70 per cent of the gross receipts and $500 for expenses to 'Frisco.

The question of the date has been left open to Jeffries, who demanded this concession before he would agree to make the match. On other matters Jeffries has notified Madden that he will agree to the terms asked by Ruhlin. Madden and Ruhlin have been negotiating with Groom for three weeks past. Ruhlin, accompanied by his manager, left New York for St. Louis yesterday, where Ruhlin has a week's engagement at a local theater. From St. Louis they go to Memphis, where "Denver" Ed Martin, Ruhlin's sparring partner, will probably meet Frank Childs. After that Ruhlin plays in Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha. Then he leaves the glare of the footlights and will go into training for his battle with the champion.

Jeffries is in the West filling his theatrical engagements. He will cut short his thespian conquests when the date of the match is settled definitely and go into active preparation for the important event.

* * *

Having cleaned up Pedlar Palmer and procured a fairly strong hold on the title of English bantam champion, Harry Harris, the Chicago boy, is now anxious to tackle the feather weights across the water. His next battle may be with Ben Jordan.

Harris did a good deal for his reputation by defeating Palmer so handily and so decisively last Monday night, and although the English fight followers were much amused at Harris' physical appearance, which is in every respect opposite to that of a man of the prize ring, they learned to have considerable respect for his fistic ability before he was way through his battle with Palmer. Harris is now ready and willing to meet Jordan, and the latter will probably be glad of the chance to meet a man who is willing to give him some weight.

Jordan has already had his full share of battles with the American feather weights, but has never met a smaller man from this side. About three years ago Jordan defeated Tommy White in London in nineteen rounds. He secured a decision over George Dixon in 1898 at New York in twenty-five rounds, and was knocked out in the sixteenth round at New York by Eddie Santry in October, 1899. This victory technically gave Santry the title of world's feather weight champion, which he has since failed to defend. For Harris to meet Jordan would mean a much harder fight for him, but he probably has an excellent chance to win, as he apparently fairly outclassed Palmer on Monday night.

* * *

For the first time since 1897 Harvard will send relay teams to compete in the annual relay carnival of the University of Pennsylvania, to be held April 27. Tewkesbury and Drumheller will be on the Penn team, and Harvard may have difficulty in taking first.

* * *

Critics believe that the pennant race in the National league will be a one-sided affair between Brooklyn and Pittsburg. They are the only teams of strength in the National league that have not surrendered star players to the American league.

* * *

Havana is anxious to become a racing center. The New Morales Park association has applied for membership in the American Turf Congress, and proposes to open its sessions Nov. 15. It has a valuable plant.

* * *

George W. Jenkins, an American derby candidate, has failed to show the stride of a thoroughbred and, according to report, will be used to pull a brewery wagon for his owner. Now, what if George W. Jenkins should win the American derby? Rey El Santa Anita, a despised candidate, won it in 1894. So did Sidney Lucas, the "selling plater," and some others of unexpected speed.

* * *

New York sports and their brother sports in Connecticut think they have scored a big victory, and that pugilism can again flourish in the East. A bill which gives boxing a chance has been passed by the Connecticut legislature, and is now up to the governor for his signature. Governors are not always the easiest people on earth, and this new hope of the boxing promoters may be blasted before it gets a good start.

* * *

Cincinnati has signed Amos Rusie, the former star of the New York team, and Rusie says he is as good at twirling as ever.

* * *

Maj. Taylor, the speedy colored cyclist, is being favorably received in Paris. "Taylor appears superior to all the American racers whom we have yet seen," says the editor of La Presse.

* * *

The longest contest on Jim Jeffries' record is his go with Tom Sharkey at Coney Island, which lasted twenty-five rounds. Terry McGovern made his longest fight when he met Joe Bernstein in New York. This battle also went twenty-five rounds. Jim Corbett established a record breaking performance when he met Peter Jackson at 'Frisco. They went sixty-one rounds. John L. Sullivan's famous battle with Jake Kilrain, at Richburg, Miss., which lasted seventy-five rounds, was the ex-champion's longest fight. Tommy Ryan went John L. one better by fighting Danny Needham a seventy-six round battle at Minneapolis. Kid Lavigne's go with George Siddons at 'Frisco is among the celebrated long-distance contests. This contest lasted seventy-seven rounds. In the spring of 1893, at New Orleans, Andy Bowen fought eighty-five rounds with Jack Everhart, which was the latter's longest battle.

George Dixon's record is seventy rounds with Cal McCarthy at Boston. Tommy White's battle with Danny Daily, at Omaha, in 1890, went ninety-one rounds to a draw. Young Griffo's longest fight took place in Melbourne, Australia. He fought Joe Brown (Young Pluto) seventy rounds to a draw.

The longest glove contest in America was the Brown-Burke battle at New Orleans, which lasted 110 rounds. The table herewith appended gives the longest battles fought by the various pugilists in the last decade:

	Rounds.
James J. Jeffries—With Tom Sharkey, Coney Island	25
Bob Fitzsimmons—With James J. Corbett, Carson City	14
James J. Corbett—With Peter Jackson, San Franciso	61
Peter Maher—With Bob Fitzsimmons, New Orleans	12
Tom Sharkey—With James J. Jeffries, Coney Island	25
Gus Ruhlin—With Ed Dunkhorst, Coney Island	22
John L. Sullivan—With Jake Kilrain, Richburg, Miss	75
Kid McCoy—With Dick O'Brien, Boston	25
Joe Choynski—With Kid McCoy, San Francisco	20
Tommy Ryan—With Danny Needham, Minneapolis	76
Dan Creedon—With Jim Hall, Melbourne	33
Tommy West—With Joe Wolcott, New York	20
Jack Bonner—With Bill Quinn, Lakeside, Pa	37
Kid Lavigne—With George Siddons, 'Frisco	77
Owen Zeigler—With Jack Everhart, New Orleans	25
Spike Sullivan—With Al Smith, Boston	28
Jack Everhart—With Andy Bowen, New Orleans	85
Joe Gans—With Jack Daly, New York	25
George Green—With Paddy Smith, Denver	28
Joe Walcott—With Mysterious Billy Smith, New York	25
Mysterious Billy Smith—With Frank Kelley, 'Frisco	37
Dal Hawkins—With Fred Bogan, San Francisco	75
Jack Daly—With Stanton Abbott, Washington	37
George Dixon—With Cal McCarthy, Boston	70
Ben Jordan—With George Dixon, New York	25
Martin Flaherty—With Abe Lloyd, Brooklyn	60
Tommy White—With Danny Daily, Omaha	91
Frank Erne—With Jack O'Brien, New York	25
Oscar Gardner—With Johnny Van Heest, Kansas City	41
Pedlar Palmer—With Harry Ware, London	20
Terry McGovern—With Joe Bernstein, New York	25
Dave Sullivan—With Kid Broad, New York	25
Matty Matthews—With Eddie Connolly, New York	25
Jack McClelland—With Jack Harrigan, Pittsburg	35
Harry Harris—With Sig Hart, Davenport, Iowa	15
Barry Yanger—With Young Corbett, Denver	10
Young Griffo—With Young Pluto, Melbourne, Australia	70
Sally Smith—With George Siddons, San Francisco	56
Charley Mitchell—With John L. Sullivan, Chantilly, France	39
Jake Kilrain—With Jem Smith, England	106
Jimmy Barry—With Casper Leon, Lamont, Ill	28
Joe Goddard—With Owen Sullivan, Melbourne, Australia	27
Billy Murphy—With Johnny Murphy, Boston	40
Jack McAuliffe—With Jimmy Carroll, San Francisco	47
Danny Needham—With Patsey Kerrigan, San Francisco	100

* * *

The horse racing dates for the season of 1901 are:

Benning	March 28 to April 13
Memphis	April 1 to 21
Newport	April 6 to May 31
Aqueduct	April 15 to May 2
Nashville	April 22 to 27
Lakeside	April 25 to May 11
Delmar Park	May 2 to Aug. 14
Morris Park	May 4 to 23
Latonia	May 12 to 25
Worth	May 13 to 25
Highland Park	May 23 to June 1
Toronto	May 23 to June 1
Gravesend	May 25 to June 14
Hawthorne	May 27 to June 8
Ingalls	June 1 to 15
Ft. Erie	June 3 to Oct. 1
Harlem	June 10 to 21
Coney Island	June 15 to July 4
Washington Park	June 2 to July 20
Brighton Beach	July 5 to Aug. 3
Hawthorne	July 22 to Aug. 3
Kinloch	July 23 to Aug. 20
Saratoga	Aug. 5 to 30
Harlem	Aug. 5 to 17
Hawthorne	Aug. 19 to 31
Coney Island	Aug. 31 to Sept. 14
Harlem	Sept. 2 to 14
Gravesend	Sept. 16 to Oct. 5
Hawthorne	Sept. 16 to Oct. 5
Kinloch	Sept. 30 to Oct. 26
Newport	Oct. 5 to Nov. 9
Morris Park	Oct. 7 to 26
Harlem	Oct. 7 to 26
Aqueduct	Oct. 28 to Nov. 9
Lakeside	Oct. 28 to Nov 13
Latonia	Oct. 28 to Nov. 9
Benning	Nov. 11 to 30
Worth	Nov. 14 to 30

THE CAPTIVE.

Aguinaldo Located In Malcanan Palace at Manilla.

Manilla, March 29.—Aguinaldo is now detained in a comfortable room in a wing of the Malcanan palace. He is in charge of Capt. Benjamin H. Randolph and Lieut. Gilbert A. Youngberg of Battery G, Third artillery.

When Aguinaldo was captured he wore a plain dark blue suit with the coat closely buttoned at the throat, and a wide white helmet with a leather band. He takes his capture philosophically. He is generally cheerful, but sometimes moody. His health during the past year has been very good. It is uncertain what attitude he will now assume.

Certain visitors are permitted to see Aguinaldo, but newspaper interviews with the prisoner are not allowed.

Since Aguinaldo has been domiciled at the Malcanan palace, persons not provided with special permits have been denied admission to the grounds. Gen. Trias, the commander of the insurgent forces in Southern Luzon, who recently surrendered to the American authorities, visited Aguinaldo and told the latter why he surrendered. Trias said that a continuance of armed opposition to the United States was unjustifiable and ruinous, that the independence of the Philippines was impossible and that the Filipinos would better accept liberty prosperity and progress under American rule.

AT LYCEUM

(Continued from page 12.)

tion at the American theater, New York.

"Ben Hur" will be produced in London on April 8, 1902.

Blanche Walsh is to appear in "Joan of the Sword Hand."

'Frisco recently revived "Around the World in Eighty Days."

Kate Claxton may star in "The Adventure of Lady Ursula."

Klaw & Erlanger have secured a new play for Ada Rehan.

Tony Pastor has been a New York manager thirty-six years.

Jerome K. Jerome is to write a comedy for Charles Frohman.

Paul Potter is to write a play for Louis Mann and Clara Lipman.

Corinne is to be principal boy in a London pantomime next Xmas.

"Humpty Dumpty" will be the chief pantomime in London next Xmas.

Zingwills' new comedy "The Revolted Daughter," has no love interest.

Biograph operators in China secured the decapitation of a number of Boxers.

"Herzog Wolfgang," Seigfried Wagner's opera, was disclosed in Berlin the other night.

Over 500 performances of "A Message From Mars" have been given in London.

President McKinley has purchased a controlling interest in the Canton, Ohio, grand opera house.

"The Wizard of the Nile" enjoyed a four-weeks' run at the 'Frisco Tivola, a stock opera house.

Next year Stuart Robson will go back to his greatest success in his career, "The Henrietta."

Wilson Barrett charges for his autograph $1.62. Mrs. Langtry exacts 62 cents for every signature.

In "Savage South Africa," which enjoyed a run of three months in Glasgow, five elephants are employed.

Margarite Cornille's engagement at the London Tivoli has been extended to four months, and Everbert, the hoop manipulator, is to perform there for three months.

Clyde Fitch, who is beginning to be the Harry B. Smith of dramatic literature, has been severely criticised by a number of critics for introducing a funeral scene in his play, "The Climbers."

Corse Payton will shortly produce "Hamlet" at his Brooklyn theater. Mr. Payton is also contemplating a revival of "Henry V" about the latter end of next month, and says he will play the title roles in both pieces himself.

Mme. Ristori, at the ripe old age of 81, becomes, next week, the bride of Seator Casana, mayor of Turin. She has been for years a widow and he a widower, but their love, it is said, is as fresh as that of a youth and a maiden.

From "Shylock" to "Le Blanc," a ridiculous comedy role in "Evangeline," seems a great distance to look back upon, but in a few weeks Nat Goodwin may do so with pardonable pride. for he has climbed up that most difficult hill, the dramatic, until now he is almost at the top, in fact, he is nearer the top than any other who started out as a comedian, says Josephine Gro, in New York Clipper.

The province of Quebec, which is situated remote from the beaten paths of the theatrical companies, is seeking to build up a national drama of its own. A project is being agitated to offer a prize of $600 annually for the best drama written by residents of the province. A committee of citizens of artistic tastes and discernment will be chosen each year to examine the manuscripts and make the selection

Imparts fascination to all womankind; makes the form conform more clearly to the ideal of an artist. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. Ask your druggist.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

"I am for Men".

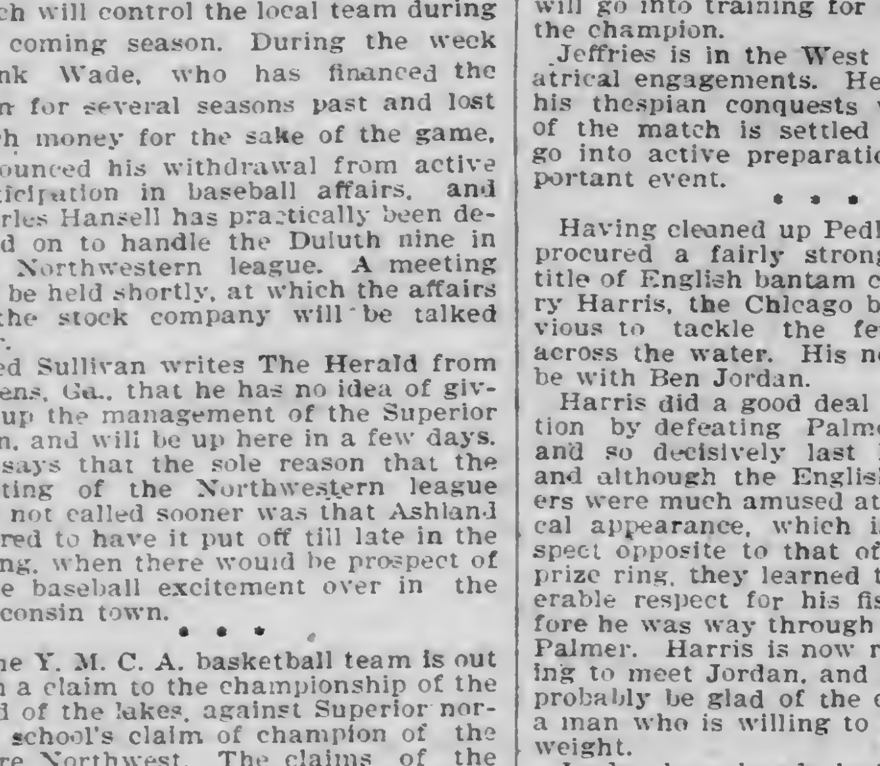
HENRY GEORGE

5c. Cigar

Smokers wonder why the Henry George is a so much finer smoke than any other five-cent cigar—We will tell you—THE COMBINATION OF TOBACCOS WHICH IT CONTAINS IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN ANY OTHER FIVE-CENT CIGAR, and is the manufacturer's secret. The smoking public get the benefit—Try one and you will join the ranks of steady Henry George Smokers.

STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS CO.,
DISTRIBUTORS, DULUTH, MINN.

How Are Your Bowels?



About the first thing the doctor says--

Then, "Let's see your tongue."

Because bad tongue and bad bowels go together. Regulate the bowels, clean up the tongue. We all know that this is the way to keep and look well.

You can't keep the bowels healthy and regular with purges or bird-shot pills. They move you with awful gripes, then you're worse than ever.

Now what you want is Cascarets. Go and get them today--Cascarets--in metal box--cost 10c. Take one! Eat it like candy, and it will work gently--while you sleep. It cures, that means it strengthens the muscular walls of the bowels, gives them new life. Then they act regularly and naturally. That's what you want. It's guaranteed to be found in

THE TONIC LAXATIVE

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c.
25c. 50c.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER
SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 410

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

WHY IT CURES MEN.

Why the Frightful Tension of Stricture is Dissolved Like Snow Beneath the Sun—IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

Why Weak Men Are Restored by the Magic St. James Treatment Applied Locally and Directly to the Affected Parts.

We answer the questions briefly. If you cut an artery in your arm you do not take internal medicine to stop the flow of blood. YOU USE LOCAL APPLICATIONS. Similarity when the urethral ducts become weakened and relaxed it is ridiculous to take internal treatment, which must pass through the seat of disease. The seminal ducts the stomach and urine before it reaches project into the urethral canal through the Prostate Gland, and are easily reached by LOCAL TREATMENT.

Dr. Carter's "Gran-Solvent" soluble Bougies will dissolve, digest and forever remove

Urethral Stricture

in fifteen days, without pain, injury or inconvenience. The bougies are inserted at night and act while you sleep. "Gran-Solvent" removes every symptom of stricture, leaving the canal as healthy as when nature formed it. No BRUTAL CUTTING OR DILATING. NO INJECTIONS TO IRRITATE THE MEMBRANE. NO INTERNAL DRUGGING TO RUIN THE STOMACH. The St. James treatment is local, direct and positie.

The St. James treatment is prepared in the form of crayons, very narrow, smooth, flexible and wholly soluble, which are inserted into the water passage at night, where they dissolve and deposit the medication in its full strength upon the Prostate Gland, contracting and strengthening the ducts and FOREVER STOPPING DRAINS AND EMISSIONS and curing while the patient sleep.

Varicocele.

Varicocele is an accumulation of sluggish blood in the veins of the scrotum, due solely to imperfect circulation, and has its origin in a diseased and torpid Prostate Gland. Operations in this disease are only temporary, and no mechanical device yet discovered has cured a single case. Gran-Solvent heals the Prostate and restores healthy circulation. Varicocele disappears and the sluggish accumulation is replaced by pure, healthy red blood.

Thousands of men strictured, weak, wasting and despondent were cured and restored by the St. James method last year. A vast army of men in whom the light of life has penetrated the fearful nightmare of stricture and seminal decay.

Space will not permit a complete description of the incomparable St. James Treatment in urethral diseases. Every sufferer from Stricture and its offspring, Prostatitis and Seminal Weakness, should write to the St. James Association, 71 St. James Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, for their wonderful illustrated work showing the parts of the human system involved in urethral ailments, which they will send securely wrapped in plain package, prepaid FREE

ST. JAMES ASSN, 71 ST. JAMES BLOCK, CINCINNATI, OHIO,

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

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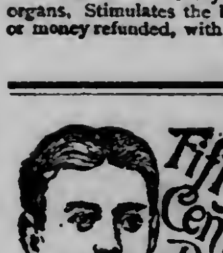
'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



Fifty Cents Per Box TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY. stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

SANTAL-MIDY These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY *Sold by all druggists.*

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE.—

All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the s¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 58, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud.

CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 15, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of George E. Stuntz, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of George R. Stuntz, administrator of the estate of George E. Stuntz, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 15th day of March, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Mch-16-23-30-1901.

AT LYCEUM

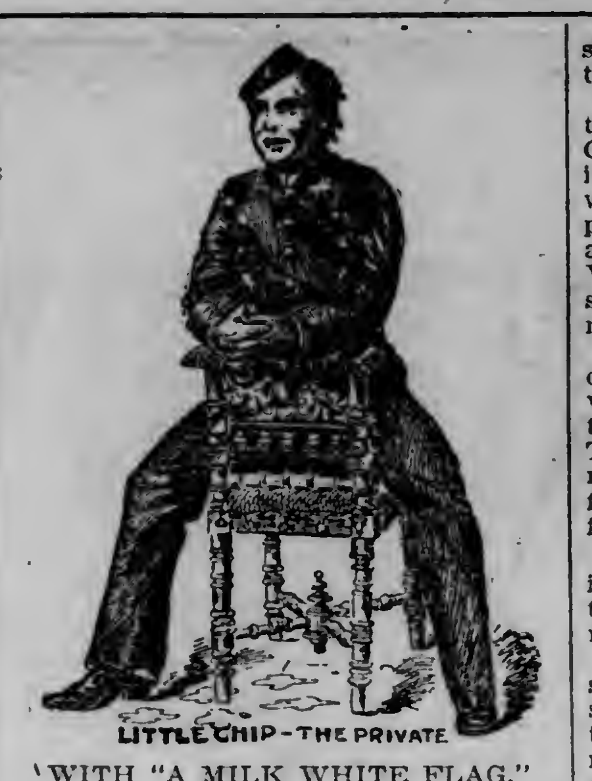
"'Way Down East" On Monday Night.

"A Milk White Flag" On Friday.

An engagement of "'Way Down East" is announced for the Lyceum theater next Monday and Tuesday evenings. If one is to believe what is said of the success of this famous play elsewhere, it is sure to create a sensation. It is a story of New England life told by Lottie Blair Parker, intelligently elaborated by Joseph R. Grismer, and presented in this city under the direction of William A. Brady, who is responsible for the metropolitan production of the same play. For nearly two years it delighted New Yorkers, and soon returns to the metropolis to take up its abode for an entire year. Mr. Brady is responsible for having afforded an avenue to the stage of a play wholesome, pure and instructive in its character and exquisitely delightful in the lesson that it inculcates. It is to be given here with a superb cast, an essential novelty in the way of a snow storm, not the ordinary stage paper snow, but a storm, a genuine, furiously driven storm, such as may be seen anywhere in midwinter in New England. The inventor that produced this mechanism has certainly studied nature, but the play does not depend on any of its effects for a claim as to merit. It has a special appeal to any one morally inclined who can grasp an excellent lesson exquisitely and refreshingly told. A person who has gone to see "'Way Down East" wil want to see it again, and will want to see another play of the same tone. While it may be new here the notable success that it has won elsewhere fortells the hearty welcome it is suer to receive. The motive and the atmosphere of the play evidence a master mind in construction. It is wholesome, elevating in its tone, and the authors seem always seem in good taste and at all times unobjectionable. The rural atmosphere is said to be cleverly maintained and the characters convincing and interesting. Another charm of the play is said to be the excellence of the dialogue and its extreme simplicity, the pathos effective as well as the humor. There are a dozen or more characters, all of sharply contrasted types. There is an old New England farmer, naturally generous, but quite narrow minded, and there is a manly, vigorous hero, an eccentric constable, a ridiculous physician, an absurd professor of botany, a delightfully sweet heroine, a gossipy, mischief-making old maid, a dainty, ingenious little miss and other very quaint and yet life-like characters. There is the village church choir, and a score of other features that seem slight in themselves, but all serving to make up a most inviting and pleasureable whole.

"A MILK WHITE FLAG."

Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" is probably the strongest in point of satire of all his plays. Every element which goes to make up the dramatic and pictorial fabrication of a successful play is well represented in this cynical and musical comedy. Satire and specialties jostle each other in the under-current of a well-developed plot. While the shafts tinged with Hoy't irony mainly directed against the militia, yet, however, a few vagrant arrows are reserved for and strike home with unerring accuracy, the little weaknesses of widows, undertakers, contractors and others who are characterized in the play. The management claim to have drawn into the cast with generous hand the cleverest players adaptable to the roles they impersonate, and it is said that each and every one acquit themselves with commendable credit. The "Ransome Guards," a swell military organization, consisting of all officers, except one lonely private, appear upon the stage in showyy, glittering uniforms, and in keeping with their costuming is that of the balance of the large company required for this, the most spectacular of all the Hoyt productions. It is said to be a fresh, bright, rollicking crowd and the terpischorean and musical diversions are slaimed to be of a popular and delightful nature.



'WITH "A MILK WHITE FLAG."

In the cast is the famous three Fanchonetti sisters and that favorite yong comedian, Little Chip, whose reputation was made in grotesque character work, comedy songs and unique dances. John S. Marble, "The Undertaker," was a member of the original company, and has played that character in 1510 performances.

"A Milk White Flag" comes to the Lyceum next Friday evening. The special feature of this engagement is the appearance of May Marble as the orphan and John W. Dunne as the colonel.

BOOK-PLAYS SAGGING.

Playwrights Must Depend Upon Their Own Ideas.

New York, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Of new plays at the moment there are none being presented in the metropolis as those which have established themselves in popular favor seem to be holding their own extremely well.

At Daly's theater "San Toy" is established for the balance of the season and will probably run until "The Messenger Boy" is put on in September.

"To Have and To Hold" at the Knickerbocker theater and Isabel Irving, as the star, will probably continue drawing good houses for some time to come. "Capt. Jinks of the Horse Marines" is giving Ethel Barrymore a splendid opportunity for displaying her charming personality and talents and should hold the stage of the Garrick till the end of the season.

"The Climbers," from present indications, is not likely to leave the Bijou for Chicago, its next point of destination, in any great hurry, and "Florodora," which is also due in the Western metropolis, lingers at the Casino without abating at all in popularity. At the Victoria "My Lady" still continues its successful run and probably will remain there several weeks longer.

Speaking of plays which have been dramatized from books, a theme of widespread discussion at the moment, the warm welcome accorded "Uncle Tom's Cabin" at the Academy of Music reminds us that this was one of the first American plays to be dramatized from a novel.

The merits and demerits of book plays is a theme of such warm discussion at the moment that there is a good deal of nonsense writen about it.

There is little doubt, however, that sagacious managers are beginning to see the handwriting on the wall for there is not a question but that these rehashes of temporarily popular fiction are beginning to pall upon the thinking public.

At the best they do not transcend in literary quality the books from which they are taken and that in the majority of cases is so ordinary as to bar them from any permanent place in literature. It therefore follows that they are, except the very best of them, destined to enjoy no lengthy term of popularity.

One of the men who has adopted a number of these plays from novels, frankly confessed to me that so far as the work of making a play from a book is concerned, it is only a dernier resort of the dramatist. "In order to comply with the plot and action of the book," said this man, "it is necessary to practically ignore all the higher dramatic instincts or so suppress them that the realization of a high standard of art is impossible. At the best I consider the adaptation of a play from a novel only a makeshift and I know that the constant practice of dramatizing in this manner entirely unfits him for doing a higher class of work.

"I should not be surprised to find that the plays seen in New York next year will, with the excetion of those which have been announced mostly be written outright instead of being patched up from novels. One reason for this is the fact that the number of popular novels suitable in any degree of staging seems to be on the decrease, most of the material having been used up."

It is announced that James K. Hackett will appear next season as an independent star and that one of the partners in his enterprise will be R. L. Giffen of Washington D. C., with whom he made a contract three years ago while acting under Daniel Frohman's management.

Mrs. LeMoyne is well satisfied with the play which F. Marion Crawford is writing for her, of which she said recently, after reading the scenario, "From that outline I have the happiest anticipation in regard to the piece. The heroine was just at my age when she became the most conspicuous woman in France, and, from the portraits, I believe that I bear some resemblance to her. Mme. de Maintenon was the wife of Scarron, the deformed poet, and she was introduced to court by Mme. de Montespan, whom she afterward supplanted. In fact she educated De Montespan's children. Mr. Crawford's play, however, does not deal with the rivalry between the two ladies, but is chiefly concerned with the events at the time of the secret marriage between the king and the marquis. France was then at the height of the splendors of the long reign, and in the piece there will be a magnificent and dramatic background of war and social life in the palace. Most of the famous personages of the time who appear in the pages of St. Simon and other chroniclers will be revived in all their magnificence. Mr. Crawford has made a close study of the reign and in particular of those years, and he has the faculty of giving life again to people and events long buried in the pages of history.

Frank L. Perley's new musical comedy, "The Chaperone," will be given a New York hearing next October. The book is by Frederic Ranken and the score by Isidore Witmark. The first act is laid in Paris, France; the second act in Nice, and the third act in Cairo.

The Alice Nielson Comedy Company, under the management of Frank L. Perley, will present Victor Hesbert's comic opera, "The Fortune Teller," at the Shaftesbury Theatre, London, England, on April 8, next.

Yvette Guilbert's latest is to take up, according to report, the study of religion, after consulting J. K. Huysmans on the subject of playing a saint on the stage.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Lederer Said to Have Cinched Metropolitan.

New York, March 27.—The latest development in the low-price movement on Broadway has astounded the theatrical wiseacres. Before George Lederer sailed from London he announced that he had something for New York to talk about, but he gave no tip that it was to be vaudeville at the Metropolitan Opera house. While Lederer is reticent as yet about the scheme I have it on the best authority that so far from being on paper the deal is practically made and that May I will see vaudeville in the home of opera. The present plan is to devote much of the management's attention to foreign attractions, and it is probable that James L. Lederer will be stationed abroad to secure attractions.

Jim Ledered, with J. E. A. Malone, the general manager for George Edwardes, now owns the American rights to the Phono-Box-Tableaux, which have been highly successful in England and which will be one of the opening featurese at the Metropolitan. The perfected biograph gives to the eye the acts of Vesta Tilley, Lan Leno, Chevalier and others, while the phonographs, with monster trumpets, will reproduce their songs and gage. Lederer declares the result is artistically a howling success. One of the greatest successes with the British public was the work of the Manhattan Comedy Four, an American aggregation which has charmed London audiences at the Hippodrome for weeks. The new machine reproduces everything they do with absolute exactness. "Just think," says Jim Lederer, "the first thing you know Maude Adams will be on the vaudeville stage before she knows it. We can reproduce an act of 'l'Aiglon,' and she can see herself act. It will be a great thing for one or two actors I know." He is also enthusiastic about the Four Madcaps, who will make their first American appearance at the Metropolitan about June 1. He feelingly describes them as "the most wonderful acrobatic and singing women in the world today." They are now at the Winter Garden in Berlin.

The reappearance of George Lederer in vaudeville management is not much of a surprise to his friends, for he has never, in all his salad Casino days, forgotten his first treatrical love. He got his training with M. B. Leavitt's Folly company, and he followed this up with Hermann's Transatlantic Vaudevilles. The success of this organization is still remembered. When he blossomed out with musical comedy, comic opera and burlesque he remained true to vaudeville, and no Lederer show was barren of a couple of turns at least. New York liked it, and so did London. Hence his firm belief that he can give vaudeville on Broadway on a scale never before attempted and make money.

Fanchon Thompson, whose appearance in opera under the Grau-Savage regime was not a brilliant success, has lately been at the Opera Comique, in Paris. Now she has transferred her genius to the London stage and is holding down the role in "The Belle of Bohemia" that Virginia Earle created here and that Marie George has just abandoned abroad. The latter returns to America in about a month and will be seen in a spring "review."

Capt. R. Marshall, of "His Excellency, the Governor," fame, has achieved the remarkable success of having all the critics agree that his latest effort is delightful. Best of all, the public seconds the motion. "The Shades of Night" is a one-act play that had its first presentation at the Actors' fund benefit. It was loaned for that occasion, and at that time the author declared that he had very little hopes that it would ever be produced in America. The hit it scored led Charles Frohman to promptly add it to the repertoire of his comedians now playing "The Lash of a Whip" at the Lyceum Elsie DeWolfe and E. M. Hollond are both doing capital work in it.

The Oscar Hammerstein experiment of giving the public "My Lady" and vaudeville at 50 cents per has so far packed the house, even unto the 500 extra seats which the ingenius Hammerstein rang in.

The wonderful emotional work that has been done by Margaret Anglin in "Mrs. Dane's Defense" has been rewarded by her promotion to the rank of leading lady with the Empire Theater Stock company next season. This place is now held by Miss Jessie Milward, but Miss Angelin's deserts are unquestioned. She has worked hard to gain recognition and harder still to win to the front rank.

Miss Lulu Glaser is confident that the London Public is aching for her art and that everything will be at a standstill over the water unless she consents to sacrifice herself, which she will nobly do. On this side some unkind observer might remark, the public did not seem to yearn for Miss Glaser unaccompanied by Francis Wilson, and it is undoubtedly true that "Mistress Anne Page" fell by the wayside, so to speak, for lack of nourishment. This, of course, proves nothing beyond the bad judgment of the American public, and they will be, oh, so sorry, when they hear of Miss Glaser's success abroad. Incidentally it is Manager F. C. Whitney who will divide the profits abroad.

It is true that nowadays it should read "of the making of stars there is no end." The why and wherefore of all of it is not always plain to the observer of things on the Rialto, but the managers ought to know. The text of this is Raymond Hitchcock, whom Henry W. Savage will godfather, and he is to have a brand new opera, "Prince Popo," by the men responsible for "The Burgomaster," which had some of the prettiest music heard in New York for years.

Violet Holls has sailed for the London vaudeville stage, and Corinne will go steaming after some time next winter, so as to be on hand for Robert Arthur's Christmas pantomime, in which she will have a boy part.

"To Have and To Hold" will make way at the Knickerbocker on April 15 for George Lederer's Londonized "Casino Girl." James E. Sullivan will be in the cast, as will Kitty Seymour, who returns to America after ten years' service with George Edwardes. In these latter days she has been spoken of as "she of the twinkling feet." Her husband is Harry Athol, an Elmira product, who is well remembered here as half of the Athol Bros., known to fame as "The Spider and the Fly."

William Collier told a story the other day about a performance in his private theater at St. James, L. I. It was given by local amateur artists and presented the trial scene from Pickwick.

"It was all right," said Collier, "up to the point where the door tender had to act Tony Weller. 'Put it down as a 'we,' my lord,' he said right from the center of the audience.

"'Who dares address the Court?' thundered the judge, and then the awful suspense was broken by an excited childish voice, 'Please, sir, he's Lem Soper, all dressed up.'"

The Rogers Bros. may go to London, according to Manager Erlanger, who has just escorted Arthur Collins, of the Drury Lane, to the Quaker City, where the German comedians are holding forth. Ben Teal was taken along, and the result of the inspection was highly satisfactory, according to all accounts. If the contracts are signed the entire company now playing "The Rogers Brothers in Central Park" will be taken abroad.

Lillian Greene has given burlesque the everlasting bood-bye, and is going to have a fling at grand opera in Chicago. She will uplift he public along with the other members of the Castle Square Opera company there. Lovers of burlesque are somewhat cheered up by the news that Mabel Bouton will be seen on the stage again in a few short weeks. She has been enjoying eight months' rest in Salt Lake City, but reached Broadway this week as young and blithesome as ever. She will remake her bow at the Herald Square.

Eddie Foy has made up his mind to go into vaudeville, and he denies emphatically that he is under contract to any manager who will interfere with his plans. This is because A. H. Chamberlyn holds that the comedian is due to appear with his forces. Foy will go on the Keith circuit, and will make his debut in New York two weeks hence.

Henry E. Dixey expects to succeed Thomas Q. Seabrooke in "The Rounders," Dixey is here and has an offer under consideration, while Seabrooke is still with the company in Chicago. He has had a deal of trouble on the road, and has intimated to his friends in New York very plainly that he is most anxious to make a change. Now that Miss Lowrie has left the company the prospect of peace may induce Seabrooke to change his mind.

The doctors have at last given up all hope of Ada Gray, whose "East Lynn" has endeared her to the hearts of all the states. She is dying in the Home for Incurables in Fordham and the end is expected at any moment.

It is quite the fad these days for women on the stage to blossom forth as real live authors. Miss Margaret Mayo has caught the fever and has written a book with a theme of love and astrology mixed. Her own experiences of recent date have been on the road with the Earl of Yarmouth in vaudeville and now with "Arizona."

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

John L. Toole is 71 years old.

Emma Nevada, now in France, is ill.

Paderewski's son, Hippolyte, is dead.

Harry Woodruff may star next season.

Bernhardt's Paris theater is not a success.

Chicago has a profitable Yiddish theater.

The Janawschek benefit fund has reached $3500.

Edouard Strauss' Vienna band is to be disbanded.

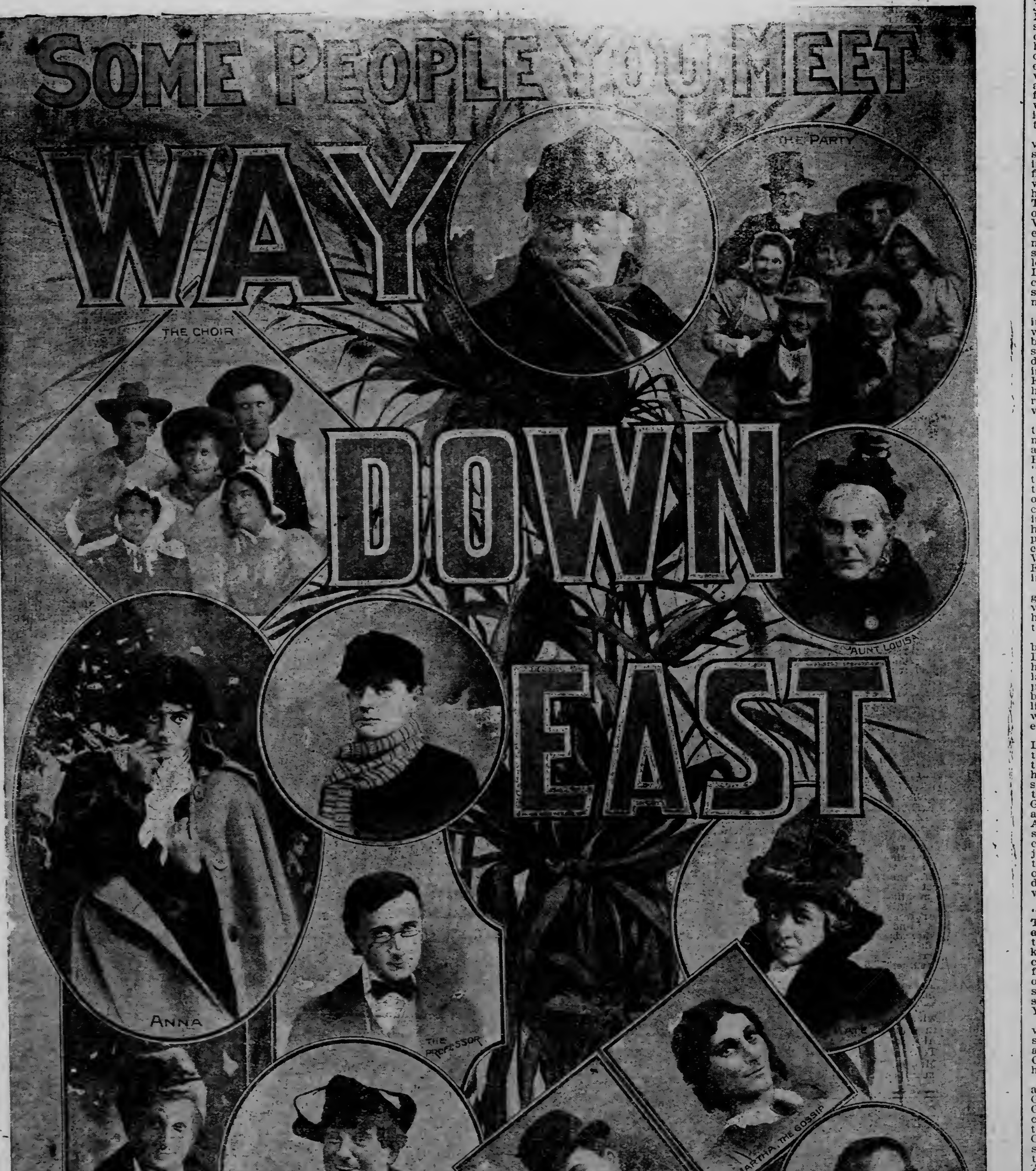
Duse recently produced "The Dead City" at Milan.

There are fourteen scenes in "The Price of Peace."

Chicago will tender a benefit to Minstrel Billy Rice.

"Winchester," a story of the Shenandoah valley during the war, by Edward McWade, is in active prepara-

(Continued on page 11.)



AMUSEMENTS. | AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER. E. Z. Williams, Manager.

Monday and Tuesday, April 1 and 2.

'WAY DOWN EAST

MR. WM. A BRADY

Desires to announce to the theater-going public of Duluth that he will present at the above-named theater on Monday and Tuesday evenings next what he considers the most beautiful production of the pastoral play ever offered in this city.

He begs to announce that he is giving to Duluth every courtesy and attention in this, his favorite production, which was given at the Academy of music, New York City, the past season, for four hundred and twenty-seven representations, and it comes direct from McVicker's theater, Chicago, where the company has just concluded an engagement of seven weeks. In that time it has presented the piece for seventy-two consecutive performances to nearly 185,000 people, and so well has Chicago appreciated the play and production, Mr. Brady states, that the gross takings are very close to $95,000.

"Way Down East," by Lottie Blair Parker, and elaborated by Jos. R. Grismer, is, in Mr. Brady's opinion, the most beautiful dramatic story ever told.

It is really a triumph of dramatic skill in taking such a simple story which has been founded on truth and nature and blending it into such a harmonious whole that it has received the unsought indorsement of some of the most prominent divines in this country.

Should the presentation not be in accord with that degree of enthusiasm in which it has been received in other cities, Mr. Brady can only say that he has done his very best and desires to fully impress upon the theater-goers of Duluth that he has given them the same presentation that has marked the marvelous engagements as played in other cities. "Way Down East" will not be presented Sunday night.

Prices: Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Next Friday Night......... April 5

DUNNE & RYLEY'S
Magnificent New Production of

A MILK WHITE FLAG By Chas. H. Hoyt.

Company of 40 people, including MARY MARBLE, JOHN W. DUNNE and LITTLE CHIP and THREE SISTERS FANCHONETTI.

Military Band and Operatic Orchestra—Teeming with Specialties and Brilliant Musical Numbers—A Brand New Production—New Ideas—New Features—New Costumes—New Dialogue.

Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Last Time---Tonight

Col. W. A. Thompson will present the

Boston Lyric Opera Co.

—In—

The Fencing Master

Marie Tempest's Popular Success.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Extraordinary Event.

Managers Wagenhals & Kemper present

LOUIS JAMES
AND
Kathryn Kidder

In a stupendous Scenic Production of

A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

Magnificent Scenery and Electrical Effects. Grand Chorus and Splendid Ballet. The Famous Mendelssohn Music, with Especially Composed numbers by Maxim de Grosz

50—PEOPLE—50

PRICES: Night---Dress Circle $1.50, Parquet $1.00 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.
PRICES: Matinee---Dress Circle $1.00, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

An Evening of Poetry and Song at the
First Christian Church
Cor. Fourth St. and Fifth Ave. W.
Next Tuesday Evening.
H.P. PENNER
(SALDINI) Reader and Impersonator.
Assisted by Miss Susan Mackay, Miss Ella Mason, Miss Gean Stuart, Mr. D. G. Black, Mr. J. G. Hamaker, Miss Virginia Bean, Violinist, Mrs. J. E. Wieland, Accompanist.
Admission 10c and 15c.

Star Lecture Course,
First M. E. Church, Duluth.
Col. L. F. COPELAND,
—SUBJECT—
"Seeing the Elephant,"
Monday Ev'g, April 1.
One of the Greatest Orators.
Tickets 50 Cts.
Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

STARTLERS IN COLORS

Remarkable Color Schemes Will Be Seen Everywhere This Spring, and Even Modest Gowns Will Have Loud Trimmings.

New York, March 27.—In one of the big shops my attention was attracted by a superb head of golden hair. The woman's back was toward me. It was not only the color and texture of the hair that impressed me. I was haunted by an uncomfortable feeling that I had seen her before—uncomfortable because the figure seemed familiar and I could not place her. She persistently kept her back toward me, and my discomfort grew until I made a detour of several counters in order to get a face view. Then I remembered. She was a friend of long standing, but one whom the circumstances of city life had prevented me from meeting for months—or, was it so? My friend's facial features seemed to be there. The pose, which had first struck me with a sense of familiarity was there, and her movements, too, were those of my friend. But the hair! My friend was a pronounced blonde, with hair that was of that flaxen type that used to be sought after by all the artifices known to boudoir and hair-dressers. Time and again when she was a few years younger she had been the subject of congratulation on the natural possession of such an element of beauty. It was difficult to imagine that she had sacrificed it, even for this glorious golden sheen, and that nature had freakishly effected a transformation was still more unthinkable. I was almost persuaded that the facial resemblance was either fancied or that it was a surprising case of double, when she saw me and bowed with pleased smiles.

So it was she, and you may be sure I lost no time in finding out about it, for if there is one thing I have learned to do it is to ask questions.

"Why!" she exclaimed, "is it possible that we haven't met for so long? I have got quite used to it, and had forgotten that my hair now is of a different color, and a much better color, don't you think? I admitted that there might perhaps be an advantage with the artificial tint, but I deplored it, because it didn't seem natural. "It seems perfectly natural to those who see it for the first time," she retorted, "and, as for you and other friends, you will get used to it. If you knew what solid comfort it gives me you wouldn't dream of questioning the wisdom of the change. It was this way: After I came to womanhood I was constantly made aware of my hair by the stares of strangers and by overhearing remarks. Some of the remarks were pleasant, but a great many were decidedly disconcerting. It got so that I was almost hardened to hearing myself alluded to as a 'bleached blonde,' horrid as the term is. But one day a man spoke to me on the street. As he seemed to be half intoxicated I suffered the annoyance and tried not to think of it again. Some time later another man accosted me, and this time it was fairly evident that he was in his right mind, so far as such a man can be said to have a right mind.

"That was pretty bad, but it takes three times in most things, you know, and my third came at a theater. My husband had left the performance before it was over, intending to rejoin me by the end of the last act. Something delayed him, so that when the curtain went down I had to go out alone. I expected to meet him in the lobby. He was not there, and almost all the audience had gone, while I was still looking around for him, when a man took me by the arm in a dreadfully familiar way and was going to walk off with me. I am thankful to say that just then my husband came up, and there was a terrible row. My husband struck the fellow and chased him half across Broadway, while I leaned against a bill board and cried. That settled it. Hubby thought I ought to be satisfied with the trouncing he gave the scoundrel, but I wasn't. I don't enjoy a fight, and I didn't care to risk having any more experiences of the same kind. So I had my hair turned. There are plenty of admiring looks now, but nobody yet has suggested audibly, at least, that it isn't my natural appearance."

Startlers in colors are going to be abundant in women's dress so soon as this unendurable March weather is all behind us. Really, in the colors of the goods and of the trimming the new spring dresses will rival the brightness of summer attire. Certainly there will be no lack of surprise in color schemes. Dress goods present about the usual variety and grades of colors, and salesfolk talk wisely of an existing preference for a new blue that is like the royal shade, for pale blue, biscuits, tans and grays, and if the shopper pauses long enough the clerk will run on through the available list. So that isn't very valuable information. But in the dressmaking establishments where high-priced gowns are made there is in hand a noticeable quantity of reds and blues in striking tones. Reds that not long ago would have been considered too bright for anything but trimming are used as dress material, and nothing in the finish disguises or lessens its brightness. Equally striking tones are found in blue, though that does not seem so much like an innovation, for it was but two years since royal blue was fashionably assertive. The more demure goods in the shops have purchasers, of course, yet by a trick that promises to have many indorsers are to be made up strikingly. They are cut and finished without great elaborateness, and such trimming as is used harmonizes with the color of the dress goods except the decoration that is put at the top of the bodice, generally on the upper part of the sleeve and extending on to the bodice fronts. This consists of embroidery or applique designs the width of your palm done in Persian colorings, or in some grouping of shades that fairly shouts at the dress material. Tans, biscuit shades and browns are treated thus. The finish impresses one as original, then one sees that the gown is irreproachable otherwise and settle to the conviction that the odd idea must be all right fashionably. It is.

Gowns of the bright stuff are not finished so oddly, yet the high color is not left to stand alone. I saw an illustration of this point—a bright red ladies' cloth, trimmed with gilt cording. Grays are not replaced, but the gown of them either combines two materials or two or more shades. Some of the latter classification are complex as to color scheme, and a task for the most adroit handler of colors. One of the other grade I saw in another model. Its material was dove gray cashmere, plaited flounce and lower sleeves being taffeta of a shade to match the other exactly. All manner of waistcoat effects are employed in such dresses, and when that finish is not used the choice is between straight front and blouse.

The possibilities in loose house dresses are a temptation. They're so pretty that one is apt to forget that it is time to make appropriations for the essentials of the summer wardrobe. Solid color lawns are with lace and linen embroidery, and figured laws and dimities make up nicely. Japanese and Chinese silks are attractive, and crepe de chine and flowered foulands are on the list of favored stuffs. I saw one made of Nile green crepe de chine, with front of white chiffon and banding of white satin, embroidered with gilt and black silk floss. India silks seem not to be much used for these house robes, though they promise to be used a great deal for summer dresses.

Spring hats are as flat as were the winter ones, flatter perhaps, but happily there are many sorts that may be worn at all sorts of angles, so there is no danger of monotony. Draped hats are many, three-cornered sorts a few. Sailors are very rough, with saw-tooth brim. Outing hats range from Rough Rider straws to examples almost fancifully trimmed. Flowers and foliage are the dominant trimming, and it is distinctly swagger to bank the blossoms closely so that their tops carry out the idea of flatness.

Away back last summer a young man of my acquaintance met a pretty girl at a summer resort and fell promptly and hopelessly in love with her. She played with him in traditional style for a time, but before long was brought to admit that she was interested. hTen she professed grave doubts as to the advisability of marriage. She was poor; it was only by the kindness of a more prosperous relative that she was able to have a brief outing; she would have to return to hard work soon. He tried to find out what her work was, but she evaded questions, and he was too infatuated to press them. There was nobody to tell him anything about her, but thta didn't matter. Loverlike he knew enough for his own satisfaction. She was an angel, perfect, surpassing perfection, and all that agreeable nonsense. As for himself he had sufficient ardor to win the pleasant battle, and last autumn was not far advanced when they were married.

They went to live in a cozy flat, and nothing occurred to dim their joy. He saw the few members of her family, and as he had not married them it gave him small concern that they were uninteresting. Sometimes it struck him that she seemed to have few girl friends, but he never missed them. The wife was quite as much the angel for him as the sweetheart had been. Then one day he came across something that gave him a shock. He is a cigarette smoker Serve him right, say you who are anticipating a tragedy. Stuff! There are men and cigarettes and cigarettes and men. Not that I approve the habit, but that's out of the present consideration. He drew the photo from the new box and recognized the picture. There was no mistaking his wife in spite of her shockingly unconventional attire. The pose was coquettish, the upper garment fanciful and alluring, there were no skirts to speak of and therefore—but it is needless to particularize further.

The perspiration dropped in icicles from his brow. That was his angel! So he took the picture home with a quaking heart and showed it to her. She would have fainted if she had been built that way. As it was she showed so much distress that he was sorry he had mentioned the matter, and as he didn't rave and tear there was no great difficulty in coming to an understanding.

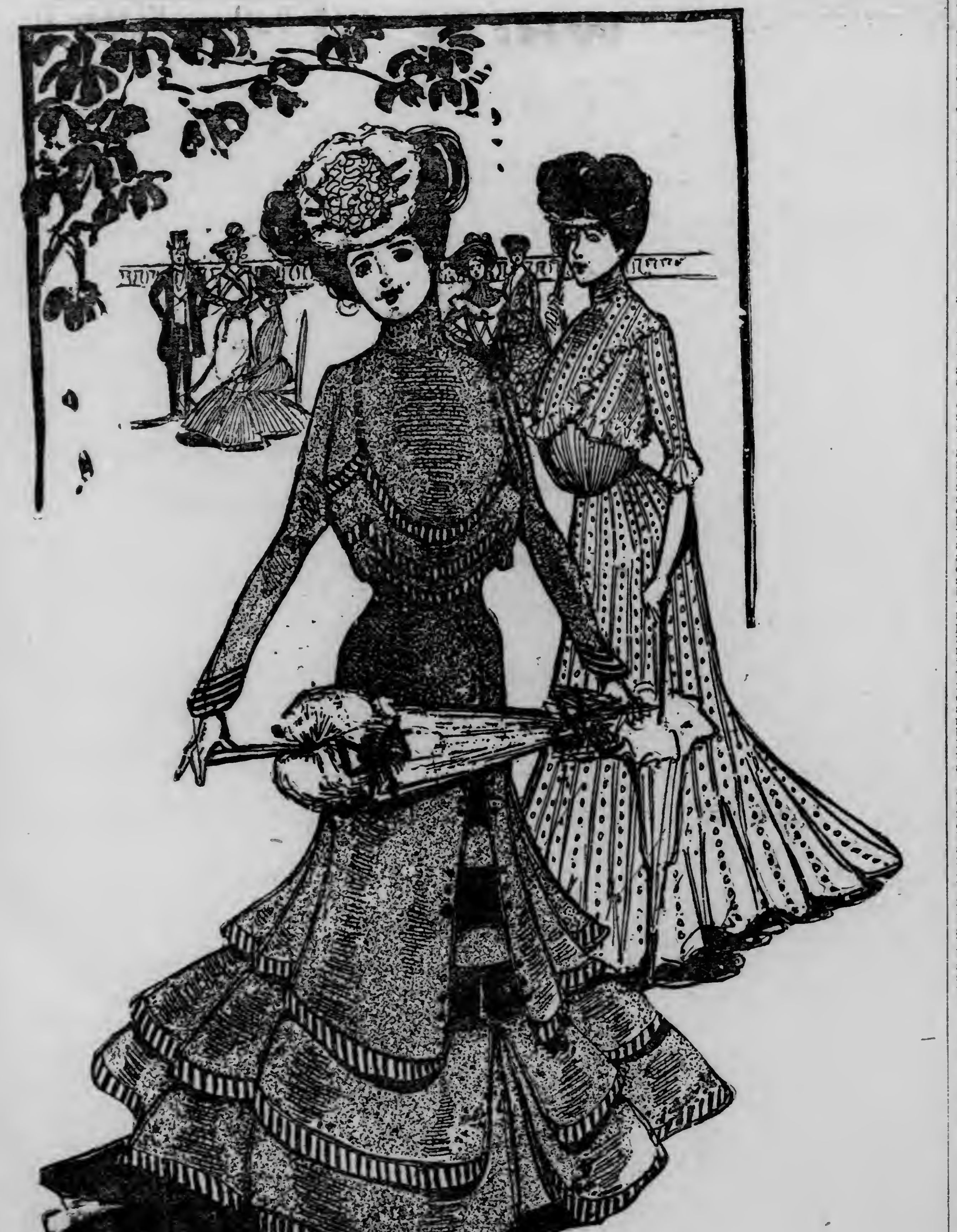
She has been a chorus girl. That was the hard work to which she expected to return. Other than concealing from him the nature of her vocation she had been perfectly truthful, and it was her anxiety to get away from the stage that had led her to the dangerous policy of not letting him know in the first place just what she was. Her life had been as unblemished as if she had been the veriest Puritan, and for a time she was perplexed to know how her picture in that guise could have been obtained. Eventually she remembered an occasion when the entire company was lined up before a camera to get material for advertising. In that she had figured impersonally with other girls, had been singled out from the group for reproduction by the cigarette manufacturers, who also had added to it a name she had never borne even professionally. The atmosphere was cleared, there wasn't any tragedy, and to all appearances there won't be any. The episode hasn't even impressed the husband sufficiently to cause him to stop cigarette smoking.

The women have had a glorious week at the opening of the various great stores. The millinery departments and the ready-made suits, especially the tailor-mades, have attracted the greatest amount of attention. The hats are built on the most delicate foundations, wired frames veiled with many thicknesses of tulle, net aud mousseline, and are loaded down with flowers, roses being the most popular. There are some perfectly new shrimp pink roses that are decided novelty . One of these dainty tulle creations has a spangled and jeted crown, surrounded by a double tier of pink crush roses, veiled in sheer black lace. The hat would be too gorgeous if the milliners had not invented this method of veiling the roses. A huge black velvet ribbon bow finishes the back of this hat, and is held in place by a handsome cut steel buckle. Some of the crowned hats are covered almost entirely with flowers. One has a brim made of black roses, the crown being of rose foliage, and having two enormous pink roses placed well toward the front. Little shepherdess hats are trimmed with wreaths of the thinnest pink roses, designed after a flower known as the Baltimore Belle. There is a decided fad for edging the brim with roses set closely without a sign of foliage between the blossoms. A dainty black hat has blue satin rosettes edging the brim. Some of the misses' hats are of fancy straw ,with the crown almost covered with blue satin loops, starting from a bow-knot center. The heavy brim is veiled in lace, and a great many field duaisies and lilacs are massed toward the back. Many of the misses' hats have two or three satin streamers, either in pink or in blue, falling down almost to the waist, and caught in two places in tassel effect, a mass of loops giving a finish. These streamers are massed together, and come from the back, and tossed over the left shoulder in artistic effect. Some of the mousseline and tulle hats for ladies are in turban effect, the masses of tulle having having old spirals as a trimming. These very old hats have a spray of black chiffon roses and some gilded foliage, others are ornamented with black violets and green foliage. Parisian designers have been making some exquisite crush roses and the daintiest of violets, bringing them out in black chiffon instead of in the natural colors. The black note in millinery is decided this year, narrow black velvet bands edging the various tiers of the plateau hats, and a black velvet bow finishing many of the toques and chapeaux. But gold roses and gold-spangled crowns are also in evidence, making this a brilliant season.

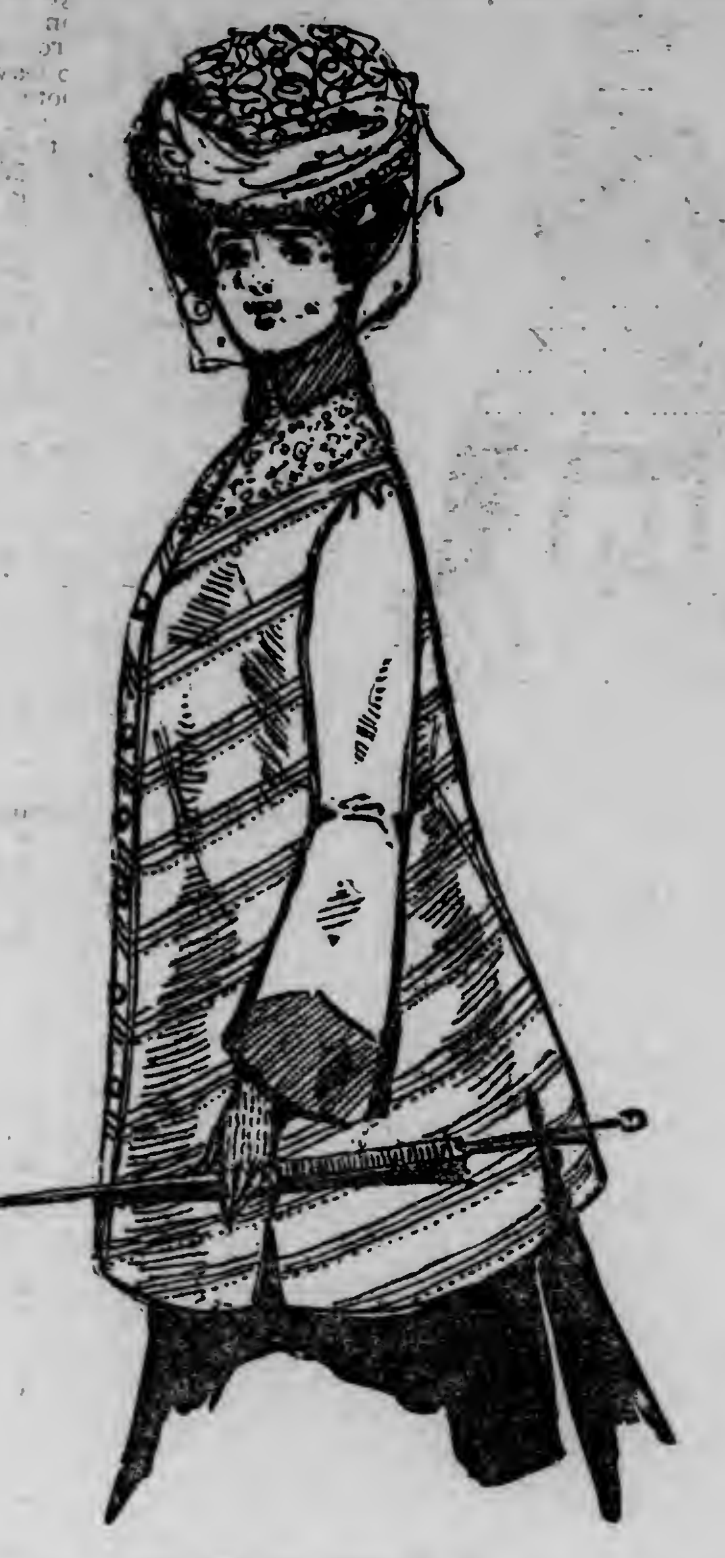
The rose-tinted hats in three-tone effects are leading novelties shown at many of the openings. Some of these are of bright scarlet straw, with a black narrow braid woven with the straw. The new Parisian sunrise roses in gorgeous colorings completely encircle the crowns. These roses are shaded from the deepest scarlet, some of the petals being almost pink, the inner petals veiled in chiffon. Occasionally some dark brown velvet foliage, or the deepest green, completes the artistic effect. The crown has bands of ribbon in three tones, dark red, fawn and pink, not tied in a bow, but passing from the outer brim across the roses and fastened like straps toward the center of the crown, disappearing and sewed on the inside.

The tailor-made suits are exceedingly dressy this season in the fine camel's hair serge, in smooth broadcloth, satin cloth and in the Venetian. A new shade of gray, with a delicate tone of pink, has been greatly admired. There are also an opal gray goods, gun metal, sage green and new shades of brown. The three-flounced skirt is in high vogue. The full flaring skirt is surmounted by a natty Eton jacket, to be worn over a shirt waist. About half of the suits are made with the L'Aiglon flaring collar. This has the appearance of a high standing collar of the cloth and it has been thrown back on either side disclosing the dressy high stock of the shirt waist. This high collar is invariably faced with white silk and ornamented with gilt braid, and sometimes there are revers on the jackets to match. Quite as popular is the collarless Eton, which is finished with reveres of wuhite silk, ornamented with Persian bands. Some of the collarless Etons are finished with wide mohair gallon and worn over a taffeta blouse, which should be of the exact color of the costume, even if the suit is in a darker tone. Much stitching appears in rows on tabs, bands and straps held by buttons. Inlays of cloth in white or a lighter shadue than the gown from a pretty garniture and embroideries and gallons ardue effective.

Hunter's green taffeta makes a very stylish waist, finished off with a L'Aigion collar. The rever front is very popular on fancy silk waists. A beautiful silk blouse of maize, or of orange yellow taffeta, has bands of white silk stitched on the revers and black velvet bows with gold spikes finish the point of the revers. The straight front effect in fancy waists is very popular. The modified bishop sleeve, gathered in a neat satin band, is in high vogue. The Bulgarian sleeve shows a little more fullness and the L'Aigion sleeve reaches considerably below the elbow with a little flare, the goods being laid in very fine plaits. Some chiffon or silk gives a slight fullness like an under sleeve gathered in a band. Empire and princesse gowns are also fashionable, gray castor and tan being the popular solors.



HER CLOTH TRAVELING GOWN.
Traveling gown of light brown cloth trimmed with stitched bands of darker taffeta and gilt buttons.



SPRING CL OTH COAT.
Long coat of castor colored cloth tucked and stitchea. Yoke of castor colored guipure. Stitched taffeta collars and cuffs in a deeper shade of castor. Brown agate buttons set in silver.

Puny children with weak constitutions can attain an unusual degree of bodily and mental vigor by taking Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

THE NEW KLONDIKE

Peruvian Andes Contain the Richest Gold Deposits Known.

London, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—If the reports of a party of geologists, headed by Sir Martin Conway, are correct, a new Eldorado has been unearthed which will outrival the Klondike.

The richest gold mines of the world are located in that section of the Andes which traverses Peru and Bolivia.

Their inaccessibility has been the only bar hitherto to their being worked. Undoubtedly the Incas, and probably Spaniards, several centuries ago, were not only aware of their existence, but took much gold from them.

It is even believed that incalculable treasures, hidden by the Incas in order to save them from Spanish cupidity, are stored in some of the wierd fastnesses of this bleak region.

The Spaniards, with their lust of gold, undoubtedly had located them, and they would have been worked to this day but for the hostility of a fierce race of Indians who inhabit the upper waters of the Purus. The Indians belong to the famous Chunco race, the most barbarously cruel and untameable of all the aborigines of the South American continent.

The mines are probably contemporaneous with the famed one's named after King Solomon on the African continent.

Within what was formerly the limits of the empire of the Incas mining tools, evidently not European, have been discovered, and traces of mining operations which have been carried on at the height of 17,000 feet above sea level. In more recent times the mines of Carabaya have been very profitably worked, and rich washings have been found on the river Tipuani. It is in the province west of Carabaya that an extraordinary development has been made in recent years, no less than 300 valuable properties having been established and developed in Sandia during the past two or three years.

The inaccessibility of the auriferous regions seems to have been the only cause of deferring its development to an extraordinary extent.

The Chuncos still remain as irreconcilable as ever, and the difficulties of transport have in no wise decreased.

The report of the members of the recent expedition is to the effect that "undoubtedly this slope of the Andes is the richest undeveloped gold country in the world. The difficulties of transporting food to this entirely inhospitable region have been almost a bar to the working of any mines, and even to the efforts of prospectors. Individual effort would be entirely helpless to cope with the development of mines in this region. Only the formation of a company with a large capital would solve the problem of wresting the enormous weatlh from nature which she has hoarded in this otherwise barren region."

Relying upon the reports of Sir Martin's expedition a gigantic syndicate will probably be formed in London. In order to make operations profitable from the start the eminent geologist suggests that the enormous rubber forests, which lay in the direct line of progress towards the auriferous belt, be worked. Rubber has been growing so scarce of recent years that it is now a most valuable commercial commodity and can be easily marketed.

With this for a point of immediate profitable development Sir Martin believes that the preliminary expenses of the enterprise would be guaranteed and a basis for operations more easily secured.

At the particular point in the Andes where it is believed the richest mines are located, both the eastern and western slopes are peculiarly barren. Climbing up the steep incline of volcanic sand and scaling rocks at the risk of hair-breadth escapes is the least of the dangers to be faced. The hostile Indians seem to appear at almost every awkward juncture, ready to take advantage of exploring parties. The Indian guides, who are indespensible for piloting the party and managing the pack mules, which form the only means of transport, are the most arrant cowards, and desert upon the first sign of the approach of the hostiles. They can only be induced to continue the journey undertaken by having exorbitant demands in the way of wages acceded to. A plentiful allowance of the native stimulant "pisco" must always be available, as they cannot work in the higher altitudes without it.

ARTHUR FIELD.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

Every Mother, Expectant Mother or Marriageable Girl

"I'd better get it."

can have a practical treatise on motherhood, telling about **"MOTHER'S FRIEND"** (that will save months of pain and trouble), sent, free, by sending name and address of self or friends to
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
"The world can produce nothing like 'Mother's Friend.'"
Sold by best Druggists, $1.00, or sent by express paid on receipt of price.

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM

Letters Proving Positively that there is No Medicine for Woman's Ills Equal to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

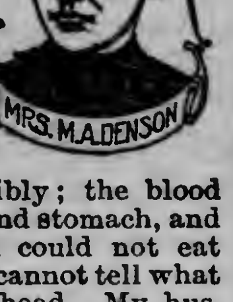
MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON

(ALL LETTERS ARE PUBLISHED BY SPECIAL PERMISSION.)

"I cannot say enough in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me more good than all the doctors. I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhoea and was so weak that I could not do my housework.

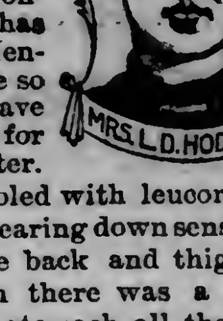
I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries, and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet long at a time. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. My husband's sister wrote what the Vegetable Compound had done for her, and wanted me to try it, but I did not then think it would do me any good. After a time, I concluded to try it, and I can truly say it does all that is claimed for it. Ten bottles of the Vegetable Com- and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me, I have had no womb trouble since taking the fifth bottle. I weigh more than I have in years; can do all my own housework, sleep well, have a good appetite, and now feel that life is worth living. I owe all to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I feel that it has saved my life and would not be without it for anything. I am always glad to recommend it to all my sex, for I know if they will follow Mrs. Pinkham's directions, they will be cured."
Gratefully yours, MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON, South Hot Springs, Ark.

CHANGE OF LIFE.



"I was taken sick five years ago with 'The Grippe,' and had a relapse and was given up by the doctor and my friends. Change of Life began to work on me. I flowed very badly until a year ago, then my stomach and lungs got so bad, I suffered terribly; the blood went up in my lungs and stomach, and I vomited it up. I could not eat scarcely anything. I cannot tell what I suffered with my head. My husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken half of it I began to improve, and to-day I am another woman. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough."
M. A. DENSON, Millport, N.Y.

PROFUSE PERIODS.



"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound about 3 months ago, and cannot express the wonderful good it has done me. Menstruations were so profuse as to leave me very weak for some time after. Was also troubled with leucorrhoea, tired feeling, bearing down sensation, pain across the back and thighs. I felt as though there was a heavy weight in my stomach all the time. I have taken two bottles of the medicine, and now have better health than I have had for four years."
MRS. LIZZIE DICKSON HODGE,
Avalon, Ohio.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

BIG G
CURES In 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

"Chicago and Florida Special."
NO CHANGE of Cars Between
Chicago and St. Augustine, Florida.

The "Chicago and Florida Special" is a SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN of Pullman sleeping and observation cars, dining car and baggage car, running through to St. Augustine, without change via Cincinnati, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Jesup and Jacksonville.

This train leaves Chicago at noon daily, except Sunday, and arrives at Jacksonville the following day at 7:30 p. m. St. Augustine at 8:30 p. m.

For full particulars about rates, sleeping car reservations, etc., call on or address any of the following representatives of the Southern Railway.

J. C. BEAM, JR., N. W. P. A.,
225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
GEO. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.,
St. Louis, Mo.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Angus R. Macfarlane and Catherine H. Macfarlane, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of June, 1894, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 529.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to Anna E. Seeney by written assignment dated the second day of July, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the third day of July, 1894, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 43.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Annie E. Seeney the assignee and holder thereof, to Emma M. Emerick by written assignment dated the nineteenth day of July, 1899, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the twentieth day of July, 1899, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 151 of said mortgages page 417, said Emma M. Emerick being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lot numbered three (3, in block six (6), in Hunter and Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being situated in Saint Louis county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the first day of May, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1901.

EMMA M. EMERICK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
500 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20-1901.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

STARTLERS IN COLORS

Remarkable Color Schemes Will Be Seen Everywhere This Spring, and Even Modest Gowns Will Have Loud Trimmings.

New York, March 27.—In one of the big shops my attention was attracted by a superb head of golden hair. The woman's back was toward me. It was not only the color and texture of the hair that impressed me. I was haunted by an uncomfortable feeling that I had seen her before—uncomfortable because the figure seemed familiar and I could not place her. She persistently kept her back toward me, and my discomfort grew until I made a detour of several counters in order to get a face view. Then I remembered. She was a friend of long standing, but one whom the circumstances of city life had prevented me from meeting for months—or, was it so? My friend's facial features seemed to be there. The pose, which had first struck me with a sense of familiarity was there, and her movements, too, were those of my friend. But the hair! My friend was a pronounced blonde, with hair that was of that flaxen type that used to be sought after by all the artifices known to boudoir and hair-dressers. Time and again when she was a few years younger she had been the subject of congratulation on the natural possession of such an element of beauty. It was difficult to imagine that she had sacrificed it, even for this glorious golden sheen, and that nature had freakishly effected a transformation was still more unthinkable. I was almost persuaded that the facial resemblance was either fancied or that it was a surprising case of double, when she saw me and bowed with pleased smiles.

So it was she, and you may be sure I lost no time in finding out about it, for if there is one thing I have learned to do it is to ask questions.

"Why!" she exclaimed, "is it possible that we haven't met for so long? I have got quite used to it, and had forgotten that my hair now is of a different color, and a much better color, don't you think?" I admitted that there might perhaps be an advantage with the artificial tint, but I deplored it, because it didn't seem natural. "It seems perfectly natural to those who see it for the first time," she retorted, "and, as for you and other friends, you will get used to it. If you knew what solid comfort it gives me you wouldn't dream of questioning the wisdom of the change. It was this way: After I came to womanhood I was constantly made aware of my hair by the stares of strangers and by overhearing remarks. Some of the remarks were pleasant, but a great many were decidedly disconcerting. It got so that I was almost hardened to hearing myself alluded to as a 'bleached blonde,' horrid as the term is. But one day a man spoke to me on the street. As he seemed to be half intoxicated I suffered the annoyance and tried not to think of it again. Some time later another man accosted me, and this time it was fairly evident that he was in his right mind, so far as such a man can be said to have a right mind.

"That was pretty bad, but it takes three times in most things, you know, and my third came at a theater. My husband had left the performance before it was over, intending to rejoin me by the end of the last act. Something delayed him, so that when the curtain went down I had to go out alone. I expected to meet him in the lobby. He was not there, and almost all the audience had gone, while I was still looking around for him, when a man took me by the arm in a dreadfully familiar way and was going to walk off with me. I am thankful to say that just then my husband came up, and there was a terrible row. My husband struck the fellow and chased him half across Broadway, while I leaned against a bill board and cried. That settled it. Hubby thought I ought to be satisfied with the trouncing he gave the scoundrel, but I wasn't. I don't enjoy a fight, and I didn't care to risk having any more experiences of the same kind. So I had my hair turned. There are plenty of admiring looks now, but nobody yet has suggested audibly, at least, that it isn't my natural appearance."

Startlers in colors are going to be abundant in women's dress so soon as this unendurable March weather is all behind us. Really, in the colors of the goods and of the trimming the new spring dresses will rival the brightness of summer attire. Certainly there will be no lack of surprise in color schemes. Dress goods present about the usual variety and grades of colors, and salesfolk talk wisely of an enisting preference for a new blue that is like the royal shade, for pale blue, biscuits, tans and grays, and if the shopper pauses long enough the clerk will run on through the available list. So that isn't very valuable information. But in the dressmaking establishments where high-priced gowns are made there is in hand a noticeable quantity of reds and blues in striking tones. Reds that not long ago would have been considered too bright for anything but trimming are used as dress material, and nothing in the finish disguises or lessens its brightness. Equally striking tones are found in blue, though that does not seem so much like an innovation, for it was but two years since royal blue was fashionably assertive. The more demure goods in the shops have purchasers, of course, yet by a trick that promises to have many indorsers are to be made up strikingly. They are cut and finished without great elaborateness, and such trimming as is used harmonizes with the color of the dress goods except the decoration that is put at the top of the bodice, generally on the upper part of the sleeve and extending on to the bodice fronts. This consists of embroidery or applique designs the width of your palm done in Persian colorings, or in some grouping of shades that fairly shouts at the dress material. Tans, biscuit shades and browns are treated thus. The finish impresses one as original, then one sees that the gown is irreproachable otherwise and settle to the conviction that the odd idea must be all right fashionably. It is.

Gowns of the bright stuff are not finished so oddly, yet the high color is not left to stand alone. I saw an illustration of this point—a bright red ladies' cloth, trimmed with gilt cording. Grays are not replaced, but the gown of them either combines two materials or two or more shades. Some of the latter classification are complex as to color scheme, and a task for the most adroit handler of colors. One of the other grade I saw in another model. Its material was dove gray cashmere, plaited flounce and lower sleeves being taffeta of a shade to match the other exactly. All manner of waistcoat effects are employed in such dresses, and when that finish is not used the choice is between straight front and blouse.

The possibilities in loose house dresses are a temptation. They're so pretty that one is apt to forget that it is time to make appropriations for the essentials of the summer wardrobe. Solid color lawns are with lace and linen embroidery, and figured laws and dimities make up nicely. Japanese and Chinese silks are attractive, and crepe de chine and flowered foulands are on the list of favored stuffs. I saw one made of Nile green crepe de chine, with front of white chiffon and banding of white satin, embroidered with gilt and black silk floss. India silks seem not to be much used for these house robes, though they promise to be used a great deal for summer dresses.

Spring hats are as flat as were the winter ones, flatter perhaps, but happily there are many sorts that may be worn at all sorts of angles, so there is no danger of monotony. Draped hats are many, three-cornered sorts a few. Sailors are very rough, with saw-tooth brim. Outing hats range from Rough Rider straws to examples almost fancifully trimmed. Flowers and foliage are the dominant trimming, and it is distinctly swagger to bank the blossoms closely so that their tops carry out the idea of flatness.

Away back last summer a young man of my acquaintance met a pretty girl at a summer resort and fell promptly and hopelessly in love with her. She played with him in traditional style for a time, but before long was brought to admit that she was interested. hTen she professed grave doubts as to the advisability of marriage. She was poor; it was only by the kindness of a more prosperous relative that she was able to have a brief outing; she would have to return to hard work soon. He tried to find out what her work was, but she evaded questions, and he was too infatuated to press them. There was nobody to tell him anything about her, but thta didn't matter. Loverlike he knew enough for his own satisfaction. She was an angel, perfect, surpassing perfection, and all that agreeable nonsense. As for himself he had sufficient ardor to win the pleasant battle, and last autumn was not far advanced when they were married.

They went to live in a cozy flat, and nothing occurred to dim their joy. He saw the few members of her family, and as he had not married them it gave him small concern that they were uninteresting. Sometimes it struck him that she seemed to have few girl friends, but he never missed them. The wife was quite as much the angel for him as the sweetheart had been. Then one day he came across something that gave him a shock. He is a cigarette smoker Serve him right, say you who are anticipating a tragedy. Stuff! There are men and cigarettes and cigarettes and men. Not that I approve the habit, but that's out of the present consideration. He drew the photo from the new box and recognized the picture. There was no mistaking his wife in spite of her shockingly unconventional attire. The pose was coquettish, the upper garment fanciful and alluring, there were no skirts to speak of and therefore—but it is needless to particularize further.

The perspiration dropped in icicles from his brow. That was his angel! So he took the picture home with a quaking heart and showed it to her. She would have fainted if she had been built that way. As it was she showed so much distress that he was sorry he had mentioned the matter, and as he didn't rave and tear there was no great difficulty in coming to an understanding.

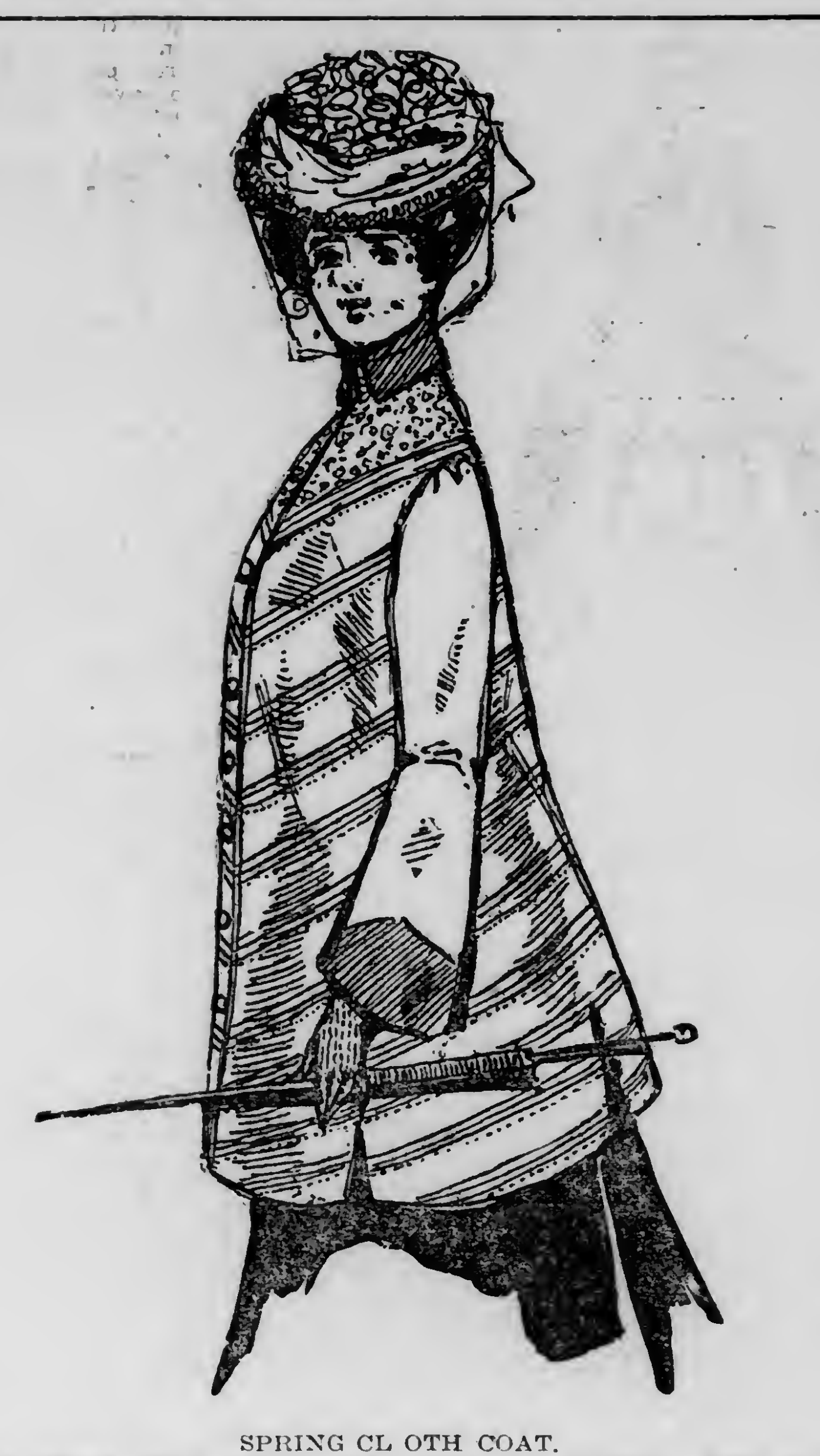
She has been a chorus girl. That was the hard work to which she expected to return. Other than concealing from him the nature of her vocation she had been perfectly truthful, and it was her anxiety to get away from the stage that had led her to the dangerous policy of not letting him know in the first place just what she was. Her life had been as unblemished as if she had been the veriest Puritan, and for a time she was perplexed to know how her picture in that guise could have been obtained. Eventually she remembered an occasion when the entire company was lined up before a camera to get material for advertising. In that she had figured impersonally with other girls, had been singled out from the group for reproduction by the cigarette manufacturers, who also had added to it a name she had never borne even professionally. The atmosphere was cleared, there wasn't any tragedy, and to all appearances there won't be any. The episode hasn't even impressed the husband sufficiently to cause him to stop cigarette smoking.

The women have had a glorious week at the opening of the various great stores. The millinery departments and the ready-made suits, especially the tailor-mades, have attracted the greatest amount of attention. The hats are built on the most delicate foundations, wired frames veiled with many thicknesses of tulle, net aud mousseline, and are loaded down with flowers, roses being the most popular. There are some perfectly new shrimp pink roses that are decided novelty. One of these dainty tulle creations has a spangled and jeted crown, surrounded by a double tier of pink crush roses, veiled in sheer black lace. The hat would be too gorgeous if the milliners had not invented this method of veiling the roses. A huge black velvet ribbon bow finishes the back of this hat, and is held in place by a handsome cut steel buckle. Some of the crowned hats are covered almost entirely with flowers. One has a brim made of black roses, the crown being of rose foliage, and having two enormous pink roses placed well toward the front. Little shepherdess hats are trimmed with wreaths of the thinnest pink roses, designed after a flower known as the Baltimore Belle. There is a decided fad for edging the brim with roses set closely without a sign of foliage between the blossoms. A dainty black hat has blue satin rosettes edging the brim. Some of the misses' hats are of fancy straw, with the crown almost covered with blue satin loops, starting from a bow-knot center. The heavy brim is veiled in lace, and a great many field duaisies and lilacs, are massed toward the back. Many of the misses' hats have two or three satin streamers, either in pink or in blue, falling down almost to the waist, and caught in two places in tassel effect, a mass of loops giving a finish. These streamers are massed together, and come from the back, and tossed over the left shoulder in artistic effect. Some of the mousseline and tulle hats for ladies are in turban effect, the masses of tulle having having old spirals as a trimming. These very old hats have a spray of black chiffon roses and some gilded foliage, others are ornamented with black violets and green foliage. Parisian designers have been making some exquisite crush roses and the daintiest of violets, bringing them out in black chiffon instead of in the natural colors. The black note in millinery is decided this year, narrow black velvet bands edging the various tiers of the plateau hats, and a black velvet bow finishing many of the toques and chapeaux. But gold roses and gold-spangled crowns are also in evidence, making this a brilliant season.

The rose-tinted hats in three-tone effects are leading novelties shown at many of the openings. Some of these are of bright scarlet straw, with a black narrow braid woven with the straw. The new Parisian sunrise roses in gorgeous colorings completely encircle the crowns. These roses are shaded from the deepest scarlet, some of the petals being almost pink, the inner petals veiled in chiffon. Occasionally some dark brown velvet foliage, or the deepest green, completes the artistic effect. The crown has bands of ribbon in three tones, dark red, fawn and pink, not tied in a bow, but passing from the outer brim across the roses and fastened like straps toward the center of the crown, disappearing and sewed on the inside.

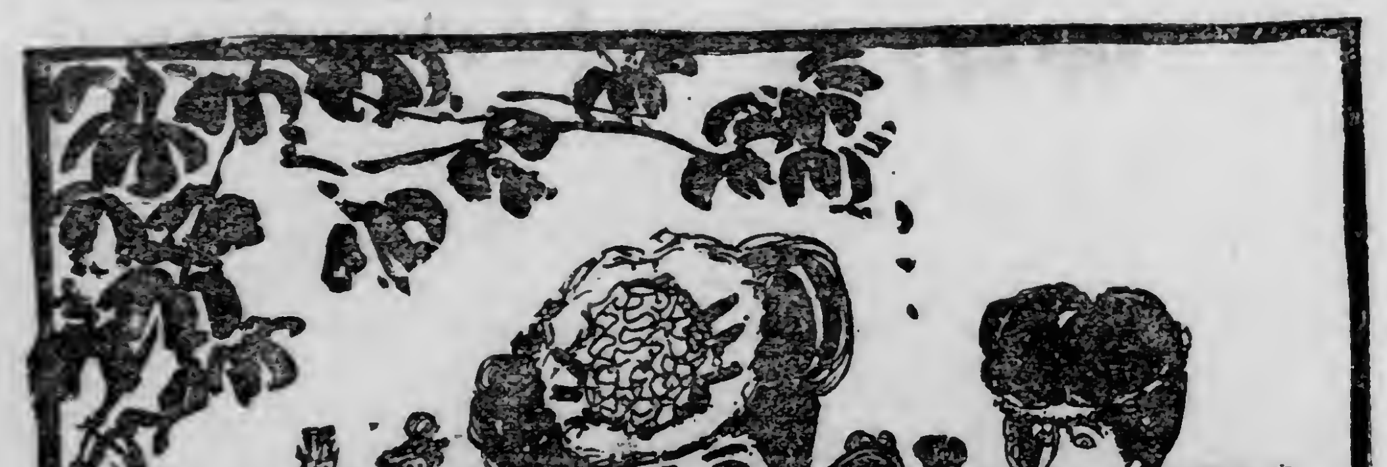
The tailor-made suits are exceedingly dressy this season in the fine camel's hair serge, in smooth broadcloth, satin cloth and in the Venetian. A new shade of gray, with a delicate tone of pink, has been greatly admired. There are also an opal gray goods, gun metal, sage green and new shades of brown. The three-flounced skirt is in high vogue. The full flaring skirt is surmounted by a natty Eton jacket, to be worn over a shirt waist. About half of the suits are made with the L'Aiglon flaring collar. This has the appearance of a high standing collar of the cloth and it has been thrown back on either side disclosing the dressy high stock of the shirt waist. This high collar is invariably faced with white silk and ornamented with gilt braid, and sometimes there are revers on the jackets to match. Quite as popular is the collarless Eton, which is finished with reveres of wuhite silk, ornamented with Persian bands. Some of the collarless Etons are finished with wide mohair gallon and worn over a taffeta blouse, which should be of the exact color of the costume, even if the suit is in a darker tone. Much stitching appears in rows on tabs, bands and straps held by buttons. Inlays of cloth in white or a lighter shadue than the gown from a pretty garniture and embroideries and gallons ardue effective.

Hunter's green taffeta makes a very stylish waist, finished off with a L'Aiglon collar. The rever front is very popular on fancy silk waists. A beautiful silk blouse of maize, or of orange yellow taffeta, has bands of white silk stitched on the revers and black velvet bows with gold spikes finish the point of the revers. The straight front effect in fancy waists is very popular. The modified bishop sleeve, gathered in a neat satin band, is in high vogue. The Bulgarian sleeve shows a little more fullness and the L'Aiglon sleeve reaches considerably below the elbow with a little flare, the goods being laid in very fine plaits. Some chiffon or silk gives a slight fullness like an under sleeve gathered in a band. Empire and princesse gowns are also fashionable, gray castor and tan being the popular solors.



SPRING CL OTH COAT.

Long coat of castor colored cloth tucked and stitched. Yoke of castor colored guipure. Stitched taffeta collars and cuffs in a deeper shade of castor. Brown agate buttons set in silver.



HER CLOTH TRAVELING GOWN.

Traveling gown of light brown cloth trimmed with stitched bands of darker taffeta and gilt buttons.

Puny children with weak constitutions can attain an unusual degree of bodily and mental vigor by taking Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Made by the Madison Medicine company, 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

THE NEW KLONDIKE

Peruvian Andes Contain the Richest Gold Deposits Known.

London, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—If the reports of a party of geologists, headed by Sir Martin Conway, are correct, a new Eldorado has been unearthed which will outrival the Klondike.

The richest gold mines of the world are located in that section of the Andes which traverses Peru and Bolivia.

Their inaccessibility has been the only bar hitherto to their being worked. Undoubtedly the Incas, and probably Spaniards, several centuries ago, were not only aware of their existence, but took much gold from them.

It is even believed that incalculable treasures, hidden by the Incas in order to save them from Spanish cupidity, are stored in some of the wierd fastnesses of this bleak region.

The Spaniards, with their lust of gold, undoubtedly had located them, and they would have been worked to this day but for the hostility of a fierce race of Indians who inhabit the upper waters of the Purus. The Indians belong to the famous Chunco race, the most barbarously cruel and untameable of all the aborigines of the South American continent.

The mines are probably contemporaneous with the famed one's named after King Solomon on the African continent.

Within what was formerly the limits of the empire of the Incas mining tools, evidently not European, have been discovered, and traces of mining operations which have been carried on at the height of 17,000 feet above sea level. In more recent times the mines of Carabaya have been very profitably worked, and rich washings have been found on the river Tipuani. It is in the province west of Carabaya that an extraordinary development has been made in recent years, no less than 300 valuable properties having been established and developed in Sandia during the past two or three years.

The inaccessibility of the auriferous regions seems to have been the only cause of deferring its development to an extraordinary extent.

The Chuncos still remain as irreconcilable as ever, and the difficulties of transport have in no wise decreased.

The report of the members of the recent expedition is to the effect that "undoubtedly this slope of the Andes is the richest undeveloped gold country in the world. The difficulties of transporting food to this entirely inhospitable region have been almost a bar to the working of any mines, and even to the efforts of prospectors. Individual effort would be entirely helpless to cope with the development of mines in this region. Only the formation of a company with a large capital would solve the problem of wresting the enormous weatlh from nature which she has hoarded in this otherwise barren region."

Relying upon the reports of Sir Martin's expedition a gigantic syndicate will probably be formed in London. In order to make operations profitable from the start the eminent geologist suggests that the enormous rubber forests, which lay in the direct line of progress towards the auriferous belt, be worked. Rubber has been growing so scarce of recent years that it is now a most valuable commercial commodity and can be easily marketed.

With this for a point of immediate profitable development Sir Martin believes that the preliminary expenses of the enterprise would be guaranteed and a basis for operations more easily secured.

At the particular point in the Andes where it is believed the richest mines are located, both the eastern and western slopes are peculiarly barren. Climbing up the steep incline of volcanic sand and scaling rocks at the risk of hair-breadth escapes is the least of the dangers to be faced. The hostile Indians seem to appear at almost every awkward juncture, ready to take advantage of exploring parties. The Indian guides, who are indespensible for piloting the party and managing the pack mules, which form the only means of transport, are the most arrant cowards, and desert upon the first sign of the approach of the hostiles. They can only be induced to continue the journey undertaken by having exorbitant demands in the way of wages acceded to. A plentiful allowance of the native stimulant "pisco" must always be available, as they cannot work in the higher altitudes without it.

ARTHUR FIELD.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM

Letters Proving Positively that there is No Medicine for Woman's Ills Equal to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON

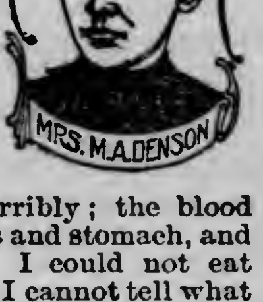
(ALL LETTERS ARE PUBLISHED BY SPECIAL PERMISSION.)

"I cannot say enough in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me more good than all the doctors. I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhoea and was so weak that I could not do my housework.

I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries, and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet long at a time. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. My husband's sister wrote what the Vegetable Compound had done for her, and wanted me to try it, but I did not then think it would do me any good. After a time, I concluded to try it, and I can truly say it does all that is claimed for it. Ten bottles of the Vegetable Com- and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me, I have had no womb trouble since taking the fifth bottle. I weigh more than I have in years; can do all my own housework, sleep well, have a good appetite, and now feel that life is worth living. I owe all to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I feel that it has saved my life and would not be without it for anything. I am always glad to recommend it to all my sex, for I know if they will follow Mrs. Pinkham's directions, they will be cured."

Gratefully yours, Mrs. Annie Thompson, South Hot Springs, Ark.

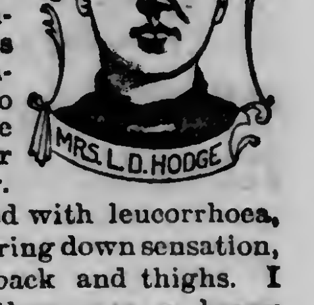
CHANGE OF LIFE.



"I was taken sick five years ago with 'The Grippe,' and had a relapse and was given up by the doctor and my friends. Change of Life began to work on me. I flowed very badly until a year ago, then my stomach and lungs got so bad, I suffered terribly; the blood went up in my lungs and stomach, and I vomited it up. I could not eat scarcely anything. I cannot tell what I suffered with my head. My husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken half of it I began to improve, and to-day I am another woman. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough."

M. A. Denson, Millport, N.Y.

PROFUSE PERIODS.



"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound about 3 months ago, and cannot express the wonderful good it has done me. Menstruations were so profuse as to leave me very weak for some time after. Was also troubled with leucorrhoea, tired feeling, bearing down sensation, pain across the back and thighs. I felt as though there was a heavy weight in my stomach all the time. I have taken two bottles of the medicine, and now have better health than I have had for four years."

Mrs. Lizzie Dickson Hodge,
Avalon, Ohio.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

BIG G Trade Mark CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

"Chicago and Florida Special."

NO CHANGE of Cars Between

Chicago and St. Augustine, Florida.

The "Chicago and Florida Special" is a SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN of Pullman sleeping and observation cars, dining car and baggage car, running through to St. Augustine, without change via Cincinnati, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Jesup and Jacksonville.

This train leaves Chicago at noon daily, except Sunday, and arrives at Jacksonville the following day at 7:30 p. m. St. Augustine at 8:30 p. m.

For full particulars about rates, sleeping car reservations, etc., call on or address any of the following representatives of the Southern Railway.

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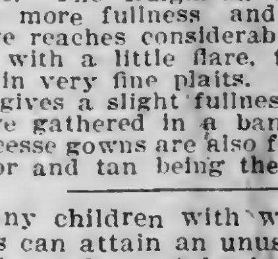
Every Mother, Expectant Mother or Marriageable Girl


"I'd better get it."

can have a practical treatise on motherhood, telling about **"MOTHER'S FRIEND"** (that will save months of pain and trouble), sent, free, by sending name and address of self or friends to THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"The world can produce nothing like 'Mother's Friend.'"

Sold by best Druggists, $1.00, or sent by express paid on receipt of price.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Angus R. Macfarlane and Catherine H. Macfarlane, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of June, 1894, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 529.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to Anna E. Seeney by written assignment dated the second day of July, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the third day of July, 1894, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 43.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Annie E. Seeney the assignee and holder thereof, to Emma M. Emerick by written assignment dated the nineteenth day of July, 1899, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the twentieth day of July, 1899, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 151 of said mortgages page 417, said Emma M. Emerick being now the owner and owner of record thereof, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgago will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lot numbered three (3, in block six (6), in Hunter and Markell's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being situated in Saint Louis county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the first day of May, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred seventy-two and 64-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 15, A. D. 1901.

EMMA M. EMERICK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage,
300 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-16-23-30-April-6-13-20-1901.

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEAT IS STEADY

Market Started at Slight Decline But Soon Rallied.

Trading Dull Owing to Interest In Corn and Oats.

Market Held Steady By the Strength In Corn.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 30.—The wheat market was dull, but steady this morning. There was so much interest taken by traders in corn and oats that the wheat pit was well-nigh deserted. The cable news was strengthening, Liverpool closing unchanged to ¼d higher. The Australian shipments were 1,064,000 bus. The main cause of the steadiness of wheat was the advance of corn.

The wheat market ruled dull and steady to the close, which was a shade higher than yesterday here and ⅛c lower at Chicago for the May option.

Trading in futures was very dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛@¼c lower at 76½c bid, sold up to 76¾c at 10:15, reacted to 76⅝c at 11:40 and closed at 76¾c, a shade higher than yesterday. Cash sales amounted to 20,000 bus at 1c under May for wheat to arrive and 1½c under for wheat in store. Oats closed 1¼c higher than on Thursday. Corn advanced ⅝c. Rye and flax closed unchanged.

At Chicago, May wheat opened ⅛@¼c lower, at 76¼c to 76@⅛c, touched 76c and rallied to 76⅜c.

May wheat closed at Chicago at 76⅛c, a net decline of ⅛c.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 368 cars, against 393 last week and 437 last year. Chicago, receipts, 91 cars, 4 of contract grade.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77¼c; to arrive, 77¾c; May, 78¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 75¼c; to arrive, 75¾c; May, 76¾c; July, 77⅞c. No. 2 northern, 69¾@73¾c. No. 3 spring, 74¾@70c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 51¼c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.61; to arrive, $1.61; May, $1.64; September, $1.15. Corn, 42; May, 42½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 86; corn, 10; oats, 16; rye, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 105,932; corn, 12,444; rye, 3870; barley, 1010; flax, 1031. Shipments—Wheat, 664.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, 4 cars	$0.75¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	73¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	73½
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	73
Rejected, 1 car	66½
No grade, 1 car	61⅝
Corn, 15,600 bus	42⅜
Flax, 2 cars	1.44
Flax, 500 bus, May	1.64

B. E. BAKER,
Grain and Stock Broker.
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
Offices in Duluth, W. Superior, Virginia and Two Harbors.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Enormous Sale of Corn at High Price.

Chicago, March 30.—Excited activity in corn was again the feature on 'change today. The May option was handled on an enormous scale and the price attained new heighths. The market was so animated and broad that it was impossible to keep track of individual transactions, although the bull leader took some profits. Wet weather and higher cables were the bull factors. May opened ¼@⅜c higher at 44⅛@44¼c, touched 44c and then advanced excitedly to 44¾c. Enormous profit-taking checked the rise and May reacted to 44½. Receipts were 236 cars, 36 of contract grade. The market continued excited to the end of the session. Profit-taking sent May back to 44⅜c, but the close was strong, ⅝@¾c higher at 44½@⅝c.

Oats were active and strong in sympathy with corn and on the recent heavy sales. May opened ⅛@¼c higher at 25⅞@26c, touched 25¾c and advanced under heavy buying to 26½c. Receipts were 241 cars. The close was strong, May ⅝c hifher at 26⅝c.

Wheat was dull, the active traders generally having deserted to share in the corn and oats activity. The corn strength counteracted all bearish influences and held the market steady. May opened ⅛@¼c lower at 76⅛@76⅛c, touched 76c and rallied to 76⅜c. Local receipts were 91 cars, 4 of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 368 cars, against 393 last week and 437 a year ago. Australian shipments were 1,064,000 bus. The market was poorly supported and closed easy ⅛c lower at 76⅛c.

Provisions opened higher on light hog receipts and an advance at the yards, but ruled quiet and practically unchanged during the first hour. May pork opened 20c higher at $15.50; May lard 5@7½c up at $8.15, and May ribs 5c improved at $8.05; ribs were offered freely, but in the face of this advance 5c from the opening.

Close, wheat, March, 75¼c; April, 75¼@⅜c; May, 76⅛c. Corn, March, 43⅝c; April, 43⅝c; May, 44½@⅝c. Oats, March, 26¼c; April, 26¼c; May, 26⅝c. Pork, March, $15.35; April, $15.50; May, $15.22½. Lard, March, $8.32½; May, $8.22½; July, $8.12½; September, $8.15. Ribs, March, $8.12½; May, $8.12½; July, $8.07½; September, $8.05. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.53; No. 1, $1.55; May, $1.55; September, $1.14. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 75¼@77¼c; No. 3 red, 71¼@76¼c; No. 2 hard winter, 72¾@73¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 71¼@73c; No. 1 northern spring, 76@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@78c; No. 3 spring, 69@76c. Corn, No. 2, 44c; No. 3, 43¾c. Oats, No. 2, 26¾@27c; No. 3, 26¼¾@c. Rye, March, 51¼c; May, 51½c. Barley, cash, 38@58c. Timothy, March, $4.10. Clover, March, $11.00.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 30.—Close, wheat steady, unchanged to ¼d higher. May, 6s 1¼d; July, 6s 1¼d. Corn, firm, ¼@½d higher. May, 3s 11¼d; July, 3s 10⅞d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 30.—Close, wheat, cash, 74½c; May, 74⅝@⅞c; July, 75¼@⅜c.

George Rupley
Representing
WEARE COMMISSION CO.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
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Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
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Local Stocks. Real Estate,
Fire Insurance, Investments.
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
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DIRECT SPECIAL WESTERN UNION WIRE, giving Instantaneous and Continuous New York Quotations.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Per Share. Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	137
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	119
First Nat. bank, Superior	100	...	96
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			172¾
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	235	150
Leithhead Drug Co	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

United States bonds bought and sold.
We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

FINANCIAL.
Vermilye & Co
BANKERS,
NASSAU AND PINE STS., NEW YORK
18 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.
Government Bonds of all issues bought, sold or taken in exchange for other securities.
Quotations furnished by wire at our expense
List of current offerings of Municipal Railroad and other Investment Securities furnished upon application.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals Solicited.

On track—No. 1 hard, 76⅝c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 northern, 69½@71½c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 74⅜-½c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 74½-⅝c bid.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76½B	74½-⅝	76⅛	80⅞
High	76¾	74¾	76⅜	81-⅛
Low	76½B	74½	76	80⅞
Close	76¾	74⅝-¾	76⅛B	*81A
July—				
Open	77¾-⅞	76¼A	76½	81¼A
High	77⅞	76⅜	75⅝	81⅜
Low	77¾-⅞	76⅛-¼	76⅜	81⅛
Close	77⅞	76¼-⅜	76⅜	*81¼B

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	May. Oats	May. Corn.	May. Pork.
Open	25⅞-26	44⅛@44¼	$15.50
High	26⅝	44¾	$15.62B
Low	25¾	44⅛	$15.35B
Close	26⅜	44½-⅝A	$15.50A

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, March 30.—The wheat market has merely held its own and the pit has been deserted, traders finding the attractions more numerous in corn, trade has been very small, cables were indifferent, the map shows rain or snow everywhere, most favorable conditions. Australian shipments exceed a million and it is expected that world's shipments will exceed 9,000,000 bus. No sales reported from here, 10 loads at New York. News is more or less bearish and speculation entirely absent, consequently wheat has been held up only by the strength of corn, shows no independence and very poor response to the strength in other grains.

The corn market sold as high at 44¾c, an advance of 1c a bus for the day and of 2c for two days. The operations of the local crowd have been entirely lost sight of in the enormous scale in which the outsider is operating. There has been much corn profit taking with Phillips apparently doing a good deal, but the buying spirit seems general and such offerings have been well absorbed. Receipts everywhere small. Week's receipts less than half of last year. Weather bad for movement. Country offerings small. Trade has been on an enormous scale. Contrary to the usual conditions the outsider is able to dictate terms to the insider and with the farmer, who is long both of options and the cash is the keq to the situation. There are many who believe that this advance will not be checked until considerably higher prices are in sight and as the market is out of the hands of the professionals and controlled entirely by the farmer, who is a firm believer in much higher prices this may be true. At the same time it is always good business policy to convert good paper profits into bank balances, even although it is quite within the bounds of possibility that top prices are not yet in sight.

There has been practically a runaway market in oats this morning, an advance of ⅝c scored. Buying has been by Phillips. The selling by the large longs. Trade has been on a very large scale and apparently the shorts have been numerous. In view of conditions generally, this advance looks radical.

The provision market has been influenced by corn and have also felt an advance of 5c in hogs. Armour has been a buyer of ribs, but other packing concerns have been large sellers of product. Cash demand was not quite so sharp. Shipments for the week large. Estimates on stocks, bearish. Consumptive position remains strong and should good setbacks be experienced lard and ribs have considerable merit.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 30.—Cattle, receipts, 100. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.00@6.05; poor to medium, $3.90@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.75; cows and heifers, $2.70@4.60; canners, $2.00@2.65; calves, $4.70@6.00; Texas steers, $3.40@5.00. Hogs, receipts today, 12,000; Monday, 32,000; left over, 2150; 5c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.85@6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.95@6.10; rough heavy, $5.70@5.85; light, $5.80@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.07½. Sheep, receipts, 3000. Steady. Sheep, $4.00@5.15; lambs, $4.50@5.45. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 2016; hogs, 20,161; sheep, 4308. Shipments yesterday—Cattle, 2328; hogs, 5618; sheep, 6933.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a more sluggish tone to the trade. The brisk trade of the opening of the market this week has fallen off to a very moderate point. There is a full line of all classes of horses on the market, but the comparatively few buyers could give no life to trade. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@165
Drafters, choice	125@135
Farm horses, extra	110@125
Farm horses, choice	80@100
Farm horses, common to good	55@ 75
Mules	100@140

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 30.—Butter, receipts, 3040. Strong. Fresh creamery, 16@22c; factory, 11@14¼c. Cheese, receipts, 966 packages. Strong. Fancy large colored and white, 11@½c; fancy small colored, 12½c; fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 13,198 packages. Easy. Western at mark, 13¼@½c; Southern at mark, 12½@13¼c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Mrach 30.—Butter, dull. Creamery, 15@21c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese, quiet, 11@11¾c. Eggs, fairly active, 12½@¾c. Dressed poultry, quiet. Turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 10c.

MAY SETTLE.

Differences Over Twenty-Eight Avenue West May End.

There are indications today that the fight between the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road and the city, over the efforts of the city to open up Twenty-eighth avenue west across the Missabe railroad yards, will be compromised. The railroad company has offered to build a viaduct crossing at Twenty-seventh avenue west, which will cost about $5000. The city's share of this expense would be about $500, which is less than it would cost to condemn an avenue through the railroad yards at Twenty-eighth avenue.

The extension of this avenue is desired in order to get a roadway down to the new Clark & Jackson sawmill. Twenty-eighth avenue is the most direct way to the mill from Michigan street, but it crosses numerous railroad tracks of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern yards, and for this reason the railroad interests fought the condemnation in the district court. The compromise offered by the railroad seems to be satisfactory to the Clark & Jackson interests and to the city.

The Gasser Case.

The M. M. Gasser bankruptcy matter went to the jury in the district court this morning. The concluding arguments and the court's charge were made this morning, and the jury took the case shortly before noon. It has to decide whether certain transfers made by M. M. Gasser prior to his bankruptcy proceedings were in good faith. This afternoon the jury was still out.

The question of the amount of alimony in the J. J. Frey divorce case was taken under advisement by Judge Dibell at the conclusion of the hearing of the matter.

The Special Term.

The following matters were disposed of in special term of district court this morning: Ella H. Smith against the First National bank of Duluth, taken under advisement; American Exchange bank against Robert Louden, submitted; James McF. Gummy against William B. Wood et al, findings for plaintiff; in the matter of the assignment of the State bank, order permitting the sale of certain property; Coolidge, Bruce, Hall company against L. R. Martin, order denying motion for temporary injunction restraining the defendant from using certain log markings alleged to be so nearly like those of plaintiff as to case confusion.

An Omaha Branch.

One of the proposed extensions of railroad building on the Omaha road this year is said to be a branch road which will leave the Omaha's line between Eau Claire and the head of the lake at the town of Rice Lake, a short distance north of Cameron, Wis., and which will tap a well settled territory for about twenty miles in a northerly direction. The company has sent a crew of surveyors to Rice Lake to go over the territory. It is claimed that about 900 families went into the district last year, whom the proposed road would benefit. There is also a considerable amount of pine timber that would be reached by a new road.

THANKS.

President Expresses Appreciation of Funston.

Washington, March 30.—The war department today made public a portion of the cablegram sent yesterday to Gen. MacArthur, conveying the appreciation of the president and Secretary Root of Gen. Funston's capture of Aguinaldo. It is as follows:

Washington, March 29.—MacArthur, Manila.—The president directs me to express his high appreciation of the gallant conduct of Gen. Funston and of the officers and men of the army and navy engaged with him in the Palanan expedition. The secretary of war personally joins in this expression. CORBIN.

RAILROAD DEAL.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Makes One.

Milwaukee, March 30.—The Milwaukee Journal today says the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road has closed a 99-year traffic agreement over the Davenport, Rock Island & Northwestern. The Journal's authority for the statement is President A. J. Earling of the St. Paul road. The deal is said to be one of the most important in years made by that road.

The new line acquired by the company extends for fifty-five miles from Clinton, Iowa, to Davenport, Rock Island and Moline. It is fully equipped with rolling stock and has a fine roadbed, and is a complete railroad system n itself. It will form one of the most valuable branches of the Milwaukee road, as it is to become a part of the "Kansas City cut-off," about which there has been so much talk recently. The recent issue of new stock for which arrangements have been made by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, is directly for the purpose of providing funds to secure a shorter route for the road from Chicago to Kansas City.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road has, with the traffic agreement, secured the right to use the road with its own rolling stock, trains and men, and virtually comes into possession.

BANKERS FAIL.

Oswego, N. Y., March 30.—The banking firm of W. J. Brewster & Co., of Hannibal, this county, failed yesterday, with liabilities of $125,000. Many small depositors in Oswego, Wayne and Cayuga counties will suffer severely.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago. Magnificently equipped with "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

STOCKS IN DEMAND

At Opening, Gains Reaching a Point In Some Cases.

Active List Reacted On Realizing and Short Selling.

Close Feverish With Few Stocks at the Top Level.

New York, March 30.—There was an active demand for stocks of all classes at the opening, gains reaching a point in one or two cases. A few of the specialties showed fractional declines. Very heavy blocks changed hands of Burlington and the United States Steel stocks, the first quotations being at fractional advances, but prices running off slightly on secondary quotations. Northern Pacific also was lifted a slight fraction.

High grade railroad and miscellaneous stocks were bought at materially higher prices, General Electric, Pullman, St. Paul and Omaha, Northwest, Morris & Essex and Lackawanna rising 1 to 5 with the last mentioned leading. An advance of 1⅞ in Texas Pacific was without effect on the other Southwesterns. The generally active list was reactionary on realizing and short selling, Burlington declining ¾, Delaware & Hudson 3¼, Tobacco 1⅝; Mexican Central 1⅜, Western Union 1¼ and Brooklyn Transit a point. Opening gains in Northern Pacific and United States Steel were cancelled, but when these stocks hardened again toward 11 o'clock, the general market became firmer.

Burlington was rushed up 8¾ to 176½, the local traction stocks advanced 1¾ to 2¾, Lake Erie & Western 3¾, National Tube, preferred, 3, Tennessee Coal 4½, Colorado Fuel, preferred, 10, and Pullman 5⅝ in all. Profit-taking met these advances. St. Louis & San Francisco and Wheeling & Lake Erie were under pressure losing 1⅛ and 2 respectively, and Lackawanna lost 3. The bears sold the market, declines reaching a point in a few cases. Supporting orders were met and the trading became quieter. On the rally Rock Island mounted buoyantly 6¾ over last night and Atchison 1¾ on response elsewhere. Moderate realizing continued in spots. Rock Island fell back 1¾. The closing was feverish and irregular with only a few stocks at the top level.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	140	140½	139¾	140⅛
Tobacco	124¾	124⅝	123½	124¾
Atchison com	61¾	63½	61⅝	63⅛
Atchison pfd	95½	96	95¼	96
Brooklyn Transit	82¾	83⅞	82¼	83⅜
C., M. & St. P.	151	151	150¼	150⅞
C., B. & Q.	175¼	176½	173¾	175½
Erie	37	37	36½	36⅝
U. S. Steel com	46¼	46½	46	46½
U. S. Steel pfd	96¼	96¼	95⅜	95¾
B. & O.	92½	92⅝	92½	92⅝
L. & N.	100⅛	100¼	99¾	100¼
Manhattan	126⅝	128½	126⅜	127
Missouri Pacific	103	103	102¼	102½
N. P. common	94¾	95¾	94⅝	95⅛
N. P. preferred	93	93¼	92½	92⅞
People's Gas	106¾	106⅞	106½	106⅝
Rock Island	129½	136	129⅛	135
Southern Pacific	46¼	46⅝	46⅛	46⅜
T. C. I.	58½	62½	58⅝	61¾
Leather common	13¾	13¾	13½	13⅝
Union Pacific pfd	84½	84⅞	84⅜	84⅞
Union Pacific com	92⅛	92½	91⅞	92
Western Union	96½	97	96	96
Southern Ry. com	28⅞	29	28¾	28⅞
Southern Ry. com	79¾	79⅞	79	79⅝
Pennsylvania	154⅝	154⅝	153¾	154⅝
Wisconsin Central	20	20¼	20	20¼

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 30.—Cotton opened easy at a decline of 4@5 points, cables astonishing the trade by a decline of 4½@5½ in futures and 3-32d in spot at Liverpool. This break greatly exceeded all local anticipation, and was said to be due to the constantly increasing visible supply. Following the opening prices were within a comparative narrow scope. May which opened at 7.70 sold off to 7.68, then up to 7.74.

Cotton spot closed easy. Middling uplands, 8 3-16c; middling gulf, 8 7-16c; sales, 300 bales. Futures closed very steady. April, 7.74; May, 7.79; June, 7.78; July, 7.80; August, 7.53; September, 7.35; October, 7.25; November, 7.22; December, 7.20; January, 7.20.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 30.—Money on call nominally 2 per cent; prime mercantile, 3½@4¼; sterling nominal with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88⅛@4.88¼ for demand and $4.84¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Bar silver, 59⅜c; silver certificates, 59¾@61c; Mexican dollars, 49c. State bonds, firmer; railroad bonds, irregular. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered, $1.06; coupon, $1.06½; 3s registered ex-interest, $1.11; coupon, $1.11¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38½; old 4s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.14½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, March 30.—Consols for money and account, 95 9-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, March 30.—Clearings, $21,490,030; balances, $2,947,759; posted exchnage, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 20c discount.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, March 30.—The weekly statement of averages of the associated banks shows: Loans $916,889,900, increase $6,110,800; deposits $1,004,283,200, increase $3,824,900; circulation $31,365,000, increase $109,900; legal tenders $72,370,500, increase $471,800; specie $186,570,800, decrease $1,917,500; total reserve $258,951,300, decrease $1,445,700; reserve required $251,070,800, increase $958,225; surplus reserve $7,870,500, decrease $2,401,925.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel: Adventure, 15⅜; Allouez, 3; Anaconda, 45½; Arcadian, 21⅝; Arnold, 3¾; Ashbed, 25; Atlantic, 32; Baltic, 42; Bingham, 25; Butte and Boston, 88; Calumet and Hecla, 810; Centennial, [illegible]; Centennial Eureka, 33; Copper Range, 53; Cochita, 8¼; Dominion Coal, 38½; Elm River, 5½; Franklin, 21¼; Humboldt, 25; Isle Royale, 42¼; Mass, 16½; Michigan, [illegible]; Mohawk, 30½; Mayflower, 2⅝; Old Dominion, 35; Osceola, 82; Parrot, 51½ bid; Quincy, 175; Rhode Island, 6; Santa Fe, 8⅝; Tamarack, 330 bid; Tecumseh, 1⅜; Tri Mountain, 36; Utah, 33⅞; United States, 18⅝; Victoria, 3½; Winona, 4⅝; Washington, 60; Wyandot, 1⅜.

BOAT GOES ASHORE.

St. Joseph, Mich., March 30.—The Graham & Morton line steamer Sioux City ran aground early today on a sand bar at the foot of the Vandalia dock. She was on her return trip from Holland to be laid up for repairs and carried neither passengers nor freight. The boat is in no immediate danger as the wind is off shore and the lake calm.

MITCHELL IS ILL.

Washington, March 30.—Senator Mitchell of Oregon is confined to his bed with an acute attack of the grip, and has been prohibited by his physician from giving any attention to correspondence. He is not considered seriously ill, but it is necessary that he should keep quiet for a few days.

REALTY MARKET

Sales Are Mostly Small Homes or Lots to Build On.

Real Estate Man's View of the Rental Problem.

Two Fine Improvements For West Superior Street.

The week has been rather quiet in real estate circles, so far as actual trading is concerned. There have been quite the usual number of small sales, mostly of homes and of lots to build homes on, but no large deals have been announced. Several are known to be on, however, that will be announced in the near future. The demand for property is very good, and the prospects for increases in prices during the busy summer season that is coming are strong.

* * *

The home problem is the leading feature of the local situation at present. The increases in rents are causing not a little discussion and ill-feeling, but the situation is so limited in regard to the amount of houses for rent that the real estate agents figure they can get what they ask. Tenants, on the other hand, feel that they are being held up. The scarcity of houses is driving many new-comers and many old residents to figuring on building homes for themselves, and this demand for homes to be purchased or built is the strongest feature of the market.

* * *

"There are two sides to the rent problem," said a real estate man yesterday afternoon. "For my part I wish all the rents could be raised 25 per cent. I know it would be a hardship to the renters for a time, but it would be a good thing for Duluth. No, I don't mean that it would be a good thing for Duluth, because it would drive a lot of people out of town. I mean that rents would then be attractive to prospective investors. They would buy property and build houses for rent, and we would have a building boom. There is no way that investors could be attracted here more easily than this. Then, when a large amount of building had been done, the situation would adjust itself. There would be an abundance of houses, and rents would get to a reasonable basis and stay there. The renter would then have better houses at lower rents than he is getting now, and Duluth would have had the advantage of a building boom that would largely increase her population and resources. That is why I would like to see the increase even larger than it is. The present rents are certainly attractive to capital, and I expect to see the building boom just the same, but it would come more quickly if rents were still higher."

* * *

Last Saturday The Herald briefly referred to the fact that a deal was pending for the improvement of lot 40, block 6, Central division, which is twenty-five feet on which Bennett's news stand is located, at 214 West Superior street. The lot has been sold by Calvin G. Totman, of Fairfield, Me., to John W. Hoffman, of Kalamazoo, Mich., for $18,000, the sale being made through W. M. Prindle & Co. Mr. Hoffman has given J. J. Haley a 20-year lease of the property, and he will build upon it beginning May 1. He has not yet determined the size of the building he will erect. Bids were in at noon today for the building, and Mr. Haley will consider these before he makes up his mind as to whether the building will be one of two stories or more on Superior street. It will be at least one story on Superior street and two on Michigan street, and it will be occupied by Mr. Haley's restaurant.

* * *

The improvement of the Totman property on West Superior street, that is the property now occupied by the Totman stable, was definitely decided upon this week by Charles Espenschied of St. Louis, the owner, who was here during the week. This means that another handsome building will adorn West Superior street. The lower floor is to be converted into two large stores. Another story will be added and the two upper floors will be finished off to suit tenants.

* * *

The following are the transfers for the week:

Matt West to L. C. Sweet, lots 3 and 4, block 25, West Duluth, First division	$ 500
O. O. Hooday to Gudbr Gislesen, lots 1, 2 and 6, section 6-54-19	485
N. B. Berg to J. C. Mullery, e½ sw¼, and nw¼ sw¼, section 26-55-13	1,300
C. P. Webber et ux to Milliken & McGuire, se¼ nw¼ 3-53-16	300
St. Paul & Duluth Railway company to Northwestern Improvement company, all lands in Minnesota granted to the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railway company	3,300,000
Emily Jordan to Ferdinand Thurnher, und 1-3 lot 4, block 143, West Duluth, Fifth division	88
G. A. Eaton et ux to William F. Brooks, ne¼ se¼ and sw¼ of se¼ section 2; se¼ of se¼, section 9; lot 8, section 13; se¼ of se¼ section 13, lot 6, section 12-69-20; lots 5 and 6, section 18-69-19; se¼ of se¼ section 34, and ne¼ se¼ section 28-69-19	3,800
Greger Gregerson et ux to C. R. Smith, lots 2 and 3, section 18-65-20; s½ sw¼, sw¼ se¼, section 3; nw¼ nw¼ section 10; se¼ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼, and w½ se¼ section 35-66-20	2,800
Patrick Costello to J. P. Kennedy, w½ lot 416, block 78, Duluth Proper, Second division	475
Hannah Ryan to Richard J. Ryan, und ⅛ ne¼, section 9-62-14	1
Richard J. Ryan et ux to George Brosseau, und 1-16 ne¼ section 9-62-14	375
George B. Patterson to Adolph C. Wilcken, und ½ of se¼, se¼ of sw¼, ne¼ ne¼, and s½ ne¼, section 28-52-15	825
Aduolph C. Wilcken to Dickerman Investment company, same property	450
John Carlson to C. A. Blackmarr, lot 26, block 15, Magoffin's division of Proctorknott	400
Lucy A. Chapman to Francis Robert Haskins, e½ of lot 419, block 9, Duluth Proper, Second division	500
John S. Maginnis to Hugh Johnson, lot 1, section 14-68-17; nw¼ se¼ of section 30; sw¼ ne¼ section 31, and nw¼ of sw¼ section 32-68-18	713
C. H. Maginnis et ux to same, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, section 3; sw¼ of se¼, section 11-68; nw¼ sw¼, se¼ sw¼ and lot 6, section 34-69-17	1,055
Erick A. Anderson to Richard J. Dowdall, lot 27, block 30, Eveleth	1,000
C. H. Maginnis et ux to Hugh Johnson, lot 3 of section 21-67-18	124
Benjamin Low et ux to Sever Montrend, south 90 feet of lot 387, block 113, Duluth Proper, Second division	900
R. W. Cummings to L. C. Chisholm, e½ nw¼, n½ sw¼, section 27-8-19	1,900
L. C. Chisholm et ux to R. W. Cummings, lot 30, block, 7, Hibbing	2,450
J. H. Gruber et ux to Jean W. New et al, lots 9, 10, 11, block 16; lots, 3 and 4, block 21, Floodwood	247
C. H. Peterson et ux to Andrew A. Gunderson, und ½ of lot 17, block 24, Eveleth	1,200
Aleck Howsczak to Charles Erickson, lot 7, block 30, Eveleth	500
Edgar A. Coffin to Edward J. McLaughlin, sw¼ of nw¼ section 21-67-17	170
James F. O'Neill to F. W. Kehl, lots 2 and 3 and ne¼ of sw¼ of section 27, and lot 7, section 28-60-18	450
Franklin Lumber company et al to George C. Swallow, n½ of se¼ section 29, and se¼ of sw¼ section 30-60-13	1,600
Northwest Improvement company to Ernest Busch, ne¼ of sw¼ section 7-50-15	160
St. Paul & Duluth Railway company to Northern Pacific Railway company, all railway lines, etc.	2,795,824
Kenneth A. McDonald to Patrick Culligan, w½ of nw¼ section 14, se¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ section 15-67-20	900
Emily Jordan, guardian, to Ferdinand Thurnber, und 2-3 lot 4, block 143, West Duluth, Fifth division	191
A. B. Temple et ux to John M. Peterson et ux, lot 5, block 29, Portland	1,400
Charles H. Maginnis et ux to W. I. Milliken et ux, frectional ne¼ of fractional nw¼ of section 14-53-16	200
Charles H. Maginnis to W. I. Milliken, s½ of se¼ section 35-59-12	350
Northwest Improvement company to W. I. Milliken et al, s½ of sw¼ and w½ of se¼ section 3 and e½ of ne¼ section 11-52-19	240
Boston and Duluth Farm Land company to O. W. Elaisson, se¼ of se¼ section 13-51-17	140

RHEUMATISM

My RHEUMATISM CURE is just as certain to cure rheumatism as water is to quench thirst. No matter what part of the body the pain may be in or whether it is acute or chronic, MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE will drive it out in a few hours, and fully cure in a few days.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble.

Ninety per cent. of kidney complaints, including the earliest stages of Bright's Disease, can be cured with Munyon's Kidney Cure.

Munyon's Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh of the head, throat and stomach, no matter of how long standing.

Nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by Munyon's Nerve and Heart Cure.

Munyon's Cold Cure will break up any form of cold.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak en. Price $1.

The **Guide to Health** (free) tells about diseases and their cure. Get it at any drug store. The Cures are all on sale there, mostly at 25 cents a vial.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

BIG RESULTS.

Great Showing From Parry Sound Experimental Shipments.

There is published in The Herald today a showing from the first experimental shipments from the McGowan mine, a portion of the holdings of the Parry Sound Copper Mining company, that is of great interest and considerable surprise to those familiar with such matters.

"The showing is very surprising," said A. R. Macfarlane yesterday afternoon. "The six cars shipped are the result of mere scratching on the surface, after three months' explorations, with a crew of only thirty men. Six cars were loaded with ore from the McGowan and sent all the way to the smelters in New Jersey. It might be expected that the freight charges and the cost of transferring the ore so great a distance would eat up all of the profits. As the figures show, however, a handsome margin was left, which leaves it to be wondered what the results will be when, as expected, there are smelting and refining works on the ground, and the transportation charges are cut out. As proof that the test is a fair one, it may be stated that the ore was sent into the camp of the enemy. It was sent to the Orford Mining company, a competitor, so a fair result was assured.

"Experts will realize that this showing is very remarkable. The first car showed 16.275 per cent copper, and contained 8469 pounds of the metal, while the second showed 17.195 per cent, and contained 9094 pounds. The value of this copper was $2963.75, and after deducting heavy charges for refining, smelting, transportation, etc., a balance of $2162.69 was returned to the company. Four other cars showed percentages running from 13.915 to 16.19, and contained 27,303 pounds of copper, worth $4607.38. The balance, after deducting charges, was $3236.11, making a total of $5398.80 on the six cars. When it is remembered that the properties show incredible amounts of such ore, it will be realized in some faint degree what the showing is.

"Copper is not the only thing in the ore. Just for an experiment, one car was tested for other metals, and a good showing of silver and gold was found. The car that was tested for gold and silver also contained 7378 pounds of copper, worth $1244.91, it should be remembered. In that car was found 22.40 ounces of silver, worth $12.82, and 6.196 ounces of gold, worth $123.92."

THE IDEA TAKES.

Scheme For Celebrating Fourth Is Liked.

Business men of the city are responding enthusiastically to Mayor Hugo's suggestion for a monster celebration in this city on July 4. The mayor first suggested the celebration in his annual message and has since sent out circular letters to the business men asking what they thought of the plan. Numerous responses have been received favoring the idea, and a general committee of prominent business men will be appointed in the near future to handle the celebration which will be in the nature of an Independence day carnival.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: St. Louis, Southampton.

Liverpool—Arrived: Campania, New York.

New York—Arrived: Werra, from Naples; Lucania, from Liverpool.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist
For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteeed a safe and speedy cure by remedies unknown to other physicians. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Graff Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to acquire, hold, own, lease, let, improve, mortgage, sell, convey, and generally deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, and interests therein, lumber, logs, timber standing or otherwise, and timber rights of all kinds in and upon lands in Minnesota and elsewhere, and to cut, remove, transport, manufacture and deal in the products thereof; to acquire, own, hypothecate, sell, transfer and deal in shares of capital stock and securities of other corporations; to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all other property, and to do all things, necessary or convenient in carrying on any of the aforesaid business. The principal place where its business shall be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be March 25th, 1901, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Edward M. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Saturday in July, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation, and the management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and seals, this 20th day of Februray, A. D. 1901.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal.)
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal.)
EDWARD M. GAYLORD, (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in presence of—
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
E. P. KIRBY.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 20th day of February, 1901, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn. (Notarial Seal St. Louis Co., Minn.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z2 of Incorporations, on page 449. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 20th, 1901, at 4 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 553. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 27-28-29-30—April-1-2-1901.

LUMBER SASH DOORS
MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
[illegible] AVE W & MICHIGAN ST

Nervous and Weary?
Use Mull's Grape Tonic—The crushed fruit laxative. The New Wonder for bad health, nourishes, fortifies and refreshes. Druggists, 50 cents.
The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.
Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures Lame back, 25c.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are sold.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. C. Withrow, of Duluth, was in Biwabik on official business Tuesday.

Miss Jeanette Carmichael visited with her sister in Duluth Friday.

William Pryor and son, Antony, came down Monday from Tower for a few days' visit with relatives here.

F. S. Colvin looked after his interests at Allen Junction Monday.

John Riley is spending the week at Duluth and other points.

Miss Edna Anderson returned Friday from a short visit with Duluth friends.

John Mainz left the first of the week for Sparta, from where he left for his former home in Austria-Hungary. He was one of Biwabik's first settlers, having located in this village in 1893.

John P. Morrow, of Duluth, transacted legal business here on Tuesday.

Ed Phelps came down from Hibbing Wednesday, for a visit with friends.

James Scanlon returned Monday to Biwabik, after an extended absence.

Miss Bertha McHolland, of Duluth, is a Biwabik visitor this week, the guest of Mrs. James Tierney.

Capt. Harry Roberts came down from Duluth Thursday to look after his interests here.

The Drake & Stratton company has been very busy the past week removing their outfits to Buffalo, N. Y., where they have obtained a contract to remove half a million yards of dirt. The company has been stripping at the Biwabik mine almost constantly for the past seven years, and in that time have removed a quantity of material aggregating 2,500,000 cubic yards. The dirt removed from the mine was dumped into a swamp and pond, just northwest of the village, and the piles form veritable hills, in the form of a table land, being half a mile long and very wide. The work has been the most stupendous ever performed on the Mesaba range, and to remove this quantity of material a force ranging from 200 to 400 men has been employed throughout the summer months. The removal of this company will reduce the men working in this village about 200 from last season's records.

Miss Tillie Hill arrived from Pike River Wednesday, and will reside in Biwabik the coming summer.

J. B. Sattler, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Thursday.

All the lumber camps of the range are breaking camp, and the street have for several days been filled with lumber jacks. Most of them were only in town between trains, and left for Duluth and Minneapolis. Colvin & Robb have broken camp at Morway, the Duncan & Brewer camps are paying off their men and the C. M. Hill company has broken up several of its camps in this vicinity.

Fred Brennan left the first of the week for Hibbing, where he will be employed at the Stevenson min in the future.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pagnuco Sunday.

A. Maitland, of Negaunee, Mich., was a Biwabik visitor Thursday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Brennan Sunday.

S. E. Olson, of St. Paul, was a Biwabik visitor Saturday.

E. E. Dunn, of Appleton, Wis., transacted business here Saturday.

A laborer named Anderson died at the local hospital of delirium tremens, after a few days' illness on Thursday morning. Nothing is known of the man's antecedents, and if none of his friends or relatives claim him he will be buried in the Lakeside cemetery. He was about 35 years of age, and of Swedish descent.

A. C. Seely, of Duluth, was a local visitor Monday.

Superintendent J. D. Shilling transacted business in Dulth the first of the week.

Charles Wablin, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Sunday.

Frank Connors returned to Duluth Tuesday, where he spent the winter.

John S. Lutes transacted business in Duluth Tuesday.

Thomas Brennan, of Two Harbors, was in Biwabik Tuesday.

Malcolm Anderson has been confined to his room the past week, with a serious case of blood poisoning, which he got by getting his hand cut by a piece of iron. Dr. Bray operated upon his arm in nine places, and Mr. Anderson is now recovering.

B. S. Riddle returned from his Duluth visit Wednesday.

J. Harrison, of Two Harbors, was a Biwabik visitor Tuesday.

N. L. Keeler returned Tuesday from a few weeks' visit to Minneapolis.

A. D. Halliday, of Two Harbors, was in Biwabik the greater part of the week.

R. C. Mitchell, Jr., of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor Wednesday.

Jesse James, one of the characters about town, was arrested and sentenced to thirty days in county jail, by Justice Fleming, for drunkenness.

L. Herman, of St. Paul, was a visitor in this village Wednesday.

W. L. Peck was in Duluth on business the first of the week.

C. W. Laughlin, of West Superior, was a Biwabik caller Wednesday.

William O'Hara was in Duluth on official business the greater part of the week.

Thomas Holden, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., spent Saturday and Sunday in this village, the guest of his brother, William Holden.

Robert Ensley, of Proctorknott, was in Biwabik a few hours Thursday.

Harry Wheeler, now of Duluth, but formerly of Biwabik, visited with friends here Wednesday.

Miss Johnson, of Bessemer, Mich., arrived in Biwabik the first of the week for an extended stay.

Miss Minnie More left Tuesday for Duluth, after several months' stay.

W. W. Browne returned from a few days' visit at Duluth Thursday.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Frank Brand and Mrs. I. Mahoney were in Duluth Friday.

The Shadow social given by the Lady Maccabees was a very enjoyable affair. After a short program, progressive America was played, at which Miss Maud Miller won first prize; Miss Maggie Fisher, second prize, and Martin Humes the consolation prize. Evzerybody reports a fine time and the shadows netted a goodly sum.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Munroe visited Monday and Tuesday at the former home of Mrs. Munroe. They left Tuesday for Ashland, where they expect to make their home for the present.

Mrs. Irene Cook, of Duluth, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tupper.

Fred Allen, who has been a missionary among the Navajos Indians in Arizona for four years, visited Rev. and Mrs. P. Knudsen a few days this week.

T. T. Hudson, president of the New Duluth Land company, did business here Wednesday.

Melvin Becklinger made a business trip to Cloquet this week.

Rev. Mr. Knudsen spent Thursday in Duluth.

Arthur Mahoney had his hand severely injured on a saw at the Hurd refrigerator factory Friday. Dr. Graham, of West Duluth, dressed the wound.

O. G. Brice, of the Hurd Refrigerator company, is doing business in Chicago this week.

MESABA.

Mesaba, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Nelson, of the Fayal Iron company, spent Sunday visiting friends in Virginia, returning to Mesaba Monday morning.

D. L. Fairchild spent Sunday and Monday in Duluth returning here Tuesday.

Sam Owens spent Sunday in Tower visiting his family, returning here Monday.

John Wallace, of Mesaba, did business in Duluth Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. Osterberg, diamond setter for the Oliver Mining company, visited his family in Ely Sunday, returning to his work here Monday morning.

The Duluth & Iron Range snow plow went through to Ely Sunday, but owing to the heavy snow that fell Monday and Tuesday it was obliged to clear the track again Wednesday. It is reported that the snow is four feet deep in the woods.

John Helmer has been doing some prospecting around Mesaba this week in hopes of locating some good ore.

Fred Nelson made a business call at Allen Junction Tuesday.

Mrs. H. R. Jegglin did shopping in Duluth Tuesday.

Ole England, section foreman at Embarrass was in town Tuesday. He expects to be transferred to some other point on the road about April 1.

J. W. Croze, general manager for the Oliver Mining company, was in town Wednesday looking over their mining interests here.

The Mesaba Minstrel troupe has been having hard luck lately, the leaders being laid up with the grip.

Mrs. H. E. Dotson did shopping in Duluth Thursday.

Charles Pickard, of Tower, went through Mesaba Thursday.

Edwin Ball, general manager for the Fayal Iron company, passed through town Thursday.

Miss Margaret McTige did shopping in Duluth Thursday.

Fred Nelson made a business trip to Fayal Thursday.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Farmer were Duluth visitors Wednesday.

G. H. McGreevy, of Two Harbors, was in town Wednesday.

The different mines are getting their steam shovels etc., in shape and it it expected to start shipping ore within a few days. The stock piles on hand this year are somewhat larger than was on hand at the beginning of last season.

It is reported that the Duluth & Iron Range is to haul the ore from the Stevens mine.

Colvin & Robb expect to finish their season's logging about April 10. They have gotten out about 13,000 cords of spruce wood, 300,000 feet of logs, besides a large number of mining seits.

Owing to the heavy fall of snow this week Shank Bros. have been compelled to suspend their logging operations at the Roberts mine.

The Duluth & Iron Range flanger has been up this way twice the past week.

Work at the Howe mine at Bender is progressing very fast and it is expected to ship considerable ore this season.

The Roberts mine paid off its employes Saturday.

SPARTA.

Sparta, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. Ryan, of Eveleth, transacted business here Tuesday.

L. Rubenstein was an Eveleth visitor Thursday.

A. D. Holliday looked after the Iron Range's interests here Thursday.

John Wilson, of Biwabik, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

G. H. McGreevy, of Two Harbors, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Judge Saari made a business trip to Dulth Thursday.

Hans Lini has resigned his position with Saari & Campbell and will visit his old home in Finland.

Hon. S. W. Campbell, of Ashland, Wis., transacted business here Thursday.

Saari & Campbell will erect a large 2-story brick building on Main street this spring.

T. H. and Mrs. Driscoll are visiting with Mrs. Jury this week.

Mayor O'Leary, of Black Duck, is transacting business here this week.

Miss Mabel Trevena and Miss Della McNevins are visiting with Biwabik friends this week.

Jutin & Carlson have added a large line of hardware to their store.

Frank Klink, of McKinley, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Miss L. Rubenstein is reported ill.

Raymond Matura is expected home today from Jamestown, N. D., where he purchased a car load of fresh milch cows.

John Nick will open a general store at McKinley in a few days. He has let the contract for the erection of a store building.

George A. St. Clair shipped a car of mining machinery to Metropolitan, Mich., Thursday where he will do exploring.

John Nick, of McKinley, transacted business here Thursday.

Norris Colvin returned from Ely Monday.

Miss Grosse, who has been seriously ill has recovered.

Don C. Becker made a business trip to Two Harbors Thursday.

Mrs. Joseph Holub and Miss Rosa Mainz are visiting in Chicago this week.

N. Differding has secured a contract to put up ice for the West Superior Brewing company here.

The present prospects are that wages will be as good as last year and that work will be more plentiful.

Robert Trotter departed for Hibbing Wednesday, where he has accepted a position with the Penobscot mine.

Morris Irwin, general manager of the Northern Lumber company, transacted business here Wednesday.

Hugh McGuire, of Virginia, transacted business here Thursday.

Martin Fanukan, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Monday.

Goran Gustafson made a business trip to Eveleth Wednesday.

Ore shipments will commence from the Mesaba for Two Harbors dock April 10, should the weather permit.

It is safe to say the small pox scare cost Mesaba Mountain and Fayal townships and the range towns several thousand dollars.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. A. Goetz, of Morgan, Minn., has purchased the corner property on Popular street and Second avenue, north of the postoffice.

E. Laforce's new business block on Cedar street is very nearly completed. Mr. Laforce will use part of it as a hotel.

N. K. Coffman, of Duluth, visited friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Andrews rejoice over the arrival of an 8-pound girl at their home, Sunday afternoon.

A movement is on foot to secure additional mail service between here and Duluth, on the trains arriving here at 7:25 a. m. and leaving at 3 p. m.

At the council meeting Tuesday evening the matter of appointments for the different village positions were of the most interest. With the exception of engineer at the power station in which Barney Griffin was appointed in place of P. A. Oman, resigned, all the old officers were reappointed for another year. The salary of the village recorder has been set at $180 per year, and the village treasurer's compensation is to be 2 per cent of money handled, but not to exceed $360. The office of Attorney John Dwan has been designated as the place for holding the council meetings for the ensuing year.

W. A. McGonagle, of Duluth, transacted business here Tuesday.

F. S. Wetherby has returned from a month's visit with relatives at Oshkosh, Wis.

Lumberman L. St Jacques, of Waldo, was in town Wednesday. Mr. St. Jacques expects to keep his camps running until April 10.

D. H. Bently has returned from Chicago.

P. Shipley, of Virginia, visited relatives here this week.

M. M. Hanna will depart Monday for Leroy, Minn., for a three weeks' visit with relatives.

Charles Porger has returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives at Port Huron, Mich.

E. W. Glass is reported on the sick list this week.

The local lodge, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, will give their annual ball at the Norden hall, Friday, April 12.

W. W. Wisewell, of Duluth, transacted business here Saturday.

About fifty members of the different railway brotherhoods here, went to West Superior on the special train Sunday to attend the union meeting at Terminal hall.

Ice Dealer John Brown has been unable to get ice from the lakes at Highland, on account of the water, but will get his supply from Woodbridge lake at Bassett, one of the finest lakes on the Duluth & Iron Range. This ice will be sold for family use. A. McLeod has the contract for cutting the ice.

FOR THE GRIP.

You Have Heard of Many Remedies—Did You Ever Try This One.

Everybody you meet on the streets nowadays either has just had the grip, is coming down with it or has a cure for it.

The disease has been a puzzle to physicians ever since its appearance several years ago and it is as much of a puzzle today as it was then. It exhibits such a variety of symptoms in different individuals and leaves such disastrous results after apparent recovery, that as yet its prevention and cure has baffled medical science.

However, there is no doubt but that the grip is catarrhal in character and the leading symptom in nearly every case is increased secretion in the head and throat, in fact, the first indications of la grippe are those of a cold in the head which extends to the throat and lungs.

Dr. Johnson Ames advises as the safest course to pursue on the first appearance of grip symptoms to keep to the house for a day or two and take Stuart's Catarrh Tablets every hour the first day and every two hours the following day and states that this will break up the trouble before it becomes deep seated.

These catarrh tablets are antiseptic and harmless and prevent fever and the further development of grip germs, and ward off the ever-present danger of pneumonia.

Dr. Gerald Simpson says: "I have found Stuart's Catarrh Tablets a pleasant and thoroughly reliable remedy for the grip, especially with elderly people with whom this prevailing disease is always dangerous. The tablets can be found at any drug store and if used freely during the first few days of the attack will break it up.

La grippe is a catarrhal affection, the germs are in the air and no one is proof against it, but the timely use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets will prevent any serious results.

Charles Johnson, a barber, employed at F. W. Walker's shop, and well known about town, was taken to the pesthouse Tuesday with a well developed case of smallpox, and the shop closed. It is not known how he contracted the disease. This is the second case from town the past week.

Rev. T. Belden, of Virginia, preached at the Episcopal church Sunday.

[illegible], of Duluth, is in town today.

The Easter Lily lodge, Daughters of Rebecca, will give a dance at the Norden hall Tuesday evening following Easter.

The snow on the ground at the present time is reported the most in four years.

The harbor is entirely clear of ice and none is to be seen in the open lake.

It is expected the ore season will open next week.

A Social Democrat club was organized here Monday evening with a membership of twenty members. Louis Rose was elected president.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moriarity are the happy parents of a girl baby, born Thursday morning.

Denny Dwan transacted business at Duluth this week.

J. Carlos Becker, yardmaster of the Duluth & Iron Range at Fayal, stopped here a few hours Thursday, on his way to Duluth.

John Cable returned Monday from a visit with relatives at Delhi, Ont.

Jeweler A. O. Hulberg is reported on the sick list this week.

C. E. Mewherter, of Eveleth, transacted business here on Thursday.

The Miller-Gould company, who are logging near Lutsen broke camp this week and shipped their stock to Minneapolis for the summer

William Merrill is spending a few days in St. Paul this week.

William Stuart has returned from Des Moines, Iowa, to resume his duties as engineer for the Duluth & Iron Range.

J. E. Shields has returned from a visit at his home at Carleton, Minn.

The monthly English service at the Norwegian Lutheran church tomorrow evening.

Superintendent Thomas Owens, of the Duluth & Iron Range was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Maxwell have returned from near Cedar Falls, Iowa, where they spent the winter.

Confirmation services will be held at the Episcopal church Tuesday, April 2.

Two sleighing parties Wednesday evening given by the Two Harbors young men, are among the week's social events, and a very pleasant time is reported.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Killian, Sunday morning.

Martin Miller is ill with inflamatory rheumatism.

Frank Woodfile will depart Monday for a two weeks' visit with relatives in the southern part of the state.

[illegible] was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

The public schools will be closed one week for the spring vacation after Easter.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. L. Bentson was visiting in Ely Thursday.

C. J. Lowman, of Soudan was transacting business on the Mesaba range Wednesday.

Mrs. James Nettell and children visited in Ely a few days of this week.

T. H. Wheeler returned Thursday evening from his two weeks' trip to Mine Center.

Lem Odgers who has been visiting at St. Louis, Mo., for the past few months, returned home Tuesday evening.

J. N. Burgess made a business trip to Minneapolis this week.

William Orr returned from the Zenith City Wednesday evening on his way to his stopping place at Pelican River.

Joseph Bracca returned from Ely Wednesday.

Miss Mahoning, of Virginia, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Mahade, of Tower Junction, this week.

Deputy Sheriff C. C. Pickhard returned from his official business trip at Duluth Thursday.

Leo Shapiro was visiting friends in Eveleth this week.

Jaka Skala returned home Monday evening from Hot Springs, Ark., where he has been for the past two months.

"Billy" Coss was up from Eveleth this week.

James Thompson returned Saturday evening from his two weeks' visit at Duluth.

Miss Nestle returned home Thursday evening from her few days' visit at Duluth.

Matt Spreitzer was down from Ely the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Brown, of Ely were visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. O'Keefe Tuesday.

Miss Lulu Franklin came up from Duluth Monday evening on her way to Mine Center to join her father.

Mrs. M. McMahon, of Two Harbors, is visiting this week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Fuller.

Matt Wilson returned Tuesday evening from his few days' business at Duluth.

Capt. James Bale, of Ely, passed through the city Thursday enroute for ud Center.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First State bank, returned Thursday evening from his business trip to Eveleth.

P. A. Smith, superintendent of the Rat Portage Lumber company was a business caller here the first of the week.

W. G. Williams, superintendent of the electric light plant at Eveleth, visited his family over Sunday.

Thomas J. Walsh was transacting business at Duluth the first of the week.

Joseph Pryor and son Anthony, of Soudan, returned home Tuesday evening from their few day's outing at Biwabik.

Mrs. Frank McCarthy and son came down from Ely Monday morning for at short visit.

Ed Blair was in Grand Rapids a few days of this week.

Mrs. Chipman, of Soudan, was visiting at Duluth several days this week.

A. A. Leighton, of Ely, spent Sunday in the city.

William Wirth left Tuesday morning for Eveleth where he had a situation.

William Brainerd returned Wednesday evening from Chippewa Falls, where he spent the winter.

John J. Stone came up from Duluth Wednesday en route for Koochiching.

William Gheen returned Saturday evening from Milwaukee, where he purchased a new engine for the steamer Oddfellow.

"Hasten" Murray returned home Saturday evening from an extended visit at Duluth.

Dan Haley came down from his logging camp at the head of the lake Wednesday, on his way to Duluth.

Mrs. S. Odgers and daughter Ida spent a few days of this week at Ely.

C. C. Oppel returned Thursday evening from his several days' business trip at Duluth.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., treasurer of the Tower Logging Railroad company, was a south-bound passenger Tuesday.

Miss Clara Shapiro returned last evening from her week's visit at Duluth.

Rev. Youngster, of Oswego, Ill., will hold services at the Presbyterian church tomorrow.

J. C. Shuman returned Wednesday evening from his Duluth trip.

Miss Engberg returned Thursday evening from her few days' visit at Duluth.

The City band will give a dance at the City Opera house Monday evening.

Nels Nelson left Tuesday morning on a short trip to Helena, Mont.

Miss Nettie Bentson returned this evening from Duluth.

Mrs. F. H. Webster and son Harold, left Tuesday morning for Duluth where they reside.

Bennie Quine left yesterday morning for Two Harbors, where he has a situation as bookkeeper in Roap's livery stable.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. J. H. O'Neil returned to St. Paul Monday after spending a few days with his family here.

Mrs. C. E. Culver, of Nevis, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. French.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Crawford have returned to Park Rapids, and Mr. Crawford has accepted a position in the Racket store.

Mrs. P. B. Smith returned from St. Paul Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. Winship visited at Wadena a few days this week.

Mrs. J. A. Delzene has been very ill for the past week, but is improving slowly.

The Ekeley Lumber company brought four carloads of horses from their camps this week and shipped them to Minneapolis.

A. E. Dickson, who recently sold his farm here, has shipped his household goods to Bemidji, where he expects to reside in the future.

The public schools closed Friday for a two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. A. P. Henrionnet returned from Minneapolis the first of the week.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Delezene is seriously ill with lung fever.

The snow has about all disappeared and the farmers are getting ready to begin spring work. Logging operations have ceased and everything looks like spring.

A game of basket ball was played at the Athletic hall Saturday evening by the Park Rapids high school and St. Cloud normal basket ball teams, resulting in a victory for the St. Cloud team. The game was watched with interest by several hundred people.

Herman Hackett and family arrived from Wisconsin Friday and will make this place their home, having bought the John Martz farm four miles west of town.

Miss Grace Brasie, one of the teachers in the public schools, left for her home at Monticello Saturday, having resigned her position here on account of poor health. Miss Blanche Witter, of this place, has been chosen to fill the vacancy.

Professor F. O. King is spending his vacation at St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

F. E. Delezene expects to start for Cape Nome, Alaska, soon, to attend to his mining interests there.

William Pratt, of Akeley, was in town the first of the week.

C. Crooks is preparing to erect a new residence on Park avenue north, having bought the property formerly owned by William Smith.

Mrs. B. C. Barrett is moving her household goods to Maltby, where she expects to reside during the summer.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. A. Kurtz returned home Saturday from a visit with her mother, Mrs. A. Jacobs, in West Duluth.

Mrs. W. McMurtle and daughter Etta returned home from a several days' visit with relatives in West Superior.

Miss Agnes and Guy Murray left Friday for a visit with friends and relatives in Chatfield, Minn.

Misses Lillian and Georgia Ellis and Irma Shaw attended the teachers' convention at Duluth Saturday last.

Mrs. C. E. Ellis was a Duluth visitor Saturday.

Mrs. W. C. Riddle was at Duluth Saturday.

William Kennedy returned to Proctorknott Monday, from a visit with relatives in Canada.

Rob Johnson returned Monday from Bavine, Canada.

James Martin returned Saturday last from Raleigh, N. C., where he has been engineer on the seaboard line.

Mr. and Mrs. West Brayden were pleased over the arrival of a baby girl Tuesday.

Daniel Bird returned to Proctorkott Tuesday from Knightown, Ind., where he has been visiting relatives.

Miss Minnie Emsley was pleasantly surprised at her home last Saturday evening.

The W. A. S. Card club met Tuesday with Mrs. John Code. Progressive cinch was the amusement. Mrs. Henry Gilderman won the head prize and Mrs. George Paddock the foot prize. Refreshments were served after the games.

Mrs. C. Carrs was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

The 'buss team of C. O. Mills ran away Wednesday evening about 8:30. Mr. Young had just unhitched them from the wagon, when the horses started. They were caught on the country road by Mr. Young.

Mrs. A. Jacobs and daughter Mammie, visited Mrs. A. Kurtz Tuesday.

O. O. Anderson returned to Proctorknott Saturday last from Spokane, Wash.

Mrs. John Code was a Duluth visitor Saturday last.

A game of basketball was played at the village hall Friday night last between the first and second teams with a score of 22 to 7 in favor of the first team. Both teams put up a good game.

John Jollymore was at Duluth Friday.

Mrs. O. Anderson returned home from a visit at Two Harbors Monday.

Harry McMartin and family moved in the Boone residence Thursday.

Charles Boushaw returned Wednesday from Memphis, Tenn., where he has been running a passenger on the Illinois Central.

Mrs. F. S. Bird left Thursday for West Superior.

Pat Manaly and family moved in the Armstrong residence Thursday.

Dr. Patton, of Duluth, was a Proctorknott visitor Friday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. Z. Griggs, cashier of the Bank of Virginia, was in Eveleth Wednesday on business.

Miss Ida Schneider, who has been confined to her room for the past two weeks, with tonsilitis is able to be around again.

Charles Wetmore, of Duluth, called on our merchants Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. More left Tuesday for a few weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Milwaukee, Wis.

Ned K. Farrand, of Virginia, visited in Eveleth Tuesday.

Miss Larson, a teacher in the Virginia school, was visiting here this week with Miss Roberts and Miss Faraby.

O. D. Kinney was here Monday and Tuesday disposing of his bank to the First National at Eveleth.

The Catholic Order of Foresters is going to give the Easter ball in the Vail Opera house next Monday evening.

Last Thursday William Rowe, an old pioneer of Eveleth, died and was buried on Sunday. Mr. Rowe had been sick for some time with pneumonia.

Superintendent Henry Wessinger of the Sauntry mine, at Virginia, called on Eveleth friends Monday.

Word has been received that George E. Payne, who with his family went to San Antonio, Texas, some two weeks ago for his health is much improved. He expects to return to Eveleth about June 1.

Miss Maud Betts and Miss Agnes Flynn went to Duluth Friday morning.

Miss Bertha Kuehn entertained a number of her friends Thursday evening at cards at her elegant home on Adams avenue. Those who won prizes were Joe Wilson, Miss Betts and Miss Peterson. After the game an elegant lunch was served and some fine music was rendered by Miss Green and Miss Kuehn.

Dr. S. Bates, of Virginia, was in Eveleth Tuesday.

Rev. Father Bilbau was in town Thursday.

A surprise party was tendered C. W. Kimberly of the Spruce mine last Saturday by the employes of the mine who presented him with a solid gold watch and chain and diamond set charm.

O. S. Kempton of the O. D. Kinney & Co. bank returned from Duluth Wednesday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, March 30.—C. J. Flatt, of Fargo, who was at one time a resident of Grand Rapids, arrived in town on Tuesday and will hereafter have charge of the dry goods business at J. T. Gardner's department store.

Miss Smith, Cambridge, Minn., a sister of Mrs. T. R. Dodson, of this city, arrived here the first of the week and will make this her future home.

The mill of I. L. Anderson & Sons, has been running constantly for the past three weeks, getting out timbers for the new bridge being put in at that point. They are also getting out lumber for the early spring business.

John McDonald and Joseph Laisure last week purchased the Axel Lindgren farm on Pokegama lake, consisting of eighty acres. This land adjoins the Laisure farm. Consideration not known.

Charles Tufts was up before Justice Buell Tuesday, charged with stealing some $60 from the person of Frank Carlson. Owing to the fact that the warrant was not lawfully drawn up the case was dismissed.

Attorney J. R. Donohue was called to Milwaukee Tuesday on legal business. He will be absent a week or ten days.

Mrs. Ed Huson and Miss Huson are severely ill with typhoid fever.

Dr. George C. Gilbert, who has been very ill with typhoid fever at St. Benedict's hospital, is on the road to recovery.

The Minnesota Telephone and Electric Light company, successor to the Northern Minnesota Telephone company, was last week incorporated in the city of Wadena, with A. B. Kerlin, president of the former company, elected as president, and W. R. Baumbach, treasurer. Mr. Kerlin will be in Grand Rapids in a few days for the purpose of installing the telephone system, for which he has a franchise.

Frank Colwell, a cruiser and land locator, who, for several years has made Deer River his headquarters, was arrested Monday on a warrant sworn out by Henry Smith, charging him with attempted assault, said Colwell having tried to convince Smith, using an axe as an argument, that Smith was not entitled to certain goods in his (Colwell's) homestead shanty.

On Tuesday afternoon the members of the town board, together with Justices of the Peace Barnard and Buell, got together and appointed Al Hutchinson to fill the vacancy on the board, caused by failure of J. M. Romans to qualify.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Five Indians of the Courtoreilles reservation went up to Hayward, Wis., Friday, loaded up with whisky and, returning to the reservation, started a row. Several of the participants were seriously injured. Deputy United States Marshal Lewiston took the aggressors into custody and brought them to Ashland. The five Indians waived examination and were taken to Madison.

The will of Steve Brodie was filed Friday. Brodie died at San Antonio, Tex., on Jan. 31 last. By his will he leaves all of his property to his eldest daughter in trust until his other children become of age, when it is to be equally divided among the other children. The estate consists of about $75,000 worth of real estate in New York and at Harrison, N. J., and Hollywood, N. J., and about $30,000 in cash.

Rt. Rev. Alexander Burgess, Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Quincy of the Episcopal church, was taken to the Blessing hospital suffering from a general breakdown and it is feared the end is not far off. Bishop Burgess is 81 years old.

Joseph A. Conlin, the postoffice clerk arrested in San Francisco recently on the charge of stealing $43,000 in registered mail, was sentenced to four years' imprisonment at Sing Sing.

The directors of the Calumet & Heckla Mining company, at a meeting, declared a dividend of $15 per share. The last dividend declared was $20.

Hunt's mill dam at Baraboo went out Thursday night, overflowing the lowlands east of the city, carrying away small bridges and doing damage to other property. The waterworks wells are also flooded from the Baraboo river, into which the sewer empties, contaminating the water and making it unfit for domestic use.

Gen. W. D. Washburn has decided to extend the line of the Bismarck, Washburn & Great Falls railway as far as Washburn this season. The distance is seventeen miles, and the new line will be completed in time to handle the next crop. The senator will also establish a free ferry across the river at Washburn.

It is asserted that Li Hung Chang will be the future foreign minister of China, replacing the abolished Tsung Li Yamen, and that Liu Kun Yi, the Nankin viceroy, will succeed him as viceroy of Chi-Li.

NO STRIKE.

Committee Decides Miners Shall Be Kept at Work.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 30.—The threatened strike of 143,000 miners in the hard coal region will not take place. At a meeting of the executive committee of the United Mine Workers of the three anthracite districts held in this city yesterday it was decided that the men should keep at work. This committee was given arbitrary power by the general convention of miners held at Hazleton the fore part of the month to declare a strike if the circumstances warranted it.

A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying and exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. What is needed is that which is cleansing, soothing, protecting and healing. Such a remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. Price 50 cents at druggists or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. The Balm when placed into the nostrils spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. A cold in the head vanishes quickly.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

MEN CURED

Without Drugs or Electricity by Our

VACUUM ORGAN DEVELOPER

No Cure No Pay

75,000 IN USE NOT ONE FAILURE NOT ONE RETURNED

Our Vacuum Organ Developer cures where everything else fails and hope is dead. It restores small, weak organs, lost power, failing manhood, drains, errors of youth, etc. Stricture and Varicocele permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks.

No Drugs to ruin the stomach. No Electric Belts to blister and burn. Our Vacuum Developer is a local treatment applied directly to the weak and disordered parts. It gives strength and development wherever applied. Old men with lost or failing manhood, or the young and middle aged who are reaping the results of youthful errors, excess or over work are quickly restored to health and strength. Our marvelous appliance has astonished the entire world. Hundreds of leading physicians in the United States are now recommending our appliance in the severest cases where every other known device has failed.

You will see and feel its benefit from the first day for it is applied directly at the seat of the disorder. It makes no difference how severe the case or how long standing, it is as sure to yield to our treatment as the sun is to rise.

The blood is the life, the fertilizer of the human body. Our instrument forces the blood into circulation where most needed, giving strength and development to weak and lifeless parts. The Vacuum Organ Developer was first introduced in the standing armies of Europe a few years ago by the French specialist, De Bousset, and its remarkable success in these countries led the Local Appliance Co. to secure the exclusive control of its sale on the Western Continent; and since its introduction into this country its remarkable cures have astounded the entire medical profession. It has restored thousands of cases pronounced incurable by physicians. It cures quickly, harmlessly, and without detention from business.

Remember there is no exposure, no C.O.D. or any other scheme in our dealing with the public. Write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE COMPANY, 116 Thorpe Block, Indianapolis, Indiana.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

TWO TRACKS TO TEXAS

Effective March 10th, 1901, the

FRISCO LINE

Announces the Opening of its Red River Division ...To... Denison and Sherman, Texas.

Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

54 RED BOX BRANDS

WINECKE DOERFS CIGARS ARE GOOD CIGARS

The CHANCELLOR is One of Them.

THE BEST CIGAR FOR A DIME.

The CORONA is One of Them.

A DELICIOUS SMOKE FOR A NICKEL.

Try a few. At all dealers.

54 RED BOX BRANDS.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

Schlitz

In the Schlitz brewery you will find a plate glass room. In it are cooling pipes, over which the hot beer drips. Above it is an air filter, and no air comes into this room save through that filter.

No germs can reach beer handled with such rare caution. But, after the beer is aged, we filter it, then bottle and seal it, then sterilize every bottle.

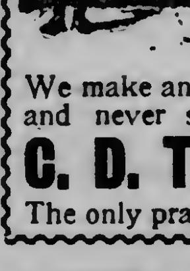
We take triple precautions because beer is a saccharine product. Impurities multiply if they get into it. There is no grade between absolute purity and utter impurity.

Every bottle of Schlitz is absolutely pure, and purity is healthfulness. Your physician knows—ask him.

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.

Cooled in Filtered Air

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS



AS PLAIN AS BLACK and WHITE the reasons why you should give your eyes the proper care and why our glasses are just the kind to enable you to do it.

We make and sell the best grade only, and never sacrifice quality to price.

C. D. Trott, 3 West Superior St.

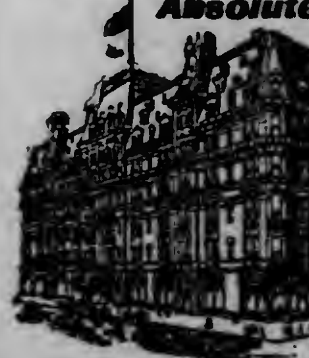
The only practical Optician in Duluth

SAME SHAPE TWO QUALITIES

"Cluett" NISTOGA 25¢ each

ARROW BRAND GARSON 2 for 25¢

CLUETT PEABODY & CO MAKERS



Hotel Victoria

Broadway, 5th Ave. and 27th Street, New York.

Absolutely Fireproof

In the center of the shopping and theatre district. First-class in all its appointments. Entirely new through out.

European Plan

Rooms single or en-suite, with or without bath, hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Propr.

John H. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1350

Seven-room house at Lakeside on an improved street. One block from street car. All conveniences. Very cheap.

Money on Hand for Any Good Loans at lowest rates.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Building.

FOR RENT!

STORES.

No. 19 East Superior St., fine store room	$110.00
No. 1534-1536 West Superior street, double store room	$75.00
No. 1126 West Michigan St., store room	$15.00
No. 1815 West Superior street	$30.00

FLATS.

No. 1126 West Michigan St., 6 rooms, second floor	$15.00
No. 1126 West Michigan St., 6 rooms	$10.00
No. 1126 West Michigan St., 5 rooms	$8.00
No. 1536 West Superior street	$15.00

HOUSES.

No. 310 Fourteenth Ave. east, 6 rooms, modern	$20.00
No. 4218 Lombard St., 6 rooms, city water	$15.00
Hunter's Park, 8-room house	$8.00
Hunter's Park, 8-room house	$8.00

HOUSES FOR SALE ON MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN.

$550 5-room house at Lester Park for $550; house in good condition; $50 cash, and payments at the rate of $10 per month.

$1100 House at Forty-fourth avenue and McCullouch street, lot 70x100 feet; fine well; house in excellent condition; price $1100; terms $200 cash; balance $15 per month.

$1100 House at Thirty-ninth avenue west and First street; 9 rooms, city water; excellent condition. Price $1100; terms $200 cash; balance payable $20 a month.

$650 Fine 6-room house at Duluth Heights, Palmetto street; price $650; only one block from car line; terms $250 cash; balance payable $12.50 a month.

The above houses are only a few of the many which we have for sale on such very desirable terms. These properties are all well worth investigating, and this is an excellent chance to acquire a home on the "rent payment" plan.

Geo. H. Crosby,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

Bargains in Cheap Homes.

$425 $50 cash, balance $8 per month for 4-room cottage, in splendid condition, and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$475 $50 cash, balance $8 per month, for 7-room house in good condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$650 $75 cash, balance $10 per month for 7-room house in fine condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$325 For a 3-room house and regular size lot, on paved street, near street car line, West Duluth.

$475 For a well-built 6-room house on improved street, West Duluth.

$575 For 6-room house and lot on Eighth street near Twenty-first avenue west; easy terms.

$1200 For 9-room house with stone foundation and basement, between First and Second streets, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$1400 For 7-room house, city water, on Second street, near Twenty-fifth avenue west (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For 6-room house and lot near 37th avenue west and 3d street, (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For a well-built 6-room house on Ninth street near Fourth avenue east.

$900 For a good 8-room house in fine condition, and lot 25x150 feet, near 22d avenue east and London road. This is the best bargain in a cheap home in the East End.

ALFRED KJELLIN, Agent,
306 Burrows Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$500 BUYS TWO LOTS 50 BY 150 FEET on upper side of London road. Must be sold. Address D 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—FARM IN ALBERTA, 320 acres, heavy loam, fenced, eighty acres cultivated, new 2-story house, barns, implements, good water, railway four miles; $2500. Colin Thomson.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

Modern four and five room flats in **Bellevue Terrace**, cor. of seventh Avenue West and First Street. To be ready for occupancy May 1st.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

SECURE A HOME!

$2850 Fine dwelling in East End—8 rooms and bath, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Electric lights.

$2500 Complete 7-room dwelling in East End; modern improvements; can arrange easy terms.

$5500 Improved property at West End, paying 7 per cent net.

$5500 Fine corner East First street and Tenth avenue; well rented.

$500 AND UP—A few bargains in vacant lots in East End of city.

C. A. & E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Building.

$1,275

For the property at 919 East Sixth Street—Eight-room house, 25-foot lot—house cost $1350.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT.

5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

4½% 5% 5½% Money to Loan

ANY AMOUNT.
Prompt and correct service.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

Eight-room house in East End, all modern improvements, $5500 if sold before April 1st.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—

$3650 A new modern 7-room house, only six blocks from court house, lot 40x140 ft.

$1250 6-room house, lot 25x140 ft, upper side Third St., near Seventh ave. east.

$750 Fine lot with old house, near 8th ave. east and Third street.

$1250 Lot with two houses, near Second street and 21st ave. west.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

The elegant residence, 1602 Jefferson street; possession May 1; price	$6500
Six-room house on Ninth avenue east	$900
4½ 50-foot lots on Ninth street	$450
Two 50-foot lots in Helm's addition —very cheap.	
28-foot lot on Twenty-fourth avenue west	$250
8-room house near Maleable Iron Works	$1000

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

LET US MAKE YOU HAPPY

The people who own their own homes are the happiest people nine times out of ten. Why not own your own home?

We have for sale a comfortable and well built 7-room house, No. 209 South 16th Avenue East—has bath, sewer and water, in fact is a modern house and in fine condition. Size of lot 40x100—street is paved—all improvements in and paid for—price **$3250**

For sale exclusively by........ **Julius D. Howard & Co.** Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 216 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Don't Pay Rent.

$3500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot, in Endion. A snap.

$5000 Takes 11-room modern house, corner lot, in Endion; hot water heat.

$2500 Takes 7-room house on London Road, near Fifteenth avenue.

$3200 Takes 8-room modern house, only five blocks from Spalding house.

$1600 Takes 7-room house on Nineteenth avenue east.

$2300 Takes 7-room house on East Third street; stone foundation, water and sewer. Lot 35x140 ft.

$1000 Takes 50-foot lot on Second street, near Nineteenth avenue east; a great snap.

$1100 Takes 50 feet on London road, near Seventeenth avenue east. Keep your eye on this street.

$1250 Takes 50 feet on East First street; all public improvements made.

A. C. Volk & Co.
202 Palladio Building.

4-Big Ones-4

$1800 Will buy No. 5427 Oneida street, lot 50x140; house modern; stone foundation.

$1900 For the brick modern house at No. 5729 Oneida street, lot 50x140 feet.

$1900 That's the price for No. 4741 London road; streets modern. If you see it you will buy it.

$1900 One-third cash will take this modern house; the number is 5913 London road; modern conveniences, which means, water, sewer, bath and lights, heat, mantle and grate.

All of the above for sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

FOR RENT—Fine store room, 50x80 ft, steam heat, city water, freight elevator, electric lights or gas, good basement. Location 1534-1536 West Superior street. For further information, call on

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

Excursion to Western Canada

An Tuesday, April 2, I will have a very cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Through tourist cars from Duluth. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, Duluth.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY AGENT—YOUR OPPORTUNITY—Hygeia Straight Front and Military Corsets are money-makers. Every woman wants one. For terms apply Dept. D, Western Corset Co., St. Louis, Mo.

TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS TO TRAVEL for old established house of solid finacial standing. Salary $780 and expenses. No canvassing. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Manager, 375 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — RIDER AGENTS IN EACH town—To ride and exhibit sample 1901 bicycle. Wheel furnished. Good profits assured. Write for particulars. T. W. Meade Cycle Co., Chicago.

ONE AGENT IN EVERY TOWN TO sell our pure bluegrass seed for lawns. Our lawns beat sodding. Agent's sample sows 400 square feet, sent prepaid 10c. Kentucky Seed Co., Paris, Ky.

MAKE MONEY HATCHING CHICKENS and selling incubators. One incubator free to good agents. Half price to introduce them. National Incubator Co., Dept. S. A., Chicago.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS CAN get profitable and desirable employment in leisure hours. For particulars, call 1825 West Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to try our Germicide treatments for dandruff and falling hair; also our sure remedy for premature gray hair. To introduce our new specialist, we will give reduced prices for a few days. Regular $5.00 course of treatments, either hair or complexion, $3.50.
MME. BOYDE CO.,
216 West Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING —BEST work, cheapest place for all kinds of furniture upholstering and repairing. V. Unden, 920 East First street.

HAIR WORK.

HAIR WORK DONE, No.2 WEST FIRST.

PERSONAL.

ELDERLY UNENCUMBERED WIDOWER, prosperous business, beautiful home, and worth $150,000, will marry for love and companionship. "Mr. Edgar," No. 1337 Sheffield avenue, Chicago, Ill.

I AM A FARMER'S DAUGHTER; WILL soon some into possession of $12,000; desire correspondence. Object, early marriage. Address Drawer 83, St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES — GUARANTEED "REGULATOR Remedy" never fails; harmless; convince yourself; one full box free; write to Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 23 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 742.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE ON lot 40 by 80 feet, located at No. 418 Nineteenth avenue west. $900 cash. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—SIXTY BARRED PLYmouth rocks, seventy thoroughbred and mixed birds; also chicken house and fences, and 4-room house for rent. Charles Shascrapser, 930 East First street.

FOR SALE—DENSMORE TYPEwriter, good as new; in perfect condition. B 10, Herald.

FOR SALE—CAMP ON PARK POINT, furnished or unfurnished, three rooms, cook stove and heating stove; good cellar and woodshed; splendid location on bay side. Apply 918 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE—CAMP HORNELL, ON Park Point, five room cottage and lease of two high and dry lots on the bay. G. A. McHenry, 1424 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—HORSE, SPLENDID ANImal. D. Devine, Central house, Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A SPAN OF horses for a wagon and second hand harness. Call on Fred Sick, Hunter's Park.

FOR SALE—FOUR HEAVY WORK horses, to be sold cheap for cash. Barn on Michigan street and First avenue east.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL DULUTH, 10-cow dairy, with horse, rigs and all necessary appliances. L. Stanton, 2921 Railroad street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, GAS STOVE four burners complete. Inquire after 6 p. m., 414 Lowell block.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Postoffice, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebu;ck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

PIANOS—CLOSING OUT SALE. Every piano and organ must be sold before April 1, 1901. One-half price on all, as follows:
Knabe, Chickering and other makes.
$200 pianos, upright, now $100.
$300 pianos, upright, now $150.
$350 pianos, upright, now $175.
Monthly payments. Open evenings. George W. Tietz, 28 West Superior street. Rooms 2 and 3, over Stack's.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in excellent condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

FOUND.

FOUND—A LADIES' POCKETBOOK ON Second avenue west. Call 130 Sixth avenue west.

POPULAR MUSIC.

POPULAR SONGS FROM THE "BELLE of New York," or any of the latest songs at Haakinson & Co., 9 First avenue west.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WORK WANTED BY THE DAY. APply in the rear of 208 West Second street.

WANTED—WORK AROUND HOTEL OR restaurant by boy 17 years of age. Address A 95, Herald.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY WOULD like position in office. Has had experience in insurance and other line of business. Can furnish best of references. Address T 37, Herald.

WANTED--POSITION AS STENOGRApher in law office or commission house. Address J 100, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AT ANY KIND of work. Address 14 East First street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY FIRST-class cook. Address 14 East First street.

WANTED — POSITION AS ENGINEER. Address A 98, Herald.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEmen to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 285—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced saleslady for our drapery department—must be capable of sewing special drapery work. Panton & White.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1450 East First street.

WANTED—ANY NUMBER OF GIRLS, cooks, waitresses, laundry and kitchen help; big wages. Girls for Michigan, Wisconsin and other parts of this state. Two second cooks, $20; four laundresses, $16 and $18 per month. Lewis Employment Agency. Old 'Phone 310-3.

WANTED — GOOD STOUT GIRL TO help cook at Branch Bethel. Apply to C. H. Hall.

WANTED—SEWING GIRL, ONE THAT understands tailor work. Mrs. Morgan, 915 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. W. L. McLennan, 608 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 212 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. La Ferte's, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. Preferably one who sleeps at home. Small family. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at once. 607 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. LaFerte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply at once. 1 West Fifth street.

WANTED —COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework can find place at good wages by inquiring 1125 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL to do general housework. Mrs. James C. Hunter, Glen Avon.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY LADY TO take care of three children. Scandinavian preferred. 511½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply mornings and evenings at 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT 111 WEST First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good pay. Mrs. Hansen Smith, West Duluth.

WANTED — COOK AT MEYER'S hotel, Thirty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED —DISH WASHER, IMMEDiately. 318 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1907 West Third street.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL. 707 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. 505 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—GIRL. 225 ELEVENTH AVEnue east.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — MACHINIST AT VIRGINia Iron Works. Virginia Iron Works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

WANTED -- JANITOR TO TAKE charge of a flat buildig. Call Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

WANTED—BRIGHT, STRONG BOY TO learn mercantile business. Apply 224 West Superior street, second floor.

MECHANICS, ENGINEERS, ELECTRIcians, firemen, etc., new 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers, sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG man to clerk and deliver groceries; must have experience and good recommendations. Address A Grocer, care Herald.

WANTED — TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only; salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 302 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — TRAVELING MAN OF age for Minnesota to collect and advertise; $2.50 per day and traveling expenses. State age, married or single. Manager, 390 Caxton building, Chicago, Ill.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED--MAN WITH TEAMS TO haul brick from Fourth avenue west to vacant lot in rear of Lyceum. Apply J. J. Wangenstein, Providence building.

WANTED—PATTERN MAKER AND two woodworkers. Duluth-Superior Transit company. Apply Twenty-sixth avenue shop.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE WITH best of references desire board and room with private family for the summer. Location must be central. Address with particulars, A. P. Hoyt, care Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—BY APRIL 15, LOWER half of house, modern conveniences, centrally located. Address M 83, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES ON WOODland line, Hunter's Park. In good order. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 125 SECOND AVEnue west, eight rooms, steam heat. Apply 121 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room at 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—$7, three rooms, hot water. 222 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished; all modern conveniences. Call 109½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with or without board. 603 West Third

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building, Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FURNISHED ROOM, FURNACE HEAT, gas, bath, private family, very central, 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, FURNISHED house for the summer, by a responsible party. G. Y., Herald.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLATS, four rooms, $12 and $14. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 1, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave April 2, 1901. Work, ——— Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.
ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

LADIES, WE ARE PREPARED TO make silk draperies. The McGuire rugs from old carpet. Steam carpet cleaning, refitting and relaying. Interstate Rug company, 1701 West Michigan street. 'Phone 318.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined. $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by the undersigned: Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND safe. R. C. Kruschke, 402 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, COTTAGE IN VIcinity of the pavilion, Park Point. State price and location. Address D, Herald.

WANTED—LANDS IN COOK AND Lake counties. Century Commercial company, 514 Palladio.

WANTED — LIVE MARTEN, EITHER old or young. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWELVE CANARY singers. Apply 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE IN ITASCA, St. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526-7 Manhattan building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Prone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

TRAVELS.

GOING TO EUROPE?

Booklets giving full information regarding ALL our EUROPEAN TOURS for this season can be had for the asking. **84 Parties, $175 up** Also independent steamship and railroad tickets everywhere, **rates** always the **lowest.**

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 and 1185 Broadway, New York.
T. H. LARKE, 42 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..Duluth..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar..Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..Virginia..Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:08 a.m.	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv......Duluth......Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar......Virginia......Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar......Eveleth......Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar......Ely......Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 35 pm *11 35 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:35 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am *4 30 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis Twilight Limited	**4 00 pm *9 59 pm
*5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm *5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oskosh, Fond du Lac FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am *10 55 am *10 55 am *10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

—Leave—		—Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *11 15 pm	Ashland and East Minn & Dakota Express Pacific Express	*11 15 am *7 10 am *7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†8 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*8 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am *8 00 pm

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1901. TWO CENTS.

THE BOSTONIAN SHOE

A $5 Shoe for $3.50

We watch every turn of fashion's finger. We are in touch with the best shoemakers. But we do not buy the extremes and freaks in shoes. Our spring styles of the Bostonian Shoes are correct and modest.

Men's Shoes ---- **$2.00, $2.50, $3.00**

Boys' Shoes, just like Papa's—lasted right; made right—

98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50

If you at any time should get an unsatisfactory article, we will exchange it or refund your money—and if the article is too cheap to recommend it, we will tell you so. This store has grown large on just this principle.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Your Loss....

May come like a thief in the night, but it need not be felt financially if you safeguard your interests by taking out sufficient insurance to protect them. Don't permit your property to remain unprotected. Secure insurance at once. You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency

Torrey Bldg., First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

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An Easter Drink........

Need a little strengthening and general toning up, maybe. The bock beer we make is just the thing; it's a good beer, joy bringing; it's a strong beer, strength giving; it's a pure beer, wholesome as it's pure. Just the beer for the Easter season you'll find anywhere. Don't need to search far or long. It's sold at $2.25 per case.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co

Either 'Phone 241.

-At the-
Big Store

Genuine Lowel Carpet, per yard ---- **65c**

Steel Range, high closet---- **$20.45**

Lace Curtains, a pair---- **65c**

Nine stock patterns in Crockery ware is to be closed out ***at Actual Cost.***

Prices to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other house-furnishing store in the city.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

Central Residences—

7 rooms, furnace, 50-foot lot, barn—a bargain, only ---- $1750
8 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near 3rd Avenue E ---- $4200
7 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near Cathedral ---- $3000
6 rooms, bath, sewer, on 5th Street near Cathedral ---- $1850

LITTLE & NOLTE.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

ABSURD.

All Talk About Revoking Licenses of Striking Engineers.

Cleveland, April 1.—In reference to the possible action on the part of the Buffalo vessel owners to have the licenses of striking engineers revoked, President Uhler of the engineers' union said today:

"The matter is too absurd to be seriously considered. The solicitor general of the United States or any other fair-minded person will decide that our demands are perfectly reasonable and just.

"Reports from all lake points show that vessels generally remain tied up and that as a rule practically no boats have even been fitted out. If the vessel owners are willing to permit their boats to continue idle for a month or six months, we are prepared to stand it. Indeed, we were never in better condition, as I have previously stated, for a long fight than at the present time."

HEARD NOTHING.

Department Not Informed on Alleged Frauds.

Washington, April 1.—No report has been received at the war department from Gen. MacArthur concerning the alleged frauds in the disposition of government supplies in the Philippines. He has, however, been advised that such a publication has been made in the United States, and requested to send the facts.

THANKED THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, April 1.—Representative Long of Kansas saw the president today and thanked him in the name of the Kansas delegation for the honor conferred upon Gen. Funston in his appointment as brigadier general in the regular army. Mr. Long said the appointment, in his opinion, was fully deserved and would prove very popular with the people of the entire country.

ULTIMATUM

Russia Gives China to Understand

She Must Sign or Take the Consequences.

Washington, April 1.—Information has reached here to the effect that the Russian government, being seriously perturbed by the course of China in not signing the Manchuria agreement, largely because of the protest made by the several powers, has conveyed a distinct and unmistakable indication to China that if this course is persisted in, there may be an interruption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China and a termination of the present intercourse between them. This is little short of an ultimatum that China must sign or take the consequence of a termination of her friendly relations with Russia.

To what extent the United States will take cognizance of Russia's disposition to enforce the signing of the agreement has not yet been made apparent. It appears to be the policy of the Chinese authorities to consider this as a subject which concerns the powers quite as much as it does China. The matter has become further complicated by reports reaching Washington that the Chinese authorities themselves are divided on the course to be pursued, some of the most influential, including Li Hung Chang, urging that acquiescence be given to the Russian proposals, while others insist on rejecting the agreement. The attitude of Li Hung Chang is accounted for by his well-known friendliness for Russian interests. In this case, however, there appears to be arrayed against him the strong influence of the southern viceroys, Chan Chi Tung and Lia Kun Yi, who oppose the signing of the treaty. The reports reaching here this morning showed that the agreement had not yet been signed. Its status is most peculiar. The time within which it was to be signed expired last Tuesday, but on that day Yang Yu, the Chinese minister at St. Petersburg, fell in the legation and hurt his head, so that he was unable to transact business. This misfortune has caused much amusement here and some irritation in certain quarers, as it has been recognized as a most timely means of avoiding a direct issue on the subject. It is not clear to what extent the Russian intimation has gone, but in any event it gives an urgency to China's course which has not been presented thus far.

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THE FUTURE OF LOOMIS

Will Depend Upon Coming Interview With Secretary Hay---Has Been Bitterly Attacked By the Venezuelan Papers.

Washington, April 1.—The future of Minister Loomis depends upon the conference which will be held at the state department between Secretary Hay and himself when the minister reaches Washington. Until the secretary has had an opportunity to talk freely with Mr. Loomis as to the conditions in Venezuela, it cannot be known positively whether or not he will return to his post. Mr. Loomis has been the object of bitter attack by some of the Venezuelan newspapers, not solely because of the asphalt controversy, but also because he was charged with making false reports to his government touching the insurrectionary movement in Venezuela. The minister did inform the state department of the conditions as he saw them, and of the prospects of the revolutionary movement The Venezuelan government could not have direct knowledge of the minister's reports, but because these were followed by the appearance of three United States warships in Venezuelan waters, they came to the conclusion that the minister had reported as very menacing and serious a revolutionary movement which the government organs were trying their best to minimize. Therefore, these papers lost no opportunity of attacking Mr. Loomis in print, and have succeeded in making his lot unpleasant. It is only fair to state that the Venezuelan charge here asserts positively that these attacks were made by irresponsible newspapers, and that the government was not behind them and deprecated them. If Mr. Loomis confirms this view, and he cares to return to Caracas, he will be permitted to do so.

It is expected that Minister Loomis will reach New York April 10, for the gunboat Scorpion was dispatched to Laguayra especially to make sure that he should connect at Kingston, Jamaica, with the regular passenger steamer coming to New York. There is no present intention of sending the North Atlantic squadron to Venezuela, for, as above stated, the government cannot decide how this matter should be treated until Mr. Loomis has been personally consulted. The squadron, which is at Culebra island engaged in maneuvers, is about to move north in a few days. One or two of the vessels will be sent first to Kingston, Jamaica, but the delay will be temporary, and the whole squadron will soon be under way for Tompkinsville.

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IS DEEPLY IRRITATED

United States Will Bring Venezuela Promptly to Task For Her Unsatisfactory Conduct Towards This Government.

New York, April 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: In order to expedite the arrival of Minister Loomis, in this country, Secretary Long has instructed the Scropion to convey that diplomat to San Juan, where he will take steamship for New York. The report which Minister Loomis will make to the state department will have much to do with the determination of the attitude of the United States toward the South American republic. The administration is deeply irritated over Venezuelan conduct and has concluded that the time has arrived for this government to assert itself and require respect and proper treatment for American agents and American citizens. Mr. Loomis' withdrawal in itself is an indication of the displeasure of the United States and Venezuela will undoubtedly so receive it.

Senor Pulido, the Venezuelan charge d'affaires, sincerely regrets that any inferences should have arisen between the two governments, and he is energetically working to restore the friendly relations that hitherto have existed.

New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from San Juan, Porto Rico, says:

The Venezuelan consul here thinks war between the United States and Venezuela is impossible, as President Castro will make concessions He says, however, that it is probable that Gens. Andrade and Pietri will take advantage of the recall of Minister Loomis to start a rebellion.

Advices that came by the steamer Philadelphia were that it will be impossible to avert a rebellion.

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SALISBURY TO RETIRE

England's Prime Minister Is Failing Rapidly and Will Give Up Reins of Government Very Soon.

New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There were alarming bulletins at several of the clubs yesterday, respecting the health of the prime minister with forecasts of his resignation and retirement from public life, before the end of April. While these announcements were premature and caused needless anxiety, there had been no concealment of the truth at Westminster for several months that Lord Salisbury was aging rapidly and that he was not likely to remain in office after the new reign had fairly opened. Even before his present indisposition it had been evident that his health was failing and that he was looking jaded and worn. The queen's death and the press of public business in connection with the opening scenes and ceremonials of the new reign have prevented a journey to the Riviera, which might have invigorated him and possibly it may not be too late for him to take advantage of a respite from official duties.

It has been an open secret that the prime minister was weary of public life and anxious to retire after the general elections, but was dissuaded by urgent requests from the court. His inclinations prompted retirement when the king ascended the throne, but he was again forced to make a personal sacrifice and wait for a more convenient season. Those who have heard his recent speeches have been impressed with his listless manner, lack of animation and his increasing feebleness. Members of parliament have been predicting since January his resignation before the close of the present session. It has been noticeable that the king has spared him needless attendance at court and accepted the service of Mr. Balfour many times when the prime minister would naturally have been in consultation with him. Even if current reports of Lord Salisbury's failing health are exaggerated there is little reason to doubt that there will be a new prime minister before midsummer, probably Mr. Balfour in preference to the duke of Devonshire or Mr. Chamberlain. There were no notable callers at Arlington yesterday and official bulletins do not admit the case is serious.

DECLINES TO TALK

Mrs. Francis Fearful That She Will Incriminate Herself.

If She Gives Evidence In the Patrick-Rice Case.

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125 to 150 miles	9 cents
150 to 175 miles	10 cents
175 to 200 miles	11 cents
200 to 225 miles	11¼ cents
225 to 250 miles	12 cents
250 to 275 miles	12½ cents
275 to 300 miles	13 cents
300 to 325 miles	13½ cents
325 to 350 miles	14 cents
350 to 375 miles	14½ cents
375 to 400 miles	15 cents
400 to 450 miles	15¼ cents
425 to 450 miles	15½ cents
450 to 475 miles	15¾ cents
475 to 500 miles	16 cents

On coal:

25 miles or less ....3 per 100 pounds

The rate increases by graduations of a cent or a fraction for every 25 miles until it reache 13½ cents for 500 miles.

The penalty for violation of this act is not less than $50 nor more than $500 for the first offense; for the second offense as high as $1000, and for a third or a later offense as high as $5000.

Any fines so recovered in a civil action by the state shall be paid into the county general fund of the counties where the case may be prosecuted.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

House Committee on Bribery Hears Testimony.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee to investigate birbery charges was in session today having Representative Washburn in the witness stand. The inquiry is executive, strictly, and nothing is known as to the progress of the investigation.

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BILLION AND MILLIONS

Great Steel Corporation Amends Charter to Increase Capital Stock to One Billion, One Hundred Million Dollars.

Trenton, N. J., April 1.—The United States Steel corporation today filed with the secretary of state articles amending its charter and increasing its capital stock to $1,100,000,000. The state's fee for the filing of the papers was $220,000. The original articles filed some time ago were only amended in one particular. This amendment was made for the purpose of taking advantage of an act passed by the recent legislature.

Originally the corporation could not mortgage or pledge its real property or any of the stock of any other company except by the affirmative vote of the owners of two-thirds of the capital stocks. Under the amended charter it is necessary to have only the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the stock represented in person or by proxy at any meeting of the corporation. The reason for the change is the fear that the stock will become so scattered that it would be impossible to get two-thirds of the entire stock represented at a meeting.

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FRAUDS WILL BE PROBED

All the Parties Implicated In the Sensational Frauds at Manilla Are to Be Brought to Swift Justice.

Manilla, April 1.—The sensational alleged frauds in the commissary department, which were developed yesterday by the arrest of Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth infantry, quartermaster of the southern department of Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the assistant manager of the Hotel Oriente, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manilla, and a number of storekeepers and other persons will be probed to the bottom. Orders have been issued that no guilty man shall be permitted to escape. The number of men implicated in the frauds is undetermined, and high rank will not suffice to shield delinquents. Col. Woodruff, the chief commissary at Manilla, said to the representative of the Associated Press, that the irregularities were exaggerated and that the troops were always well supplied with stores. Colonels of the returning volunteer regiments wrote to Col. Woodruff in praise of the commissary service.

Lieut. Warren Dean, with thirty men of Troop C of the Sixth cavalry, was almost surrounded at Malabaar by 200 insurgents from the Sunga mountains, in Cavite province. During the ensuing action 18 insurgents were killed and 2 Americans were wounded. The insurgents then retired. No new announcements have been made concerning Aguinaldo.

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ACTIVE WORK.

Much Being Done In the Seine River Gold Country.

Neil Berger, of Mine Center, arrived in the city on a short business trip this morning. Mr. Berger speaks of considerable activity in the Rainy River district this spring. The construction work on the Rainy River & Ontario railway line, that is to open up the district, is progressing rapidly and there are big camps of men all along the route getting out ties and grading for the laying of the steel. He says the road will be practically complete by next fall. Mr. Berger says there are many signs of renewed activity in mining circles in the Seine river gold fields, that a large force was put on two weeks ago to pump out the Golden Star shaft and as soon as this is accomplished the force will be increased and sinking recommenced. The purpose is to sink until the rich vein struck in the Randolph mine last fall is uncovered. Operations have been resumed at the Olive mine and others are getting ready to begin work, including the Foley mine.

Fitting Out Ice Breakers.

Work on the ice-breaking tugs of the Great Lakes Towing company began today. The tugs Record and Superior are being fitted out to do the first work in the harbor, as both are ice-breakers, such as will be needed to get the big boats started from their winter moorings. An engineer and a fireman are at work on each vessel.

It had been expected by some that the strike of the Marine Engineers' association might affect the tugs, but the tug engineers belong to the Licensed Tugmen's association, and as that organization is not concerned in the strike, they are holding with the association.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Minnehaha, London.
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Liverpool—Arrived: Belgenland, Philadelphia.
Glasgow—Arrived: Siberia, New York.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1901. TWO CENTS.

THE BOSTONIAN SHOE

A $5 Shoe for $3.50

We watch every turn of fashion's finger. We are in touch with the best shoemakers. But we do not buy the extremes and freaks in shoes. Our spring styles of the Bostonian Shoes are correct and modest.

Men's Shoes ---- $2.00, $2.50, $3.00

Boys' Shoes, just like Papa's—lasted right; made right—

98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50

If you at any time should get an unsatisfactory article, we will exchange it or refund your money—and if the article is too cheap to recommend it, we will tell you so. This store has grown large on just this principle.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Your Loss....

May come like a thief in the night, but it need not be felt financially if you safeguard your interests by taking out sufficient insurance to protect them. Don't permit your property to remain unprotected. Secure insurance at once. You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency

Torrey Bldg., First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

An Easter Drink........

Need a little strengthening and general toning up, maybe. The bock beer we make is just the thing; it's a good beer, joy bringing; it's a strong beer, strength giving; it's a pure beer, wholesome as it's pure. Just the beer for the Easter season you'll find anywhere. Don't need to search far or long. It's sold at $2.25 per case.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co

Either 'Phone 241.

-At the- Big Store

Genuine Lowel Carpet, per yard ---- 65c

Steel Range, high closet---- $20.45

Lace Curtains, a pair---- 65c

Nine stock patterns in Crockery ware is to be closed out at Actual Cost.

Prices to you according to my expense of doing business, which is one-third less than any other house-furnishing store in the city.

C. O. NELSON, U. S. Block, Nineteenth Ave. W.

Central Residences—

7 rooms, furnace, 50-foot lot, barn—a bargain, only ---- $1750
8 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near 3rd Avenue E ---- $4200
7 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near Cathedral ---- $3000
6 rooms, bath, sewer, on 5th Street near Cathedral ---- $1850

LITTLE & NOLTE.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

ABSURD.

All Talk About Revoking Licenses of Striking Engineers.

Cleveland, April 1.—In reference to the possible action on the part of the Buffalo vessel owners to have the licenses of striking engineers revoked, President Uhler of the engineers' union said today:

"The matter is too absurd to be seriously considered. The solicitor general of the United States or any other fair-minded person will decide that our demands are perfectly reasonable and just.

"Reports from all lake points show that vessels generally remain tied up and that as a rule practically no boats have even been fitted out. If the vessel owners are willing to permit their boats to continue idle for a month or six months, we are prepared to stand it. Indeed, we were never in better condition, as I have previously stated, for a long fight than at the present time."

HEARD NOTHING.

Department Not Informed on Alleged Frauds.

Washington, April 1.—No report has been received at the war department from Gen. MacArthur concerning the alleged frauds in the disposition of government supplies in the Philippines. He has, however, been advised that such a publication has been made in the United States, and requested to send the facts.

THANKED THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, April 1.—Representative Long of Kansas saw the president today and thanked him in the name of the Kansas delegation for the honor conferred upon Gen. Funston in his appointment as brigadier general in the regular army. Mr. Long said the appointment, in his opinion, was fully deserved and would prove very popular with the people of the entire country.

ULTIMATUM

Russia Gives China to Understand

She Must Sign or Take the Consequences.

Washington, April 1.—Information has reached here to the effect that the Russian government, being seriously perturbed by the course of China in not signing the Manchuria agreement, largely because of the protest made by the several powers, has conveyed a distinct and unmistakable indication to China that if this course is persisted in, there may be an interruption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China and a termination of the present intercourse between them. This is little short of an ultimatum that China must sign or take the consequence of a termination of her friendly relations with Russia.

To what extent the United States will take cognizance of Russia's disposition to enforce the signing of the agreement has not yet been made apparent. It appears to be the policy of the Chinese authorities to consider this as a subject which concerns the powers quite as much as it does China. The matter has become further complicated by reports reaching Washington that the Chinese authorities themselves are divided on the course to be pursued, some of the most influential, including Li Hung Chang, urging that acquiescence be given to the Russian proposals, while others insist on rejecting the agreement. The attitude of Li Hung Chang is accounted for by his well-known friendliness for Russian interests. In this case, however, there appears to be arrayed against him the strong influence of the southern viceroys, Chan Chi Tung and Lia Kun Yi, who oppose the signing of the treaty. The reports reaching here this morning showed that the agreement had not yet been signed. Its status is most peculiar. The time within which it was to be signed expired last Tuesday, but on that day Yang Yu, the Chinese minister at St. Petersburg, fell in the legation and hurt his head, so that he was unable to transact business. This misfortune has caused much amusement here and some irritation in certain quarers, as it has been recognized as a most timely means of avoiding a direct issue on the subject. It is not clear to what extent the Russian intimation has gone, but in any event it gives an urgency to China's course which has not been presented thus far.

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THE FUTURE OF LOOMIS

Will Depend Upon Coming Interview With Secretary Hay---Has Been Bitterly Attacked By the Venezuelan Papers.

Washington, April 1.—The future of Minister Loomis depends upon the conference which will be held at the state department between Secretary Hay and himself when the minister reaches Washington. Until the secretary has had an opportunity to talk freely with Mr. Loomis as to the conditions in Venezuela, it cannot be known positively whether or not he will return to his post. Mr. Loomis has been the object of bitter attack by some of the Venezuelan newspapers, not solely because of the asphalt controversy, but also because he was charged with making false reports to his government touching the insurrectionary movement in Venezuela. The minister did inform the state department of the conditions as he saw them, and of the prospects of the revolutionary movement The Venezuelan government could not have direct knowledge of the minister's reports, but because these were followed by the appearance of three United States warships in Venezuelan waters, they came to the conclusion that the minister had reported as very menacing and serious a revolutionary movement which the government organs were trying their best to minimize. Therefore, these papers lost no opportunity of attacking Mr. Loomis in print, and have succeeded in making his lot unpleasant. It is only fair to state that the Venezuelan charge here asserts positively that these attacks were made by irresponsible newspapers, and that the government was not behind them and deprecated them. If Mr. Loomis confirms this view, and he cares to return to Caracas, he will be permitted to do so.

It is expected that Minister Loomis will reach New York April 10, for the gunboat Scorpion was dispatched to Laguayra especially to make sure that he should connect at Kingston, Jamaica, with the regular passenger steamer coming to New York. There is no present intention of sending the North Atlantic squadron to Venezuela, for, as above stated, the government cannot decide how this matter should be treated until Mr. Loomis has been personally consulted. The squadron, which is at Culebra island engaged in maneuvers, is about to move north in a few days. One or two of the vessels will be sent first to Kingston, Jamaica, but the delay will be temporary, and the whole squadron will soon be under way for Tompkinsville.

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IS DEEPLY IRRITATED

United States Will Bring Venezuela Promptly to Task For Her Unsatisfactory Conduct Towards This Government.

New York, April 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: In order to expedite the arrival of Minister Loomis, in this country, Secretary Long has instructed the Scropion to convey that diplomat to San Juan, where he will take steamship for New York. The report which Minister Loomis will make to the state department will have much to do with the determination of the attitude of the United States toward the South American republic. The administration is deeply irritated over Venezuelan conduct and has concluded that the time has arrived for this government to assert itself and require respect and proper treatment for American agents and American citizens. Mr. Loomis' withdrawal in itself is an indication of the displeasure of the United States and Venezuela will undoubtedly so receive it.

Senor Pulido, the Venezuelan charge d'affaires, sincerely regrets that any inferences should have arisen between the two governments, and he is energetically working to restore the friendly relations that hitherto have existed.

New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from San Juan, Porto Rico, says:

The Venezuelan consul here thinks war between the United States and Venezuela is impossible, as President Castro will make concessions He says, however, that it is probable that Gens. Andrade and Pietri will take advantage of the recall of Minister Loomis to start a rebellion.

Advices that came by the steamer Philadelphia were that it will be impossible to avert a rebellion.

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SALISBURY TO RETIRE

England's Prime Minister Is Failing Rapidly and Will Give Up Reins of Government Very Soon.

New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There were alarming bulletins at several of the clubs yesterday, respecting the health of the prime minister with forecasts of his resignation and retirement from public life, before the end of April. While these announcements were premature and caused needless anxiety, there had been no concealment of the truth at Westminster for several months that Lord Salisbury was aging rapidly and that he was not likely to remain in office after the new reign had fairly opened. Even before his present indisposition it had been evident that his health was failing and that he was looking jaded and worn. The queen's death and the press of public business in connection with the opening scenes and ceremonials of the new reign have prevented a journey to the Riviera, which might have invigorated him and possibly it may not be too late for him to take advantage of a respite from official duties.

It has been an open secret that the prime minister was weary of public life and anxious to retire after the general elections, but was dissuaded by urgent requests from the court. His inclinations prompted retirement when the king ascended the throne, but he was again forced to make a personal sacrifice and wait for a more convenient season. Those who have heard his recent speeches have been impressed with his listless manner, lack of animation and his increasing feebleness. Members of parliament have been predicting since January his resignation before the close of the present session. It has been noticeable that the king has spared him needless attendance at court and accepted the service of Mr. Balfour many times when the prime minister would naturally have been in consultation with him. Even if current reports of Lord Salisbury's failing health are exaggerated there is little reason to doubt that there will be a new prime minister before midsummer, probably Mr. Balfour in preference to the duke of Devonshire or Mr. Chamberlain. There were no notable callers at Arlington yesterday and official bulletins [illegible] the case is serious.

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175 to 200 miles	11 cents
200 to 225 miles	11¼ cents
225 to 250 miles	12 cents
250 to 275 miles	12½ cents
275 to 300 miles	13 cents
300 to 325 miles	13½ cents
325 to 350 miles	14 cents
350 to 375 miles	14½ cents
375 to 400 miles	15 cents
400 to 450 miles	15¼ cents
425 to 450 miles	15½ cents
450 to 475 miles	15¾ cents
475 to 500 miles	16 cents

On coal:

25 miles or less .... 3 per 100 pounds

The rate increases by graduations of a cent or a fraction for every 25 miles until it reache 13½ cents for 500 miles.

The penalty for violation of this act is not less than $50 nor more than $500 for the first offense; for the second offense as high as $1000, and for a third or a later offense as high as $5000.

Any fines so recovered in a civil action by the state shall be paid into the county general fund of the counties where the case may be prosecuted.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

House Committee on Bribery Hears Testimony.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee to investigate birbery charges was in session today having Representative Washburn in the witness stand. The inquiry is executive, strictly, and nothing is known as to the progress of the investigation.

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BILLION AND MILLIONS

Great Steel Corporation Amends Charter to Increase Capital Stock to One Billion, One Hundred Million Dollars.

Trenton, N. J., April 1.—The United States Steel corporation today filed with the secretary of state articles amending its charter and increasing its capital stock to $1,100,000,000. The state's fee for the filing of the papers was $220,000. The original articles filed some time ago were only amended in one particular. This amendment was made for the purpose of taking advantage of an act passed by the recent legislature.

Originally the corporation could not mortgage or pledge its real property or any of the stock of any other company except by the affirmative vote of the owners of two-thirds of the capital stocks. Under the amended charter it is necessary to have only the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the stock represented in person or by proxy at any meeting of the corporation. The reason for the change is the fear that the stock will become so scattered that it would be impossible to get two-thirds of the entire stock represented at a meeting.

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FRAUDS WILL BE PROBED

All the Parties Implicated In the Sensational Frauds at Manilla Are to Be Brought to Swift Justice.

Manilla, April 1.—The sensational alleged frauds in the commissary department, which were developed yesterday by the arrest of Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth infantry, quartermaster of the southern department of Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the assistant manager of the Hotel Oriente, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manilla, and a number of storekeepers and other persons will be probed to the bottom. Orders have been issued that no guilty man shall be permitted to escape. The number of men implicated in the frauds is undetermined, and high rank will not suffice to shield delinquents. Col. Woodruff, the chief commissary at Manilla, said to the representative of the Associated Press, that the irregularities were exaggerated and that the troops were always well supplied with stores. Colonels of the returning volunteer regiments wrote to Col. Woodruff in praise of the commissary service.

Lieut. Warren Dean, with thirty men of Troop C of the Sixth cavalry, was almost surrounded at Malabaar by 200 insurgents from the Sunga mountains, in Cavite province. During the ensuing action 18 insurgents were killed and 2 Americans were wounded. The insurgents then retired. No new announcements have been made concerning Aguinaldo.

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ACTIVE WORK.

Much Being Done In the Seine River Gold Country.

Neil Berger, of Mine Center, arrived in the city on a short business trip this morning. Mr. Berger speaks of considerable activity in the Rainy River district this spring. The construction work on the Rainy River & Ontario railway line, that is to open up the district, is progressing rapidly and there are big camps of men all along the route getting out ties and grading for the laying of the steel. He says the road will be practically complete by next fall. Mr. Berger says there are many signs of renewed activity in mining circles in the Seine river gold fields, that a large force was put on two weeks ago to pump out the Golden Star shaft and as soon as this is accomplished the force will be increased and sinking recommenced. The purpose is to sink until the rich vein struck in the Randolph mine last fall is uncovered. Operations have been resumed at the Olive mine and others are getting ready to begin work, including the Foley mine.

Fitting Out Ice Breakers.

Work on the ice-breaking tugs of the Great Lakes Towing company began today. The tugs Record and Superior are being fitted out to do the first work in the harbor, as both are ice-breakers, such as will be needed to get the big boats started from their winter moorings. An engineer and a fireman are at work on each vessel.

It had been expected by some that the strike of the Marine Engineers' association might affect the tugs, but the tug engineers belong to the Licensed Tugmen's association, and as that organization is not concerned in the strike, they are holding with the association.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Minnehaha, London.

New York—Arrived: Ethiopia, Glasgow.

New York—Arrived: Trave, Naples.

Liverpool—Arrived: Belgenland, Philadelphia.

Glasgow—Arrived: Siberia, New York.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

We can tell you "what men of fashion will wear" this spring and summer—ask us.

Great Eastern

Good Clothes

For Easter Wear.

OUR New Spring Clothing for Men is here in beautiful assortment, direct from our own workrooms, and in point of variety and tastefulness in patterns, style, fit and low prices it is easily the most attractive showing we have ever made.

THE Boys' and Children's Department is filled to overflowing with new and attractive novelties in "Easter" Clothing. Norfolk Suits in a great variety of desirable materials. Sailor Suits in many new and natty patterns. Russian Blouse Suits in a beautiful assortment.

Men's New Spring Sack Suits..................**$10, $12, $15, $18 to $25**
New patterns in Real Scotch Cheviots and Tweeds. Fine Fancy Worsteds, Cassimeres, etc.

Frock Coats and Vests, $20, $25
New Oxford Mixtures, Vicunas, Worsteds.

Separate Trousers, $3, $4, $5, $6
Fine Striped Worsteds and Cassimeres.

New Spring Overcoats and Top Coats..................**$12, $15, $18 and $20**
"Top Coats" in correct shades of Covert Cloth. "Chesterfields" of Fine Cheviots and Vicunas, in black and Cambridge gray, silk lined throughout.

Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, $3.50 to $10.00; Long-Pant Suits, $8.00 to $18.00

Our Hat and Furnishing Dept's are already in spring array, replete with all newest New York fancies in Stiff and Soft Hats, Neckwear, Fancy Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery.

HANAN SHOES **M. S. BURROWS** *KNOX HATS.*

AT WEST DULUTH

The Foresters of West Duluth have planned on a fine entertainment at Gilley's hall this evening. A program has been prepared consisting of musical and literary numbers. Harry Collins, the supreme treasurer of the Independent Order of Foresters, will deliver an address in the interest of the order. Mr. Collins is a very interesting and eloquent speaker. The program will be followed by a social session.

LAST SKATING PARTY.

One of the last skating parties of the season was given Friday evening at the West Duluth rink. Those who enjoyed a good time were: Misses Florence Bailey, Marie Tims, Elsie Smith, Mabel Harrington, Maude Wallace, Lillian Kenny, Joie Boerner, Myrtle Scott, Daphne Kilton, Ida Shearer, Louise Lowe, Nellie Boer, Jessica Smith, Grace Keeler, Della Lemay, Eva Smith and Alice Bailey; Messrs. Ralph Warde, Bailey Mowrer, Allan Foster, Charlie Bowen, Harry Hughes, Richard Mather, Frank Farrel, Edward Powell, Ray Hotchkiss, Oakley Smith, Herbert Sharvey, Chris Maginnis, and Edward Melby.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rudolph Geiser and Miss Anna Geiser, superintendent and principal of the schools at Morris, Minn., arrived in the city this morning for a week's visit with their sister, Mrs. Charles Boener. The visiting teachers expected to find the Duluth schools in session this week and intended a visit at the various buildings, but were disappointed.

A son was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Alec Mattson, of 535 Fifty-second avenue west.

Louis Foucault and Moses Boileau, who have been putting in wood all winter on the Thomson road, have finished their work and returned to West Duluth. They have taken out about 500 cords this season, of which the last load came to West Duluth on Saturday.

Rock Eddy and James Osborn have returned from Solon Springs, Wis., where they have been employed for the winter in a logging camp. They report logging operations finished for the season in that locality.

The little 3-year-old daughter of Louis Foucault, who has been very sick with scarlet fever, is now considered out of danger.

The many friends of Mrs. S. J. Nygren will be pleased to learn that she is recovering from her recent illness.

Chris Nelson is sick with the grip.

Mike Haley is in Ashland on a business trip.

W. B. Hartley has received word of the death of his grandfather, R. L. Morton, at Fergus Falls, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wade are visiting in in Two Harbors.

In the trial at Justice of Peace Stone's court on Saturday afternoon, William Schultz was found by the jury not guilty of stealing a dog claimed by Arthur Suitz. The trial was fraught with thrilling situations.

Alderman Cochrane received a few bruises and his rig was smashed up in a runaway the other day. One of the reins broke and he lost control of his spirited team.

In wall paper, the highest quality, the lowest price, at Nygren's drug store.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

Tonight!

Music at the West Duluth Covered Rink Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights this week. Excellent ice.

FOR EASTER.

Glass Block Store Blossoms Forth With Lovely Things.

Today, Tuesday and Wednesday takes place the big Easter inaugural of millinery fashions and showing of the latest in spring styles of costumes at the Glass Block store. The opening is on a magnificent scale this year and the windows and departments are dreams of beauty and elegance. The Easter windows are especially attractive and are winning many admiring comments. Easter is the one day of the year when the ladies, every one of them in fact, wishes a new hat and the life of the husband or father is bound to be made miserable until after the Eastertide, unless he does his duty. The magnificent millinery parlors of Panton & White are aglow with all the latest conceptions—Paris patterns from the master milliners of the French capital—fashionable creations from the workroom of the Glass Block store and inexpensive copies of rich foreign models for those of modest taste. The millinery modes of the big store are distinguished by their exclusive style characteristics and admired for their elegance by the crowds of ladies that have flocked through the departments today. Each conception has an original style touch that instantly appeals to smart dressers, a refined fashionable beauty that is different from the commonplace that is sometimes displayed without regard to artistic appearance.

The millinery department is, of course, a dream of loveliness. It always it, to be sure. The cases are filled with artificial flowers, the like of which has never before been seen here. There are immense popies, great crushed roses, gorgeous orchids that almost take one's breath, so natural are they. The trimmed hats are especially tasteful, the bonnets are dainty and the larger and more handsome effects have their following.

Interest is also centering in the dress goods department. The light dress goods are perhaps the most popular at this time of the year. Everybody is buying shirt waist goods, and some new samples are shown. The heavier material will furnish suitable goods for the waists of the early season.

Easter tailor-made gowns, the very latest in style, are in another splendid display. Here may be found the smartest in cut, the greatest variety of color and design. Then too, the ladies are bound not to leave the store until they have inspected the new Easter gloves. The Glass Block store has some of the swellest in color ever exhibited here. Everything all over the store is fresh and new, and looks it. All the departments have on their best bib and tucker, and have an appearance of being justifiably proud of themselves. Laces, silks and patterns shine more brilliantly and softly than ever before.

The weather today has been delightful and crowds of women have been lured by expectations of pretty things at the opening. Of course, there are many that could not get out today, but will in the next two days of the opening. The things will remain just as handsome to wait for their inspection tomorrow and Wednesday.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. De-Witt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

SHUT OFF AT TEN.

The School Board's Measure of Economy.

There is no light in the High School tower after 10 o'clock in the evening, and belated pedestrians who pass by after that hour are forced to consult their watches or their imagination when they want to know what time it is. At the last meeting of the board of education on March 1, the order went forth to turn off the lights in the High School tower, behind the four big clocks, by which most of the citizens of Duluth set their watches, at the stroke of ten. This measure was taken as an economical one, and will be continued until the board sees fit to change it. Formerly the lights have always burned until 12 o'clock, when all need for them had practically ceased, but now they are shut off two hours earlier and during those two hours, there are a great many pedestrians on the street. There are sixteen 16-candle-power incandescent lights behind the clock, four on each side, but only twelve of these are burned at the present time. The board by shutting off the lights two hours earlier make a saving of about 25 cents an evening, which would amount to a little over $75 in a year.

The next meeting of the board of education will be held next Friday.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

NO MUSIC IN HIS SOUL.

Professor Did Not Relish the Serenade.

Delaware, Ohio, April 1.—About 200 of the students of the Ohio Wesleyan university celebrated the opening of the spring term by serenading Professor Edward L. Rice, who were married during the recent vacation, and who has just returned with his blushing bride. The university band was employed for the occasion. Professor Rice evidently did not relish the call, for he failed to show himself after the band had played all the tunes with which it was familiar, and several with which it was unfamiliar.

Determined to call the professor out, drastic methods were employed, and, after trying fireworks without effect, one of the boys climbed a tree near the house, and from that position inserted a lighted torch at the open window of the professor's room. This had the desired effect of smoking him out, and his remarks to the assembled multitude had the smell of smoke. The boys claim that Rice "has no music in his soul, and is not moved by concord of sweet sounds," and threaten to renew the call with instruments of less soothing smyphony.

Repeated By Request

"A Scrap of Paper"

Tuesday Evening, April 2nd.

Comedy in three acts. At the First Unitarian Church cor First Street and Eighth Avenue East. Admission 50c. Children 35c.

NO MORE TRAIN BOYS.

Good-by to the train boy. On Jan. 1, 1900, on two important American railroad systems, the experiment, heretofore tried tentatively, of excluding from their cars all peddling popcorn, peanuts, cigars, newspapers, games, caramels, matches and magazines, was inaugurated and the "train boy" summarily done away with. Against the innovation serious and urgent opposition may be expected, for the train boy, with his wares, has come to be regarded, if not as a cherished, certainly as an unavoidable incident of American passenger travel by railroad, says the New York Evening Sun. In the evolution of modern travel to its present point of excellence, the ununiformed conductor, distinguishable only by his metal badge, the loud-shouting brakeman and car coupler have disappeared, but the "candy or train boy" with his stock of peanuts and confectionery has lingered on, a burden to the patience of many travelers and an unnecessary survival of archaic railroading.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

SMITH'S LITTLE ERROR.

The next time Mrs. Smith needs anything she'll have to buy it herself, says the New York Sun. So Smith says, and he vows he means it. That comes from Mrs. Smith's saying she needed a pair of silver curling tongs and Smith remembering it when he wandered into a silversmith's and saw on the counter a tray of silver-handled articles that opened like hair curlers.

"That's just what I want for my wife," remarked Smith as he chose a pair. "Send 'em home."

Mrs. Smith looked pleased but puzzled when Smith reached home, but she kissed Smith and he assumed an air of deserving it.

"They're lovely, dear," said Mrs. Smith exhibiting the present, "but I have glove-stretchers already. Why did you buy them?"

"Glove-stretchers!" shrieked Smith, and then he foolishly owned up to his mistake. Mrs. Smith has the other things as well now.

STURDY AUNT HATTIE.

Aunt Hattie Robinson, a sturdy negress of St. Louis, Ky., has for some time devoted her strength to the breaking of rocks for the street paving contracts, says the Philadelphia Record. She says: "I've been 58 years in dis world, and I'se no fool if I is a doing something funny. I finds it a heap easier then washing clothes, and if I wants ter do it. I rockin it's nobody's business."

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

A YOUNG ROBBER

Thirteen-Year-Old Boy Relieves Woodsman of $290.

Throws Police Off the Track For a Short Time.

Will Probably Be Sent to the Red Wing School.

A small, precocious boy robbed an unusually large woodsman of $290 yesterday afternoon. After outwitting and outrunning the woodsman, he outwitted the police for a time, but was finally brought up with a jerk by Detective Troyer, who recovered most of the money.

The precocious one is John Triemert, a 13-year-old son of August Triemert, of 2506 West Second street. This afternoon he was placed on trial on a charge of petty larceny and the testimony was still being taken at a late hour. The youngster will probably be sentenced to the state industrial school at Red Wing.

Yesterday afternoon young Triemert and an 11-year-old companion named Floyd Miller, met a woodsman named Charles Harris on the Bowery. Mr. Harris has been foreman for the Hurd & McVedi lumber camp near Grand Rapids. When the camp broke up Saturday he cashed in at the Grand Rapids bank to the etxent of $328. He came to Duluth on his way to Minneapolis. When he met the precocious boy on the Bowery he was endevaring to get away from a number of his former employes, who had already succeeded in getting him under the influence of the rain water and dope that is sold under the name of "Bowery" whisky. When approached by the youngster with an invitation to take a walk, the woodsman thought that would be as good a way to get away from his Bowery associates as any and walked out Michigan street as far as Eleventh avenue west. At the street car power house they turned down to the railroad yards, and young Triemert cleverly turned the conversation to money matters, finally saying to the woodsman that he didn't "think he had any more money than a jack rabbit."

The woodsman pulled out a roll containing $290 to show it, and enjoy the sensation of hearing the anticipated expressions of surprise from the boys when they saw such a large roll of money.

It was the woodsman that gave vent to the expression of surprise, for he had scarcely separated the money from his inside pocket when young Triemert deftly snatched it out of his hands and ran across a small pond. The ice held the fleet-footed youngster, but the woodsman broke through when he attempted to follow. He plunged through the water and ice and young Triemert finally lost his nerve and dropped the money, or at least a part of it. Harris did not notice this and kept on after him. The boy climbed up the hill near Twelfth avenue west and caught a West Duluth street car. When Harris reached Michigan street he was not in sight.

Floyd Miller, the 11-year-old boy noticed his companion drop the money and picked up one roll containing fourteen $10-notes. Then he hurried away overlooking five $20-notes that were scattered along the railroad tracks between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues.

Harris went to police headquarters and was telling his story when Detective Troyed stopped in. He remembered that young Triemert had snatched a watch on the same plan a few days before and asked for a description of the young thief. It was given and tallied accurately with the precocious boy from the West End. The detective went to the boy's home at 2506 West Second street and arrested him. The boy's father assisted the officer very materially. At police headquarters the youngster told a story about seeing two strangers take Harris into a snake room back of a Bowery saloon and managed to keep the story straight against the most rigid cross-examination. Still the police held him and the father went out to look for young Floyd Miller as did Detective Troyer.

Mr. Triemert met him near the Y. M. C. A. building and told Miller that he would take him back to police headquarters. The youngster dropped $140 on the street without Mr. Triemert seeing it, and a brother who was with him took up the thread of crime, and secreted the $140 in a barn near the Armory. He did not know where his brother had obtained so much money, so he ran home and told his mother. She at once telephoned to police headquarters, having learned before that Detective Troyer was looking for her son. A few moments before the message was delivered, however, the officers had released the two boys, as young Miller told a story that substantiated that of the precocious Triemert.

Detective Troyer then made a second trip to the Triemert home in the West End and took the boy from the house against a volley of bitter abuse from the father, who had changed completely in his attitude toward the officer between the first and second arrests.

About 9 o'clock last night Mr. Troyer went down to the scene of the robbery with a lantern and found five $20-notes.

This morning it was decided that in order to save time and expense a charge of petty larceny, instead of grand larceny, should be preferred against young Triemert. He is only 13 and on either charge his sentence would be the same.

If You Have Dyspepsia
Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, fo six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50—if not, it is free.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

Entertainment

At the First Norwegian Lutheran Church, Cor. First Avenue East and Third St., Tuesday, April 2, at 8 p. m.

G. J. Dahl's new invented Phonoco-Opgraph, co-operated with his Moving Picture Machine—

with an interesting program of great variety, such as:

A trip to Paris and the World's fair—50 views.

Old Glory, our flag, fluttering in the breeze, with music "The Star Spangled Banner."

Cavalry horses, with men on their backs, swimming, a river in Cuba.

The battle of San Juan Hill, with war music.

Railway train coming along at full speed.

Quartet song, solos, speeches by several prominent pastors from different places.

Horse races, fire alarm, bicycle racing, etc., etc. A photograph will also be taken of the audience. Admission, 25c; children under 12 years, 10c.

MANY CRIMES.

Charged Against Ross Raymond Once More In Jail.

Ross Raymond, bon vivant and forger, literateur and convict, companion of kings, scholar, poet and thief, lies in a New York prison cell, and another chapter has been added to the most amazing criminal narrative of the age, says the Philadelphia North American.

This time he is "Alfred Parsons," Lord Rosse of Burr Castle, Ireland." He was arrested a few days ago in New Haven, Conn., for an attempted fraud upon President Hadley of Yale college. Then it was learned that he was the person who had a week or so earlier obtained $290 from former Postmaster General James, president f the Lincoln National bank of New York, on a forged check bearing the signature of the private secretary to Seth Low, president of Columbia college. He was identified as Raymond only yesterday.

Only the pen of a Hugo or a Gautier could adequately set down the story of Ross Raymond's forty-seven years of life. The mention of his name—or that by which he is best known—will carry vivid appeal to men and women throughout the civilized world. Many of these are Philadelphians. He lived here for months early and late, and as recently as six months ago.

He is a citizen of the world. You could not mention the name of a man or woman of note from Hong Kong to New York but he would answer with an anecdote of his intimate acquaintance with that person. He has hob-nobbed with royalty, with statesmen, servants, the elite of the world, and he has broken stone in prisons from the Orient to the Golden Gate.

He first became known in this country some fifteen or twenty years ago, and signalized his advent by a forgery which sent him to Sing Sing. Upon his release he made the acquaintance of William H. Seymour, the original admiral of "Pinafore," and through his influence obtained an editorial position on the Baltimore News.

Not long afterwards he came to Philadelphia and was given a place on the Times, where he did notable journalistic work for two years.

One night Raymond was missing, and nothing was heard of him for months. Then news came that he was editing a newspaper in Allahabad, India. He left there to join the British troops in Egypt, and next came to attention as correspondent for the London Standard, at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir.

After this he again passed into the shadows until 1882, when he performed the most remarkable exploit of his career.

In Egypt, it afterwards developed, he had made the acquaintance of Mrs. Poixette, wife of the American consul at Lyons, France. Gaining her confidence, he learned all that was necessary of her husband, and, appearing one day in Lyons, he introduced himself to the consul as a son of Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York Times.

It was not long before he had won the consul's favor, and soon he was the center of the American set in the French city.

He was wined and dined and feted with the utmost prodigality, and when he became short of ready money Mr. Proxette was only too glad to cash a check for 5000 francs. By the time the check was proved bogus Raymond had vanished.

While the authorities were still looking for him there appeared one day at the Hotel Splendide, in Paris, a turbaned individual of Oriental aspect, with a large retenue of servants in Egyptian dress.

The chief of the party called for the proprietor, and, engaging his absolute secrecy, confided the statement that he was private secretary to the Khedive of Egypt, who would follow him in a day or two. His royal master was traveling incognito, owing to the financial complications, but that would detract nothing from his Eastern beunty. The secretary had been instructed to make a gift to the hotel keeper—anything the latter might choose.

They went to Revaut, the jeweler in the Rue de la Paix, and there the stranger selected a mangnificent gold watch, studded with the richest of gems, had the hotel man's initials set in diamonds in the case, and presented it to him, with the compliments of the khedive. The gift in all cost some $1200.

Then the secretary carelessly went over a list of other presents which he was commissioned to bestow in Paris, and had $15,000 worth of diamond brooches, rings and other jewels set aside "to be called for tomorrow."

The hotel keeper had, of course, proudly whispered to the jeweler the secret of the other's personality, and he generously permitted his customer to choose his own time for settlement of the account.

Returning to the hotel, the "secretary" engaged the premier suite "for the khedive," ousting a party of German princes who were obliged to take an upper floor.

He scattered largesse among the servants and attaches with royal hand, had the suite filled with the rarest flowers, canopies stretched from door to curb, and carpets containing the khedive's coat-of-arms laid in the apartments. Not a detail was lacking. The names to which his retainers answered were those of the khedive's own suite, and to every query he could return a quick and sure answer.

In England he gained the confidence of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, now colonial secretary, and forged his name to a check for more than $20,000. Later he served ten years in Brentwood prison for a similar crime with the name of George Augustus Sala, the eminent writer.

Returning to America, he became attached to the New York Herald, and when Garfield was dying at Elberton wrote letters of exceptional ability to that paper.

Two years ago he came to Philadelphia and was made city editor of the Times. He held the position but a short time and disappeared to begin his swindling operations once more. Soon afterwards he turned up in Milwaukee. He claimed to be a British officer and presented forged letters from Adjut. Gen. Corbin and a number of others, borrowed a large sum of money and was arrested and sent to the work house. He disappeared again until his latest arrest at New Haven.

Raymond should have lived in the time of the Borgias. He is mediaeval in his crimes. He has the soult of a poet. He can sit at a cafe table and entertain a company of marked brilliancy with tales of personal adventure undreamed of by the most fanciful novelists. He would move you to tears reciting in his soft, sweet tones Shelly's "Ode to a Skylark," as I heard him one night in a Chestnut street restaurant, and next moment, if he knew you well enough, he would laughingly tell you how his cellmate in some foreign chain gang had once tried to kill him because he held aloof from "such cattle."

But the real story of Raymond cannot be written until Raymond is no more.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

INCREASE IN TARIFF

Wanted By Nearly All Branches of German Industries.

Demands of Paper Manufacturers Have Recently Grown Loud.

Fear of American Competition the Basis of Movement.

From the Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Walter Schumann, United States consul at Mainz, says in a communication to the state department that "according to the German press, it appears that almost all branches of German industries are using their influence to procure an increase in the tariff rates." The substance of Mr. Schumann's article has been carried by the Associated Press, but to make it at all interesting to the average reader it should be printed in full. It follows:

The demands of the German paper manufacturers for a higher tariff have recently become very loud. Not satisfied with raising prices for printing paper 25 to 40 per cent, forming a trust, and making their selling terms rather harsh, they now also demand more protection. At present the customs tariff divides imported paper into three classes and imposes duties thereon as follows: (1) Ordinary packing paper, 23.8 cents per 222 pounds; (2) printing and similar paper, $1 43 per 222 pounds; fine paper, $2.35 per 220 pounds.

It is the desire of the paper manufacturers to have the tariff now in course of preparation divide all imported paper into two classes, of which the first class is to embrace all ordinary packing paper, at a duty of 95 cents in place of 23.8 cents per 220 pounds, as heretofore, and the second class to embrace "all other paper" and be subject to a duty of $2.38 per 220 pounds. The manufacturers' reason for demanding so high a tariff is, as they say, their fear of American competition. They claim that if a high protective tariff is not established, the nUited States will ruin the German paper industry, as new paper factories are being constantly built in the United States, and before long that republic will simply flood the German paper market, especially as its manufacturers have greater resources, as regards raw material, than the Germans, and are therefore able to produce more cheaply.

A German journal, in reply to the above assertions of the German paper manufacturers, fails to comprehend their terror with regard to American competition. Granting the better facilities of American manufacturers, this journal claims that the advantage is more than balanced by the expense of freight and the present import duty. The article goes on to say that even several years ago, when paper prizes were exceedingly low in the United States, American manufacturers were not able to compete with the German paper manufacturers. At that time American printing paper was sold at 4.29 to 4.52 cents per 2.2 pounds or kilogram, c. i. f. Hamburg. Adding the duty of 1.45 cents per 2.2 pounds, brought the price of American paper at Hamburg up to 5.71, or 5.95 cents per 2.2 pounds, or to 6.43 or 6.66 cents in the interior, whereas the German manufacturers delivered throughout the country at 5 to 5.24 cents per 2.2 pounds. In the face of this, it cannot be contended that American competition forced down prices. Furthermore, the fact must be taken into consideration that the above prices were the lowest that ever obtained in the United States, and it is extremely improbable that they will ever be repeated, as both wages and cost of raw material have increased there Then, again, the American paper manufacturers have combined to guard their interests, and today they do not furnish printing paper below 5.95 cents c. i. f. Germany.

The journal adds that if the demands of the German paper manufacturers were acceeded to, it is obvious that the prices for German paper would be increased enormously, for then American paper would cost approximately, c. i. f. Hamburg, 5.95 cents per 2.2 pounds, plus 2.38 cents duty, and 0.714-cent freight to the interior, and expenses would bring the price of American paper to 9.04 cents per 2.2 pounds. It seems clear that the German manufacturers would profit by these conditions, and would raise their prices to such an extent as to yield them an enormous profit, although remaining low enough to bar Americon competition. It goes without saying that the German press, which would suffer most from such increase in the cost of paper, is waging a lively campaign against this measure. A year ago printing paper in Germany cost from 5 to 5.47 cents per 2.2 pounds; since then prices have increased to 6.66 to 7.14 cents. The larger German journals consume 22,000 pounds of paper daily. A year ago this quantity cost on the average $523.50; today, however, $690.20; and, should the tariff which the paper manufacturers desire become law, this cost would increase to $880.60.

* * *

Consul Hughes, at Coburg, informs the state department that a commission of the German board of trade has considered the question of the establishment of an information office for foreign commerce. In some quarters it is doubted whether such an institution can be of any real service, as it may compete with bureaus already existing. Its promoters urge that the United Kingdom, United States and France having anticipated Germany in this respect, this country dare not long remain behind. The new organization is not to supersede but to complete the old one. To finance the affair, it is proposed that 3000 firms should each subscribe annually $25; the commercial chambers, 2 per cent of their receipts; from unions, from the empire, from the city of Berlin an approximate sum of $50,000 is expected. The work of the information office would consist in furnishing information on laws and decrees relating to trade with foreign lands, duties on each single article, regulations as to certificates of origin, agents, commercial travelers, protection of, patents, information as to means of transportation, cost of freight to districts where goods are required or from which goods may be obtained. It is especially urged that reliable information should be given as to the addresses of respectable foreign solicitors. It is also expected that the German consular corps will help the project in every way in their power.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Stop That Head Cold in 10 Minutes
or it will develop into chronic catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in ten minutes, and relieves most acute and deep-seated catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it."—John E. Dell, Paulding, O. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—23.

THAT ONE WORD.

Philadelphia Press: Tess—I understand Miss Krusty actually paid me a compliment the other evening.

Jess—Not quite, but she came as near it as could be expected of her.

Tess—What did she say?

Jess—She said you wore "very charming—but——"

TIGER QUELLED BY A KICK.

Rajah, the ferocious Bengal tiger of the Bostock zoo, which a short time ago killed young Neilson, one of its keepers, after bullets and red-hot irons had been used upon it without effect, broke out of its cage, put to flight the attendants in the place and was in a fair way to repeat its death-dealing performance, when it was unexpectedly checked in an encounter with a quagga, says the Chicago Times-Herald.

The quagga is a distant relative of the ass and in this exploit demonstrated that blood will tell. With a kick it stretched Rajah on the floor and before the effects of the blow passed away the tiger had been returned to his cage.

Rajah escaped by making a lunge against the bars between his cage and that of the quagga, from which the latter had been led a short time previously by Keeper William Boyker, who left the door open.

Boyker saved his life by darting back into the empty cage and closing the door. The other keepers sought places of safety and Rajah turned his attention to the quagga. The latter was conscious of its danger and running down the narrow passageway back of the cages jumped into the arena just as Rajah made a lunge at it, the beast's great paw reaching the striped hip of the quagga and tearing the flesh as it escaped from the attack.

Capt. Bonavita was in the ampitheater and seeing the animals coming called to his assistants and fled. Around the arena ran the quagga and a second time around with the tiger but a few feet behind, and gaining at every bound. When but a yard away Rajah crouched for a spring at his prey, but just at that instant Capt. Bonavita fired a shot at him and the bullet struck an inch below the heart. The tiger reeled and fell.

The quagga, terrified by the pursuit and by the noise of the pistol shot and the shouting of the employes, made a third circuit of the arena and just as it passed the tiger the latter arose and started again in pursuit.

Half way around the area the quagga suddenly stopped. Rajah had crouched, but before he could spring the heels of the little animal shot out like lightning and dealt him a stunning blow on the head. The tiger reeled and sank to the floor.

When it satggered to its feet Capt. Bonavita started toward it and Rajah sneaked into the cage. The animal did not appear any the worse for the shot near his heart and the bruise from the quagga's heels that had so effectually stunned him.

Two Trains a Day.

On May 5 the Northern Pacific Railway company will inaugurate a double train service between Duluth and Staples, Minn., to make connections with the North Coast limited train from the Twin Cities. While the time card for this service has not been definitely arranged, it is probable that there will be trains into Duluth at about 7 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and departing trains at 8 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening.

An Old Friend

S. S. S. has been before the public for many years; from a small beginning, it has steadily worked its way to the front, and is now known in every city, town and hamlet in the country. Its staunchest friends are those who have known it longest and have witnessed its wonderful curative powers in their own families or among their friends and acquaintances. Grateful patients in all parts of the country tell of their restoration to health and happiness, and the testimony of these is the highest evidence of the medicine's worth. S. S. S. is more popular today than ever in its history—no other remedy stands so high, has ever given such perfect satisfaction or is so reliable in the cure of Cancer, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Acne, or any disease that originates in the blood. Being strictly a vegetable preparation, you will find it agrees with you much better than a drug store concoction or any of the widely advertised potash and mercury remedies, which affect the bones, muscles and stomach, causing Rheumatism or Dyspepsia. If you have never tried S. S. S., you will be surprised at the immediate good effects,

Don't Experiment—Take S. S. S.

for no sooner does it get into the circulation than the appetite increases; you grow stronger, and gradually but surely it drives out the poisons and restores the blood to a healthy condition. If there is a sore or ulcer on the body, it begins to heal around the edges, the discharge finally ceases and the place gets well; muscular and bone pains vanish, and the skin is relieved of all itching, irritating eruptions. Nervous, run down and anaemic people will find S. S. S. just the medicine they need, for blood poverty and illy nourished nerves are responsible for their condition. For old people and children S. S. S. has no equal; being free from all minerals, it does not nauseate or have any injurious effect whatever, and keeps the blood in good condition, thus fortifying against disease. Experience teaches what is good and what is not good; this applies particularly to medicine, and S. S. S., a remedy that has retained the confidence of the people for nearly 50 years, must have merit—IT CURES, is the secret of its success. When you call for S. S. S. don't be persuaded to accept something else—there is no substitute for S. S. S. It is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier, and the safest and best for all blood and skin troubles. Do not let them force an inferior mineral remedy on you because there is a larger profit in it. If you have any blood or skin disease, don't hesitate to write us about it; our physicians will carefully consider your case and advise you without charge. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

—THE—

NEW COLORED SHIRTS ARE HERE—$1.50 and $2.00.

Easter Neckwear

IS IN—De Joinvilles, Puffs, Ascots, Narrow Four-in-Hands, New Batwings, Butterflies, "Three-in-Ones"—50c to $2.50.

Dunlap, Stetson and Roelofs Extra Qualities and Excellent Styles. HATS

Derby and Soft, $3, $4 and $5. Silks, $6 and $8. Operas, $10. Crushers, $1.25 to $3.

Caps, 50c to $3.00.

NEW OUTSEAM STREET GLOVES $1.50 to $2

A. B. Siewert & Co.

HATTERS AND FURNISHERS,

304 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CUTTING TIMBER

Cedar Island Lake Controversy Takes New Turn.

Lumber Company Taking Timber Off the Land.

Leaves Settler In a Bad Shape Though Government Wins.

The settlers on lands on Cedar Island lake are up in arms over a new phase that their litigation with Murphy, Dorr et al has taken. This suit is now pending in two courts, the state court of Minnesota and the United States court. In the latter it has been decided by Judge Lochren in favor of Murphy, Dorr et al, and is now before the court of appeals, having been appealed by the government. The claimants of the timber are the plaintiffs in the case, and the government is the defendant.

Murphy, Dorr et al purchased the lands on the shore of Cedar Island lake, as shown by the government map. It turned out afterward that the field notes of the government surveyors showed the lake as about twice its actual size. Murphy, Dorr et al claim that they bought the fractional lots running to the lake shore, and that they are entitled to the lands down to the lake shore, wherever that is. The government holds that they are entitled to the land only to the meandered line, as shown on the map.

In the state court the case was tried some years ago, and Judge Morris held with the government.

There are a number of settlers on the lands and they have filed homesteads. It is needless to say, however, that they are much interested in the timber.

Recently men working for the Cloquet Lumber company have been on the land cutting the timber, claiming to have bought from Murphy, Dorr et al. They cleaned most of the timber off the land of Henry Wickey, G. A. Burns and A. J. Shea, and later began work on the piece upon which W. H. Shea had settled. He entered a remonstrance and it was not heeded.

Then he went to Eveleth and got a number of men, about twenty in all, including Neil McInnis, A. G. Kingston, J. C. Poole and others to go out with him. They met the foreman, Peter Campbell, but in response to their questions as to his right to cut the land he said nothing, but went on with his work.

Then Mr. Shea went back to Eveleth and got out a warrant charging him and his men with forcibly entering property that did not belong to them and Campbell and about fourteen others were arrested and taken to Eveleth. There Campbell gave bonds to keep the peace in the sum of $50 and the others were released on their own recognizance. The case will come up Thursday.

The settlers are greatly concerned in this matter for if the timber is removed from the land they have no recourse. The government can collect for the timber if it is cut and it is held that the government owns the land but the settler can get nothing for he has taken the land as a homesteader and not for the timber.

W. F. Bailey, of Eau Claire, represents the settlers and he was sent for and went up to Eveleth. He came down today. Tomorrow another case will come up in the district court here.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Patents have been received at the United States land office for John A. McDevitt, William C. Gilbert, Joseph H. Dunning, Thomas L. Walker, James McHarg, Agnes G. Maginnis, Charles H. Maginnis, John Arndt.

The Modern Samaritans will hold another of their delightful receptions this evening that they term "Ladies' Night." An exceptionally fine program has been arranged after which there will be a lunch served and a period of social enjoyment. These meetings are becoming very popular. The entertainment will occur in Odd Fellows' hall.

Local holders of Calumet & Arizona copper stock claim that there were a few sales made on Saturday through Duluth, at $20 The stock was put on the market at $10 a few weeks ago. There is considerable of the stock held here, but few of the purchasers are inclined to sell at the present.

The Interstate Traction company put a force of men at work today on the cars to be used the coming season on the Park Point electric railway line. Dredging will be necesary before the cable which conveys the power is laid across the canal this spring.

The second Beethoven concert at Pilgrim church Wednesday night; admission, 75c.

Building permits for the month of March amounted to $56,775, against $18,597 for the month of February. There were twenty-nine permits taken out during the past month.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Edward J. Coughlin and Nellie Rose Johnson, Daniel Benton and Minnie Scott, and to Alfred Kippo and Minnie Johnson.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. W. D. Gordon and son Ross, left yesterday for New York. They will visit the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo before their return.

W. T. Bailey and family this morning took possession of their home at 1217 East First street, which has for some months been occupied by the family of C. C. Cokefair. Mr. and Mrs. Cokefair are in the East.

Frank Billings, of Cleveland, arrived in the city this morning and is a guest of the Spalding.

William Sauntry, the Stillwater lumberman, returned to the city this morning after a trip about the Northwest looking after his many lagging interests.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Madden, of Ashland, are visitors in the city today.

J. D. Shilling, of Biwabik, came down frow the range this morning.

R. M. Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, was a business caller in the city today.

J. A. Smith, of Cleveland, registered at the Spalding today.

Thomas Gill, of Hawthorne, Wis., visited in the city today.

Mrs. B. O'Rourke, of Hibbing, Mrs. C. H. O'Rourke, of Ontonagon, Mich., and Mrs. Walsh, of Rockland, Mich., were among shoppers in the city today.

Mrs. J. A. Clarey has returned from a two weeks' visit in the East.

Miss Minnie Vail, who has been visiting with friends in Minneapolis for the past two weeks, returned home Saturday evening.

Hon. O. D. Kinney left last Saturday for Battle Creek, Mich., where he will remain for some time taking treatment at a sanitarium.

George Hollen and Frank S. Lang, of Koochiching, Minn., arrived in the city this morning.

F. E. Otis, commercial agent of the Milwaukee road, was in Minneapolis over Sunday.

Dr. Frederick Patton returned this morning from Dedham, Wis.

Miss Bessie Cotterell, of Minneapolis, is in the city for a week's visit at the home of Miss Maude Collier, 1320 East Second street.

THOMAS LOSES.

Cincinnati, April 1.—In a suit by W. W. Thomas against the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance company, to recover $1600 for loss on the burning of his warehouse, the jury today returned a verdict for the defendant. This is a test case involving about $80,000 of insurance. It was claimed the plaintiff had misrepresented his losses.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

To Prospective Grooms!

You want the correct style wedding rings? We have them—something new—used down East altogether of late. Our wedding rings are 18-k seamless.

THE VERY BEST MONEY CAN BUY.

F. D. DAY & CO.,

Fashionable Jewelers,

315 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

IS DERANGED

Philip Wolfrom of Duluth Becomes Insane.

Crazed By Loss of His Art Treasures.

New York, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Philip Wolfrom, born in Duluth, Minn., an artist, saw on Thursday flames bursting from his studio on West Fourteenth street. The firemen arrived at the same time that he did. He tried to force his way into the room, but they held him back. It was too late to save anything, and all his art treasures were consumed.

With a look of sorrow he commenced to talk about his paintings and models. Then, with a laugh, he turned away—the delicate mind of the artist was unstrung. In a little while he rushed to Miss Maud Stumm's studio, in West Twenty-third street. There he sat down at an easel. Over and over again he tried to catch an expression on the cloth, but it would not come. He talked incoherently and Miss Stumm was frightened.

That night he sat all night on his stairs. Those who passed thought him drunk. In Jefferson Market court, Miss Stumm sadly made complaint against her old friend, charging tha the was insane. He was sent to Bellevue that his mental condition might be determined. Miss Stumm telegraphed to his sister in Kansas City, and his family will take charge of him. It is hoped he will recover.

Philip Wolfrom is a son of Louis Wolfrom, of Duluth, and is well known here, many friends having watched his artistic career with interest.

EVELETH ROW

Austrian Boarding House Surrounded By Village Marshals.

There has been a red-hot time at Eveleth in the past twenty-four hours and it is not over yet so far as known here. Last night there was a row in an Austrian boarding house and the bartender struck a young fellow over the head with a bottle, splitting his head open. The fellow got out of the place and complained to the marshal. An officer was sent to the place to arrest the bartender. When he made known his mission he was set upon, knocked down, hammered and cut about the head. His revolver was taken from him before he could use it and he was badly used up.

He managed to get away from the place and got help, but further admittance was resisted. A number of deputies were then sworn in and surrounded the house. When the train left this morning they were still surrounding the house, about ten in number, while in the house there are supposed to be from seventy-five to 100 Austrians.

THE OPENING.

Freimuth Displays Fashions For Spring In All Lines.

The beautiful millinery and suit show rooms of I. Freimuth never appeared more charming than today during the spring opening of millinery fashions, costumes and tailor suit styles. Upon leaving the elevator one passes under a massive arch of white, decorated with flowers, and finds himself immediately among the fairest conceptions of lovely headwear. Table after table is filled with these fetching bits of lace and chiffon and straw and braid and flowers, most cleverly and artistically put together, till the whole room seems like a vast, radiant flower garden.

In the west corner is the French parlor, wherein may be seen some of the creations which this progressive house has imported direct from Virot Ponyaune, Linn-Faulkner, Lewis and other leaders in the millinery art in Paris, the fountain of millinery style. These imported hats are used as models, and many valuable suggestions of make and style are obtained from their study.

The show is supplemented by many other beautiful hats from New York's first makers and from the hands of the house's own designers, of whom a larger number is employed this season than ever before.

Passing from the millinery to the garment room one is impressed by the completeness, size and variety of the stock of ready-to-wear apparel for women. There are to be seen the latest "Princess suits" that bring out most perfectly the long, graceful lines of the figure; the postilion-back suits, and a bewildering variety of jaunty and stylish Eton, bolero and blouse suits of every conceivable color and trimming. Silk waists that embody every idea of stitching and bordering, lace trimmings, etc., are there in abundance; also the silk skirts which are cut on models by King, the famous Parisian dressmaker, who is famed for his perfectly shaped skirts.

The crowd was something tremendous in both the departments, and much buying was being done. Mr. Freimuth, who was on the floor genially greeting his friends and seeing that all had the proper attention, expressed himself as well pleased with the attendance and the business that was being done.

The opening will continue tomorrow, he said, when they anticipate having many new things which were expected to arrive today. It's a sight that no woman in Duluth should miss.

WILL ASK REPARATION.

Venezuela Must Settle For Damage Done.

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, April 1.—(Via Haytien cable.)—The volonial authorities of the Island of Trinidad have been directed to prepare evidence for the use of the British minister at Caracas, who has been instructed to make representations to the Venezuelan government regarding the action of the Venezuelan gunboat Auguste in landing men on the Island of Patos (British) and destroying four neutral vessels containing British cargoes. It is believed that the British government will demand ample reparation for the destruction of the vessels and guarantees against similar acts in the future.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

MUSTER OUT.

Colonel Van Duzee Asks That Company G Be Disbanded.

The long-expected crisis in the affairs of Company G is at hand. Word reached here Saturday night that Col. C. A. Van Duzee, commanding the Third regiment, has asked that Company G be mustered out of the service.

This was expected last fall and early in the winter when a court of inquiry was appointed to look into the affairs of the company. While the findings of this court have never been made public, it has been authetically understood that the company had not been having regular or well attended drills. There were undoubtedly other findings, but at that time there was a prospect of a reorganization.

It is not known just how soon the company will be mustered out or who will be appointed to receipt for the company property, but it is expected that Col. Van Duzee's request will be granted promptly.

A drill of Company G has been called by Capt. Wigdahl for this evening. It is important that every member of the company should attend this drill for personal as well as company reasons.

There is considerable talk of organizing a new company to replace Company G. The letter would be changed and it is possible that for the present, at least, the new company, if organized, would have to go into another regimental organization.

VIEWED IN MADRID.

Capture of Aguinaldo Will Not End War.

Madrid, April 1.—The capture of Aguinaldo has caused much interest here. The press is divided on the subject. Some of the newspapers are delighted with his capture and describe him as a black traitor to Spain. Others consider him a traitor to his own race and declare he was bought with American dollars.

Interviews are published with the direct Filipino organ here, and with the president of the so-called Philippine junta. They are both quoted as emphatically declaring that the capture of Aguinaldo will have no permanent effect on the war, that he will be replaced and that the Filipinos, aided by the climate, will never be subdued.

WEDNESDAY.

Last Day For China to Sign Manchurian Treaty.

St. Petersburg, April 1.—The new term within which the signature of the Manchurian agreement is demanded expires Wednesday. The confidence that the treaty will be accepted substantially in its present form is apparently unshaken here, though no positive prophecies are made.

FIRE EATERS

Of Cuba Say They Will "Take To the Woods."

Washington, April 1.—Senator Proctor, of Vermont, has just returned from Cuba, where he has been making observations concerning conditions in the island. The senator said he found a disposition among many leading Cubans to accept the terms of the Platt amendment as the most satisfactory solution of the relations between the United States and Cuba. There are some fire eaters, the senator says, who assert that rather than accept any interference by the United States, they will "take to the woods." This is Cuban for going to war. Senator Proctor says, however, that a great many people in the country districts, those who have been at war for many years, declare that they have had enough of the "woods." There is a disposition on the part of some of the Cubans, he says, to place a strained interpretation upon the Platt legislation and they are trying to convince the Cubans that the United States intends to do them great injustice.

According to Senator Proctor these are not making very much headway, especially, he says, as the delegates to the convention are now hearing from their constituents, the large proportion of whom are anxious for a settlement of all political relations with the United States, and urge the delegates to accept the offers of this government. Senator Proctor, speaking generally of conditions in Cuba says that the business situation is much improved. American capital is now being invested, and this has been especially marked during the past three months. Various enterprises are on foot, there being employment for nearly everybody.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We will show tomorrow entire new lines in

SPRING CAPES..

For day or evening wear.

Some of them especially adapted for theater wear—novelties that will not be found at any other house at the head of the lakes thus making them entirely exclusive.

Some plain Capes, 25-inch length, tan, black, lined with rich silk or satin, $8.50, $10, $12, $15, $18 and up to $40.

30-inch length in the most wanted shades and black. Some beautifully appliqued and finished with jet at $10, $12, $15, $20 and up to $50.

We also show the plain Capes, 30 inches long, of finest Broadcloth, with triple small capes over shoulder. One of the smartest wraps out in the East, tan, red and black, richly lined with silk.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

TO SETTLE IT.

Marine Engineers Will Meet Boat Owners at Cleveland.

Detroit, April 1—The News this afternoon says: The marine engineers' strike may be a thing of the past before the end of this week. National President Uhler of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial association, who is now in Cleveland, has sent telegrams to fourteen Detroit engineers employed by the Minnesota Steamship company, to come immediately to Cleveland, where a conference will be held between the officers of the line, Uhler and the engineers and a settlement of the trouble agreed upon.

These men were asked some time ago by the officers of the Minnesota line to come to Cleveland and arrange matters, but they refused to go without Uhler's advice

JUGULAR CUT.

John Sullivan of West Duluth Killed at Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, Minn., April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Sullivan, a lumberjack, was killed here last evening by being pushed through a plate glass window at Parger & O'Brien's saloon, the glass cutting his juglar vein. The deceased was married and his home is at West Duluth, Minn. The killing was accidental.

A NEW CREED.

Will Be Written By One Man, Says the Rev. Talmage.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 1.—Rev. T. D Witt Talmage, who was here today, was asked his opinion as to the proposed revision of the Presbyterian creed. He said:

"My own firm belief is that the work will not be done by a committee. When the time is ripe some one of our great men—a man of heart and brain—will step forward and read the simple article of what we now believe. When it comes it will fire the hearts of men like flame and will be adopted instantly. I hardly think things will be ripe enough for this at the next general assembly. There are a number of our great men who are as fully competent to promulgate a creed as was John Calvin. Any creed that leaves in doubt the salvation of infants or prescribes them for damnation is defective. There is one clause in our creed which I cannot quote verbatim, but which is to the effect that the destiny of every member of the human race was settled ages ago and that no matter of belief or works on the part of this or that individual can change it as regards himself. Such a creed is too deep."

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Cleveland Carpenters Will Get an Advance.

Cleveland, April 1.—It now seems probable that the threatened strike of the carpenters in this city will not take place. It is stated that fully half of the contractors have agreed to pay the increase demanded and it is thought the remainder will do likewise shortly. The Building Laborers' union also demanded an advance today of 25 cents, or $2 per day. The emplowers, it is said, have generally conceded the increase.

NEW SCALE

For Indiana Carpenters or a Strike.

Marion, Ind., April 1.—Today closes the fiscal year of the carpenters' unions of the Gas belt. If a new scale is not signed the men will strike tomorrow in all the gas belt towns. They now demand a sliding scale, each man to receive pay in accordance with quality and quantity of his work, but they also demand that the minimum scale shall be 30 cents an hour and the maximum 50 cents.

EASTER HATS.

Never had such nice-looking Hats for the money. They are a surprise to everybody.

MISS SWENSON,

Parlor 4, Over Suffel's.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Millinery!

If you were here Saturday you will understand "why" we urge you to place your order for your Easter Hat as early in the week as possible so that we shall have ample time to give it plenty of attention.

We've never done so much Millinery business so early—partly because of the popular prices we've put upon our handsome Hats this season—and partly because there's nothing to be gained by waiting.

Spring has got so far along it can't get away. No matter what the day may be, we are sure of the week and the month, and though Easter is a week earlier this year, Easter Hats will blossom and bloom forth in greater profusion even than last year, which was a remarkably fine Easter.

We are ready with every sort of hat—$5 and $6, and $8, $10 and $12, and the French Millinery at higher prices.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We shall exhibit in our Cloak Parlors tomorrow some costumes that have just arrived from New York.

From makers and designers whose productions are confined in New York City to the A. B. Altman Co.—recognized in this country as retailers of the highest class garments in America. The garments we shall exhibit are duplicates of what have been delivered to them within the past few days—and styles have been so guarded that buyers in New York were not able to see them nor get an idea of the styles. To some of our patrons who desire something entirely different from anything showing or worn—in this city or at the Head of the Lakes, we would suggest a visit to our show room tomorrow. The same idea of workmanship and trimming is carried in six shades of cloth—pearl gray, tan, castor, brown, automobile red and black—

$29.50, $32.50, $37.50 and $45.00

with silk drop skirt—flounced and accordeon pleated.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We are showing entire new lines of High Class Silk Petticoats......

In all the prevailing styles and colors for spring—and which can be worn with the new spring costumes—some are of taffeta with flounces—some plaited and beautifully trimmed with lace or embroidery—prices start at $5.75 for excellent styles in colors and black and run to $35.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

TURNS ART CRITIC.

Tailor Finds Fault With Clothes of Swells.

The illustrators who fill the pages of New York magazines with pictures of American belles and society swells make mistakes at times. Thus they commit their heroes to sartorial eccentricities that would make a New York chappy's hair stand on end, says the New York Sun.

A New York tailor whose words in matters pertaining to men's clothes is law was recently driven to protest against artists' license. He had endured a great deal in silence, but a picture published in one of the monthly magazines goaded him to speech.

The picture showed two men and a woman in front of the opera house. All three were after the approved style, so far as length of limb and statuesque proportions went. The girl had the air of insolent bad temper, which is sometimes made to represent superb American hauteur. She was gowned in traditional opera fashion, and would have passed muster as a very large and excessively disagreeable young heiress.

One man was apparently trying to call a carriage, and any one who knows what that means after grand opera could forgive him for being a trifle out of drawing, but for the clothes of the two men there was no excuse.

The swell tailor looked at the picture and shook his head mournfully.

"The worst of it is," he said sadly, "that some men in other parts of the country get their idea of what's from such pictures. They read about the New York four hundred and they accept these pictures of them..

"It's pathetic—it really is. Now, there are two or three clever young artists who pretend to be the great portrayers of society men and women. It's simply inexcusable that they shouldn't dress their men correctly. They haven't any right to be careless. One of my customers wouldn't be caught dead dressing the part as those artists make their men dress.

"Now, look at that opera picture. That's supposed to be a glimpse of swelldom. Both of these men are wearing light top coats over their dress clothes. There are men who do that, and dare say they'll be saved, but they are clear out of the swim now. Any society artist ought to know that sort of swell would be wearing a Raglan.

"And will you look at the silk hats! Who wears a shiny silk hat for opera? Really, you know that picture makes me tired, and it's only one of many. I wish I knew those artists; I'd like to reason with them. I've a good notion to write to the publishers."

He did. He wrote a very polite letter, composed more in sorrow than in anger, and the publishers presumably saw the force of his argument. What effect the remonstrance will have upon the artistic temperament remains to be seen.

HIS OCCUPATION.

Representative John Allen likes to tell stories on himself. His latest is apropos of his candidacy for an appointment as commissioner to the St. Louis exposition, says the Chicago Record. He says when he went home to Tupelo for the holidays a venerable old negro who had been one of his father's slaves met him on the street and was rejoiced to see him.

"Howdy, howdy, Mars John," the old man exclaimed with tears in his eyes, "I suttenly is glad ter see you'll lookin' so proud and so well, an' I is powerful glad to know that you all is in your ole position."

"What is that, uncle?" asked Allen, a little puzzled.

"Runnin' for offis, o' co'se, Mars John."

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

The Millinery Opening an Unqualifed Success!

The large attendance and pleased comments at today's Opening of Millinery and Suits, places the seal of public approval on the season's preparations. We foretold great things—we expected much—but when great anticipations of audience and sales are exceeded two-fold, it means a most emphatic acknowledgment of our superiority—and we thank you all for it.

The Opening Will Continue TOMORROW!

The opening window display is worth a special trip down town.

Spring....

Carpet Display

RIGHT in the midst of the stirring events of the Millinery and Suit Openings comes this important showing of Carpets and Rugs. The entire Spring array is ready. Hundreds of new patterns from America's best makers—effects that have that refreshing decorative newness that every tasteful housekeeper wishes at this season. Our carpets come from reputable makers only, and we have none but the first quality in every grade. The designs are the choicest and the most effective selections from the most worthy manufacturers—many are not to be seen elsewhere. Some idea of the variety may be obtained from this hint of the different sorts of Carpets and prices:

Ingrains	29c to 90c per yard
Tapestry Brussels	47½c to 90c per yard
Body Brussels	$1.00 to $1.50 per yard
Velvets	$1.00 to $1.35 per yard
Welton Velvets	$1.50 to $2.00 per yard
Fine carpet-size Rugs	Admitted by all to be the greatest assortment of values in Duluth.

The sterling quality of the Carpets—the newness of the styles, as well as the magnificent variety now here makes this store an ideal place for the choosing of this most important of homefurnishings. Come in and look around. Bring the size of your rooms and get our estimates. Come whether you're ready to buy or not. We want you to know the best place when you do get ready.

Freimuth's Freimuth's

TRAP SHOOTERS.

Annual Live Bird Tournament at Long Island.

New York, April 1.—Trap shooters from all over the United States and Canada assembled at Interstate Park, Queens, L. I., today, to take part in the ninth annual live bird shooting tournament of the insterstate association. The tournament, which will continue throughout the week, began with the interstate park introductory, the conditions of which were eight birds, $5 entrance, birds extra, 30-yards rise, 50-yards boundary, four moneys, 40, 30, 20 and 10 per cent, high guns, not class shooting, ties not to be shot off and moneys divided. There were over 100 entries. James A. R. Elliott, of Kansas City, led off, killing his first two birds, the third falling out of bounds and the fourth being grassed handily with one barrel.

JUSTICES SAIL.

Appointees For Philippines Embark For Manilla.

San Francisco, April 1.—Four recent appointees to judicial positions in the Philippines sailed for Manilla today on the transport Buford. They are J. F. Cooper, of Fort Worth, Texas, and Charles A. Willard, of Minneapolis, who have been appointed justices of the supreme court (court of last resort) in the Philippines; Fletcher Ladd, of Lancaster, N. H., and W. A. Kincaid, of Galveston, who have been appointed judges of the court of First instance, a trial court with civil and criminal jurisdiction corresponding to the superior court in this state.

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis, 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

LIGHTING CONTRACT.

Henry Truelsen Is Opposed to Long Contract.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have refrained when approached from time to time to express an opinion in regard to the policies pursued by the administration of the city, for two reasons in particular. First, I am not now the responsible official head of the city government. Second, should I express an opinion criticizing the acts of the city government, no matter how honestly expressed, it would nevertheless be construed by many as sulking on account of my defeat and as trying to obtain revenge by fault finding, and it is not my intention to do so at this time, but I do most strenuously protest against the city entering into a contract with the Hartman Electric company to furnish street lights to the city for a term of five years, thereby disregarding the instructions of a great majority of the legal voters of the city as expressed at an election held in February, 1900, when the proposition was voted upon to issue bonds in the sum of $110,000 for the purpose of building an electrict street lighting plant. If the proper time has not as yet arrived to build a plant, on account of a prospect of developing a water power over the brow of the hill, thereby obtaining cheaper power, the people of Duluth are perfectly willing to wait a short time, and in that case would not object to entering into a contract for a year. It was to be expected that the Hartman Electric Light company would move heaven and earth to defeat the will of the people, even going to the extent of offering to furnish street light for a less sum than the city can furnish it according to the expert engineer's estimate. But their reason is obvious; if they can prevent the city erecting a lighting plant by entering into a contract for five years, they can well afford to sell street light, even at a loss, in order to obtain a monopoly of the commercial lights outside of the district where gas is not obtainable. Is there a way for consumers to protect themselves? Why, no, unless they return to kerosene oil lamps or candles, and this they are not likely to do. Then the consequence will be that individuals will have to make up two or three-fold what the city saves in lighting the streets; even if any saving there should be, which is still a matter of great doubt. In addition to obtaining a monopoly outside the gas district, they would become the powerful competitors against our gas plant, and we would furnish them with the means of making the city ruinous competition. Certainly no individual would consider for a moment giving a contract to his competitor. Then why should the people, as a congregation of individuals, act differently? Let any man who is undecided in this matter, ask himself this simple question: Can a coporation, bonded and stocked for more than four times the value of its plant, furnish light cheaper to the people, than the people can furnish it to themselves owning a plan and paying interest only on the actual amount invested? It does not take much of a mathematician to figure that out. They cannot do it, they will not do it, and some one will have to pay, and in this case it is the individual consumer of light. The Hartman Electric Light company knows full well that should the city build a street lighting plant, it would be but a short time when the people will vote additional bonds to add commercial light. That done, the people of Duluth will obtain their light at about one-third the cost they are paying for light today.

Water and light is a tax which you can no more evade than a tax on real estate. Capital will seek an investment in a city where taxes are low, and if the people of the city of Duluth will make no mistake now, they themselves, their children and their children's children will be benefited by their foresight.

I respectfully call upon all business men and all consumers of light in the city, to insist that no 5-year contract shall be entered into but that the instruction as given in February, 1900, shall be carried into effect by our city government as speedily as possible, taking into consideration all circumstances in the case.

Very truly yours,
HENRY TRUELSEN.

Duluth, April 1.

SALISBURY IMPROVING.

London, April 1.—Although no bulletin has been issued it is said that Lord Salisbury is progressing satisfactorily toward recovery from his illness.

OIL IN IOWA.

DesMoines, Iowa, April 1.—A special from Spencer, Iowa, confirms the rumor that oil has been discovered near Greenville, Clay county. This is the first oil discovery in Iowa.

NEW PRESIDENT ELECTED.

San Francisco, April 1.—Capt. F. A. Kuhls has been elected president of the National Shooting Bund of America, to succeed Capt. Attinger, who has resigned on account of ill health.

HAS AN ABCESS.

Paris, April 1.—The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, is suffering from an abcess in the throat.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Many Cities Are Electing Officials For Local Government.

A Warm Contest Is on For Mayor of Cleveland.

A heavy Vote Polled In Most of the Cities.

Detroit, April 1.—Election day dawned clear and bright in Detroit, an ideal spring morning. The air was just sharp enough to make the walk to the polls a delight. There has been very little interest in the campaign, and a light vote is anticipated. The country roads are very heavy, which will keep the rural vote down. Republicans everywhere are confident, and Republican success is generally conceded.

Cleveland, April 1.—As a result of the exciting mayoralty contest between William J. Akers, Republican, and Tom L. Johnson, Democrat, unusual interest is manifested in the municipal election being held in this city today. The total registration is over 88,000, or about 6000 more than for the late presidential election. The weather is clear and cool. The voting during the early hours of the day was extremely heavy.

Winona, Minn., April 1.—The election this morning is proceeding very slowly, although the registration is the heaviest in eight years. The weather is perfect, and a full vote is expected before the polls close.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 1.—Election day is clear, cool and pleasant. Little interest is manifested, except in the wards where the contest for aldermen is close, and the morning vote was light. A mayor is not elected this year.

Bay City, April 1.—Interest at the polls is not great, and indications point to a light vote.

Saginaw, Mich., April 1.—Excepting one hot contest for alderman, the election is very quiet.

Jackson, Mich., April 1.—Voting early today was carried on as rapidly as the voting machines could handle them.

Kalamazoo, Mich., April 1.—Although a city as well as a state election is in progress, the interest was small and the vote will be light.

Keokuk, Iowa, April 1.—A heavy vote was polled early in the municipal election, in spite of cloudy weather. No predictions were possible as to the outcome of the balloting.

Toledo, Ohio, April 1.—Fine weather today is bringing out a very large vote. The feature of the local election is the race for mayor between Samuel M. Jones, non-partisan, and W. V. McMaken, Republican.

WONDERFUL

Discovery For the Production of Light and Heat.

Salt Lake, Utah, April 1.—Information has been received here that the new process for producing light and heat recently discovered and patented by Salt Lake men has been sold to the Standard Oil trust for $5,000,000. This immense amount will be divided equally between five Utah men, who get $1,000,000 each. They are former Senator Frank J. Cannon, Judge E. F. Colborn, M. H. Walker, J. R. Walker and W. A. Nelden.

Judge Colborn formerly resided at Gunnison, Col. The two Walkers are bankers, and Nelden is a wholesale druggist. Senator Cannon and Judge Colborn have been at New York for a month conducting the negotiations, and now it is announced that the deal has been concluded. The discovery is of such a nature that the Standard Oil company was forced to buy it at the owners' figures, as it would have crippled the trust's oil business if placed on the market.

The discovery consists of a process from producing gas or vapor from coal oil and crude petroleum. When used with a patent burner this gas, it is said, produces a light of greater intensity and purity than any known. It was demonstrated here that with an apparatus no larger than a pint cup a quart of oil would keep a 700-candle power lamp going for thirty-seven hours. When used as fuel, with another burner, the results were no less wonderful, and it is claimed that a small tank of oil will run a steamboat across the Atlantic. It is said that the Standard Oil company will not use the invention for lighting purposes, but will utilize it exclusively in the production of heat on steamships and other fuel-using plants. By this process the largest warship can take on enough fuel for a cruise around the world.

The process is patented in all foreign countries, and the foreign rights are not covered by the Standard Oil deal. The inventor is a man named Hayes, who formerly resided in San Francisco. The Salt Lakers purchased his right for $10,000, but he retains a royalty interest in the patent. The Salt Lake men who get the million each have expended just $30,000 on the invention. It is predicted by those familiar with the process that it will cause a revolution in industrial methods.

WOULD ASSASSINATE CZAR.

London, April 1.—A dispatch to the Morning Leader from Kieff says it is reported that an officer of the household attempted to assassinate the czar. He fired at his majesty, but missed. He then shot and killed himself.

More New Equipment.

The Northern Pacific company has just received from the shops four new coaches that are to be put on the Duluth Short Line service, between this city and the Twin Cities. Two of the sixteen section sleepers will be placed on the service between St. Paul and the head of the lakes, and the other two will run from Minneapolis.

Grand Removal Sale

OUR NEW BUILDING

50x140, three stories high—all to be occupied by us alone, is to be ready for occupancy May 1st. Carload after carload of merchandise is on the way to us to go into our new store.

We Will Not Move a Single Article

of our present stock, if we can avoid it, and to close out quickly we are making withering cuts. Watch our advertisements for the coming month. They will be a means of **SAVING YOU DOLLARS UPON DOLLARS.**

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

SPECIAL FOR ALL WEEK.

See the Goods In Our Bargain Window.

ROCKER—Leather seat (like cut) value $3.25, now	$1.87
COUCH—Fancy oak frame, covered with imitation leather, regular price $29; for only	$24.90
CHAIR—Fancy upholstered seat, regular $8.50 value, at	$6.59
CARPET—3 patterns—our 70c Carpet at—per yard	58c
Two patterns, our 60c Carpet at	49c

COUCHES.

Our regular $6.00 for	$5.10
Our regular $13.50 for	$11.20
Our regular $22.50 for	$17.90

WRITING DESKS.

Our regular $6 Desk for	$4.90
Our regular $9 Desk for	$7.57
Our regular $13 Desk for	$11.45
Our regular $15 Desk for	$13.20

BICYCLES.

See our $22.95 Competition Defier—in rich carmine—adjustable bar—it beats them all.

"COLUMBIA"—ride 50 miles, pedal 30 miles—that is the coaster brake "Columbia." Come in and see this patent "Columbia"—

$25 to $80

"CLEVELAND" Bicycles with quick adjusting bar, direct ball end spokes, Burwell tires. "Clevelands"—

$35 to $75

STEEL RANGE.

ROYAL STEEL RANGE, 6 holes and reservoir—high closet—burns coal or wood, regular $47.00, for only	$40.90
STEEL RANGE—6 holes, Pride Gem, only	$22.50

Some very special bargains in second hand stoves and ranges which we have taken in trade when selling new ones. Prices $5.00 up.

SEND NO MONEY to mail order or catalogue houses—we meet their prices. Make out your list with numbers and prices from catalogue of any such house, add freight and cost of money order, send your order to us and we will fill it at the same cost to you and deliver it C. O. D. Send us your written order—at such prices we cannot take time to show goods—but will give you the same goods as the mail order house, at the same price and terms, which are cash on delivery. Always give name and number of catalogue. Yours for trade—

R. R. FORWARD & CO.,
2021-2023 WEST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH, MINN.

EARTHQUAKE

Caused Great Alarm at a Ceremony at Constantinople.

Constantinople, April 1.—Yesterday's earthquake was felt in the Dolmabagtsche palace at the moment of the Bairan ceremony, when the high officials were passing before the sultan's throne. A panic resulted, particularly among the diplomatists in the gallery, many of whom immediately left the palace. The band ceased playing and the musicians rushed to the doors. Pieces of plaster fell from the ceiling and portions of the chandeliers were broken, adding to the general alarm. The sultan rose from his throne and took a few steps, apparently intending to leave the chamber, but he preserved great calmness and presence of mind, which had a good effect. After a moment's hesitation his majesty reseated himself upon the throne and ordered the ceremony to proceed.

PROMOTIONS.

President Makes a Number of Additional Appointments.

Washington, April 1.—The president today made the following appointments:

Navy—Joseph N. Hemphill, Abraham B. H. Lillie, Henry N. Manney and William T. Swinburne, to be captains; Edward M. Hughes and Samuel P. Comly, to be commanders; Roy C. Smith and Robert S. Griffin, to be lieutenant-commanders. Emory Winship, to be advanced four numbers in rank on the list of lieutenants, junior grade, for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle; Col. Robert L. Meade, to be brigadier general by brevet, in the marine corps, for distinguished conduct and public service in the presence of the enemy at the battle of Tien Tsin, China; Lieut. William G. Powell, to be captain by brevet, in the marine corps, for distinguished conduct and public service in the presence of the enemy at Tien Tsin, China, and Thomas F. Hobby, to be a warrant machinist in the navy.

DIFFERENT PLAN.

For the Government of the Sulu Archipelago.

Zamboango, Island of Mindanao, April 1.—Owing to the peculiar conditions prevailing in the Sulu archipelago and the Island of Mindano, the Philippine commission has about decided to organize a departmental government covering all of the islands south of the Viscayas. A uniform general provincial law is impossible of application in the extreme southern islands on account of the necessity of debarring the Moros from self-government except in cases where they have foresworn allegiance to Dattos, the sultan, and become subjects of the United States and for the further reason of the multiplicity of races and tribes in Mindanao and the diversity of interests. The commission will appoint a department governor having authority to negotiate with the Sultan Dattos, and to act as direct representative of the commission. The commission will sail by night to the various posts in Mindanao.

DECISION

Of Divisional Court In London School Matters Upheld.

London, April 1.—The appeal court has upheld the decision of the divisional court declaring that the school board was not justified in providing science and art classes out of the school board rates, and that the auditor was justified in disallowing payments therefore.

The case referred to in the dispatch from London has been known as "the king vs. Cockerton." It was an appeal by William H. Milton, J. Scott Lidgett and George Septimus Warmington from the judgment of the divisional court. The London school board were the real appellants, and the case raised the very important question whether the school board were justified in paying out of the funds raised by rates the expenses of the science and art classes in their day schools and evening continuation schools.

The local government board auditor appointed to audit the accounts of the school board for the half year ended Sept. 29, 1898, had disallowed and surcharged three separate sums which had been expended upon the maintenance of classes registered under the science and art department. A rule nisi for a certiorari to bring up and quash the certificates of the auditor disallowing and surcharging these three sums had been obtained at the instance of the appellants, who were members of the school board of London, and upon each of whom one of the three sums in question had been surcharged. For the purposes of the argument of the rule the facts were stated in the form of a special case, pursuant to an order of the court dated Jan. 31, 1900.

TIMBER LAND DEALS.

Smith of Minneapolis Makes a Big Purchase.

Eureka, Cal., April 1.—Two big deals in timber lands have just been consummated here involving 3898 acres. Of this large transfer the Merriman Fruit Land and Lumber company, of Michigan, secured 2500 acres, and Charles A. Smith, of Minneapolis, 1398 acres. In round numbers this last acquisition will increase the holdings of Smith and his partners to 30,000 acres, making them the largest owners of redwood timber in the world.

THE CZAR'S METHODS.

Writer of Letter of Condolence Arrested.

St. Petersburg, March 30.—The chief of the Statistical bureau of the province and government of St. Petersburg, W. T. Takowenko, has been arrested in consequence of a letter of condolence which he wrote to the author, N. F. Annensky, who was injured in the recent rioting.

Attorney W. O. Lustig president of the association of Petersburg lawyers, has written to the minister of the interior, M. Sipiaguine, protesting against the action of thre police during the riots; and many influential people have signed an address to M. Sipiaguine criticising statements in the official reports of the troubles.

KNOCK-OUT.

Billy Rhodes Victor In Lively Prize Fight at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Saturday night, Billy Rhodes, of St. Paul, put out James A. Godetts in the fourteenth round of the prettiest fight even seen in the Northwest. It was witnessed by an audience of about 500 people. Godetts was the favorite of all, being the victor of 104 battles and a resident of Bemidji. He is a very neatly-built negro, weighing 178 pounds and standing 5 feet, 11 inches, while Rhodes is 4 inches shorter and weighed in at 142 pounds and his reach is three inches shorter than that of the colored man.

Bill Rhodes arrived at 11 oclock and was ready for the ring at 11:45, but Mr. Godetts had not put in an appearance yet and kept the audience waiting twenty minutes. When at 12:05 he entered he was greeted with cheer upon cheer. His step was light and springy and he wore a cheerful look. Rhodes followed almost immediately and received prolonged cheers. He looked like a baby beside his large opponent. After much wrangling it was decided that Mr. Lightfoot should act as referee. Time was called at 12:10 a. m.

The fight was lively from start to finish. Rhodes drew first blood near the end of the first round and displayed much science throughout the mill. In the eleventh round, Godetts was saved from a knockdown by falling against the ropes. In the fourteenth round he was knocked out. Through his manager, Jimmy Daley, Rhodes challenges any man in the Northwest at 140 to 150 pounds.

WANT THE EMPEROR.

Forces Would Bring Him to Pekin.

London, April 1.—The correspondent of the Globe at Shanghai, in a dispatch dated Saturday, March 30, says he understands that the Yang Tse viceroys and Yuan Shi Kai (the military governor of Shang Tung) are prepared to dispatch 100,000 troops to Sian Fu to rescue the emperor from the hands of the reactionaries and escort him to Pekin, if a little pressure and promise of moral support is forthcoming from the powers interested in the open door.

The correspondent adds that the suggested expedition would prove popular in Central and Southern China, would result in the destruction of the anti-foreign elements and would lead to the establishment of a progressive government at Pekin.

WAGES RAISED.

Pottstown, Pa., April 1.—The puddlers in the employ of the Glasgow Iron company have been notified that beginning next Saturday, their rate of wages will be $3.25 a ton, instead of $3.00 as heretofore. The wages of other employes will also be increased. The 112 inch plate mill of the plant, which has long been idle, resumed operations today.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2
Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

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PATENTS!
MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
JAMES T. WATSON.
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
201 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota

Laundry Goods Specially Low Priced.

Just to reduce our stock and help you get ready for house cleaning after Easter we offer these special **bargains for this week only—**

	Reg. Price	This Week
Clothes Wringers	$3.00	$2.28
Clothes Wringers	$1.75	$1.48
Clothes Wringers	$2.25	$1.85
Clothes Wringers	$3.50	$2.90
Clothes Wringers	$3.00	$2.43
Willow Clothes Baskets	50c	39c
Willow Clothes Baskets	60c	49c
Willow Clothes Baskets	75c	59c
100-foot Wire Clothes Lines	25c	19c
100-foot Wire Clothes Lines	35c	26c
100-foot Wire Clothes Lines	40c	28c
60-foot Cotton Clothes Lines	10c	7c
60-foot Sisal Clothes Lines	10c	7c
Single Zinc Wash Boards	25c	20c
Double Zinc Wash Boards	35c	28c
Royal Blue Enamel Boards	40c	32c
Glass Wash Boards	45c	36c
Western Washing Machine	$3.50	$3.10

The Miller Step Ladder

Is the stiffest, strongest, safest and most serviceable ladder in existence—you can trust your life on them—nothing more handy around the house than a good step ladder. See the Miller.

Kelley Hardware Co.

OWNERS' DEFENSE

Arguments Advanced on That Side of Rent Question.

Claim Made That Tenants Want Too Much.

Have Been Renting Too Cheap For Several Years.

The Herald has given so much of the tenants' side of the rent-raising proposition that it may be only fair to give a little of the other side of it. To a man up a tree it will appear that as usual there are two sides to it, and that both have some color of justice to their claims. The points here given by a number of real estate men and house owners, and they include quite a variety.

Point No. 1 is as to the claims that men of $50 to $75 per month salary can find nothing to suit them. The real estate man says that this class of citizen as a rule wants too much. In other words, he has a champagne and terrapin appetite on a beer and ham sandwich income. He can afford to pay less than $15 per month for rent, and no more. Yet he wants heat, water, hardwood, gas, electric light, six to eight rooms, and all other modern conveniences. He wants a house that cannot possibly rent for less than $25 per month, and that is beyond his reach. Perhaps it would be fairer to say that his wife puts him up to it, for in most cases, one real estate man dares to say, the women are the ones that have the ambitions that soar above the limitations of salary.

Point No. 2 is on the question of loyalty, raised by The Herald in an article last Friday. One real estate man says that he often finds people that will not build homes because they are renting until they get rich, when they will pull out of the city and seek a spot more congenial to them. Which is the best citizen, asks the real estate man, this one or the one that builds his own home and helps to build up the city because he expects to continue to live in it.

Rents cannot have been so terribly high says one real estate man, and he proves this assertion by mentioning cases where people have rented houses and then rented out rooms till they not only got their own rent for nothing, but made something on the transaction.

"If real estate men are getting a fat thing out of renting," said another real estate man, "why is it that the idle capital that is waiting everywhere for chances does not rush in and partake of the good thing. Just as soon as it becomes apparent that there is money in renting houses in Duluth, capital will come in and begin the business; not before."

One real estate man says that nearly every man he tries to sell a house and lot to says it is cheaper to rent than to own, and proves it by figures. If, then, the tenants are saving money by renting, the landlord must be losing.

"Is it really a good thing for capital to see a profit in buying lots and erecting buildings to rent in a city?" asks another. "Is a city growing when this can be done?" Or would you rather have a man secure a site, put up a building, and then advertise to the world that it is a losing proposition? Which is the best citizen; the man who becomes a shareholder in the city by buying a home, or the one that becomes a shareholder in some mining proposition in Alaska or Oklahoma and continues to rent with what money he does not send out of town?"

"For seven years from the crash of '93," says another, "rents went down, donwn, down, and tenants were renting properties at one-half less than the property should bring. In some cases it was not how much rent, but it was to get the property occupied at any figure. These are well-known facts among real estate agents. Tenants got into the habit of living in places they could not possibly dream of buying or renting during ordinary times. Unless a house was modern in every respect a man earning $75 per month would not take the trouble to look at it. And, by the way, there are a great many men earning less than $75 per month. I have known of cases where out-of-town people have carried away highly colored impressions of their Duluth friend's success based on the house he was living in, which was renting at 30 or 40 cents on the dollar. Now that the city is again beginning to get on its feet and property owners are able to ask a fair rental, a great many of these people have to seek cheaper quarters. This is another reason why the terrible landlord is described as a bogie man who is going to drive people away. When the rent market affords a fair return on the money invested you will see a good deal of building in Duluth which will mean that we are having good times and that a man can buy a lot and build and make money by it. For to the end of time it is true that men are in business to make money, and if they can't make money by being in business, they will try something else."

But this recitation of the wrongs of the landlord will be closed here, for fear that tenants will have their feelings so harrowed that they will immediately take up a collection for the landlords, and then voluntarily increase rents 25 per cent all around.

AIM WAS BAD.

John Fitzgerald Attempts Suicide---Missed His Heart.

Discouraged and melancholy on account of failing health, a Lake avenue bartender endeavored to shoot himself through the heart yesterday afternoon. The bullet passed above the heart, struck a rib and glancing upward passed out near the shoulder. This morning the unfortunate man was still alive but there seemed to be but scant hope for his recovery.

On Saturday afternoon, John Fitzgerald, bartender in the saloon of W. P. Wheaton, 222 Lake avenue south, complained of not feeling well. He got another bartender to work for him and retired to his room over the saloon where he remained till yestready about noon.

He then went back to the saloon again, it is thought to get the revolver with which the latter sent the bullet through his breast. Several friends saw him and asked how he was feeling. He said that he was much better. Staying in the saloon for a few moments he returned to his room and it was not long after that, that people in the building heard a shot. Breaking into the room they found Fitzgerald stretched across the bed bleeding terribly and suffering intense pain. His friends were much alarmed, believing that the bullet had severed a large blood vessel close to the heart. Physicians were summoned and after dressing the wounds removed Mr. Fitzgerald to St. Mary's hospital, where he suffered a severe hemorrhage during the afternoon. Dr. Boyer performed an operation relieving him somewhat, and to the surprise of many he was still alive this morning, though those in attendance did not express much hope of his recovery.

Very little is known of Mr. Fitzgerald. He is said to be about 25 years of age, though is probably older. He has tended bar in this city for several years, but during the past winter has worked out in the woods for the benefit of his health. He returned to the city about two weeks ago, obtaining employment at Wheaton's saloon, where he had been employed previously and where he was well thought of.

AMERICAN BRAINS.

Brain Workers Require Special Food.

American brain workers have for some years past been largely using an especially prepared food for rebuilding the gray matter of brain and nerve centers.

Any man or woman who cares to make a test by using this food, Grape-Nuts, for a portion of one or two meals each day, will find a distinct increase in vigor, and particularly in brain power.

Then if they feel disposed to know the reason why, they can have Grape-Nuts analyzed, or take the analysis of the London Lancet, and the result will show that the food contains the natural phosphate of potash obtained in a natural way from the cereals, and albumen obtained in the same way.

These two elements unite together in the human body to make and rebuild the gray matter of which the brain, solar plexus and nerve centers are filled.

These are scientific facts which can be ascertained by any careful investigator. The food, Grape-Nuts, is not only the most scientifically made food in the world, but almost any user will agree with us that the flavor is unique and most winning.

RECKLESS DRIVING

C. T. Clement Has Narrow Escape From Serious Injury.

Three Men Driving Recklessly Run Over Him.

Escaped With Bruises and Cuts---Men Get Away.

While crossing Superior street at Third avenue west, about 8 o'clock this morning, Charles T. Clement, an old resident of this city, was struck down by a team driven rapidly west by three men who were slightly intoxicated. The men were driving at a rapid rate and it is claimed that they exercised no care in driving, but came down the street in a reckless manner, their vehicle threatening to capsize several times whenever the wheels went into one of the bad holes in Superior street. Mr. Clement did not hear the team and was well out toward the middle of the street when he was struck by the pole and knocked down under the horses' feet.

As soon as the bystanders recovered their surprise there was a rush to aid him and he was dragged out. He received a bad cut over the right eye, supposed to have been caused by the caulk on one of the horse shoes. Outside of the cut and several severe bruises he escaped further injury, but many who witnessed the accident say that his escape from injuries of a more serious nature was almost miraculous.

Charles Johnson, of the Duluth Furnace company, who was standing on the corner waiting for a car seized the horses by the head to hold them until an officer arrived. The men said they would drive off the street car tracks, when he released them, but instead they kept on driving westward.

Mr. Clement before going to a physician to have his wound dressed, made complaint to an officer and inquiry was made at the delivery barns of the city to locate the team. The men were strangers and the team is supposed to belong outside of the city. The last learned of the rig it was headed out on the Pike Lake road.

THE PASSION PLAY.

Miss Hicken Gives a Description of It.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Lakeside Presbyterian church received a treat last evening in the reading of a paper by Miss Hicken, principal of the Madison and Adams schools, in the West End, who visited the continent last summer and was present at "The Passion Play" at Oberammergau. The members of the congregation were invited and turned out in large numbers, the church being well filled.

Miss Hicken gave a description of the play, and held the attention of her audience for over an hour. She described the manners and customs of the people, the reasons given for the inception of "The Passion Play," and gave a vivid description of the theater.

"Although," said Miss Hicken, "over 600 people were on the stage at one time you could have heard a pin fall, and everything was so real and impressive that I can never forget the feelings that it engendered."

Miss Hicken was strong in her denunciation of any attempt to have the play introduced into this country. It was peculiar to the little Swiss village, and ought never to be allowed to be given anywhere else. The religious training of those who took part in depicting the crucifixion of Christ was such that no one of doubtful character was allowed a part in the great drama, and the fervor with which the actors entered into their parts left an impression on the hearers that could never be effaced. Photographs of the scenes and actors were passed among the audience.

AUTHORITY IN RELIGION.

Rev. Harry White Discusses That Topic.

At the fifth vesper service yesterday at the Unitarian church Rev. Harry White preached on "The Bible and the Source of Authority in Religion." He said in part:

"The student of religion at the very beginning of his investigation meets with a number of 'sacred books.' He finds that one great historical religion has one sacred book and another has another. The Jews have the law and the prophets, the Christians the Bible, the Mohammedans the Koran, and so on. These books have, among the various people who hold them sacred, a peculiar authority in matters of religion. They are the full and final authority both for belief and conduct. If the sacred book tells about a man being three days alive in a whale or a great fish, or of the sun standing still in the heavens, the worshipper feels constrained to believe these statements simply because he finds them in his sacred book.

"Now, suppose that we put ourselves in the position of simple investigators of the truth. We have heard about these different Scriptures of the world and of the mutually conflicting claims which are made for them. We might go to the Mohammedan and say: 'Sir, we have observed that there are many different religions in the world, and that these different religions have their great books which are considered to be the final and supreme authority in matters of faith and conduct. Among these books we find the Koran, which holds the same general position among you that the Bible does among the Christians or the Upanishads and the Vedas among the Hindoos. Will you tell us why you accept the Koran and reject the other great religious books as sources of authority?' And any intelligent Mussulman would naturally endeavor to give us some reasons why he thought that the sacred book of Islam was the only true and authoritative standard.

"Or, again, we might go to some orthodox Christian and point out to him the existence of all these books, and ask him why the Bible alone was accepted by him and placed in its peculiar position of authority. And he too would try to give some reasons why the true source of religious authority was found not in the Koran, nor the Vedas, nor the Upanishads, nor the Zend, but only in the Bible.

"I am not now concerned with the character of the answers which they might make to our question. For our immediate purpose it does not matter whether these reasons which might be given are good or bad. The significant thing is the fact that the Mussulman, the Buddhist, the Christian, the adherents of all religions would admit the legitimacy of our question, namely: 'Why do you accept this or that book as a supreme and final authority in moral and spiritual matters?' In fact, they are compelled to make that admission, for either there is a reason why any book should be accepted as an authority in religion, or there is no reason. If there is no reason, then it is obviously absurd to have any book as an authority. But no man who held any one of the sacred books of the world as his supreme authority in religion would admit for an instant that there were no reasons for the peculiar position in which he placed his own Scripture. In fact, he would insist that there were reasons, many reasons, the best of reasons.

"But now see what the admission of reasons involves. We will say, then, that there are reasons why this or that book should be accepted as an authority in religion and morality. But these reasons, before their weight and validity can be admitted, must be brought before the bar of the mind. They must be examined and tested as to their value and sufficiency. Thus it is your mind which determines for you whether any particular book is to be your authority or not. It is your mind, therefore, which determines the authority which the books has, and contains within itself the only true source of authority. Whatever authority the book may possess is a derived and secondary authority. The underived, the primary and absolute authority can be found only in the human mind. The final, ultimate and supreme authority in religion can be found only in the individual soul. There can be no such thing as an external authority, and we can not even try to explain or defend an outer authority without being shown the inconsistency of the idea and at the same time led to the true source, which is not in the Bible, nor in hopes, nor in churches, but in the human reason.

"Dr Martineau, in his 'Seat of Authority in Religion,' examines the character which a supposed external authority would have to have, and then considers the different authorities which have been offered to men, the Bible, the church and so on, and shows that none of these things have that character which a supreme religious authority should have. Thus, from whatever point of view you may choose to look at the matter, you will see that there can be no authority to a man higher than his own best self."

IS REVIVED.

Civic Federation Will Again Go on the War Path.

The Civic Federation, which has slumbered for several years, has been revived, and from now on it will camp on the trail of misbehaving county and city officers, or on the trail of those who may possibly become twisted out of the level of honesty or due carefulness. A meeting of the Federation was held Saturday evening at the Spalding, from which press representatives were barred, and the details of which were secret. The meeting decided to have a representative whose business it shall be to keep closely in touch with both city and county affairs, and to appoint committees to investigate the charges made by the recent grand jury. One committee will look into the county matters, particularly the commissioners and the poor department, and another will handle the city, especially Commissioner Abrahamson and Alderman Trevillion. A third committee will be named to arrange for the selection of the representative referred to, who will probably be an attorney. President A. H. Comstock will appoint the committees in a day or two.

Best Remedy For Rheumatism

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies, but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. George F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON LYRIC COMPANY.

The Boston Lyrics closed a very successful week at the Lyceum Saturday night by producing the "Fencing Master," the dainty opera that Duluth theatergoers saw Marie Tempest in a number of years ago. The audience was fairly large, though not up to the standard of the week, and it was appreciative and gave the members of the cast a good reception. The opera was put on very well indeed, the various participants each doing creditably.

"'WAY DOWN EAST."

"'Way Down East," which comes to the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow night is another "Old Homestead," and like that famous play is blended with a series of New England types with rustic surroundings, quaint characters and a heart interest that cannot fail to be appreciated. With a story as clear as day, with characters as picturesque as the stage can show them, Mrs. Parker has put forward in her play that which is refreshing to the theater-goers and idealized by those who look to New England for their typical characters. Manager William A. Brady has surrounded "'Way Down East" with one of the strongest companies of players traveling. The scenic effects will be entirely new and very beautiful and very elaborate. The farm pictures and the snow scene lend themselves well to stage realism.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they WANT to—but simply because they MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Flanagan, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

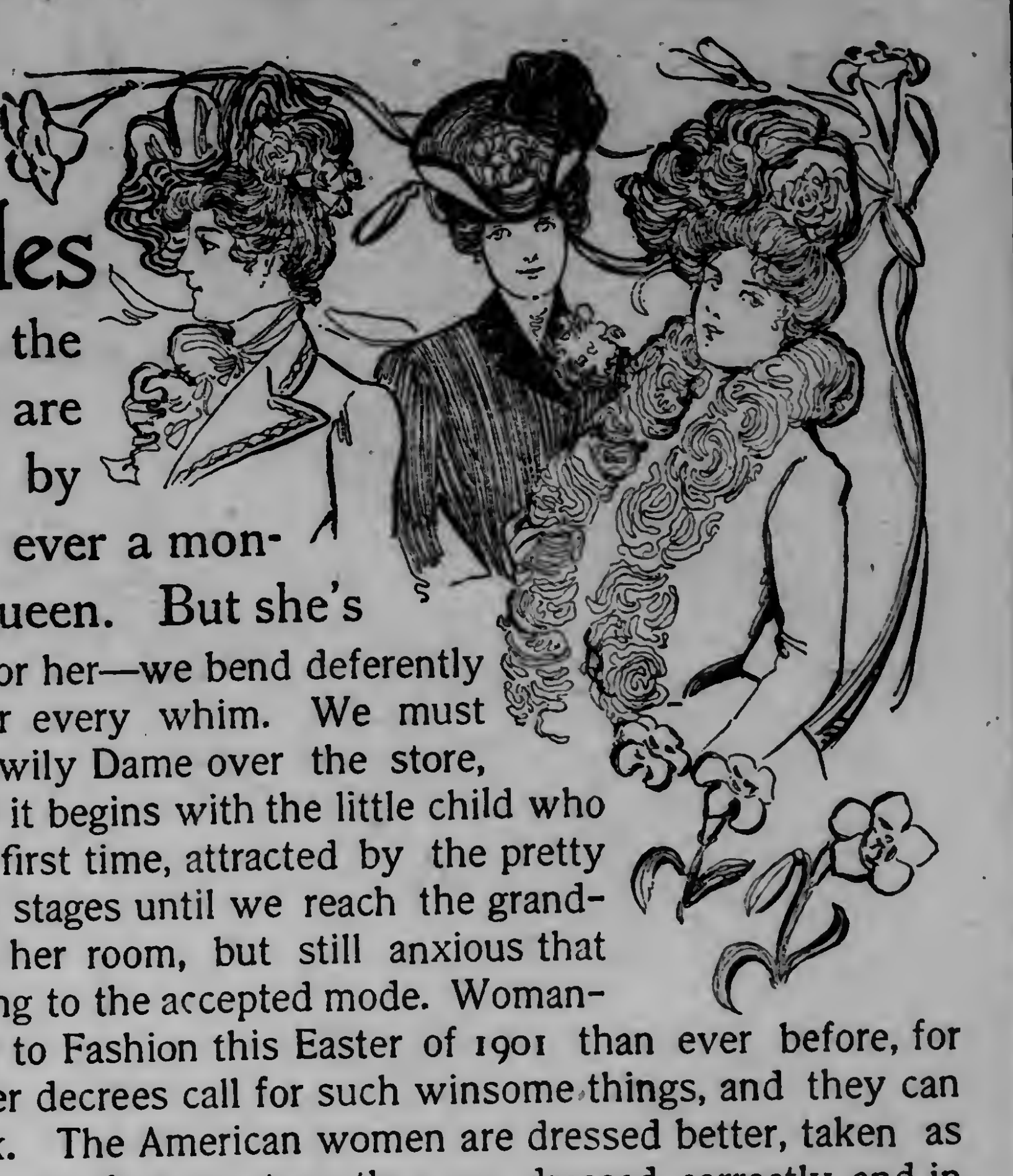
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

Panton & White.

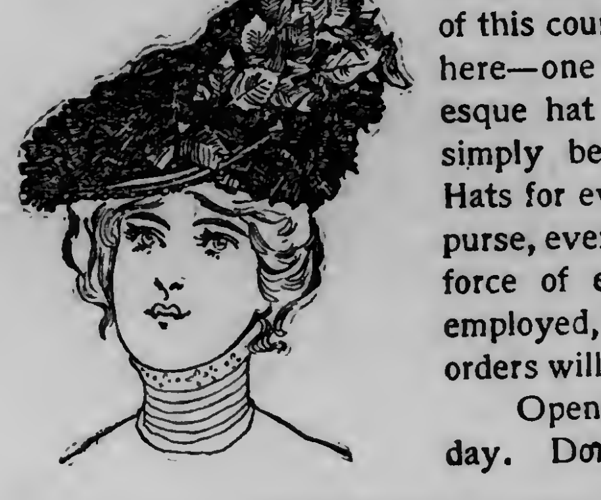
Easter Opening

Dame Fashion Rules



THE majority of the American people are ruled as absolutely by Dame Fashion as was ever a monarchy by its king or queen. But she's a beautiful ruler. We all honor her—we bend deferently to her sway—we yield to her every whim. We must acknowledge the rule of the wily Dame over the store, the home, the individual, for it begins with the little child who toddles to the mirror for the first time, attracted by the pretty pink bow, on through all the stages until we reach the grandmother, confined perhaps to her room, but still anxious that her lace cap shall be according to the accepted mode. Womankind will bow more lovingly to Fashion this Easter of 1901 than ever before, for her edicts are so sensible, her decrees call for such winsome things, and they can all be had at the Glass Block. The American women are dressed better, taken as a whole, than the people of any other country—they are dressed correctly and in excellent taste—not loaded down with useless monstrosities—they are elegantly attired without going to conspicuous extremes. We are doing our share and more too in introducing styles. People from far and near are enthusiastically welcoming to Duluth the coming of the grandest style show yet promulgated—this 1901 Easter opening at Panton's & White's.

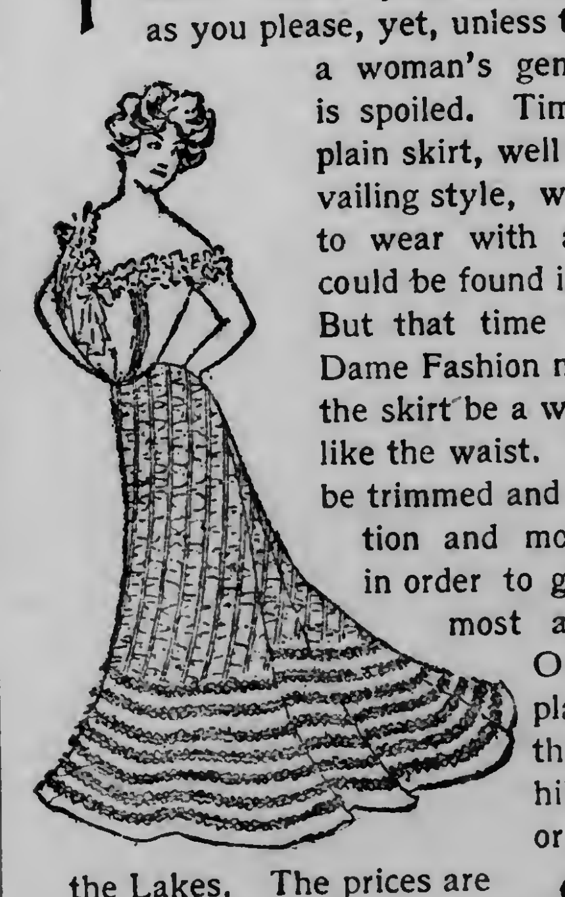
Grand Easter Opening---Millinery.



TO KNOW our Millinery is to know the acme of excellence. Here are the most stunning effects—the richest creations—the swellest styles of the Northwest. We are copiously reproducing the best, newest, most original ideas fresh from Paris, Berlin and London, as well as the many distinctly American fashions which are brought out from time to time, and in many instances much more acceptable to the average woman of this country than the imported creation from abroad. But they are all here—one grand panorama of picturesque hat beauty—a stunning display, simply beyond compare in this city—Hats for every face, every taste, every purse, every whim. We have the largest force of expert milliners we have ever employed, and can assure you that your orders will be taken care of with dispatch.

Opening days tomorrow and Wedday. Don't stay away.

Easter Opening Skirts.



INTEREST just at present centers in the skirt. You may make a waist as elaborate as you please, yet, unless the skirt is good, a woman's general appearance is spoiled. Time was when a plain skirt, well fitted to the prevailing style, was good enough to wear with any bodice that could be found in the wardrobe. But that time has passed, and Dame Fashion now demands that the skirt be a work of art, even like the waist. The skirt must be trimmed and hung to perfection and modishly contrived in order to get the best and most attractive effect. Our dress skirt display this spring is the best ever exhibited in Duluth or at the Head of the Lakes. The prices are very reasonable for the quality, and range up to $47.50

Easter Silk Waists.

THE Stock and the prices we ask are more potent than any type arguments we can possibly make. Have a style in mind that you want, fix a price, we will show you a handsomer, finer waist than you expected to get. Two great offers for the opening are:

Silk waists in fine taffeta silk, made to look like custom made stylish bishop sleeves—daintily tucked all over—new style collar—cream scarlet, lavender, apple green, white, light blue, pink, yellow and black—these are all $5.00 waists and go for $3.98

Silk waists, exquisite styles and effects—about fifty styles. Beautifully tucked and trimmed with gold—all made up in the latest style and best taste—new colors—they are worth $7.00—you can get them at the Glass Block for $5.75

Easter Ladies Neckwear

THESE essential garnitures of dress receive much prominence in our Easter Opening. There's a big window full. During the opening we shall be pleased to show you—

Ladies' five cord ties, in new colors, handmade, hemstitched ends and sides. Price 25c

Ladies' five cord ties, gold trimmed, lace trimmed, four spikes, in two-toned effects. Prices 35c to $5.00

Our Easter Ribbon Display is charming. It contains everything in correct color and style. We are always lowest in price. Remember our first quality satin back, worked edge, velvet ribbon No. 1, all colors, is 7c and 10c less per piece than at any store in this city.

Easter Opening Silks

YOU'LL not overlook this silk department, for if you do we are sure you'll regret it exceedingly. There's not a good thing missing in this collection. There's not a passe style for sale. The Glass Block silk department is forging ahead rapidly, coming into marked prominence as the best place in Duluth to purchase silks.

Two of our opening silk specials are, colored Taffeta Silks, all shades, 18 inches wide—at 48c

Corded Wash Silks, In endless variety—at 25c and 50c

Easter Opening Umbrellas, Parasols

This exhibition on Bargain Counter 4. We make two very special offerings.

1,000 children's, ladies', and men's 26-inch Umbrellas, good tops, steel rods, natural crook handles, each 45c

500 ladies' and men's Umbrellas, Paragon frames, steel rods, 26-inch, all assorted handles, some Dresden, natural and Sterling trimmed, at—each 95c

THE EVENING HERALD.

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EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

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One year (in advance)	$5 00

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 1.—Areas of high barometric pressure overlie the lake region, Upper Mississippi and Red River valleys, Wyoming and Nevada, and low pressure over British Columbia and off the Texas and Massachusetts coasts. It is slightly cooler in Northwest Canada and generally a little warmer elsewhere, temperatures being close to the normal. Light falls of rain or snow occurred in Oregon, Washington, scattered portions of Northwest Canada, Western Nebraska, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Northern Texas and Western Tennessee.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	36	Marquette	28
Battleford	22	Medicine Hat	20
Bismarck	28	Memphis	40
Boston	32	Miles City	26
Buffalo	33	Milwaukee	30
Calgary	18	Minnedosa	10
Charleston	52	Modena	—
Chicago	32	Montgomery	54
Cincinnati	[illegible]	Moorhead	32
Davenport	28	New Orleans	61
Denver	26	New York	38
Detroit	28	Omaha	31
Dodge City	—	Pittsburg	30
Duluth	30	Port Arthur	16
Edmonton	[illegible]	Portland	40
El Paso	38	Prince Albert	—
Escanaba	20	Qu'Appelle	20
Galveston	60	Rapid City	26
Green Bay	28	San Francisco	46
Havre	[illegible]	Santa Fe	24
Helena	26	Shreveport	52
Houghton	14	Spokane	31
Huron	30	St. Louis	—
Jacksonville	61	St. Paul	32
Kamloops	34	Sault Ste. Marie	22
Kansas City	31	Swift Current	24
Knoxville	38	Washington	36
La Crosse	22	Williston	22
Lander	16	Winnemucca	24
Los Angeles	44	Winnipeg	14

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Slightly cooler Tuesday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 1.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight. Tuesday, probably rain or snow.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight, possibly rain or snow Tuesday south portion. Fresh easterly winds.

A Commission of "Dead Ducks."

President McKinley is starting his second term in the White House in a very unfortunate manner, as far as appointments are concerned. Of course, all his appointments have not been bad, but there are some that are extremely bad. A few days ago reference was made to the appointment as civil service commissioner of ex-Congressman Rodenburg, of Illinois, who has always been an open opponent of civil service reform and voted in congress against providing funds for the work of the commission! The president's appointments on the St. Louis fair commission are certain to cause equal dissatisfaction. In the whole list there is but one man who is especially competent—Lindsay, of Kentucky, who had experience on the World's fair commission. The remainder are "has-been" politicians—and a very poor quality of "dead ducks," at that. They are appointed solely for the purpose of getting the salaries involved—$5000 a year. In short, they "need the money," and the president is dispensing alms. President Northrop of the Minnesota state university had been recommended by the Minnesota delegation for a place on this commission, and the president had promised to appoint him, but at the last moment Northrop was thrown overboard because Mark Hanna wanted the place to pay a campaign debt to an Indiana politician named Miller. As a sort of consolation the president appointed Mr. Northrop on "an international conference of American states" to meet in Mexico in October!

Puzzles In Immigration Affairs.

It has been the custom of the immigration department to admit Porto Ricans to the United States without question, but the large number of alleged natives coming in lately has excited some comment and it has been decided to see hereafter that only those who are entitled to enter shall secure admission. The early impression was that immigration from that island would be rather light as the climate and other conditions in this country are not altogether suited to the natives of Porto Rico and for this reason there has been no inspection at any of the Porto Rican ports. Now, however, an inspector is to be sent to San Juan for the purpose of issuing certificates to genuine Porto Ricans and to keep a lookout to see that South Americans and others do not come into the United States as natives of the island. The chances are that the number of Chinese in the United States will be materially increased during the next few months. One important decision has been rendered by the attorney general which virtually opens out doors to all the Chinese in the Hawaiian islands, and it is probable that the hundreds of thousands of Chinese in the Philippines will soon be entitled to free entry also. Attorney General Griggs recently decided that Chinese who were naturalized citizens of the republic of Hawaii are entitled to admission to the United States without question. It is estimated that between 10,000 and 15,000 Chinese have been made eligible for entry into this country by reason of this decision. The attorney general held that the territorial act by which Hawaii was annexed to the United States extended the full privileges of citizenship to all native and naturalized citizens of the republic of Hawaii. The immigration officials are not inclined to facilitate the admission of these Chinese, however, and propose to compell all those coming to our shores to produce proof of their right to come in. They will be required to show that they are now American citizens by birth in Hawaii or by becoming naturalized under the laws of the Hawaiian republic. Should the decision of the United States supreme court in the Porto Rican cases carry out the claims that the constitution follows the flag, it will have an important effect on immigration, to the United States from the Philippines. Such an opinion would give passports to each of the several hundred thousand coolies who were in the Philippines at the time the Paris treaty of peace was ratified.

MUNICIPAL CHARITY.

While the very rich are endowing colleges and founding libraries, while the economic condition of the country enables the millionaire to multiply his millions and propagate his species, the poor we have always with us. Some men are indigent through misfortune, but the greater number are so through choice. There is a sentiment in this country which is rapidly spreading, that the municipality owes its inhabitants a living. If a soft job can not be furnished, then must the poor department take up this lazy man's burden and compel the community to carry it. Among a large class of people there is no hesitancy in applying to the public authority for aid. And more than this, the neighbors and the pastors of flocks boldly seek the municipal authorities and demand aid for this one and that one, instead of seeking for them employment or uniting with others in assisting this neighbor or this relative to tide over the pinching period.

The prevailing idea that a public treasury is a public crib at which any stray steer may fatten and it will cost no one anything is responsible for this decadence of an honest pride in self-support. The system of municipal charity has been in vogue in nearly all the cities of this country. The old alms house was supplanted by the system of giving "outdoor relief," as it was thought better to assist the poor at home rather than compel them to submit to the disgrace of going to the alms house for a period. This was a fatal move. Instead of decreasing, pauperism at once began to increase with alarming rapidity. When it was found that, by the asking, aid could be obtained without the publicity of pauperism, those who needed it, but who retained their self-respect, did not apply, but the dead-beat found the scheme a veritable snap. Not only did the system debauch the weak and semi-pauper class, but it debauched the community by eliminating neighborly charity for the worthy needy.

This system has been abolished in New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Washington, Denver, Kansas City, Atlanta and Memphis. Other cities are gradually abolishing the outdoor system. Some of these are St. Louis, New Orleans, Pittsburg, Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Paul and Richmond. In the cities where the outdoor system has been wholly abandoned pauperism is rapidly decreasing, while in the cities where the most is given out the reverse is true. Milwaukee is one of the cities where the poor are taken care of by the municipality by giving out groceries, wood and clothing at the homes of the paupers. The cost of maintaining the poor of that thrifty city was, in 1900, 34 cents per capita of population. Our sister city across the bay, however, carries off the honors with a per capita poor expense of nearly $1.

What is the remedy? Refuse all "outdoor relief" whatsoever. In case of sickness, provide hospital accommodations. In case of health, the poor house is open for all who can not gain a living in the open market of labor. This is hard on the widow, someone will say. Not at all; poverty is many times honorable, because it is the result of accident. But it is and ought to be regarded as dishonorable for a competent citizen to allow a near relative to become a pauper. This many will do, if the fact can be covered up as in the case of outdoor relief, but in the case of the poor house it is not an easy task. Another phase of this matter should never be lost sight of. The men who have the poor in charge should be of the salt of the earth, honest, kind, sympathetic. No politician of brutal instincts should be given charge of the unfortunate of society.

The charity question in many of our Northwestern states, where the foreign element is large, is important as well as perplexing. The proper solution of the question must come through a public sentiment which will frown on the growing disposition to receive aid because it comes from the municipality—a sentiment that will make pauperism a calamity to be avoided as a disgrace.

THE NERVOUS KAISER.

Emperor William has set all Germany by the ears with his unruly tongue. While the chancellor, Von Buelow, has been assuring the people that Germany is in the midst of a peacefully disposed continent, with no foes without and no visible enemies within, his great master intimates that the fatherland is sleeping on a powder magazine, which is liable to be exploded at any old time. Can it be that the nervousness of the czar has communicated itself by telepathy, or some other occult means, to the very bones of the martial emperor of Germany, that he should grow pale and look sick by reason of his imaginings? Or has the kaiser some deep laid plot in his royal cranium to put through some vast military measure for the conquest of the far-East, or mayhap Austria?

Another explanation, and perhaps the more feasible one, is that the czar, King Edward and the emperor of China are receiving too much attention from the gossipy world to suit the divinely appointed William. A certain amount of public attention William must have to keep his digestion in the proper condition, and when that is not forthcoming he is liable to do most anything to attract it. He was right in it a few weeks ago at the funeral of his "grossmutter," but when he went home he dropped out of sight and out of hearing. The world was busy with other things for a few days.

Well, William is nothing if not spectacular. He believes in advertising, and is not overscrupulous as to the means employed. If the Lord had not happened to have selected William Hohenzollerin to be the third emperor of Germany, but instead had placed him in an ordinary Yankee family as a middle son, he, after having taken a course at college, would have made a howling success as a patent-medicine man or a lightning rod agent. Perhaps he would have written a book on "What I Did in Cuba," after which he might have been elected vice president of the United States. Some men are unfortunate.

SHOULD BE AT DULUTH.

A Washington dispatch says: "Supervising Inspector Dumont of the steamboat inspection service, proposes to give Senator Allison and Gen. Henderson a hearing on the proposal to remove the headquarters of the Fifth district inspector from Dubuque to St Paul. Gen. Dumont rather inclines to the idea that Duluth will be the proper place, but is willing to place the office where it will be of the best interest to the public service. It is not known whether Allison and Speaker Henderson will oppose the removal from Dubuque."

Gen. Dumont is in a position to take the right view of the matter, and his opinion should be accepted as to the proper headquarters of the supervising inspector of steamboats for the Fifth district. When he expresses the view that Duluth is the proper place, he reaffirms the stand taken by nearly every person who is interested in this branch of the government service. The greater portion of the business of the Fifth inspection district originates in the waters adjacent to this city. The marine business centering at Dubuque and St. Paul is small in comparison, and common sense dictates that the supervising inspector should be stationed in Duluth.

Years ago, when the Mississippi traffic was heavy and the Lake Superior marine trade was of small proportions, there was some excuse for locating the supervising inspector's headquarters at St. Paul or Dubuque, but conditions have changed completely. It might be a good idea for Congressman Morris to use whatever influence he can command to support Gen. Dumont's opinion that Duluth is the right place.

It is evident that James B. Weaver is a man who is not ashamed to take a minor position after having been a candidate for a much higher one, as is frequently the case of many with political aspirations. Mr. Weaver has been elected mayor of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, and according to all reports will make a most excellent executive. He is the man whom the Greenbacks nominated for the presidency in 1880 and who received 307,000 votes for the office. He is the same man whom the Populists nominated for the same office in 1892, casting 1,000,000 votes for him and winning twenty-two votes in the electoral college. This was the year when Grover Cleveland had 277 votes against 145 for Benjamin Harrison. Before he became a presidential candidate he had served in the Union army in the civil war, holding the rank of brigadier general when he was discharged. He was a federal district attorney after the war and represented the Des Moines district in congress for one term, beginning in 1879. It was while he was a congressman that the Greenback party put him at the head of its national ticket. Beside being a soldier and a lawyer and a congressman, Mr. Weaver has also been editor of the Des Moines Tribune.

Since the inauguration of President McKinley's second term there has been a great scramble for office, and a great many disappointed ones. As far as possible it seems to have been the practice of the president to reappoint the officeholders when consistent with political influence and for that reason the vacancies are few. In the next few months most all the fat federal offices in New York and Brooklyn will have to be filled and hard work is being put in by the local politicians. It is said that Platt wants several changes, but as the influence of the New York boss is rapidly waning it is doubtful if his wishes will have much effect with the president.

The milkmen of Germany have adopted the bad practice of having a pump attachment to their dairies and according to a recent consular report, of 122 samples of milk examined, sixty-seven were found to be adulterated with a large percentage of water. The matter is receiving prompt attention by the government.

Most anyone can write a check for any amount, but it is not always the case that it will be cashed by the bank. J. Pierpont Morgan drew one the other day for $23,000,000, in buying the Jersey Central railroad, and the bank teller paid over the money as though it was an everyday occurrence.

Senator Hanna is reported to be in favor of the election of United States senators by popular vote. The New York World construes this as an announcement that he expects to return to private life at the end of his present term.

The whole country will applaud President McKinley's prompt recognition of Gen. Funston's daring and bravery by appointing him a brigadier general in the regular army. He has won his stars.

Funston is now a great man and it behooves him to profit by the experiences of Dewey and Hobson if he wants to retain public favor.

In case President Schwab proves faithful to his duties as president of the steel trust, what are the chances of his future promotion?

It is said that when Tom Platt thinks of Governor Odell, he wishes his name was spelled with an h, instead of a d.

All eyes are now focused on the Minnesota senate. What will be done with the primary election law?

If the present sultan of Turkey should be disposed, what will become of Uncle Sam's claim?

Another sign of prosperity. The king of Portugal has taken his crown out of pawn.

The dealers in Missouri mules are closely watching the threatened war in the East.

Real Pleasant Reading.

Little Falls Herald: Here's something real pleasant to read, which will be of interest to those who are strong on "civilizing" the Filipinos. It is on account of one of the deportations of Filipino exiles sent to Guam:

"Many friends of the exiles feared to show their sympathy and remained away, but wives, children and sweethearts followed the ambulance to the wharf, weeping, shrieking and tearing their hair in a frenzy of grief. Gray-headed women, mothers of some of the prisoners, ran barefooted in the dust of the road, tears streaming down their cheeks. Gen. Pilar bore these partings bravely until ordered to go abroad. Then he, too, a veteran, wept." Great, isn't it? But don't get squeamish about it. These people are thousands of miles away. What do we care about their joys and sorrows. Such scenes are unpleasant, but we are in the world power business, and they don't count.

HUSHING AN EDITOR.

Washington Star: The war department decides that Gen. MacArthur acted within the scope of his authority as military governor in deporting Editor Rice, since he had been given the specific power to remove from the Philippines all persons who menaced the peace and good order of the islands. This decision, however, fails completely to meet the only question in this connection which is troubling American public opinion. The power to deport captured enemies of the United States who have openly or secretly, directly or indirectly, aided the insurgents, and thus menaced the peace and good order of the Philippines, is properly exercised by the military governor. In many cases deportation is a more adequate and more effective punishment than execution or imprisonment in the Philippines. The deportation of Mabini and his associates has been universally applauded, and this treatment could doubtless be applied with advantage to the treacherous foes of the United States in Manilla whose secret aid to the insurgents is now being exposed. But the doubt that has existed and still exists is whether Gen. MacArthur displayed his usual sound judgment in classifying among the deportable public enemies, menacing the peace of the islands, an editorial critic who voiced the opinion of some Manilla merchants in persistently and obstinately attacking the Manilla port charges as illegally excessive. The open, responsible, printed discussion of specific accusations of misgovernment is wholesome and tends to develop good government. This truth is as applicable in Manilla as in any other city within American jurisdiction. If such accusations are true, corrupt tendencies and perhaps corruption itself meet exposure, and the public profits through the remedies that are immediately devised and applied. A Neely is a greater "menace to peace and good order" than a Rice, and it is wiser to countenance Rice than to so shape conditions as to protect from criticism and the chance of exposure any possible Neelys in the Philippines.

The first military censorship in the Philippines was arbitrary, foolish, impolitic, un-American. In the absence of evidence that Editor Rice menaced the peace of Luzon otherwise than by insisting that the port charges of Manilla were illegally excessive, his deportation as a public enemy like Mabini or the traitors in Manilla who have furnished ammunition and supplies to the insurgents suggests the possibility of a return by the Philippines government to the original [illegible] policy of harrying as irreclaimable hostiles the representatives of the press in Manilla.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The transport's slowly takin' on her lumber,
From the line o' cascoes driftin' out to sea.
The 'tween deck's full, she's got her rating number,
She's homeward bound, and yit—she's leavin' me.

I got the very pipeclay in my marrow,
I like the heft—I love the feel o' men;
I got no use for smooth-down ways nor narrow—
I like the life—an' so I'll 'list again.

An' see each mornin' when the mists are risin'
Cloudlike on palm, in jungle, an' on beach,
The work o' men, broad-shouldered, enterprisin',
Here's yer happy home at last, go seek yer treasure,
An' if you fail—go try it on again.

An' it's three rounds blank! An' mark the place yon lie—
Three rounds blank! An' there ain't a chaplain nigh;
Escort turn! Oh, keep your touch in marchin',
An' the dust clouds risin' like a devil in the breeze;
Eyes filled with dust an' the mouth and throat a-parchin',
An' they load you on the transport for yer final trip o'er seas.

Home's but a name to us who're in the service,
Love an' ease an' fame the goals we cannot reach,
But we're liftin' up the flag, an' we've that at least to nerve us,
As we stand an' watch the transport while she's fadin' from the beach.

—G. B. RODNEY, in Philadelphia Press.

Harrison's Two Fortunes.

Chicago News: It is not generally known that on account of the opposition of his children to his second marriage—an opposition he acknowledged to have some justice in it—ex-President Harrison distributed all his fortune among his children, retaining only his house and lot in Indianapolis. He then started out to make a second fortune and made one larger than his first, which he has now left solely to his second wife and child. The action was characteristic of the man and illustrates the stern stuff of which he was made.

Rogues Reflected on the Stage.

Boston Transcript: It is queer that so many persons are swindled by bunko-steerers and confidence men. Everybody knows who ever goes to the theater that the bunko-steerer invariably slinks around with his elbows thrust out, his shoulders elevated and his chin aspiring, while the confidence man is distinguishable by his predilection for cigarettes and plug hats, and his penchant for evening dress in the early afternoon.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

HUMES. HUMES. HUMES.

You are invited to attend our

Spring Millinery Showing

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday

An exceptional expose, exhibiting the choicest conceits brought out this season—the best and latest creations and achievements of the most prominent milliners on both sides of the Atlantic, and among the most elegant styles you will find the products from our own workrooms. Whoever desires pretty headgear will find an array of exquisite and exclusive styles here, which for extent, variety, completeness and correctness are difficult to equal and which are priced at surprising low figures. We look forward to the pleasure of showing our hats to you.

HUMES OVER SUFFEL & CO.

DAILY STORY.

THE CHATTEL.

BY GEORGE K. STILES.

Author of "The Garden of Honor," Etc.

(Copyright, 1901, William R. Miller.)

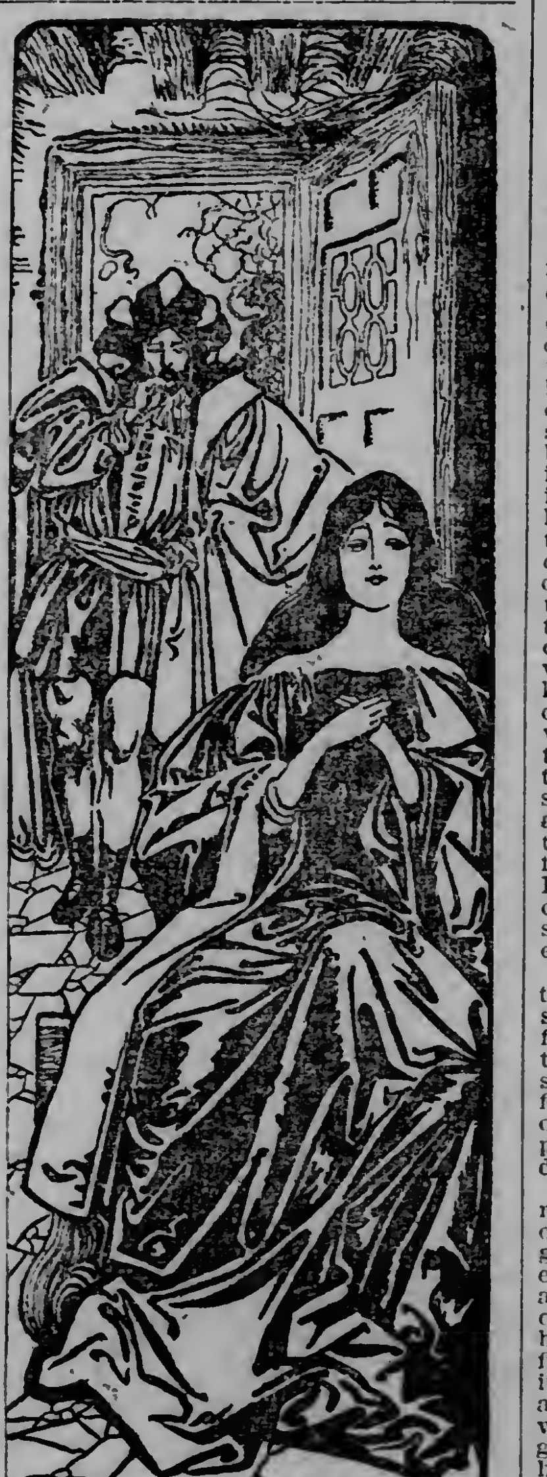
A man dwelt in a pleasant country and owned a few acres and a low-browed cottage, which yawned in the sunshine, fanned by the sweeping limbs of the fruit trees.

The interior of his cottage was simply garnished for he was a man of little wealth; yet a strange degree of comfort and effect of brilliancy was radiated throughout the dwelling. This proceeded from one object, a most valuable chattel, which he had obtained through a contract ratified and sustained by the governor of the country. This chattel had been desired by many of his neighbors, and by one most particularly; but he had been so fortunate as to obtain possession of it, and the officers of the governor saw to it that he should not be robbed of his valuable possession.

The fertile and smiling valley composing this state was stopped abruptly on every side by mountains, and many had returned laden with the gold and jewels which abounded beyond the mountains in a desolate and most ungrateful country.

Now, the man grew discontented with his homely cottage, embellished only by this one treasure, and he desired to procure gold and diamonds. It seemed that in the compact with the state giving this precious object that he contracted to take good care of it, and it irked him to remain when he would rather depart in search of wealth.

Finally, he crept away by night, so that none of his neighbors espied his setting forth, and he departed up the mountains and disappeared over the height as the coming sun blossomed upon the peaks; but the chattel remained alone in the low-browed cottage amidst the fruit trees. None tended it; but one of the man's neighbors, who had the more ardently craved the chattel, soon noticed the man's absence, and at times he stopped in the unguarded house and gazed longingly at his desire.



He Stopped In The Unguarded House And Gazed Longingly At His Desire.

When the beautiful one had grown worn and unlovely through lack of care he wept secretly and even ventured to preserve the marvelous polish of the thing. He durst not be open in his actions lest the officers of the governor discover him and lead him away to prison; for, behold! the law granting the right of guarding this treasure forbade any other man from making good the owner's neglect.

Yet the neighbor became bolder as the owner remained away and one dark night he removed it to his cottage, where it prospered and the whole place was lightened by it, and it was prized.

When the country people discovered this theft they shook their heads and whispered the one to the other, but they made no mention of it to the officers of the governor, for they said in their hearts:

"Come, now, this man is not much to blame, for the owner has abandoned it, and it would have perished miserably in the deserted house."

So the thief retained the chattel of the seeker after gold, and his life was happy and the earth seemed beautiful to him, while under his care the chattel grew even more polished and ornamented; and his cottage was a place where Happiness sat down and looked about her.

Back from the wilderness and the land of golden gems came the owner of the chattel, and his clothes hung from him in dismay and his feet and fingers were torn with the rocky teeth of the mountains. He came close to his cottage, where the door stood open as he had left it, and inside dwelt darkness and the weight of an empty place.

Then he ran to the governor, who sat at the palace gate, and made great clamor, crying:

"Sir, I have been robbed. Someone has done me much wrong; for, behold! the chattel which thou gavest me is no longer in its place, but has been stolen away and I know not by whom."

Then the governor was angry and commanded a search to be made, and they discovered the chattel in the neighbor's house; and they took him before the governor. Whereupon, the great one commanded the thief to rise and stand before him, and he addressed him in these words:

"How is it that thou hast entered into this man's cottage and stolen his chattel, which I gave unto him in the name of the state, and hast taken it unto thyself and hast enjoyed it. It is a shameful thing, and shall be punished."

But the man bowed his head before the high seat of the governor, and said: "It is true, O! my lord, and the thing happened in this fashion;" and he told the governor what had occurred and thought longingly of the treasure; and he wept, saying: "Kill me if thou desirest; it is the law."

Then the governor gazed upon the culprit and read his heart, so that he saw there was no guilt in him, only a great desire; and he said: "It has been the will of God. Depart thou unpunished; but, inasmuch as the chattel is the man's thou must render it back to him when he shall come and claim it from you." And the thief departed; but when the owner came an hour after to demand his property, he found the beautiful thing destroyed by the man who had desired and stolen it, and amongst its ruins lay the dead body of the thief.

Then the owner cursed both the thief and his neglected chattel; but the neighbors stoned him, saying "It was his fault in that he had abandoned the chattel which the dead man had preserved;" and they fell upon him so that he departed again into the mountains and starved to death with his mouth crammed to the full with precious stones.

Now, the cottage was a home and the country of the golden gems is the world; but the precious chattel was a man's wife.

APRIL FOOLS.

It is a curious fact, that the custom of making April Fools prevail in the most widely separated regions of the globe, and that, everywhere, its origin is hidden in remote antiquity. The Hindoos on the Ganges practice it, in all the European countries it exists, in one shape or another; and, in America, it is one of the few mirthful customs which our fathers brought from merry Old England. When once such a fashion was established, we should suppose that human nature might be pretty safely trusted to keep it up. It is desirable to have the privilege of saying, on one day in the year—what we perhaps think every day—that our acquaintances are fools But the false refinement of the present age has occasioned the rites of the holiday to fall somewhat into desuetude. It is not unreasonable to conjecture, that this child's play, as it has now become, was, when originally instituted, a vehicle of the strongest satire which mankind could wreck upon itself. The people of antiquity, we may imagine, used to watch each other's conduct throughout the year, and assemble on All Fools' day, to pass judgment on what they had observed. Whoever, in any respect, had gone astray from reason and common sense, the community were licensed to point the finger, and laugh at him for an April Fool. How many, we wonder, whether smooth-chinned or gray-bearded, would be found so wise in great and little matters, as to escape the pointed finger and the laugh.

It is a pity that this excellent old custom has so degenerated. Much good might still result from such a festival of foolery; for our own individual follies are too intimately blended with our natures to be seen or felt, yet the dullest of us are sufficiently acute in detecting the follery of our neighbor. Let us, by way of example, point our finger at a few of the sage candidates for the honors of All Fools' day.

He who has wasted the past year in idleness, neglecting his opportunities of honorable exertion; he who has learnt nothing good, nor weeded his mind of anything evil; he who has been heaping up gold, and thereby gained as many cares and inquietudes as there are coins in his strongbox; he who has reduced himself from affluence to poverty, whether by riotous living or desperate speculations—these four are April Fools. The gray-haired man, who has sought the joys of wedlock with a girl in her teens, and the young girl who has wedded an old man for his wealth, are a pair of April Fools. The married couple, who have linked themselves for life, on the strength of a week's liking; the illmatched pair, who turn their roughest sides toward each other, instead of making the best of a bad bargain; the young man who has doomed himself to a life of difficulties by a too early marriage; the middle-aged bachelor who is waiting to be rich; the damsel who has trusted her lover too far; the lover who is downcast for a damsel's fickleness—all these are April Fools. The farmer, who has left a good homestead in England to migrate to the Mississippi valley, or anywhere else, on this side of heaven; the fresh-cheeked youth who has gone to find his grace in New Orleans; the Yankees who have enlisted for Texas; the merchant who has speculated on a French war; the author who writes for fame—or for bread, if he can do better; the student who has turned aside from the path of his profession, and gone astray in poetry and fancifulness—what are these, but a motely group of April Fools? And the wiseacre who thinks himself a fool in nothing—oh, superlative April Fool!

But what a fool are we, to waste our ink and paper in making out a catalogue of April Fools. We will add but one or two more; he who, for any earthly consideration, inflicts a wrong on his own conscience, is a most egregious April Fool. The mortal man, who has neglected to think of eternity, till he finds himself at the utmost bourn of time—death points at him for an April Fool! Lastly, if the reader in turning over this page, has not profited by the moral truths which it contains, must we not write him down in our list of April Fools? But if there be no truths, nothing well said, nothing worth saying, we shall find it out anon; and whisper to ourself: "Mr. Editor, you are an April Fool." NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

LIGHT AND BRIGHT.

Chicago Tribune: "I suppose," said Adam, as he began the task of cataloguing the animals, "I ought to put myself down as exhibit A."

-:—:-

The smart set: Brooks—I wish you'd pay me that $10 you owe me, old fellow.

Borrowit—I couldn't think of it, Brooks. "But I'm here to remind you of it."

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: "Poker! Why is it called poker, I wonder?"

"Well, it seems to be a device for playing with fire, for one thing."

-:—:-

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Do you think that to die rich is to die disgraced?" asked Mr. Beechwood.

"Not necessarily," replied Mr. Wilkinsburg; "but to die poor is no special distinction."

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: "How did you come out at the card party?" asked Miss Frocks of Miss Kittish.

"Blanche and I cut for the first prize, and she won it."

"That was the unkindest cut of all."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "is like some chickens. Dey is allowed to strut aroun' an' take it easy ca'se dey's too tough an' no account to be wuf noticin'."

-:—:-

Indianapolis Press: "What made that man go out mad?" asked the proprietor.

"I cannot tell a lie," answered the clerk, "I——"

"Never mind the rest of it," answered the proprietor. "Go to the desk and draw your pay."

-:—:-

Chicago Tribune: "I suppose it's true enough," moralized Uncle Allen Sparks, "as the preachers and other wise men tell us, that life is a bubble. I have noticed in the course of the years that people are inclined to blow themselves—and that takes a good deal of soap."

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: Mr. Ascum—I hear your old minister has gone in for ritualism.

Mr. Lochurch (disgustedly)—Yes, he's gone wrong, completely.

Mr. Ascum—How can you say that? He's all rite now.

Specimen of Political Nerve.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: The astuteness of the Quay machine is again illustrated in the judicial proceedings commenced to "test" the validity of the law just passed by the Pennsylvania legislature repealing the charters of the cities of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton and placing them under the government of "recorders" appointed by the governor. The Quay men, anticipating opposition to the measure in the courts, themselves began the proceedings before a judge of their own selection, one Archibald, and meanwhile, with an angelic indifference (!) to its effect upon his decision, Senators Quay and Penrose formally presented Archibald's name to President McKinley for appointment to the judgeship in a newly created United States district court!

First Catch Your Hare.

Philadelphia Record: First catch your hare is an injunction that should be remembered by the British cooks, who are discussing among themselves the kind of sauce in which the fleet De Wet is to be served. It has been kindly suggested that he make his escape from Africa to have his eventual British captors from the depressing necessity of shooting him for murder. The Boer chieftain is much kinder to the British than they are to him, for, if it be true that "there is more pleasure in pursuit than in possession," De Wet is giving his enemies heaps of fun.

Barren Regrets.

Louisville Courier-Journal: There are probably two nations which are sorry that the Tien Tsin incident did not result in war between England and Russia—France, who would like to see somebody whip England; and Japan, who would like to see somebody whip Russia, and help somebody do it.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

April 1st and 2nd.

The Great Lenten Attraction.

The universal and uncontradicted success! Wm. A. Brady has the honor to announce the Famous Pastoral Drama by Lottie Blair Parker,

"WAY DOWN EAST"

Elaborated by Joseph R. Grismer, exactly as presented at the New York City Academy of Music and Manhattan Theater 427 times. A play founded on Truth and Nature. Endorsed by the Clergy, recommended by Educators. A drama for everybody, to be presented here in its Perfect Entirety. Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Carriages may be ordered for 10:45.

Star Lecture Course,

First M. E. Church, Duluth.

Col. L. F. COPELAND,

—SUBJECT—

"Seeing the Elephant,"

Monday Ev'g, April 1.

One of the Greatest Orators.

Tickets 50 Cts.

Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

"New York Vaudevilles"

Three Hours Solid Fun.

EVANS IS A STAYER

Commissioner of Pensions Does Not Intend to Resign.

The President Has Not Asked Him to Vacate.

Yet It Is Expected He Will Be Superceded Soon.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—While a good deal of speculation is being indulged in as to who will be selected to succeed H. Clay Evans as commissioner of pensions, it is interesting to note that Evans has not resigned, and the president has not intimated that he wishes him to vacate. From a conversation with Mr. Evans a short time ago, the writer very clearly inferred that the commissioner has no intention of resigning.

"I have no suggestion from the president that he desires my resignation," said the commissioner, "and the only way I can account for so much talk about my successor is that I have been in the pension office nearly four years, and people think that is long enough. As a matter of fact, I have held the office longer than many of my predecessors, and have no reason to complain. I have frequent occasions to confer with the president, and if he desires my resignation, he has never intimated it to me."

This notwithstanding, it is expected that Mr. Evans will be succeeded by another commissioner ere long. Mr. Evans himself gathers as much from the current of gossip which is busying itself with his affairs. If the president should transfer him to another place he will hardly be surprised. If no other place is found for him he will step down and out with characteristic good grace. "I am not a pauper," he said, in discussing the contingency of his retirement.

The place is probably the most difficult to fill in the government under any administration. Since the pension appropriations reached $145,000,000 annually, or nearly $2 per capita for every man, woman and child in the United States, no man has been found who discharged the duties of the office to the satisfaction of everybody. The majority of the commissioner's predecessors have retired from the place under denunciation and severe criticism. A good deal of the opposition is instigated by the pension attorneys, constituting a small army of men who are able to wield a great deal of influence among pensioners all over the country. It is natural that many among them should be unprincipled and thus incur the disapproval of the pension bureau.

As an illustration to what extent their pestiferous activity is carried, it may be cited that there is hardly an army hospital in San Francisco, in China, and the Philippines in which there are not a number of pension attorneys disguised as nurses and attendants. The business of these men is to persuade sick and wounded soldiers in the hospitals to place a claim for pension, regardless of the extent of their injuries. A recent investigation of some sixty cases of claimants for pensions in this city among soldiers returned from foreign service showed that 50 per cent of the number had re-enlisted.

It is stated that a commissioner who makes it his business to hunt down attempted frauds of this kind is bound to be unpopular. There are grievances which admittedly are well founded, but it cannot be ignored in the interest of fair play that there are many instances of fraud which are exploited by designing persons to injure any commissioner who discharges his duties conscientiously.

* * *

Lighting the gas without the aid of match, taper or burning substance of any kind was a novelty witnessed by guests at the Columbia hotel last night. Edward R. Hodges, of New York and Chicago, patentee of numerous office specialties, exhibited the "magic gas lighter." He simply turned the cock of a gas jet so that the flow of gas commenced, applied his "lighter" and ignited the gas. This result was startling, conveying to the mind of the superstitious the work of necromancer.

While the magic gas lighter seems a wonderful invention, yet, according to Mr. Hodges, it is a very simple contrivance which any school boy could understand, if he knew. There is the rub. Not alone the school boy, but no person other than the discoverer and patentee of the novelty and a few who are in the secret, know the exact mechanism of the contrivance, chemicals used and their application.

As explained by Mr. Hodges, the gas lighting contrivance consists of a thin metal cartridge, an inch long; firmly fastened at one end are thin, slender platinum wires, which extend its length and terminate at a corrigated foot about which each wire is so twisted and fastened as to prevent them coming in contact with each other. To those wires are attached three balls, composed of chemicals, each ball being about the size of a bird shot. One ball is attached to one wire, the next ball to two wires, and the third ball to all three wires. The composition of these balls is the secret of the inventor.

The metal cartridge to which the platinum wires and chemical balls are attached are protected by a metallic shield. The instant the contrivance is applied to a flow of gas the gas is ignited. First one ball glows, then the second, and quicker than thought, the third follows at the same moment by a burst of flame.

Mr. Hodges says: "The lighting of the gas is caused by the hydrogen of the escaping gas coming in contact with the chemical properties of the balls, and the transmission of the hydrogen from one ball to the other by means of the wires, thereby causing combustion."

It is claimed that this gas lighter will last indefinitely. A patent was obtained on it about four months ago, and recently a test was given in the Palmer house, Chicago, at which the lighter exhibited last night was used 30,000 times. Another test will be given this week in New York city, where, at the St. Dante hotel the same lighter will be used 50,000 times.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to Mme. Yale's Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to the original color without dye. It has gone on record that Mme. M. Yale—wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally indorses its action and gives the public her solemn guaranty that it has been tested in every conceivable way and has proved itself to be the ONLY Hair Specific. It STOPS HAIR FALLING immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy; on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful fluffy and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies, entirely gray and with bald heads, it is especially recommended.

A SCIENTIFIC MEDICINE.

March 10, 1900.

Dear Madame Yale:—I wish to say a few words in regard to your Excelsior Hair Tonic and Hair Cleanser. I have used both with the best possible results. My hair had been falling out for some time. I had used various remedies with little or no avail. Finally my attention was called to your Excelsior Hair Tonic. I purchased a bottle and began using it. The result was beyond my expectations; after the second application my hair had ceased to fall out, and as I continued my hair seemed to have more life and vigor and new hairs began to come in. After using the second bottle I was surprised to see that my hair was no longer tinged with gray but had returned to its natural color.

Your Excelsior Hair Tonic is certainly a scientific medicine and I believe the only one that treats the hair as a sick member and feeds and nourishes it until it is restored to its natural and normal state of health. I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is in need of a Hair Tonic or Restorer, as I have the utmost confidence in the efficacy of all your remedies.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. L. BROWN,
51 Harper Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Madame Yale's Hair Tonic is sold throughout the world at $1.00 per bottle.

Manufactured only by Madame Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

We carry a full line of Madame Yale's remedies at all times.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic—

89 CENTS.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

CABLE FLASHES.

Peter Karpovich, the assassin of M. Bogoliepoff, Russian minister of public instruction, has been sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude, with a lapse of civil rights. The announcement that he had been sentenced to life imprisonment in a fortress was erroneous.

Three hundred men of the British West Africa regiment, who deserted at Kumassi, marched armed to Cape Coast castle, where all business has been suspended owing to a fear that the deserters will loot the town. One hundred and twenty troops were dispatched from Accra to Cape Coast.

Seventeen cases of bubonic plague, four European and thirteen colored, were officially reported at Cape Town Sunday.

Aguinaldo continues to express himself as pleased with and impressed by the courteous traetment accorded him by Gen. MacArthur. "I am a prisoner," he said today, "but I am treated like a guest."

Inquiries at the residence of Lord Salisbury elicited the information that he "was getting on well and was much stronger." None of the private secretaries and no other person in authority was accessible, but the foregoing statement has been prepared for callers.

Jacob Gerson, long a prominent merchant in Neustadt-An-Der-Hardt, has fled to the United States after defaulting for 250,000 marks.

The Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Dr. Leyds and his colleagues have sent a personal notification to Mr. Chamberlain warning him that a powerful combination of European and American merchants intends to boycott English goods systematically unless independence is granted to the Boers."

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

Seven Day Adventist Convention, Battle Creek, Mich.

March 31 and April 1 the Northern Pacific will sell tickets to Battle Creek, Mich., and return for $16.55. Good returning April 10 with privilege of having limit extended until April 25. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

DIED FOR OTHERS

Commander Jesse M. Roper of the Gunboat Petrel.

Suffocated In an Attempt to Rescue His Men.

Fire In the Sail Room Was Cause of Disaster.

Cavite, April 1.—At 7 o'clock yesterday morning a fire was discovered in the sail room of the United States gunboat Petrel, Lieut. Commander Jesse Mims Roper, commanding. The sail room is a small compartment adjoining the magazine. The heat was intense, the smoke suffocating and the flames difficult to extinguish.

Lieut. Commander Roper was the first to descend into the hold, but he was forced to return to the deck. Others then went down. Seaman Patrick Toner was prostrated, and was about to perish when Lieut. Commander Roper endeavored to rescue him and was suffocated in the attempt.

Lieut. Josiah Stutts McKean and Cadet Lewis suffered severely in bringing the body of Lieut. Commander Roper to the deck. Twenty-two of the crew were prostrated. Toner, Evans Flaherty, Larson, Kesler, Kahey, Burton, Smith, Sullivan and Forsbern seriously, but all will recover.

The contents of the sail room were destroyed, but the damage to the gunboat was slight. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained. Possibly it was a case of spontaneous combustion.

The death of Lieut. Commander Roper is greatly deplored. His body will be sent to the United States, April 5, by the Buffalo.

Washington, April 1.—The navy department received a cablegram from Admiral Remey, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic station, giving a brief account of a fire in the sail room of the gunboat Petrel and of the death of the commanding officer, Lieut. Commander Jesse Mims Roper, as a result of an heroic effort to rescue the men below. The dispatch shows that twenty-two other officers and men were prostrated, but all are recovering. Admiral Remey's dispatch is as follows:

Cavite, March 31, 1901.—Fire discovered in sail room Petrel, 7 this morning, Roper commaading. After going below once, went again against advice. Attempted recover men below. He suffocated, died at 7:45. Twenty-two other officers and men entirely prostrated. All recovering. Fire out. Damage immaterial. Send Roper's remains by Buffalo. REMEY.

The department at once sent a telegram to H. F. Fay, the brother-in-law of Lieut. Commander Roper, at No. 73 Monmouth street, Longwood, asking that he inform Mrs. Roper of the news. The following expression of sympathy and appreciation is also made: "With this sad news, the department sends to Mrs. Roper deep sympathy in the great loss she has sustained, and the highest appreciation of the gallantry and self-sacrifice with which Lieut. Commander Roper gave his life for his fellowmen. It was a heroic death."

The deceased officer was born in Missouri and entered the naval service June 25, 1868. He was commissioned to the rank held by him at the time of his death on March 3, 1899, and ordered to command the Petrel Nov. 3, 1899. The Petrel was one of the vessels under Admiral Dewey at the battle of Manilla bay, when she was in charge of Lieut. Commander E. P. Wood. The latter officer came home shortly after and Lieut. Commander Roper succeeded him.

SENSATIONAL.

Gross Frauds Discovered In Commissary Department at Manilla.

Manilla, April 1.—Interest in the capture and fate of Aguinaldo is well nigh overshadowed in Manilla by sensational developments, present and prospective, of frauds in the commissary department. How widely these extend has not yet been ascertained, but enough is already known to justify the belief that they are far-reaching.

Capt. Fred J. Barrows, of the Thirteenth volunteer infantry, quartermaster of the department of Southern Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the assistant manager of the Hotel Orient, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manilla, a number of storekeepers and other persons, have been arrested. The investigations have scarcely begun, but thousands of sacks of flour, a quantity of bacon and wagon loads of other goods, all bearing government marks, have been found in the possession of unauthorized persons.

It is alleged that the contractor in question, who has been doing a business approximating $100,000 per month, has spent huge sums in entertaining officers.

A prominent commissary officer is accused of leading a scandalously immoral life.

It is asserted that large quantities of stores have been lost or stolen in transit and also that there is a shortage in the commissary depot.

New scandals are developed daily. Illicit transactions have been traced back to June, 1900, and it is possible that there are others of earlier date.

The exorbitant tariff on provisions makes the superstitious sale of supplies immensely profitable. It is understood that other United States officers may be arrested.

Lieut. Philip K. Sweet, of the Forty-sixth volunteer infantry, is prosecuting the investigation under the direction of Col. Wilder, chief of police.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

BRAIN FOOD

Is of Little Benefit Unless It Is Digested.

Nearly everyone will admit that as a nation we eat too much meat and too little of vegetables and the grains.

For business men, office men and clerks, and in fact everyone engaged in sedentary or indoor occupations, grains, milk and vegetables are much more healthful.

Only men engaged in severe outdoor manual labor can live on a heavy meat diet and continue in health.

As a general rule meat once a day is sufficient for all classes of men, women and children, and grains, fruit and vegetables should constitute the bulk of food eaten.

But many of the most nutritious foods are difficult of digestion, and it is of no use to advise brain workers to eat largely of grains and vegetables when the digestion is too weak to assimilate them properly.

It is always best to get the best results from our food that some simple and harmless digestive should be taken after meals to assist the relaxed digestive organs, and several years' experience have proven Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to be a very safe, pleasant and effective digestive, and a remedy which may be taken daily with the best results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can hardly be called a patent medicine, as they do not act on the bowels nor any particular organ, but only on the food eaten. They supply what weak stomachs lack, pepsin diastase, and by stimulating the gastric glands, increase the natural secretion of hydrochloric acid.

People who make a daily practice of taking one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal are sure to have perfect digestion, which means perfect health.

There is no danger of forming an injurious habit, as the tablets contain absolutely nothing but natural digestives; cocaine, morphine and similar drugs have no place in a stomach medicine, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are certainly the best known and most popular of all stomach remedies.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and after a week's use note the improvement in health, appetite and nervous energy.

NOT A BOAT

Of Package Freight Lines Will Move With Present Conditions.

Milwaukee, April 1.—The Sentinel says: Not a boat of the fifty-eight running for the six package freight lines touching at Milwaukee will start when the season opens, unless the engineers' strike is settled. The managers of the liners had hoped that their engineers would hold aloof from the strike of the Marine Engineers' Protective association, but the men have decided to stay out. This will be the most serious step that the strikers have taken as far as Milwaukee is concerned.

The Barry line is now running with non-union engineers, but the Goodrich, Pere Marquette and Crosby boats are paying the scale. These lines are operating ten boats. The package freight lines, however, on which every engineer is an association man, cannot move unless the strike is ended.

Up to late last week the managers of these lines hoped that their engineers would stay with them, but they have been told that even if they were to pay the schedule and remain in the Lake Carriers' association they could not obtain engineers. The latter have announced that they would break up the Lake Carriers' association or force it to their terms. The package freight lines are among the strongest members of the owners' organization.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The blast furnace operators of the Mahoning Valley have acceded to the demand of the furnace workers by granting them the increase of 20 cents per day asked for. The men would have gone on strike Monday morning if the operators had refused the demand.

Detective Ed Morse and Policeman John Bressingham attempted to arrest two negroes suspected of the murder of a marshal at Gulfport, Miss. One negro, named Davis, resisted and shot Morse and Bressingham, probably fatally. He in turn was killed. The other negro was captured.

Daniel S. Twitchell, a prominent lawyer and politician of Kansas City, died Sunday, aged 67 years. He was born in Scio, Mich., and was at one time recorder of Ann Arbor, Mich., and in 1876 was Republican candidate for governor of Missouri.

The Official Gazette says that various newspapers of Mexico City announce that President Diaz will ask permission to go to Europe for the benefit of his health. The Gazette denies that the president will make the trip.

Arrangements for the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue of Gen. John A. Logan, in Iowa Circle, April 9, have been completed by Col. Theodore A. Bingham, superintendent of buildings and grounds.

Neil Gilmou, formerly superintendent of public instruction of the state of New York and registrar of the United States land office at Bismarck, N. D., during President Harrison's administration, died of valvular disease of the heart at his home in Balston, N. Y., Sunday.

The remainder of the ice in the Mississippi went out at La Crosse Sunday, doing much damage. Large cakes came down with a rush from the upper river, destroying the piers and sheer-fence at the wagon bridge. Part of the protection along the levee is washed away. The ice washed over the banks along the levee and is now piled up in huge pyramids ten feet high. The damage to the city and bridge will be large.

One of the worst blizzards of the season is prevailing in Northwest Texas in the Panhandle. Reports from up the Fort Worth and Denver road say snow began falling early Sunday morning, and at 9 o'clock was nearly four inches on a level at Quanah. The thermometer registered 2 above at the Texas line. Above that point the blizzard is much worse, the snowfall being accompanied by a fierce wind. The storm will have a bad effect on the cattle interests in the Panhandle.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional traetment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

COLD SHIVERS!

Chills chasing one another up and down your back. Then the pains and aches in every joint — you've had them. Will have them again probably. But next time get a bottle of **Hinkley's Bone Liniment.** Measure out a spoonful. Mix it in a glass of hot water or milk. In a minute or two you'll feel the warmth and vigor of health returning, and you'll be busy saying good-bye to chills, aches and pains. Thousands of people find it the greatest remedy in the world for warding off cold and strengthening weak lungs. Then it is invaluable for a score of other ailments. It stops pain of every name and nature. Famous for nearly half a century.

Sold everywhere in 25c. 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

REWARDED.

Funston Made a Brigadier General By the President.

Washington, April 1.—The president has recognized the universal desire for the recognition and reward of Gen. Frederick Funston, as will be seen by the following important army appointments which were announced at the White House Saturday:

To be major general U. S. army—Brigadier Gen. Lloyd Wheaton, vice Miles, promoted lieutenant general.

To be brigadier generals in the regular army—Col. Jacob H. Smith, Seventeenth U. S. infantry, brigadier general volunteers, vice Daggett, retired; Brigadier. Gen. Frederick Funston, U. S. volunteers, vice Wheaton, promoted.

Following the announcement Gen. Corbin sent the following to Gen. MacArthur:

"Washington, March 30.—MacArthur, Manilla: The following appointments made: Wheaton, major general; Smith and Funston, brigadier generals. Secretary of war joins me in congratulations to all."

FOREST FIRE.

Great Damage Done By Conflagration In New Jersey.

Hammonton, N. J., April 1.—One of the most extensive forest fires that has visited this section of the state is raging in the big woods north of this city. The fire reached a point just east of the town of Winslow last night, and for several hours it was feared that the town would be wiped out. Men, women and children fought the flames to the north of the town. While the men threw up trenches to keep the fire away women and children carried their household goods to places of safety in the fields, and are guarding them, as a change in the wind is feared.

Several farm buildings, about 5000 acres of big timber and thousands of cords of wood have been consumed. Many narrow escapes of the fire fighters have been reported.

The Saloon Question.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I see by this evening's issue of your paper that something is to be done to sustain the monopoly in the business of debauching our city. "The trade" themselves desire it, consequently the limitation of the number of saloons is more likely to be a consummated fact. They gave us the high license law, for the same purpose, to weed out the poor men, that the rest might get fat, and then the good church people called it a temperance measure and were satisfied, and without further investigating its result are still clinging to it in spite of the fact, patent to an indifferent observer that drunkenness with all the evils that follow in its train, has increased to a most deplorable extent. I have ceased to look for any real practical reform from the powers that be, as at present constituted. There is from time to time any amount of pretence, enough perhaps to hoodwink our easily satisfied party-bound Christian citizens, and to allay their ghosts of consciences, if they should chance to suggest any personal responsibility in the matter. These good men frequently tell us, when we suggest prohibition as the only remedy: "Why prohibition is a failure; it can't be enforced." They never seem to consider whether it is right or wrong, neither do they apply the same argument to any other law, or else forsooth their pet, the "high license law," would have to go; for whatever may be said regarding the prohibitory law, there is not, nor was there ever in the memory of man a law on the statutes of this or any other state that was so shamelessly ignored as the license laws. Is there one law-abiding saloonkeeper in Duluth? Is there one that does not violate some provisions of the licensing law every day in the year, and as often as the opportunity presents itself? Now I make no attack on the saloonkeepers; they are only the creations of the law. My contention is with the illogical, hypocritical, or ignorant law-maker, who prays "Thy kingdonm" and then votes to legalize the devil's own business.

If the saloon is a good thing, why this restriction? If it is a necessity, why this monopoly? Why, I say, should not any man be allowed to earn a living by selling what people must and will have, whether he has $1000 or not? I think the saloonkeeper is an abominably ill-used person on the one hand, i. e., if his business is morally legal, andw on the other the poor man for the lack of money is legislated against. Either the business is right or it is wrong morally. If the former, then it should have the same freedom, as the butcher, the barber or candlestick-maker. If the latter, then no fee, however high, can make it right. For the good book has some rather strong denunciations for those who adopt such a policy. For "instance," woe unto him that buildeth a city with blood," or "that justify the wicked for reward." Think of it—$160,000 "blood money," to pave our streets and build sidewalks, or pay police and court expenses, to justify 160 conscienceless men for doing their level best to corrupt and ruin body and soul, our sons and daughters, yes, and us fathers and mothers if they get the chance. Yes, limit the number if you will, but the favored few will see to it that no one is turned away for lack of room or accommodation and the results will be the same. Surely "a wonderful and horrible thing is committed in the land and my people love to have it so—but what will they do in the end thereof?" Respectfully yours,

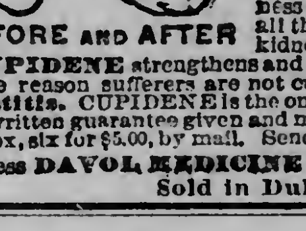
G. HOOD THOMPSON.

Duluth, March 29.

Omega Oil

ACHING BACKS—There are a whole lot of women (and men too) whose health would be good if they didn't have trouble with their backs. The back is the vital part of the body that requires strength. A weak back weakens you all over. You may have leg and arm muscles like a prizefighter, but those muscles won't do you any good if your back is weak. Nature supplies in Omega Oil all that is needed to make the muscles of the back strong. It is a green-colored, oily liniment. Rub it in at night before retiring, or get some one else to do it for you. Keep up this treatment for a little while, and your back won't hurt any more. If weak women will use more Omega Oil outside and less drugs inside, they will be better off. You simply rub it into the pores, and next day you'll feel its good effects. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Never take a substitute for Omega Oil. If your druggist persistently refuses to give what you ask for, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50 cents in cash, money order or stamps. 148



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

BEFORE AND AFTER

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

OLD MEN.

Thousands of old men who thought their remaining days on earth would be few now bless the day that they commenced the use of this greatest of all strength builders. **Lincoln Sexual Pills** will bring about a degree of health and strength for you away beyond the average man of your years, and give your great peace and comfort.

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

Lincoln Proprietary Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

OPHIR AT SUEZ.

Suez, April 1.—The steamship Ophir, bearing the duke and duchess of Cornwall and York on their tour of the world, arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning, after having been detained through the blocking of the canal by a dredger.

REST AS YOU RIDE.

The Morrow Coaster Brake

Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.

100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. *Booklet Free.*

Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Scott-Graff Lumber Company, a corporation,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Alice S. McKinley, John McKinley, Edward S. Farrell and William C. Turnbull, copartners as Farrell and Turnbull,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 10th day of January, 1901, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Wednesday, the 10th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The westerly one-half of lot eleven, on West Second street, Duluth Proper, First division, according to the recorded plat thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Dated Feb. 25th, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By VICTOR A. DASH,
Deputy.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-Mch-4-11-18-25-April-1-1901.

A DAY OF SLUMPS

Wheat Started at a Decline and Sold Down Rapidly.

Cables Were Lower and the World's Shipments Heavy.

Liberal Receipts and Increase In Amount on Passage.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 1.—The wheat market started out weak and lower this morning on bearish news and declined further on heavy unloading of long wheat at Chicago. The cables were weak, a decline of ¼@½d at Liverpool being reported. The world's shipments were heavy, amounting to 8,575,000 bus, or nearly 1,000,000 bus greater than the previous week. The amount on passage increased 2,720,000 bus, while the Northwest receipts were liberal and the weather in the wheat-growing districts was favorable. Primary receipts were 867,296 bus, last year 748,816 bus. Shipments were 247,230 bus, last year 269,239 bus. Clearances of wheat were 376,182 bus. The visible supply showed an increase of 35,000 bus. At the seaboard Saturday exporters took 50,000 bus of wheat. Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 480 cars, against 621 last week and 669 last year. Chicago receipts, 82 cars, 4 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was rather active on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅜c off at 76¼c, sold at 76⅜c at 9:31, declined to 76c at 11:08 and held there for the next hour. A break to 75⅜c at 12:40 followed, it rallied to 75⅝c at 12:59 and closed at 75⅝c, a decline of 1c. Chicago declined 1⅜c and Minneapolis 1¼c.

Cash sales were 50,000 bus and the price stiffened somewhat, wheat to arrive selling for ¾c under May and wheat in store for 1½c under.

Corn was weak today, selling down 1⅛c from the close of Saturday at Chicago, and 1c at Duluth. Primary receipts were 411,562 bus, last year 829,945 bus. Shipments were 461,116, last year 443,122 bus.

Oats opened with a rush at Chicago, at about ⅝c up from Saturday's close and after sagging somewhat for the first hour went down with a rush, closing about 1c off the Saturday price.

Flax was up 1c, rye was off ¼c and other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 75⅝c; to arrive, 76⅜c; May, 75⅝c. No. 1 northern, 73⅝c; to arrive, 74⅝c; May, 75⅝c; July, 76½c. No. 2 northern, 69⅝@72⅝c. No. 3 spring, 65⅝@68⅝c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 51c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.60; to arrive, $1.61; May, $1.63; September, $1.15. Corn, 41c; May, 41½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 52; corn, 12; oats, 10; rye, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 126,638; corn, 19,663; oats, 21,851; rye, 2159; flax, 802. Shipments—Wheat, 6592; corn, 502.

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SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	$0.75
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	75¼
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	75¼
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	74⅝
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	69
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	72½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	72¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	72
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	73¼
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	73¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	71¾
No. 1 northern 5 cars	71¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	68
No. 3 spring, 1 car	67
No. 3 spring, 1 car	66
No. 3 spring, 1 car	63½
Barley, 1 car	42
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.64
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.44

B. E. BAKER,
Grain and Stock Broker.
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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Corn Holds the Boards With Activity.

Chicago, April 1.—Corn began the new month with its usual activity. May opened a shade to ½@⅝c lower at 44¼c to 44c, under heavy realizing sales, but reacted sharply to 44½c on heavy buying for the country account. When these orders had been filled the market fell back to 44⅛c. The weather was improved and receipts were 245 cars, 51 of contract grade.

In the oats market also there was a resumption of Saturday's activity and strength. May opened ⅛@¼c lower at 26¼c to 26⅛c in sympathy with wheat and corn, but on heavy buying by a leading corn bull and by Southwestern interests, the market advanced immediately to 27¼c. Realizing sales soon carried it back to 26⅝c, however. Receipts were 194 cars.

Wheat opened weak, May ⅜@½c lower at 75¾c to 75⅝c, on heavy world's shipments, a big increase on passage, lower cables, liberal receipts and good weather. After touching 75¼c, a volume of long wheat was dumped on the market and May declined rapidly to 73⅛@¼c. Local receipts were 82 cars, 4 of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 480 cars against 621 last week and 669 a year ago. World's shipments last week were 8,575,000 bus nearly a million over the previous week, while the amount of wheat and flour on ocean passage showed an increase of 2,720,000 bus.

Provisions were irregular. The opening was firm on light hog receipts and on higher prices at the yards. May pork eased on selling by longs, while lard and ribs held firm on local support. May pork opened 12½c higher at $15.62½ and declined early to $15.50; May lard opened 2½@7½c higher at $8.25@8.30, selling back to $8.25 and May ribs 2½c lower at $8.19, advancing to $8.15.

Close, wheat, April 73⅝c; May, 74⅜c; July, 74¾c. Corn, April, 42⅝c; May, 43½c; July, 43½c. Oats, April, 25½@⅝c; May, 25⅝@¾c; July, 25½c. Pork, April, $15.50; May, $15.60; July, $15.30. Lard, April, $8.42½; May, $8.30; July, $8.12½@8.15; September, $8.15@8.17½. Ribs, April, $8.20; May, $8.20; July, $8.10; September, $8.07½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.56; No. 1, $1.55; May, $1.54½; July, $1.54. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73½@77¾c; No. 3 red, 71@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 72¾@73¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 71@73c; No. 1 northern spring, 75¾@77¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 74⅜@77¾c; No. 3 spring, 68@75c. Corn, No. 2, 43½c; No. 3, 42½c. Oats, No. 2, 27@¼c; No. 3, 26¾@27c. Rye, April, 51c; May, 51c. Barley, cash, 38@58c. Timothy, April, $4.10. Clover, $11.00.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
		Per Share.	
First National bank	100	170	137
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	119
First Nat. bank, Superior	100	...	96
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			172¾
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	235	150
Leithhead Drug Co	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

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Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
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CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	May. Oats	May. Corn.	May. Pork.
Open	27-⅛	44¼@44¼-⅜	$15.62
High	27-⅛	44¼	$15.65
Low	25⅜-¾	43⅜-½	$15.50
Close	25⅝-¾A	43½B	$15.60

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, March 30, 1901:

Wheat.	Bus.
No. 1 hard	214,920
No. 1 northern	4,299,619
No. 2 northern	1,415,652
No. 3 spring	101,778
Rejected	42,158
No grade	142,547
Special bin	2,223,031
Winter	89,900
Western	522,883
Total	9,053,187
Increase during week	531,933
Stock last year	16,729,546
Corn in store	5,156,294
Oats in store	1,213,345
Rye in store	378,228
Barley in store	75,962
Flax in store	337,926

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 1.—Wheat, cash, 73½c; May, July, 75¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 75½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 69@70½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76¼B	77¼-⅜	75¾-⅞	80⅝
High	76⅜	74½	75⅞	80¾
Low	75⅜	73⅞	74¼-⅜	79⅜-½
Close	75⅝	73⅞-½	74⅜B	79⅝A
July—				
Open	77¼B	76A	76-⅛	81A
High		76	76-⅛	81
Low		75	75¾	79⅝
Close	76½	75⅛	74¾	79¾B

PUTS AND CALLS.

Curb, May wheat, 73½c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝c bid.
Puts, May wheat, 73-¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 1.—Wheat, May, 79⅝c; July, 79⅜c. Corn, May, 49⅛c; July, 48½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN IMPORTS.

Liverpool, April 1.—The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 42,800 quarters from Atlantic ports; Pacific ports, none; other ports, 37,000 quarters. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 30,200 quarters.

BREADSTUFFS ON HAND.

Liverpool, April 1.—Following are the stocks of breadstuffs and provisions in Liverpool: Flour, 88,000 sacks; wheat, 1,301,000 centals; corn, 535,000 centals; bacon, 16,000 boxes; hams, 6200 boxes; shoulders, 2400 boxes; butter, 3100 cwts; cheese, 58,900 boxes; lard, 2200 tierces of prime Western steam, and 550 tons of other kinds.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 1.—Wheat Steady, ¼@½d lower. May, 6s ⅝d; July, 6s ⅝d. Corn, steady, unchanged. May, 3s 11¼d; July, 3s 10⅞d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 1.—Cattle, receipts, 23,000. Steady to slow. Good to prime steers, $5.00@6.00; poor to medium, $3.65@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.75; cows and heifers, $2.75@4.60; canners, $2.00@2.60; calves, $2.75@6.00; Texas steers, $3.40@5.00. Hogs, receipts today, 26,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 1350. Opened 5c higher; closing easier. Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.15; good to choice heavy, $6.10@6.22½; rough heavy, $5.95@6.05; light, $6.90@6.10; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.10. Sheep, receipts, 19,000. Steady to slow. Sheep, $2.50@5.10; lambs, $4.80@5.40. Receipts Saturday: Cattle, 66; hogs, 13,045; sheep, 590. Shipments Saturday: Cattle, 151; hogs, 1989; sheep, 1502.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the outlet of farm horses fair. North Dakota dealers were the most active buyers; local trade also revived considerably. Horses for use in the Twin Cities were in good demand. Receipts of horses large. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@160
Drafters, choice	125@135
Farm horses, extra	110@125
Farm horses, choice	85@100
Farm horses, common to good	55@ 70

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 1.—The wheat market has at last yielded to the inevitable and a very severe break has ensued under influential local selling and a general "spilling" of wheat. The bear factors were the weakening tendencies in corn; generally favorable growing conditions; large primary receipts, and an increase on passage. Liverpool cables were ½d higher, and an increase in the visible of 35,000 bus. With the exception of of large clearances, 602,000 bus, and a large cash business reported near the close, everything seemed to be bearish. New York reports 101 loads taken for export on the break, and 350,000 bus were sold from here. The market looked as weak at the close as it had all day, and shows very little recuperative ability and not much buying tendency from the outside.

The corn market has been less active and shows that some of the edge has been taken off. There has been as good selling as buying and the weakness in wheat had a sympathetic influence on corn. The market seems to be wavering between two opinions and a less enthusiastic feeling surrounds the bull element. Profit-taking on at least part of the lines bought lower down, should be good business judgment around these figures.

The oat market was very active early, ⅞c to 27¼c for May. Phillips was the leader on the bull side. The longs have been selling with good profits in sight, and most of the advance was lost. Local sales, 50,000. Local stocks decreased 160,000. Cash demand has been checked by this advance.

A good cash demand for lard has kept the provision market strong, although profit-taking has been indulged in moderately. The whole list after some vacillating early made an advance. Cash lard is 15c over May and the May 10c over the July. Hogs, 5c higher.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

NEW RECORD FOR HOGS.

Chicago, April 1.—A few lots of prime heavy hogs sold at $6.22½ at the union stock yards today. This established a new record for high prices.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	22
Creamery, storage tubs	18 @ 19
Dairies, fancy	15 @ 16
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	12 @ 12½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	12½@ 12
Full cream, Young America	14
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS	
Apples, eating	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50 @ 1 75
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California navel oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Cranberries, per bbl	8 50 @ 9 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	43 @ 45
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Radishes, per doz	65 @ 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75 @ 2 00
Wax beans	5 25 @ 5 50
Celery, California	85 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 75 @ 1 85
Carrots	70 @ 75
Oyster plant, per doz	50 @ 65
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 4 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	10 @ 10½
Ducks	10 @ 11
Geese	10 @ 11
MEATS.	
Mutton	7½
Lamb	8½@ 9
Veal, good	9
Veal, fancy	9½
Beef, dressed	5 @ 6½
Hogs	8
Pork loins	10½
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	17 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	16 50
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	42
Oats, car lots, sacked	31
Hay, upland	14 00
Hay, timothy	16 00
Feed, No. 1	17 00
Feed, No. 2	17 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 1.—Butter quiet; creameries 15@19½c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese, fairly active, 11@⅝c. Eggs, active, at mark, 12¾c. Dressed poultry, quiet; turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 1.—Butter—Receipts 18,031 packages; fresh creamery, 16@22c; factory, 11@14¼c. Cheese—Receipts, 592 packages; firm; fancy large colored and white, 11@½c; fancy small colored, 12½c: fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 15,262 packages; firm; Western at mark, 13¼@13½c; Southern at mark, 12¾@13¼c. Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3 17-32; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-32@4 1-16; molasses sugar, 3 9-32@3 5-16; refined, steady; crushed, 5.75; powdered, 5.35; granulated, 5.25. Coffee, dull; No. 7 Rio, 6⅞@7.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

Seven Day Adventist Battle Creek, Mich.

For the above occasion the Northwestern line will sell excursion tickets at the very low rate of $16.55 for the round trip, going March 31 and April 1, good returning until April 10, with privilege of having tickets extended until April 25. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Violent Advances of Railroad Stocks at the Opening.

Steel Stocks Bid Up In Face of Large Offerings.

Profit-Taking Finally Resulted In Prices Starting Downward.

New York, April 1.—There was wide and excited openings in Rock Island and United States Steel stocks, and a number of railroad stocks showed violent advances. There was a fair sprinkling of losses, in which was included Burlington with a drop of 2¼. The first 8000 shares of Rock Island sold simultaneously at 135¼ to 136¾, compared with 135 at the close on Saturday. Fifteen thousand shares of United States Steel and as much of the preferred changed hands at the opening, the common ruling at 46½ to 47½, compared with 46½ on Saturday, and the preferred selling at 96 to 96¾, compared with 95¾ on Saturday. St. Paul rose 1⅝, Lake Erie & Western 2¼ and there were opening gains of 1 to 1⅝ in Lackawanna, Delaware & Hudson, Union Pacific, Manhattan, Smelting, Tennessee Coal and People's Gas. Very large blocks changed hands in many stocks.

With business in increasing volume and many stocks moving independently speculation was very much confused and excited. It could be perceived, however, that the steel stocks were determinedly supported, prices being bid up steadily in the face of large offerings. Both the independent companies and subsidiary companies of the United States Steel corporation were affected. The gains ranged from 1 to 6¾, the latter Republic Steel, preferred. With but few exceptions other stocks were sold to realize profits, particularly those which were conspicuously strong at the start. Declines extended to a point or over, Rock Island losing 1⅛. Reading, common, rose above 37 near 11 o'clock. Sugar rose 1¾ and Rock Island and People's Gas recovered to the top with strengthening effect on the list.

Purchases of the general list, were made with more confidence owing to the buoyancy of several leading stocks. Rock Island got up 4¼ to 139⅝. Union Pacific 2¼ and Southern Pacific a point. United States Steel broke through the barrier at 47½ and rose to 48, but the preferred dropped to 96. Pullman rose 6¾. Consolidated Gas 3 and Northwest, preferred, 2¼ ex the last dividend. All of the steel stocks moved onward, except Sloss steel and Republic Steel, common and preferred, which fell 1 to 4 on profit-taking. Purchases of the railway list became larger, but Northern Pacific and Burlington were less active and lower, Burlington touching 172½. The market was feverishly irregular and price variations were constant and conflicting. Bonds were irregular.

The local tractions were brought into the upward movement at advances of 1⅝ to 2½, Manhattan leading. Tobacco rose 1½, United States Steel preferred rose to 97 and the common to 48⅜. Meantime the burden of profit taking grew and turned prices downward, reactions running from 1 to 2 points in all the principal active stocks. Lake Erie & Western made a violent break of 4⅜ from the top level and the closing was animated and irregular under the influence of continued profit taking at some points and covering by room shorts in others.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	140	141¾	139¾	140⅝
Am. Tobacco	125	126½	124¾	125⅞
Atchison, com	63½	64⅛	63½	63½
Atchison, pfd	95¾	97	96⅜	96⅜
Brooklyn Transit	82½	84¼	82¼	83¼
C., M. & St. P.	151¾	154½	151⅝	153
C., B. & Q.	173¾	174⅝	172¼	174
Erie	36¾	37¾	36½	37¼
U. S. Steel, com	47½	49	46½	49
U. S. Steel, pfd	96¾	97	95¾	96⅞
B. & O.	91⅝	93	91⅝	92½
L. & N.	100⅜	100⅞	99¾	100⅜
Manhattan	128	129½	127	128⅞
Missouri Pacific	102⅞	103	101¾	101⅞
Nor. Pacific, com	95	95½	94	94⅞
Nor. Pacific, pfd	93	93	92½	92⅞
People's Gas	108	108¾	107	107⅞
Rock Island	136¾	139⅝	135¼	139
Southern Pacific	46⅜	47¾	46⅛	47
Tenn. & C. I.	63	66⅛	63	65
U. S. Leather, com	13¾	14	13½	13¾
Union Pacific, pfd	84⅝	85¾	84⅝	85⅝
Union Pacific, com	93¼	94½	92⅞	93⅞
Western Union	96¼	96¼	95⅛	95⅞
Southern Ry., com	28⅞	28⅞	28⅜	28⅞
Southern Ry., pfd	79⅜	79½	78¾	79
Pennsylvania	154½	155¾	153⅞	154¾
Wisconsin Central	20¼	20⅞	20¼	20¼

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 1.—Clearings, $28,978,531; balances, $3,791,128. Posted exchange, $4.85½@$4.89; New York exchange, 25c discount.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 1.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1@6 points lower and ruled quiet with slight further changes and trading chiefly local except for buying on Liverpool orders against sales in the English market. May opened at 7.74, declined to 7.72 and rallied to 7.78. Shorts were the best buyers.

Spot cotton closed steady. Middling uplands, 8 3-16c; middling gulf, 8 7-16c; sales, 100 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. April, 7.79; May, 7.85; June, 7.83; July, 7.85; August, 7.58; September, 7.41; October, 7.32; November, 7.28; December, 7.26; January, 7.26.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 1.—Money on call nominally at 2@3½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼@4.88½ for demand and at $4.84⅜@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Silver certificates, 59¾@61c; bar silver, 59¼c; Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered, $1.06; coupon, ex-interest, $1.06; 3s registered, $1.11; coupon, $1.11½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38½; old 4s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, ex-interest, $1.13¼; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April 1.—Consols for money, 95 9-16; for the account, 95⅞.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel: Adventure, 15½; Allouez, 3; Anaconda, 46; Arcadian, 22¼; Amalgamated, 100⅝; Arnold, 3¾; Ashbed, 37½; Atlantic, 32½; Baltic, 42½; Bingham, 25; Boston and Montana, 351; Butte and Boston, 99¾; Calumet and Hecla, 815; Centennial, 26; Centennial Eureka, 34; Copper Range, 53¼; Cochita, 7½; Dominion Coal, 38½; Elm River, 5½; Franklin, 20; Humboldt, 25; Isle Royale, 43; Mass, 17; Mohawk, 31; Old Colony, 4; Old Dominion, 35½; Osceola, 82½; Parrot, 52; Quincy, 176; Rhode Island, 6; Santa Fe, 8; Tamarack, 328; Tecumseh, 1½; Tri-Mountain, 35¾; Trinity, 30¼-½; Utah, 34⅛; United States, 19⅝; Victoria, 3⅝; Winona, 4¾; Wolverine, 50; Washington, 60 asked; Wyandot, 1¾.

MERELY A SUGGESTION.

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Nexdore—My husband was a candidate for the legislature, you know. Well, he has decided to withdraw in the interest of harmony.

Mrs. Popprey—Indeed? Couldn't you get your daughter to withdraw from the piano occasionally for the same reason?

SEEKS A FORTUNE

E. A. Gyde, of Aitkin, On Track of English Estate.

It Is Close Race Between Him and British Crown.

Only Heard of It Two Days Before the Limit.

E. A. Gyde, an Aitkin, Minn., manufacturer, is on the track of an English fortune. He knows very little as yet about the magnitude of the wealth that is awaiting him, or how good a claim he has to it. But so far as he has got, it is very attractive, and he has considerable hopes that it may turn out to be something rather nice.

Recently a woman friend of Mr. Gyde's picked up on the pavement in an obscure English town a paper in which she noticed the name of her friend. Examining it, she found a court notice to the effect that there was an estate waiting claimants, belonging to a family by the name of Gyde, and that unless claimants appeared by March 29 it would revert to the crown. She immediately fired the information off by mail to Mr. Gyde at Aitkin, and when he got it he had just two days in which to get his claim before an English court. He wired on March 27 asking that the crown keep its hands off the estate until he could be heard from. Since then he has had no reply from his message, but he is becoming very much interested in the matter.

He came to Duluth today and laid the matter before A. M. Marshall, of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company. Mr. Marshall took him up to the board of trade and introduced him to Julius H. Barnes, of the Ames-Brooks company, who cabled the company's correspondents in England to look into the matter. That is where the case stands at present.

Mr. Gyde has no idea of the amount of the estate, but he is quite certain that he is a member of the same family, as he is of English blood and of that name. The name is a very uncommon one, and the prospects are that if the Aitkin man is able to establish his descent from the family that has overlooked the estate, he will get the fortune instead of the crown, which was due to have it March 29.

The claimant is a manufacturer of barrel hoops at Aitkin, and a very well-known and responsible business man of that city. Whether there is a fortune waiting him or not, the case is a very romantic and interesting one, and for the sake of the story, if for nothing else, it is to be hoped that he gets his fingers on the English fortune and that it is a large and juicy one.

A NEW BID.

Another Lighting Proposition to Go Before Council.

Municipal affairs of unusual importance are to be considered in tonight's council meeting. The Black River Falls company will submit a new bid for furnishing electricity for street lighting purposes. At a late hour this afternoon the figuring on this bid was incomplete, but it is expected to be close to the recent bid put in by the Commercial Light and Power company.

In its original proposition, it was estimated that the Black River Falls company could furnish the current for a municipal plant at the rate of $56.16 per light per year at a maximum and $49.68 at a minimum.

The offer of the Commercial Light and Power company is at the rate of $55 a year on a 5-year contract.

Alderman Neff's saloon limitation resolution may come up. This resolution was introduced last week, and at the request of Mr. Neff was laid over for a week. It provides that there shall be no more new licenses for saloons granted till the population of the city is such that the present ratio of one saloon for every 325 persons shall be increased to one saloon for every 500 people. This limitation, however, could be abolished at any time subject to the desires of the council.

Alderman Moore's ordinance, making certain restrictions regarding the granting of liquor licenses may also come up.

The ordinance introduced by Alderman Krumsieg last week, providing for the issue of $50,000 bonds to take up outstanding indebtedness falling due on July 1, is also expected to be put through at this evening's meeting, as well as the ordinance re-establishing the board of health, abolished last fall under the new charter.

Before and after trying other remedies use Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 'Twill keep you well all summer. A great spring blessing. Ask your druggist.

COSTLY LOG HOUSE.

The costliest log house ever built in Maine and probably in the world, is being constructed on Warren's Island, Gilkey's harbor, says a Camden, Me., dispatch to the New York Sun. It was begun by the late W. H. Forwell, of Philadelphia, and is being completed by his son, Nathan P. Forwell, to whom the property was willed with the provision that it should be finished according to the plans adopted. It will cost nearly $75,000. The log hut, as some of the neighbors call it, is 100 by 105 feet, and is built of unpeeled spruce timber cut upon the island. Fred Hunter, an expert log cabin builder from Virginia, is superintending the erection of the building, and is copying the style that prevailed in Virginia a century or more ago.

The house will contain twenty-two sleeping rooms, a living hall 30 by 60 feet, a dining room 20 by 30 feet, a kitchen 20 by 25 feet, a laundry 20 by 25 feet, and a store room 15 by 25 feet. There will be six bay windows and 100 of the ordinary kind. Many of the windows will be fitted with panes of glass 4 by 5 feet. The roof is gabled.

The large living hall is finished with gilt moulding, and from the windows one can look across upon the Camden mountains, famous for their beauty. This view caused Mr. Forwell to have placed above the immense open fireplace a large marble tablet with the inscription, "How beautiful are the mountains," from Isaiah. Work on house was begun more than a year ago, and it will require four months to finish it.

THE JURY DECIDES.

Findings In the Gasser Bankruptcy Matter.

The jury in the M. M. Gasser bankruptcy matter agreed shortly after 8 o'clock Saturday night, and as the jurors would not be needed this morning the court appeared and took the verdict. All of Saturday afternoon the jury stood evenly divided, and it was something of a surprise when the agreement was reached, as it was expected that the jury would disagree.

The jury was asked two sets of two questions each, to be answered by "yes" or "no." The first set was as to whether M. M. Gasser organized a copartnership and transferred an interest in his business to Albert Gasser, his brother, in good faith, and without intent to hinder his creditors. To this question the jury answers in the affirmative, and it also finds that Albert Gasser purchased his interest for a consideration and in good faith.

The second set was as to the transfer of certain stock in the M. M. Gasser company to Daiel L. Davis, and this the jury found was not in good faith. It is also found that Davis did not purchase the stock in good faith and for a consideration.

Further action in the matter is up to the court, which will have a rehearing on other matters not submitted to the jury. The four questions above referred to were all that the jury had to pass upon, the remainder of the matters at issue being left to the court.

Steel Contract Let.

City Engineer Patton returned from St. Paul and Minneapolis where he has been in the interest of the Garfield avenue viaduct and the aerial ferry bridge proposition. Mr. Patton says that the Northern Pacific road has let the contract for the steel to be used in the viaduct to the American Bridge works and will let the contract for the construction shortly.

This was the day on which the railroad companies were to have begun active work on the viaduct, but it will probably take some time to get the steel out.

Lease Is Filed.

The lease of the site for the new hotel that is to be erected at the corner of Fifth avenue west and First street, opposite and south of the federal building, was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The lease runs from H. W. Barthol, of Philadelphia, to George T. McKay, and the property is described as lot 80 and the west half of lot 78, West First street, Duluth proper, first division. The lessee agrees to construct upon the property a building not less than $18,000 in cost. The rent is to be $720 a year.

VALUABLE SECRET.

Since 1835 all the machines by which postage stamps are canceled and envelopes marked with the name of the postoffice, the date, etc., have been made by one family, says the New York Tribune. In the year named the postmaster general entered into a contract with Benjamin Chambers, a citizen of Washington, to furnish a device by which postage stamps might be canceled so that they could not be used again, and although there have been a multitude of competitors on several occasions, that contract has been renewed year after year for sixty-five years with Mr. Chambers, his son and his grandson, who have a secret process by which the dies are made of malleable iron and carbonized into steel at a cost of from 50 cents to $2.75 each. It is certainly the only government contract, and probably the only contract in the United States, that has been renewed so often and continued so long. The department ebuys about $25,000 worth of new cancelers every year. Bids are advertised for annually, and every now and then some ambitious manufacturer who thinks he has a good think offers a proposal, but the Chambers family are invincible. They have improved the device until it is now almost perfect.

The stamper is a circular cast-steel box (with a screw handle), one end of which is closed, and is provided on the outside with a square shank to secure it to the hardwood handle. The cover of the box is a disk of steel. A portion of its thickness enters the box by means of a screw thread around its periphery of almost twenty threads to the inch. This permits of a space between the inner face of the die and the bottom of the box, while the remaining thickness of the disk forms a flange with the edge, which is coarse milled, so that the disk may be turned with the hand or a wrench. On the outer face of the disk are characters of the body of the cylindrical die. These combine the marking and the canceling devices, one being on one side of the disk, inclosing the name of the postoffice in a circle. There are three slots for removable type, for months, date, hour and half-hour. Diametrically opposite the circle is the canceling device, the side of which is parallel with the edge of the disk. Any required number or letter is cut in relief in the center, while three grooves are cut intaglio. The removal types are of steel, and have on the ends opposite their faces projections from their outer edges, so that when inserted in the slots the projections can be clamped and held in place.

Until 1880 Capt. Chambers manufactured the cancelers here in Washington, and he is still required to maintain a repair shop in the neighborhood of the postoffice department, but he moved his factory to Northumberland county, Virginia, on a leg of land at the mouth of the Potomac, where he has a little village composed exclusively of his employes and their families. No one can enter his grounds without permission, and those who have been there say it is quite an ideal little village, safe from the spies of competitors who would like to get the contract away from him.

HER DILEMMA.

Baltimore American: Mr. Askit—And how do you like keeping a diary?

Miss Gabbeigh—Oh, it keeps me so busy writing about what I have been doing that I do not have any time to do anything to write about.

LOTS OF STARS.

Today, the stars visible from the first to the thirteenth magnitude aggregate about 43,000,000, of which nearly 10,000,000 have been photographed. In the most powerful telescopes, even the fifteenth magnitude has been revealed; of this magnitude, perhaps 100,000,000 stars are suspected; but knowledge concerning them is uncertain. In the Milky Way alone there are some 10,000 stars, separated by vast distances. To the eye at the telescope the sky seems no longer dotted with constellations, but powdered with gold dust.

WHERE SHOE PINCHED.

Puck: The Prima Donna (after the first act)—I won't go on again unless that box party makes less noise! I nearly had hysterics!

The Manager (in surprise)—I didn't hear any noise.

The Prima Donna—You didn't? Why, they encored that upstart of a contralto four times!

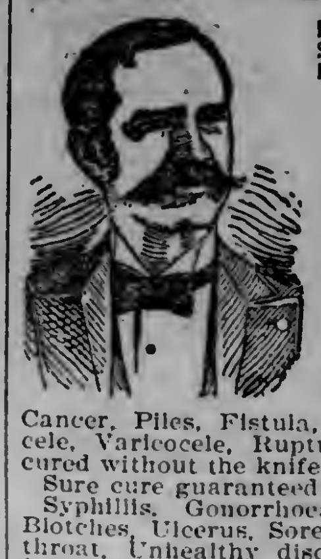
Searchlight of public opinion has revealed the fact that Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest spring blessing ever offered afflicted mankind. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

DR. PIERCE



Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist
For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies unknown to other physicians. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Graff Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to acquire, hold, own, lease, let, improve, mortgage, sell, convey, and generally deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, and interests therein, lumber, logs, timber standing or otherwise, and timber rights of all kinds in and upon lands in Minnesota and elsewhere, and to cut, remove, transport, manufacture and deal in the products thereof; to acquire, own, hypothecate, sell, transfer and deal in shares of capital stock and securities of other corporations; to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all other property, and to do all things, necessary or convenient in carrying on any of the aforesaid business. The principal place where its business shall be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be March 25th, 1901, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Edward M. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Saturday in July, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation, and the management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and seals, this 20th day of Februray, A. D. 1901.

LEO A. BALL. (Seal.)
SARA L. McNULTY. (Seal.)
EDWARD M. GAYLORD. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in presence of—
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
E. P. KIRBY.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 20th day of February, 1901, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal St. Louis Co., Minn.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z2 of Incorporations, on page 449. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 20th, 1901, at 4 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 553. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 27-28-29-30-April-1-2-1901.

LUMBER SASH DOORS
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

Goods well bought [illegible] half sold. Goods well ad[illegible] Herald are all sold.

Our
$3.00 Hawes
Hat
Never
Surmounts
a Sour
Face—
You
Smile
at the
$2.00
Saved.

Our
Neckwear
Cases are
Blooming with
Easter
Beauties.
Feast Your
Eyes
on Them
and
Invest
50 cents.

NOTE the satisfied expression on the faces of this pair of promenaders—one reason for it is this—**he paid us $15.00 for his new Spring Top Coat**; his friend gave a tailor $30 for his, and now he has to wear a tag on it to distinguish the difference when the two are together.

Spring Overcoats

For all round excellence our present mammoth stock takes the blue ribbon.

$10, $12 and $15

are the prevailing prices, but he who wishes can go to greater expense and always with commensurate values.

Spring Suits

Fresh from the tailors' irons. Suits that savor strongly of money saved—suits for all fancies, with prices in the main at the popular figures—

$10 $12 $15 $18 $20 $25

The store where you get your money's worth.

C. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

THE DAKOTAS.

Agent Is Short In His Accounts Through Gambling.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Dickinson—J. W. S. Richardson, acting Northern Pacific agent at Dickinson for the past three months, is short in his express accounts to the extent of $1000. Express Auditor Hughes, Traveling Auditor Childs and Division Superintendent Kline have been here for two days checking over the accounts. E. P. Stanley, who has been cashier in the office for two years, has been appointed acting agent. Mr. Richardson had been in this division for twelve years, and had an excellent record. His shortage is due to gambling.

Fargo—Among the cases argued before the state supreme court is that of Lee Roberts et al. vs. the city of Fargo, to set aside the lighting contract. The legal points involved are that the city has no right to incur expense before the tax levy to provide payment is made. The city has a long-time contract with the Fargo Gas and Electric company for street lighting at a rate higher than the new company would charge. The contention is that the city violated its powers in making the contract. The city in its defense asserts that while the contract is of long standing, the actual expense is not incurred until within the time of each tax levy, and the contract is therefore valid.

Jamestown — Immigration Agent Daugherty of the Northern Pacific, who was in Jamestown Saturday, says the Northern Pacific is making little effort to secure settlers for North Dakota this year. All the immigration agents have instructions to secure settlers for states further west. These instructions are being carried out, and what immigrants North Dakota gets this year will be from other sources.

Bismarck—Governor White has appointed Aver Wagner, of Devil's Lake, state game warden to succeed G. E. Bowers, of Fargo. Wagner has been sheriff of Ramsey county and is a well-known Republican of that locality.

The resignation of W. A. Murphy, of Neche, as member of the state asylum board has been withdrawn. Murphy resigned shortly before the adjournment of the legislature and his resignation is said to have been made because of Jud Lamoure's indignation at the appointment of E. B. Young on the same board. It was not desired to accept Murphy's resignation as he is a good man and it was finally withdrawn and he remains on the board.

Bottineau—Word was received here of the death in Minneapolis of Olof Swanson, one of the leading contractors of Bottineau.

Grand Forks—C. T. Kittridge, chief dispatcher of the Northern division of the Great Northern, died here Friday of locomotor ataxia, from which he had suffered for years. He has kept at work until a few days ago. Mr. Kittridge was born in Detroit, Mich., in 1849, and had followed railroad work since childhood. He was an Elk and a Mason.

Lidgerwood—Quarantine on the residence of Dr. Shields has been raised and no more cases of smallpox have appeared. The village is now free from the disease.

Grafton—The smallpox situation at Oakwood is improving. No new cases have been reported for over a week. It is expected that no further trouble will be had in stamping out the pest.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermilion—The state board of regents met in special session here. Owing to disagreements between some of the faculty an investigation was instituted, with the result that two members, Professors W. D. Anderson and O. E. Hagen, of the commercial and Greek departments, respectively, handed in their resignations, to take effect at once. Plans for the new science hall will be sent to various builders and work will be begun as soon as possible.

Chamberlain—Much indignation is expressed here at the action of several Oacoma people in visiting this city before having entirely recovered from the smallpox. There are threats that if such actions are repeated arrests will be made. Scarcely a family in Oacoma escaped the disease. One of the town teachers was the first to come down with it, and as it was in a very mild form, it was not diagnosed as smallpox, and she continued her school duties. This resulted in the entire town being exposed. No quarantine was established. Fortunately no deaths occurred and the disease is checked, as practically everyone in the town has had it.

Yankton—The public sentiment stirred up of late against the gambling houses and other vices of Yankton, has borne fruit. A citizen's convention was called, a strong platform drawn up and adopted, and an entire ticket put in the field. Men thought to be upright and looking for the best interests of the city, were placed on the ticket as follows: Mayor, J. J. Nissen; marshal, M. J. Fitzgerald; treasurer, H. Tammen; city justice, Charles Yeatman; aldermen, Fred Donaldson, C. J. Noble, A. Vieling and Olaf Nelson.

Oacoma—Several persons report having recently seen a buffalo cow and her yearling calf in this vicinity. It has been many years since one was been seen in this section. Some think the animals belong to the Fred Dupree herd, located northwest of Pierre. No one has been able to get close enough to see or distinguish a brand. Others are of the opinion they may be buffaloes that have drifted from Canada during the winter storms. A hunting party is being formed.

Plankinton—A co-operative live stock association will soon be organized. The object of the association will be to furnish cows feeders and sheep to those desiring to engage in the creamery or live stock industry.

Sioux Falls—John Latham, aged 76, father of Mrs. M. J. Ellis, died at the home of his daughter.

At a meeting of the South Dakota Lumbermen's association the following officers were elected: President, W. R. Wood, Parker; vice president, E. F. Westfall, Salem; secretary-treasurer, H. L. McCall, Yankton.

The Southern's Mississippi Victory.

Atlanta Constitution: The victory of the Southern Railway company before the railroad commission of the state of Mississippi is a splendid tribute to the showing made before the officers of that railroad.

The case grew out of the purchase by the Southern Railroad company of the Mobile & Ohio railroad, running north from Mobile to St. Louis, passing through Mississippi on its way. The cry was raised that the purchase was violative of the laws of competition, and that the sale should not be invalidated by the action of the state railroad commission. Before that body it was shown that the Mobile & Ohio did not parallel the Southern; that its north and south line crossed the Southern's east and west lines twice at right angles, and that instead of curtailing competition it really extended the competition of the Southern railway as against other railways in the state of Mississippi. It was shown that it had never been the policy of the Southern Railway company to carry dead ends or unworked lines; that every mile of track was worked for all that it was worth, and that it was in this spirit that the Southern desired to enter Mississippi. The plea was so straightforward and convincing that the commission unanimously dismissed its action against the Southern.

To the people of Georgia, to whom the working of the Southern system is so well known, the action of the Mississippi commission is no surprise. Ten years ago the anti-railroad spirit in Georgia ran very high. Since that time the Southern, under the presidency of Mr. Spencer, has dealt so fairly with the people, and has so promptly met every local enterprise, that this feeling has completely disappeared. Other railroads have co-operated, and all past antagonism has disappeared. This is true not only of the political future, but of the appeals to state railroad commissions on important issues.

Mississippi, therefore, is to be congratulated upon its determination to encourage rather than to antagonize the development in that state of the business and the broad and liberal spirit of the Southern railway.

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

NOT YET DECIDED

Chicago Quotations Available For Board of Trade.

Not Yet Determined Whether to Take Them.

Opinion Is Somewhat Divided---Chicago Commission Is High.

Beginning today the telegraph companies can again send out Chicago quotations on grain and commodities dealt in on the Chicago board of trade. The board and companies have entered into a contract under which the quotations may be sent out with the understanding that they are not to be furnished to bucket shops but only to legitimate boards of trade.

The Duluth board of trade has not received or posted any Chicago quotations since they were cut off some months ago. Whether it will again resume the service has not yet been determined upon, and as to whether it should do, opinion is divided. It is a matter of considerable expense to the board to get the Chicago quotations. The Chicago board sells them to the boards of trade. It will cost the Duluth board of trade about $225 a month to get them. The saving by reason of the cutting off of the quotations was considerable, and some of the members are against adding this expense again. Others are anxious to get the quotations again, claiming that Chicago is the great grain market of the world, and that the Duluth board ought to have the quotations.

The cutting off of Chicago quotations took much Duluth business away from that market, and Minneapolis reaped the greatest benefit by that, although New York caught more trading than formerly. The men who are of the opinion that the Chicago board has been hoggish, and has been driven to making a settlement with the companies because it was losing business are, generally speaking, the ones who have transferred their business very largely to Minneapolis. The men who have continued to deal with Chicago are anxious to again have Chicago quotations.

The statement that the Duluth board of trade does not need Chicago quotations, which is made by some traders, may and may not be true, but it is true that while the board has not been receiving Chicago quotations, they have always been available at all times through the private wire houses doing business on the Duluth board. Their customers could always get the quotations and there has not been a time when Chicago prices were not known on the board.

It is not likely, however, that even though the Chicago quotations are again received, that Chicago will get the heavy business from here that it once did. Some time ago the Chicago board raised the commission rate to ⅛ cents a bushel. Formerly it was 1-16 cents. The latter is the rate which is generally charged on all exchanges in the country. The Minneapolis and Duluth boards charge 1-16 cents. With Chicago charging double the price, it is not likely that Duluth men will send any more business there than is absolutely necessary.

The chances are, however, that the quotation service will be restored, and that Chicago prices will again be quoted on the Duluth board.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

WILL COMPLY.

State Health Board Urges Lumbermen to Vaccinate.

At the request of the state board of health, the Mississippi Valley Lumberman's association has mailed circular letters to all the lumber manufacturers asking them to see that their employes have certificates of vaccination before they are given employment. The letter states that the measure is a precautionary one for the purpose of avoiding a repetition of the epidemic of small pox, such as prevailed in some of the logging districts of Minnesota and Wisconsin during the last season, and could probably be more easily enforced at this time of the year than in the fall when the demand for labor is greater.

It is believed that the request will be quite generally complied with at all the important lumber centers of the state, the experience of the Winona lumbermen acting as a warning. Last fall, at Winona the whole town was placed under a strict quarantine and the lumber manufacturers were obliged to suspend operations for a period of ten days at the height of the season, causing a loss to both manufacturer and employe. The state board of health urges that this request be complied with that similar losses may be avoided throughout the state another season. In Minneapolis the city board of health has offered to vaccinate sawmill operatives free of charge and it is believed that the health boards in other lumbering towns will follow suit.

Col. Copeland's Lecture.

This evening Col. L. F. Copeland will lecture at the First Methodist church on "Seeing the Elephant." The Grand Forks, N. D., Herald said of this lecturer:

"Col. Copeland captivated his audience from the very start, and by his irrepressible humor, wonderful pathos and grand oratory held them in his magic power for nearly an hour and a half. To describe the lecture is a difficult task. It was a weird combination of mimicry, wit, pathos, ridicule, philosophy, morality and Christianity, so blended with the speaker's own personality as to make it unique. No one but Col. Copeland could deliver such a lecture."

Dr. Bull's
COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

ON SALARY.

Deputy Marshals Are No Longer Under Fee System.

There has been a change in the method of paying the deputy United States marshals in the Minnesota district. Formerly they received fees, but now they are to get salaries. The number has been cut from four to three, however, and the man which is to go is E. L. Warren, of Walker, who has been a deputy for many years. Marshal Grimshaw has this to say on Saturday of the change:

"The fee system under which deputies have always operated is to be abolished. The new system will go in operation April 1. The government allows me three office deputies to operate in the field, in lieu of four field deputies, who, under the old system, received fees. Three of the old deputies will serve on salary.

The appointments are as follows: "Paul Sharvy, Duluth; Frank Tuffts, Cass Lake; Robert Morrison, Cass Lake.

"My efficient deputy, E. L. Warren, at Walker, has tendered his resignation and will no longer serve the government as a deputy marshal.

"The old disagreeable feature of this office in the past has been the rumor constantly circulated that the field deputies were persecuting the poor Indians and throwing people into jail for the purpose of securing fees. There was not a scintilla of truth in these statements, but the whole upper country was flooded with these stories in years past and it made the business disagreeable I think some of the jurors have been prejudiced by these reports. Therefore it is a relief to be able to inform the public that the fee system has been abolished.

"The office owes this very agreeable change to the persistent efforts of Senator Nelson."

THE FLAATEN CONCERT.

The Final One of the Season.

The final Flaaten concert was given yesterday afternoon at the Armory and there was a large audience present. The series has been a very successful one. The program yesterday was made up of request numbers. E. W. Prophet, baritone, made his first appearance in a long time and was given a very cordial reception. He sang an aria from "Il Trovatore," and a song "I Love You, Dear Heart." The latter was written by M. J. Donnelly and Fred Swanson, of St. Paul, and is a very pretty song. It was exceptionally well rendered by Mr. Prophet, who has a voice of pleasing quality and ample strength. Master Shirley Alexander also sang a solo number, and received an encore.

The orchestra numbers were all delightful.

Sleighing Party.

A surprise sleighing party was arranged by Miss Maude Kimerer and F. P. Stevenson in honor of Miss Edna Stevenson, of 29 Twenty-fifth avenue west, last Tuesday evening. The happy crowd made a trip to Lakeside and were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Elder. Those in the party were: Mr. and Mrs. J. Kimerer, Mesdames F. Oppel, R. Gillon, J. O'Brien, Misses Maude Dardis, Lillian Oppel, Marie Nolan, Ella Phillips, Daley Oppel, Ottly Briggs, Bertha Jones, Lonie Briggs, Zeila La Clair, Maggie Elder; Messrs. William Miller, Ruben Johnson, Joe Miller, Bert Martin, John Heider, Robert Went land, George Stevenson and Jack Holquist.

Fire Commissioners.

The board of fire commissioners will meet and organize on Wednesday evening. During the past month Chief Black reports that the department has responded to fifteen alarms, the losses aggregating $6653 against an insurance of $20,350. This, however, does not include the loss and insurance on the Markell residence, as the adjustments have not yet been made.

Testimonial From England.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years. She is now quite well." It is a great pleasure to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be able to publish testimonials of this character. They show that great good is being done, pain and suffering relieved and valuable lives restored to health and happiness by this remedy. It is for sale at Boyce's drug store.

BOYS IMITATE FUNSTON.

"Aguinaldo" Is Seized on the Bowery.

New York, April 1.—Giving an imitation of Gen. Funston capturing Aguinaldo cost Thomas Hart, 10 years old, and Louis Jacobson, 11, $10 fine each in the Yorkville court. They captured "Aguinaldo," a luckless son of a cigarmaker, but were captured themselves before any harm was done.

Hart had a loaded revolver, and, taking Jacobson as his chief aid and some other boys, he started out on a hunt for the Filipino chieftain. On the Bowery near Third street they came upon the one they insisted should play the role of Aguinaldo. He was the 10-year old son of Louis Elsberg.

"Surrender, Aguinaldo, desp'ret chief of the Felepeenos. Surrender, or we'll bust yer in der jor," said Hart.

"Aguinaldo" gave up in a hurry, and, to the disgust of his captors, began to whimper. Just then Policeman Conkling interrupted the capture by seizing Hart and Jacobson. The other American generals and soldiers fled.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

EGG TESTERS WIN.

Chicago, April 1.—A threatened strike of egg testers, which promised to seriously affect the Chicago egg market, has been averted by commission merchants, in nearly every instance agreeing to the demand of the Egg Inspectors' union for a uniform scale of 25 cents per hour, a 10-hour day, and 10 cents extra for each case of eggs handled after the regular close of the working day.

RAINER IS DEAD.

London, April 1.—Sir John S. Rainer, organist, composer and writer on musical topics, is dead. He was born in 1840.

TO ANNOUNCE IN EDICT.

New York, April 1.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Dispatches from Shanghai report that an imperial edict will be issued announcing the decision of the Chinese court to refuse ratification of the Manchuria agreement.

THIRTY SURRENDER.

Manila, April 1.—Thirty men of Gen. Cailles' command have surrendered. Of this number five were officers, including Col. Herrera and Reloya.

Spring Has Come.

So has a choice assortment of handsome spring goods. Don't delay selecting the prettiest for yourself. Goods on hand to be turned into swell garments on short notice. AUG. SAXINE,
(Formerly with Parker),
Corner First Avenue West and Superior Street, over Stack's.

"We guarantee to please you no matter what your requirements."

No Necessity to Go to a Ladies' Tailor.

We have the same tailor-made gowns here ready to put right on and wear at about half the tailor's prices.

They are all made in our own work rooms by the highest skilled men tailors in this country, who live in the fashion centers—are associated with the style creators, and keep adding the new ideas that are constantly coming out to the garments they produce.

Some exclusive Easter Novelties arrived this morning. They will certainly command the admiration of every feminine heart and are now ready for your choosing.

The Parisian Suit Co.,
Charles Freimuth, Manager.
106 West Superior Street.

ARTIST'S VICTORY

Gained Over New York Police For Shameful Treatment.

Case Fought Through Various Courts For Eight Years.

Verdict of Damages Sustained By the Court of Appeals.

New York, April 1.—There is a limit which the autocratic powers of a Detective Sergeant may not overstep, even in the arrest of a "suspicious person." The court of appeals has so decided in a case that has been in litigation since 1893, and in which the now victorious plaintiff has had to contend against the combined forces of the police department and the corporation counsel's office.

Harry V. Snead, in 1893, was a young man of Southern parentage, a member of the New York Southern society, the Clover club, the Association of Southern Democrats, the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Students' Dramatic club. His father, Gen. Thomas L. Snead, was on the staff of Gen. Sterling Price during the civil war, and was a member of the Confederate congress.

Young Snead in 1893 found himself temporarily in financial shallows, and packing into a valise some of the family silver started for a loan broker. The terms offered not being satisfactory he was returning home with the silver at 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when two men, whom he afterward found to be Detective Sergeants Morris Bonnoil and John Cottrell, accosted him.

He resisted them, thinking they were thieves, and afterward accused them of beating him shamefully. He also charged that the police took from him a letter from his fiancee, a young Southern woman, now his wife, and in the hearing of all present read it aloud and strove to humiliate him. He was not permitted to communicate with Judge Roger A. Pryor or other personal friends and was kept locked up from Wednesday until Saturday, his hearing having been postponed twice.

When Mr. Snead was finally exonerated and discharged he pressed charges against the detectives, but the police board sustained them.

Mr. Snead then sued the detectives for damages, Cottrell dying before the case came to trial. Four years after the arrest the court gave Snead a verdict of $500 and costs. The city's attorneys, holding that the verdict aimed a vital blow at the police powers of the municipality, appealed the case to the appellate division of the supreme court, which affirmed the judgment for the plaintiff, two judges dissenting.

Resolved now to carry the issue to the highest state tribunal, the corporation counsel asked a reversal by the court of appeals, but in a decision just handed down the judgment of the lower court is sustained by that body.

Mr and Mrs. Snead are enthusiastic artists.

EASTER SALE at MORLEY CHURCH on TUESDAY, APRIL 2nd—afternoon and evening. Supper at 6 o'clock p. m.

DISINHERITED DAUGHTER.

John Stoker Conveyed Property to Strangers.

Paris, Ky., April 1.—On her bridal tour Mrs. Scotland G. Highland deeded to her husband one-half of her 600-acre farm, it being understood that he could not sell it until after her death. She now seeks a divorce, and has also filed a suit to set aside the deed.

This suit was the first knowedge her father, John Stocker, a chicken fancier, had that she had ever made such a deed, and it angered him. He immediately declared that if she had fixed her property so he could not inherit it, he would arrange his temporal affairs so that she could never derive any benefit from them.

He then made arrangements with Mr. and Mrs. Newall Snapp, wherein it was agreed that they were to provide for him during his life, rendering him as comfortable as possible, and in consideration for their services he conveyed to them the hotel property and all other real estate owned by him in Ruddles Mills, together with all of his horses, cattle and other live stock—in fact, everything he possessed except his cash in bank, which he retained to be used in case of emergency. The Snapps are to use the property and receive all of the rents and emoluments, but they cannot encumber it or sell it until after Mr. Stocker's death. This action on the part of Mrs. Highland's father has created considerable interest.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

SKIN TURNING BLACK.

Physicians Puzzled By a Case In Indiana.

Bluffton, Ind., April 1.—One of the most remarkable cases that has ever baffled Bluffton and Fort Wayne physicians is that of Frank Kepplinger, a Union township farmer, whose skin is turning black. Two years ago the disease began. If relief does not come shortly he will be as black as an Ethiopian.

MRS. S. T. RORER
Will give a course on
PRACTICAL and HYGIENIC COOKERY,
With demonstrations.
AT FIRST M. E. CHURCH,
April 8 to 13 inclusive, at 2:30 p. m.
Course tickets of sixteen lecturues, $2.50.
Single lessons 60c; evening lectures, 25c each; tickets on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

IN MICHIGAN.

Old Resident of Michigamme Lost His Life In a Mine.

Michigamme—Patrick Powers, an old resident of Michigamme, and quite well known in the county, met death in the Michigamme mine Wednesday night. He was going into the mine, lost his hold, and fell from the ladder some distance to a landing. He struck on his head, fracturing the skull, and lived but a few minutes after being brought to surface. The deceased was about sixty years of age. He had lived in Michigamme for nearly thirty years but had no relatives there.

Champion—Frank Olson, a trammer employed at the Champion mine, was seriously injured. He was ahead of a loaded ore car going to the shaft. Two other trammers were behind pushing it. Olson fell, and the car, which weighed about four tons, passed over his body. It is feared that his injuries will prove fatal. Olson is married, and has a family, consisting of his wife and three children, the oldest child being a daughter of 11 years.

Ishpeming—No. 1 shaft, Republic mine, is on fire, and the entire mine is closed in consequence. The shaft is a deep one, about 1800 feet, and is inclined. The fire started at about the 1200-foot level, and will probably take all the timbers out of the shaft before it burns out. Mining may be delayed several weeks, and in the meantime the entire force of men, some 400 in number, will be idle.

The Ishpeming Co-Operative society, which will open a branch store in Negaunee the first of May, has decided not to purchase a business block for the present at least. Instead they have leased the Sundberg block for a period of one year and will immediately begin the work of preparing for the beginning of operations. Some changes will have to be made in the store room before beginning business, but these will all be completed before the date set for the opening of the branch house.

Negaunee—A Negaunee citizen was fined $20 and costs by Justice Kennedy for shipping venison out of the state. The shipment was made to Milwaukee on March 11, and Deputy Game Warden Downing's attention was called to the matter a few days later by the publication in a Milwaukee paper of an account of the confiscation of several hundred pounds of deer meat, which had been shipped from Negaunee to that city. He immediately started an investigation and soon had the guilty party under arrest. A plea of guilty was entered and the case settled by the payment of fine and costs.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

WILL TAKE TIME

To Re-Establish Market Quotation Arrangements.

Chicago, April 1.—Board of trade market quotations, under the recent agreement between the board and telegraph companies, were available to the companies, but not until April 15, if then, will the old order of things be fully re-established, owing to the immense amount of constructing work and the necessity of an examination of all contracts by the board of trade quotation committee.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

Telephone 534
if you need a painter
or paper hanger.

H. A. HALL & CO.,
Decorators,
16 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

MRS. KATY NOOTLEMAN

Of Winona, Minnesota, Well Known In That City, Cured of Liver and Stomach Troubles By Cascarine.

The Only Treatment That Did Her Any Good After Four Years' Sickness.

Winona, Minn., April 1.—Mrs. Katy Nootleman, a social leader, is well again after four years of suffering. She was cured by Cascarine, after a few weeks' treatment. She suffered from constipation and biliousness and spent hundreds of dollars with doctors to get well, but she became worse. She never used any special treatment before, but after a talk with her physician he prescribed Cascarine, the great family remedy for diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. After using one bottle she felt much better, and after a second bottle was used she was well and cured absolutely of her biliousness and stomach troubles.

Cascarine is the greatest laxative tonic in existence. It is gentle in action, pleasing in taste and will not gripe the most delicate stomach. It will tone up your entire system, making you feel like a new person.

Cascarine cures sick headache, habitual constipation, morning sickness, biliousness, indigestion, jaundice, and all disorders of the liver, kidneys, stomach and the bowels.

Cascarine cures catarrh of the stomach, flatulency, dropsy of the abdomen, nervous ryspepsia and the many ills dependent on a weak and inactive digestive system.

It comes in bottles, wrapped in blue and white wrappers.

Price per bottle, 5 cents. If your druggist hasn't it, ask him to get it for you of his jobber.

WHY?
IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1350

Seven-room house at Lakeside on an improved street. One block from street car. All conveniences. Very cheap.

Money on Hand for Any Good Loans at lowest rates.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Building.

CITY FUNDS.

The Statement of City Treasurer Voss For March.

The monthly financial statement of City Treasurer Voss shows the various balances in the several funds as well as the expenditures for the past month:

INTEREST FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 15,809 53
Receipts for the month	19 66
	$ 15,829 19
Disbursements for the month	1,750 00
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 14,079 19
SINKING FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 58,899 41
Receipts for the month	663,67
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 59,563 08
FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 881,04
Receipts for the month	14,013 34
	$ 14,894 38
Disbursements	7,394 97
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 7,499 41
POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 3,746 49
Receipts for the month	4,000 00
	$ 7,746 49
Disbursements	3,272 73
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 4,473 76
LIGHT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 3,339 39
Disbursements for the month	2,202 70
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 1,136 69
WATER FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 14,172 16
Disbursements for the month	6,558 59
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 7,613 57
PUBLIC WORKS FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 1,222 39
Receipts for the month	4,307 95
	$ 5,530 34
Disbursements	3,752 79
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 1,777 55
HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 971 23
Receipts for the month	15 00
	$ 986 23
Disbursements	620 08
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 366 15
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 2,492 45
Disbursements for the month	1,055 11
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 1,437 34
SALARY FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 3,538 41
Receipts for the month	3,000 00
	$ 6,538 41
Disbursements	2,959 32
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 3,579 09
PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 2,552 41
Disbursements for the month	1,238 35
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 1,314 06
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance Mach 1, 1901	$ 3,295 57
Receipts for the month	5 72
	$ 3,301 49
Disbursements	1,285 57
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 2,015 72
LIBRARY BUILDING FUND.	
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 5,000 60
PARK FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 3,275 28
Disbursements for the month	70 00
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 3,205 28
WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 55,065 51
Receipts for the month	15,320 64
	$ 70,386 15
Disbursements for the month	26,722 20
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 43,663 95
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 2,026 74
Disbursements for the month	879 66
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 1,147 08
GENERAL FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 11,254 13
Receipts for the month	20,031 95
	$ 31,286 08
Dosbursements	$ 20,946 61
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 10,339 47
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.	
Balance March 1, 1901	$ 96,737 11
Receipts for the month	3,030 00
	$ 99,767 11
Disbursements	7 22
Balance April 1, 1901	$ 99,759 89
Total cash on hand in all funds	$267,971 28
DEPOSITED.	
First National bank	$135,975 47
American Exchange bank	131,976 25
Cash in safe	19 56
	$267,971 28

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

EVERY LADY

In Duluth and vicinity wants to call and see the beautiful line of Pattern Hats at astonishing low prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

MISS SWENSON,
Parlor 4. Over Suffel's.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

SECURE A HOME!

$2850 Fine dwelling in East End—8 rooms and bath, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Electric lights.

$2500 Complete 7-room dwelling in East End; modern improvements; can arrange easy terms.

$5500 Improved property at West End, paying 7 per cent net.

$5500 Fine corner East First street and Tenth avenue; well rented.

$500 AND UP—A few bargains in vacant lots in East End of city.

C. A. & E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Building.

SAW SNAKES.

Edward McGuire Tries Hard to Drink the Bowery Dry.

Edward McGuire broke loose Saturday with considerable money and a determination to spend it in a continuous fight against Bowery whisky. After thinking it over he concluded that the destruction of the entire stock distilled for the current year would be the right thing to attempt first.

This morning, in police court, he was still trying to exterminate a herd of prehistoric animals that kept troubling his mind, while a weird menagerie attached itself to his line of vision. He addressed the court somewhat unsteadily as follows:

"Judge, if you'll just play an April fool joke on me and let me go I never touch another drop of fiery liquor. Fool me this time, judge, and that's what I'll do. I'm not prevaricating either."

He was sentenced to ten days in the county jail, and so were Thomas Ryan, Edward Edison, James O'Donnell, H. Joe Le Roch and James Kelly.

Anglo-American Copper Mining Company of Parry Sound, Limited.

Jacob Newman, Jr., treasurer of the company, writing to their agent in Duluth for the sale of their stock, says:

"I am aware that our property is as valuable, if not more so, than the Parry Sound company. They have a little more development on their Wilcox mine. The Anglo-American have no debts and can use their money in developments, and I feel satisfied in my mind that in six months further work on our mine the stock will have a value of par. Of course, this is only in my oinion, but it is honestly given."

I am still offering the treasury stock of the Anglo American Copper Mining company in a limited amount at 15 cents a share. Call at my office, 4 Exchange building, for particulars and terms. I confidently recommend it as a good purchase. MARCUS W. BATES.

IT WAS EFFECTUAL.

Notice In Herald Brings Taxes In.

Anyone desiring testimony as to the efficacy of publicity in The Herald will be accommodated if they will apply to Deputy County Treasurer Williamson. Several days ago The Herald published a notice calling attention to the fact that personal property taxes would be delinquent today, and describing the rapid and appaling manner in which costs and penalties would pile up if they were not paid before the process began. Since then the treasurer's office has been deluged with payments, and up to rather late Saturday afternoon they kept coming in.

The taxes became delinquent today. They will be turned over to the clerk of district court April 5, and fifteen days later the sheriff will get them for collection.

Asks a Divorce.

Karlle F. Harretta, according to his complaint in a divorce suit filed in district court this morning, came to this country from Finland eight years ago, leaving his wife, Maria M. Harretta, in that country. He says he has been here ever since, and she has remained there all the time. So he thinks he has reasonable ground for suspicion because of the alleged fact that in 1896 his wife gave birth to a child. On this ground he asks for a divorce, and for the custody of a child 8 years old, alleging that the mother is not a proper person to have the custody of the child. Phelps & McManus are the attorneys.

Hearings Continued.

The two hearings in the estate of the late S. S. Walbank, which were to have come on in probate court today, one this forenoon and the other this afternoon, have both been continued until April 10 by consent of the attorneys for both sides. The first proceeding in the case is the application of Mrs. Louisa T. Walbank, better known as Mrs. Louisa West, who claims to be the common law widow of the deceased, and who seeks appointment as administratrix of the estate. The second one is the application of the mother of the deceased to prove the will of Mr. Walbank, which was found after his death.

DISTURBANCES

In Manchuria By Boxers and Others.

Berlin, April 1.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from St. Petersburg, dated today says robber bands, Boxers and Chinese soldiers have been causing fresh disturbances in Manchuria, in the neighborhood of Chang Tu Fu. Gen. Kaulbars is strengthening the railroad military posts between Karbin and Chang Tu Fu. Gen. Kaulbars has asked Governor General Grodekoff to send reinforcements, as a general revbival of the Boxer movement is expected in the spring.

PAINTERS STRIKE.

Cincinnati, April 1.—Five hundred and fifty members of the Journeymen Painters' and Decorators' union struck today because of the refusal of the Master Painters' and Decorators' association to sign a new scale for an 8-hour day.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Bargains in Cheap Homes.

$425 $50 cash, balance $8 per month for 4-room cottage, in splendid condition, and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$475 $50 cash, balance $8 per month, for 7-room house in good condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$650 $75 cash, balance $10 per month for 7-room house in fine condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$325 For a 3-room house and regular size lot, on paved street, near street car line, West Duluth.

$475 For a well-built 6-room house on improved street, West Duluth.

$575 For 6-room house and lot on Eighth street near Twenty-first avenue west; easy terms.

$1200 For 9-room house with stone foundation and basement, between First and Second streets, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$1400 For 7-room house, city water, on Second street, near Twenty-fifth avenue west (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For 6-room house and lot near 37th avenue west and 3d street, (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For a well-built 6-room house on Ninth street near Fourth avenue east.

$900 For a good 8-room house in fine condition, and lot 25x150 feet, near 22d avenue east and London road. This is the best bargain in a cheap home in the East End.

ALFRED KJELLIN, Agent,
306 Burrows Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 285—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE SALE.—

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned, as assignee of the estate of Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, will, at his office, 212 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash all the interest which said Otis W. Saunders had at the time of his said assignment and all the interest that said assignee has received by virtue of a deed made by H. B. Moore to B. D. Brown, assignee of said Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, in and to the following described property situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, viz:

The undivided half of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 17; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 18; the undivided half of the n½ of the ne¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the ne¼ and of the nw¼ of the nw¼ and lot 3, in section 21, all in township 69, range 19.

The undivided half of the nw¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the s½ of the ne¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 27; all of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the nw¼ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the s½ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 35, all in township 64, range 20.

The undivided half of the e½ of the sw¼ section 31; the undivided half of the w½ of the se¼ section 31, all in township 69, range 20 west.

The s½ of the se¼ and the se¼ of the sw¼ of section 21; the sw¼ of the sw¼ of section 22, all in township 61, range 21.

Lots 7, 9 and 11 and the e½ of the sw¼ of section 6; the se¼ of section 29, all in township 58, range 14.

The west half of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the sw¼ section 23, township 58, range 15.

The n½ of nw¼ section 13; e½ of the ne¼ section 14; e½ of the nw¼ and the sw¼ of the nw¼ and the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 23, all in township 59, range 15.

The undivided half of lots 2, 3 and 4 and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 30; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 32; the undivided half of the w½ of the sw¼ of section 28; the undivided half of the se¼ and of the e½ of the sw¼ section 29; the undivided one-third of the ne¼ of section 29, all in township 59, range 14.

Said sale will be made subject to the taxes and encumbrances on said premises and will be subject to confirmation by the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of April, 1901.

HARVEY A. WING,
Assignee.

WARM RECEPTION

Accorded Boers on Arrival at Lisbon.

Madrid, April 1.—Dispatches received here from Lisbon are rigorously censured. Letters which have reached here say that the Boers who arrived at Lisbon on board transports Friday from Delagoa bay were accorded a splendid reception, contrasting with the coolness of the popular reception of the ministers, headed by Earl Carrington, sent to Lisbon to formally notify King Charles of the death of Queen Victoria and the accession of King Edward VII to the throne of England. The hour selected for the landing of the Boers was kept secret, but nevertheless a large crowd was present, and acclaimed the travelers, a majority of whom were European volunteers.

GETS FOUR YEARS.

New York, April 1.—Ross Raymond, alias James Sandies, a former newspaper man, who pleaded guilty last week of getting $200 fraudulently from H. Y. Clark, paying teller of the Lincoln National bank, on Jan. 28 last, was sentenced to four years in prison today.

NEVER PROTESTED.

London, April 1.—Thre foreign office here tells the Associated Press that it is quite untrue that Great Britain has protested at St. Petersburg against the Manchurian convention, and it does not believe that any other power has done so.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOW IS THIS?

$2600 Takes 50x290 feet fronting on improved avenue in the East End. Good for a row of 15 houses. All public improvements.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 PALLADIO BLDG.

BARGAIN..

We can now give possession of the elegent residence, 1602 Jefferson Street at any time. This is a complete and model house in every detail, with hot water heat. Will be sold low if taken this month.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT—Fine store room, 50x80 ft, steam heat, city water, freight elevator, electric lights or gas, good basement. Location 1534-1536 West Superior street. For further information, call on

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$500 BUYS TWO LOTS 50 BY 150 FEET on upper side of London road. Must be sold. Address D 24, Herald.

Excursion to Western Canada

An Tuesday, April 2, I will have a very cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Through tourist cars from Duluth. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, Duluth.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 23 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 712.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BABY CARriage, cost $40, good as new. Inquire 504 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—200 ACRES OF DESIRABLE farm land, or exchange for improved city property. Inquire at 705 Board of Trade building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP HORSE AND double harness. Apply at No. 12 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—NEW FIVE ROOM HOUSE on lot 40 by 80 feet, located at No. 418 19½ avenue west. $900 cash. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—DENSMORE TYPEwriter, good as new; in perfect condition. B 10, Herald

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE—CAMP HORNELL, ON Park Point, five room cottage and lease of two high and dry lots on the bay. G. A. McHenry, 1424 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL DULUTH, 10-cow dairy, with horse, rigs and all necessary appliances. L. Stanton, 2921 Railroad street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GAS STOVE four burners complete. Inquire after 6 p. m., 414 Lowell block.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Postoffice, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand.
Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in excellent condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 334 W. Sup. St.

LOST.

LOST—PRAYER BOOK MONDAY morning between Third avenue east and Seventh avenue east on Second street. Finder please return to Herald office.

LOST—LADIES' DIAMOND RING, AT Armory or on Superior street. Finder will be liberally rewarded for return to Herald office.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—AT MADAME WARDE'S, 3 West Superior street, apprentice girls, at once.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SEWING girl at Mrs. Hines', 125 West Superior street, over Big Duluth.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AT Colson House.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK FOR HER board and go to school. Address Georgia B., Adolph, Minn.

WANTED—A SCRUB WOMAN AT Boyle hotel, 319 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call forenoon or evenings, 321 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, APRIL 10, 16 or older. Mrs. Turle, 2216 East Superior street.

WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN THE tailor system of dress cutting. Free lessons. Miss Bell, 220 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1430 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD STOUT GIRL TO help cook at Branch Bethel. Apply to C. H. Hall.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. W. L. McLennan, 608 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 212 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. La Forte's, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. Preferably one who sleeps at home Small family. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at once. 607 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. LaFerte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY LADY TO take care of three children. Scandinavian preferred. 511½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good pay. Mrs. Hansen Smith, West Duluth.

WANTED—COOK AT MEYER'S hotel, Thirty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED—DISH WASHER, IMMEDiately. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1907 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. 505 West Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—GIRL. 225 ELEVENTH AVEnue east.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework in family of three. Apply mornings, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—AT ONCE, WOOD WORKers; steady work. Apply street railway shops at Twenty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT ASSISTANT bookkeeper and collector, familiar with details of a mercantile office Young man preferred; must be a worker; permanent position with splendid possibilities for the right man. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—MACHINIST AT VIRGINia Iron Works. Virginia Iron Works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN to the wholesale and retail trade only; salary $1200 and expenses. The National, 302 Caxton building, Chicago.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED—PATTERN MAKER AND two woodworkers. Duluth-Superior Transit company. Apply Twenty-sixth avenue shop.

WANTED—AGENTS.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS CAN get profitable and desirable employment in leisure hours. For particulars, call 1825 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG MAN WANTS WORK AT teaming or driving hack in city. Call or address, William Grasby, Colson house, Duluth.

WORK WANTED BY THE DAY. APply in the rear of 208 West Second street.

WANTED—WORK AROUND HOTEL OR restaurant by boy 17 years of age. Address A 95, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS ENGINEER. Address A 98, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE WITH best of references desire board and room with private family for the summer. Location must be central. Address with particulars, A. P. Hoyt, care Herald.

HAIR WORK.

HAIR WORK DONE, No.2 WEST FIRST.

PERSONAL.

THE PRESENT ADDRESS OR whereabouts of Tuffield Gardona, who was in Duluth for a time, is very much desired by his mother, Philamenia Gardona, of No. 13 Lancaster street, Cohoes, N. Y. Anyone being able to give any information will confer a great favor to an anxious mother at the above address.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—BY APRIL 15, LOWER half of house, modern conveniences, centrally located Address M 83, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES ON WOODland line, Hunter's Park. In good order. J. H. Whitely, 312 Palladio.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 125 SECOND AVEnue west, eight rooms, steam heat. Apply 121 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x86, IN new brick building. 120 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room at 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—$7, three rooms, hot water. 222 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with or without board. 603 West Third

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building. Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLATS, four rooms, $12 and $14. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 1, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave April 2, 1901. Work, ——— Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux. recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

LADIES, WE ARE PREPARED TO make silk draperies. The McGuire rugs from old carpet. Steam carpet cleaning, refitting and relaying. Interstate Rug company, 1701 West Michigan street. 'Phone 318.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

We are headquarters for all kinds of

UPHOLSTERING.

If you have a Couch in need of new springs, retying, or a chair, sofa, etc., in need of a new covering, just call on us and get estimate on cost of work and see the up-to-date line of furniture coverings we are offering at low prices. Our Couch Covers and Draperies are all the latest designs and colors. Visit this store.

Duluth Upholstering Store,
Zenith Phone 320. 10 East Superior Street.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to relieve most stubborn pathological cases, monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and abnormal suppressions, $2, or 3 for $5. Refuse subsitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price, guaranteed by undersigned: Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth**, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, falling manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity: 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. **LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.**

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWENTY HEAVY work horses. Apply Lerch's livery barn.

WANTED—LANDS IN COOK AND Lake counties. Century Commercial company, 514 Palladio.

WANTED—LIVE MARTEN, EITHER old or young. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWELVE CANARY singers. Apply 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE IN ITASCA, St. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526-7 Manhattan building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Prone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..Duluth..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar..Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf..Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..Virginia..Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv.......Duluth.......Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.......Virginia.......Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.......Eveleth.......Lv	7:38 am
7 50 pm	Ar.......Ely.......Lv	7:19 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
† 1 25 pm *11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**7 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

—Leave—		—Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 15 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am	St. Paul	*8 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 15 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am *8 00 pm

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TEN PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. TEN PAGES.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1901. TWO CENTS.

These Rockers 95c

Tomorrow morning we place on sale 100 of these good sewing Rockers. The regular price of which is $1.75. They are made of hard wood well seasoned and nicely finished with brace arm. Don't wait if you want one for they will soon be distributed at this price.

Our Popular Terms:
$5.00 a month on $25 worth of goods
$6.00 a month on $35 worth of goods
$7.00 a month on $50 worth of goods
$8.00 a month on $60 worth of goods
$9.00 a month on $75 worth of goods
$10.00 a month on $100 worth of goods

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.
FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

I HAVE BEEN BUYING AND WANT MORE
LAKE SUPERIOR Consolidated Stock.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID.
HANSEN SMITH,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn....

MONEY TO LOAN
Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor, Providence B'dg

von Suessmilch & Costello,
HUNTER BLOCK,
Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.
For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

We treat you today with reference to your coming back tomorrow.
Zenith 'Phone 336
15 Second Avenue West. PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755. N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

A PROTEST

By Montreal Board of Trade Against Wolvin Contract.

New York, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Montreal board of trade has protested to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, against Capt. Wolvin, of Duluth, receiving the contract for the elevator system at the harbor of Montreal.

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Conflicting reports were received on the senate bill providing for appeals from referees in insurance matters.

The majority report against the bill was, on motion of Mr. Mallory, carried.

Chairman Mallory of the investigating committee stated that it would be impossible for the committee to make a report on this legislative day, as had been ordered, and a motion of Mr. Dobbin to allow further time was adopted. It is understood that this morning the names of some more people to be heard were handed to the committee by Mr. Jacobson, and they wish to hear them. It has been the intention of the committee from the start to make a thorough investigation, and they wish to overlook no possible source of testimony.

The senate bill, authorizing cities between 10,000 and 50,000 to purchase or construct electric light plants, and to issue bonds to pay for the same, came to the house with an adverse report from the committee on general legislation. Mr. Anderson, however, moved that the bill be printed and placed on general orders, and he succeeded in overturning the committee, and the bill will come up later in the week.

THE SENATE.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate this morning again threshed over the primary election bill, and continued the special order until this afternoon, when there is every indication that a final vote will be reached, the probability being that the bill will be passed. It may be amended technically as to some of its details, but is more than likely to pass just as it came from the house.

The special order was reached at 11 o'clock, and the question was upon the motion of Senator Roverud to refer the bill to a committee of five with instructions to report back within three hours so amended as to include only city, county and legislative offices. Senator Schellbach offered a substitute referring the bill to a committee to redraft it so as to apply only to counties of over 150,000 inhabitants and to cities of over 10,000.

A good many senators spoke—few, if any, confining themselves to the motion, but discussing the measure in general.

Senator Roverud took a rap at the "subsidized press," resenting their "insinuations" that senators opposing the bill were doing so from "ulterior motives." Senator J. D. Jones had evidently heard from the country press in regard to his remarks of last Friday. He claimed that he had been misunderstood. He gave the country boys a great "jolly" and then lit into the metropolitan journals who had placed certain senators in the pillory because they had dared to express their honest opinions upon the merits of the bill.

Some of the other sentiments expressed in the debate were:

Senator Schellbach—Under this bill here can be no such thing as the office seeking the man.

Senator Fitzpatrick—Instead of eliminating party lines it will eliminate machine politics and bossism.

Schellbach's substitute, as well as Roverud's original motion, were voted down and a recess taken till afternoon. Senator Snyder's art commission bill, which applies to cities of over 50,000, was passed under suspension of the rules.

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CHINA MUST ACCEPT

No Doubt In Russia But What Manchurian Conditions Will Ultimately Be Agreed to By the Chinese.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—The superior councillor of the Chinese legation, Chu We Jte, is continuing the negotiations as charge d'affaires regarding the Manchurian agreement. The illness of the Chinese minister, Yang Yu, is now admitted to be due to apoplexy, which will incapacitate him from work, probably for a long period. It is said that the loss of half his estate through the destruction of a Chinese bank, combined with political cares, is undermining his health.

Unofficial observers scarcely understand how a doubt can possibly be entertained abroad that China will ultimately accept the Russian conditions, after it is apparent that no power is willing to forcibly support China. For, as it is urged, while Russia undoubtedly prefers to carry through her plans as made, her diplomatic position would suffer as little as her military position from China's refusal to accept what Russia regards as moderate conditions of withdrawal.

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COLD BLOODED MURDER

Young Man Deliberately Shot His Mother and Brother Without Apparent Cause and Coolly Walked Away.

Sunbury, Pa., April 2.—At Klines Grove, a small country village, a few miles from this city, John Gulick, aged 32 years, today killed his mother, Mrs. Amy Gulick, aged 68 years, and his brother, Phillip, aged 27.

After the shooting Gulick put the revolver in his pocket and walked off in the direction of Danville.

Harry Moore, living on an adjoining farm, heard the shooting and hastened to the Gulick home. The mother was found lying on the floor of the kitchen, and the son was found in the barn yard with a bullet hole near his heart. Both had been instantly killed. What led to the shooting is unknown.

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STEEL PLANT.

English Firm to Erect a Big Plant Near Pittsburg.

New York, April 2.—S. J. Robinson, managing director of W. Jessop & Sons, limited, of Brightside works, Sheffield, Eng., arrived here on the Cunarder Lucania for the purpose of determining the location of the plant which the English concern purposes erecting in the United States.

The Jessop company, which is capitalized at $2,000,000, operates one of the old-established industrial plants in Europe, it being founded in 1774. It manufacturues crucible steel chiefly. The Sheffield works undertake a number of large contracts for the British government and give employment to 1650 hands. In an interview last night Mr. Robinson said:

"We are going to build a plant on this side principally with a view to escape the tariff of some $50 a ton which the United States government imposes on crucible steel entering this country. Having works here will enable us to extend our important business connections in America. While it is somewhat premature to state what particular additional new lines we intend to enter into the manufacture of, I will scay that we shall make a feature of the steel specialties which the Dingley tariff precludes us from manufacturing in England and shipping into the United States.

"Another reason for our present step is that we now labor under a distinct disadvantage on the other side owing to the high price of fuel. On last year's business we had to declare a reduced dividend on that core, notwithstanding our books having shown the largest turnover in the history of the company.

"As to the precise location of the plant I am not yet in a position to say anything definite, but it may be taken for granted that our new works will be in the vicinity of Pittsburg. W. F. Wagner, our general agent in the United States, and myself will leave for that city within the next few days for the purpose of going into the question of a suitable site."

Mr. Robinson thinks but lightly of the idea of any serious competition arising from American exports of coal to Great Britain. He says that fuel prices on the other side must soon fall. "It must be remembered," he continued, "that two years ago coal was selling at 100 per cent lower than existing quotations. Moreover, the railroad centers would, I think, considerably tend to kill the possibility of American coal in England.

"While I do not share in the intensely gloomy view which some persons indulge in as regards present and future business conditions in Great Britain, I can not but admit that things look serious and would not be at all surprised to learn that many of the iron and steel plants on the other side are now executing orders at a loss."

Mr. Robinson will be in this country about three weeks, and is to visit a number of industrial plants. The projected Jessop works will be equipped with the most modern American machinery. On beginning operations a working force of 500 men is to be enlisted.

A THREAT BY NATION

Kansas Smasher Warns Keepers of St. Louis Saloons.

Declares She Will Close Them or Smash Them.

Will Start on Warpath When Released From Bonds.

St. Louis, April 2.—Mrs Carrie Nation. of Kansas, spent another hour and a half in St. Louis today. She visited two Market street saloons, engaged in heated arguments with the bartenders, and finally was forced from a saloon named after her and which she visited on her previous passage through St. Louis. Today she was compelled to leave the place at the point of a revolver.

"These things will be different some day," she declared. "Look out for me after I get out from under bond in Kansas. I'll close these hell holes if I have to come back and smash every one of them."

St. Louis, April 2.—In an election row this afternoon near Vandeventer and Manchester avenues, United States District Attorney Rozier is reported to have been shot and slightly wounded in the arm. Mr. Rozier was standing near the disputants and received a shot intended for another person.

"WETS" WIN.

Towns Fail to Endorse the Carrie Nation Movement.

Kansas City, April 2.—Specials to the Star give the results of yesterday's election in Kansas towns of the third class. The main issue has been the question of "wet" or "dry" administration, so-called, and has resulted from the anti-joint crusade started by Mrs. Nation.

At Enterprise C. B. Hoffman, who supported Mrs. Nation, was a candidate on a "dry" ticket, and was defeated for mayor by J. E. Ruhrer.

At Solomon the entire "wet" ticket, headed by E. Z. Butcher for mayor, was elected by a good majority.

At Hope, J. L. Sellers (Dem.) was elected mayor, and the Republicans elected all but one member of the council.

"GAUSS" LAUNCHED.

New Ship For German Antarctic Expedition.

Kiel, April 2.—The ship built for the use of the German Antarctic expedition was launched today in the presence of Count Von Posadowsky-Wehner, secretary of the interior, and other officials. Professor Von Richthofen, brother of the secretary of state for foreign affairs, in behalf of Emperor William, christened the vessel "Gauss," in honor of the famous German mathematician and scientist of that name.

PESSIMISTIC VIEW.

London Steel Company Is Bothered By Competition.

London, April 2.—Presiding today at a meeting of the Barrow Hematite Steel company, the duke of Devonshire, lord president of the council, took a pessimistic view of American and other foreign competition. He said the total orders for rails given to British makers in 1900 had not reached 50 per cent of the orders given during the preceding four years. Competition did not account for the whole decrease. Either less rails were required or buyers were waiting in expectation of lower prices.

ELECTIONS IN NEBRASKA.

Omaha, April 2.—Municipal elections are being held throughout Nebraska today except in Omaha. In Lincoln and several other larger towns the fight is on straight political lines, between the Republicans and fusionists. In most of the towns, the issue is on liquor or no liquor, Nebraska being a local option state.

FOR SINKING FUND.

Washington, April 2.—The secretary of the treasury has bought in New York $2,000,000 of short term bonds for the sinking fund.

CASE POSTPONED.

Frankfort, Ky., April 2.—In the Franklin county circuit court today, the case was called of Garnet D. Ripley, captain of militia, who was indicted for alleged complicity in the Goebel case. Numerous witnesses called for both sides failed to appear, and counsel agreed to postpone the case to next Tuesday.

STOVE WORKS BURNED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 2.—The plant of the Mountain Stove works burned today. Loss $50,000. Insurance about $40,000.

POSITION FOR HAMLINE.

San Francisco, April 2.—Charles Sumner Hamlin, of Boston, assistant secretary of the treasury under Cleveland, has accepted the position of lecturer on international law in Stanford university and will give his first course of lectures next March.

ADJOURNED AT 3 A. M.

Denver, April 2.—The legislature adjourned shortly after 3 a. m. today. The session expired by constitutional limitation at midnight. Republican members entered protests against all measures enacted after midnight, including a new revenue bill.

TAKES OATH

The War Is Ended For Aguinaldo.

Swears Allegiance to the United States.

Washington, April 2.—Secretary Root has just made public the following cablegram, received at the war department this morning at 8 o'clock:

"Manilla, April 2.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Since arrival at Manilla, Aguinaldo has been at Malacanan investigation conditions in archipelago. * * * He has relied almost entirely upon the instructive advice of Chief Justice Arellano. As a result, today he subsribed and swore to the declaration on page eleven of my report.

"MACARTHUR."

The oath referred to is as follows:

"I, ——————, hereby renounce all allegiance to any and all so-called revolutionary governments in the Philippine islands, and recognize and accept the supreme authority of the United States of America therein; I do solemnly swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to that government; that I will at all times conduct myself as a faithful and law-abiding citizen of the said islands, and will not, either directly or indirectly, hold correspondence with or give intelligence to an enemy of the United States, nor will I abet, harbor or protect such enemy; that I impose upon myself these voluntary obligations without any mental reservations or purpose of evasion, so help me God."

Four asterisks in the cablegram mark a passage withheld from publication, about which the officials will say nothing now.

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ARE ANXIOUS TO FIGHT

Three Thousand French Troops Near Huo-Lu Desire to Attack Ten Thousand Chinese Who Are Near Them.

Pao Ting Fu, Saturday, March 30, via Pekin, Sunday, March 31.—Chi Li at present has 10,000 Chinese troops, commanded by Liu-Kluantes, the famous black flag leader, within twelve miles of Huo-Lu, where there are 3000 French troops, who are anxious to make an attack, but are restrained by positive orders from Pekin, M. Pichon (French minister) having informed Gen. Voyron, commanding the French troops, that he had received instructions from France to the effect that the government does not desire aggressive action on the port of the troops, provided the Chinese do not advance, which is not considered likely. There is little chance of a collision.

Early in March 150 Grmans were attacked near the border and two men were killed. Two thousand soldiers entered Shan Si province through the Ante Suling pass, driving the Chinese beyond Shai Quan and then retiring to Ante Suling, where they are now in camp.

French officers say that Shan Si has a different people from the Chi Li province, the inhabitants being more arrogant, daring the foreign troops to enter. The French have large supplies at Chen Ling and Huo-Lu, including camel trains.

Pao Ting Fu is entirely peaceful and its condition is better than that of any other city occupied by the allies.

Chinese officials conduct the entire government of the city, the French and German commission acting in an entirely advisory capacity and never interfering except in cases where flagrant injustice has been done, when they act as a sort of court of appeals. Most frequently they have been called upon owing to the interferenec of Catholic missionaries and the exaction of extortions. French officers say that if it is customary in ordinary time to subject the native converts to extortion, even when they are palpably in the wrong, China has a grievance that would not be tolerated by any other country.

Lieut. Reeves, the military attache of the United States legation, recently reported to Mr. Squires, the charge d'affaires, a similar state of things regarding Catholic missionaries.

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BALFOUR TO BE PREMIER

Will First Be Elevated to the Peerage and as Soon as Possible Thereafter Will Succeed Lord Salisbury.

New York, April 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The invalids are profiting by a sudden invigorating change in the weather, among them Lord Salisbury, whose improvement is marked. Contradictions of the report of his failing health and impending retirement are emphasized at Westminster on the eve of the Easter recess, but those closest in touch with public affairs are not misled by the optimism prevailing the ministerial side. The prime minister's intense eagerness to be relieved from official cares is known, and his retirement from public life is much nearer than is generally believed.

Nothing is likely until the budget speech has been made, and financial support for the fiscal year virtually arranged. But there will be a new prime minister before the session ends, and the ministry may be changed at one or two points. One forecast may be repeated with confidence, as it is obtained from high authority. This is the speedy appointment of Mr. Balfour as prime minister with elevation to the peerage. Mr. Balfour's presence at Windsor on Sunday is explained by the fact that a change is impending at an early day, and that he has been in consultation with the king respecting it.

The high authority asserts that Mr. Balfour's elevation to the peerage is the king's method of determining the succession to the premiership, and that Lord Salisbury will retire as soon as this change can be effected. Mr. Chamberlain will then become the leader in the commons and the aggressive force of the government will be greatly increased. He can lead the commons without abandoning the colonial office for the treasury, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach may remain chancellor of the exchequer. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is an inflexible old Tory whose will has been the strongest force in the cabinet for offering resistance to Mr. Chamberlain. His influence can hardly fail to diminish after the budget speech is made. He may escape Sir William Harcourt's criticism by adhering closely to the lines of liberal finance, but it is clearly impossible for him to present anything but an unpopular budget with large additions to taxation.

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HARRIS UNSEATED.

Made False Statements About His Opponent.

London, April 2.—The court, which has been hearing the election charges against Frederic Rutherford Harris (former secretary of the British Chartered South Africa company and recently member of parliament for Monmouth), who was accused of corruption during the parliamentary campaign today, unseated Mr. Harris on the ground that he had published false statements regarding his opponent.

Mr. Harris, who was a Conservative, was the confidential agent of Cecil Rhodes. He defeated A. S. Pierce, Liberal.

ALL AT WORK.

Miners Accept Local Wage Scale Temporarily.

Irwin, Pa., April 2.—The men in the entire Irwin field, Greensburg and Harmonic are at work today. Organizers state the decision of the men at the meeting yesterday to accept the local scale will not change matters. The attempt to have the Pittsburg scale adopted will not be given up.

APPOINTED BY WILLIAM.

Berlin, April 2.—Count Bnin-Bninski and Moritz Von Oppenfeld, an estate owner, have been appointed by Emperor William as members of the house of lords.

SEALERS RETURN.

Half the Fleet Now In Port.

St. Johns, N. F., April 2.—The steamer Ranger, with 30,000 seals, and the steamer Labrador, with 20,000 seals, arrived here today. The steamer Algerine which, while returning from the ice fields with 21,000 seals, was forced into Bona Vista harbor, last evening, owing to a terrific storm, has also arrived at this port.

Ten ships, half the sailing fleet, are now home. Their catches total 223,000 seals.

MANY WILL MEET.

San Francisco, April 2.—The interstate commerce commissioners and members of various railroad commissions are to meet here in joint session on June 4. The delegates and members of their families will number about 300. The California commissioners are arranging for the entertainment of those from other states.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Bremen—Arrived: Barbarossa from New York via Southampton.

Glasgow—Arrived: Laurentian, Philadelphia; Norwegian, Portland; Pomerian, Boston.

Boston—Arrived: Cestrian, Liverpool.

Halifax, N. S.—Arrived: State of Nebraska, Glasgow.

New York—Arrived: Southwark, Antwerp.

BAD PLACE FOR ABSCESS.

Paris, April 2.—Surgeons today operated on the abscess under the tongue of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier. He hopes to turn to work Thursday.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

TEN PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. TEN PAGES.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1901. TWO CENTS.

These Rockers
95c

Tomorrow morning we place on sale 100 of these good sewing Rockers. The regular price of which is $1.75. They are made of hard wood well seasoned and nicely finished with brace arm. Don't wait if you want one for they will soon be distributed at this price.

Our Popular Terms:
$5.00 a month on $25 worth of goods
$6.00 a month on $35 worth of goods
$7.00 a month on $50 worth of goods
$8 00 a month on $60 worth of goods
$9.00 a month on $75 worth of goods
$10.00 a month on $100 worth of goods

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.
FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

I HAVE BEEN BUYING AND WANT MORE
LAKE SUPERIOR Consolidated Stock.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID.
HANSEN SMITH,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn....

MONEY TO LOAN
Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor, Providence Bdg

von Suessmilch & Costello,
HUNTER BLOCK,
Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.
For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

We treat you today with reference to your coming back tomorrow.
Zenith 'Phone 336
15 Second Avenue West. PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

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Conflicting reports were received on the senate bill providing for appeals from referees in insurance matters.

The majority report against the bill was, on motion of Mr. Mallory, carried.

Chairman Mallory of the investigating committee stated that it would be impossible for the committee to make a report on this legislative day, as had been ordered, and a motion of Mr. Dobbin to allow further time was adopted. It is understood that this morning the names of some more people to be heard were handed to the committee by Mr. Jacobson, and they wish to hear them. It has been the intention of the committee from the start to make a thorough investigation, and they wish to overlook no possible source of testimony.

The senate bill, authorizing cities between 10,000 and 50,000 to purchase or construct electric light plants, and to issue bonds to pay for the same, came to the house with an adverse report from the committee on general legislation. Mr. Anderson, however, moved that the bill be printed and placed on general orders, and he succeeded in overturning the committee, and the bill will come up later in the week.

THE SENATE.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate this morning again threshed over the primary election bill, and continued the special order until this afternoon, when there is every indication that a final vote will be reached, the probability being that the bill will be passed. It may be amended technically as to some of its details, but is more than likely to pass just as it came from the house.

The special order was reached at 11 o'clock, and the question was upon the motion of Senator Roverud to refer the bill to a committee of five with instructions to report back within three hours so amended as to include only city, county and legislative offices. Senator Schellbach offered a substitute referring the bill to a committee to redraft it so as to apply only to counties of over 150,000 inhabitants and to cities of over 10,000.

A good many senators spoke—few, if any, confining themselves to the motion, but discussing the measure in general.

Senator Roverud took a rap at the "subsidized press," resenting their "insinuations" that senators opposing the bill were doing so from "ulterior motives." Senator J. D. Jones had evidently heard from the country press in regard to his remarks of last Friday. He claimed that he had been misunderstood. He gave the country boys a great "jolly" and then lit into the metropolitan journals who had placed certain senators in the pillory because they had dared to express their honest opinions upon the merits of the bill.

Some of the other sentiments expressed in the debate were:

Senator Schellbach—Under this bill here can be no such thing as the office seeking the man.

Senator Fitzpatrick—Instead of eliminating party lines it will eliminate machine politics and bossism.

Schellbach's substitute, as well as Roverud's original motion, were voted down and a recess taken till afternoon. Senator Snyder's art commission bill, which applies to cities of over 50,000, was passed under suspension of the rules.

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CHINA MUST ACCEPT

No Doubt In Russia But What Manchurian Conditions Will Ultimately Be Agreed to By the Chinese.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—The superior councillor of the Chinese legation, Chu We Jte, is continuing the negotiations as charge d'affaires regarding the Manchurian agreement. The illness of the Chinese minister, Yang Yu, is now admitted to be due to apoplexy, which will incapacitate him from work, probably for a long period. It is said that the loss of half his estate through the destruction of a Chinese bank, combined with political cares, is undermining his health.

Unofficial observers scarcely understand how a doubt can possibly be entertained abroad that China will ultimately accept the Russian conditions, after it is apparent that no power is willing to forcibly support China. For, as it is urged, while Russia undoubtedly prefers to carry through her plans as made, her diplomatic position would suffer as little as her military position from China's refusal to accept what Russia regards as moderate conditions of withdrawal.

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COLD BLOODED MURDER

Young Man Deliberately Shot His Mother and Brother Without Apparent Cause and Coolly Walked Away.

Sunbury, Pa., April 2.—At Klines Grove, a small country village, a few miles from this city, John Gulick, aged 32 years, today killed his mother, Mrs. Amy Gulick, aged 68 years, and his brother, Phillip, aged 27.

After the shooting Gulick put the revolver in his pocket and walked off in the direction of Danville.

Harry Moore, living on an adjoining farm, heard the shooting and hastened to the Gulick home. The mother was found lying on the floor of the kitchen, and the son was found in the barn yard with a bullet hole near his heart. Both had been instantly killed. What led to the shooting is unknown.

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STEEL PLANT.

English Firm to Erect a Big Plant Near Pittsburg.

New York, April 2.—S. J. Robinson, managing director of W. Jessop & Sons, limited, of Brightside works, Sheffield, Eng., arrived here on the Cunarder Lucania for the purpose of determining the location of the plant which the English concern purposes erecting in the United States.

The Jessop company, which is capitalized at $2,000,000, operates one of the oldest established industrial plants in Europe, it being founded in 1774. It manufactures crucible steel chiefly. The Sheffield works undertake a number of large contracts for the British government and give employment to 1650 hands. In an interview last night Mr. Robinson said:

"We are going to build a plant on this side principally with a view to escape the tariff of some $50 a ton which the United States government imposes on crucible steel entering this country. Having works here will enable us to extend our important business connections in America. While it is somewhat premature to state what particular additional new lines we intend to enter into the manufacture of, I will say that we shall make a feature of the steel specialties which the Dingley tariff precludes us from manufacturing in England and shipping into the United States.

"Another reason for our present step is that we now labor under a distinct disadvantage on the other side owing to the high price of fuel. On last year's business we had to declare a reduced dividend on that core, notwithstanding our books, having shown the largest turnover in the history of the company.

"As to the precise location of the plant I am not yet in a position to say anything definite, but it may be taken for granted that our new works will be in the vicinity of Pittsburg. W. F. Wagner, our general agent in the United States, and myself will leave for that city within the next few days for the purpose of going into the question of a suitable site."

Mr. Robinson thinks but lightly of the idea of any serious competition arising from American exports of coal to Great Britain. He says that fuel prices on the other side must soon fall. "It must be remembered," he continued, "that two years ago coal was selling at 100 per cent lower than existing quotations. Moreover, the railroad centers would, I think, considerably tend to kill the possibility of American coal in England.

"While I do not share in the intensely gloomy view which some persons indulge in as regards present and future business conditions in Great Britain, I can not but admit that things look serious and would not be at all surprised to learn that many of the iron and steel plants on the other side are now executing orders at a loss."

Mr. Robinson will be in this country about three weeks, and is to visit a number of industrial plants. The projected Jessop works will be equipped with the most modern American machinery. On beginning operations a working force of 500 men is to be enlisted.

A THREAT BY NATION

Kansas Smasher Warns Keepers of St. Louis Saloons.

Declares She Will Close Them or Smash Them.

Will Start on Warpath When Released From Bonds.

St. Louis, April 2.—Mrs Carrie Nation, of Kansas, spent another hour and a half in St. Louis today. She visited two Market street saloons, engaged in heated arguments with the bartenders, and finally was forced from a saloon named after her and which she visited on her previous passage through St. Louis. Today she was compelled to leave the place at the point of a revolver.

"These things will be different some day," she declared. "Look out for me after I get out from under bond in Kansas. I'll close these hell holes if I have to come back and smash every one of them."

St. Louis, April 2.—In an election row this afternoon near Vandeventer and Manchester avenues, United States District Attorney Rozier is reported to have been shot and slightly wounded in the arm. Mr. Rozier was standing near the disputants and received a shot intended for another person.

"WETS" WIN.

Towns Fail to Endorse the Carrie Nation Movement.

Kansas City, April 2.—Specials to the Star give the results of yesterday's election in Kansas towns of the third class. The main issue has been the question of "wet" or "dry" administration, so-called, and has resulted from the anti-joint crusade started by Mrs. Nation.

At Enterprise C. B. Hoffman, who supported Mrs. Nation, was a candidate on a "dry" ticket, and was defeated for mayor by J. E. Ruhrer.

At Solomon the entire "wet" ticket, headed by E. Z. Butcher for mayor, was elected by a good majority.

At Hope, J. L. Sellers (Dem.) was elected mayor, and the Republicans elected all but one member of the council.

"GAUSS" LAUNCHED.

New Ship For German Antarctic Expedition.

Kiel, April 2.—The ship built for the use of the German Antarctic expedition was launched today in the presence of Count Von Posadowsky-Wehner, secretary of the interior, and other officials. Professor Von Richthofen, brother of the secretary of state for foreign affairs, in behalf of Emperor William, christened the vessel "Gauss," in honor of the famous German mathematician and scientist of that name.

PESSIMISTIC VIEW.

London Steel Company Is Bothered By Competition.

London, April 2.—Presiding today at a meeting of the Barrow Hematite Steel company, the duke of Devonshire, lord president of the council, took a pessimistic view of American and other foreign competition. He said the total orders for rails given to British makers in 1900 had not reached 50 per cent of the orders given during the preceding four years. Competition did not account for the whole decrease. Either less rails were required or buyers were waiting in expectation of lower prices.

ELECTIONS IN NEBRASKA.

Omaha, April 2.—Municipal elections are being held throughout Nebraska today except in Omaha. In Lincoln and several other larger towns the fight is on straight political lines, between the Republicans and fusionists. In most of the towns, the issue is on liquor or no liquor, Nebraska being a local option state.

FOR SINKING FUND.

Washington, April 2.—The secretary of the treasury has bought in New York $2,000,000 of short term bonds for the sinking fund.

CASE POSTPONED.

Frankfort, Ky., April 2.—In the Franklin county circuit court today, the case was called of Garnet D. Ripley, captain of militia, who was indicted for alleged complicity in the Goebel case. Numerous witnesses called for both sides failed to appear, and counsel agreed to postpone the case to next Tuesday.

STOVE WORKS BURNED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 2.—The plant of the Mountain Stove works burned today. Loss $50,000. Insurance about $40,000.

POSITION FOR HAMLINE.

San Francisco, April 2.—Charles Sumner Hamlin, of Boston, assistant secretary of the treasury under Cleveland, has accepted the position of lecturer on international law in Stanford university and will give his first course of lectures next March.

ADJOURNED AT 3 A. M.

Denver, April 2.—The legislature adjourned shortly after 3 a. m. today. The session expired by constitutional limitation at midnight. Republican members entered protests against all measures enacted after midnight, including a new revenue bill.

TAKES OATH

The War Is Ended For Aguinaldo.

Swears Allegiance to the United States.

Washington, April 2.—Secretary Root has just made public the following cablegram, received at the war department this morning at 8 o'clock:

"Manilla, April 2.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Since arrival at Manilla, Aguinaldo has been at Malacanan investigation conditions in archipelago. * * * He has relied almost entirely upon the instructive advice of Chief Justice Arellano. As a result, today he subsribed and swore to the declaration on page eleven of my report.

"MACARTHUR."

The oath referred to is as follows:

"I, ——————, hereby renounce all allegiance to any and all so-called revolutionary governments in the Philippine islands, and recognize and accept the supreme authority of the United States of America therein; I do solemnly swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to that government; that I will at all times conduct myself as a faithful and law-abiding citizen of the said islands, and will not, either directly or indirectly, hold correspondence with or give intelligence to an enemy of the United States, nor will I abet, harbor or protect such enemy; that I impose upon myself these voluntary obligations without any mental reservations or purpose of evasion, so help me God."

Four asterisks in the cablegram mark a passage withheld from publication, about which the officials will say nothing now.

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ARE ANXIOUS TO FIGHT

Three Thousand French Troops Near Huo-Lu Desire to Attack Ten Thousand Chinese Who Are Near Them.

Pao Ting Fu, Saturday, March 30, via Pekin, Sunday, March 31.—Chi Li at present has 10,000 Chinese troops, commanded by Liu-Kluantes, the famous black flag leader, within twelve miles of Huo-Lu, where there are 3000 French troops, who are anxious to make an attack, but are restrained by positive orders from Pekin, M. Pichon (French minister) having informed Gen. Voyron, commanding the French troops, that he had received instructions from France to the effect that the government does not desire aggressive action on the port of the troops, provided the Chinese do not advance, which is not considered likely. There is little chance of a collision.

Early in March 150 Grmans were attacked near the border and two men were killed. Two thousand soldiers entered Shan Si province through the Ante Suling pass, driving the Chinese beyond Shai Quan and then retiring to Ante Suling, where they are now in camp.

French officers say that Shan Si has a different people from the Chi Li province, the inhabitants being more arrogant, daring the foreign troops to enter. The French have large supplies at Chen Ling and Huo-Lu, including camel trains.

Pao Ting Fu is entirely peaceful and its condition is better than that of any other city occupied by the allies.

Chinese officials conduct the entire government of the city, the French and German commission acting in an entirely advisory capacity and never interfering except in cases where flagrant injustice has been done, when they act as a sort of court of appeals. Most frequently they have been called upon owing to the interferenec of Catholic missionaries and the exaction of extortions. French officers say that if it is customary in ordinary time to subject the native converts to extortion, even when they are palpably in the wrong, China has a grievance that would not be tolerated by any other country.

Lieut. Reeves, the military attache of the United States legation, recently reported to Mr. Squires, the charge d'affaires, a similar state of things regarding Catholic missionaries.

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BALFOUR TO BE PREMIER

Will First Be Elevated to the Peerage and as Soon as Possible Thereafter Will Succeed Lord Salisbury.

New York, April 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The invalids are profiting by a sudden invigorating change in the weather, among them Lord Salisbury, whose improvement is marked. Contradictions of the report of his failing health and impending retirement are emphasized at eWstminster on the eve of the Easter recess, but those closest in touch with public affairs are not misled by the optimism prevailing the ministerial side. The prime minister's intense eagerness to be relieved from official cares is known, and his retirement from public life is much nearer than is generally believed.

Nothing is likely until the budget speech has been made, and financial support for the fiscal year virtually arranged. But there will be a new prime minister before the session ends, and the ministry may be changed at one or two points. One forecast may be repeated with confidence, as it is obtained from high authority. This is the speedy appointment of Mr. Balfour as prime minister with elevation to the peerage. Mr. Balfour's presence at Windsor on Sunday is explained by the fact that a change is impending at an early day, and that he has been in consultation with the king respecting it.

The high authority asserts that Mr. Balfour's elevation to the peerage is the king's method of determining the succession to the premiership, and that Lord Salisbury will retire as soon as this change can be effected. Mr. Chamberlain will then become the leader in the commons and the aggressive force of the government will be greatly increased. He can lead the commons without abandoning the colonial office for the treasury, and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach may remain chancellor of the exchequer. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is an inflexible old Tory whose will has been the strongest force in the cabinet for offering resistance to Mr. Chamberlain. His influence can hardly fail to diminish after the budget speech is made. He may escape Sir William Harcourt's criticism by adhering closely to the lines of liberal finance, but it is clearly impossible for him to present anything but an unpopular budget with large additions to taxation.

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HARRIS UNSEATED.

Made False Statements About His Opponent.

London, April 2.—The court, which has been hearing the election charges against Frederic Rutherford Harris (former secretary of the British Chartered South Africa company and recently member of parliament for Monmouth), who was accused of corruption during the parliamentary campaign today, unseated Mr. Harris on the ground that he had published false statements regarding his opponent.

Mr. Harris, who was a Conservative, was the confidential agent of Cecil Rhodes. He defeated A. S. Pierce, Liberal.

ALL AT WORK.

Miners Accept Local Wage Scale Temporarily.

Irwin, Pa., April 2.—The men in the entire Irwin field, Greensburg and Harmonic are at work today. Organizers state the decision of the men at the meeting yesterday to accept the local scale will not change matters. The attempt to have the Pittsburg scale adopted will not be given up.

APPOINTED BY WILLIAM.

Berlin, April 2.—Count Bnin-Bninski and Moritz Von Oppenfeld, an estate owner, have been appointed by Emperor William as members of the house of lords.

SEALERS RETURN.

Half the Fleet Now In Port.

St. Johns, N. F., April 2.—The steamer Ranger, with 30,000 seals, and the steamer Labrador, with 20,000 seals, arrived here today. The steamer Algerine which, while returning from the ice fields with 21,000 seals, was forced into Bona Vista harbor, last evening, owing to a terrific storm, has also arrived at this port.

Ten ships, half the sailing fleet, are now home. Their catches total 223,000 seals.

MANY WILL MEET.

San Francisco, April 2.—The interstate commerce commissioners and members of various railroad commissions are to meet here in joint session on June 4. The delegates and members of their families will number about 300. The California commissioners are arranging for the entertainment of those from other states.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Bremen—Arrived: Barbarossa from New York via Southampton.

Glasgow—Arrived: Laurentian, Philadelphia; Norwegian, Portland; Pomerian, Boston.

Boston—Arrived: Cestrian, Liverpool.

Halifax, N. S.—Arrived: State of Nebraska, Glasgow.

New York—Arrived: Southwark, Antwerp.

BAD PLACE FOR ABSCESS.

Paris, April 2.—Surgeons today operated on the abscess under the tongue of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier. He hopes to turn to work Thursday.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

We can tell you "what men of fashion will wear" this spring and summer—ask us.

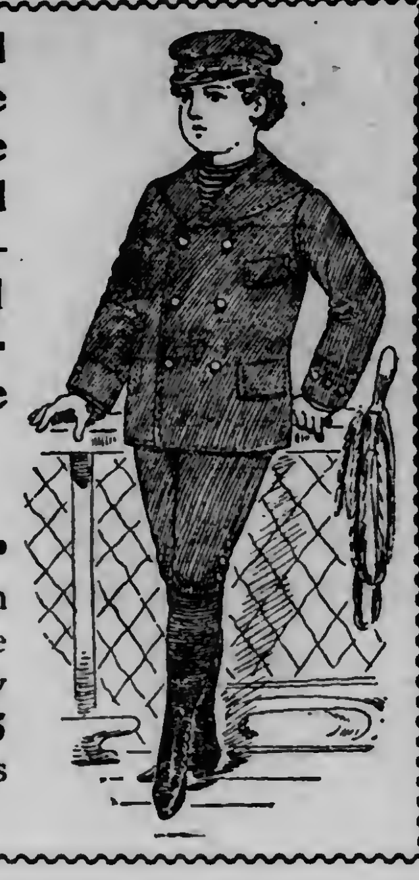
The Best Shoes on earth for Boys are the DUGAN & HUDSON. We are exclusive sellers of them in Duluth.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Boys' Hosiery Our famous Mule Skin Hose have no equal at, per pair— **25c**

THE Easter display of Boys' and Children's Spring Clothing is the greatest and grandest we have ever shown—simply a fairy land of wondrous beauty. This not only applies to the Suits and Overcoats, but all the other little fixings—Waists, Hosiery, Sweaters, Neckwear, extra Knee Pants, Etc., Etc.



Boys' Confirmation Suits....... We have them to suit all pocketbooks in two and three-piece Suits—black and blue Clay Worsteds, dark blue Serges, Cheviots and Fancy Worsteds at.......... **$4.95, $5.95 and $6.95** and every garment has a distinctive style that elevates it above the common place in fit and finish.

Vestee Suits for Easter— Creations of art—we give as much space to our Vestee Suits as most boys' stores give to their entire dept. 500 high-class little garments—fancy vests—modish-mixed, new style woolens or fancy serges, and beautiful clays, sizes 3 to 9—they have every improvement that swell garments ought to have—you can find none better at $6.50—here only **$4.95**

250 beautiful Combination vestee Suits—combination colors, in cassimeres, worsteds and serges, 59 styles to choose from—prices in some stores as high as $5; on sale here at....... **$2.95**

200 Vestee Suits just received in plain brown, handsomely embroidered 3-piece garments, look to be worth $3.50, at.. **$2.45**

Two-Piece Suits for Easter— Sizes 8 to 17—including the new Oxford grays and wide-wale Peasdale—and the new shades of fawn and brown covert, black and white effect worsteds, genuine Scotch cassimere mixtures, by far the best assortment we have ever shown; worth $8.50.. **$4.95**

Blouse Suits for Easter— The swellest thing for the boys, in sizes from 3 to 13, are blouse suits. We offer ten styles of cheviots, worsteds and serges; made up most beautifully To introduce them, choice....... **$4.95**

Young Men's Suits—The new Cambridge Gray Suits, sizes 15 to 19. The swellest young man's suit made. Double-breasted vests that are made of the same material as coat, but handsomely embroidered. It is an entirely new idea and will win your admiration at sight at **$9.95**

Special Price—Our boys' Managers' Delight, twenty-six styles Young Men's Suits of which the cloth was bought before the rise, consisting of cheviots and worsteds. We are positive in stating that you cannot buy them in today's market under $12. Splendidly tailored, high class lining and up to the minute at.... **$7.45**

Boys' Easter Hats in Derby and Fedora Styles.

More hats—more styles—greater assortment than several of the other stores rolled into one.

See the line of Boys' Fedoras—all the leading styles in the new straight brim, golf as well as regular Fedora shape—endless array of colorings—blue, pearls, tans, maples, condors, steel, browns, blacks—all silk trimmed—

98c, $1.50

Special Offering in Patent Leather Shoes. For confirmation and dress wear there is nothing quite so neat and tidy as a pair of patent leather shoes. We offer you the opportunity to fit the boys and girls out in these stylish shoes at extremely reasonable prices, as you will see by this list:

Boys' Patent Leather Shoes with kid tops and low flat heels, newest shapes of the spring season—sizes 10 to 13½ at $1.75; sizes 13 to 2 at $2.00; sizes 2½ to 5½ at $2.25. Boys' Satin Calf Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½ at $1.00; sizes 2½ to 5½ $1.50. Boys' Kangaroo Calf Vici Kid and Wax Calf Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5½ at $2.00.

AT WEST DULUTH

Charles S. Greves has just returned from a trip to his North Dakota farms and will go back again in a few days with a supply of flax seed, of which he will put in 100 acres this season. Mr. Greves says that flax is selling for $3 in North Dakota and he could do better by coming back to Duluth and buying for $2 per bushel. Mr. Greves says that weather and soil conditions in North Dakota are excellent at the present and that the farmers are jubilant. Everything is from a week to ten days ahead of the season, in fact. Last year at this time Mr. Greves says the soil was very dry and there were no good rains until fall, consequently the farmers there were hit pretty hard. This year the Dakota farmers believe that it will be the agriculturists in some other sections that will get the drouth. Mr. Greves will put 900 acres into wheat and 100 acres into flax. His acreage of each will be the same as last season, but last fall he lost considerable wheat and a large part of his flax was drowned out in the late rains.

W. C. T. U. MEETING.

The regular meeting of the West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U., which will be held on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. W. Walker, on Main street, promises to be unique in idea and execution. The ladies say that this will be guaranteed by the announcement that the meeting will be at Mrs. Walker's. The topic to be considered is "Art in the Household," and in view of this the house will be decorated from kitchen to parlor and each room will be discussed in turn relative to the decorative design, by Mrs. Walker. The meeting will be an interesting one and the ladies, whether they do or do not belong to the society, are invited to be present. A large attendance of the members is also desired. Later in the afternoon there will be a special program of musical selections, followed by refreshments.

FORESTERS' ENTERTAINMENT.

The Foresters' entertainment at Gilley's hall was very largely attended last evening and a delightful time is reported. The pleasing feature of the evening was a fine program of music and speaking. Harry Collins, of Toronto, supreme treasurer of the organization, delivered the address of the evening in an interesting and eloquent manner.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

The Modern Samaritans' entertainment at the Odd Fellows' hall last evening was all that was promised and even a little more. In fact, it is said to have been the best one yet attempted by the organization. The hall was packed with the friends of the order and the greatest encouragement was given to keep up the practice of giving "ladies' nights." The program was exceptionally good. Professor A. T. Parks, county superintendent of schools, gave an address. Alec Olson gave a fine exhibition with the Indian clubs, Mr. Jacoby and Miss Emma Jacoby sang two duets, Miss LeDuc rendered a solo and Mr. and Mrs. Emil Zauft gave a mandolin and guitar duet. Master Eddie Newson recited and Miss Lottie Mallory and Mr. Haskins had readings. After the program dancing and refreshments were in order and the crowd thoroughly enjoyed itself until a late hour.

TO TALK FARM LANDS.

A big meeting is being arranged for at the Great Eastern hall on Saturday night of this week, when Henry Truelsen, former mayor of the city, will talk to the citizens on the agricultural possibilities of the lands of Northern Minnesota. Ex-Mayor Truelsen has just returned from an etxended missionary trip in the southern part of this state and in Iowa, and has a fund of interesting things to tell.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The West Duluth Barbers' union held a meeting last night and elected officers to fill vacancies caused by the removal from the city of Bob Newson and William Burdick. Paul Foucault was elected president and Mose Fillatrault was chosen corresponding and financial secretary of the organization.

Some of the small or larger boys living in the vicinity of Thirty-ninth avenue west, originated an April fool caper yesterday by making up a dummy, very lifelike in dimensions and attitude and tying the figure in an erect position on the top of the patrol box at the corner of Thirty-ninth avenue west and Oneota street. So uncanny did the thing appear under the effect of the electric light last evening that several of the residents going home at a late hour last night received severe nervous shocks, and it is claimed that one report was telephoned into police headquarters that a man had hung himself there. The figure was still on the box this morning.

Miss Kate Peterson and nephew, Clarence Foucault, left last evening for a visit in the Twin Cities.

This evening the West Duluth Odd Fellows will compete for the handsome silver trophy put up by the lodges of this city. The other lodges of the city have already contested and this is the last. The judges will be from Superior. The lodge scoring the highest number of points in efficiency of doing degree work will get the prize. The local Odd Fellows have invited visitors from other lodges and the drill will be followed by a big banquet. The West Duluth Odd Fellows are confident of winning.

The Royal Neighbors are already planning for their third annual ball at the Great Eastern hall on the evening of April 10.

Ed Johnson, of the Murray house, left last night for Bayfield, Wis., where he has a position for the season as sawyer in a mill.

Rental agents here report a number of families moving to this part of the city from Duluth. They are doing it because of the lower rents asked here.

Euclid lodge will meet tomorrow night to work the second degree.

A boy was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wilson, of 618 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

The cars were not running on the Belt Line railway to the top of the heights yesterday afternoon and this morning. The cause is said to be a break down in the engine at the power house.

P. H. Martin has returned from a business trip to Appleton and other Wisconsin cities.

Frank Wade has returned from a short visit at Two Harbors.

Later reports regarding the death of John Sullivan at Two Harbors make it appear that he was mixed up in a fight and was thrown through the window, getting the cuts that caused his death. After being injured Sullivan is said to ahve walked to the hospital, where he died ten hours later. Inquiry at West Duluth failed to disclose any information as to Sullivan's identity. Some think he may have assumed the name.

James Johnson, the young man who is said to have been too free with a razor in the presence of others yesterday, left the city last night on a ticket claimed to have been furnished him by West Duluth friends.

Neil Simpson, of Oneota, formerly a bridge superintendent on the Missabe road, has been taken to St. Mary's hospital. He has been sick all winter.

E. J. Filiatrault has returned from Chicago, where he will move his family, having secured a position there.

Mrs. Jogh Laubach has been removed from the Woman's hospital to her home, 513 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Girl wanted for general housework. Apply at Spencer's Drug store.

An electric light wire burning out under the awning of the Great Eastern store, caused a little midnight excitement. No damage was done further than a scorching of the woodwork.

MUSIC at WEST DULUTH COVERED RINK

Tomorrow and Friday Nights—GOOD ICE

Last Skating of Season

CRESCENT
CRESCENT

Great Bargains in

BICYCLES...

at our store. We have a great many Wheels slightly used, that we are selling at very low prices.

Crescents—Always in demand, they are this year..*$25, $35 and $50*

Stearns............*$40 and $50*

Syracuse...................*$25*

Supply House Bicycles $13.75

Wieland & Wade,

323 West First Street, Duluth,

317 Central Ave., West Duluth.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia, or money refunded. Price 50 cents. Book explaining cause and cure mailed free. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

MAKES A BIG HAUL

Young Burt Bellinger Trims Things Up Smartly.

Gets $210 In Cash and $450 In False Teeth.

Clever Game In Which He Had An Accomplice.

Because he separated prominent Superior street merchants from $210 by means of forged checks; stole an electric dynamo, and then extracted $450 worth of false teeth from a dentist's office, the police are anxious to know the location of Burton H. Bellinger, of Lakeside. Bellinger comes from an eminently respectable family and on that account it is as much a source of regret to the police as to numerous friends that they are after him.

Last Friday, Dr. H. C. Spengler, with dental offices at No. 3 West Superior street went to Two Harbors to do some workll Fortunately he took nearly al lhis dental instruments with him. Bellinger had worked for Dr. Spengler about a year ago, and as soon as the dentist went away, he and an unknown accomplice got into the office with a skeleton key and laid a scheme by which they both expected to get rich quick, even if they had to send the dentist and all merchants along Superior street through the bankruptcy court.

Getting hold of Dr. Spengler's check book and some old signatures, they turned out a series of the cleverest forgeries ever sprung on the merchants of this city. The forged signature of Dr. Spengler is so accurate that the police refuse to believe that the young men did it off hand and say they must have traced it from old checks.

Saturday evening they had at least seven of these checks prepared. They were all for $30 drawn on the First National bank and signed with the forged name of Dr. Spengler. Bellinger started out with these checks cashing four at A. B. Siewert's furnishing store, the Big Duluth Clothing store, the Hub Clothing store and the shoe store of Suffel & Johnson. There were three others that have not yet been turned over to the police.

Bellinger would make a small purchase and tender a $30 check in payment. If any question was raised as was done in most of the cases, he would smilingly inform the merchants to call up Dr. Spengler's office. The accomplice remained in the office and cheerfully told all that called up that the checks were all right if they were presented by Bellinger, and as a result the two got nearly $210 in a few hours.

Returning to the office of Dr. Spengler, the false teeth were extracted without pain and it is said that Bellinger made all arrangements to leave town that night but probably missed the train, for he was still here Sunday afternoon.

The first check was presented at the First National bank early yesterday morning. It was such an excellent piece of work that the experienced bank officials accepted the check unhesitatingly. When a second check for $30 came tumbling in close behind the other, they became suspicious, but the signature certainly looked genuine. The third check was not long in reaching the bank and then an investigation was made. The forgery was discovered and every effort made to locate Bellinger, but he had disappeared.

Dr. Spengler returned from Two Harbors last night and did not discover that his office had been robbed till this morning. Practically everything he had in the way of teeth and dental supplies was taken and the floor was littered up with torn checks.

In looking after Bellinger the police learned that he had stolen a small electric dynamo from the Duluth Music company. This dynamo is used for playing an electric piano and was worth about $30. Bellinger had evidently slipped it under his coat on a visit he made the store early last week. He tried to sell it at Seaton's electric supply house.

Saturday night on a Lakeside car, young Bellinger showed considerable money claiming he had just won it in a gambling house. He said that he had just time to hurry out to his home at 4705 Robinson street and change his clothing as he was to catch the 11:15 train to Minneapolis. He did not get away, however, as he was here Sunday and told his mother that he was going to Minneapolis to appear against a dentist of that city who had him arrested last fall for stealing $150 worth of false teeth.

The grand jury in Minneapolis failed to indict him on that charge and he brought suit for $5000 damages against the dentist.

A Month's Test Free

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Box 94, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, express paid Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

EMPHATICALLY REFUSED.

At a recent Washington dinner Justice Brewer and Justice Brown of the supreme court were present. The two eminent jurist, it may be mentioned, were classmates at Yale and have been lifelong friends, says the Boston Herald.

Someone at the table remarked that the names of Brewer and Brown, written carelessly, look much alike. Justice Brown whimsically complained that it was hard to be obliged to assume responsibility for his brother on the bench. He went on to state that their mail matter was often exchanged with varying results. But the worst fate of all befell him when he was credited by the compiler of court decisions with one of Justice Brewer's decisions.

"I am willing," Justice Brown said in conclusion, "to read Judge Brewer's love letters. I might be induced to pay a few of that distinguished gentleman's bills, but I do not hesitate to say," and Justice Brown glared at the subject of his eloquence, "that I refuse emphatically to be held responsible for Judge Brewer's law."

TO PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND GRIP

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

WANTED HOMELY FARE.

The three society men of the senate—Depew, Kean and Wetmore—who are so popular that they never dine at home except when they give dinners to their friends, stole quietly into the senate restaurant the other day, relates the New York World.

Each senator looked at the menu card listlessly. "I'm very tired of terrapin and game," said Senator Kean.

"So am I," said Senator Wetmore.

"So am I," echoed Senator Depew, "and I am going to eat some bacon and greens."

Kean and Wetmore almost shouted for joy. "That's what we want," they said, and in five minutes three senate society men could have been seen eating bacon and greens as if they had never tasted anything one-half so good in their lives.

Dr. Bull's

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

COUGH SYRUP

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

HAVE A MODEL

The Employment Bureau Commission Likes the Seattle System.

Mayor Hugo and members of the free employment bureau are much interested in the success of the Seattle municipal labor bureau, which seems to be the most successful of the twelve leading bureaus of this country. During the past year the Seattle bureau has furnished employment to 27,605 persons at a total cost of $1239, or on an average of 4½ cents for each position furnished.

The population of Seattle is 80,671, which shows that the bureau has furnished jobs at a ratio of 342 to every 1000 population.

The free employment bureau at Cincinnati costs more per job furnished than any other in the United States. During the past year the bureau in that city furnished 3339 applicants with work at a total cost of $2300, or 68 cents per job.

It is probable that the newly organized bureau in this city will model its work on the lines of the Seattle bureau, which has been in existence since 1897, and which has been so eminently successful.

USE THE TANK

Engineer Patton's Plan to Relieve Sewer Trouble.

City Engineer Patton has decided to try an economical experiment with regard to the Lake avenue sewer system. The sewers in that district have but a slight fall of 1½ inches to every 100 feet. Most of the time the water level in the canal is up higher than the sewer, which backs the water up and makes the sewer system practically useless for drainage purposes and very detrimental to health. It was thought for a time that a new system of sewers would have to be put in at considerable expense, but Mr. Patton says that he will first experiment with the old flush tank, located under the Lake avenue viaduct, and feels certain that if the water in this tank is released once or twice a day, instead of once a week, it will remedy the difficulty. The tank has not been in use for several years.

IRON RANGE MEETING.

Will Be Held at Chicago This Week.

A special meeting of the directors of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad and the Minnesota Iron company will be held in Chicago this week to act on the resignation of President J. L. Greatsinger, and appoint his successor for the unexpired term, which ends in June of this year.

While the appointment of C. P. Coffin, of Chicago, is an acknowledged probability, there is said to be a widespread desire on the part of the employes and many others to see the position of general superintendent at this end go to Thomas Owens, the present superintendent of the railroad, and also of the shops and docks at Two Harbors. Like J. L. Greatsinger, he is a man of the people, having risen to his present position from that of an engineer, and as an all around railroad man and executive is believed to have no peer at the head of the lakes.

Good Templars' Lodge.

T. W. Davies, past grand templar, of Minneapolis, organized a Good Templar lodge at Eveleth Saturday evening, March 31, of twenty members. The officers elected were: John W. Klintworth, C. T.; Mrs. Frances Ellsworth, V. T.; Mrs. Sadie Morrison, chaplain; James E. Klintworth, secretary; Fergus R. Ellsworth, corresponding secretary; D. W. Owens, financial secretary; Jennie Green, treasurer; Dell Branan, mar.; G. P. Anderson, D. mar.; Rev. M.O. Stockland, G.; Arnold B. Looken, S.; Elsie Lawson, P. C. T.; Charles G. Morrison, L. D.

Y. M. C. A. Debating Club.

Last evening witnessed the closing exercises of the Y. M. C. A. Debating club for the season of 99-01. A large number of members were present and instead of a formal debate the meeting was thrown open and an informal discussion was held as to the benefits derived from the past season's work. Several impromptu speeches were made and perhaps the most worthy of mention were those delivered by Messrs. McKinnon, Moore, Parker and Allan. These men spoke in an eulogistic manner of the work done by the society. President Neff in his closing remarks referred individually to the advancement which several of the members had made. eH also gave special praise to Charles J. Allan for the excellent manner in which the parliamentary practice had been conducted. This latter feature has been one of the most interesting attractions of the club and has proven beneficial to all members. Judging from the past season's work the club has been a grand success.

For cracks in shrunken floors, use Grippin's flexible Crack and Crevice Filler, the only perfect remedy. Fills a universal want. At all paint dealers. Booklet free. Grippin Mfg. Co., Newark, N. Y.

Examining the Books.

E. M. Pope, public examiner of the state of Minnesota, is in the city with Henry Koerner, his deputy, and together they are engaged on one of the regular examinations into the county's accounts. Both of them are working on the books of the county auditor and county treasurer.

Humes' Fine Millinery.

Humes' millinery has come to be recognized as standard for style and equal to the very finest shown anywhere. The exhibition of new things this year is even more attractive than usual, because the shapes and styles and combinations of colors used seem to be more in harmony, perfect blends, and created to fit the form and face of the wearer. The hats are trimmed in delicate flowers and soft tints in molines, chiffons and laces—all harmonizing in color. The pastel shades of last year are used under the name of Pan-American. The general effect is a complete change in style, the hats having a decided French air, but are graceful and decidedly pretty. There is no prevailing color, and anything can be used that will match or harmonize with the costume worn.

Among the new hats shown are many imported ones and many others of New York manufacture, but none are more beautiful than those made in the Humes' workroom, which are gems of the milliner's art.

The parlors are beautifully decorated with palms and potted plants, and the general effect is indeed magnificent.

The Anglo-American Copper Mining Company of Parry Sound (Limited)

Offer for sale from its Treasury Stock (par value $1.00) a limited number of shares at.............. **15c PER SHARE**

The Anglo-American Company are actively engaged in mining copper ore from their Blanche B mine, located on Wilcox Island.

The ores average from all the tests made over seven per cent copper.

From a smelter test of 700 pounds of ore 65 pounds of refined copper was saved.

The mine is on the same formation as the Wilcox mine.

The company has contracted for a smelter to be in operation by June 1st, with a capacity of 20 tons per day, with a large amount of ore already on the dump ready for the smelter.

The company owns its properties unincumbered and has the smelter provided for, and confidently expect to be shipping refined copper from its smelter in June of the present year.

The reports as to the McGowan and Wilcox mines apply with equal force to the mine of the Anglo-American Copper Company.

For further information call at the office of the Company— **4 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.**

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☞ NOTE THE NUMBER— ***212 West Superior St.***

STORIES OF EVARTS.

He Was Much Feared For His Sarcasm.

The death of William M. Evarts has revived among his friends and former colleagues in the senate the memory of many an anecdote of which he was either the hero or the good-natured victim and many a "bon mot" of his which had its setting in the social and official life at the capital. Here are a few of them, says the New York Tribune:

When Mr. Evarts entered the field of sarcasm his speech was not composed of sentences as long as the moral law; on the contrary, they were short, sharp and incisive. In the Hayes administration, and for many years afterward, Washington was visited at stated intervals by a German crank, De Ahua by name, who seemed possessed by the idea that, to use a familiar phrase, "the world owed him a living." The world in this instance seemed to be the state department.

One day De Ahua succeeded in running the gauntlet of the watchmen and penetrating into the private office of the secretary of state. He ended a long harangue by stating: "Vell, I must have some embloyment. My family is in pad condition. I am boor—so boor as Job's donkey. Und we will be durned out of the house if I don't get something to do. Und I deserve it at the hands of this government. I gome over here to fight for it, und now it must dake gare of me when I am in distress."

At times De Ahua spoke English fluently and without any perceptible German accent, but once in a while even in the middle of a sentence, he lost his tongue, as it were, and his German extraction was betrayed by his manner of speech. This always amused Mr. Evarts, and he didn't seem averse occasionally to bother De Ahua. So to the foregoing declaration he replied: "This is not a paternal government, as some of you good people, naturalized citizens, seem to believe. It has no children to take care of, except those who were disabled in the course of the war, but it has many children whose patriotic duty it is to take care of it. I don't see how I can help you."

De Ahua was urgent and really believed it was the bounden duty of some one or something to take care of him and his family. There are politicians and partner strikers the country over who believe the same thing, to-wit: That the government or their party, whichever it may be, should take care of them. And De Ahua, filled and inspired with that fallacy, answered the secretary:

"Vell, sir, if you don't give me something to do I vill shdarve to teath. Und now, what have you to say?"

"Simply," replied Mr. Evarts, "that it is not necessary that you should live."

Everybody knows about Senator Evarts' dairy farm up in Vermont. Fine farming with him was a hobby that only a lawyer at the head of the bar could afford to keep up. It was when offering his guests a little good cheer that the senator, pointing to the champagne and the fresh milk, cheerily remarked: "Take your choice; take your choice. They're both refreshing, and they cost me the same."

One afternoon in the senate Mr. Evarts took the floor "for a few moments," remarking that he did not feel very well and would not detain the senate long. Several senators had a prior right to the floor, but in consideration of the New York senator's health were willing to yield to him in order that he might get through and go home. Senator Evarts undoubtedly meant what he said about talking only a few moments, and he was not well. But he got interested in his subject. Some interruptions from George Call and two or three other Democratic keepers of the constitution drew him out, and he went forward with a constitutional argument of great force. As he got deeper into his subject the senators who expected to talk that afternoon grew uneasy. They shifted from one part of the senate chamber to another and finally centered in the cloak room. A senator, who might have been John P. Jones, enjoyed their discomfiture, but pretended to solace them by repeating one of George H. Sheridan's campaign experiences. Said the senator, who might have been Jones:

"It was during one of those rip-roaring campaigns they have in Ohio every two years. Sheridan and Judge West, the blind orator, were to speak together at Toledo. Now anybody who has heard Judge West at national conventions knows what a wonderfully eloquent talker he was, but he sometimes got a little prosy. On this occasion at Toledo, Gen. George H. Sheridan was to be the state speaker. The local managers, thinking there might not be enough solid nutriment in his remarks, had arranged for a little introductory speech from Judge West. The judge was a great favorite there, but as he spoke frequently his appearance was no novelty. The night of the rally came and with a tremendous outpouring of loyal Republicans. Gen. Sheridan had revamped some of his old jokes, and, as he looked over the audience, he knew he was going to make a hit. It was just the kind of an audience he liked to talk to.

"Well, Judge West was introduced and met with his usual welcome. He had to be helped to the stage, and Sheridan thought it so much of an imposition that he told the managers had he known how feeble the judge was he would have occupied the whole evening himself. Judge West's voice at first was hardly audible, but the respectful silence which greeted him enabled every one to understand, when he said he was not feeling very well that evening and would detain them only a few minutes. But almost before he knew it the blind man eloquent got to warming the Democrats. And he kept warming them, for three mortal hours. You know George Sheridan, and I shan't undertake to tell how he figited through those three hours. But there is an end to all things, and about 11:30 o'clock there came an end to Judge West's eloquence. The remnants of the crowd which had stayed to hear Sheridan cheered hopefully, but in a wearied sort of way. In response to the calls, Sheridan made his way to the front of the platform.

"'Ladies and Gentlemen,' he said, "I understand some of you came here to hear me speak. But I don't feel very well myself tonight, and I think—'

"He didn't need to go any further. The crowd cheered him good night and the meeting came to an end. 'Now,' continued the story teller, quizzling to his colleagues, 'when Brother Evarts gets through expounding the constitution, if some one of you will get up and remark that you are not feeling very well I don't think it would be necessary for Ingalls to put the motion to adjourn."

They didn't have to expose their health to the senate, for when Senator Evarts did get through Don Cameron was on his feet, and with this unfailing barometer of the dinner hour none of the senators who expected to talk objected to his motion to adjourn.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Portrait Frames!

Special prices this week at

DECKER'S, No. 16 Second Avenue West.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Extraordinary event—Saturday, April 6, matinee and night. Managers Wagenhals & Kemper present

Louis James and Kathryn Kidder

in stupendous scenic production of a

Midsummer Night's Dream

Magnificent scenery and electrical effects; grand chorus and splendid ballet. The Famous Mendelssohn Music. *50—PEOPLE—50* Prices. Night—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquet $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Matinee—Dress Circle $1, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

A New Spring Showing of.. **Carpets and Rugs**

We are Agents for such well-known makes as Bigelow & Lowell.

Good Ingrain Art Squares.

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Rugs of all sizes in Wiltons and Smyrnas.

New Designs in—
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A FULL LINE OF MISFITS ALWAYS ON HAND.

CREDIT FREELY GIVEN. **The G. C. Steele Co.** Duluth Minn.

IS UP AGAIN.

Cedar Island Lake Contest Before District Court.

Judge Cant this morning heard the evidence in two cases involving the somewhat celebrated Cedar Island lake controversy. The Security Land and Exploration company is the plaintiff in both cases, which were tried together, and G. A. Burns and Henry Weckey are the defendants. After the evidence was in the cases were ordered to be submitted on briefs, and the arguments will be heard April 26.

The cases involve the same dispute that is now pending in the United States courts. When the territory in which Cedar Island lake, or Ely lake, is located was surveyed, the surveyor guessed at the area of the lake, and placed it at about 1800 acres. As a matter of fact it is about 800 acres. So between the meander line on the plat which the surveyor supposed was the lake, shore, and the water line, which is the actual lake shore, there are about 1000 acres of good land. The plaintiff acquired its title to fractional lots on the meander line through government patent, and claims all of the land between the line as it shows on the map and the actual lake shore. The defendants, however, settled on the land that the surveyor supposed was under the waters of the lake, and they claim that it is unsurveyed government land, not patented. Whether the patents are to include all of the acres between the meander line or the lake is the question involved in the case.

ACCIDENT.

Particulars as to the Death of John Sullivan.

Stories as to the death of John Sullivan at Two Harbors, Sunday evening, have been more or less conflicting. His jugular was cut by a piece of plate glass from a window through which he was pushed. On account of the affair received from Two Harbors says that the affair occurred in O'Brien & Porberger's saloon, while he was scuffling with one Duncan Duggan. A sharp piece of glass passing into the side of his neck, penetrated the jugular vein and severed some branches of the carotid artery. He was removed at once to the hospital where he died from the shock, resulting from loss of blood. Duggan was placed under arrest.

Coroner R. J. Sewall held an inquest, examining some half dozen witnesses and the jury returning the following verdict: "That we believe that said John Sullivan's death was caused by a falling piece of glass severing an artery, during a friendly scuffle with Duncan Duggan while in O'Brien & Porger's saloon on Sunday, March 31, 1901, at 4 p. m., and we further believe it was purely accidental."

Duggan, who feels badly over his friend's ill-luck, was discharged from custody. The jurors were: H. W. Cable, J. E. Therrien, H. Delaney, J. H. Nordby, Adolph Dahlberg, L. D. Rose.

THE BOARD.

April Meeting Friday, First Since Grand Jury Report.

The April meeting of the board of county commissioners will be held Friday afternoon at the court house. This will be the first meeting since the grand jury report came in, and the commissioners will get together and look each other over to ascertain the amount of damages inflicted. They will look particularly at Commissioners Kauppi and Berg, the victims of the grand jury's especial attention, but the other members will not find any visible marks from the attack.

Other than this there is not a great deal of business to come before the board. There will be the usual run of road matters and the monthly bills to audit, and perhaps some other minor matters, but so far nothing out of the ordinary has appeared.

For one thing a bond will probably be required of M. Haug, the new overseer of the poor farm. It was discovered through the criminal prosecution of A. F. Rockwell, the former overseer, that the board had not made a practice of requiring a bond from the overseer, and that in all the time Rockwell was in office he never had a bond, though the law requires that he should have one, or rather that the occupant of the office of overseer of the poor should have one. When this appeared County Attorney McClintock told the members of the board they should see that the overseers hereafter should have bonds and one will be required.

Season About Over.

Will S. Taylor, of the Appleton Pulp company, is in the city today on matters of business connected with the interests of the pulp company. Mr. Taylor says that the pulpwood business in the Northwest has been brought to a close for the season, that the bulk of the wood has been shipped, and all that remains are a few lots to be picked up here and there out on the different railroads. All the shipments of pulpwood from the district have been made by rail.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

"A Scrap of Paper," the comedy which gas given at the Unitarian church last week, with such success, will be repeated tonight by request at the same place. The cast of characters will be the same.

A small fire occurred shortly after 9 o'clock this morning in the boarding house of W. L. Briggs, No. 525 Garfield avenue. Two boarders went to bed slightly intoxicated and one in an effort to light a pipe set fire to the mattress of the bed on which the other was sleeping. The damage was about $20.

A marriage license has been issued to Edward J. Coughlin and Nellie Rosie Johnson.

M. A. Nichols has begun two suits in district court to enforce liens for labor and materials on the buildings erected in the new village of Buhl, in the township of Great Scott. In one case Charles Gourder and others are the defendants, and the amount sought is $36.27. In the other, John Illingsworth and George Delaney are the defendants, and the amount sought is $202.01. John E. Davies is the attorney.

Robert Forbes has purchased the residence of W. A. Pryor at Hnnter's Park.

The Woman's alliance of the Unitarian church will give a card party Wednesday evening, April 10, at the home of Mrs. C. J. Lesure, 1601 East Second street.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Samuel C. McCormick has returned from Chicago, where she has been having her eyes treated.

Sergt. Samuel Thompson, of the police department, is ill at his home, 501 Second avenue east.

City Comptroller McCormick has returned from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Thayer and daughter, Marie Thayer, left last evening for Wausau, Wis., where they have been called on account of the serious illness of Mr. Thayer's aged mother.

E. C. Duffy, who for five months has been on the Nester estate above Two Harbors, has returned home.

Martin H. Maloney, of Marenisco, Mich., is here visiting his brother, Michael H. Maloney and family of 30 East First street.

Miss Lizzie Draver, of Stillwater, is visiting Mrs. H. E. Graham, of 115 East Fourth street.

G. A. French returned this morning from Atlantic City, N. J., where he has been with Mrs. French for several weeks. Mrs. French has now gone to New Hampshire to visit Mr. French's parents for several weeks.

H. S. Coates, of St. Cloud, Minn., is in the city for a short visit.

H. D. Cochrane, of Wausau, Wis., was among the morning arrivals in the city.

George S. Davidson, of Ashland, was a guest of the St. Louis today.

J. A. McGowan, David Donovan and Alexander Holmes, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., were among the visitors here this afternoon.

P. T. Brownell, of Ely, was among the range visitors down this morning.

T. A. Hobbs, of Eau Claire, Wis., arrived in the city this afternoon.

John De Forest returned last evening from Minneapolis, where he has been some weeks on account of bad health.

G. B. Ayer and H. M. Biscoe, of Boston, Mass., are registered at the Spalding.

President Louis Hill and general Traffic Manager J. C. Eden of the Eastern Minnesota road came up from St. Paul this morning.

C. Donker left this afternoon for Seattle, Wash., where he expects to make his future home.

FITZGERALD IS DEAD.

Revolver Shot Finally Ends His Life.

Thomas Fitzgerald, the Lake avenue bartender who shot himself through the left breast Sunday afternoon, died at St. Mary's hospital early this morning after several hours of intense pain and delirium. The body was removed to the undertaking rooms of Durkan & Crawford on Second avenue west.

Mr. Fitzgerald was 25 years of age and single. He had been in ill health for several weeks before he shot himself, and it is supposed that that is what caused his suicide.

The funeral will be held from the cathedral tomorrow morning at 8:30.

MICHIGAN ALUMNI.

Banquet at Spalding Thursday of Next Week.

The members of the Duluth-Superior university of Michigan alumni will give a banquet at the Spalding Thursday of next week. There are a large number of former students of the university living at the head of the lakes. Anyone who has attended there for one year is eligible to membership whether a graduate or not. A temporary organization was formed some time ago with the following officers: President, Rev. A. W. Ryan; vice president, Dr. A. C. Taylor; secretary, T. J. McKeon; treasurer, H. A. Dancer. Before the banquet is held there will be an election of permanent officers.

Among those who will speak at the banquet will be President James B. Angell of the university, and Charles A. Towne.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

We wish to inform our patrons and the public in general that they can now purchase the Herba Cura Stomach Powder at any of the leading drug stores. The powder is now packed in attractive red boxes—each box contains 20 powders or ten days' treatment, and sells for $1.00.

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.

319 First Avenue East.

GAVE HIM NEW IDEA

John Megins Becomes An Advocate of Brick Pavement.

An Examination of the St. Paul Streets Converts Him.

They Stand the Wear and Have a Fine Appearance.

Among the latest of the prominent Superior street property owners to become converted from the idea of paving Duluth's thoroughfare with asphalt to that of paving with brick is John Megins, who has just returned from a business trip to St. Paul. Mr. Megins did not go to the capital city with the idea of investigating the pavement there used, but says that what he saw of brick pavements in that city has thoroughly convinced him that the brick pavement is the kind needed here; that it is the least expensive and the most durable. Mr. Megins said this afternoon:

"Yes, I came back from St. Paul with a change of heart regarding the paving question. When I went down there on a matter of business my attention was called to the streets of that city, and the result was that I spent a little time investigating the merits of the two pavements, asphalt and brick, on my own hook. Not only that, but I had several interested parties go over the streets with me, so that they might be convinced in the way that I am that the brick pavement is the kind that we want on Superior street, and the avenues crossing the street.

"When I went down to St. Paul I was opposed to brick pavement in any form, but I found out that I had the wrong idea. My attention was first attracted to the pavement by the appearance of some of the main traveled streets. All of them are paved for a distance of about two feet out from the curb with brick, while the rest of the street is paved with asphalt. Now, the portion paved with brick was in perfect condition, the bricks were intact, in perfect line and not broken up; while there were many breaks in the asphalt, holes here and there, making the street rough, and not adding either to the durability or the general appearance.

I fully believe that it was an excellent object lesson, for anybody that has watched the traffic on our streets knows that the travel is just as heavy close to the curb as it is out in the middle of the streets near the street car tracks. The fact that the brick have outlasted the asphalt is a most significant one to my mind.

"Having noticed the difference in the durability between the brick and the asphalt on the main thoroughfares, I took particular pains to note the wearing quality of the brick on some of the other streets that are also heavily traveled, and paved entirely with brick. I was surprised as a result of my investigation. I had no idea that brick would wear so well. There was not a break in the pavement on a single street. The bricks were well lined up, whole, and there was no sign of chipping.

"So well satisfied was I that the brick was all right that I got others to go and examine the pavement, and they confirmed the results of my investigation. While I do not know how many years the pavement has been down on the main thoroughfares, yet it was plainly to be seen that the brick had outlasted the asphalt in every case, and I believe that if brick pavement is good enough to pave the streets of the capital city of this state, they are good enough to use in a city way up in the northern part of the state, with a much smaller population.

"Then another factor to be taken into consideration is that brick, as compared with asphalt pavement, is inexpensive. The bricks used on the streets in St. Paul are procured in Ohio, and it costs more to get them delivered in St. Paul than it would to get them to this point, for there would be the difference in freight rate from Duluth to St. Paul.

"Since examining the streets in St. Paul, I have talked with City Engineer Patton, who has recently visited St. Paul and looked into the matter, and who believes as I do, that the brick is all that is claimed for it as a paving material. I believe in Mr. Patton's qualifications, as he is a man of wide experience, and I feel assured that his judgment can be relied on.

"The avenues could not be paved with asphalt, owing to the grades in every instance, which would make too slippery traveling. If Superior street were paved with asphalt, the crossings of the avenue would have to be paved with brick or block, anyway, to make them safe for teams going up or coming down the grades on to the smooth paved streets. I cannot see how it would add much to the appearance of the street to have it paved partly with brick and partly with asphalt.

"I came from San Francisco about twenty years ago. At that time the streets of the California city were paved with cobble stone. There came a time when the citizens wanted asphalt. All they did was to spread the asphalt over the cobble stone pavement, which formed a fine foundation, and the result is the people there have fine smooth streets at a much less cost than if they had torn up the streets and put down some other foundation. Suppose we pave the street with brick. In the course of years—a good many of them, too, I feel assured—if it was found wise to pave with asphalt, we would have a fine smooth foundation to spread the asphalt over, and the cost would not be so great. At the same time we would have had the benefit of the brick pavement.

"Another point in favor of the brick pavement is that when water or sewer connections are necessary, but one or two bricks will have to be destroyed to permit a loosening of the others. The city could easily keep a carload of brick on hand for such emergencies.

"My idea would be to have a committee of property owners, for they are the most interested, the city engineer and the mayor go down to St. Paul and see for themselves what is the durability, the nice clean appearance of the streets paved with brick."

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

The New Store

OUR complete line of Suits, Taffeta Jackets and Silk Waists just received.

Watch for our announcement tomorrow. It will pay you.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

HIS WASHING.

John Donovan Sues a Laundry For Its Value.

The laundry that never came is the pathetic burden of a tale of woe that John Donavan, of Ely, has presented into court in a suit against the Acme laundry, of Duluth. He seeks to recover one bundle of laundry, or its equivalent in cash, which he figures at $6.

The story goes something like this: John Donavan is a resident of Ely, but about a month ago he cut himself loose from the familiar surroundings of the Vermilion metropolis, and embarked on the troubled waters of a temporary sojourn in a great city, towit, the city of Duluth. It appears that prior to that time he had been a patron of the Acme laundry, to which institution he sent his collars, cuffs and boiled shirts to be subjected to the process in use in steam laundries to make those articles fit for use after they have been worn for certain periods, varying according to the ideas of the owner as to the eternal fitness of things. He had always sent his laundry down from Ely, and the laundry had always sent the renovated linen back to him at his Ely home.

When he struck Duluth he stopped at the St. James, and during his stay here, in the course of the usual run of things, some of his laundry reached the stage of use where he deemed it expedient to send it to the Acme and have it done up in proper shape. So when the laundry wagon came to the hotel Mr. Donavan's bundle was entrusted to its care, its owner little dreaming of the hellish fate that was to put him in such a sad predicament later on. He waited patiently for a day or two after the bundle was due, but it did not come. Then he began to get restive. The linen he had with him—he had some that he had not sent to the laundry—was rapidly on its way to the stage aforesaid, when it is deemed the proper thing in the circles of the elite that it should be sent to be fixed up. What if the laundry was unduly delayed, thought the plaintiff. Would he have to go to bed and remain there while a posse of detectives started on a still hunt after the missing articles?

Time passed. Still the linen did not come. He inquired for it daily, almost hourly, with an anxiety that made the desk clerks almost shed tears of sympathy. Still no linen. Finally, driven to the verge of desperation, he made inquiry at the laundry. There he was informed that the linen had been brought in, done up and sent out again. But it had not arrived at the hotel. The plot thickened and the luckless owner of the laundry went about with his head bowed and deep lines of care graven in his massive brow. Where, oh, where, was that linen?

At last, when it seemed that human endurance could stand it no longer, light dawned. The mystery was solved. The laundry had been sent to Ely. It might be supposed that the owner of the linen would have been happy again, but it was not to be. It made him so angry when he thought over his wrongs that he immediately went to an attorney and instituted suit against the Acme. He even refused to accept his linen at that late date, it is said, and insists on nothing short of complete satisfaction, which he estimates at six hard, round, iron dollars.

It appears that when the linen was taken to the laundry from the hotel it had no list with it, and the laundry people, knowing that they had sent laundry to Donavan at Ely before that, sent this lot there also. So while the plaintiff was on the verge of desperation, as before stated, owing to the mysterious and baffling disappearance of his goods, the bundle was waiting for him at its usual stopping place in Ely.

For the shirts, collars and cuffs a further and more particular description of which is to deponent unknown, Donavan demands $6, claiming that they were very valuable and high-priced goods and worth fully that sum, if not more.

HANDICAP SHOOT.

Good Scores Made at Interstate Park.

New York, April 2.—The nitro-powder handicap was shot off at Interstate park, Queens, L. I., today, with over 200 entries. The conditions were 16 birds; fee, $10, birds extra. At the end of the first round of four birds each there were ninety-nine men with clean scores. Harold Money, amateur champion, has missed one bird. At the end of the second round there were seventy-six who had killed each his eight birds, and at the close of the third round—twelve birds—forty-eight men had clean scores.

CONDEMN FUNSTON.

Harsh Bill Introduced In the Texas Legislature.

Chicago, April 2.—A special from Austin, Texas, to the News says: The house of representatives today referred to the committee on federal relations a resolution condemning Gen. Funston and the government authorities for the capture of Aguinaldo, and characterizing Aguinaldo as the George Washington of the Philippines. A substitute resolution praising Gen. Funston for his bravery and congratulating him upon the success of his expedition was ruled out of order.

OFFERED TO CANTY

Administration Tendered Him a Philippine Judgeship.

Could Have Been Chief Justice of the Islands.

Minneapolis Judge Refused the Flattering Offer.

New York, April 2.—The fact leaked out yesterday that the administration's choice for the $7500 position of chief justice of the supreme court of the Philippine islands was not C. A. Willard, of Minneapolis, who sailed from San Francisco yesterday, but Judge Thomas Canty, who, until recently, was a member of the supreme bench of Minnesota.

It appears that the administration proposed to appoint two judges from the United States. These, with native judges, were to constitute the high court of the islands. It was determined to name a Republican and a Democrat and men high in the Republican party offered the position to Judge Canty.

Some Northwestern politicians happened to meet in one of the hotels yesterday and while discussing political matters, one of them mentioned the fact that Judge Canty had been offered the place. The statement was a surprise to some of the gathering, though others seemed to be conversant with the matter.

Judge Canty declined the place, and when one of the Minnesotans was asked why he did so, he answered:

"Judge Canty had two reasons. One was that the administration of the affairs of the islands are steeped in corruption, and a judge on the bench would be obliged to wink at a great many irregularities or be constantly in trouble. The second reason is that the majority of the bench will be composed of native judges who are not always proof against inducements of a financial character. The judge has been in the islands and is conversant with the condition of affairs."

It is said the administration counted upon Judge Canty's acceptance of the place, and was disappointed when he informed the emissary that he would decline the position.

THEY WAKE UP

Council's Paving Action Stirs Property Owners and Others.

The proposed amendment to the new charter giving the council the right to make improvements without the petition of the property owners, has created quite a sensation among Superior street property owners and agents, as well as representatives of various paving companies now in the city.

The action of the council, coming as it did, so unexpectedly, is regarded as insincere by some that are vitally interested, but there is no question but that the aldermen acted in the best of faith when they adopted the resolution.

The change proposed is very radical and it was the aim of the charter commission to take the ordering of street improvements out of the hands of the council, when the new charter was being constructed.

However, if 5 per cent of the qualified voters of the city, back the council up in this new move, and sign the petition to the charter commission, the commissioners will have no alternative. The 1899 amendment to the enabling act makes it obligatory on the charter commission to submit any amendment to the charter that the requisite number of qualified voters shall petition for.

City Attorney Mitchell, who is one of the leading members of the charter commission, will be called on to draft the proposed amendment and it is probable that it will be gotten up in such shape that it will be impossible for any great expenditure of public money in street improvements without the actual necessity for repaving or the consent of the property owners to be assessed for the improvements. It was suggested by Mayor Hugo, this morning, that in case the council's latest proposition went through, it would be wise to require a seven-eighths vote of all the members of the council in ordering improvements of this nature. That would mean that no street could be repaved unless fourteen of the sixteen aldermen should vote in favor of it.

Another incident in connection with the council's latest move, is that the aldermen are not in favor of asphalt, or at least a majority of them are not. Sandstone seems to be favored in the council and this has caused some apprehension on the part of the promoters of sheet asphalt, block asphalt and vitrified brick.

If the proposed charter amendment is rushed through without delay it will be the first or second week in July before any actual street paving can be done. It will take about two weeks for the council and the charter commission to arrange the preliminaries, and after that the amendment would have to be advertised for a period of five weeks before being submitted at the proposed special election. There is some dispute as to when the amendment would take effect, some city officers contending that it would be operative on the day of its adoption while others say that like the charter, it would not become operative until thirty days after the election at which it was adopted.

FIRE IS OUT.

Damage In Republic Mine Is Not Heavy.

Republic, Mich., April 2.—The fire in the Republic mine is out and work will be resumed shortly. Men went down in the mine today and found but very little smoke and gas. The damage is very small, compared with what was expected at first.

RECALL WAS ASKED.

But Government Will Stand By Loomis.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, April 2.—(Via Haytien cable.)—The United States auxiliary cruiser Scorpion has been ordered to convey Francis B. Loomis, the United States minister at Caracas, Venezuela, to San Juan, de Porto Rico, where he will embark on a steamer for New York. The Scorpion leaves La Guayra April 7 at 1 o'clock.

An attache of the foreign office at Caracas has divulged the fact that after the inspired press of Venezuela had for two months abused the United States navy, President McKinley and Mr. Loomis, the Venezuelan government formally asked for the recall of Mr. Loomis, for no valid reason. He had, however, antagonized certain high officials. But the government at Washington has supported Mr. Loomis and he is going to Washington, not because he is recalled, but on leave of absence to consult with Secretary Hay.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

"Exquisite Costumes and Wraps for Easter"

So great is the beauty and variety of the spring garments this season that one might be excused for thinking that the skill of the designers is exhausted for some time to come!

Never did we have so handsome an array of Suits, Etons, Box Coats, "Raglans," Capes, and Wraps of all sorts for your selection!

Over three hundred styles in costumes alone are shown by us!

And not a carelessly made one among them!

The wonderful trade we're having is proof enough that women know where to buy; we've almost doubled our help force already and the busiest part of the season to come!

Not one woman in twenty would think of buying a garment of any sort without "looking" here—and the chances are that she would buy after looking around!

Handsome Tailored Suits, $12.50, $15, $18 and up to $75.00.
Cloth Etons, $5.00 to $40.00.
Taffeta Etons, $12.50 to $45.00.
Box Coats, $6.75 to $29.50.
"Raglan" Coats, $12.50 to $37.50.
Louis XV Taffeta Coat, $75.00

The "Bernhardt" long wrap of highest quality taffeta, lined with rich silk—reveres and front entire length of garment of "hand put on" roses—Persian effect—filled back—entire garment trimmed with fine black velvet ribbon—one of the most magnificent wraps ever shown at the head of the lakes—will be shown in our cloak parlors tomorrow—$110.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

THE PLAGUE.

All the Cases In San Francisco Have Proved Fatal.

Washington, April 2.—The plague situation at San Francisco is summarized in a statement, published in this week's issue of the public health reports of the marine hospital service, which is just out. The statement is brief and the facts given in it are taken from the long awaited report of the commission of experts which made a special investigation. This statement shows there have been ten cases of plague in San Francisco officially reported since the beginning of the year, all of them being fatal. The number of cases and deaths on each date mentioned are identical. They comprise two on Jan. 5 and one each on Jan. 6, Feb. 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 and 12 and March 2.

The six cases and deaths in February were reported by a special commission appointed by the secretary of the treasury to examine into the plague situation. This commission consisted of Professor Simon Flexner of the university of Pennsylvania, Professor F. G. Novy of the university of Michigan and Professor L. S. Barker of the university of Chicago, recorded. Continuing, the statement says:

"Plague has been reported in San Francisco officially in the public health reports since March 6, 1900, thirty-two cases (all fatal) having been reported and published in previous numbers of the public health report."

PARKER DEFEATED.

Republican Candidate at St. Louis For Mayor.

St. Louis, April 2.—At 2 p. m. Charles Atkins, chairman of the Republican state committee, admitted the defeat of Parker (Rep.) candidate for mayor.

OSTEOMYELITIS.

Cause of Death of Chief Surgeon Hall.

Manilla, April 2.—Chief Surgeon Hall of the department of oNrthern Luzon died after being ill three weeks with osteomyelitis (inflammation of the marrow of bones.)

The surrender of rifles since the capture of Aguinaldo has averaged over a hundred a day.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

SIENKIEWICZ'S TACT.

Did you hear that delightful story of Sienkiewicz, the great Polish author? They are giving a great series of festivities in his honor in Warsaw—taking advantage of the fact that it is twenty-five years since he began writing, and making, as it were, a silver wedding of his quarter of a century union with letters, says Mainly About People. His fame was spread to Russia, and it is even said that the czar has his books translated for him for a certain time every evening, so entrancing does he find the Pole's reconstruction of the stirring dramas of early Russian and Polish history. The Academy of Letters at St. Petersburg may have been encouraged by the facts to send Sienkiewicz a letter of warm congratulation. Now, Sienkiewicz is an ardent Polish patriot as well as an artist, and he was placed in something of a difficulty by the receipt of this letter, for it was written in Russian, and the imposition of Russian on the Poles to the exclusion of their own language is one of the things which the Polish patriot, of all classes, mast profoundly resents. Sienkiewicz had to reply. To reply in Russian would have been treason to Poland; to have replied in Polish would rave been treason to Russia. He solved the difficulty by sending back his answer in Latin!

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

A Good Thing to Go by. . . .

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

(The Popular Thoroughfare)

—BETWEEN—

Duluth, Superiors, Etc.

—AND—

Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. ST[illegible], General Agent,
No. [illegible] Duluth, Minn

BATTLE OF BALLOTS

Municipal Contests In Many Cities Throughout the Country.

Unusually Light Vote Is Being Cast In Chicago.

Spirited Contest For World's Fair Mayor at St. Louis.

Chicago, April 2.—Chicago voted today for a complete city and aldermanic ticket. Weather conditions were disagreeable owing to a mixture of snow and rain, and up to a late hour in the morning a light vote was generally reported. Exceptions were noted in one or two wards, where more than usual interest centered in the aldermanic contests, notably in the Twenty-first, the home ward of Mayor Harrison, where Honore Palmer, son of Potter Palmer, was the Democratic aldermanic candidate.

Both Democratic and Republican party leaders professed confidence, in spite of the light vote. Chairman Lorimer, of the Republican committee, claimed Judge Hanecy's election by at least 10,000, while friends of Mayor Harrison claimed a plurality of at least 30,000.

Voting in most of the heavily Republican wards of the South and North Sides was reported as unusually light, and early in the day workers were sent out to urge the voters to the polls. No trouble of consequence was reported from any ward and up to 11 a. m. only one arrest had been made for alleged illegal voting.

Municipal elections were held in many of the smaller cities of Illinois.

At Decatur there was little interest, and a light vote was polled early owing to a heavy rain.

At Rock Island lively interest was manifest early and the vote will be large.

At Aurora a non-partisan ticket opposed the Republicans and a heavy vote was brought out, despite a snow storm.

At Rockford little interest was taken, a light vote was cast early, and it was generally conceded the Republican ticket will carry in the city and county.

St. Louis, April 2.—Balloting for a world's fair mayor and a complete municipal ticket began at 6 a. m. The polls will close at 7 p. m. There are Democratic, Republican, good government, public ownership, Social Democratic and Socialist Labor tickets in the field. Great interest is being displayed in the contest, for in almost every precinct there was a long line of voters ready to cast their ballots when the polls opened, despite damp weather. Indications are that the labor vote will be scattered.

Milwaukee, April 2.—Four judges, several aldermen in newly created wards and a clerk of the municipal court are being voted for in Milwaukee today. The weather is cloudy, threatening rain. Considerable interest is taken in the judicial election, but the early vote was not as large as that cast at a state or municipal election. Municipal elections are being held in various cities and towns of the state. Joshua Eric Dodge has no opponent as candidate for re-election to the state supreme bench.

La Crosse, Wis., April 2.—Cloudy weather marked election day here today. The big race is between S. Y. Hyde, Republican, and Joseph Boschert, Democrat, for mayor. The chances are about even. Election day was attended by no special excitement.

Racine, Wis., April 2.—Election day opened chilly and cloudy. Interest is centered on the contest for mayor. Mayor Higgins, Democrat, stands for re-election, and is opposed by F. W. Klein, who was the Republican candidate two years ago, and was defeated by thirty votes. The contest for circuit judge, between John B. Simmons and E. B. Belden, both non-partisan, is the hottest ever seen here. The circuit embraces Racine, Kenosha and Walforth counties. There are five candidates for county judge and three for municipal judge, all non-partisan.

Oshkosh, Wis., April 2.—Election day opened cloudy and threatening. Full municipal ticket to be elected, together with municipal judge and county judge. Considerable feeling is shown as a result of the anti-saloon crusade. Prohibitionists are working for the Republican teiket. Result will be close.

West Superior, April 2.—Fine weather prevails in Douglas county today. Not a great deal of interest is shown in the election which is for judicial and ward officers only.

Madison, Wis., April 2.—Election day opened cloudy and cold and the early vote was light. Professor L. W. Gay of the University of Wisconsin, Republican candidate for mayor, was opposed by Storm Bull, nephew of Ole Bull, the famous violinist, on behalf of the Democrats.

Topeka, April 2.—In spite of damp weather and slush caused by yesterday's heavy snow, the early voting in the municipal election today was heavy. Great interest in the contest was created through the recent "joint" crusade, and the result will be extremely close.

Denver, April 2.—Fair weather and the bitter triangular mayoralty contest here brought out a large vote early in the city election today. The three candidates for mayor are Judge E. T. Wells, Democratic, Silver Republican and Populist candidate; R. R. Wright, Republican, and Mayor Henry V. Johnson, independent Democrat, who is seeking re-election. Many women were at the polls, but few of them were working for the Prohibition ticket, composed entirely of women, which is not an important factor in the contest.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

TWAIN ANSWERS CRITICS.

Scathing Reference to Foreign Mission Board.

New York, April 2.—In the latest contribution of Mark Twain to the missionary dispute, his reply to the recent attacks upon him by the members of the American board of foreign missions, to be published in the next issue of the North American Review, the humorists says:

"Without doubt Dr. Ament did what he believed to right and I conceive that when a man is doing what he believes is right there is argument on his side. I differ with Dr. Ament, but that is only because he got his training from the board, and I got mine outside. Neither of us is responsible altogether."

Referring to the American board of foreign missions, he says:

"That it has a heart that has never harbored an evil intention no one will deny. The board's heart is not in court; it is its head that is on trial. It is a sufficiently strange head; its ways baffle comprehension; its methods are novelties to the practical world; its judgments are surprises. When one thinks it is going to speak and must speak it is silent; when one thinks it ought to be silent and is going to be silent, it speaks. Put your finger where you think it ought to be, it is not there; put it where you think it ought not to be, there you find it."

There is a characteristic jab in the article, at Rev. Dr. Judson Smith, corresponding secretary of the board of foreign missions, who has been one of Twain's assailants in the past. Twain says that he is not blaming Dr. Smith for certain alleged discrepancies and continues:

"I make the proper allowances. He has not been a journalist as I have been—a trade wherein a person is brought to book by the rest of his brothers so often for divergencies that by and by he gets to be almost morbidly afraid to indulge in them. It is so with me. I always have the disposition to tell what is not so; I was born with it; we all have it. But I try not to do it now, because I have found out that it is unsafe But with the doctor, of course, it is different."

The Duluth Business University will be in session throughout the entire summer. The Spring term will begin on Monday, April 8th.

NORDICA GETS FORTUNE.

Opera Star Discovers Her Missing Brother.

Altoona, Pa., April 2.—Mme. Nordica, the well-known singer, will soon be in possession of a large fortune left by her mother. The discovery of her brother, H. B. Ehler, in this city, will enable her to secure it. Young Ehler was formerly a prominent singer in the Marie Wainwright Opera company, but through overwork he lost his voice. Recently he has been traveling for a porcelain photograph company through Pennsylvania towns. The mother of the famous singer died a month ago in the City of Mexico, leaving her entire fortune, estimated at $200,000, to her children.

Nordica endeavored in vain to locate her brother, but failed. Finally she put E. W. McIntyre, a cousin, on his trail. McIntyre learned that the young man was in Central Pennsylvania, and, while passing through this city, inserted a notice in one of the local papers It came to the eye of Ehler, who immediately left for New York to claim his inheritance.

The discovery of the young man will lead to an immediate settlement of the estate, which was tied up by his absence. Ehler had been fairly successful as a traveling man, but he is overjoyed by the unexpected windfall.

DISBROW SISTERS DEAD.

Were Very Eccentric and Quite Wealthy.

New York, April 2.—The Disbrow sisters, two widely known spinsters, who for sixty years have lived the lives of anchoresses in a gloomy old mansion on the Boston Post road, near New Rochelle, are both dead. They were sensitive, and their exact ages are not known, but it is believed both were considerably more than 80. Their father was Capt. Henry C. Disbrow, a United States naval officer, who was lost at sea. At the time of his death about sixty years ago the sisters left New York city and established their home on what is now widely known to wheelmen as "Old Maid's Hill." They had no companions except a few faithful colored servants, a parrot and a couple of dogs.

The sisters were so inseparable that in sixty years no one in New Rochelle can remember of having seen one unless she was accompanied by the other. In the last ten years they were never known to leave their home and the mansion, with the exception of a few rooms actually needed by them for living apartments, was closed and darkened.

The elder sister, Katherine, died a week ago of pneumonia, and Cordelia followed her Sunday. It is believed that grief over the loss of her sister hastened the death of the younger Miss Disbrow. The women would never, when it could be helped, permit strangers to come near the house. Workingmen of New Rochelle, who were employed in fixing the grounds and gardens, say that the spinsters used to pay them their wages by throwing the money out of the second-story window. The women leave a considerable estate, which probably will go to a nephew, who is their nearest relative.

FEAR OF POVERTY KILLS.

Tragic Death of Bookmaker In a Sanitarium.

New York, April 2.—John Duffy, a young and well-to-do bookmaker and member of the Metropolitan Turf association, died a few days ago in a sanitarium near Philadelphia. The fear of dying poor had kept him depressed for years. Duffy was one of the best known men in the business of laying odds against the horses on the race tracks. He started on a small scale at the old Gloucester track, but soon accumulated a large bank account. He then visited the metropolitan tracks. He was successful there for several years, and three years ago he was worth $300,000.

When Duffy became opulent his nerves seemed to forsake him. He was always brooding about "going broke." If he had a bad day financially it worried him greatly. This wrecked his nervous system. His health failed, and for a time he had to leave the tracks. Duffy did not die impoverished as he feared he would.

Before and after trying other remedies use Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 'Twill keep you well all summer. A great spring blessing. Ask your druggist.

DON'T SLEEP WELL?
Take a little of Mull's Grape Tonic—The crushed fruit laxative before retiring, you'll sleep. Sold by druggists, 50c.
The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.
Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures tickling in the throat, 25c.

CASE OF HARRISON

President May Reappoint Russell B. to His Old Place.

Thus Remove Blot From Military Record of Harrisons.

Gen. Harrison Believed Injustice Was Done His Son.

Washington, April 2.—Russell B. Harrison is here on business in connection with his summary discharge from the volunteer army. It is said that President McKinley is willing to do anything within reason to remove the blot from the military record of the Harrison family which the late Gen. Harrison considered was put on it by the manner in which Russell severed his connection with the army.

President McKinley, it is said, is willing to reappoint the son of the former president to the place formerly held by him, and permit the younger Harrison to serve in that capacity until he must be mustered out according to law. With a commission of this kind Russell B. Harrison could serve until June 30, when, it is said, the president intends to give him a commission in the regular army.

While it is impossible to get anything tangible in connection with this peculiar case, the late Gen. Harrison was evidently under the impression that an injustice had been done his son, and that a cloud was thus placed on the Harrison military record. This is clearly shown by the letters of Gen. Harrison, made public soon after his death.

No blame attaches to President McKinley nor to Secretary Root, and it is claimed they gave orders for the discharge of Russell Harrison under the impression that there was nothing in connection with the case which would injure the feelings or reputation of the Harrisons.

Those who are entirely familiar with the history of the case say that when Russell Harrison received notice of his discharge he was greatly surprised and immediately telegraphed the adjutant general's department at Washington to know if any charges were filed against him. According to this authority Lieut. Col. Harrison received a reply which said there were no charges which affected his integrity, or his record as a soldier, but minor charges had been made, one of which was that Harrison was devoid of tact.

To clear up the record and to learn what was the ground for the charges Russell B. Harrison tried to have a court of inquiry appointed to look into the matter. He was unsuccessful in this. Friends went to the president and requested that a copy of the charges be shown, but after a search of the files of the department neither the charges nor the dispatch relating to them could be found.

The mystery was not at all pleasing to Gen. Harrison nor to his son, and it had great weight in influencing the late ex-president in writing the letters referred to. He was determined to have the matter cleared up, and it is said prepared some papers preliminary to taking the matter to the courts to compel the government to solve the mystery in connection with the discharge of Russell Harrison, and to clear his military record.

It was not determined what course the action would take, but friends of Russell Harrison say the matter will be pressed, unless action is taken to repair the alleged wrong. They are confident that the president will adjust the whole matter by reappointing Harrison. This will be satisfactory, as it will remove the stigma from the Harrison name.

BIG FUND FOR ORPHANS.

Realized By a Sale of Valuable Property.

New York, April 2.—At Sunday's services at St. Patrick's cathedral announcement was made that the Easter and Christmas collections will be needed no longer for the orphans. This change was brought about by the sale of the orphan asylum property in Fifth avenue for $3,800,000. This sum provides an income of $100,000. Next Sunday's collection will be added to the fund for buying the Baland Trade school site at Fifty-first street and Madison avenue. Archbishop Corrigan's letter explaining these changes was read in all Roman Catholic churches. The archbishop said:

"Until further notice the Christmas collection, the best in the year, will be devoted to the most important of all our wants, the promotion of Christian education. The Boland Trade school has been purchased for a Latin day school or a preparatory seminary. The price stipulated is that of the value of the ground, not counting the cost of the building, which is almost new, and the site alone represents $350,000 is already in hand." The new orphan asylum will bo opened Nov. 1.

A POOR REWARD.

A St. Louis Barber Refused One Dollar.

St. Louis, Mo., April 2.—George Giesebel, a barber, picked up $23,000 in checks from the platform of a street car and had he been dishonest might have cashed much of the money and made good his escape, as the checks were all properly indorsed and negotiable.

The checks were the property of G. C. Taylor, cashier of the Continental Tobacco company. Giesebel informed him over the telephone that he had some papers which seemed to belong to him. Taylor lost no time in getting to the barber shop. After establishing that he was the owner of the valuable package of papers they were given to him. Overcome by his sense of gratitude and appreciation for the recovery of such a paltry amount as $23,000, Taylor offered the barber the whole sum of $1. It was a bright, new dollar, but the barber, politely, but firmly, declined to receive so large a testimonial to his honesty.

SPENDTHRIFT LOCKED UP.

Nephew of Sir Charles Tupper Arrested.

New York, April 2.—A handsome young man of 21, who said he was Charles Tupper, a nephew of Sir Charles Tupper, of Canada, was arraigned in Jefferson Market police court Monday charged with being drunk on the street. Tupper said he was a student at Harvard and came to New York several days ago to spend a few hundred dollars. According to the policeman who arrested him Tupper had $190 which he was trying to present to someone in West Twenty-first street. On his promise to go back to college young Tupper was discharged.

Special Meeting

Of Pearl Hive, No. 4, at home of Mrs. Smith, at Michigan house, Fifty-third avenue west. Thursday evening, 8 p. m. All members are requested to be present.

Do not fail to see our masterly exhibit of Millinery elegance tomorrow. Orders placed now will be surely ready for Easter.

ANTICIPATE your traveling needs—How are you fixed for your summer outing? See the great Trunk display in our basement.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

WE HAVE a large and choice stock of new Baby Cabs at our well known low "dry goods" prices. Come and see them.

"There's Nothing too Good for the Baby."

Advantageous April Selling—Baby Cabs, Go-Carts and Carriages

The ENTIRE Michigan street side of the daylight basement is taken up with a great display of these vehicles—it's a comprehensive show of what's best in Baby Carriage building—and includes many new devices for the safety and comfort of the little occupant, such as ball-bearing, rubber tired wheels, the adjustable back and dash, patent brake, etc. Here's more exact information as to prices and construction. Prices range from $4.50 to $40.

No. 1—25 Go-Carts—Nicely upholstered reclining back, adjustable dash, rubber tire wheels, patent brake and parasol, worth $9.75—only **$7.75**

No. 2—19 Go-Carts—Fancy reed body nicely upholstered in silk damask, sateen parasol to match, reclining back, adjustable dash, rubber tire wheels, patent brake, worth $10.50—only **$9.75**

Others more fancy and more durable at most any price you want—**$14.50, $15, $16.50, $17.50, $19.50 and upward.**

19 good, strong well made Baby Carriages—Nicely upholstered, with parasol to match, rubber tire wheels, patent brake, worth $9.50—only.... **$7.75**

No. 3—15 Go-Carts—Fancy, closely woven reed body, very strong and durable, reclining back, adjustable dash, silk damask upholstering and satin parasol to match—patent brake, green enamelled gearing, rubber tire wheels—a beauty, worth $15—only............ **$11.48**

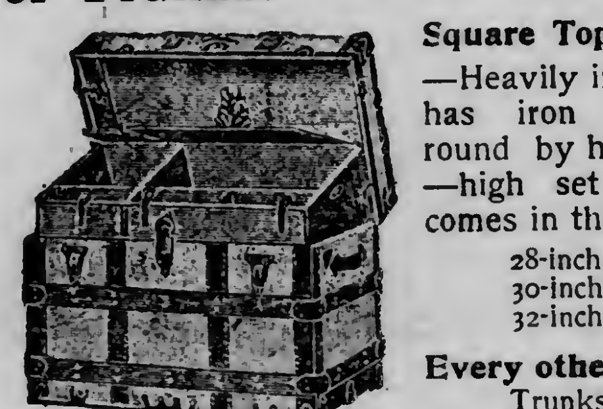
Better grades at **$10.25, $12.75, $15.98, $20.75, $37.50**

"A traveler is judged by the baggage he carries."

April Sale of Travelers' Requisites.

Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases, Telescopes.

Early Sale of Trunks. Good, well-made dependable Trunks—Trunks and Bags built for service as well as looks—that will resist all sorts of hard usage. We have all sorts and kinds— **Early Sale of Bags...**



Square Top Metal Covered Trunks—Heavily iron bound on all corners—has iron bottom—is protected all round by hardwood slats—good locks—high set up covered hat tray—comes in three sizes—

28-inch at	$2.48
30-inch at	$2.98
32-inch at	$3.48

Every other sort of Trunk—Steamer Trunks, Cabin Trunks, Sample Trunks at the very lowest prices.

Square Top Canvas Covered Trunks—Steel bound on all corners and sides—iron bottom—steel centre band and ends—good locks and bolts—hardwood slat protectors—inside covered tray and hat box—comes in large good sizes—

32-inch at	$4.19
34-inch at	$4.39
36-inch at	$4.69
38-inch at	$4.98

High Grade Canvas Trunks—Leather bound—sole leather straps—brass trimmings—best monitor locks and bolts—heavy muslin lined—one of the best trunks made—in two sizes—

32-inch at	$9.75
30-inch at	$10.75

Imitation Alligator Suit Case—24-inch, with genuine alligator covers—strong and well made, with good lock and catches—sliding handle—elsewhere brings $5.75—our price only **$4.48**

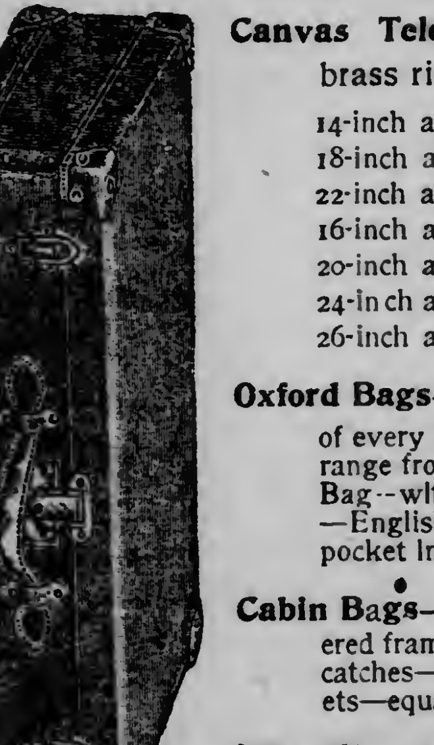
Leather Suit Case—Stitched ends, iron frame, linen lined—brass spring lock and bolts, straps on top and body—24 inch—a handsome $6.50 case for **$4.98**

Solid Leather Suit Case—Made same as above—24 inch—only finer leather and better linings and trimmings—the $7.50 case at only **$6.75**

Leather Lined Suit Case—As above—24 inch—very heavy and practically indestructibly—usually sell for $9.00. Here at only **$7.75**

Our No. 274 Solid Leather Suit Case—Made of best case—stitched edges—full leather lined, with leather shirt folder extra heavy brass locks and eatches—"Laydown" leather handle—straps outside for canes and umbrellas—a $12.50 case for **$10.50**

Extra Special Suit Case—Made of Mauve rubber cloth—wooden frame—rivited ends—solid leather corners—English handle—brass spring lock and catches. During this sale only **$1.75**



Canvas Telescopes—Well made—of heavy canvas—brass riveted—leather straps and corners—

14-inch at	39c
18-inch at	59c
22-inch at	79c
16-inch at	49c
20-inch at	69c
24-inch at	89c
26-inch at	98c

Oxford Bags—Cabin Bags—Leather Bags and Satchels of every description. Here are two sample values. Prices range from $3.00 to $10.00 each. 16-inch fine leather Oxford Bag—with brass lock and spring side catches—English stitched leather handles—side pocket inside—our price only **$3.48**

Cabin Bags—16-inch—of fine grain leather—leather covered frame—best brass spring lock and end catches—full leather lined with two end pockets—equal of any $7.50 bag—for only **$5.98**

The Trunk Department is in the daylight under-price basement.

PRISON EMPLOYMENT.

Senator Baldwin's Important Bill Concerning Same.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Baldwin introduced a bill yesterday afternoon relating to the employment of prisoners in the state prison and in the reformatory, and $25,000 for the prison and an equal sum for the reformatory is provided for in this bill. The bill provides for the continuance of the manufacture of binding twine at the state prison, and also provides for the manufacture at the prison and at the reformatory of as many of the articles needed at the two institutions as possible, so that each may be supplied by its own product.

Under the provisions of the bill a general increasing of the scope of the manufacture at the two places of detention will be possible, for the bill directs that the products of the two places shall be offered to the state at the regular market price, and the state board of control is directed to purchase the prison-made stuff in preference to outside institutions manufacturing the same things, so long as the price is the same.

According to the measure, life men, second term men, and in the reformatory men whose reformation seems doubtful, shall be employed regularly on the binding twine work, while the others shall be taught trades to fit them for work outside of the prison when they shall have been released.

Searchlight of public opinion has revealed the fact that Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest spring blessing ever offered afflicted mankind. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

"R. and L. T."

WILCOX TANSY PILLS Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2. Send for Woman's Safeguard (free). WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

HER FIFTH MARRIAGE.

Bettina Girard Is a Bride Once More.

Chicago, April 2.—Bettina Girard, the actress, is a happy bride for the fifth time. Her last consort is Francis C. Witter, a vaudeville actor. For reasons which, it is said, would interfere with their professional engagements, their wedding has been kept a secret.

They were married on the afternoon of March 21, at Immanuel Baptist church, by Rev. Johnston Myers.

The records show Miss Girard's age as 25. The groom is 31.

Five marriages in nine years is some evidence that marriage is not a failure, according to the opinion of the actress. Every one of them has been full of color.

It is not so many years ago that Miss Girard was a leading light in Washington society. Her father was Gen. A. E. Ordway. Beautiful, rich and talented, a train of admirers followed in her wake. She shocked the chaperons. In the profession she is known as "The heroine of the wine slipper." One of her swains craved for the honor of drinking out of her satin footwear. His request was granted, and Old Point Comfort, where the incident occurred, went into spasms.

After her second marriage, to John Raffel, a singer, Miss Girard became a comic opera queen. She is now playing successful engagements in vaudeville.

Every effort has been made to keep the fact of her latest marriage a secret.

More New Equipment.

The Northern Pacific company has just received from the shops four new coaches that are to be put on the Duluth Short Line service, between this city and the Twin Cities. Two of the sixteen section sleepers will be placed on the service between St. Paul and the head of the lakes, and the other two will run from Minneapolis.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

TO CONSIDER PURCHASE.

Stockholders of Denver & Rio Grand to Meet.

New York, April 2.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad company has been called for May 15 in Denver, to vote on the purchase of the Rio Grande Western railway by acquiring the common and preferred stocks of that company, and upon canceling the Denver & Rio Grande stock now in the treasury—$4,350,000 preferred and $7,500,000 common reserved for acquiring the Rio Grande Western, and thereupon increase of the preferred stock from $23,650,000 to $44,400,000. The transfer books will close April 15 and reopen May 16. Subject to the authorization of the proposed increase of $1,500,000 preferred stock, the holders of common and preferred of record April 15 may subscribe at 90 for 20 per cent of their present holdings in new preferred stock.

THE MEN'S REQUEST.

They Want Ten and Half Hour Day.

Buffalo, April 2.—A circular made public today addressed to the street railway employes of the Buffalo, Lockport, Niagara Falls and Lancaster lines, announces that a request would be made of the Buffalo Railroad company for a 10½-hour day, 25 cents an hour for motormen and conductors, and certain modifications of the company's discipline. The Buffalo Railroad company yesterday announced an increase of about 20 cents per day in wages.

CASES CONTINUED.

Frankfort, Ky., April 2.—In the criminal court today the indictments against ex-Governor W. S. Taylor, ex-Secretary of State Charles Finley, Berry Howard and John T. Powers, for alleged complicity in the Goebel case, were called, but continued, none of the defendants being in custody. The cases of Culton and Green Golden, who are out on bond, also were passed.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route—C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

"R. and L. T."

Delightful Relief from Catarrh.—Here is one of a thousand such testimonies. The Rev. A. D. Buckley, of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured after using it for two months. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—24.

Lived in Three Centuries.

Joseph McGrath, of New York City, is 102 years of Age and Enjoys Life.

MR. JOSEPH M'GRATH, 102 YEARS OLD.

Mr. McGrath has just celebrated his 102d birthday, and says he feels as strong and vigorous as he did 20 years ago. He says Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has kept him vigorous and strong and prolonged his life.

Jan. 1, 1901.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Gentlemen—It gives me great pleasure to write you on the birth of the new century to thank you for the benefit your whiskey has done me. I am 102 years old, can see, hear and sleep perfectly. I shave, take long walks evey day. I have used whiskey as a medicine since I was 21 years old, and, using whiskey 81 years, I have learned to appreciate a good, healthful stimulant like yours. I have used it constantly for years, and can find nothing to take its place, neither food nor drink. It tones my system, stimulates my blood, as well as keeping me proof from coughs and colds. I hope with God's will and the aid of your whiskey, to see much more of this wonderful century.

Yours very respectfully,

JOSEPH M'GRATH, 441 East 82d St., New York City.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

aids digestion, stimulates the blood, tones up the heart and builds nerve tissue. It is a food for body and brain; it keeps the old young, makes the young strong.

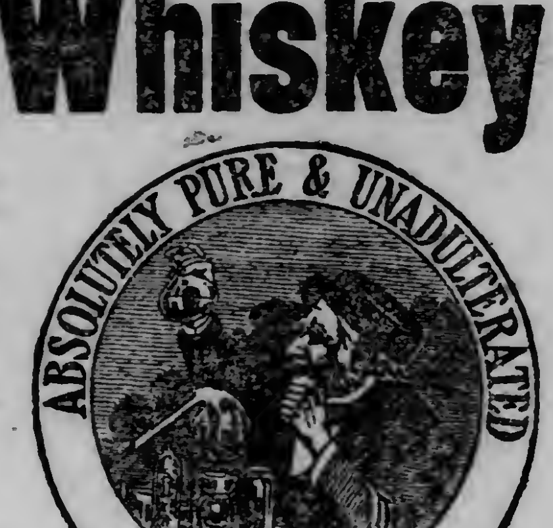
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has stood severe tests for nearly 50 years, and has always been found absolutely pure and to contain great medicinal properties.

CAUTION!—Our patrons are cautioned against so-called DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY offered for sale in bulk, and in other than our Patent Bottle, with our name blown in same. DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY is sold in sealed bottles only. Offered in any other form it is not the genuine.

FREE.—If you are sick and run down, write us. It will cost you nothing to learn how to regain health, strength and vitality. Medical booklet sent free.

It is the only whiskey taxed by the government as a Medicine. This is a guarantee. All druggists and grocers or direct, $1.00 a bottle.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.



ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED

TRADE MARK

NO FUSEL OIL.

A SCRAMBLE.

Contest For Handling Big Steel Combine's Boats.

It is claimed in marine circles that there has been a merry race for the management of the steel trust's big fleet, ever since the combine became an assured thing and all the firms that are a part of the big company have entered favorites. Up to the present the race has been a hot one and it is a matter of some interest to the local marine men as to whom will be at the head of the fleet this season. Yesterday the tip was given out that Senator Hanna had the pole and is leading at the half-mile post all the favorites that were in the lead last week, that the latter are now considered long shots. Since early in May all the parties interested, including the Bessemer Steamship company (Rockefeller), Pittsburg Steamship company (Carnegie), Pickands, Mather & Co. and M. A. Hanna & Co., have had representatives in New York and it was expected that the matter would be settled at the time of turning over the stock in March, but nothing definite has yet been done. D. R. Hanna, who has been practically at the head of M. A. Hanna & Co. for the past year, is said to be in New York now pulling the wires and official announcement as to who will be in charge of the corporation's big fleet will probably be made in a few days.

THE MATINEE MUSICALE.

Artists' Recital at the Temple Yesterday.

An artists' recital was given yesterday afternoon by the Matinee Musicale at the Masonic Temple hall. The Philharmonic trio consisting of Mrs. Marie Geist Erd, 'cello; Frederick G. Bradbury, violin, and Mrs. Emil Schmied, piano, and Maud Ulmer-Jones, of Minneapolis, soprano, were the artists who gave the numbers.

The trio numbers were very fine. Rubenstein's trio in G minor, of four movements was the opening number and it was exquisitely played. Two movements of a trio by Jadasschn, a Slavonic dance by Dvorak, an andantino by Reinecke, and a bolero by Fernandez-Arbos were given by the trio.

Maud Ulmer-Jones has not been heard here in some years and was given a cordial welcome. She sang eight songs and a couple of encore numbers. Her voice is of very pleasing quality, smooth and she sang in excellent tune. There is one criticism to be made, however—there was a lack of variety in her program. The numbers were practically all of the same style, and though all were pleasing, one could not but wish for a little less uniformity in style.

RANDOLPH ON HAND.

Passes Through Duluth to Grand Rapids.

William Randolph, of Koochiching, who recently shot and killed "One-armed Sullivan" in a gun duel, at Rainy Lake City, was in the city yesterday in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Holler, leaving this morning for Grand Rapids where he will be put on trial if the grand jury of Itasca county indicts him, and the county will go to the expense of a trial. Randolph's presence in the city was kept very quiet by his friends as he wished to avoid publicity as much as possible. Some of his friends even went to the length of denying that he was here at all yesterday afternoon. Mr. Randolph would not speak of his trouble for publication, but engaged a lawyer, Daniel Waite, who will defend him if he comes to trial.

The Civil Service.

The United States civil service commission announces that on April 24, 1901, an examination will be held in this city for the positions of clerk and carrier in the postoffice service. Persons who have been examined for the position of clerk or carrier within the past year and failed to pass may be re-examined upon filing new applications in due time. The nature of the examination is a test of practical general intelligence, and of adaptability in postoffice work. The age limitations for this examination are as follows: Clerk, not less than 18 years; carrier, between 21 and 40 years. Applications must be filed with A. Grabarklewicz at the postoffice by April 17.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

"WAY DOWN EAST."

William A. Brady's production of the beautiful pastoral play "Way Down East" received a deservedly enthusiastic reception at the Lyceum last evening. "Way Down East," like Denman Thompson's "Old Homestead," is sure to have a warm corner in the public heart, for it deals with human feelings and emotions, portrays the simple, delightful home life on the farm in the far East. It is a fine picture of the stern, rugged character of the old squire, who had a warm heart and believed in going strictly "accordin' to the Scripter'." The scenery was fine, and gave some of the best representations of farm scenes ever seen on the stage in this city. It was complete, from the old well in the yard to the gate with the wooden latch, the porch, the house and barn and surrounding fields.

It would not be an easy matter to improve on the cast. The parts fitted perfectly. Robert Fischer, as Squire Amasa Bartlett, was a typical big, portly, bluff, honest old Eastern farmer. Julia Hanchett played the part of Louisa Bartlett, the squire's wife, admirably. David Bartlett was represented by Francis Byrne, a character representing a true hearted country boy just entering into manhood. Mr. Bryne's interpretation was excellent. As Anna Moore, the girl deceived and betrayed, but who, after much trouble, finds a haven in the old farm house, Miss Berl Hope was warmly applauded by the audience and received several curtain calls. Notable among the other characters was Si Holler, the chore boy; Professor Sterling, the summer boarder; Rube Whipple, the town constable; Martha Perkins, the village gossip, and Seth Holdcomb, who was troubled with "rheumatiz" and carried "bitters." There was woven through the story plenty of good wholesome humor. The singing by the berrypickers was very good. "Way Down East" is a story that will ever be popular, and one which the listener leaves with a sense of being richly entertained. The play will be repeated at the Lyceum this evening.

"A MILK WHITE FLAG."

A coming attraction which promises much hilarity and amusement to theater goers is Charles H. Hoyt's revised and improved edition of "A Milk White Flag." It requires a company of nearly fifty people, and a large amount of scenery and properties, to present this spectacular comedy, and properly bring out the military and other features with which it abounds. Among the important engagements made for the cast is that of Little Chic, one of the most famous of the eccentric comedians before the public, also the three Fanchonetti Sisters, specialty artists. At the Lyceum Friday.

THINK HIM THE MAN.

Wilmot, S. D., Has Complaint Against Goldstein.

According to a dispatch from Sioux Falls, S. D., the authorities at Wilmot think Joseph Goldstein is a man wanted there. The dispatch says:

"The authorities of Wilmot believe that a man named Joseph Goldstein, who is now under arrest at Duluth, Minn., for larceny, is a man known simply as 'Sheeney,' who was one of a band of desperate characters who formerly made Wilmot their headquarters, and who, one night in 1897, were detected by A. C. Draves, a night watchman, attempting to break into a safe in Overby's store at Wilmot. They shot the watchman, and made their escape from the town. So hurried was their departure that the man known as 'Sheeney' left his hat and coat on the safe. From the meager description, which the authorities have obtained of the man under arrest at Duluth, they are confident he is 'Sheeney,' and, if further inquiry which is now in progress develops the fact beyond a doubt, they will strive to have the prisoner delivered to them and returned to South Dakota for trial on the charge of safe-blowing and shooting the night watchman."

The authorities at Wilmot will doubtless have long forgotten Goldstein and his offenses there when he completes his sentence of thirty-two years in the Minnesota penitentiary.

Conductors' Excursion.

On Sunday, May 19, the conductors attending the biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors in St. Paul, will have an excursion over the Great Northern road into this city. The order convenes from May 14 to 19, and the excursion planned will bring many visitors here for about twelve hours' visit. The local lodge will be in charge of the entertainment.

COL. COPELAND'S LECTURE.

He Talks on "Seeing the Elephant."

Col. L. F. Copeland lectured at the Methodist church last evening in the Star lecture course. The topic of his lecture was "Seeing the Elephant." He takes his rather peculiar title from the poem by John G. Saxe in which he tells of the six blind men who went to see an elephant and of their perverted ideas as to the nature of the beast gained by touching him. He applied this by pointing out how people judge men and things by the little grooves in which they themselves move. It was a plea for a broader view of life, for more consideration of others and the motives which may actuate them. Col. Copeland is a fluent talker and has a fund of anecdote and quaint originality that makes plenty of laughter. There is, however, in his delivery a sort of singing monotone that gets rather tiresome.

PRODUCTION OF COAL.

Interesting Tables Are Received Here.

The local coal offices have received charts sent out by the Pickands & Mather Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, showing the total coal production of the United States up to 1900, as compared with the production of other countries, also a number of interesting figures relating to the production in this country. Up to 1900 the total production in the various coal producing countries was as follows: United States, 231,000,000 tons; Great Britain, 220,000,000 tons; Germany, 135,000,000 tons; Austria, 35,000,000 tons; France, 31,000,000 tons; Belgium, 21,000,000 tons; Russia, 11,000,000 tons; Japan, 6,000,000 tons; Canada, 4,000,000 tons. In the United States, Pennsylvania leads among coal producing states, with 134,568,380 tons. Illinois ranks second, with 24,000,000 tons, and California last with less than 1,000,000 tons. The average price of both anthracite and bituminous coal to the mine owners has been $1 a ton. In 1897 the valuation of the total coal production in this country was $196,869, as compared with $256,0777,434 valuation in 1899. In 1897 the total coal production was 180,000,000 tons.

Date Is Changed.

Owing to the fact that the legislature will not adjourn until April 12. Governor Van Sant will not be able to be in Duluth on that day to attend the concert which was to be given at the Mission church on April 12. He telegraphed yesterday that he would be here on April 19, if alive, and accordingly the concert has been postponed to that date.

BEHIND MRS. NATION.

Kansas City Star: Tipplers in Kansas are now writing their "swear off" resolutions on saloon mirrors. This is so that they may blame Mrs. Nation if they are broken.

ANSWERS A QUESTION.

Mrs. Rorer's Reply to Ladies' Home Journal.

"I consider coffee as it is usually made in the American family—strong and from the pure bean—an injurious drink, especially for nervous people.

"No doubt the student to whom you refer can study better after taking a cup of coffee, but the new energy is caused by a stimulant, the effects of which will soon wear off, leaving him lower in nervous force.

"That is the reason he has headache and feels so miserable when he is without coffee. If it is only the hot drink he requires, why not take a cup of clear hot water or a cup of Cereal Coffee?"

Mrs. Rorer is one of the most eminent authorities on food in America. She knows that Americans go on day by day using food and drink that sap their vitality instead of building it up, and it requires argument oft repeated to wake them up. Broken wrecks of humanity stumbling along, unable to carry out their cherished plans, are all about us, and their physical weakness is nearly always due to improper food and drink. Coffee is a skilled destroyer of nervous strength. Postum Food Coffee is a delicious food drink made from selected parts of cerealsthat yields the elements nature demands for rebuilding the nerve tissue all over the human body.

If it has ever been served to you in a weak, unpalatable drink, have it made over again and use two spoons to each cup and know that the actual boiling continues full fifteen minutes. Our word for it, the Postum Coffee is delicious when properly made.

COUNCIL WILL ACT

To Endeavor to Force Paving of Superior Street.

Black River Falls Company Makes New Proposition.

Saloon Limit Resolution to Be Made an Ordinance.

The council last night:

Decided on a special charter amendment election to secure Superior street paving without petition.

Received an offer from the Black River Falls company to make a 10-year street lighting contract.

Authorized the city clerk to advertise for bids for street lighting to be opened on April 15.

Decided to make saloon license limitation resolution more binding by changing it to an ordinance.

Allowed the Abrahamson bill for health department supplies in full less the amount of 10 per cent.

Passed an ordinance for the issue of $50,000 in 4 per cent, 30-year refunding bonds.

Introduced an ordinance authorizing Zenith City Telephone company to make $100,000 bond issue.

Approved the contract awarded to E. Engle for construction of Cooke street sewer in Lakeside.

Passed the March pay rolls for city officers entitling them to their pay tomorrow afternoon.

* * *

Only municipal problems of extraordinary importance were tackled by the council last evening. It was a lengthy, busy, and interesting session attended by an unusually large number of spectators.

Probably the most important action was the adoption of the resolution presented by Alderman James L. Cromwell, of the Third ward, calling on the charter commission to so amend the Greene charter that it will be possible for the council to order street paving without a petition from property-owners.

The sole object of the proposed amendment is to make the paving of Superior street possible, during the coming summer. The Cromwell resolution preambled into the filthy and dilapidated condition of the Superior street paving, and recited the fact that it was an impossibility to secure a position of 25 per cent of the property owners to petition for street paving as required under the Greene charter, for the reason that fully 90 per cent of the property is owned by non-residents and Eastern corporations, not directly interested in the paving problem.

In view of the fact that it is necessary to secure about 500 signatures to a petition calling the charter commission to submit the proposed amendment to the people the board of public works was authorized to employ some one to circulate the petition.

This resolution was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Barnes, Cromwell, Johnson, Neff, Schaffer, Tessman, Trevillion, Cochrane, Haven, Krumsieg, Rothermel, Swenson, Tischer, Wing.—14.

Nays—Moore, Olson.—2.

Another important matter was the bid for street lighting submitted by the Black River Falls company. This company offers to build a plant at a cost of $62,414 and furnish current from waterpower on the Black river, eighteen miles south of Superior, at a cost of $55 per light per year on a 10-year contract. At the expiration of ten years the city is given an option on the plant to purchase at one-half its actual cost of construction.

If at the end of ten years the city finds it to advantage to enter into another 10-year contract at the same rate, the Black River Falls company offers to give the city a clear title to the plant at the end of the second contract, in consideration of $1.

This offer was referred to the committee on light and water, and a resolution was adopted authorizing the city clerk to advertise for bids for either three or five-year contracts for street lighting. The number of lamps must be at least [illegible] may be increased up to 600. The bids will be opened on April 15.

When the Neff resolution restricting the number of saloon licenses to 163 until the ratio shall be one saloon to every 500 population instead of one to every 325, was called up, Alderman Barnes of the Seventh ward, turned a neat trick, which may cause some apprehension and anxiety in brewing circles.

Some of the aldermen seemed to think that the resolution as a resolution was in the interest of the breweries. They objected to having such an important matter subject to change at any time. When Ald. Neff moved the adoption of the resolution, Alderman Barnes offered an amendment to have it referred to the ordinance committee with instructions to change it from a resolution to an ordinance, which would be more binding. The amendment carried, and the matter of saloon limitations is now in the hands of a committee consisting of Aldermen Neff, Moore and Barnes.

A resolution was introduced from the committee on claims, recommending that the health department bill of Alderman Trevillion for groceries furnished the health department during the month of December be allowed in the sum of $26, while the clothing bill of I. Abrahamson for furnishing clothing to the health department, be cut from $144 to $62.50.

Alderman Moore, as the minority of the committee, objected to this very strenuously. He objected to allowing either bill, saying that while he did not doubt but that Mr. Trevillion's bill was perfectly right in price, it was a palpable violation of the city charter for a city officer to sell goods to the city.

At this point Alderman Barnes, of West Duluth, sprung a surprise. As former president of the council, he appointed the investigating committee which went over the health department affairs and severely censured Fire Commissioner Abrahamson for his dealings with the health department. The fire commissioner then went into a series of typographical hysterics and accused the Seventh ward alderman of appointing the investigating committee for the specific purpose of making trouble for him.

After such a public attack it was generally thought that Alderman Barnes would be with the committee in cutting the Abrahamson claim from $144 to $62.50, but he was not. He moved an amendment allowing the full amount, saying that it would be better wipe the slate of the entire matter and in the future enforce the charter provision against city officers having contracts most rigidly. He further said that he did not think that Fire Commissioner Abrahamson was as culpable as appeared, for the reason that the mayor's circular prohibiting such contracts was addressed to the heads of the departments, and in such a way that it made it questionable whether or not the fire commissioner would have come within the scope of its warning. Mr. Barnes' amendment was warmly supported by Alderman Cochrane, and adopted on the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Barnes, Johnson, Olson, Schaffer, Wing, Cochrane, Neff, Rothermel, Tischer, Cromwell—10.

Nays—Aldermen Haven, Krumsieg, Moore, Tessman, Swenson—5.

Alderman Trevillion was excused from voting.

Alderman Krumsieg's ordinance providing for the issue of $50,000 4 per cent bonds to take up obligations falling due on July 1, passed without opposition.

A new ordinance was introduced giving the Zenith City Telephone company the right to issue an additional $100,000 in bonds for the extension of its plant. It was referred to the ordinance committee.

The pay rolls for the month of March were allowed and the city officers and employes can get their pay tomorrow.

The appointment of Capt Alexander McDougall as commissioner to the Buffalo exposition was confirmed.

The contract of Emil Engle to build the sanitary sewer in Coke street was approved, the contract price is $2511.

Serviceable Satisfaction...

Goes with every Piano we sell. Pianos priced so low that you wonder why inferior instruments are sold for higher figures, as they sometimes are.

Pianos that wear as a good Piano ought to—without losing tone or getting loose in the action. Pianos that satisfy every sense and please the sharpest critics.

The popular

Ludwig

is just such a piano. High grade but low in price.

It will serve you faithfully and suit you perfectly.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

DISCUSSED.

Club Women Talk Over Admission of Colored Clubs.

The Twentieth Century club at a meeting last evening discussed the question of whether or not the colored women's clubs of this country should be admitted to membership in the National Federation of Clubs. At the present time there is no provision for the color question and it has seemed to be the general desire to evade it with the hope that it would settle itself, but the issue has recently been forced by the Georgia women, who have asked that the word "white" be inserted in the constitution, making only white women eligible to membership. This question will be decided at Los Angeles next year and as it was desired to ascertain the general feeling throughout the country in regard to this matter, it has been given some study by all the women's clubs.

At the meeting last night both sides found champions and the matter was vigorously though informally discussed.

One of the ladies thought that the club idea is very democratic and not an entirely social one, and that consequently they should recognize no color question in their membership, and should give their less fortunate sisters the advantages of their higher education and greater culture. This would mean taking them into their associations and treating them as equals in their club life.

Others had the idea that the negroes should not be permitted to come into closer contact with their white sisters as there was a social difference which could never be overcome and it would not be wise for the white women to know the colored one any better than she could help. "There is a difference in the social plane which makes a barrier which can never be overcome," she said.

Miss Shores, a Missouri woman, struck the keynote in the situation when she said that she thought that if the matter were left to the colored women themselves, they, for the most part, would not seek admission into the federation of women's club. She said that the Southern negroes know that there is a difference in their social status and that the white women would lower themselves in the negroes' respect and estimation should they place themselves on the same plane with the latter.

After these ladies had spoken an informal discussion of the matter followed and many interesting ideas were brought to light. However, the general consensus of opinion seemed to be either to leave the matter as it now stands or to keep at a safe distance from the actual realization of the subject.

The meeting was the last regular meeting of the season. A social session will be held Monday, April 15, and if C. A. Towne is in the city by that time he will be the speaker of the evening.

The regular annual meeting will be held April 29, on which occasion officers will be elected.

MARCH WEATHER.

Conditions Were Little Out of the Normal.

The temperature and precipitation of March were just a little above the normal for thirty years. The mean temperature was 25 degrees, and the normal for the month in the history of the weather bureau is 24 degrees. The highest temperature was 52, March 16, and the lowest was 15 below zero, March 5. The greatest range of temperature was 32 degrees, March 16, and the least was 3 degrees March 24. The prevailing winds were northeast. The precipitation for the month was 1.95 inches, and the average for the month is 1.57 inches. The total snowfall was 19.3 inches. There were 8 clear days, 9 partly cloudy days and 14 cloudy days.

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

OF GREAT INTEREST

Reported Edison Discovery of Vast Import to This Section.

Working of Magnetic Ores Is Said to Be Possible.

Great Amount of That Kind In Cook County.

This section is largely interested in the reported discovery by Thomas A. Edison of a process of extracting hematite from magnetite. It has been reported that the wizard to whose brain so many marvelous inventions are due had discovered such a process, and if it is true, he has solved a problem to which the attention of the keenest minds of Europe has been directed for many years.

Throughout this vast mineral region there is a great deal of iron ore that is now practically worthless, and that with a treatment such as the reported method would become of great value. If the discovery has been made, and it is as cheap as it ought to be to be practicable, it will give an impetus to exploring and will bring into notice fields of iron ore already developed but abandoned because of the presence of the fatal magnetite. In Cook county, it is said, there are vast fields of such ore that would be available if there was a practicable method of treating the ores, though it is worth little or nothing at present.

The main effect of the invention, however, would be to turn attention to the great fields of European ores that are lying idle and worthless because of the nature of the minerals. It is the hope of the Europeans that it will destroy America's steel supremacy by permitting the use of these ores.

Can Cubans Govern Themselves.

One of the best known diplomatists recently declared that the Cubans are incapable of governing themselves, and that the United States must maintain its present control indefinitely, or else annex the island. There will be those who will dispute this, but there are none who dispute the well-established fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is capable of controlling the common diseases of the stomach. It is a remedy that is backed by fifty years of success. It is an ideal medicine for constipation, a strength builder for those who are predisposed to lung troubles, and for nervousness it is of wonderful benefit. As an appetizer it is incomparable. Those whose stomachs are out of order should not fail to try a bottle.

ROUGH COURSE OF LOVE.

An Aged Lover Wins the Fat Lady.

Union City, Ind., April 2.—"Dr." Samuel Deeter and Miss Lucy Havens, known as "the fat woman of La Porte," were married last evening by the mayor in the Union Grand theater in the presence of several hundred people, who paid an admission fee of 15 cents each to raise a fund for starting the couple housekeeping.

The bridegroom is 73 years old. He is a saw-and-hammer carpenter, tinker, farmer, herb doctor and weather prophet. He was left a widower several years ago, and has since refused to have his hair cut or his beard trimmed. For his wedding he arrayed himself in a suit of velvet, the coat of brown and the trouesrs of blue gray.

His courtship began six months ago, when "Dr." Deeter came across a newspaper sketch of Miss Havens, 36 years of age, who was then an inmate of the La Porte county infirmary burdened with 450 pounds avoirdupois. Deeter promptly wrote the county commissioners, stating that he wanted a fat woman for a wife, and that if Miss Havens could milk the cows and do a few other things, he would be ready with a proposal of marriage.

The commisioners replied that Miss Havens was favorably disposed toward marrying, and that if the couple suited each other and he could deposit $100 as an evidence of his ability to support the woman, negotiations might continue. Deeter at once set about to raise the money, but at the end of three months he had made such slow progress that Miss Havens tired of waiting for him and signed a contract with a museum proprietor to travel around with a company as the "fot woman of La Porte."

This employment did not suit her, however, and about two months ago she reopened correspondence with the doctor. By this time the aged lover had raised $160, much of which came through popular subscription.

Two Trains a Day.

On May 5 the Northern Pacific Railway company will inaugurate a double train service between Duluth and Staples, Minn., to make connections with the North Coast limited train from the Twin Cities. While the time card for this service has not been definitely arranged, it is probable that there will be trains into Duluth at about 7 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and departing trains at 8 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening.

BABY WANTS

nothing but steady continuous care with regular food and sleep; he wants no variety—nothing but rest and food, good air, soft water, and gentle friction.

His dainty pink skin responds with the glow of health.

When the least bit off, as babies are occasionally, use Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

IT IS IMPORTANT

To Know What You Are Taking When Using Catarrh Medicines.

Catarrh is the short route to consumption, and the importance of early and judicious treatment of catarrh, whether located in the head, throat or bronchial tubes, cannot be too strongly emphasized.

The list of catarrh cures is as long as the moral law, and the forms in which they are administered, numerous and confusing, from sprays, inhalers, washes, ointments and salves to powders, liquids and tablets.

The tablet form is undoubtedly the most convenient and most effective, but with nearly all advertised catarrh remedies, it is almost entirely a matter of guess work as to what you are taking into your system, as the proprietors, while making all sorts of claims as to what their medicines will do, always keep it a close secret as to what they are.

The success and popularity of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, is largely because it not only cures catarrh, but because catarrh sufferers who used these tablets know what they are taking into their systems. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets being composed of Eucolyptol, Hydrastin, Guaicol and similar valuable and antiseptic ingredients, and are pleasant to the taste, and being dissolved in the mouth, they take immediate effect upon the mucous lining of the throat, nasal passages and whole respiratory tract.

The cures that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have accomplished in old chronic cases of catarrh are little short of remarkable, and the advantage of knowing what you are putting into your stomach is of paramount importance, when it is remembered that the cocaine or morphine habit has been frequently contracted as the result of using secret catarrh remedies.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets meet with cordial approval from physicians, because their antiseptic character renders them perfectly safe for the general public to use, and their composition makes them a common sense cure for all forms of catarrhal troubles.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full-sized packages.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE W & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Graff Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to acquire, hold, own, lease, let, improve, mortgage, sell, convey, and generally deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, and interests therein, lumber, logs, timber standing or otherwise, and timber rights of all kinds in and upon lands in Minnesota and elsewhere, and to cut, remove, transport, manufacture and deal in the products thereof; to acquire, own, hypothecate, sell, transfer and deal in shares of capital stock and securities of other corporations; to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all other property, and to do all things, necessary or convenient in carrying on any of the aforesaid business. The principal place where its business shall be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be March 25th, 1901, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred (500) shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Edward M. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Saturday in July, 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation, and the management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by said directors at their first meeting and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and seals, this 20th day of Februray, A. D. 1901.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal.)
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal.)
EDWARD M. GAYLORD, (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in presence of—
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
E. P. KIRBY.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. On this 20th day of February, 1901, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Edward M. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. Francis W. Sullivan, Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn. (Notarial Seal St. Louis Co., Minn.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Z2 of Incorporations, on page 449. P. E. Hanson, Secretary of State.

Office of Register of Deeds, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 20th, 1901, at 4 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 553. A. Lofgren, Register of Deeds, by Thos. Clark, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 27-28-29-30-April-1-2-1901.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

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Single copy, daily	.02
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Three months	$1.30
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One year (in advance)	$5.00

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 2.—The Texas low pressure area has moved to Southern Illinois, causing light to heavy falls of rain or snow in New Mexico, Northern Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Arkansas. Light rains also fell over California, Oregon and Washington. The barometer is very low over Alberta and high over Lake Superior and Texas. Pressures are falling rapidly in Northwest Canada, the Dakotas and Montana, and it is somewhat warmer in those districts.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	36	Marquette	28
Bismarck	30	Medicine Hat	40
Boston	38	Memphis	42
Buffalo	32	Miles City	34
Calgary	28	Minnedosa	28
Charleston	58	Modena	30
Chicago	36	Montgomery	56
Cincinnati	38	Moorhead	30
Davenport	34	New Orleans	58
Denver	28	New York	36
Detroit	34	Oklahoma	32
Dodge City	26	Omaha	32
Duluth	34	Pittsburg	36
Edmonton	28	Port Arthur	24
El Paso	34	Portland	38
Escanaba	24	Qu' Appelle	24
Galveston	58	Rapid City	24
Green Bay	30	San Francisco	46
Havre	44	Santa Fe	22
Helena	42	Shreveport	42
Houghton	22	Spokane	32
Huron	24	St. Louis	34
Jacksonville	62	St. Paul	34
Kamloops	34	Sault Ste. Marie	22
Kansas City	32	Swift Current	34
Knoxville	42	Washington	40
La Crosse	30	Williston	34
Lander	22	Winnemucca	44
Los Angeles	44	Winnipeg	36

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with possibly light rain or snow; fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 2.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Rain or snow tonight and possibly Wednesday. Minnesota—Threatening with possibly showers Wednesday and east portion tonight; increasing easterly winds. North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy tonight; Wednesday possibly rain with colder west portion.

Control of Public Utilities.

A case of great importance to municipalities was recently decided by the United States supreme court. The case, or cases rather, for litigation arising at Danville, Freeport and Rogers Park, Ill., were joined, resulted in the laying down of a very broad rule relative to the authority possessed by cities over semi-public corporations. The supreme court holds that an ordinance passed by city authorities granting a franchise to a water company for a term of years and fixing the rates of charge for service is not in the nature of a contract and that the city authorities have power to change the rates at any time when, in its opinion, the rates become unreasonable. The remedy pointed out by the supreme court, in case the scale is deemed too low, is an appeal to the courts. Unless there is some particular phase of the Illinois law which affected the case and which has not been clearly brought out in the synopsis of the decision, the ruling is a sweeping one and will affect all public utility corporations. And it may be remarked moreover that the decision is in line with public policy. Why should the public be bound for a term of years to unreasonable rates? The people should have a remedy for rates that changing conditions may make extortionate. The rights of the people, as well as those of the corporations, should be conserved.

Banishment of Count Tolstoi.

Advices from St. Petersburg are to the effect that Count Leo Tolstoi has been banished from Russia, as a result of the attempted assassination of the chief procurator of the holy synod. The attempt to kill the procurator was attributed to a desire for revenge growing out of the excommunication of Count Tolstoi, and the short-sighted officials at the head of affairs in Russia propose to cure this desire for revenge by further punishing Tolstoi by banishment! The probability is that, if the attempt to assassinate the procurator was due to sympathy with Tolstoi, the banishment of the count will bring about assaults on others responsible for this latest exhibition of Russian tyranny. Tolstoi has many friends and sympathizers throughout the world, and his being read out of the Orthodox Russian church and being banished from the land of the czars need not disturb him.

Lighting the High School Clock.

It is not surprising that many people are registering vigorous kicks against the action of the school board in regard to the High School clock. Heretofore the practice has been to have the clock illuminated at night until midnight or later, but recently a sudden spasm of economy unaccountably seized the school board and it was resolved to shut off the illumination of the clock at 10 p. m. hereafter, and in this way effect an annual saving of the magnificent sum of $75! The Herald has not learned what the board proposes to do with the money thus saved, but no doubt some one will discover a new fad that can be added to the curriculum and thus utilize the $75. But why not save more? Why not save $75 more and shut off the lights at 8 p. m., instead of 10? This is a country village where every resident goes to bed at sundown or thereabouts, and if misguided visitors to the place choose to stay up after dark they have no right to expect that the school board will illuminate a clock at an enormous expense for their benefit. Why the school at Podunk has no clock at all, and yet the people there do not complain! Why then should any person in Duluth say aught in criticism of our sapient school directors' efforts to effect great economies?

THE PANAMA CANAL ROUTE.

An article in the current Forum, on the "Preliminary Report of the Isthmian Canal Commission," throws some light upon the reasons moving the commission to report in favor of the Nicaraguan route last December. From what is revealed in this preliminary report it is not unlikely that, in view of the rejection of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty by the senate, and the subsequent rejection of the treaty as amended by England, the commission will, on making its final report, recommend the Panama route as the more feasible. This action, however, will depend largely upon the success of some diplomatic maneuvers now in progress, and also on the price which the present owners of the Panama canal will consent to take for their property.

The route through Nicaragua will be 186 miles long, all told, but as forty-eight miles lie in Lake Nicaragua and seventeen miles in the San Juan river, there is left only 120 miles of construction to be done. This, according to the report, will cost $200,450,000. The Panama route is forty-five miles long, with seven miles of deep water in Lake Bohio, leaving thirty-seven miles as against 120 in the Nicaraguan route. The maximum elevation which must be attained by the canal through Nicaragua is 110 feet; that of the Panama route ninety feet. About two-fifths of the Panama route is now complete, and the commission reports that it will take $142,342,000 to finish it.

There have been many millions spent on the work done in the Panama canal, but it was mostly squandered, with not much to show for it. If the present company would take $58,000,000 for its rights it would pay the United States to purchase, providing it can get as good a title to that canal as it hopes to get to the other. It was over the title that the commission balked and concluded to recommend the other route, supposing that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty would be ratified by the senate and all would be smooth sailing.

The concession which the Panama canal company holds was made in 1867 for ninety-nine years, and will expire in 1966, at which time all properties will revert to the Colombian government. This condition, of course, the United States would not accept. If the canal be built it will remain the property of the United States forever. Imposed upon this concession there is also a charge of $500,000 per year, which goes to the Colombian government. The company is also forbidden to mortgage or cede its rights to any government other than Colombia.

All of these obstacles would have to be overcome. First, the Colombian government would have to make an unlimited concession to the United States of the right to build and maintain the canal. Second, the concession to the present company would have to be changed so as to give it the right to sell its holdings outright, and the Colombian government would be obliged to wipe out the $500,000 toll. If these conditions could be brought about, there is no doubt that the Panama route would be the preferable one. It is the shortest by many miles, the elevation to be locked over is lower, and by a short, but deep cut it can be made a tide water canal like that at Suez, doing away with the expense of maintaining locks and the loss of much time for vessels.

Another consideration which must always be in mind is the certainty of two canals, should the United States build the one through Nicaragua, and this would mean bankruptcy for both as financial enterprises. Unless some unforeseen occurrence takes place to change the trend of trade, one canal would be a losing game for many years. If more than $10 per ton be charged for freight, the old track around Cape Horn will be taken, or the trans-continental railroads will so cut freight that the business will refuse to change to the new channel. At the price mentioned, there will be not enough business to pay 4 per cent interest on the investment.

It can be readily seen what would be the result if the United States should force the European nations to complete the Panama route which they will do should we build the other. The European traffic would seek the Panama as being shorter and of their own making. Under the circumstances it was just as well that the canal bill failed to become a law.

DEPORT THE CRITICS.

The world was pained as well as shocked at the news of frauds unearthed in the quartermaster's department at Manilla. The world was not shocked so much at the knowledge of the frauds as it was at the fact that any one dared to expose them while MacArthur is dictator general of the Philippines. Rice was deported for attempting to bring to light frauds perpetrated in the civil department having charge of the docks and harbors. There is, however, a difference, slight it is true, but enough to allow Dictator MacArthur to find a distinction. The captain of the port whom Rice exposed was a "regular" officer, but this man Barrows is nothing but a captain of volunteers. It is not so great a crime to expose a captain of volunteers as it is to intrench upon the sacred precincts of the regular army and dare to criticize a fellow who wears shoulder straps.

There is no doubt that the action of MacArthur in deporting Rice emboldened the commissary thieves. With the press squelched and the regular army officers pledged by education and military honor never to go back on one another, the volunteers thought themselves secure.

It is reported that Phillip K. Sweet, a volunteer officer, is prosecuting the investigation. This is refreshing. If the prosecution had been in the hands of a "regular" and other "regular" officers were found to be implicated, there would have been a halt in the proceedings for the "honor of the service," and MacArthur would have cabled that any further proceedings would become a "menace to the military situation" in the islands. It is also noticeable that the high tariff makes smuggling very profitable in Manilla. The question is not germane to the subject in hand, but why is this high tariff maintained against American goods?

THE CORNER ON PORK.

"Man's extremity is God's opportunity." This may be modified to read, man's extremity is the speculator's opportunity. With wars and rumors of wars in the air, the professional speculator is in high feather, but as very few of the rumors are materializing he is kept in hot water all the time. Ten days ago, when the Russian bear and the British lion growled at each other over a railroad track, and at the same time Japan made lively preparations for war on Russia, it looked as if something might happen. Surely, said the speculator, some rain will fall from that war cloud. It cannot end in thunder and lightning. But it did, and the parties who had been pushing pork up to $19 saw it come down with the temporary adjustment of the Tien Tsin difficulty and the refusal of the Chinese government to sign the Manchurian convention.

With a break in the concert of Europe there would be other things beside pork and beef that would take an upward jump. Wheat would not be a bad thing to have, neither would flour. A corner of beans would not be half bad, while the market for horses and mules would go out of sight. Sugar would not be bad to hold, but not too long.

If a corner on pork could be secured on the eve of a break between Russia and England or Russia and Japan, the operators would have the world at their feet. If it were only certain that there is to be a war at all, how happy we would be!

Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, the volunteer officer alleged to be implicated in the commissary frauds at Manila, is a native of Minneapolis. He attended the Chester Military academy in Pennsylvania, and twelve years ago enlisted in the navy. He served for nearly three years on the ships Philadelphia and Baltimore, and, becoming tired of the navy, secured his discharge through the efforts of Former Senator Washburn. Mr. Barrows' father is a prominent lumberman, of Minneapolis, and was state oil inspector during Governor Clough's administration. Fred Barrows was, for two years before he enlisted in the army, a grain inspector in the state department. He was first lieutenant in the Fifteenth regiment of Minnesota volunteers in 1898, and was promoted to the captaincy. After the regiment was mustered out he went to Washington, and, through the efforts of Senator Davis and other influential Minnesotans, secured a commission as first lieutenant in Company E, Thirteenth volunteer infantry, and has been in the Philippines about a year and a half. He was recently promoted to be a captain.

As far as Hawaii is concerned the United States is about to fulfill its promises. In passing the territorial act the government promised to assume the debts of the little group of islands and in a few days a special representative of the treasury department will sail for Hawaii carrying with him about $4,000,000 for the purpose of cancelling the public debt of the latest territorial acquisition to the United States. When he returns from the trip Hawaii's credit book will be started with a clean sheet. When Hawaii was annexed to the United States she had some outstanding debts, amounting in all to about $4,000,000. This is quite a little sum for a republic of 100,000 people, but when compared with the total of $1,087,983,340 which represents the national debt of the United States, is seems like a mere trifle. About three and a quarter millions of the $4,000,000 were in bonds, and the balance was made up of postal deposits for which the republic was responsible. Arrangements have been made to take up the bonds and satisfy the postal deposit claims.

An urgent message was sent to the life saving station at Park Point yesterday afternoon from the Torrey building, although fortunately the services of the gallant crew were not needed. A stranger had fallen into a hole filled with water near the center of Superior street and it was feared that he would be drowned. It so happened that an expert swimmer who gave his residence as Proctorknott, chanced to be passing and without hesitation he threw off his outside garments and plunged to the rescue of the drowning man. With rapid overhand strokes he soon reached the victim and brought him to land, but badly broken up as the result of his involuntary bath. The rescued and the rescuer were warmly congratulated by the large throng which had gathered at the scene, and it was confidently asserted that in case a new pavement was not laid in the next decade a branch of the life saving station would be located within easy call of the dangerous district.

Some of the army officers who are jealous of Funston say that the "capture" of Aguinaldo was a clever piece of strategy on the part of the insurgent leader; that he fixed up the scheme himself as he believed that he could do his cause more good as a captive than hiding in the woods, and Funston fell into it. As one officer says: "It was Aguinaldo who captured us, not we who captured him." It is simply astonishing what a jealous man will do and say.

The German press claims that if the United States is to receive $25,000,000 indemnity from China, Germany ought to receive $400,000,000, on account of the sacrifices made by the Germans. About all hte sacrifices that Germany made in China was to sacrifice the Chinese population. The German army arrived after the fighting was all over.

The American consul at Havre, France, reports to the state department that there will be no permanent market for American coal in Europe so long as English supplies can be obtained at reasonable prices. It stirs our pride, this "carrying of coals to Newcastle," but the true plan is to burn our coal in our own factories and send the product abroad.

Roosevelt says nothing but keeps up a great thinking. With Odell to the front in his own state and Funston as the national hero, the rough rider is relegated to the rear with the "has beens" for the time being at least.

Professor Schurman suggests that Aguinaldo be made governor of one of the provinces of Luzon. Evidently the professor did not meet Aguinaldo when he made his trip to the Philippines.

Chicago is in the throes of a municipal election today. The indications point to the re-election of Mayor Harrison, but there is nothing so uncertain as a mayoralty election in Chicago.

Lease, Nation, Funston. Kansas certainly has a trio to conjure by. However, everyone will be willing to admit that the latter has more than offset the former two.

In his new novel I. Zangwell states it strongly when he says "patriotism no longer means love to your country. It means hate your neighbors."

There is some speculation as to which railroad won in the Nebraska senatorial fight, but there is no question that it was a railroad won.

The result of the Nebraska senatorial contest leaves Meiklejohn out of a public job. He may have to go to work.

Governor Odell insists that he and Tom Platt have not fallen out. Evidently it was Platt alone who fell out.

Governor Van Sant went to Winona from St. Paul to vote yesterday—and then the city went Democratic.

The steel trust is now a billion dollar trust.

POINTED TRIFLES.

Philadelphia Press: Mistress—Susan, I'm sure I heard someone kissing you in the kitchen last night. I don't like that.

Susan—Yes, ma'am, the master said you didn't like kissing much, and that was why he kissed me.

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mrs. Dinwiddle—I am of so sensitive a nature that I cannot bear to go about the streets at this season of the year.

Mrs. Van Braam—What is it that so works upon your sensibilities?

Mrs. Dinwiddle—I can't bear to witness so many moving scenes.

Detroit Journal: "We went to the mountains last summer, but we didn't stay long on account of the stormy weather."

"Ah?"

"Yes, the landlord of the hotel charged extra for storms, you know, and we were soon out of money."

Chicago Tribune: "You see, now, you wretch," vindictively exclaimed the fair prosecuting witness, after the trial was over, "that it's an expensive thing to kiss a woman against her will!"

"You are right, madame," said the wretch, who has just paid a $50 fine for the offense. "It wasn't worth it."

Indianapolis Press: "Hard luck?" said the soubrette, earnestly. "Why, we hadn't been on the road two weeks before we had to pawn the magnificent diamond which was to be presented to the star by her admirers at every town. Hard luck! Well, I should murmur!"

New York Weekly: Spelldall—I gave you that $5 as a friendly tip. Why do you hand $4 back?

Waiter—I likes to keep everything on a business basis, sah. Gents wot's so very friendly w'en dey has money is apt to come 'round tryin' to borrer w'en dey get broke.

Washington Star: "When I 'members how many people is layin' awake nights being sorry foh whut dey's done," said Uncle Eben, "an' how many mo' is layin' awake wif schemes foh mo' iniquity, I 'clahs I hain' hahdly see whut sleep were invented fo'."

Philadelphia Press: "Well, good-night," said Mr. Borem, finally breaking away. "I've had a most enjoyable evening. Er—by the way, I expect to pass your house tomorrow evening and I thought I might—"

"I'll be delighted," she said quickly. "Good-night."

Washington Star: "Don't you love the spring?" asked the romantic young woman.

"Yes," answered the wide-eared young man. "In spring everything seems hopeful. You don't know how bad the baseball club is going to be."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "I feel so depressed when it rains hard," said Mrs. Snaggs; "but then I suppose that is the rule."

"There are exceptions," said her husband.

"Are there?"

"Yes; umbrellas are raised."

THE NEW MEMORIAL DAY.

Oh, the roses we picked for the blue,
And the lilies we twined for the gray,
We have bound in a wreath,
And in silence beneath
Slumber our heroes today.

Over the new-turned sod
The sons of our fathers stand,
And the fierce old fight
Slips out of sight
In the clasp of a brother's hand.

For the old blood left a stain
That the new has washed away,
And the sons of those
That have faced as foes
Are marching together today.

Oh, the blood that our fathers gave!
Oh, the tide of our mothers' tears!
And the flow of red,
And the tears they shed,
Embittered a sea of years.

But the roses we plucked for the blue,
And the lilies we twined for the gray,
We have bound in a wreath,
And in glory beneath
Slumber our heroes today.

—ALBERT BIGELOW PAINE.

A Serious Mistake.

Anoka Bee (Rep.): The appointment of former Representative Rodenburg, of Illinois, in the civil service commission is being sharply criticised on the ground that he is not a friend of civil service reform. It appears that Mr. Rodenburg was one of the seventy-seven members of the house of representatives who, on Feb. 17, 1900, voted against all appropriations for the salaries and expenses of the civil service commission. In doing this he put himself on record as an enemy of the merit system and therefore his appointment is justly regarded as a very serious mistake.

Another Grab Suggested.

Philadelphia Press: In China the United States has again asserted its policy in favor of the integrity of the empire in the note just made public warning the imperial government against special agreements. This protest keeps the record of the United States clear, but it is unlikely to have any influence on Russia, which has Manchuria and will remain there, whether China signs the new agreement or not. The real issue is whether Japan will seize Corea, a step growing more probable, though by no means certain.

Nations as Borrowers.

Philadelphia Record: Nearly all the great powers are in the market as borrowers. The railway companies are issuing large blocks of new securities, and heavy demands will be made for funds with which to float monster industrial undertakings. Under such conditions the present ease of the money markets is not likely to continue undisturbed. The business situaion in the United States remains satisfactory; but the reaction which has manifested itself in England, Germany and France must have an ultimate bearing upon our own industrial prospects. The interdependence of the nations is none the less a fact because of the slowness with which the rule sometimes asserts itself.

Gems of the Sea.

Philadelphia Ledger: By paying $100,000 to Spain we now possess whatever title it may have had to Cagayan, Cibutu and the other islands in their group. How much it will cost us to get possession remains to be seen. We have paid this because of a blunder of our representatives who made the treaty of Paris and neglected to include these islands among those surrendered by Spain in consideration of the receipts from us of $20,000,000, but it was not so great a blunder as the payment of the larger sum.

DAILY STORY.

COMPENSATION.

BY JESSE S. WILLIAMS.

(Copyrighted 1901, William R. Miller).

The earth is very old and very sad, and those who invent and store moneys resemble the rich man of Judea, who built barns and filled them and straightway died.

Now, Lady Sarah was not pondering this tritism; for as she sat beating her silver slipper with the knotted cord of the dressing gown, her only thought was: "Will he go, and what can he want here?" Yet the here was her dressing room and he was her husband.

Lord Commers got up and came to her saying, with an intonation of repressed but stormy passion: "I have found something of yours."

"Yes?" she questioned, negligently.

"This is it!" and his voice leaped with the emotion in it; nevertheless he presented her the violet-tinted note with his usual pale courtesy.

The sight of it startled her, it shook her, it strangled her; then placed her unsteadily upon her feet. "Give it to me!" she cried, and snatched it unnecessarily, for he had been holding it out to her from the beginning.

"I have known it for some time," he said, moving a little away; "but you are becoming careless; suppose some one else had found it. Reputation is the only thing left us, and I insist that you avoid scandal."

"And you have known it for some time?" she said, reflectively; "well, really, you are an ideal husband," and she recalled the many terrors with which she had invested this present moment—the time when the husband discovered the other man; and now, all he did was to request carefulness.

None the less it hurt her; for it did not seem right to her that he should take her treachery so quietly. In a moment she had leaped to the judge's bench and turned accuser:

"Oh!" she cried, "you have never loved me; you know as much, and it was because of that, because of that!" But the pressure of his glance forced down the fringed eyelids while he answered:

"Why should you lie? It is unnecessary. Of course, I loved you at the start, else why, in God's name, did I marry you? On your part it was different; there were the diamonds and the title, and that sort of thing; but for me there was only you, and yet even you were not for me only."

He turned with a movement of supreme weariness. "There is no need," he said, "to grind this all over, it is dust and ashes already. What I demand is decency in appearance and no open shame; women are doing it all round us, why not you; you who are such a clever woman?" and he turned to leave; but she, cursed with curiosity, asked for more.

"Only tell me," she said, plaintively, "why you, who used to care nothing for appearances, care so much now—what is it?" she reiterated, watching with interest the growing paleness of the dark face.

"Papa!" The shrill notes beat their way through the perfumed heaviness of the velvet hangings.

Commers faced toward this sound and walked to a portiere which he threw aside; and there at the foot of the wide staircase of black marble, in milk-white night clothes, a boy of 6 stood, possessing the same dark beauty as the woman who faced the two males of her family with the letter clenched in one small hand. "That is why," he said to her, and dropping the velvet arras behind him, disappeared.

He met the house governess half way up the stairway, who offered to take the child, saying, "He would come, your lordship; he has been restless, and I don't thing him very well. He asked for you, and when I went to fetch the medicine he slipped away from bed."

"He is feverish," said Commers, touching the small, florrid face and putting his lips to the diminutive hands whose heat alarmed him. "Send for Blackwell at once, and let him return in the brougham."

While the woman hurried away, Commers carried the boy to his big sleeping room, opening off the nursery; but the lad awoke, crying whenever he tried to put him in bed, so that when the physician arrived he found his patient struggling sleepily in Lord Commers' arms. Sir John took the lad close to the night light and opened the fever-blistered lips with his spatula, which he withdrew presently covered with thick, ropy mucous.

"That Is Why?" He Said to Her.

He handed the baby nobleman to the head nurse and stepped aside with Lord Commers. "It is membranous croup," he declared; "if we beat it off until sunrise we are safe, for somehow or other these vicious bacteria wolves bite only in the night time."

Now it was near to the morning, and the lad was living, but barely so; for the glutenous phlegm was determinedly forming and threatened every moment to shut off the fluttering breath completely. Commers raised his dark eyes to the physician, and Blackwell responded magnificently to that dumb appeal. His coat and hat were thrown aside, and from the flashing of the physician's tense eyes one would have thought him engaged in strangling some desperado; but the murderer was elusive of all human grasp, so that slowly, but eventually he was carrying away his victim.

Sir John arose from the bedside, and opening a little hand-case, took out a curiously curved knife blade. "If," said he, "the boy were a beggar's son, this might save him; but I am afraid to use it here—it means salvation or the other thing," and the physician gazed inquiringly at Commers, who answered, groaning, "Are we so bad as that?"

"Every bit of it, and if we are not swift this will not avail; the boy barely breathes as it is, and in a full minute will have ceased entirely."

"Come!" cried the father; but when the knife was to be inserted the lad struggled so that the doctor shook his head despairingly. "No good," he muttered; "if he moves an inch it will cut his throat wide open."

"Give it to me," murmured Commers. "Ulric," he said, and the boy's fast glazing eyes opened into blossoms of tenderness. "Listen, my own son; you must not move even if you are choking."

The boy nodded his comprehension and lay immobile, although already in the first throes of that unutterable horror death by strangulation; and the father, with the look as of the dead gods on his face, put the tiny scimitar down the phlegm-flooded throat.

The famous surgeon bent over this domestic operation with an intensity of interest excited in him by no other scene of his experience; for he knew there were two lives tied to a second of time, and that a great love bound them to it. Now, the stealthily moving hand drew up the knife. "Hurry!" murmured Sir John Blackwell, and it was done as the keen edge reappeared with its tiny hook meshed in the choking mucous, while the dark exquisiteness of the boy's physique trembled to the touch of the inflowing air, and Commers had won his own back to him.

Then he gathered the boy in his arms, and more tired from those electric moments of high tension than by a week of labor, they fell asleep; and as the morning broke, the sun kissed them from the depths of his golden heart.

Then Lady Commers appeared, having heard something of this from her maid; and she smiled rather amusedly, but with a slight contempt. "What do you call it, Sir John?" she asked.

The physician, who owed his title and success as much to his knowledge of London households as to his wisdom of practice, looked from this regally beautiful woman to the boy and man sleeping in the sunshine. "Madame," he answered, very quietly, "I would call it compensation," and they left together and in silence.

"HOME WEEK" STORY.

Our Dumb Animals: This story comes on Sept. 28 from Bangor, Me. In Bangor public sentiment against docking horses' tails is very strong, and no one likes to appear in public with a horse that has been docked.

Well, it happened that early this week, when all Bangor was agog over the "home week" festivities, and as many people as could get there were out on the streets in their nice equipages, a well-to-do citizen of Bangor bought of a dealer from the West a charming perfected carriage horse for his daughter to drive in her phaeton. The horse was, in truth, a noble steed. He was speedy, yet perfectly controllable and safe; beautiful as a dream, yet gentle as a lamb. Best of all, he had a long, copious and flowing tail, which hung to the ground—a splendid, luxuriant, quite exceptional tail.

The young lady had no sooner possessed herself of her new horse than she had him caparisoned, and drove forth with him down the main streets of Bangor, to impress the natives and delight the visitors from afar who had come back to the old home. Proudly the fine horse pranced down the street, tossing his mane prettily, and also tossing his tail. He tossed the tail more and more, because, as the day was warm, flies began to multiply on the street. Indeed, he switched the tail from side to side with a strange and uneasy movement, as if he were half afraid of it. By and by, the young lady became so fascinated with the horse's strange movement of his tail that she could watch little else. Presently she began to notice that something was certainly tho matter with the tail. It seemed to be coming off. And now there alighted a horse-fly on the animal's flank. He gave a vicious, clumsy switch at it—and off came the tail and fell upon the pavement, together with some wires which had fastened it on. And now her horse was left with no other tail than a ridiculous stump, actually shaved down to fit into the socket of the artificial tail which had been provided, and which had been wrapped on more or less ingeniously with wires. The young lady was so much astonished that it did not occur to her that she could drive on and leave the false appendage on the street. She got a small boy to pick it up and hand it to her, and, depositing it in the bottom of her phaeton, drove off, amid the general laughter which even her polite neighbors could not repress.

Beyond doubt the horse had been prepared for the Bangor market by the addition of the artificial tail, and the wild Western dealer who sold him was gone.

The Idea Right.

Brainerd Dispatch: A bill to divide the gross earnings tax among the counties and cities of the state according to the value of railroad property they contained, was introduced into the legislature last week by Representative Laybourn of Duluth. The idea is right and should be made a law, but it is too late to secure its passage this session.

Wolves at the Rice Tub.

New York Tribune: Some of the nations demanding indemnity of China display the greed of hungry Siberian wolves, their monstrous rapacity threatening the failure of pending negotiations. The influence of the United States, and probably of England, may be counted on in favor of moderation and equity. For the rest it seems unsafe to offer any prediction till "all the returns are in" and the extent of their demands is made known.

Just a Plain Grab.

Indianapolis News: Russia knows that the nations do not like her ways, but she would like to know what they propose to do about it. Russia is becoming altogether too practical.

Let the Digging Begin.

Cleveland Leader: The British government is apparently not in favor of any agreement concerning the construction of the Nicaragua canal which does not give Great Britain the upper hand. Under the circumstances the United States should go ahead without considering any other nation.

FORTUNE MADE BY RAT.

The action of a rat led N. R. Ingoldsby to the discovery of a rich gold mine in Arizona. He named the property the Rat Hole mine, says the Mexican Herald.

Mr. Ingoldsby had been spending several months near Mammoth, on the San Pedro river, in Arizona. His purpose was to enjoy the hunting and make a collection of the animals and minerals of the southwest. He pitched his tent in the canyon of the San Pedro, in the Santa Catarina Mountains.

He had no neighbors and for a long time unable to account for the disappearance of small articles that he left lying about his camp. At last he noticed that when anything was taken something was left in its place. This was usually a bit of stone or wood. The culprit he found to be a large rodent of species known as the trading rat. The habits of the animal made an interesting study for Mr. Ingoldsby, and he often lay awake at night to watch for his visitor.

A silver spoon was missing one morning and in its place was a piece of quartz carrying free gold. This still more excited Mr. Ingoldsby's curiosity, and after several attempts he succeeded in following the animal to its home. Near by was the ledge from which the gold bearing quartz had been taken. Mr. Ingoldsby made an examination thorough enough to prove that his discovery was of considerable value.

WANTED TO SEE SENATORS.

A man from New York, who came over to see how a president is inaugurated, was taken into the senate gallery by one of the officials, says the Washington Post. The visitor listened while his companion and guide pointed out to him a number of prominent senators, including Hanna, Frye, Lodge, Elkins, Morgan, Foraker and others who are supposed to be more or less prominent in public life. The New Yorker heard their names without manifesting the slightest degree of interest. He had no response to make. For at least a minute he sat in silence.

"Where is Senator Ellsworth?" he asked, finally.

"Senator Ellsworth?" repeated the official. "There is no Senator named Ellsworth."

"That's funny," remarked the New Yorker. "I knew a Senator Ellsworth very well. Where's Ford?"

"Ford?" queried the mystified offiial.

"Yes, Ford; John Ford."

"There is no Senator Ford."

The New York visitor turned to his companion with an air of genuine surprise. "I voted for Senator Ford in my district last fall," he said. "Didn't he come here?"

QUESTION OF ORTHOGRAPHY.

Over at Durango last week the good ladies of the Methodist church contributed a supply of all kinds of good things and proceeded with the same to the home of their pastor, Rev. C. E. Webb, to find that a bright baby boy had just preceded them to the parsonage, says the Glenwood Post.

The ladies concluded to stay and take supper with Mr. Webb, and therefore transferred the catables from their baskets to the dining table and then informed the parson that supper was ready, wondering as they did so if in returning thanks he would remember their gifts.

When all were seated at the table, the good man bowed his head and thus approached the throne of grace, "Oh, Lord, we thank The for this timely succor," and the ladies are still in doubt as to what he meant.

TONGUE TWISTED.

Speaking of slips of the tongue, the collection of clerical mistakes, parts of which have from time to time appeared in this department, has been increased by several sent in by correspondents, says the Philadelphia Press. One of these, the sender says, is "very old," but it deserves reprinting. An embarrassed minister gave out the first line of a hymn, "This world is all a floating shoe," and, that not sounding right, hurried to correct himself by stating that "This world is all a shouting flee." Then driven to desperation by the congregation's smiles, he cried at the top of his voice, "This world is all a sheeting flow." Finally he sat down exhausted, while a deacon read, "This world is all a fleeting show," which is the correct version—of the hymn, at any rate.

MUNYON'S COLD CURE

Nearly everybody seems to be taking Prof. Munyon's Cold Cure whenever a cold appears. It relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs so quickly that a cold need no longer be a forerunner of grippe, diphtheria or pneumonia. A vial of the Cold Cure is like a life insurance policy. Every one of his remedies is a sure. Mostly 25c. vial. Guide to Health free. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia. MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

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Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

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It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

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As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

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By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
April 1st and 2nd.

The Great Lenten Attraction. The universal and uncontradicted success! Wm. A. Brady has the honor to announce the Famous Pastoral Drama by Lottie Blair Parker,

"WAY DOWN EAST"

Elaborated by Joseph R. Grismer, exactly as presented at the New York City Academy of Music and Manhattan Theater 27 times. A play founded on Truth and Nature. Endorsed by the Clergy, recommended by Educators. A drama for everybody, to be presented here in its Perfect Entirety. Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Carriages may be ordered for 10:45.

Jap Rose is transparent.

Made of pure vegetable oil and glycerin, perfumed with roses. The best toilet soap that skill or expense can make.

Don't pay more and get less.

Jap Rose
[TRADE MARK]
Soap

For over half a century the Kirks have made fine soaps, and Jap Rose is their idea of perfection.

'Tis the best soap that is sold.

Yet it sells for 10c.

KIDNAPED.

New York Boy Believed to Have Been Abducted.

New York, April 2.—After vainly running up every clue, the police became convinced last night that Willie McCormick, Jr., a 10-year-old High Bridge boy, who disappeared last Wednesday night, is the victim of a kidnaping plot. Police Capt. Gannon in discussing the case said:

"I am firmly convinced that the boy has been taken by designing persons and that he is being held by them. This boy was never known to be away from home over night. His habits were good, and there had been nothing to drive him away from home. I am of the opinion that he is being held here in New York city."

Willie is the son of a retired florist living in Ogden avenue, High Bridge. The child has eleven sisters. His mother is prostrated from grief and anxiety and the father almost equally so.

PANAMA CANAL.

Morgan Denies Intention of Buying It.

New York, April 2.—Charles R. Flint, when asked last night regarding the report that J. P. Morgan had formed a plan to buy the Panama canal, said: "I have heard something of it, though nothing definite. I know nothing about it myself."

The Tribune this morning says: "J. Pierpont Morgan yesterday denied that his recent visit to Washington was in any way connected with the affairs of the Panama canal, or that he had any intention of visiting the property, as was reported in dispatches from the national capital."

CABLE FLASHES.

The recent surrenders at Manilla include Gen. Gonzales, eleven officers and forty-four men, with forty-five rifles, at Malabon, and Col. Herrara, three officers and twenty-five men at Laguna, and Col. Pablo, Tecson and Sibula at Bulacan.

Lloyd C. Griscom, the secretary of the United States ministry, left Constantinople for the United States today on several months' leave of absence. He had an audience with the sultan at the same time that Mr. Leishman, the new minister, presented his credentials, Friday last. Later Ibrahim Bey, the master of the ceremonies, visited Mr. Griscom, conveying the sultan's best wishes.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger announces that an examination of accounts of the Russian imperial controller shows what are believed to have been systematic defalcations between the years 1893 and 1898. The sums not accounted for aggregate 44,000,000 roubles.

For the first time in the history of Havana the month of April begins without a single case of yellow fever in the city. Maj. W. J. Gorgas, chief sanitary officer, is confident that with sanitary measures now being enforced and the valuable information gained during the recent investigations of the yellow fever commission there will be but few cases during the coming season.

"The Chinese emperor, I am officially informed, has instructed the Chinese plenipotentiaries," says the Pekin correspondent of the London Daily Mail, "not to sign the Manchurian convention in a modified form."

"One thousand students of the university of Kieff have forwarded a petition to the holy synod," says the Odessa correspondent of the London Daily Express, "in which they ask to be excommunicated with Count Tolstoi."

As an outcome of the British protest, M. DeGiers, the Russian minister, has been instructed from St. Petersburg not to allow Russian flags to be planted on or near the land in dispute at Tien Tsin while the case is pending.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A mass meeting attended by about 1000 persons was held at the Delaware Avenue Baptist church at Buffalo at which resolutions were adopted protesting against the opening of the pan-American exposition on Sunday.

Drs. Stewart, Wildman and Fitch made an examination of Maurice Barrymore, now a patient in Bellevue hospital. Barrymore had passed a quiet night, sleeping the deep sleep of utter exhaustion. At the conclusion of the examination Dr. Stewart announced that the patient was hopelessly insane. It was also given out that tomorrow morning he will be taken to Rivercrest asylum at Astoria.

Fire late Monday night in the 5-story bricq building at 188 East Fifth street, St. Paul, occupied by the Towle Syrup company, manufacturers and dealers in syrups and preserves, caused a damage estimated at from $75,000 to $100,000.

The work of taking the census throughout Canada was begun Monday. The population is to be recorded as it was Sunday, the decisive hour of reckoning being 12 o'clock midnight so that everyone born before that hour and every one dying after it are to be counted in the population. An army of 9042 officials will be employed and it is expected all schedules will be returned to the census office by the end of this month.

THE CHINESE FORTS.

Must Be Rendered Useless or Destroyed.

Pekin, April 2.—Regarding the destruction of the forts, the generals are practically agreed that those at Taku, Shan Hai Kuan and Tien Tsin must at least be rendered useless while the north fort at the entrance of the river Taku must be destroyed entirely, on account of the fact that ever since it was built it has caused lower water on the bar, having diverted the course of the stream. The merchants have frequently complained to the consuls, but no government has liked to ask China to destroy a fort at the entrance to an important river. This, however, can now be done as a matter of military necessity, and will give foreign merchants intense satisfaction, as in consequence of its being done the river will in a short time again be navigable as far as Tien Tsin.

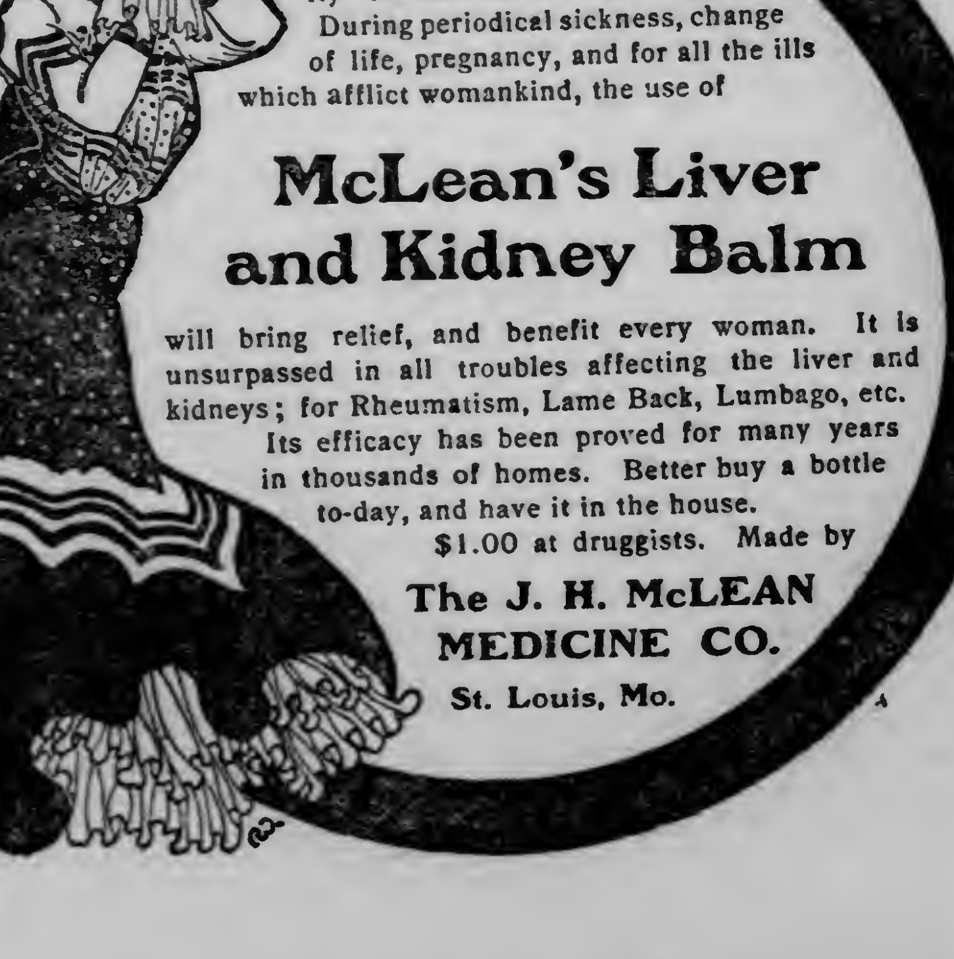
GONZALES SURRENDERS.

Manilla, April 2.—Gen. Gonzales, the insurgent governor of Manilla, with ten officers and forty-five men, has surrendered to Col. Beacom at Malabon.

CHINA AGREES.

Berlin, April 2.—The Pekin correspondent of the Cologne Gazette says China has agreed to the proposal of the powers to make the island of Kwan Sn, New Amoy, an international settlement, modeled after Shanghai.

Women's Woes



are in a great measure due to lack of vitality of the liver and kidneys. During periodical sickness, change of life, pregnancy, and for all the ills which afflict womankind, the use of

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

will bring relief, and benefit every woman. It is unsurpassed in all troubles affecting the liver and kidneys; for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Lumbago, etc. Its efficacy has been proved for many years in thousands of homes. Better buy a bottle to-day, and have it in the house. $1.00 at druggists. Made by

The J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.
St. Louis, Mo.

THE VALUE OF STOCK

The Basis of Exchange For Lake Superior Consolidated.

Each $100 Par Value Calls For $270 In Steel Corporation.

J. P. Morgan & Co. Issue Circular Giving All Details.

New York, April 2.—A circular issued from the office of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. last night and addressed to the stockholders of the American Bridge company and the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, announces that the offer of the syndicate made on March 2, 1901, has been accepted by more than 98 per cent of the holders of the stock and the plan proposed has become operative. Morgan & Co. offered for the account of the United States Steel corporation, in exchange for the preferred and common stock of the American Bridge company and for the stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines, certificates for preferred stock and common stock of the United States Steel corporation upon the following basis: For each $100 par value of preferred stock of the American Bridge company $110 par value in the preferred stock of the United States Steel corporation, for each $100 par value of common stock of the American Bridge company $105 in the common stock of the United States Steel corporation.

For each $100 par value of the stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines $135 par value in preferred stock and $135 par value in the common stock in the United States Steel corporation.

The circular further says:

"Arrangements have already been made for the acquisition upon the above basis of more than 85 per cent of the stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, embracing therein the interests of John D. Rockefeller. Arrangements have also been made for the acquisition by the United States Steel corporation of all the outstanding interest in the Oliver Mining company and the Pittsburg Steamship company not owned by the Carnegie company. The offer herein made for the stock of the American Bridge company is conditional upon the deposit and sale hereunder of at least two-thirds in amount of all outstanding shares of the capital stock of said company, which two-thirds shall include two-thirds of the outstanding preferred stock.

"The authorized capital stock of the United States Steel corporation has been increased to $550,000,000 of preferred stock and $550,000,000 of common stock. The incorporation has appropriated and has agreed to issue $425,000,000 of such preferred stock and $425,000,000 of such common stock under the contract referred to in the circular of March 2, 1901, and it proposes to issue the remainder of such authorized capital stock for future acquirements and acquisitions, including the acquisition of the stocks deposited under this circular.

"Deposits of Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines stock must be made at our office in New York. Deposits of preferred and common stock of the American Bridge company may be made either at our office in New York or at the office of Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston, Mass. All deposits must be made on or before April 15, 1901. After that date no deposit will be received, except in our discretion and on terms such as we may prescribe."

New York, April 2.—Charles Steele gave out a statement last night in which he said the directors of the United States Steel corporation had not been elected yet, but would be in a day or two. The statement follows:

"In accordance with their circular of March 21, which provided among other things that the entire plan of management and organization shall be delivered by Messrs. J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., they now announce that the organization and management of the United States Steel corporation will be constituted as follows:

Directors, J. P. Morgan, John Rockefeller, A. F. Peabody, H. H. Rogers, C. M. Schwab, M. H. Gary, Robert Bacon, Charles Steele, Marshall Field, Norman B. Ream, P. A. B. Widener, William P. Moore, James A. Reed, Henry C. Frick, D. G. Reid, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Alfred Clifford, W. E. Dodge, Nathaniel Thayer, William Edenborn, Abram S. Hewitt and Clement A. Griscom.

President, C. M. Schwab; treasurer, Arthur F. Lake; secretary, Richard Trimble; executive committee, E. H. Gary, chairman; D. G. Reid, William Edenborn, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts and Charles Steele; finance committee, Robert Bacon, chairman; H. H. Rogers, N. B. Ream and P. A. B. Widener."

IN THE BACKGROUND.

Chinese Question Is No Longer Prominent.

New York, April 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The China question has again fallen into the background since nearly all well informed men agree that neither England nor Germany will interfere with Russian designs in Manchuria and that Japan can be placated by concessions in Corea. The indemnity is now under discussion between Germany and England, with the probability that the compromise agreed upon between them will be received by the powers after protracted delay.

MURDERERS PUNISHED.

Constantinople, April 2.—Twelve Bulgarians, tried at Monastir for the murder of a priest at Stavro and for other revolutionary acts, have been sentenced, one to death, three to imprisonment for life and the others to imprisonment for terms varying from two to ten years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

"Common Sense"

Is the motto of the modern woman. The thick soled shoe and the rainy day skirt are witnesses to the wise application of the motto in matters of dress.

But there is no common sense in neglecting womanly diseases or in experimenting with other medicines when it is a matter of common knowledge that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

It is not common sense to seek medical advice of those who are not physicians when Dr. Pierce, not only a doctor, but a specialist in the treatment and cure of diseases of woman, offers a consultation by letter *free*. Write to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

"I had falling of internal organs and had to go to bed every month; had irregular monthly periods which would sometimes last ten or twelve days," writes Mrs. L. Holmes, of Coolspring Street, Uniontown, Penna. "Had also indigestion so bad that I could not eat anything hardly. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me. I took three bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

For 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only* you can get *free* a paper covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. The book contains 1008 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TO RESIGN.

Governor Allen on His Way Home From Porto Rico.

New York, April 2.—A special to the World from Washington says Charles H. Allen, governor of Porto Rico, who left San Juan today for Washington, is expected to tender his resignation soon after reaching here.

Mr. Allen will retire voluntarily. When he accepted the post, which he did reluctantly, and only at the earnest solicitation of the president, he promised to remain there but a year. The time is now up, and he does not care to remain longer, although the president will doubtless endeavor to persuade him to go back because of the good work he has done, as well as because of the difficulty of filling the place.

Governor Allen can have his old place as assistant secretary of the navy back if he desires it, as it was understood, when his successor was appointed that it would be opened to him upon relinquishing control of affairs on the island.

No names have been suggested as Mr Allen's successor as yet, and possibly none will be until he has formally tendered his resignation.

MUTINEERS SHOT.

Cape Coast Castle, Gold Coast Colony, April 2.—The leader of the men belonging to the West African regiment who recently mutinied because they were not returned to Sierre Leone at the time they understood they were to be sent home, has been of the mutineers have been shipped to the court-martialed and publicly shot. The rest island of Sherbro, forty miles from Sierra Leone.

KITCHENER'S BULLETIN.

London, April 2.—Under date of Pretoria, April 1, Lord Kitchener reports to the war office as follows: "Plumer has occupied Nylstroom and French has captured three guns on the lower Pongola. Thirty-one prisoners have been captured in the Orange River colony. There were no casualties."

GOLD DISCOVERED.

Christiania, April 2.—Gold has been discovered near Arendal on the Skagerack, thirty-six miles northeast of Christiania.

It has been fully demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and cold in the head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use. A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment. Sold by druggists or it will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief is immediate.

IS THIS SO?

Duluth People Can Decide.

YOU WOULD NOT ACCEPT THE WORD OF AN UTTER STRANGER AS READILY AS THAT OF A PERSON WHOM YOU KNOW. THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT IS MADE BY A CITIZEN, PERHAPS A NEIGHBOR. READ IT:

Engineer James Root, better known as "Jim" Root, the heroic engineer of the St. Paul & Duluth limited, says: "For many years I was troubled with my kidneys and had pains and soreness across the small of my back. The kidney secretions at times presented an unnatural appearance and I was run down. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store and used them. From the prompt and satisfactory results obtained I can speak of them only in the highest terms of praise. Doan's Kidney Pills are all and more than they are represented to be. I can also say a word for Doan's Ointment. I used it for itching hemorrhoi and it gave me prompt and permanent relief.

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

ELECTIONS ON MONDAY

Ex-Congressman Tom L. Johnson Elected Mayor of Cleveland.

Golden Rule Jones Wins Third Time at Toledo.

Springfield, O., Has First Republican Mayor In Eight Years.

Elections in various cities on Monday resulted as follows:

OHIO.

Cleveland—Former Congressman Tom L. Johnson (Democrat) was elected mayor over William J. Akers, by a plurality that may go as high as 6000. Only the head of the Republican ticket was defeated, the candidates for the minor offices on that ticket being successful.

Springfield—Republicans elected the mayor, city solicitor and police prosecutor. The Democrats elected the police judge. This is the first time in eight years that the Republicans have elected a mayor of Springfield.

Toledo—Samuel M. Jones was elected mayor for the third term, independent of all parties and on his Golden Rule platform.

Columbus—John N. Hinkle (Democrat) was elected mayor over Henry C. Taylor (Republican) by about 200 plurality. The present administration is Republican.

Dayton—A heavy spring vote marked the election, and the result shows distinct Republican gains. The police judge, clerk, procesutor, city infirmary director and waterworks trustee shifted to the Republican side. The council stands as before—Democratic, 12 to 8.

Youngstown—The entire Republican ticket was elected here, with majorities ranging from 800 to 1200, showing large Republican gains.

Liberty Center, Perrysburg and Bowling Green elected the majority of the Republican ticket. Holgate, Delphos, Leipsic and Bucyrus went Democratic.

The cities of Grand Rapids, Paulding, Wauseon, Bloomdale, Fayette and Norwalk went Republican. Bryan, Wapakoneta and Elmore went Democratic.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit—Robert M. Montgomery, of Grand Rapids, Republican, has been re-elected justice of the supreme court by about 40,000 majority, and Frank W. Fletcher, of Alpena, and Henry W. Carey, of Manistee, Republican candidates for regents of the state university, have also been re-elected by a majority almost as large.

John B. Whelan, Republican, was re-elected police judge, the only municipal officer voted for, by 4285. Judge Montgomery carried Detroit by over 2500 majority. Of the seventeen school inspectors elected, eleven were Republicans and six were Democrats.

Owosso—S. D. Emery, Prohibition, was elected mayor, overcoming a Republican majority last year of 650. He was the only member of that ticket, however, who was successful.

Menominee—The Democrats elected their city ticket, 5 out of the 7 supervisors, and 6 out of the 7 aldermen. This is a gain of 3 aldermen and 2 supervisors.

Sault Ste. Marie—Republicans elected mayor, comptroller, justice and all but ward officers. The Democrats elected police judge and treasurer.

Marshall—John W. Howell, (Dem.), was elected mayor by 75 majority

Manistee—The Democratic city ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 200 to 800.

Benton Harbor—The Republican city ticket was elected except treasurer.

Kalamazoo—The Republican city ticket was elected in this city by 400 majority.

Grand Rapids—The Republicans carried this city by 1200, re-electing their city ticket except comptroller.

ELSEWHERE.

Bismarck, N. D.—After one of the bitterest city elections ever held in Bismarck, the Republican city ticket was defeated by the citizens' ticket. Frank Donnelly, Republican candidate for mayor, was defeated by D. M. Register, citizens' candidate for mayor, by three majority out of a total of 550 votes.

St. Cloud—J. R. Boyd, independent, was today elected mayor over J. D. Sullivan, Democrat, by 65 votes. The Democrats gain two in the city council and will be able to dictate the election of minor officers.

Winona—Monday's city election was the most warmly contested in years. The Democrats elected the mayor by 500 majority. The remainder of the ticket, with the exception of two aldermen, went Republican.

Butte—The Democrats elected W. H. Davitt for mayor, and Thomas M. Boyle for police magistrate, and elected four out of eight aldermen. The Republicans elected two aldermen and the Labor party two.

Missoula, Mont.—In a strict party contest the Republicans made a clean sweep, electing the mayor and four aldermen.

Anaconda, Mont.—Dr. W. H. Stevens, for mayor, and the entire Republican municipal ticket were elected here. Stevens' majority is nearly 500.

Helena, Mont.—The election was for aldermen only. The Democrats elected two and the Republicans five.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

Hotel
VICTORIA
27th Street, Broadway and 5th Ave., New York

European Plan *Absolutely Fireproof*

In the centre of the shopping and theatre district

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests; 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Prop.
John M. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.
Finest whiskey ever produced.
"My Office"
Room D, Torrey Bldg.
Wm. McCullough

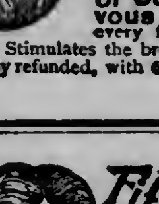
Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies
And Rest for Tired Mothers

In a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all else fails.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR, $1.25 Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humors when all else fails. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All about the Skin, Scalp, Hands, and Hair," free.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY
SAPOLIO
'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **50 CENTS** **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Fifty Cents Per Box
TRADE MARK
Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

SAME SHAPE TWO QUALITIES
"Cluett"
ARROW BRAND
PONSETT 25¢ each
DELROY 2 for 25¢
CLUETT PEABODY & CO MAKERS

Trade Mark
BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. **Sold by Druggists**, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Photographed from Life.
1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of two hundred seventy dollars, which amount is claimed to be due and is due at this date, upon a mortgage bearing date June 20th, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 22nd, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 161, which mortgage was made and delivered by the mortgagors, Louis Felix and Phillinese Felix, his wife, (whose signature to said mortgage is written Phelonise) to Elizabeth A. Carey, mortgagee, whose name thereafter became Elizabeth A Collins.

And whereas, heretofore Elizabeth A. Collins, the mortgagee, died, leaving a last will and testament which was duly proved and allowed as such by the Surrogate court of Oneida County, New York, and letters testamentary issued thereon out of said court, on April 24th, 1899, to Francis A. Cody, Jr., who was thereby duly appointed executor thereof.

And whereas, a duly authenticated copy of his appointment as such executor has been duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 178 of deeds, on page 14.

Now therefore, no action having been commenced to recover any part of said debt, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number twelve (12), of block two hundred and ninety-seven (297), West Duluth, Fourth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 27th, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, together with twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated March 1st, 1901.

FRANCIS A. CODY, JR.,
Executor of the Will of Elizabeth A. Collins, formerly Elizabeth A. Carey, Deceased, Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Executor,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-12-19-26-April-2-9-16.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred ten and 62-100 dollars, ($2210.62), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ingri Otto and Charles Otto, mortgagors, to the Cloquet Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of March, A. D. 1891, with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 60, on page 87, together with the sum of two hundred thirteen and 68-100 dollars, ($213.68), paid by the mortgagee on the property described in said mortgage for taxes and assessments due and unpaid thereon, with interest to date of this notice, amounting to the sum of sixty-nine and 41-100 dollars, aggregating the sum of twenty-four hundred ninety-three and 69-100 dollars, due under the terms of said mortgage for principal, interest and taxes and assessments paid, at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, no action at law or other proceedings have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and said mortgage has not been assigned.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of said premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Starting on a point on the center line of Third street (now Garfield avenue), Rice's Point, where the northwesterly boundary line of lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven (267), block nineteen, (19), Duluth Proper, Second Division, if prolonged in a straight line would intersect the same; thence southeasterly on said center line twenty-five, (25) feet to the point of beginning; thence southeasterly on the center line of Third street, now Garfield avenue, twenty-five, (25) feet; thence southwesterly across said lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven, (267), parallel with said northwesterly line of said lots to the westerly line of lot two hundred sixty-seven, (267); thence northwesterly on the said last line twenty-three and fifty-four hundredths feet, (23 54-100) more or less; thence by a direct line parallel with the northwesterly line of lots two hundred sixty-five and two hundred sixty-seven, (265 and 267) to the place of beginning, being part of lots two hundred sixty-five, (265) and two hundred sixty-seven, (267), block nineteen, (19), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the plat thereof, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the fourth day of May, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the said debt of twenty-two hundred ten and 62-100 dollars, interest, taxes and assessments as above set forth, together with fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

CLOQUET BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.
WALTER L. CASE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-19-26-April 2-9-16-23-1901.

MARKET SLUMPS

Wheat Started Out Lower And Declined During Morning.

Trading More Active Than For Some Time Past.

Chicago Board Closed Owing to the City Election.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 2.—The Chicago board was not in session today, having closed on account of the municipal election in that city, according to its usual custom, but it had not the effect of restricting operations here, speculative trading in wheat on this board being more active than for some time past. The market opened weak but rallied to yesterday's closing price. The gain was short lived, however, for there was a flood of selling that drove the price down at a rapid rate. There was a rally from the low point, however, and the market closed with somewhat better feeling.. Liverpool closed unchanged to ½d lower. Minneapolis received 190 cars and Duluth 162, a total of 352 against 529 last year. Primary receipts were 358,538 bus. Last year none were reported, it being a holiday. Shipments 107,651 bus. Bradstreet's world's visible showed a decrease of 451,000 bus. At the seaboard yesterday exporters were reported as buying 808,000 bus of wheat.

May wheat opened ⅜c off at 75c, sold up to 75⅜c at 9:50, slumped to 74¼c at 11:30, recovered to 74½c at 11:35, reacted to 74⅜c at 11:45, sold up to 74⅝c at 1:10 and closed at that price, a decline of ¾c.

Cash trading was also heavy, aggregating 75,000 bus. The price paid was ¾c under May for wheat to arrive and 1½c under for wheat in store.

Corn was off ½c. Primary receipts were 171,179 bus and shipments 139,110 bus. Exporters at the seaboard bought 96,000 bus yesterday. Bradstreet reported the world's supply as decreasing 1,001,000 bus last week.

May flax opened ¼c off today and all other coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75⅛c; to arrive, 75⅞c; May, 76⅝c. No. 1 northern, 73⅛c; to arrive, 73⅞c; May, 74⅝c; July, 75¾c. No. 2 northern, 67⅝@71⅝c. No. 3 spring, 62⅞@67⅝c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 51c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.60; to arrive, $1.51; May, $1.62¾; September, $1.15. Corn, 40½c; May, 41c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 162; corn, 11; oats, 22; rye, 9; barley, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 88,959; corn, 11,003; oats, 7487; rye, 4184. Shipments—Wheat, 101.

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	75½
No. 1 northern, 7,000 bus	73⅝
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	74½
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus	73¾
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	73½
No. 1 northern, 11 cars	73½
No. [illegible] northern, 3 cars	73¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	68½
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	71
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	70
No. 2 northern, 10 cars	70½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	67¾
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	62
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	64⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	60
No grade, 1 car	64½
Rye, 1 car	51
Barley, 1 car	40

B. E. BAKER,
Grain and Stock Broker.
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
Offices in Duluth, W. Superior, Virginia and Two Harbors.

OLD HUTCH NO. 2.

Chicago Board Excited Over His Trading.

Chicago, April 2.—There was a skyrocket performance in oats yesterday, and George H. Phillips was the chief performer. The advertising this market received late last week aroused the country trader—even woke up St. Louis—and there was a flood of buying orders in the hands of commission people at the opening.

Because of his success in corn the country shows itself ready to follow Phillips in oats. That operator had to employ no less than a half-dozen brokers to fill buying orders yesterday morning. There was a buying panic when the bell struck. May oats sold at 26¼c, and at the same moment orders were filled in the wildest excitement all the way up to 27⅛c.

Such a market would naturally be enough for the entire energy of any one man, but Phillips had other irons in the fire. He was a buyer of about 500,000 bus of wheat the first half hour, and his brokers were the most active in the corn pit.

While the Phillips early buying went on there was intense bull sentiment. The head broker of a big private wire house sent this message from the floor:

"This crowd scared to death in all the cereals. Market can go up easily in face of bear news."

It is conceded on all the pits on 'change that George H. Phillips has accumulated large lines of wheat, corn, and oats—that he is the most fearless bull leader in years, and is as many handed in keeping all pits in line as was that veteran operator B. P. Hutchinson in his best days.

Later trading brought a break in all grain markets which must have tried the nerve of the bull leader. When the Phillips buying ceased in wheat the May price went back from 75⅞ to 75⅛c; May corn reacted from 44¼ to 43⅞c; May oats yielded under heavy offerings from 27⅛ to 26⅞c.

Commenting on the action in oats, an experienced leader said: "I am very bullish on corn. This oat market is another proposition. I know one firm with 1,500,000 No. 2 oats in its private elevators and 500,000 more bought in the country. The public stocks are over 3,000,000 bus. There will be 10,000,000 bus of contract oats here May 1 if the price is pushed up. It is a mistaken idea to think oats too low for corn. When corn went to 50c last November oats held at 25c. Figuring by weight, oats bring more here today for any one who attempts to force a fancy price in oats."

Late in the session there was intense feeling and excitement in all grain markets because of an all-around break in prices. May wheat suffered a break to 74¼c—about 2c under the Saturday price. There was a break in May corn to 43⅜c. The close was at 43½c—a cent less for the day.

There was some disposition to run up the danger flag in oats. In that pit the operations were enormous. Cudahy, the Cereal company, Counselman, and others sold in great bulk. Phillips was called a buyer of from 2,000,000 to 4,000,000 bus for the day. There was an effort, no doubt, to make his road a hard one to travel.

Before the close there was a break in May oats to 25¾c—making early heavy purchases around 27c show a big loss.

George Rupley
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112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share. Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	137
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	119
First Nat. bank, Superior	100	...	96
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			172¾
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	235	150
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd.	100	...	90
Con. El. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com.	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

United States bonds bought and sold.
We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 2.—Close, wheat unchanged to ½d lower. May, 6s ⅛d. Corn, quiet, ⅛@¾d lower.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 72⅛-¼c bid @71¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 72⅞@73⅛c.
Curb, May wheat, 72½-⅝c@72⅜c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75B	73¼-⅜	....	79½A
High	75⅜	74⅜	....	79½
Low	74¼	72⅛	....	78⅝-¾
Close	74⅝B	72½-⅝	....	79⅛A
July—				
Open	76⅛B	75	....	79⅝
High	76½	75	....	79⅝
Low	75⅝	73⅝-¾	....	78⅞
Close	75¾	74¼	....	79⅛B

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 2000; strong; good to prime steers, $5.00@$6.00; poor to medium, $3.75@$4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.00@$4.75; cows and heifers, $2.65@$4.60; canners, $2.00@$2.65; calves, $4.50@$6.00; Texas steers, $3.40@$5.00. Hogs—Receipts, today, 14,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 4450; 5s higher; mixed and butchers, $5.95@$6.20; good to choice heavy $6.05@$6.25; rough heavy, $5.90@$6.00; light, $5.95@$6.15; bulk of sales, $6.07½@$6.15. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; steady; sheep, $4.50@$5.10; lambs, $4.75@$5.40. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 23,066; hogs, 25,527; sheep, 22,752. Shipments—Cattle, 5265; hogs, 5320; sheep, 8147.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the market opened with no obvious feature for an active trade this week. Horses of all classes were crowding the market, but buyers were few and inactive, and the prospect of an advance in prices from the present low quotation is not good for the next six days. Values:

Drafters, extra	$130@165
Drafters, choice	125@130
Farm mares, extra	100@130
Farm mares, choice	85@100
Farm mares, common to good	60@ 80
Mules	115@140

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel: Adventure, 14⅞; Allouez, 3; Anaconda, 46½; Arcadian, 21½; Amalgamated, 101¼; Arnold, 3¾; Ashbed, 25; Atlantic, 32⅛; Baltic, 41⅞; Bingham, 24⅜; Boston & Montana, 355; Butte & Boston, 99; Calumet & Hecla, 820; Centennial, 26; Centennial Eureka, 33; Copper Range, 52¾; Cochita, 7¼; Dominion Coal, 38; Elm River, 5½; Franklin, 18⅞; Humboldt, 25; Isle Royale, 43; Mass, 17; Michigan, 7; Mohawk, 30½; Mayflower, 28; Old Colony, 4; Old Dominion, 35; Osceola, 83; Parrot, 52; Quincy, 177; Rhode Island, 6⅛; Santa Fe, 8⅛; Tamarack, 335; Tecumseh, 1¾; Trimountain, 36; Trinity, 30-½; Utah, 33½; United States, 19⅝; Victoria, 3½; Winona, 4½; Wolverine, 50¼; Washington, 50 bid; Wyandot, 12.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	22
Creamery, storage tubs	18 @ 19
Dairies, fancy	15 @ 16
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	12 @ 12½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	12½@ 12
Full cream, Young America	14
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup., per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus.	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS	
Apples, eating	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50- @ 1 75
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California navel oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Cranberries, per bbl	8 50 @ 9 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	43 @ 45
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Radishes, per doz	65 @ 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75 @ 2 00
Wax beans	5 25 @ 5 50
Celery, California	85 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 75 @ 1 85
Carrots	70 @ 75
Oyster plant, per doz	50 @ 65
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 4 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	10 @ 10½
Ducks	10 @ 11
Geese	10 @ 11
MEATS.	
Mutton	7½
Lamb	8½@ 9
Veal, good	9
Veal, fancy	9½
Beef, dressed	5 @ 6½
Hogs	8
Pork loins	10½
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc.	17 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc.	17 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc.	17 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc.	16 50
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	42
Oats, car lots, sacked	31
Hay, upland	14 00
Hay, timothy	16 00
Feed, No. 1	17 00
Feed, No. 2	17 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 2.—Butter, quiet; creamery, 15@20½c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese, fairly active, 11@11¾c. Eggs, active, 12½c. Dressed poultry, dull; turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 2.—Butter, receipts, 9932 packages. Firm. Creamery, 16@22c; factory, 11@14¼c. Cheese, receipts, 2300 packages. Firm. Fancy large colored and white, 11@½c; fancy small colored, 12½c; fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 24,138 packages. Strong. Western at mark, 13½c; Southern at mark, 12¾@13¼c.

NEW RECORD FOR HOGS.

Chicago, April 2.—Six dollars and 25 cents a hundred pounds was paid at the Union stock yards today for a few lots of prime heavy hogs. This establishes another new record for high market quotations. Receipts were again light, and are expected to continue so for a time.

STORY OF CRISTOBAL.

Noted Cat That Served In the War.

> Treat me kindly and give me food, as I am a prisoner of war from the Cristobal Colon, being forwarded by my captors, the crew of the Oregon, to their gallant commander, Capt. Charles E. Clark, whose brave efforts forced the Colon to surrender July 3, 1898.

This unique placard concerns the career of a noted cat that has a war record as brilliant as many military men. During the Hispano-American war he was aboard a Spanish cruiser, and his ship formed part of a contingent that lay for several days in the harbor of Santiago, says the Los Angeles Times.

The memorable engagement there resulted in an exciting chase after the Cristobal Colon, in which the Oregon and Brooklyn were distinguished participants. The Colon, as is well known, was badly wrecked, and when part of the crew of the Oregon boarded her to care for the wounded and collect such relics as they could find, they discovered a pair of cats that soon became very popular pets. One of them was presented to Capt. Evans of the Iowa, and the other to Capt. Clark, commander of the Oregon. When the steamer reached New York the cat was shipped to the captain's brother, at St. Joseph, Mich. Naturally "Cristobal," as he was named, created a genuine sensation. He was transported in a traveling basket, placarded as above, and received much newspaper notoriety, some of which was entirely undeserved.

The feline prisoner of war passed a very pleasant time at the lake city, where he was frequently interviewed by reporters and photographers, who reproduced him in all sorts of poses. Charitable people of Indianapolis, who had planned a "military tea," heard of Cris, and they persuaded Capt. Clark to allow him to be the feature of the show. He was the reigning sensation in that city for a time, the newspapers giving elaborate accounts of his appearance, his experiences, and his charming manners. His popularity netted a goodly sum for the Indianapolis free kindergarten.

After his experience there Captain and Mrs. Clark decided that he should travel no more, but in response to an appeal from Chicago, where a cat show was to be held, and in which several of Chris' shipmates on the Oregon were interested, the captain allowed him to go there. That was Chris' last appearance in public. He was attacked with some peculiar malady and died very suddenly, to the great distress of his master and mistress. The medal that he won at the Chicago show will be sent to the crew of the Oregon, as a memorial of their feline shipmate.

ANOTHER BULL.

In the lobby of the house two members of parliament were discussing the honor being paid to Ireland and Irish troops, says Spare Moments.

One was a Scotchman, the other an Irishman.

The man from Scotland said, condescendingly:

"It's very well to praise the Irish soldiers," and he was glad they were to wear the shamrock on St. Patrick's day, it must not be forgotten that the Highlanders had been bravely fighting, too; "they expected no special mark of favor for their services, they were always ready to brave death for their queen, and their loyalty was beyond reproach."

The Irishman interrupted indignantly: "I would have yez know, sorr," he cried, "there's as thrue a heart beats under an Irish soldier's tunic as beneath any Highlander's kilt!"

In less than ten minutes the story had gone round the house.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Heavy Blocks of United States Steel Changed Hands.

Burlington Rose to Highest Point In Its History.

Closing Was Active and Irregular, Below the Best.

New York, April 2.—There were wide openings and transfer of heavy blocks in the United States Steel stock and Burlington, the latter rising a point at the extreme high level. Manhattan was strong at an advance of over a point and a member of the constituent companies and also the independent companies were strong at gains of a point in some cases. St. Paul rose a point and the majority of stock showed fractional gains, but there were a few important exceptions on the side of light losses.

General selling followed the opening rise, and Rock Island lost 2¾, Burlington 2⅜ and St. Paul and Delaware & Hudson 1½. Practically every railroad and industrial stock of prominence declined below yesterday's closing. The advance in Tenn Coal and United States Steel was wiped out, but when Colorado Fuel advanced 4 points, all the steel stocks hardened. Enormous offerings met the rise in United States Steel stocks, and they reacted again to below last night. Generally speaking prices fell from ½ to 2 points below last night. Prominent stocks among the Pacifics, trunk lines, local tractions, coalers and specialties were a point or more under last night. Quick profit-taking by the bears caused some fractional rallies before the end of the hour.

Stocks which had scored the largest losses advanced from 1 to 2 points with shorts covering, and the rally was helped by a rise to 142 in Sugar. Meanwhile the steel stocks was transferred freely, United States, preferred, declining to 96. By noon the general undertone was rmer and the market quieter. Texas & Pacific was heavily bought at an advance of over 2 points and Amalgamated Copper gained as much. Bonds were lower.

Burlington made another spurt in the final hour, crossing 180 for the first time in its history. Northern Pacific rose to 97 and the preferred gained 2. Northwestern rose 5¾ in all, St. Paul and Omaha preferred and New York & Harlem 5 points each. The general response was early moderate and profit taking was continued on a heavy scale. Amalgamated Copper broke sharply 1½. The closing was active and irregular, below the best.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	140¾	142	140⅛	140½
Am. Tobacco	126	126	124	125¼
Atchison, com	63¾	63⅞	62⅞	63¼
Atchison, pfd	96½	96⅝	95¾	96
Brooklyn Transit	83½	83⅞	82⅜	82⅞
C., M. & St. P.	154	154⅛	152⅜	153½
C. B. & Q.	175	180⅛	172¾	179¼
C. & N. W.	184½	189½	184	188¾
U. S. Steel, com	49½	49½	48¼	49
U. S. Steel, pfd	97½	97½	95⅞	96⅞
B. & O.	92	92¼	91½	92
L. & N.	100½	101¼	100⅛	101¼
Manhattan	129½	130½	128¼	129⅞
Missouri Pacific	102⅝	103⅜	102⅛	102½
Nor. Pacific, com.	94¾	97	93¾	96⅜
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	92½	94½	92	92¾
People's Gas	108⅛	108⅛	107	107¾
Rock Island	139½	139½	136¾	138¾
Southern Pacific	37	47	46⅜	46⅞
Tenn. & C. I.	66	66	64	65⅛
Union Pacific, pfd.	85½	86	85	86
Union Pacific, com.	93¾	94⅜	93⅝	93¾
Union Pacific, com.	93¾	94⅜	93⅝	93¾
Western Union	93¾	93¾	93⅝	93¾
Southern Ry., com.	28⅝	28¾	28¼	28½
Southern Ry., pfd.	78¾	79	78¼	78⅞
Great Northern	201	202	200	202
Pennsylvania	154½	155	154¼	154½

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April 2.—Consols for money, 95⅝c; for the account, 95 15-16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 2.—Money on call loaning at 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88¼@ for demand, and at $4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84¼@¾; silver certificates, 59¾@61c; bar silver, 59c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c; government bonds, weak; refunding 2s, registered, $1.06; coupon, $1.06; 3s, registered, $1.10¾; coupon, $1.11½; new 4s, registered, $1.38¼; coupon, $1.38¼; old 4s, registered, $1.13; coupon, $1.13; 5s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.11½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 2.—Cotton opened steady to 3 points higher, following fairly favorable cables, and in the face of indications of large receipts. Covering was the principal support. May opened at 785, advanced to 788, sold down to 783, and rallied to 788 on renewed covering. Later cables were still better and fears that the market had become oversold were general. Cotton spot closed quiet, ⅛c higher. Middling uplands, 8 5-16c; middling gulf, 8 9-16c; sales, 20 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. April, June and July, 7.91; May, 7.97; August, 7.63; September, 7.46; October, 7.35; November, 7.30; December, 7.28; January, 7.28.

MARKET IS GONE

Speculative Dealing In Consolidated Stock Is Over.

Value Since the Announcement Is Well Known.

Amount to About $193 a Share at Present Quotations.

Consolidated stock was the talk of the city again today, but the market for it is gone now, for with the announcement of the terms of the deal by which John D. Rockefeller has put the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines into the United States Steel company, the value of the stock is known, and there is no longer any speculation in buying it.

Under the terms of the deal, each share of Consolidated is to be exchanged for stock in the steel combine, equal to $135 par value of preferred and $135 par value of common stock. The market value of the preferred today was around $96 and the common around $49. This means that Consolidated is worth about $192 to $195 a share. Of course every owner knows that and hence will not sell his stock for less.

The people who hung on to their stock through the recent boom have come out winner by considerable, and those who sold out are now without doubt kicking themselves. The judgment of those who bought stock around $160 has been more or less criticized, but it turns out to have been pretty good.

With a price of nearly $200 for the stock, there are a number of Duluth people who have moderate fortunes, and a great deal of money will come into the city. It has been estimated that there are about 10,000 shares held in Duluth and on the ranges, and this would mean $2,000,000 to come to this section.

STILL HELD.

Aguinaldo Will Not Be Granted Freedom By MacArthur.

Washington, April 2.—Notwithstanding the taking of the oath by Aguinaldo, he still will be held as a prisoner by Gen. MacArthur. It is possible he may be granted more liberty of action but he will not be afforded complete freedom for the present. The action of Aguinaldo in taking the oath it is believed at the war department, will have a far reaching effect in the pacification of the isands.

ONE SHOT.

Ward Politicians Have Trouble at the Chicago Election.

Chicago, April 2.—The first serious trouble over the election, occurred shortly after noon when Frank Hurley, a Democratic worker at the Twelfth precinct of the Third ward, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Thomas Moriarity, a Republican worker. Moriarity claims he shot in self defense. The volume of voting increased somewhat over the city as the day wore on, but the most liberal estimates did not place the probable vote over 275,000, two-thirds of the registration. The polls closed at 5 o'clock.

MORE APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, April 2.—The president has made the following appointments: War—Albert H. Eber, to be assistant surgeon of volunteers, with the rank of captain. William B. Gordon, to be professor at the military academy.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS.

Steel Boxes
for the safe-keeping of
Valuables!
FOR RENT:
Our vaults are in the Savings Department of the First National Bank. Prices, $5, $10 and $25 per year—according to size.
National Safe Deposit Co.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
23 WALL STREET,
NEW YORK, APRIL 2, 1901.

To the Stockholders of American Bridge Company, Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines:

The offer made in our circular of March 2, 1901, in behalf of the Syndicate, having been accepted by more than 98 per cent of the holders of stock in the several companies therein mentioned, the plan proposed in said circular has now become operative. We now offer, by authority and for account of the United States Steel Corporation, in exchange for the Preferred and Common Stock of the American Bridge Company and for the Stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines respectively, certificates for Preferred Stock and Common Stock of the United States Steel Corporation upon the following basis:

For each $100, par value, of Preferred Stock of the American Bridge Company, $110, par value, in the Preferred Stock of the United States Steel Corporation.

For each $100, par value, of Common Stock of the American Bridge Company, $105 in the Common Stock of the United States Steel Corporation.

For each $100, par value, of Stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, $135, par value, in the Preferred Stock, and $135, par value, in the Common Stock of the United States Steel Corporation.

Such preferred stock of the American Bridge Company will be received ex dividend payable April 24, 1901, but must carry all other dividends and rights to dividends declared or payable after that date. Such common stock of the American Bridge Company and such stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines must carry all dividends and rights to dividends declared or payable after March 15, 1901.

Dividends on the preferred stock of the United States Steel Corporation to be delivered to depositors are to begin to accrue from April 1, 1901.

Arrangements have already been made for the acquisition upon the above basis of more than eighty-five per cent of the stock of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, embracing therein the interests of Mr. John D. Rockefeller. Arrangements have also been made for the acquisition by the United States Steel Corporation of all the outstanding interest in the Oliver Iron Mining Company and the Pittsburg Steamship Company, not owned by the Carnegie Company. The offer herein made for stock of the American Bridge Company is conditional upon the deposit and sale hereunder of at least two-thirds in amount of all outstanding shares of the capital stock of said company, which two-thirds shall include two-thirds of the outstanding preferred stock.

Certificates for stocks of the American Bridge Company and of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines must be deposited with us, as stated below, in exchange for our transferable receipts. The deposited certificates must be accompanied by suitable assignments and powers of attorney in blank, duly executed, and having attached thereto the proper war revenue stamps, and also, if required, suitable assignments or transfers of all dividends and rights to dividends, as above stated. Every deposit must be made upon the following further terms and conditions:

1. The undersigned shall have power to deliver the deposited certificates to the United States Steel Corporation, but until so delivered the undersigned shall have full control over such certificates. The transfer and delivery to the Steel company of the deposited shares of any company may be completed whenever the undersigned deem that a sufficient amount of the stocks of such company shall have been deposited.

2. The certificates for shares of the United States Steel Corporation deliverable to depositors shall be delivered at an office or at offices in the city of New York, to be designated by the undersigned by advertisement in at least two newspapers in the city of New York. Such certificates may be issued in the names of the respective holders of the receipts entitled thereto, or may be issued in such other names as the undersigned may select, in which event they shall be endorsed for transfer in blank at the time of delivery. Every depositor agrees to accept, in full payment and exchange for his deposited stock, certificates for shares in the capital stock of the United States Steel Corporation, to be delivered at the rates above specified in respect of the stock by him so deposited. The undersigned, at their option, may deliver temporary certificates for such shares, pending the preparation and delivery of engraved certificates. The authorized capital stock of the United States Steel Corporation has been increased to $550,000,000 of preferred stock and $550,000,000 or common stock. The corporation has appropriated and has agreed to issue $425,000,000 of such preferred stock and $425,000,000 of such common stock under the contract referred to in said circular of March 2, 1901, and it proposes to issue the remainder of such authorized capital stock for future requirements and acquisitions, including the acquisition of the stocks deposited under this circular.

3. The undersigned may make all such rules as they shall deem expedient governing the transfer and registration of receipts for deposited shares and for the closing of the transfer books for such receipts for any purpose.

4. The United States Steel Corporation may revoke the offer hereby made as to all or any depositors of stock of the American Bridge Company, or of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, at any time before the stocks of the United States Steel Corporation actually shall have been issued and delivered in exchange therefor; and in such case no act or notice of revocation shall be required other than an advertisement thereof at least once in each of two daily newspapers in the city of New York. In the event of any such revocation the deposited stocks then remaining unexchanged shall be returned without charge, upon surrender of the respective receipts issued therefor, and the depositors and receipt-holders respectively shall have no claim against the United States Steel Corporation or against the undersigned.

DEPOSITS OF LAKE SUPERIOR CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES Stock must be made at our office, No. 23 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Deposits of PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK of the AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY may be made either at our office, No. 23 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, or at the office of MESSRS. KIDDER, PEABODY & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

All deposits must be made on or before the 15TH DAY OF APRIL, 1901. After that date no deposits will be received except in our discretion and on such terms as we may prescribe.

The right is reserved to the undersigned to terminate the privilege of deposit hereunder at an earlier date upon two days' notice, to be given by publication at least once in two daily newspapers in New York City.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
Syndicate Managers.

GRAY MATTER.

Over a Hundred People Have Given Away Their Brains.

Nearly 130 people of education have willed their brains to the Cornell Brain association, says the St. Louis Republic.

Like other wills, this, of course, is not in force until the testator is dead; and, unlike other wills, its provisions may be set aside by objections of the near relatives of the dead man.

The Cornell Brain association is organized on the theory that it is as necessary to science to study the formation of educated, intelligent and respectable people as it is to dissect and discuss the brains of criminals, idiots and paupers. Professor Burt G. Wilder, president, has an idea that no well educated person is so poor in this world's goods that his skull may not hold some priceless secret of mentality or heredity, as discovered in the cases of the two doctors Seguin. Consequently, the professor has sent requests for their brains to great men, thinkers in the higher walks of life, regardless of their material estates.

Professor Wilder says that heretofore science has been compelled to get along with a very inferior quality of brain for examination. Abundant specimens have been obtained from the ignorant, criminal and insane classes, but these are diseased brains. The scarcity of the normal, healthy article in the laboratory is said to be altogether due to antipathy to dissection among those who die in cultured homes and surrounded by surviving relatives.

There is, however, one variety of the degenerate brain lacking in the collection of the Cornell association, and to supply it Professor Wilder is keeping a sharp lookout for the brain of the first negro who may be lynched in that part of the country.

In the printed report sent out by the Cornell Brain association is a clause which makes the bequest void if any of the near relatives should interpose any objection to the proceeding, but the testator signs a request that relatives will not interfere with his wishes in the matter of the removal. Notes and directions also accompany the circular, setting forth all the legal aspects of the case.

When the testator dies the memorandum on lle with the association is sent to his family, and, no objection being raised the desired organ is removed by a surgeon of the medical department of Cornell.

Most of the replies have so far come from professors of Cornell university and members of the alumni association. One of the bequests as accompanied by the following note:

"You can have my brains when I am through with them, and my body, too, if you wish it."

Other letters from various parts of the country contain requests for the blank form issued by Professor Wilder. An unsolicited bequest comes from a distinguished woman, herself a scientific investigator, whose devotion to the advancement of knowledge is shown by the fact that the brain of one of her children has already been contributed.

In the Cornell collection all the bequeathed specimens are designated by Professor Wilder as "sacred brains." The jars are protected fom culous eyes by a white curtain swung across one side of the laboratory. Each jar contains a human brain in perfect state of preservtion, retaining the exact color and shape as when it was removed from the skull. The "fissured pattterns" are plainly discernible, and the difference by comparison is one of the first wonders to be noted.

The jars are all labeled with the name of the donor and some slight description of his characteristics. On one of the jars, containing an extraordinarily large brain, is this description:

> CHAUNCEY WRIGHT.
> Mathematician and Scientist.

Another is labeled "Mrs. E. R. Ferris, a Brilliant Woman," and beside it is the brain of her husband.

"James Edward Oliver, Professor of Mathematics in Cornell college," is there, too. And still another is marked "E. L. B. Curtis, Educated Farmer."

The brains of paupers, lunatics, criminals and unknown dead are kept in a different department—in the museum—and the used in the every day course of study.

The form of bequest follows:

Recognizing the need of studying the brains of educated persons rather than those of the ignorant, criminal or insane, in order to determine their weight, form and fissural pattern, the correlations with bodily and mental powers of various kinds and degrees, and the influences of sex, age and inheritance. I hereby declare my wish at my death my brain should be instrusted to the Cornell Brain association or to the curator of the collection of human brains in the museum of the Cornell university, for scientific uses, and for preservation, as a whole, or in part, as may be thought best. It is my hope that my family and friensd may not oppose the fulfillment of this, my earnest wish.

THE SWEATER DOOMED.

Among the many improvements at the University of Pennsylvania is noted the passing of the sweater, and now to the casual observer the student has much the same appearance as other young men who have never attended college, says the Philadelphia Record. Only a very few years ago the partiality of the average student for the sweater was very evident. In their college rooms, at their boarding houses, at lectures and on the streets, the students wore the red and blue sweaters and those who were so fortunate as to have won the varsity "P," or even class numerals, wore this garment so adorned on Sunday as well as on week days. The order of affairs is now reversed. Except at athletic contests, and during the very coldest days of winter, the sweater is not worn. Years ago, when the sweater first became popular with the student, the faculty sought to restrict the wearing of the garment, but such an attempt at interference only served to increase the popularity of the sweater with the students. Now the use of this garment is confined chiefly to the athletes and freshmen, the former wearing it as a matter of protection and the latter, perhaps, because the sophomores declare it a crime for the "freshies" to wear sweaters of red and blue.

ISLAND'S RESOURCES

Interesting Facts About the Island of Porto Rico.

Few Countries Are Better Drained, It Is Asserted.

Scarcity of Timber One of Most Serious Obstacles.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—In view of the fact that the island of Porto Rico has now become one of our new colonial possessions, it might be well for the people of the United States to learn something of the agricultural resources and capabilities of that island. The department of agriculture has just issued an interesting as well as an instructive bulletin upon the subject, in consequence of investigations made by experts sent to that island in accordance with the terms of the appropriation act for the department.

The island, it might be well to state in passing, is situated in the Atlantic ocean in the direct line of trade between New York and South America. The temperature is tropical, but is so modified by altitude and ocean winds that extreme heat or cold is never experienced. As the temperature is largely modified by the winds from the ocean, and especially by the trade winds, considerable variation is found in different portions of the island, it being warmer where the trade winds are shut off by mountains.

In a recent report on the water resources of Porto Rico, an expert in the geological survey states "that all the crops which the soil will produce can be grown over three-fourths of the extent of the island with the aid of the abundant rainfall alone. The other one-fourth, including all the region near the coast and from Cabo Bojo, on the extreme west to beyond Guayana on the east, must be irrigated if the soil is to produce the full measure of crops of which it is capable. The total area of these irrigable lands is, however, relatively small.

Few countries are better drained than Porto Rico. It is claimed that there are over 1800 streams in the island, of which thirty are rivers of considerable size. Springs are abundant in the mountain district and the water is pure.

One of the most serious obstacles confronting the agriculturist in Porto Rico is the scarcity of timber and wood. There is practically no accessible building timber. The records of history and the samples of the woods preserved prove that Porto Rico at the time of its discovery had a wealth of timber unsurpassed by any island in the world. That immediate steps should be taken to reforest the island to the extent of its own uses is self-evident, especially as there is plenty of idle land for this purpose. There is much government land in the mountains that can be profitably used for woodland, on which could be planted hardwood trees of quick maturity for fuel and more durable woods for posts and building purposes.

Agriculture in Porto Rico is conducted on narrow lines. Sugar, coffee, tobacco and cattle constitute almost the entire exports.

Prior to the occupation of the island by the Americans, the sugar industry was in a bankrupt condition, owing to the low prices of sugar and other causes. Many planters allowed their sugar houses to go to decay and turned their cane fields into pastures. Of the eighty-six sugar estates in the district of Farjardo, fourteen were idle and turned out for grazing in 1898—the year of our occupancy. Had they been prosperous they would have been in cane that year. Further statistics show that about two-sevenths of the larger sugar estates of the island had gone out of business. A few sugar estates, with capital and close management, were able to pay expenses and continue in the business. For the ten years prior to 1898 Porto Rico had marketed in the United States an average of over 80,000,000 pounds of sugar annually, at prices ranging from 1.7 cents to 2 cents per pound. The crop of 1899, though injured about 33 per cent by the hurricane, netted the planters more money than any crop for several years. They stated that they realized from 3⅛ to 4 cents per pound, acording to quality. It is estimated that the present crop will furnish about 80,000,000 pounds for export. The sugar industry is therefore in a flourishing condition.

All careful investigations show that when Porto Rico came under American control the financial condition of the coffee planters, in the aggregate, was about as bad as it could be. Of course there were some exceptions, but from 70 to 75 per cent of the coffee plantations are now seriously injured, and the value of all coffee lands has declined. In case of the abandonment of this large percentage of coffee plantations these lands will become non-productive, except the slight value in grasses and brush. This will reduce the export products of the island, as coffee constituted about seven-tenths of the exports of the island, during 1895, 1896 and 1897. Abandonment would mean death to many laborers, who could find no other immediate employment. If not to be abandoned, vigorous steps should be taken to restore old plantations and set new ones.

Can this be done profitably? Planters claim that it now costs 9 cents a pound on an average to make and market a crop of coffee; that if former methods are to be continued and Porto Rican coffee is to be sold in the United States in competition with the Rio, it is better to abandon coffee planting in Porto Rico. But it is not necessary to continue former methods. The average product should be increased three or fourfold which would reduce the cost of production below 5 cents per pound. The best coffee in the world should be produced. Such coffees ought to average 14 to 20 cents per pound. This result could be accomplished at a nominal expense by the United States department of agriculture through an experiment station, experimenting in, and disseminating knowledge of, coffee production. From this standpoint coffee productions in Porto Rico has a hopeful future.

Tobacco, the third chief product of Porto Rico, does not labor under any such advantages as coffee, as the loss of a crop can be repaired in one year. Aside from the temporary loss by the hurricane, the chief difficulty of the tobacco industry is the change of markets. Formerly a large percentage of the tobacco of Porto Rico was shipped to Cuba. This consisted of the better grade of fillers and wrappers. In Cuba it was manufactured and sold as Cuban product.

In 1899 the Cuban tariff, imposing prohibitive duties on the Porto Rican product went in to effect, and the market for two-thirds of the crop was at once lost. The Spanish market was lost by change of flag, and tobacco was compelled to seek new markets. In this emergency the tobacco dealers met the difficulties by studying the markets of the United States and producing the qualities here demanded Formerly they assorted their tobacco into three grades. Recently some have employed Cuban experts, and are making fifteen or sixteen brades. As soon as it is ascertained that Porto Rican tobacco and cigars can be profitably sold in the United States, there will be a large increase in the industry to provide an income while they are restoring their coffee plantations

It is evident that the only immediate relief that can be afforded the agricultural interests in Porto Rico must be provided through the established lines of industry—sugar coffee, and tobacco. While immediate steps should be taken greatly to increase the number of profitable industries, such changes can only be effected gradually, and should be regarded rather as part of a wise economic policy for the future than as a measure to afford the immediate relief required. All thefarm labor of the island was formerly given employment. The insufficiency of employment now arises chiefly from the prostration of the coffee farms. While the sugar and tobacco industries will provide about the normal amount of labor the present year, they can be greatly strengthened financially. Better drainage, the use of renovating crops, and a judicious system of crop rotation will enormously increase the produce per acre, and more improved machinery will add largely to the sugar product.

A further means of improving agricultural conditions is for all the sugar, coffee and tobacco plantations to produce a variety of food crops sufficient for their employes, and for each employe, who is the head of a family, to produce the food for his household. This should be a cardinal principle adopted by all planters. For an island as fertile as Porto Rico to import annually 50 cents' worth of alimentary products in order to export $1 worth of sugar, coffee, and tobacco is an unsafe policy and should be discontinued at once.

The number of small farms should be greatly increased, and their products diversified to the limit of profit. The fruit and nut crop in ten years should exceed the combined annual export of all farm crops at this date. Winter vegetables, poultry and dairy products should form large items in the export columns.

The early establishment of a number of minor industries closely related to agriculture is of vital importance to future prosperity. The object of such industries is to give profitable employment to the wives and children of farm laborers, so that the earning ability of the home may be doubled, and in some cases quadrupled. Under such conditions, if the head of the family fails for any cause to earn his wage, the home goes on; the earning capacity is lessened, but the home is not destroyed. This has its moral as well as economic bearing. Many philanthropic Porto Ricans suggested that the farm laborers on the coffee and tobacco plantations scattered among the mountains, without roads, society, or schools, children nude and semi-wild, could never derive the full advantages of free education and be influenced by the elevation of society until they were gathered into small villages and became amenable to society. In a republic this cannot be done by force, but once establish small industrial villages in the country and the small scattered mountain population will be attracted to the village by its superior earning capacity and its advantages for schools, society and better living. This will be no detriment to the farms, because the village laborers will be within reach of every farm. The industrial village, where all are workers, is fundamental in Japanese civilization. The manufacture of hats, straw goods and matting, the production of raw silk, and the canning of tropical fruits are examples of the employments in question.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

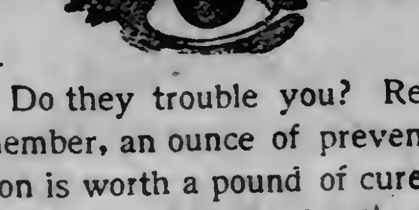
So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

Your Eyes?



Do they trouble you? Remember, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Don't delay! Attend to them at once.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE.

GEIST & ERD,
Jewelers and Opticians,
121 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

PROGRESSING WELL.

London, April 2.—Olga Nethersole, the actress, who underwent a surgical operation last week, is progressing excellently and expects to go out at the end of this week.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

SUES FOR PRESENTS

Chicago Man Would Get Back Gifts to a Girl.

Gallant Justice Tells Her to Keep What She Has.

Romance Between Debonair Tea Merchant and a Stenographer.

Chicago, April 2.—Henry A. Davidson, gay and debonair, owns and conducts a tea store at No. 1384 West Madison street.

Miss Stella Stevens, a stenographer, youthful, vivacious and charming, lives with her mother in apartments over the house of teas.

From this near contact springs a romantic tale of budding love, ardent wooing, princely present making, blighted hope, the waning of a once fond passion and a haling into the rude and unsympathetic atmosphere of a civil court.

It is now three years since Henry first met Stella and learned at once that she was the only woman he would ever love. But the maid was coy, and soon it was evident to her wooer that not by storm could he carry the citadel of her affections, but that the insidious methods of the miner and the sapper must be adopted before the fortress could be carried by assault. Therefore he went to work in his artful way and showered, at judicious intervals, his sweetheart with gifts of cost.

The presents were all right, for here they are:

One solitaire diamond ring.
One pair of opera glasses.
One gold watch with diamond setting.
One pair of gold earrings, with diamond settings.
One $20 gold coin.
One stone marten collarette.
Six pairs of kid gloves.

A probability exists that this is not the historical order in which Henry's gifts met presentation—and acceptance. More likely is it, one would think, that he began with flowers (unlisted), and by the glove and gold coin route led up to the stone marten collarette. Possibly then came the watch. Last of all, it may be assumed, came the diamond solitaire ring, a pledge of truth. However, upon these points the parties chiefly in interest preserve a discreet reticence, and the facts in the case may never be divulged.

There came a time one day when Stella's cordiality seemed to bank its fires. It was when Henry was making his customary evening call that his sweetheart upbraided him with the fact that scarlet fever had appeared in his boarding house, and with the reproach that he should not have exposed her to contagion by visiting her. To this Henry made no reply. Nor did he stand upon the order of his going. When again he called Stella was "not at home."

Next day he sent for the diamond ring. It was returned to him. Then perhaps Henry brooded upon the fickleness of woman. Soon thereafter Henry filed a suit in replevin against Miss Stella Stevens, defendant, and instituted his action before Justice Davison of Melrose Park, thereby heaping inconvenience upon indignity.

It was on Saturday morning last that the parties to this unhappy contention appeared before the law in Melrose Park and were duly sworn to tell all and naught but the truth.

"I want my presents back," declared Henry.

"He could have had his old presents back if only he had asked for them decently," retorted the fair Stella; "but they are mine, for he gave them to me, and now I'm going to keep them if I can."

The court is a man of gallantry and an ornament to the bench.

"Henry," he decided, "go home; you lose. Stella, you keep all the jewelry and gloves you can get. Clerk, call the next case."

And so the litigants went their several ways, one mourning, one elated in the consciousness of righteous triumph.

EDEN IN CHINA.

Claim That Adam and Eve Were Chinese.

Denver, Col., April 2.—Professor James E. Burton, a former student of Cornell university, who is now here on his way back to Ithaca to become a member of the university, announces that he is going to try to prove the Chinese race was the first race to inhabit the earth and that the Garden of Eden was located in China. He was for four years connected with the department of antiquities of the Egyptian government.

"I have made a very careful investigation of the matter," he said in explaning his theory, "and I am convinced that both Adam and Eve were Chinese. The boasted civilization of Egypt comes by way of Assyria from Central China, and proves that our civilization was really from the Chinese and not from Assyria and Egypt, as has been generally held heretofore by scholars.

"From China also must have come the stories of the creation and the fall of man, for while these have been attributed to Assyria, all the arts, sciences and letters originated in China, and the location of the Garden of Eden must have been in China."

Mr. Burton says that his work with the spade in Egypt will support all of these statements.

Seven Day Adventist Convention, Battle Creek, Mich.

March 31 and April 1 the Northern Pacific will sell tickets to Battle Creek, Mich., and return for $16.55. Good returning April 10 with privilege of having limit extended until April 25. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

WHIRLING SPRAY

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 330 Times Bldg., New York.

Absolutely Clean

In the Schlitz brewery cleanliness is carried to extremes. We do more than is necessary to be certain of doing enough.

The caldrons in which the beer is brewed are kept scrupulously clean and covered. The air in which the beer is cooled is filtered.

The barrels in which it is stored are cleaned with steam and soda, then glazed with rosin on the inside, then cleaned again. The bottles are cleaned with utmost precaution.

Still we filter the beer, then sterilize every bottle, for the slightest uncleanliness taints the whole product. It is in these ways that Schlitz beer has gained its reputation for purity, and made Milwaukee famous.

'Phone 353, Schlitz,
38-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

TRADE MARK SCHLITZ

IN MICHIGAN.

Bursting of Air Cylinder Injures Young Man at Republic.

Republic—Alfonse Marks, a well known young man of this place, was the victim of a very peculiar accident at the new air compressor house of the Republic Iron company. He came out at the usual hour expecting to take his place underground. Learning that the mine was on fire and that there would be no work, he and two others strolled into the compressor house to size up the new plant. The engineer had just started the engine and it had made but a few turns when one of the high pressure cylinders burst, sending pieces about the room. One chunk, about 40 by 40 inches in size, struck the ceiling and came down alongside of Marks as he lay prostrate on the floor. He was badly injured and there is some doubt of his recovery.

Thomaston—Conductor James Connell, of the South Shore road, is laid up with a number of slight injuries, the legacy of a mishap that might easily have had serious consequences. It occurred at Thomaston, where Mr. Connell stepped from his passenger train, which was moving slowly at the time, to look after some of his duties. He slipped on the ice and, after lurching against the train once, had a heavy fall.

Menominee—John Henes, member of the board of Upper Peninsula prison control, whose term expired Feb. 15 of this year, will shortly be designated as his own successor by Governor Bliss. It was given out some time ago that Mr. Henes did not care to serve another term, but he has been urged by his friends to accept the reappointment which Governor Bliss is understood to desire to tender him. Mr. Henes has made a good member of the board and his reappointment will be generally satisfactory.

Marquette—The unwatering of the old Minnesota mine is proceeding rapidly and the water is going down in the old workings at the rate of four to five feet daily. Diamond drills borings recently made from the "Calico" lode toward the old Minnesota contact vein show very rich copper, and it is altogether probable that millions of dollars worth of copper will be taken from the old Minnesota, which in the '50s was the Calumet and Hecla of the lake copper district.

Judge L. P. Crary was the victim of a serious accident. He was about his house and barn doing the regular chores. He slipped on a patch of ice near the entrance to the barn and fell in such a way that injuries to a knee cap resulted. It was fractured and the ligaments were torn away. Mr. Crary was removed to St. Luke's hospital where he is now receiving careful attention. He will be laid up for a number of weeks.

TOLSTOI BANISHED.

Escorted to the Frontier By Gendarmes.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—It was rumored several days ago, but generally disbelieved, that Count Leo Tolstoi had been banished from Russia because of the attempted assassination of Privy Councillor Pobiedonostzeff, chief procurator of the Holy Synod (who was shot at early in the morning of March 22, while sitting in his study) the attempt being attributed to a desire for revenge growing out of the excommunication of Count Tolstoi Owing to the indefiniteness of the rumor, it was disregarded by the correspondent here of the Associated Press. Now, however, the correspondent has received a private letter from a usually trustworthy source in Vilna, capital of the government of that name, saying that Count Tolstoi was reported to have passed through Vilna, March 26, being escorted to the frontier by two gendarmes.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

SYSTEM OF BERTILLON

"Speaking Portrait" Method of Identification of Criminals.

Officer Carries In Mind a Caricature of Criminal.

Nose and Ears Require the Most Careful Attention.

New York, April 2.—Bertillon's latest system of detecting criminals is by the "speaking portrait." Though his method of measurements is of enormous value to the police of the civilized world, yet it is impossible for a detective to apply this in the street. What has been needed is a brief memorandum of the salient characteristics that have most fixity in the individual, and most variability in different persons.

This memorandum, says the Press, is placed on a card which may be carried in the pocket and consulted instantly and quietly. It contains ten to fifteen distinctive signs, applicable to each individual.

The only city in Great Britain and Ireland that has adopted this new Bertillen system is Glasgow. William Douglass, superintendent of the marine police of that city, in a description of the "speaking portrait," says that it is divided into three chapters, the first dealing with the color of the eyes, hair and face, the second with facial and bodily characteristics, the third with an analysis of the profile and face.

It does not necessarily follow that because the chapters are arranged in this order the detective will apply them in the same order to his criminal. When looking for his man he carries in his mind only the most characteristic features—the fixed features, such as the eyes, nose, forehead or ears. These the criminal cannot alter at will, though he may dye the color of his hair or the complexion of his face; he may hide his mouth under hair, or disguise his build of body by padding his clothes or in other ways.

Therefore the officer carries in his mind a kind of caricature of the person to be recognized, concerning himself at first with only his exaggerated features, and taking no heed of those that would be described as average. Everyone knows how easy it is to recognize some well-known personage from a caricature, which is far superior to the best photographs for this purpose.

In studying the man whom the detective may believe to be the person wanted, the forehead does not detain him long, as the inclination, whether receding, vertical or bulging, the prominence of the arches, the height, width and peculiarities may be noted at a glance. The nose and the ears require mare careful attention. The nose is the organ that has most to do with the character of a face, and minute descriptions are given in the "speaking portraits." The ear is classified minutely, and after having dealt with these important features, the build of the men under observation—width of shoulders and the girth—is scrutinized.

The chief item in the detective's card is headed "complimentary, characteristic traits." The points here considered include a description of lips and chin, and the general contour of the head, the various ways the hair is implanted around the forehead, descriptions of the hair, beard, eyebrows and shape and droop of the eyelids, the wrinkles and furrows of the face, especially on the brow and on the bridge of the nose, the size of the neck, the slope of the shoulders, the general attitude and mien, and also a description of the quality of the voice. With a little experience the police officer will catch at a glance the outstanding features, even in a great crowd of persons, and can then proceed to identify his man item by item, the victim, if the officer is smart and resourceful, being entirely unaware of any danger until a tap on the shoulder apprises him of the fact that he is captured.

By the use of the Bertillon system a criminal who falls into the clutches of the law more than once stands absolutely no chance of hiding his identity, if his measurements have been taken by the anthropometrical system. But, as every criminal knows, when he is at large, this system is practically useless to his pursuers; the detectives cannot measure the length of a man's middle finger in a crowd or take an impression of his thumb. It was this obvious fact which led the great Paris criminal expert to study the subject of crime detection afresh and devise the system of the "speaking portrait."

MARK OF SYMPATHY.

Demonstration Arranged By Students of Warsaw.

Berlin, April 2.—The Vossiche Zeitung today prints a special dispatch from Lemburg, in which, based upon information received from Warsaw, it is said that the Russian minister of the interior, Privy Counsellor Sipiaguine was recently shot at, but that the plot to assassinate him failed.

The students of the university of Warsaw have been preparing a great demonstration as a mark of sympathy for their Russian comrades. In Paulavy the astronomic institute has been closed because the students have engaged in riots. In Bialystock, Russian Poland, a Socialist funeral occasioned big riots. Thousands of persons paraded the streets singing revolutionary songs and shouting "Long live liberty," the military finally quelling the disturbance, but not without considerable bloodshed.

A special dispatch from Munich to the Lokal Anzeiger says that Count Von Buelow was met last evening in Boben by the German ambassador to Vienna, Prince Von Eulenburg and today they will proceed together for Venice, where they will meet Senor Zanardella, the Italian premier.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

A New Comer Expected

It will bring joy and comfort, especially if its birth is made easy to the mother.

Children born under painful circumstances or surroundings before or during accouchement are rarely strong, hearty and healthy.

Parents and relatives should recommend a trial of "Mother's Friend" for external use. It is a simple and effective liniment, relieving all pain by relaxing the muscles. There is nothing like it in the world.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by express paid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Waiting.

Every woman should send for a little book we publish on "Motherhood." It is free.

THE DAKOTAS.

Horrible Death of a Young Woman Near Menno.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Olivet—Miss Sarah Holt, residing a few miles south of Menno, fell into a well and was drowned. She was subject to epileptic fits, and it is thought that while drawing water she was taken with one. She fell head first, and death must have ensued almost instantly.

Hugo Spannagel has sold his 1000-acre stock ranch adjoining the town of Olivet for the sum of $25,000. It was one of the best ranches on the James river. The buildings, while not costly, are substantial. Iowa men become the owners. Mr. Spannagel will remain on the farm till fall.

Huron—News has been received of the death at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Huntington, at Monroved, Cal., of Lewis S. Hazen, formerly of this city. He had been in ill health for several months, and was but recently joined by his son, L. W. Hazen, of Sioux Falls. He was among the early residents of Huron and was identified with the best interests and enterprises of the place.

A well-attended meeting of wool-growers and sheep-breeders of Beadle county was held here, at which J. E. Tomlinson was elected sheep inspector for the county. A county wool-growers' and sheep-breeders' association was formed, with these officers: John Haigh, president; Louis Deeters, vice president; J. C. Milne, secretary and H. A. Palmer, treasurer. An executive committee was named as follows: J. E. McAndrews, P. J. Saxer, Dan McCarthy, Ben Peterson and E. W. Wempel.

Lead—Theodore Gesky, who took a prominent part in the last campaign for the fusionists, will establish a Democratic paper in this city in a short time. He is a Kentucky Democrat. He will have the only Democratic paper in the Hills.

Rev. Mrs. Sherman Womeldorf, one of the best known preachers in the Black Hills, has resigned her pastorate of the First Baptist church in this city. She will go to Chicago to study. She was formerly pastor of the First Baptist church of Deadwood.

Dell Rapids—Mike Carrigan, a barber, committed siucide this afternoon. He locked himself in his shop and fired a revolver bullet in his head and died instantly. He leaves a wife and one child. He had resided here sixteen years.

Hosmer—Hosmer is experiencing a boom in the land business. Land before thought valueless is now taken up and rented out or sold to good advantage.

Sioux Falls—William A. Snyder has instituted a suit for $3300 damages against Wesley J. Snell, a local furniture dealer, on the charge of alienating the affections of his wife.

Eureka—Company A of the state militai —known as Governor Herreid's guard—has been duly organized. Oscar Kirbow, captain; I. Sherwoon and Charles Erbe, first and second lieutenants.

Wilmot—S. H. Smith, living three miles southeast, had a 4-year-old bay mare and a pair of harness stolen. The thief is supposed to have stolen a single top buggy of Alice Staala, of this place.

Castlewood—The case against O. E. Anderson, the defaulting auditor of Hamlin county, has been continued until the October term.

J. W. Garland was sentenced to imprisonment for a year and two months.

Rapid City—James A. Carew, who has been a miner and prospector for years in the Hornblende mining district, of late years has been a sufferer from rheumatism. His case became so bad that he was brought to the poorhouse in this city. His mine was sold a few days since and he is now a rich man.

Mitchell—John Gregory, the 16-year-old son of W. H. Gregory, division roadmaster of the Milwaukee road, was accidentally shot in Fox & Walt's bowling alley and shooting gallery. The boy is alive, but there is not a chance in a thousand that he will recover.

NORTH DAKOTA. 6

Fargo—William and John Richards, pleaded guilty in the United States court, of removing timber from government land in Towner country. They were sentenced by Judge Amidon to short terms in jail and $30 fine. Judge Amidon has appointed George H. Soule of Towner, United States commissioner.

Among the recent bankrupts discharged were G. E. Kermott, Grafton; J. G. Comstock, Wahpeton; L. A. Tyson, Hankinson; Joe Mills, Hankinson; Henry O'Neill, Fargo; P. O. Nyseter, Fargo.

The W. C. T. U. board in charge of the Woman's Home of this city, reports a most satisfactory meeting. Plans were laid for the remainder of the year. The girl inmates of the place are temporarily engaged in laundry work and efforts are being made the enterprise partially self-supporting. The home is supported by the state W. C. T. U. organization and women are sent there from all over the state.

United States Marshal Haggart received a telegram late yesterday announcing trouble among the settlers on Fort Buford reservation. The land is to be thrown open for settlement in July, and it is said new settlers and squatters are arrayed against each other, and homes of the latter have been destroyed and their lives threatened. The marshal has communicated with the department at Washington and awaits instructions.

There is a bitter contest in the district court over a valuable tract of land in the northern part of the county, which was the home of Joel Peterson He alleges that his father and a man named Dickinson are conspiring to beat him out of the property and induced him to sign a conveyance without consideration Judge Pollock has appointed a receiver till the matter can be fully investigated. A lot of personal property is also involved.

OLDER THAN THE NATION.

Aged Inmate of a Jersey Poor House.

New York, April 1.—For more than half a century Noah Raby, born a subject of King George III, in the latter's colony of North Carolina, has been an inmate of the poor farm in Piscataway township, near New Brunswick, N. J., and yesterday he celebrated the 129th anniversary of his birth.

Raby has smoked a pipe since he was 5 years of age, and is a great lover of tobacco in any form. He has not drank any ardent spirits in a long time, principally because he could not get them, but for the best time of his life, indulged in liquor, malt and spirituous, in moderation.

The old man has grown very weak during the last year, and his birthday was the quietest he has known in many years. The occasion is usually a gala day at the poor farm, the farmers from miles around having been in the habit of bringing their wives and daughters to do honor to the man who was alive when the Declaration of Independence was signed. Last year the reception was so fatiguing that it was feared that the old man would die from the effects of the kindnesses showered upon him by the visitors.

Raby says that he was born April 1, 1772. He remembers to have heard Gen. George Washington make an address at Yorktown about the year 1790. About the beginning of the last century he joined the United States navy, in which he remained until the breaking out of the second war with England, when he went back to North Carolina, but the girl whom he expected to marry proving fickle, he left that part of the country and went to New Jersey. He settled in Piscataway township, and has continued to live there ever since. About fifty years ago he became an inmate of the poorhouse. He has never married, and has neither kith nor kin in this part of the country.

Raby's father was an Indian, and he himself has always lived an outdoor life. This fact is held to be partly responsible for his longevity.

DIZZINESS

Those dizzy headaches are very annoying. Don't you know what causes them? The most common of all diseases—Constipation. Your system is clogged and needs cleansing. The best remedy is

LINCOLN TEA

The only certain cure for Constipation. It acts without a gripe, while you sleep.

ONE DOSE DOES THE WORK.

A 100-Page Book of Stories and Anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln free with every 25-cent package.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

MRS. SCHWAB.

Charles M. Schwab, the newly elected head of the steel trust, gladly acknowledges that his charming wife has had much to do with his success in life, says the New York Journal.

Emma E. Dinkey and Charles Schwab were playmates and schoolmates in Loretta, Pa., and plighted their troth while still children. Their parents were then in comparatively poor circumstances, and Emma Dinkey, now the wife of the multi-millionaire, was trained in all household duties as befitted the daughter of persons of but moderate means.

Before young Schwab left Loretto, to seek his fortune in the Carnegie works, he had asked the tall, sweet-faced girl to be his wife. Before leaving their native town he had tried his fortune as a grocer's clerk, but found that his income there was limited to $2.50 per week. He then concluded to seek a wider sphere of usefulness, and the girl he loved encouraged him in this.

Young Schwab was 22 years of age and had already earned a salary of $2000 a year before he returned to Loretto in [illegible] and married his childhood sweetheart. His choice of a helpmate was most wise. His wife has since then watched carefully his progress, and although not keeping up with him in technical knowledge, has frequently given him valuable advice.

Mr. Schwab's rapid rise in the business world has naturally greatly changed his social environments.

Mrs. Schwab, though not fond of social dissipation, has met these new conditions most charmingly. She is a perfect hostess, being thoroughly possessed of that first requisite—the sense of hospitality. She is never happier than when entertaining her old schoolmates—unless, indeed, it is when she is undertaking the education of their sons.

Mrs. Schwab almost invariably accompanies her husband to New York and even to Europe, but is usually accompanied by several of her girlhood friends, to whom she is a most charming hostess. She especially delights in bringing on to the Waldorf-Astoria a choice coterie of her friends, taking them to theaters and operas and winding up with a tour of the big stores.

Mrs. Schwab has traveled extensively and in her travels has gathered a great store of art knowledge. She is particularly fond of miniatures, and has a large and valuable collection of tiny works of art. She is enthusiastically interested in her husband's ideas with regard to the establishment of industrial schools and is personally superintending the education of many young friends.

Mrs. Schwab is a splendid whist and euchre player and is particularly fond of card parties at her handsome home.

Although commanding an army of servants, Mrs. Schwab personally supervises her domestic arrangements. As a girl she was taught every branch of domestic economy and the possession of millions has notchanged her ambition to control her own household.

The Schwabs are childless, but they have unostentatiously provided for the future of many little ones.

Mrs. Schwab dresses in quiet but exquisite taste. She is tall and of striking appearance, proud of her husband, helpful to her friends, religious and hospitable to an unusual degree.

IN GOOD QUARTERS.

When King Edward VII was a busy boy he very often went down from Windsor to Eton, where he had more than one friend at the school, says the Chicago Chronicle.

It was by the express wish of the queen that when the prince of Wales visited the college he was to be received with no ceremony. This was literally carried out on one occasion, when the young prince, wandering away from the gentleman-in-waiting, was suddenly greeted by a boy with the familiar question:

"What's your name? Where do you board and whose your tutor?" The prince gravely replied: "My name is Wales; I board at Windsor castle, and my dame —not my tutor—is the queen."

Then he shook hands with the inquirer, who, so far from being abashed, merely remarked: "You're in very good quarters, sir."

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

Every Night at 7 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the streets of..... Ashland

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

Modern four and five room flats in **Bellevue Terrace**, cor. of seventh Avenue West and First Street. To be ready for occupancy May 1st.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

BAD FOR PATRICK

Strong Evidence Against Alleged Murderer of Rice.

Testimony Shows That He Fixed Up the Will.

Jones, the Valet, Gives Some Very Damaging Testimony.

New York, April 2.—Albert T. Patrick was brought into Justice Jerome's court today for a continuation of the preliminary hearing on the charge that he had caused the death of William M. Rice, of Texas. David L. Short and Morris Meyers, the witnesses to Rice's will, who are held on a charge of forgery, were brought in with him. Mrs. Anna Francis was recalled to the witness stand. She testified that she had never written any letters for Patrick. She had written one letter concerning the Rice will matter to J. M. Coleman, of Houston, Texas, but it was not at Patrick's request. Patrick had never told her he was Rice's confidential friend and attorney. Assistant District Attorney Osborne asked what medicines Patrick had taken last year, and the witness replied that she knew he had taken iron and calomel pills and medicine for malaria.

At the conclusion Mrs. Francis' testimony, the assistant district attorney obtained a subpoenae for Patrick's medicine chest, which Mrs. Francis said was at her house.

Charles F. Jones, Rice's valet, was then called. He said he had worked as storekeeper at the Capitol hotel, Houston, Texas, owned by Mr. Rice. He said that he met Mr. Rice in 1896 and that he had been Mr. Rice's secretary, valet and general utility man. Mr. Rice, he said, moved to New York in September, 1897.

Witness said that he first met Patrick in November, 1899. Patrick represented himself as a commercial man from Texas and wanted to see Mr. Rice. Mr. Rice was in bed at the time and Patrick introduced himself as Mr. Smith.

Mr. Patrick at that time, Jones said, had a long talk with the witness. He asked whether Rice had a legal representative in this city, and showed himself inquisitive about the affairs of the old millionaire.

Patrick, witness said, called a second time. He then spent about an hour with Jones. They discussed the will of Mrs. Rice. Witness said Patrick at that time stated there was no doubt that the Holt side of the case would win. There was an abundance of evidence. Patrick said all he needed was a letter to Capt. Baker.

"At the second visit of Mr. Patrick did he tell you what he wanted?"

"He said he wanted to communicate with Mr. Rice; that he wanted to get him to compromise the case. He was also anxious to get this letter to Capt. Baker."

The letter, witness said, was one to Capt. Baker purporting to come from Rice. In the letter Rice said that Baker had misrepresented the case to him, that he was tired of New York and wanted to return to Texas, where all his relatives lived. Jones said Patrick asked him to write a letter on his typewriter and give it to Patrick, with the purpose of putting it in evidence in the Holt case. Patrick said he would see to the signing of the letter.

Witness said he wrote the letter on his typewriter and on Mr. Rice's letterheads.

"I delivered the letter to Mr. Patrick on the third visit," Jones continued. "I was to get $250 for writing the letter to him. However, he did not pay me anything, saying the money was not to be paid until I had gone on the stand and sworn that I wrote the letter at Mr. Rice's dictation.

Jones said Patrick asked him whether Rice was going to remember him in his will. Witness said, he answered, that Mr. Rice had spoken in indefinite terms about remembering him in his will. Patrick then, witness said, had told him that he would see him (witness) all right after Mr. Rice's death.

In December, 1899, witness swore, Patrick first approached him about the drawing of a will. Jones was to draw the document on his typewriter and get Rice to sign it when his mind was not quite clear.

Jones had told Patrick, he swore, that the signing of the will might be arranged, but that it would be more difficult to obtain witnesses.

Patrick proposed they should try to get the witnesses of the will of 1896. Jones afterwards approached Weatherbee, the clerk in Swenson & Sons office, to get him to act as a witness. Weatherbee refused and threatened to take Jones' "head off" if he dared to suggest any fraudulent schemes against Rice.

Jones said: "Patrick wanted me to be a witness to the will, but I refused. I was very anxious to become beneficiary under will, though Patrick said this would never do, as there would be a suspicion of undue influence attached to the will which, therefore, would not be admitted to probate."

Continuing witness said Patrick then said he would arrange for witnesses and mentioned Meyers and Short.

"On March 15, 1900," said Jones, I met Morris Meyers. Meyers said he would not sign the will as a witness unless he was convinced that the signature of Mr. Rice was genuine."

"In the will you saw at Patrick's office, do you remember something about bequests?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I know there was large bequests to relatives. There was a large bequest to Weatherbee. I believe it was $25,000, at any rate a much larger sum than under the last will."

"That was to make him keep quiet about the conversation he had with you?"

"Yes."

This will, made in March, 1900, is not the one known as the "Patrick will." That document was drawn later.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1,275

For the property at 919 East Sixth Street—Eight-room house, 25-foot lot—house cost $1350.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

Climax Building and Loan Association

Makes straight loans on house and lot security for 3 or 5 years at 6 per cent interest. No commission.

Makes definite time loans repayable monthly in 3, 5 or 7 years.

Pays investors semi-annual dividends in cash at rate of 5 per cent a year.

Pays from 3 to 4 per cent on time deposits.

CHAN. SMITH, Sec'y.
No. 2 First Avenue West, Hunter Blk.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—

$3650 A new modern 7-room house, only six blocks from court house, lot 40x140 ft.

$1250 6-room house, lot 25x140 ft, upper side Third St., near Seventh ave. east.

$750 Fine lot with old house, near 8th ave. east and Third street.

$1250 Lot with two houses, near Second street and 21st ave. west.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE.

Eight-room house in East End, all modern improvements, $5500 if sold before April 1st.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

EUROPEAN SHAWLS.

In Central Asia woolen shawls of European manufacture find a ready sale. The trade in merino shawls in Thibet bids fair to develop into a profitable business. The shawls come from France and Germany, and being very cheap, are readily sold. They even seem to be supplanting the better but much dearer "pashminas," or cashmere shawls.

MAMMOTH PEACH TREE.

A giant peach tree in Kent county, Md., is about the size of an ordinary kerosene barrel, measuring 78 inches around at the base, or nearly 26 inches through, says the American Agriculturalist. One foot from the ground it is 58 inches and at two feet it is 56 inches. The crotch is 56 inches, while the four primary limbs are 32 inches, 29 inches, 28 inches and 25 inches respectively. There is also one secondary limb as large as a 10-year-old tree. The tree is a Crawford type and 28 years old. It has never missed a crop, and frequently overbears, breaking badly, as the wood is very brittle. It is on the farm of Allen A. Harris, on Eastern Neck island, Kent county, Md., at the mouth of the Chester river, along the Chesapeake bay. The big tree is one of the survivors of a large orchard planted at the same time, some trees of which are four to five feet in circumference. This is claimed to be the largest peach tree in the United States, if not in the world.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

"R. and L. T."

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

$12000 Will buy 100x140 to an alley on West Second street, near Third avenue west.

$7500 For 75x140 to an alley on West Second street, opposite new Public Library building.

$5250 A 75-foot corner on East Superior street; improved, rentals net 8 per cent.

$3250 A 7-room house, modern and in best repair, on Sixteenth avenue east.

$900 A choice residence lot on East Third street, near Seventeenth avenue east. All improvements in street.

$1500 A house and lot in West End on First street, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$1000 Buys a 25-foot lot on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$350 A 25-foot corned near West Park school, and only one block from street cars.

If you are looking for a choice investment in business property paying a good rate of interest and for sale at a bargain, call and see us.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

4½% 5% 5½%

Money to Loan

ANY AMOUNT.
Prompt and correct service.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT.

5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

RAFFLE.

THE TABLE COVER RAFFLED OFF by Mrs. Gurlun was won by ticket No. 5.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE SALE.—

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned, as assignee of the estate of Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, will, at his office, 212 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash all the interest which said Otis W. Saunders had at the time of his said assignment and all the interest that said assignee has received by virtue of a deed made by H. B. Moore to B. D. Brown, assignee of said Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, in and to the following described property situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, viz:

The undivided half of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 17; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 18; the undivided half of the n½ of the ne¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the ne¼ and of the nw¼ of the nw¼ and lot 3, in section 21, all in township 69, range 19.

The undivided half of the nw¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the s½ of the ne¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 27; all of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the nw¼ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the s½ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 35, all in township 64, range 20.

The undivided half of the e½ of the sw¼ section 31; the undivided half of the w½ of the se¼ section 31, all in township 69, range 20 west.

The s½ of the se¼ and the se¼ of the sw¼ of section 21; the sw¼ of the sw¼ of section 22, all in township 61, range 21.

Lots 7, 9 and 11 and the e½ of the sw¼ of section 6; the se¼ of section 29, all in township 58, range 14.

The west half of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the sw¼ section 23, township 58, range 15.

The n½ of nw¼ section 13; e½ of the ne¼ section 14; e½ of the nw¼ and the sw¼ of the nw¼ and the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 23, all in township 59, range 15.

The undivided half of lots 2, 3 and 4 and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 30; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 32; the undivided half of the w½ of the sw¼ of section 28; the undivided half of the se¼ and of the e½ of the sw¼ section 29; the undivided one-third of the ne¼ of section 29, all in township 59, range 14.

Said sale will be made subject to the taxes and encumbrances on said premises and will be subject to confirmation by the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said matter will be brought on for confirmation before the court at special term at the court house, in the city of Duluth, Minn., on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m., or as soon thereafter as it can be heard.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 2nd day of April, 1901.

HARVEY A. WING,
Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-4-6-1901.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOW IS THIS?

$2600 Takes 50x290 feet fronting on improved avenue in the East End. Good for a row of 15 houses. All public improvements.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 PALLADIO BLDG.

BARGAIN..

We can now give possession of the elegent residence, 1602 Jefferson Street at any time. This is a complete and model house in every detail, with hot water heat. Will be sold low if taken this month.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$500 BUYS TWO LOTS 50 BY 150 FEET on upper side of London road. Must be sold. Address D 24, Herald.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 23 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 742.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CHEAP, $500 EMERSON PIano; also improved farm. Address M 5, Herald.

WHY PAY EXORBITANT RENT when you can have a 6-room house on Grand avenue, Lakeside, large rooms, beautiful view, assessments all paid, for $1250. Will take $250 down, rest in easy installments. Address J. McD., Herald office.

FOR SALE—THREE FRESH MILCH cows. Fortieth avenue west and Eleventh street, "Hall Place."

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BABY CARriage, cost $40, good as new. Inquire 501 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP HORSE AND double harness. Apply at No. 12 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—NEW FIVE ROOM HOUSE on lot 40 by 80 feet, located at No. 418 19½ avenue west. $900 cash. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL DULUTH, 10-cow dairy, with horse, rigs and all necessary appliances. L. Stanton, 2921 Railroad street.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, GAS STOVE four burners complete. Inquire after 6 p. m., 414 Lowell block.

HORSES HORSES

☞ Barrett & Zimmerman have at ☜
☞ their stables, opposite the Post- ☜
☞ office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 ☜
☞ head horses constantly on hand. ☜

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in excellent condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 334 W. Sup. St.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

LOST.

LOST—LADIES' DIAMOND RING, AT Armory or on Superior street. Finder will be liberally rewarded for return to Herald office.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE-UPHOLSTERING —BEST work, cheapest place for all kinds of furniture upholstering and repairing. V. Unden, 920 East First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply in morning, 1317 East First street.

GENTLEMEN OR LADIES, $15 PER week and expenses. Call at once. This offer for ten days only. Room H, Delaware hotel, 11:30 a. m.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 17 OR 18 years old. Good wages. Call 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AND sewing girl. Mrs. Granzow, 227 West Fourth street.

WANTED—AT MADAME WARDE'S, 3 West Superior street, apprentice girls, at once.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AT Colson House.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK FOR HER board and go to school. Address Georgia B., Adolph, Minn.

WANTED —GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. Call forenoon or evenings, 321 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1430 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. W. L. McLennan, 608 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 212 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. La Ferte's, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. Preferably one who sleeps at home Small family. Mrs. R. A. Webster, 514 First avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at once. 607 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good pay. Mrs. Hansen Smith, West Duluth.

WANTED — COOK AT MEYER'S hotel, Thirty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers and one weekly man. J. S. Lane.

WANTED — SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron Works, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers, one pant and one vest maker. B. M. Sulte, 15 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—FAMILY MARE, 8 YEARS old. Harness, Stanhope and cutter. Will sell all or part. 714 West Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BUSHELman at once. J. S. Lane.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN TO HELP in the wards. Apply mornings at St. Luke's hospital.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED TAILOR AT once. 23 Twentieth avenue west; union wages paid.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY AND TYPEwriter. Apply Mendenhall & Hoopes.

WANTED—AT ONCE, WOOD WORKers; steady work. Apply street railway shops at Twenty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT ASSISTANT bookkeeper and collector, familiar with details of a mercantile office Young man preferred; must be a worker; permanent position with splendid possibilities for the right man. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — MACHINIST AT VIRGINia Iron Works. Virginia Iron Works, Virginia, Minn.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED—AGENTS.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS CAN get profitable and desirable employment in leisure hours. For particulars, call 1825 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—HOUSEHOLD SEWING AND ladies' dressmaking, at very reasonable prices. 1131 East Fourth street.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE TO take care of furnished rooms or a few engagements for nursing. Call or address 817, West Michigan street, city.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING BY THE day. Address 613 West First street.

YOUNG MAN WANTS WORK AT teaming or driving hack in city. Call or address, William Grasby, Colson house, Duluth.

HAIR WORK.

HAIR WORK DONE, No.2 WEST FIRST.

PERSONAL.

WILL LADY THAT MADE DATE FOR March 29, at East End, please write again. Address Jim, Herald.

THE PRESENT ADDRESS OR whereabouts of Tuffield Gardona, who was in Duluth for a time, is very much desired by his mother, Philamenia Gardona, of No. 13 Lancaster street, Cohoes, N. Y. Anyone being able to give any information will confer a great favor to an anxious mother at the above address.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEmen to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 285—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR the summer, by responsible party. G. Y., Herald.

FOR RENT—BY APRIL 15, LOWER half of house, modern conveniences, centrally located. Address M 83, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 125 SECOND AVEnue west, eight rooms, steam heat. Apply 121 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, CENTRALly located, $15 per month, water included. M 4, Herald.

WANTED—TWO GENTLEMEN TO room in private family, with bath and breakfast, $10 per month, Address A 94, Herald.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x86, IN new brick building. 120 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room at 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—$7, three rooms, hot water. 222 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building, Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLATS. four rooms, $12 and $14. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS. 228 Second avenue west.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 1, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave April 2, 1901. Work, ——— Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

LADIES, WE ARE PREPARED TO make silk draperies. The McGuire rugs from old carpet. Steam carpet cleaning, refitting and relaying. Interstate Rug company, 1701 West Michigan street. 'Phone 318.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—LEARN TO become one and support yourself while learning. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence school, 206 New Jersey building, Duluth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions, aspirations of youth and health $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by the undersigned: Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth**, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

CURSE OF DRINK

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN

NO CURE, NO PAY.

If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.

LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND safe. R. C. Kruschke, 402 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWENTY HEAVY work horses. Apply Lerch's livery barn.

WANTED—LANDS IN COOK AND Lake counties. Century Commercial company, 514 Palladio.

WANTED — LIVE MARTEN, EITHER old or young. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWELVE CANARY singers. Apply 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE IN ITASCA, St. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526-7 Manhattan building.

PROFESSIONAL.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to try our Germicide treatments for dandruff and falling hair; also our sure remedy for premature gray hair. To introduce our new specialist, we will give reduced prices for a few days. Regular $5.00 course of treatments, either hair or complexion, $3.50.

MME. BOYDE CO.,
216 West Superior street.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Prone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..Duluth..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar..Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf..Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..Virginia..Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv........Duluth........Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar........Virginia........Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar........Eveleth........Lv	7:35 am
7 50 pm	Ar........Ely........Lv	7:10 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am *8 00 pm

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

SECTION ONE.
PAGES 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWENTY PAGES.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1901. TWO CENTS.

Easter is just three days away. Are you ready? Is your Easter Outfit Complete? Our New Spring Clothing is here in beautiful assortment, and in point of variety of pattern, style, fit and low prices, it is easily the most attractive showing we've ever made. It has, in fact, established a new standard of excellence in clothing, ready-to-wear.

New Spring Suits
New Top Coats **$10 $12 $15 $18**

New suit patterns in real Scotch Cheviots and Tweeds, fine fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres. "Top Coats" in new shades of Covert Cloths, Vicunas in Black and Cambridge Gray, silk lined throughout.

Our Boys' and Children's Department is filled to overflowing with new and attractive novelties in "Easter" Clothing. Vestee Suits in a great variety of desirable materials. Sailor Suits in many new and natty patterns. Russian Blouse Suits in beautiful assortment. We ask especial attention to our Suits (for boys) that are appropriate for confirmation.

Knee Pant Suits $1.95 up to $10.00
Long Pant Suits $4.95 up to $15.00

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
The BIG DULUTH
125 and 127 West Superior St.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

For Sale.

$3000 Take fine brick house in East End; good location; all modern conveniences.

$1000 Takes nice house in Lakeside, monthly payments, low rate of interest.

$2100 For No. 211 West Fifth street; good 8-room house on upper side of West Fifth street; modern conveniences; easy terms.

No. 4023 West Fourth street, too cheap to quote. Is a nice 7-room house—just the place for a progressive mechanic. Ask for price.

Cheap building lots on London road, Jefferson street and East Second st.

Snaps on Park Point, Lakeside and West Duluth.

TO LOAN.

Money to loan in any amount at 5 per cent.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

An Easter Drink........

Need a little strengthening and general toning up, maybe. The bock beer we make is just the thing; it's a good beer, joy bringing; it's a strong beer, strength giving; it's a pure beer, wholesome as it's pure. Just the beer for the Easter season you'll find anywhere. Don't need to search far or long. It's sold at $2.25 per case.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co
Either 'Phone 241.

Central Residences—

7 rooms, furnace, 50-foot lot, barn—a bargain, only........ $1750
8 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near 3rd Avenue E........ $4200
7 rooms, bath, sewer, on 4th Street near Cathedral........ $3000
6 rooms, bath, sewer, on 5th Street near Cathedral........ $1850

LITTLE & NOLTE.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Potted Plants!

Order them at once from the Glass Block.

The best varieties of Harrissi Lilies, Zalias, Hyacinths, Hydrangeas, Spireas, Cinerarias, Violets.

Prices about Half What You Pay Elsewhere.

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

A New Spring Showing of.. Carpets and Rugs

We are Agents for such well-known makes as Bigelow & Lowell.

Good Ingrain Art Squares.

PRICES.
7-6 x 9 only $2.75
9 x 10-6 only $3.50
9 x 12 only $4.25

Rugs of all sizes in Wiltons and Smyrnas.

New Designs in—
Ingrains
Tapestry Brussels
Body Brussels
Wilton Velvets
Axminsters

A FULL LINE OF MISFITS ALWAYS ON HAND.

CREDIT FREELY GIVEN. **The G. C. Steele Co.** **Duluth Minn.**

LI DEPOSED

He of the Yellow Jacket In Ill-Favor.

Believed He Has Left Pekin For Good.

Washington, April 3.—Although no official notice has reached here of the reported departure of Prince Li Hung Chang from Pekin for Shanghai, the officials are inclined to believe it is true, and that Li Hung Chang is really leaving Pekin for good because the emperor is displeased with his conduct of the negotiations. It was known here that when Li Hung Chang was made one of the peace envoys that he was pro-Russian in sentiment, but there was no cause for complaint on that score until the Manchurian agreement came up for consideration. Now it is believed by officials here that Li has proved so earnest an advocate of the Russian cause, and has so strenuously worked for the signature of the agreement, that his own government hs felt obliged to deprive him of power to further that agreement. If this understanding is correct, it is believed that an effectual check has been administered to Russia in her designs upon Manchuria, for it is thought the emperor of China would scarcely have acted in this summary fashion had he not received assurances of support from some of the other powers.

Mr. Rockhill has not yet acquainted the government with the exact language of the agreement reported to have been reached at Pekin as to the Chinese forts, but taking the press accounts of the ministerial meeting as accurate, it is gathered that Secretary Hays views have formed the basis of the agreement. The original proposition, strongly backed by most of the European powers, was to completely destroy the Chinese forts in the gulf of Pe Chi Li and on the road from Taku to Pekin. The state department felt that it would be inexpedient to proceed so far and leave China naked to the attack of the meanest foe. Therefore, the powers were urged to content themselves with the simple dismantlement of the forts, leaving them in condition to be again mounted with guns in a reasonable time. It is believed here that this project has been accepted, for it appears from the language of the press dispatches that the only fort ordered to be "destroyed" is one on a point in the Pei river, which is to be destroyed simply because it forms an obstacle to navigation.

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PLANNED AFTER DULUTH

New Harbor Being Built at the North of Scandinavian Peninsula For Shipment of Lapland Iron Ore.

Washington, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A recent communication to the state department from Consul General Guenther states that German papers report that a new harbor is being constructed at the north of the Scandinavian peninsula, for the chief purpose of shipping the immense quantities of iron ore found in Lapland. The iron mines of Gellivare and Luessonare have been developed to such an extent within the last ten years that better facilities for export of the ore have become an urgent necessity.

The new harbor wil be named Victoria harbor, and its entire northern shore of more than half a mile will be used exclusively for the shipment of ore produced in the above-named mining districts. The government of Norway has bought an extensive tract along the south side of the harbor.

The harbor will be constructed after the plas of that of Duluth, Minn. The total cost of the docks and buildings is estimated at $800,000; the cost of the docks proper of about $650,000.

The plans for the new city to be built there are nearly completed and many houses are built and some streets laid out already. Of late, new iron deposits of enormous extent have been discovered in Lapland, and steps for developing them have been taken. A daily production of 5000 tons of ore is expected. Some of these claims have been bought by a Belgian company.

Several English and German experts have lately been exploring this region for iron and other minerals, and important discoveries are said to have been made.

The laws of Norway are very favorable for mining enterprises, as the discoverer of a mineral deposit on public lands is at once entitled to exploit it. All he has to do it to give notice of his discovery and have such notice registered.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

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CHICAGO'S NEW COUNCIL

Republicans Have Majority of Ten, But According to Party Leaders Will Be Organized on Non-Partisan Lines.

Chicago, April 3.—The new Chicago city council, which probably will be called to decide the question of the extension of the street railway franchises and other public grants worth many millions, is Republican by a majority of ten votes. As a result of yesterday's election, the council will be made up of 39 Republicans, 29 Democrats, 2 independent Republicans and 2 independent Democrats. This makes a total of 72, or 2 more than are provided for by law, the tangle being caused by the recent ward redistricting and the consequent shifting of two hold-over aldermen in the Second and Twenty-first wards. The new council and the courts will be called upon to decide the problem.

According to leaders of both parties, the council probably will be organized on non-partisan lines. This will be in accordance with the policy of Mayor Harrison and of the Municipal Voters' league, a non-partisan organization which has been prominent in recent local campaigns.

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TO ENGLAND.

Reported Sailing of American Stable Boys.

London, April 3.—As a result of the stablemen strike at Newmarket, the trainers announce that 250 American stable boys leave New York today on the White Star and Atlantic Transport steamers. The boys will be drawn mostly from the racing establishments of the West Chester Racing association, the Coney Island Jockey club, the Brooklyn Jockey club and the Brighton Beach Racing association. The Newmarket trainers at their last meeting refused to receive a deputation of the strikers. An additional force of police has been drafted to Newmarket.

New York, April 3.—Inquiries made by the Associated Press at the offices of the White Star and Atlantic Transport companies, show that nothing is known there of the reported sailing of 250 American stable boys for England. A strike of the stablemen at Newmarket began March 23. The strikers demanded an increase of their wages from 20 shillings to 25 shillings per week. They argue that anyone's living is impossible on the wages paid them.

DANISH ELECTIONS.

Question of Reform, the Principal Issue.

Copenhagen, April 3.—The elections to the folkething are in progress today. The question of reform in taxation figured largely in the campaign, but the fight was mainly around the question whether the present Deshested cabinet shall be sustained or retired.

The secret ballot law, passed during the last session of the folkething, is operative for the first time.

McINTYRE DISQUALIFIED.

American Jockey Found Guilty of Boring.

London, April 3.—At the first day's racing today of the Northampton and Pytchley hunt spring meeting, A. McIntyre, an American jockey, who rode A. Bailey's Ravensden in the mile selling plate, was disqualified for boring. The race was awarded to King of Pearls, on which Lester Reiff had the mount.

This is the first complaint that has been made against any of the American jockeys in this country during the present racing season.

IN PITIABLE STATE.

Shooter of Managers Is Practically Insane.

New York, April 3.—Robert Hayden Moulton, the Southerner who shot two theatrical managers while trying to shoot May Buckley, the actress, in a rathskeller two weeks ago, is in a pitiable state in Bellevue hospital. He does not realize where he is and does not seem to have enough mental power to recognize anyone except his mother.

MACEDONIAN CONGRESS.

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 3.—The Macedonian congress has been convoked for April 15. Several agents of the Macedonian committee have been imprisoned by order of the minister of the interior, Gen. Petroff, in connection with the agitation on the frontier. A number of Bulgarian officers have resigned rather than obey the order of the minister of war forbidding military men to retain membership in the Macedonian society.

GOLD FOR PARIS.

New York, April 3.—Lazard Freres has engaged $1,000,000 in gold bars at the assay office for shipment to Paris by tomorrow's steamer.

PROPOSAL BY AGGIE

Relative to Surrender of All the Filipino Insurgents.

The President Decides Not to Bargain With Aguinaldo.

Aid Welcomed and May Favorably Affect His Future.

New York, April 3.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Important proposals relative to the surrender of all the insurgents in the Philippines have been made by Aguinaldo, through Gen. MacArthur, to the United States.

The proposals were brought before the cabinet meeting and at its conclusion instructions in reply to them were sent by Secretary Root. The president will not bargain with Aguinaldo, but if the prisoner will use his influence, the United States will welcome his aid, and will consider his conduct when determining the future of the prisoner.

FRIENDLY.

Relations Between Germany and Italy Discussed By Premiers.

Berlin, April 3.—The Lokal Anzeigner understands that the conference between the imperial chancellor, Count von Buelow and Signor Zanardelli, the Italian premier, at Verona yesterday, which was of considerable length, was intended to remove the false impression created by insinuations in the French press regarding the relations between Italy and Germany.

The paper represents the meeting as proving the continuance of thoroughly friedly relations between the two countries and says that the leave taking of the two statesmen was cordial.

In official circles, it is admitted that while the meeting at Verona was accidental, Signor Zanardelli being on his way to his country estate, the relations between the two countries were discussed. Signor Zanardelli, it is said, gave entirely satisfactory assurances.

FOOTBALL.

Schedule of Yale Team For Next Fall.

New Haven, Conn., April 3.—The schedule of games to be played next fall by the Yale varsity football team, including ten games at home and three away, was announced today. Yale will not play Dartmouth and the Carlisle Indians next season.

Among the games to be played on the home grounds are the following: Oct. 19, Pennsylvania state college; Oct. 26, Columbia; Nov. 9, Orange Athletic club; Nov. 16, Princeton.

The out-of-town games are arranged as follows: Oct. 12, Annapolis at Annapolis; Nov. 2, West Point at West Point; Nov. 23, Harvard at Cambridge.

WELLS WON.

Will Be the World's Fair Mayor of St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 3.—Complete returns show the election by a plurality of 7985 of Rolla Wells, the Democratic candidate for mayor. The remainder of the Democratic ticket was also elected by about the same pluralities and the party will control the house of delegates. The vote for mayor on the four principal tickets was:

Rolla Wells (Dem.), 43,023; George Parker (Rep.), 35,038; Chauncey Ives Filley (good government), 2121; Lee Meriwether (public ownership), 28,565.

Returns indicate that the house of delegates will be made up as follows: Fifteen Democrats, ten Republicans and three public ownership members.

IS QUARANTINED.

Millionaire Lumberman Detained With 400 Men.

St. Paul, April 3.—A Stillwater special to the Dispatch says: William Sauntry, the well known millionaire lumberman, who was en route home from Gordon, Wis., with 400 men, is in quarantine at Hudson, Wis., having been detained by order of Superintendent Winter, of the Omaha railway. Eight of the men, who broke quarantine have been arrested and the police are after others.

MUST SHOW CAUSE.

London, April 3.—An important question was raised today in the king's bench court by a photographic company which objects to tax commissioners levying an income tax of £10,000 on an American company, in which a British company holds most of the shares. The court granted a mandamus calling on the commissioners to show cause why they should not be prohibited from assessing the tax.

HOPEFUL OF SETTLEMENT.

Liverpool, April 3.—The White Star liner Majestic, which sailed from here today for New York, has among her passengers E. P. Morris, the New Foundland delegate on the French shore question. Mr. Morris said that while a settlement had not actually been reached, he was hopeful that they were nearing the end of the difficulty.

BLOWN TO FRAGMENTS.

Phoenix, Ariz., April 3.—News has been received here of an accident at Senator Clark's United Verde mine at Jerome. While nearly a dozen men were at work near where a shot was placed on the lower level there was a premature explosion. James Roony and Jose Ziefel were blown to fragments and several others were injured.

SNOW BOUND

Minn Hist'l Society

Pittsburg Gets a Taste Of Real Winter.

Trains Stalled and Blockade Threatened.

Pittsburg, April 3.—From early morning until noon Pittsburg has been in the toils of one of the worst snow storms ever experienced in this region. About 6 a. m. a heavy, clinging snow began falling, and it was not long before wires began snapping in all directions, and telegraph, telephone and trolley car service to all the suburbs was practically suspended. Miles of poles are down, making the streets literally a network of wires. East End and Wilkinsburg are cut off from the city proper except by steam railroad. Allegheny and the South Side are in almost the same plight, while Knoxville has no communication whatever with the city. Fallen wires in the outlying portions of the city made it extremely dangerous for pedestrians, teamsters and street car men, but up to noon no fatalities had been reported. The damage in the city will be very heavy.

The unexpected and severe nature of the storm caught the local railroad officials off their guard, and as a result the condition of traffic upon the Eastern roads is terrible. On the Pennsylvania the wires are down along the entire system between East Liberty and Huntingdon. Trains are stalled at various points, the dispatchers are unable to straighten out the tangle, and the whole division is more or less paralyzed. The snow upon the mountains is from twelve to fifteen inches in depth, and is so heavy that it has brought down poles and wires all along the road under its weight. Extra engines have been required on all the trains, and unless the snowfall ceases a blockade is threatened.

The Buffalo & Allegheny Valley system is in almost the same condition. On te Western New York & Pennsylvania division, the snow is from ten to fifteen inches in depth, the wires are down and the train schedule has been abandoned. The trains on this road are late today anywhere from forty minutes to two hours. On the main line of the Pennsylvania, the block signals are refusing to work and the melting snow is turning the streams into torrents. Engineer J. W. Gilchrist and Fireman John Patrick, of train No. 19, which came in this morning one hour late, with an extra engine on it, claim that the storm is the worst of the winter. They say the cab windows were completely buried in snow five minutes after the storm began, and that it was impossible to see the front of the locomotive during most of the trip. The mountain streams are rising with marvelous rapidity and washouts can be expected all along the line.

The Pennsylvania lines west are reported in very fair condition with only slight delays in the passenger traffic, but the Baltimore & Ohio eastward is in the same confusion as the Pennsylvania. The wires are down and the road in the vicinity of Cumberland is said to be almost blockaded by the snow. Trains from the East are from one to three hours' late.

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RESUMED THE ADVANCE

British Army Again Occupies Nylstroom Which Indicates a Movement Toward Pietersburg For Conquest of Northern Transvaal.

New York, April 3.—The news from Lord Kitchener that Gen. Plumer has occupied Nylstroom is taken to mean, the London correspondent of the Tribune says, that the British army in South Africa has at last resumed the northern advance toward Pietersburg. Nylstroom is situated a little way off the railroad about ninety miles north of Pretoria. It was held for a few days by Gen. Baden Powell in August last year, but had to be evacuated because the force then at Lord Roberts' disposal was insufficient at once to provide a permanent garrison and to secure the railroad line northward from Pretoria. There can be little doubt that Lord Kitchener's latest report indicates the execution of a comprehensive plan for the conquest and pacification of the Northern Transvaal.

With the occupation of Pietersburg, main trunk lines of railway would be lost to the Boers, but there is a heavy task in the protection of another line of communication 240 miles long that would be added to the burdens of the British army.

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RED BLANKET PROTESTS

Chippewa Chief Complains to Governor Van Sant That the White Timber Cutters Are Defrauding the Indians.

St. Paul, April 3.—Red Blanket, of Leech Lake, chief of the Bear Island Chippewa tribe, accompanied by a subchief, Mah-Che-Gah-Bow (man who moves standing) and an interpreter appeared before Governor Van Sant to protest against the manner in which, as Red Blanket asserted, the Chippewas are being defrauded by timber cutters on the reservation.

Red Blanket declared through the interpreter that white and halfbreed lumbermen are now destroying the reservation timber by assuming to act under the provisions of the law permitting certain persons to cut the "dead and down" timber.

Red Blanket also said that, although the Indians have been alloted land in severalty, many of the men do not know where their allotments are situated and cannot find out.

Mah-Che-Gah-Bow said that the tribe supposed that the full blood Indians would secure work cutting the timber. The work, however, had all been given to halfbreeds and squaw men. Moreover, the lumbermen had cut large quantities of green timber in place of the dead and down timber.

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HOSPITAL MUST CLOSE

Bishop Eis Orders Mercy Hospital at Iron Mountain Discontinued as the Result of Recent Ecclesiastical Scandal.

Detroit, April 3.—A special from Iron Mountain, Mich., to the Tribune says: Mercy hospital, better known here as Emergency hospital, will close its doors today, by order of Bishop Eis, and the nuns have been ordered to leave the diocese. This is the result of an ecclesiastical scandal which occurred last January, when Ellen Hogan, a novitiate in the hospital, was arrested on an insanity charge, preferred by the mother superior. Miss Hogan was adjudged sane by the probate court.

After being released from custody by order of Judge Bergeron, Miss Hogan made severe charges against the mother superior. An investigation by Bishop Eis resulted in the order to close the institution.

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D'OYLY CARTE DEAD.

Once Famous Theatrical Manager Passed Away.

London, April 3.—D'Oyly Carte, the theatrical manager and impressario, died this morning at the Unbridge Wells, counties of Kent and Surrey.

D'Oyly Carte died quite peacefully. He had long suffered from weakness of the heart, which was aggravated by the shock he sustained in the death of Sir Arthur Sullivan. He was in a comatose state yesterday, but rallied before the end.

BUENOS AYRIAN IS SAFE.

Glasgow, April 3.—The Allan liner Buenos Ayrian, which passed Tory island on the north coast of Ireland this morning, signalled that she was short of coal, but that the sip was all right. The Buenos Ayrian sailed from Philadelphia March 11 for Glasgow and some apprehension had been felt regarding her safety.

VOTE WAS CLOSE.

Parker Elected Mayor of Topeka By Seventeen.

Topeka, April 3.—Albert Parker (Dem.) was elected mayor over Hughes (Rep.) by the small majority of seventeen votes. The vote was so close that the result was in doubt until the final count was received shortly after 8 a. m. today. The Republicans elected the balance of the ticket with the exception of two councilmen. Hughes ran considerably behind the rest of the ticket.

Results of the municipal elections over the state yesterday show that the prohibitory sentiment is still in the ascendancy. In Atchison and Leavenworth the temperance issue was not brought up, city improvements and other questions taking the precedence. In Wichita the temperance people made a fight for supremacy, but polled only about 18 per cent of the vote. Numerous cities went straight Republican. In nearly every case, the Republican candidates were on a platform for law enforcement and their election is, therefore, counted a victory for that element.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern Duluth
SUPERIOR ST. THE BURROWS STORE. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

Prepare your boys for Easter and Confirmation.

And in doing so remember that The Great Eastern maintains the greatest and most finished Boys' Department in the West. It occupies the entire second floor and contains hundreds upon hundreds of choice new styles. No boys' department in the city compares with it in any detail and we invite you see it before selecting your boys' outfit.

Youths' and young men's suits, ages 14 to 20, sizes 30 to 36 inch chest—the greatest variety in the West—choicest foreign and domestic suitings —every weave in blues, blacks and Oxfords—hundreds of patterns____**$7.00, $8.50 and** **$10.00**

Better grades at **$12.00, $15.00,** and up to the finest at____**$20.00**

Boys' Knee Pants Vest Suits, ages 8 to 16, blues, blacks, Oxfords and fancy checks, stripes and plaids, in an immense variety of weaves and colorings, made with broad military shoulders, vast assortment—prices____ **$2 to $10**

Boys' Sailor, Russian Blouse and Norfolk Suits—sailors and Russian Blouses principally in serges of the finest qualities in every shade of blue, red and brown—Norfolks largely in the swellest of tweeds and a liberal assortment of choice mixtures and patterns in cassimere and velours—prices____ **$4 to $10**

Boys' Vestee Suits and the "Manly" Vest" Suit—the former for ages 3 to 9 and the latter for ages 6 to 12—two excellent styles—material, shape and trimming adapted to the ages—prices____ **$2.95 to $10**

Youths' Boys' and Children's Spring Overcoats—youths' and boys' in long or short styles—childrens in Russian Blouse or Reefer styles—a vast and varied display—every desirable color and pattern—they are excellent values—our prices____ **$2.95 to $18**

Headquarters for Boys' Confirmation Suits A vast variety of the most perfectly made confirmation suits for boys of all ages—Double-breasted Suits, ages 8 to 16, **$2.95 to $10**—Vest Suits, ages 8 to 16, **$3.95 to $12**—Long Pant Suits, ages 11 to 20____ **$5 to $18**

Youths', Boys' and Children's Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

Boys' Derby and Fedora Hats for Easter...... **98c to $1.50**
Tams, Caps and Wide Brim Hats—newest styles...... **48c to $2**
Boys' Golf and Yacht Caps—all styles...... **25c to $1**
Boys' $1 Star and Mother's Friend Shirt Waists...... **50c**
Boys' 50c all-silk Neckwear—spring styles...... **25c**
Boys' Madras Negligee Shirts—cuffs detached —2 extra collars...... **50c**

Gentlemen, Prepare for Easter

You are invited to see the **"Kitchener"** the swellest overcoat of the season. The Great Eastern is the only house in Duluth that carries complete lines of the many new materials and sizes—prices range from____ **$15 to $30**

Gentlemen's Easter suits---fine silk lined sack or frock styles, made of choicest unshorn worsteds and blind cheviots---cut in the extreme of fashion---lined with pure dye silks and in every sense equal to your custom tailor's $50 and $60 suits---prices from____ **$15 to $25**

Special Leaders for Easter

Gentlemen's very nobby suits---handsome dark striped worsteds and the new brown Scotch overplaids which others call bargains at $18 and $20---our price____ **$15**

Gentlemen' all-wool black suits, made of unfinished worsteds and plain thibets---other offer them at $12 and $15---our special price____ **$10**

Gentlemen's fine top coats---made of finest vicunas and whipcords in box and Raglan styles---many of them silk lined---usually sold at $20, special____ **$10**

Gentlemen's semi-dress trousers, very fashionable, sold usually at $6.00, the Easter price at the Great Eastern is only____ **$4**

Stylish Easter Shoes

No gentleman's Shoe in the world sells better than the BURROWS REGENT—It embodies all that is desirable in an up-to-date Shoe for street or dress. We show it in patent leather, box and velour calf, French vici kid and tan Russia, and all we ask for it is____ **$3.50**

Extra special for Easter—Men's sample Shoes, limited number of lines in box calf and vici kid, finished in modern styles, for____ **$2.50**

Boys' and Youths' Iron-clad School Shoes—the best made, sizes 2½ to 5½, only **$1.50**—sizes 12 to 2, only____ **$1.35**

Hanan Shoes, the best on earth: We are exclusive sellers of them in Duluth, and have now on display all the new styles for spring and summer wear. **Prices $5 to $7**

Easter Shirts

AND FURNISHINGS.

Gentlemen' stylish Colored Shirts—cuffs attached or detached, best imported Madras and Percale; sold elsewhere at $1.50 and $2.00— **Our price $1.00 to $1.50**

The new narrow Four-in-hand is more stylish than ever this spring; our new lines are on display tomorrow, together with Tecks, fine De Joinvilles and Windsors— **Our price 50c to $1.50**

Gentlemen's fine pique Kid Gloves, Fownes' make, also fine English cape goat for street wear, real $2.00 kind— **Price $1.50**

Gentlemen's fancy Hose, French and German makes, all new patterns and colors, cannot be purchased elsewhere for less than 35c and 50c— **Our price 25c**

Just received 12 shapes in the new spring high-band turn-down Collars, unquestionably the proper thing for business wear—**the price 15c; two for 25c**

Swell..... EASTER Hats

Special Derby and Fedora Hat offer

Your choice of a fine lot of new spring style Hats, in all the new colors, that were made to sell for $3.00; for only—

$1.35

Have you seen the Duke of York —The hat that has captured New York's best dressers; it is here and here alone—**the Price**____ **$3.50**

Never forget that The Great Eastern is Duluth's headquarters for the world-famous Knox and Stetson derby and fedora hats. Easter styles.

M. S. BURROWS **M. S. BURROWS**

NO TRACES TO BE LEFT

Jones Tells of Patrick's Poisoning Scheme For Rice.

Embalming Fluid Was to Kill All Evidence of Acid.

Most Damaging Evidence Against the Chief Conspirator.

New York, April 3.—Charles F. Jones, the valet-secretary of William M. Rice, the rich Texan, resumed the giving of testimony today in the proceedings against Albert T. Patrick, who is charged with causing Rice's death in order to obtain his property by means of a will, deeds and checks, which, it is alleged, were forged. Jones began today by relating that on Monday, the day following Rice's death, four men, who represented themselves to be lawyers, called at the flat and asked questions concerning the circumstances surrounding the death. Jones told Patrick he thought these men were detectives. The next morning Jones went to police headquarters. When he returned home he found a number of detectives in the place. On Tuesday afternoon he was taken to police headquarters and questioned. He found Patrick also at headquarters. Patrick told Jones he had discovered the will witnessed in his (Patrick's) office, and a number of bogus letters were written on the will matter. On this occasion Jones testified Patrick asked when Rice had last been given mercury.

"I told him on Thursday," said Jones. "Patrick then told me that there would not be any traces of that left in the system at the time of the autopsy, and that the embalming fluid would kill all traces of the oxalic acid, which was a vegetable poison."

Witness then told of Dr. Curry having come to the apartments on Tuesday, where he met Patrick. The two had a long talk, which Jones did not hear. The so-called Patrick will was then brought up. Jones said he had told Patrick that the provisions for Rice's relatives' interest, which was discovered on the day following Rice's death, were too small, and that it would be impossible to get it probated. Patrick, Jones said, then had the so-called "Patrick will" drawn. The witness related at length the incidents of the day when the body of Rice was cremated.

While the testimony about the will was being given, Capt. Baker, of Texas, who was an executor of the 1896 will, entered the trial room. He carried a bundle of papers and some typewritten matter, and said he might be called as a witness.

From the events of the day on which the body was cremated, Jones passed over to the happenings of Oct. 4, the evening of the day he was arrested.

Jones says he was taken down stairs and locked up an hour later. He said before he was locked up that he made a statement which was entirely fictitious and of which he could not recall even the most salient features.

Jones then told how Mr. House had been appointed lawyer of both Patrick and himself and the events surrounding their commitment to the Tombs. From here Jones passed to his attempt to commit suicide.

Jones said that at the time he attempted suicide at the Tombs, Patrick had agreed to kill himself also.

"Sometime before I tried to commit suicide, Mr. House came to me in the Tombs and wanted to know if a murder had been committed. I told him there had been no murder."

Lawyer Moore objected. He said it was not a question of privilige, but that where two defendants had the same counsel, what went on between one defendant and the counsel could not under the laws of evidence be permitted.

Mr. Osborne said he did not want any of the conversation between Jones and his counsel, and asked the former to confine himself exclusively to any conversation that had taken place between himself and Patrick.

Justice Jerome allowed the evidence already given to stand.

(Earlier testimony on page 14.)

If You Have Rheumatism
Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, express paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free.

A NEW WOMAN

Noted Society Leader Becomes a New Woman---Others Will Follow Her.

Mrs. De Kittson, a woman with a delicate constitution, but of late nervous weakness, combined with a severe cold, caused a complete collapse. All her duties and pleasures had to be set aside. Society mourned her, and at her home all was dismal. Physicians were called, but did her no good. Mrs. De Kittson grew worse until one day a friend told her of the wonderful family laxative and tonic, Cascarine. It was a case of life or death. Of course, like everyone, she preferred life, and took Cascarine, the great life-giver, blood-purifier and tonic. Within three weeks she astonished her friends by appearing among them as a new woman. Cascarine was just what her system needed. It removed her indigestine and constipation and freed her blood from all impurities. It toned up her nervous system as nothing else could. She is a new woman now and is advising her friends to use nothing but Cascarine.

It is the only family laxative for men, women and children, and cures absolutely all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. Carcarine is pleasant in taste, pleasing in action and has no bad effects. It is not a tablet or a pill and will not gripe like other laxatives. The most delicate stomach can retain it without injurious effects.

Cascarine sells at 50 cents per bottle. At all druggists.

When you ask for Cascarine be sure you get Cascarine, which comes in blue and white wrappers. If your druggist hasn't it, ask him to get it for you of his jobber.

SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St. **Your Easter Shoes Every Style! Every Price!**

China and Glassware

Given Away Absolutely FREE To all of our Customers.

Do Not Miss This Chance.

REMEMBER—We give away absolutely free handsome premiums of imported China and Glassware with purchases of Ladies', Children's and Boys' shoes amounting to ONE DOLLAR or over. Besides we give you the largest and finest stock of shoes in the city to select from and our prices can always be depended upon. They are the lowest and quality the best—no misrepresentation allowed in this store.

We stand today Duluth's only complete shoe store. The only store where you can fill your family's every shoe want. The one and only store that, whether you wish Easter footwear for Baby at 50c, 75c, $1; Boys' and Girls' at 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00; Women's at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $5.00. Nowhere else will you find such low prices—quality for quality as here.

Queen Quality

The Famous Shoe for Women ____ ***$3.00***

They fit every foot. They win every eye. The Queen Quality shoes have won a national fame. They hold first place in the estimation of smart dressers throughout the country; that such shoes can be sold for $3.00 a pair is indeed marvelous.

SEE THAT THIS Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

LADIES—For all the new styles notice our show windows and see the finest display of footwear in the United States.

A BARGAIN, 69c a pair. We have gone through our shoe stock and selected over 350 pairs of Women's solid serviceable shoes; sizes 2½ to 6; C, D and E widths; out of style shoes; former price has been $1.50 and $2 a pair. We place them on sale to clean them up quick at, a pair____ ***69c***

Boys' Rip Nit Shoes—Another lot of the celebrated Rip Nit shoes for Boys at ***$1.50 and $1.75 a pair.*** SEE THEM.

Do not forget to ask for coupons on China and Glassware—they are given to you absolutely FREE and cost you nothing. Coupons given with Boys', Women's and Children's shoes. They will be given with Men's shoes if asked for at time of purchase.

FRAUDS

Alleged In the Philippines Do Not Amount to Much.

Washington, April 3.—The following cablegram was received today at the war department from Gen. MacArthur at Manila:

"Brig. Gen. Robert P. Hughes reports the surrender at Banga, Northwest Panay, March 31, of thirty officers, 185 men and 103 rifles. Gen. Kobbe reports twenty-one guns surrendered March 31, Northern Mindanao.

"Commissary frauds being investigated; not sufficient gravity to cause concern; apparently due to irregularity sales savings. Press reports inexact and misleading. MACARTHUR."

GOVERNMENT REVERSED.

Evansville, Ind., April 3.—Charles G. Covert was elected mayor by the Republicans, who carried their entire ticket and elected eight out of eleven aldermen. The result is a complete reversal of the city government.

DANGER IN AUTOMOBILES.

Washington Desires to Check the Fast Travelers.

Washington, April 3.—The commissioners of the District of Columbia recently proposed to frame a regulation compelling each automobile of every kind used in the District of Columbia to display in a conspicuous manner a number which would enable it to be identified by the police, so that its owner could be held accountable for any accident which it might cause or any violation of the regulations regarding speed or lights. The automobile club protested vigorously against any such regulations.

The commissioners have appealed to the state department to help them out by collecting information through the consuls as to the automobile regulation in foreign cities. The adoption of the proposed regulation would enable the police to place the responsibility for any vehicle seen traveling at an excessive rate of speed. The automobile club has promised to use its influence to induce all owners of automobiles to keep the speed of their machines within the legal limits.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

F. D. DAY & CO. | *F. D. DAY & CO.* | *F. D. DAY & CO.*

SHOW GOOD TASTE......

Do not give Easter Presents that are not proper. We have nice little pieces that don't cost a great deal, such as prayer book markers in silver for 85c. Easter spoons for $1 that have an art to them. Small hat pins with the matrix setting, which is new. We are up in styles in artistic jewelry, with prices that keep us doing business with all.

F. D. DAY & CO.,
Fashionable Jewelers,
315 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MAY TAKE PHILBIN

Report That He May Succeed President Greatsinger.

Might Mean That He Would Manage Both Roads.

Is One of Best Ore Traffic Men In Country.

There is considerable speculation in the local railroad circles as to whom will be the next president of the Duluth & Iron Range road to succeed Mr. Greatsinger, who has been in the East and is expected back to Duluth tomorrow. The question will be decided at a special meeting of the directors of the road in Chicago before the end of the week. Several predictions have been made locally as to whom Greatsinger's mantle will fall upon, and today there was a rumor to the effect that D M. Philbin, superintendent of the Eastern Minnesota, stands much closer to the presidency of the Iron Range road than many may think. C. P. Coffin, the present secretary and treasurer of the road, has been frequently mentioned in connection with the office ever since Mr. Greatsinger resigned to accept the presidency of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, but today opinion seems to lean more toward Mr. Philbin as Mr. Greatsinger's successor. It is generally conceded that the office lies between Mr. Coffin and Mr. Philbin.

Mr. Philbin is considered one of the best railroad men in the Northwest, and especially one of the best ore traffic men, and his loss would probably be felt by the Great Northern company. That President J. J. Hill appreciates his experience, especially in the ore business, is said to have been indicated not more than a year ago, when Mr. Philbin is said to have been offered the management of another Western road, but remained with Mr. Hill at double the salary he was then receiving.

It is said that the selection of Mr. Philbin would also mean that he is to have the supervision of both systems under the new combine. The separate identity of the two roads must be preserved, but it is surmised that the steel combine can get around that and still have one managing the two.

SUITS TO CLEAR TITLE.

Ida S. Holmes Begins Nine Actions.

Ida S. Holmes yesterday afternoon began nine suits in district court to clear title to lots in the city of Duluth. The suits are as follows: Charles Lund and others, lot 9, block 12, Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point addition; James J. Chapman and others, lot 20, block 8, same addition; Sarah W. Clarkson and others, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 31, Carlton Place addition; Jacob Hauge and others, the west 25 feet of lots 1, 2 and 3, block 20, same addition; Charles A. Johnson and others, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 17, Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point addition; Helen E. Clarkson and others, lot 1, block 12, same addition; Joseph Loughren and others, lot 12, block 11, West Duluth, First division; C. C. Welander and others, the west 25 feet of the east 100 feet of lot 1, block 5, same division. The city of Duluth is a defendant in each of these cases. Phelps & McManus are the attorneys.

Will Be Pushed.

Capt. J. S. Triggs, of Rat Portage, manager of the Triggs gold mine, is in the city on a short business visit. Capt. Triggs says that things have been a little quiet at the Triggs mine this winer, but there will be renewed activity just as soon as navigation opens when the machinery for the 40-stamp mill to be erected at the Triggs mine can be forwarded. He says that one of the richest strikes in the Rat Portage district has recently been made at the Mikado mine at about 800 feet. A large part of the ore will run as high as 25 per cent ore. He says the ore is being sacked and stored. Operations are being pushed on a large scale at the Sultana mine, where crews are working night and day and there is still about four years' ore in sight.

LAKESIDERS KICK.

Want London Road Adequately Repaired.

The residents of Lakeside are agitating the repair of London road vigorously. They have complained to the board of public works and have been informed that there is not money enough to repair the road now, and the opinion was expressed to the Lakesiders that with sprinkling and rolling the road would be all right.

This morning J. K. Persons brought in a big rock weighing more than a pound and about four inches square, and said that it was a specimen of what horses' feet dug up on the road right along now. He said it showed plainly that the road is wearing down to the last bed of rock and will soon be entirely gone. The first layer put down was of large rocks like the sample he had, then came a finer layer, and then another, and finally a layer of very fine rock that was packed and rolled. The road has now been worked down until it is beginning to reach the big rocks.

NOT READY YET.

Bribery Investigating Committee Still at Work.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—No report will be made today by the house bribery investigating committee, and it is doubtful whether one can be made by tomorrow. The committee claims to be following out all possible hints, and Chairman Mallory and his fellow-committeemen say they desire to sift all rumors and everything in the least way seeming to lead to tangible results. Whether anything definite has been learned is unknown.

Candy! Candy! Smith's, 307 West Superior street.

Silberstein & Bondy Company | *Silberstein & Bondy Company*

EASTER MILLINERY DAY

IT DOESN'T make a particle of difference how many of you come for your Easter Hat today. It's ready—and we have plenty of salespeople to serve you courteously, correctly and quickly. Many milliners are working hard—keeping up the supply of trimmed hats and making hats to order.

$5, $6, $10—There are some for more—$12, $15, $18, $20. Ten dollars is the fair price for a fine hat—we've made it so. There's a perfect craze for the **partly trimmed Chiffon hats**—hats that you trick off with plume, bloom or buckle and have ready for wear. Of course, the sellers of trash have tried to copy these hats—but you'd never recognize them, or wear them, either. Black, white and mais are the best colorings. There are others—and pretty; $2.50, regular price $3.50. **Children's Millinery,** you know, gets better attention here than any store in Duluth ever gave it. The most charming little trimmed hats at $3.50—and more.

THE SPRING WRAPS FOR WOMEN

The Eton Jacket this spring, one of Fashion's favorites, is apt to show the dip front—the long-waisted effect that comes from wearing the straight-front corset or that can be largely effected even with the older models of corsets—and the Eton is, if possible, prettier than ever. But the styles of wrap approved for spring are varied, and the sensible woman chooses the one that most decidedly suits her figure. The very long wrap is good—the Ulster or the even more decided style Raglan. Box Coats are as good as any—may say "best of all"—and so the big show rooms are filled with such a range of shapes and models and finishes as to be pleasantly bewildering.

And we never had so many really good styles of inexpensive Coats and Jackets. Here is merest hint of the choice at prices from $6.75 to $40.00.

Women' Silk Waists For Easter.

$5.00 for very pretty Silk Waists in several styles—some corded and hemstitched—some with cluster of tucks and hemstitching. All the pretty spring colorings.

The making of Silk Waists approaches a science. From the buttons which give the finishing touch to the silk from which the Waist is cut—the maker has striven for beauty of effect. Nobody could do by hand the hemstitching of one of these Waists for the whole price we charge. But whether the beauty comes by loom-trick or the skillful handling of the sewing machine—it is here. And you cannot make yourself a Silk Waist as cheaply as you can buy it. A word of several other pretty styles—

Very handsome Taffeta Silk Waists, tucked back, front and sleeves, stitched straps of silk, trimmed with small gold buttons. Colors in all the new shades and black. The best ever shown for $5.00.

Very stylish all-over tucked Taffeta Silk Waists, the new bishop sleeve, stitched band cuff and collar, ten cross straps of stitched silk down front; colors are Rose Red, Ecru, Lavender, Pink, Blue, Violet and Black—$6.75.

An unequalled showing of rare elegance in these new Silk Waists that range in price up to $14.50; no two styles alike; new ideas in shapes of collars, sleeves and cuffs—they come in the new Sage Green, Blue Grays, Old Rose, Lavender and White—$7.50, $9.50, $11.50, $13.50 and $14.50.

Charming Eton Jackets of Silk.

Approved by Paris; approved by women far and near who have an eye for the beautiful in dress. Silk Etons are to be a feature of the spring.

They sell at $10 to $45—and you'll agree that the price marked on any one of the styles is fair. Here are hints of a few—just hints; you need to see them to fully appreciate their charm—

$27.50—Effective Etons of black taffeta, bolero effect, white tailor stitching, military collar, stylish turn-over cuffs. Taffeta lined throughout.

$19.95—Black Taffeta Etons, deep sailor collar, trimmed with ecru. Russian lace, caught with black chiffon bow and ends; jacket edged with one-inch velvet band, adjustable belt, with postillion back. Taffeta lined throughout.

$18.75—Fine Eton Jacket of black peau de soie. French tucked bodice effect. L'Aignon collar, large turn-back revers, effectively finished with stitched bands; bell sleeves. Taffeta-lined throughout.

$14.95—Stylish Collarless Etons, of tucked black taffeta, edged with one-inch stitched band; narrow satin braid and tiny black buttons; flare sleeves. Lined throughout with white taffeta.

$12.50—Etons of black tucked taffeta, effective collar of mousseline; Bullion and pastel applique; jacket piped with white taffeta band; fancy bell sleeve. Taffeta lined throughout.

Raglans and Newmarkets For Spring.

Box Coats, $10 to $21.00.
Newmarkets, $15 to $37.50.

The difference between this spring's and last winter's is that three-quarters are either longer or shorter than during the winter; instead of straight pockets the pockets are vertical, and most of the coats have yokes.

All colors are worn; but tan, castor, black and gray will probably be the most popular.

They are plain, finished with stitching; some of them have Raglan sleeves, some strapped. Box-backs, medium and tight-fitting backs are all worn, and they are all equally good style.

The newmarkets have much the same characteristics, but fall to the hem of the skirt. Close-fitting backs with single-breasted fronts as well as box backs and half-fitting backs are good. The sleeves are mostly stitched or finished with strappings—and some have turned back cuffs.

Etons and Other Cloth Coats.

Makers say that we are grumpy and hard to please. That we put them to unnecessary trouble—make them do too much that the public doesn't know anything about—can't see.

If we weren't grumpy this wouldn't be the best store in town to buy coats and dresses; our styles wouldn't have any individuality; the jackets and suits would wear no better than other people's.

$9.75—Stylish Coats of castor covert; box front, double breasted, half-fitted back, tailor collar and revers, flare sleeves; lined throughout with taffeta.

$9.75—Jaunty collarless Eton of black broadcloth; edged with 1-inch taffeta band, adjustable vest of white duck, finished with tiny gilt buttons. Lined with taffeta.

$10—Stylish Coats of English covert, fly front, half-fitted back; panne velvet collar, strapped seams. Lined with taffeta.

Second floor.

$12.95—Fashionable short Jackets of Venetian cloth; dip-front, double breasted. L'Aiglan collar and fronts of white tucked taffeta, finished with fancy black and gilt braid; flare sleeves. Lined with taffeta.

$16.50—Box Coats of covert cloth; fly front, half-fitted back, back and down front tailor strapped, velvet collar; tailored strap at neck and cuff of sleeve. Lined throughout with taffeta.

$23.75—Eton Jackets of black French broadcloth; double breasted, dip-front, velvet collar, stitched satin revers. Satin lined throughout.

Women's Walking Skirts.

There are skirts and skirts.

Next to materials that pretend to be what they are not, one of the main reliances of makers of cheap skirts is the presser. They take these poorly made skirts and press them into shape—look well when you try them on, and for a few days. Then they get limp, there's no "hang" to them—and you are disgusted.

We don't take any such risks—we work too hard to keep your good will to foolishly lose it by selling such garments. Besides, you'd bring them back. You have a right to expect good value, whatever price you pay; and our idea of good service of a skirt is that its looks should be the last attribute to leave it.

At $5.75—Heavy Melton Cloth, all wool, in brown, grey and black; 6 rows of stiching down each seam and 12 rows of stitching around the new flare buttons.

At $8.50—of grey, brown, black and blue heavy mixed cloths, made with the new scalloped flare, 12 rows of stitching all around and every seam 6 rows.

At $10.50—Of Scotch heavy Melton cloth in brown, grey and black—deep inverted pleat, invisible placket fastening in the back, which makes it impossible for these skirts to gap open in the back; 16 rows of stitching around flare flounces.

And then $12.50, $14.50, $16.50 and $18.50 for the finest Kersey Cloth Walking Skirt.

New Silk Dress Skirts.

We have never sold so many skirts as now, even in the midst of the season; but women folks seem to appreciate our efforts in getting the stylish things to Duluth early, not a minute behind any of the representative Eastern stores.

Rich Black Taffeta Silk Dress Skirts, neatly trimmed with silk ruching around the stylish flare at bottom—$10.75.

Fine Black Taffeta Silk Dress Skirts, deep flounce of trimmed velvet and ruching, nearsilk lining, and very neatly finished—$13.50, and then by $1 and $2 up to $85 for high-class imported ones.

Cloth Skirts.

In the new spring styles—Broadcloths, Venetians, etc.—splendidly tailored and trimmed with all the new little kinks of fashion in black and novelty shades, brown and the new willow green—decidedly smart—$6.50, $8.50, $12 and up.

TAILORED SUITS

Some women cannot understand why a dress "gets old" so quickly—looks pretty in the store and at the first or second wearing; "then it's a rag." That comes of poor making. If the shape and charm of a costume are produced by proper lines in cutting and proper sewing (we call it tailoring all through), it will hold its good looks. But even a poorly cut and made dress can be ironed into shape. Trouble is the shape does not stay—and the dress soon "looks old." Many stores sell many dresses and wraps, but very few stores monopolize the trade of careful women—and one must lead them all. Which? Measured by selling—The Silberstein & Bondy Company. Whether you pay $10 or $75 for a dress, you are entitled to good value—entitled to a dress that will for a long time look well. As to expensive dresses, the store's task is easier. Your only concern is that you shall not pay wastefully much. Just enough prices to give you an idea—

At $23.50—Our elegant imported Venetian Cloth in black and colors, silk lined throughout.

At $15.00—Blue and Black Pebble Cheviot; fly-front jacket, nicely tailored; revers inlaid with taffeta; 7-gore flare skirt, percaline lined; double stitched.

At $20.00—Covert Cloth; tan, gray, blue and Oxford; double-breasted Eton; revers inlaid with peau de soie; silk lined. 7-gore Skirt with flare; seams stitched; belt of material; stitched; lined with percaline.

At $18.50—Handsome Venetians in brown, tan, gray and black, beautifully trimmed.

At $23.00—Unfinished worsteds, blue and black, Eton jacket with drop front and satin girdle, reveres inlaid with satin, 7-gore flare skirt trimmed with bands of satin, lined with near silk.

At $30.00—Black Cheviot, tight fitting single-breasted jacket, **velvet collar, satin** reveres, 7-gore skirt lined throughout with silk.

And lots of others up to $75.00.

QUEER SIGNS.

Along Broadway, when the day is fine and the streets are thronged, the thrifty shopman hangs out a sort of cart du jour, which, with its staring black and white letters, compels regard, and if there are no stops of the speeding car, the impression made by these placards is uncommonly amusing, says the World.

"Washable Boys' Suits!" allows the mind to dwell for a moment upon the possibilities if boys were not washable.

"Half Off—Men's and Boys' Suits!" A nearer view might show a temporizing per cent, but the flying car makes no allowances.

"Society for the Encouragement of Wearing Clean Shirts!" The purification committee flashes in and out of mind, and for small favors the voice rises in thanksgiving.

"Dinners Ten Cents and Up!" And why not if it really is not worth more?

"Wear One of Our $5 Suits and You Will Have a Fit," one firm tersely and facetiously puts it.

"Ladies' Skirts Rebounded!" is the encouraging promise lettered by a little Polish tailor unacquainted with the intricacies of our tongue.

Calling the attention of a fellow-passenger to the quaint outward showing a reminiscent sign or two were evoked:

This brings to mind another in the same city: "Mr. and Mrs. Einstein Have Cast-Off Clothing of All Descriptions and Invite an Early Inspection."

Senator Mason leaned against the weather map in the marble room of the senate one day recently, says a Washington correspondent, and wiped off half the weather report for the United States at one swoop. The weather man saw what happened and began to jump about wildly.

"What's the matter?" asked Senator Mason.

"Nothing," replied the weather man, "except that you have the climate for all of the United States west of the Mississippi on the back of your coat."

ELOPERS STOPPED

School Girl Was Running Away With a Janitor.

Both Were Arrested By Detectives at a Chicago Depot.

Were Going to New York and Thence to Europe.

Chicago, April 3.—The fact that her proposed husband was 40 years old and already a man of family did not serve to deter 15-year-old Ethel Campbell, of Englewood, from consenting to an elopement. According to some, she loved Joseph H. Heveran, a former janitor at the Cook county normal school. Others say he taught her to fear him.

Heveran was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives King and McKenna, of the Englewood station. He was on the platform of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway depot in Englewood at the time of the arrest. Ethel was with him.

They were awaiting the arrival of a north-bound train that would take them down town. Heveran was locked up at the Englewood police station, charged with abduction, and later taken to the county jail. He is to have a hearing before Justice Duggan April 5.

Ethel was accompanied to her home, No. 6845 Parnell avenue, by Secretary Jones of the Englewood Law and Order league. She confessed and said that Heveran and she had arranged an elopement to New York city, and later had planned a tour of England.

Mrs. Campbell is prostrated over the affair. Her husband, William E. Campbell, formerly a watchman for the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad, retired two years ago. There are several sons. One of them is Clayton Campbell, foreman of the printing department of the Chicago City railway plant, at Twenty-sixth and State streets. He is married and lives with his brother-in-law, James Allen, No. 6530 Union avenue.

Ethel is a pretty girl, who is reported to be bright in her studies. She attends the Yale school, Seventy-first street and Yale avenue, and is in the seventh grade. She is well grown for her age and has more the appearance of a woman than the school girl that she it.

Heveran lives at No. 6727 Yale avenue. He has a wife and seven children, the oldest of whom is 11 years old. He claims to have resigned his position as janitor at the normal school of his own free will.

It was there he first met Ethel when she was 11 years old. He says the girl is fondly attached to him. On the other hand, Mrs. Campbell declares the man threatened her daughter's life should she refuse to accompany him.

Heveran's shortage of funds is said to have led to his discovery. Just before meeting Ethel, he is said to have asked his oldest child for money while the mother was outside. In response to his appeal the girl brought her toy bank to him, which contained $2.

This Heveran is said to have pocketed, and kissing the child, did not await the return of his wife. When the latter returned she learned of the occurrence and followed her husband. She saw him meet the girl and later go to the depot with her. Mrs. Heveran appealed to Secretary Jones and a warrant was sworn out for Heveran's arrest.

AMUSEMENTS.

"'WAY DOWN EAST."

Last evening William A. Brady's production of "'Way Down East" was repeated at the Lyceum and the audience was a very large one, the theater being full. This is all the testimonial the company and the play need, for a full house on the second night is not a very common thing in Duluth.

JAMES-KIDDER COMPANY.

Louis James and Miss Kathryn Kidder are announced to appear at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening in a goregous scenic production of Shakespeare's "A Midsummer Night's Dream." These two artists have now been jointly starred by Messrs. Wagenhals and Kemper for four consecutive seasons, during which time they have been seen in a series of classic revivals, which to say the least, have subserved the best traditions of the American stage. They have earned a large and enviable following among the most cultured element of playgoers throughout the country, which through the progressive policy of their managers is augmented as one season succeeds another. In "A Midsummer Night's Dream" both artists will have congenial roles, Mr. James, who is always happier in comedy, playing the part of Bottom, and Miss Kidder the stately poetic character of Helena. With the exception of these two roles the acting interest in the play is dominated by its spectacular features, in which respect Messrs. Wagenhals and Kemper are said to have provided a scenic equipment and other accessories equal, if not superior, to those seen in the famous production of the play presented at Her Majesty's theater, London, by Beerbohm Tree. A complete score has been composed for the incidental music, which to the musical mind will tell a story in itself. What with the grand stage settings, the pretty ballets of elves and fairies, the tuneful melodies and the ability of the players, it is an entertainment that can hardly fail to fill the theater to its utmost capacity.

"A MILK WHITE FLAG."

Among the popular amusement managers of the country, the firm of Dunne & Ryley enjoy a reputation for presenting standard and meritorious attractions which they always produce in a strictly first class manner, sparing no expense in scenic equipment and in lavish and costly costuming. This season they lay before the public Charles H. Hoyt's most notable success, "A Milk White Flag." This big spectacular, satirical comedy has been revised and improved without eliminating the bright particular features which have always made it a favorite. It requires as many people as a big comic opera company, and a military band and orchestra adds materially to its musical program. "A Milk White Flag" comes to the Lyceum Friday.

"PRISONER OF ZENDA."

The announcement of the coming again of the great Lyceum theater, New York, success, "The Prisoner of Zenda," will be hailed with delight by the best theatergoers. The production will be presented by special arrangement with Daniel Frohman, under whose capable management it has been presented since its inception. Special care has been taken to make the production this year stronger than ever. The leading role, the dual one of Rassendyll and the king, will be assumed by Vaughan Glaser, whose association with the play as Fritz Von Tarlenheim in the past has so materially added to its success, and Ruth Aldudys as Princess Flavia has a character that fits her abilities and personality like the proverbial glove.

RESULTS IN A TIE.

Sharp Contest For a Gun Club Badge.

There is a sharp contest in the Central Gun club at the present time for the possession of the Wells-Ennis badge for 25 birds. Paul Sharvy, who shoots under the name of Bowstring, has held the badge. Last Saturday a number of the crack shots of the club shot for the badge and J. W. Nelson made the highest score, 24. Mr. Sharvy was out of the city, however, and yesterday afternoon he went out to the grounds and tried for the same number of birds with the result that he tied the Nelson score of 24.

In order to settle the possession of the badge Messrs. Nelson and Sharvy will shoot next Saturday afternoon and the winner will take the prize. It is possible that some other interesting events may be arranged for the afternoon.

Northern Line Schedule.

The Northern Steamship company has announced its schedule for the coming season. The Miami, the Plant line boat that has been chartered for the season to take the place of the North Land and the North West, on the Lake Superior run, will make two trips a week between Duluth and Mackinac, the first sailing to be made June 19. The Miami will leave Duluth on Saturdays at 7:30 a. m. and on Wednesdays at 12:15 p. m.. She will make connections at Mackinac with the North Land or the North West for either Chicago or Buffalo. Passengers leaving Duluth at midnight on Wednesday will arrive in Chicago Friday afternoon, and in Buffalo on Saturday morning.

PARLIAMENT.

Gossip Is Plentiful Regarding a Successor to Lord Salisbury.

New York, April 3.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Parliament has risen for the Easter recess after a session more satisfactory to the opposition than to the government. The record of business is meager, but that is a small matter in comparison with the lack of energy and judgment with which the house of commons has been led.

The continuance of Lord Salisbury in power for many weeks is doubted by some of the most experienced parliamentary hands. There are rumors that he has sought to offer his resignation before his departure for Beaulieu and that A. J. Balfour would be found in the upper house when parliament reassembles. Another version is that nothing will be done for a fortnight and that Lord Salisbury may consent to remain in office until the close of the session, if his health improves on the Rieviera.

There was no lack of gossip in the smoking room of the house of commons during the closing hours, but the only points on which there was a general agreement were that the government had been on a downward grade since the king's speech was read and that a stronger leader than Mr. Balfour was needed in the commons.

VALUABLE SILKS.

Victoria, April 3.—The steamer Empress of Japan, which arrived last night from the Orient, has the most valuable consignment of silk ever brought in one steamer from a Chinese port, she having loaded 1060 cases, valued at over 1,000,000 taels, at Shanghai.

SOLDIERS HAVE SMALLPOX.

San Francisco, April 3.—Owing to the discovery of a case of smallpox among the men of the Eleventh infantry, the regiment will not sail for Manilla on the transport Kilpatrick on April 5, as had been planned. Two companies of the regiment are to be detained at Angel island until danger of the spread of the disease is passed.

Searchlight of public opinion has revealed the fact that Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest spring blessing ever offered afflicted mankind. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

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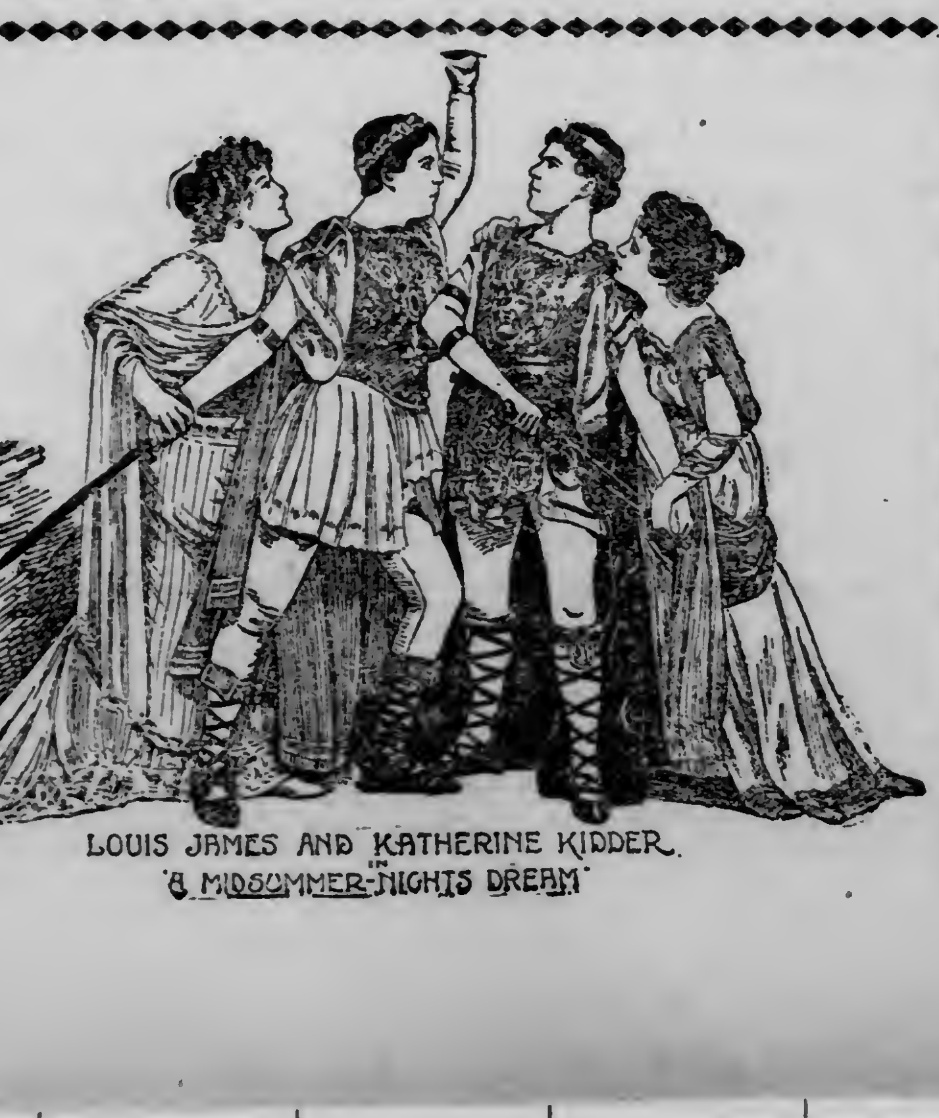


LOUIS JAMES AND KATHERINE KIDDER. "A MIDSUMMER NIGHTS DREAM"

Easter Hat Pins.

Roman gold, rose gold, sterling silver and French grey fancy pins set with pearls, turquoise, emerald and ruby, doublets, single stones and clusters, special values at...25c and 10c

New Bolero fasteners—silver and Roman gold, plain or chased—new clever designs—at, per dozen...$1.50 and 75c

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy Special.

Fresh, delicious Gum Drops, the 15c kind, tomorrow at ... 10c

Samples Honey Comb Candy Free—It's the most delicious confection ever made—all the rage in the East—pure, wholesome and delightful.
In the Candy Department.

Samples genuine Satin Skin Cream free in Drug Dept.

Easter SHOPPING ON in Earnest.

The time for study is over—the days of action are here—all Easter problems must be solved at once—or the worry and disappointmeut will war the Easter day tide enjoyment—here as nowhere else are the fullest answers to all possible dress puzzles and questions.

Easter Selling

Jouvin GLOVES $2.

The Glove adds a "fitting finish to a faultless gown." Our Jouvin Glove is the finest in the world—the standard of excellence—all colors and sizes at ... $2.00

Black Suede at ... $1.85

Trefousse Gloves in suede or glace, all colors—tan, pearl, slate, mode—Paris point backs—the new kid fasteners, at $2 and ... $1.75

Peerless Gloves—our own brand—glace finish, pique sewed, oxblood brown, etc. $1.50

Special for tomorrow—Fine glace Kid Gloves in tan, brown, black or mode, embroidered back, soft skins, worth $1.25—tomorrow ... 89c

Easter NECKWEAR.

New shapes designed by the cleverest designers in the country, and at prices that effectually settle the question of "where" to buy your "Easter Neck Dressing"—We have Neckwear for every occasion—from the plain to the highly elaborate.

New Twice Roundties—5 corded stock and flowing ends—all colors at ... 35c and 25c

New Narrow Four-in-hand Ties—white taffeta with shell, tuck edge—gilt spike ends—all colors at ... 25c

New all-taffeta twice-round Ties, with shell tuck edge, 3 to 4½-in wide, very pretty, at 63c

New grass linen Ties with taffeta silk on ends and taffeta lay-over edges, linen collar with blue, pink, lavender, etc., at ... 65c

New lay-over edges of fine embroidery, were 15c, now ... 10c

New Stock Collars of silk and satin, handsomely trimmed at 50c, 45c and ... 29c

Easter CORSETS.

HER MAJESTY'S CORSET. GORED STRAIGHT FRONT.

On the fit of your Corset depends the fit of your gown—so it's essential to get a Corset built on correct lines. Here are two of the best Corsets made—

At $1.00 W. B. "Erect Form" Corsets—the best straight front Corset ever brought out for the money.

At $1.50 P. N. perfect Corsets; the straight front kind—gives the long pleasing slope from shoulder to bust, gives the shoulders the military set—exert no harmful pressure, braces the muscles of the back—it's a perfect straight-form Corset at only ... $1.50

We carry all the leading makes—W. B., Thompson's, Royal Worcester, Her Majesty's, Etc. Expert corset fitter in attendance.

Flannel GOWN Clearance.

Final price on the pretty stripe Outing Flannel Gowns—all nicely made—some lace trimmed.

89c Gowns close out at ... 69c

$1.50 Gowns close out at ... $1.19

Easter SHOES—Underprice

Here are two special values for tomorrow. Each one is unusually attractive because are first class Shoes—underprice—right now at the time most wanted are rare occurences.

$3.00 Shoes $2.19

We thought we had the last of the lot but our buyer now East managed to pick up a few dozen more—choice of fine dress kid with patent or kid tips, or box calf shoes with heavy extension soles, military or Cuban heels—an ideal shoe for the sloppy spring weather—all sizes and widths tomorrow at ... $2.19

$3.50 Shoes at $2.50 Handsome shoes of box calf with mannish extension soles—opera or military heels or of vici kid with light turns—have patent leather or kid tips—very serviceable and desirable—$3.50 shoes at ... $2.50

The Volga Shoe at $3.50.

It's a $5.00 Shoe for $3.50; comes in 28 different styles, all the fashionable shapes and leathers—all spring styles now ready.

Eastertime Suits.

At $15 Choice of eight styles—Etons, Bolero or Blouse silk lined Jackets—variously trimmed with silk—braid—or stitching—L'Aiglon—Military or no collars. Skirts are all cut with the swell flaring flounce—lined with good wearing percaline—and hang perfectly. All colors and sizes at $15.00.

At $15 **Extra Special**—Eton suit of all-wool cheviot—silk lined throughout jacket and skirt. Skirt is cut full flaring shape—jacket is nobby, short double breasted Eton with silk faced revers—usually would sell for $22.50; you can get them here tomorrow at the special price of, each, $15.00.

At $17½ **and $18½**—Ten handsome, extremely fashionable styles of new tailor gowns—these include every good shape and are of cheviots, coverts, broadcloths, venetian, etc., in all colors. The range is large and the assortment at this popular price extremely varied and pleasing—over ten styles to choose from at these remarkable low prices, $17.50 and $18.50.

At $22½ **and $25 00.** At these two prices we offer the finest values in the country—12 styles—including the late Postilion Suits—the Bolero and the Eton Suits. All the jackets and many of the skirts are silk lined throughout. All the skirts are the "King" Paris model and each suit has that innate style characteristic of our garments. The cloths are Venetian, Broadcloths, cheviots and coverts, all colors. Twelve styles at these low prices, $22.50 and $25.00.

Junior Suits for Misses and Children

THESE cleverly made suits for misses and girls—in the correct modish fashions and colors—have filled a popular need and the trade is responding in leaps and bounds. There's a satisfaction to mothers in being able to try the dress on and see how it fits—besides avoiding the bother of home work.

At $10.75 For girls of 12 to 15 years—It's made of good cheviot in blue, brown, red, tan, etc.—with nobby collarless Bolero jacket, trimmed with gold braid—silk lining. The skirt is cut with a graduated flaring flounce—percaline lined. The whole suit is very stylish and serviceable.

At $2.25 **and $3.75**—Made of good heavy blue cheviots—good percaline lining, cut flaring at hem. A very stylish and handsome misses' skirt.

Dress and Walking Skirts.

At $9.75 Dress skirts of excellent black cheviot—cut 17-gore—with raised corded seams—and full flaring effect. Has five rows stitched satin from knee to hem—similating a flounce—a splendid stylish skirt.

At $5.00 Dress skirt of good all wool cheviot, cut with flaring flounce—trimmed with three rows satin—tailor stitched—percaline lined and velvet finish. A splendid skirt for the remarkable low price of $5.00.

At $4.50 Walking skirts of extra heavy skirting in black and gray mixtures—lapped seams—has 8-inch flounce with twenty rows of tailor stitching.

Beautiful Silk Skirts.

At $10.00 **$14.00, $18.50, $25.00, $35.00, $50.00 and up**—trimmed with all manner of cording, tucking, pleating, etc.—beautiful ruffles of plaited chiffon—charming combinations of taffeta silk and grenadiere—lace and chenille.

Great Waist Bargains.

At $4½ **Silk Waist**—(like cut)—in black or colored taffeta silk—front corded in new "sunburst" effect, back has straight cording, hemstitched bow at bust—all sizes.

At $3.75 New all wool Albatross Waist in all the light shades of pink, green, lavender, rose, etc. Entire front and back and sleeves corded with fine cording—has bishop sleeve and stock collar—a great bargain.

New Spring Jackets

At $6.50 Eton, Box, or Half Fitting Jackets in Broadcloth or covert, in very pretty shades of tan. All are nicely lined with silk serge and are strictly man tailored. For style and fabric they have no equal at the little price of $6.50.

MAGNET

At $9½ Jackets in all the new Eton, Box or Half Fitted shapes in Covert and Broadcloth—tan shades—silk lined—with bell, bishop or cavalier cuff sleeve—velvet collars—at $9.50.

Fascinating Conceits in Artistic HEADWEAR

OUR millinery has taken the hearts of Duluth ladies—that distinct charm of individuality and enticing beauty of design which marks all our hats is becoming more and more appreciated by the smart dressers—our opening marked a long stride forward—it announced emphatically what shapes and styles would rule for the coming season—therefore, don't delay—come in tomorrow and order your hat—we'll surely have it ready for Easter wear—there certainly is no richer choosing to be found at the head of the lakes region than in these millinery parlors—or at more consistently fair prices—and of the fashions, you can take this hint from us: "Paris, the fountain head of style, has decreed in favor of flowers, and flowers are the thing—flowers everywhere—on top, underneath and all over." Therefore, buy a hat with plenty of flowers and foilage.

As to Prices—We will show for tomorrow some exceptionally handsome hats for **$4 to $6**, together with a lavish display of exquisite hats at **$7.50 to $12.** These are ready for Easter wear and are absolutely perfect in material and fashion—others of course at higher prices, including the pattern hats and the imported models—come up to the Millinery Department and view the new shapes and styles—it's worth your while—we're glad to have you.

Special Easter SILKS.

At 98c **Black Taffetas**—22-inch—wear guaranteed—a high finish—extra quality taffeta—vastly superior in wear and looks to the usual $1.25 silk.

At 75c **and $1.00—New Line Imported Foulards**—Satin finish foulards—all the new spring colors of pink, nile, maize, turquoise, etc., in beautiful uncommon patterns—25 inches wide.

At $1.00 **Cachimere Taffeta**—All silk fabric—woven like a cashmere cloth—24 inches wide—comes in 18 new spring shades, including white and black—equal in weight and finish to the $1.25 goods—tomorrow at $1 per yard.

WAISTINGS and Suitings.

At 39c **All Wool Challies**—31 inches wide—in a very pleasing variety of patterns—in pink, blue, rose, lavender, French gray, etc.—this is the quality usually sold at 50c—our price tomorrow is but 39c.

At 50c **and 75 cent—Silk Stripe Albatross**—In blue, tan, lavender, new blue, black, red, pink—27 inches—with handsome white silk stripes and cords on fine albatross grounds.

At 69c **All Wool Colored Cheviot Suitings**—54 inches wide—in blue, gray and reseda—these are regular $1 goods which we bought at an unusually small cost—and you get the benefit.

In the Under-Price Basement

Where housewares and utensils are always to be had at prices much below the other shops—where the assortments are greater and the savings always larger—in a pure daylight salesroom—

At 10c 300 Glass Water Pitchers—2-quart size.

At 25c 40c Glass Table Sets—covered butter dish, covered sugar bowl, spoon holder and creamer.

At 50c per dozen—100 dozen Wine Glasses—assorted shapes—usually sell at 75c doz.

At 18c 29c Heavy Plain Glass Celery Holders with scalloped tops and foot.

At 10c 18c Cups and Saucers—very thin china—ovide shape—gold bands.

At 15c 25 doz 25c Milk Pitchers—3-pint size—nicely glazed.

At 15c 25c Fancy Jardinieres in assorted shapes—new and handsome designs and colors, 49c for the larger 75c sizes.

Kitchen and Laundry Utensils.

At 29c 10 dozen 50c Willow Clothes Baskets—slightly soiled—a great bargain.

At 25c 10 rolls large size Perforated Toilet Papers, usually 5c roll.

At 25c White Poplar Pastry Boards—choice of three sizes—worth 29c, 33c and 39c.

At 25c 15 bars Laundry Soap—full size 3-4 lb bars—regular value 5c bar.

At 17c 10 doz 25c Dish Pans—of extra heavy polished tin, good size.

At 2c 100 doz 9-inch Pie Tins. A very special bargain.

At 25c No. 24 Granite Iron Preserving Kettles, worth 35c each.

At 35c No. 28 Kettles—they usually sell at 45c each.

See our display of Go-Carts and Baby Cabs—All the new styles just received—100 styles at from $4.50 to $40.00 each.

AT SUPERIOR

Result of the Election In the Wisconsin City.

West Superior went through the form of another municipal election yesterday and the result proved a surprise in many quarters. According to the precedent established within the last few years party lines were smashed to a large extent. Especially was this true in the case of the municipal judgship, over which the contest was very spirited, Judge Haily, the present incumbent, being re-elected on an independent ticket. Mr. Haily was, two years ago, elected assemblyman on the Republican ticket, resigned to accept the position on the bench, on appointment of the governor, was turned down in the Republican city convention, came out independently and won over Attorney A. C. Titus, the regular Republican nominee, by a substantial majority. The vote last night, with the little town of Brule to hear from, was Haily, 2190; Titus, 1780.

On the other hand, D. E. Roberts, the present county judge, who has on several occasions been re-elected after an independent campaign, was probably defeated by L. S. Larsen, Republican, the vote standing 1669 to 1562, with the town of Brule to hear from.

In the ward contests the following supervisors and aldermen were elected: First ward, supervisor, James Bardon, Dem.; alderman, Andrew Newburgh, Dem.; Second ward, supervisor, Peter Bradshaw, Rep.; alderman, J. C. Bertrand, Dem.; Third ward, supervisor, O. A. Granquist, Rep.; alderman, George Deering, Rep.; Fourth ward, supervisor, Joseph Naughton, Rep.; alderman, William Tideman, Rep.; Fifth ward, supervisor, Claus Johnson, Rep.; alderman, Con McRae, Rep.; Sixth ward, supervisor, Edward Donley, Rep.; alderman, tie between George Giffin, Dem., and Stack, Rep.; Seventh ward, supervisor, F. J. Wildner, Rep.; alderman, F. W. Bartholemew, Rep.; Eighth ward, supervisor, George Comiskey, Dem.; alderman, Ed Hanton, Dem.; Ninth ward, supervisor, Peter Waseen, Rep.; alderman, John Anderson, Rep.; Tenth ward, supervisor, Ed Buchanan, Dem.; alderman, J. H. McCauley, Rep.

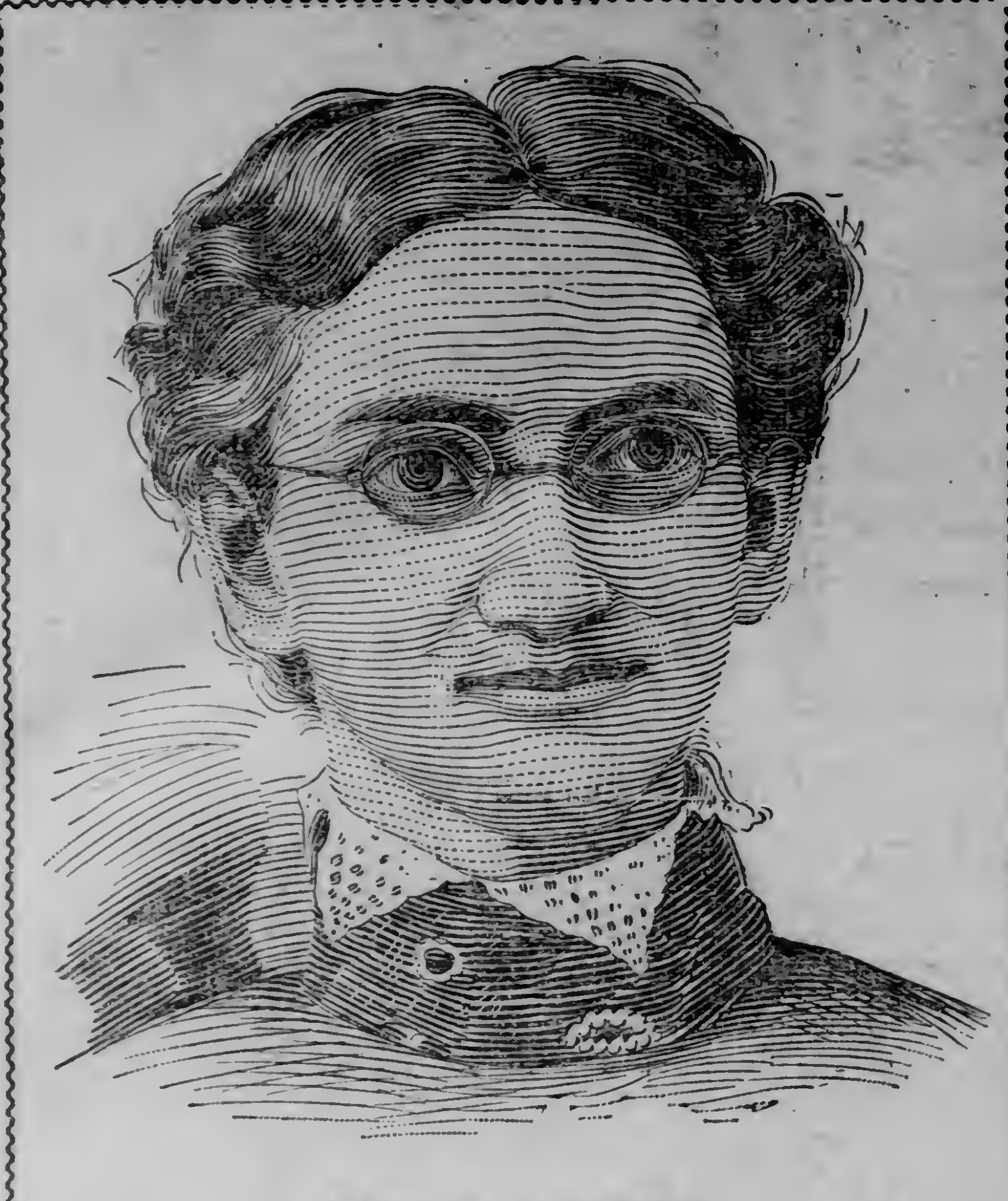
The vote was considered very light, and is accounted for by the campaign managers by the little interest manifested in the ward and judicial elections.

George Giffin, who tied former Alderman Stack in the Sixth ward, was the former city comptroller and was defeated a year ago for re-election by a Republican. It was claimed last night that there was one defective ballot in this ward that was marked for both candidates, and this thrown out would elect Giffin. This morning the Republican managers were a little nervous over the Larsen-Roberts contest, as it was feared that the Brule returns, if they were all Roberts way, would overcome Larsen's slight lead in the city.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Bolce, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Max Wirth.

THIRTEEN DOCTORS FAILED.

Mrs. M. A. Close, of Nebraska, Was Cured of Incipient Consumption After All Medical Aid Had Failed—Read Her Letter.



MRS. M. A. CLOSE.

Kearney, Neb., July 8, 1900.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Doctor—"I desire to express to you my sincere thanks for the interest you have shown in my case, and for the timely aid and advice which has affected a cure of as bad a case of consumption as could be well imagined.

FOUND HERSELF GROWING WORSE.

"Peruna and Manalin have done what thirteen of the best physicians in the country have failed to do. For more than three years I doctored for consumption, and spent thirteen weeks in a Pulmonary Sanitarium at Milwaukee, Wis.; but finding myself growing worse, as a last resort, I came West, where I was bedfast for many weeks, and the physicians which my husband called gave no hope, but said, 'She cannot possibly live more than a few days.' But thanks to Peruna, I fooled them all. In an incredibly short time after I began to take Peruna the hemorrhages stopped. I began to mend slowly at first, but the improvement became more marked, and now I can truthfully say that there is not the slightest trace of my old complaint.

"I would have written you a long time ago, but have purposely waited too see if the effect was lasting, and in conclusion I would say, God bless you and keep you with us that you may go on with your work of mercy for many years to come.—Mrs. M. A. Close.

P. S.—"I am going to visit friends in Wisconsin who never expected to see me alive again, so please forward mail to me at 579 Pacific Street, Appleton, Wis."—M. A. C.

AN OLD COLD

Is Catarrh, and Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

The tnedency of catarrh of the head is to pass downward through the bronchial tubes to the lungs. Anyone who has had catarrh of the head for a year or more finds the disease gradually progressing downward. In some cases the progress is rapid, and in other cases it is slow; but sooner or later, if catarrh is allowed to run, it will go to the lungs and set up the disease known as consumption. It is doubtful if consumption is ever caused by anything except catarrh.

The catarrh usually begins as a cold in the head or throat, and is neglected until it becomes chronic; then it begins to dawn on the victim that he has catarrh. Unless he is very foolish indeed he will not rest easy until the catarrh is entirely cured. Thousands pay no attention to it until it is too late.

If Peruna is used the cold never becomes chronic, and hence catarrh is prevented. But after catarrh has become thoroughly established, Peruna will cure it, but it will take much longer. Even in cases where catarrh has attacked the lungs and the symptoms of consumption have shown themselves, the Peruna will cure. A great many cases of genuine consumption have been cured with Peruna after the patient had been given up to die, as in the case of Mrs. Close.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

DREDGING.

Considerable Work to Be Done When Bay Opens.

Although there has been a period of several days of warm weather, one of the officials connected with a local dredge company said yesterday that it has only been within the last two days that the ice in the bay has showed signs of rotting. This man claims there is much ice here this spring, and the prospects of as early an opening of harbor navigation as occurred last spring are rather slim. Last spring tugs were running about the harbor as early as April 15, and some of the dredges were taken out April 19. Some predict the opening of navigation, locally, will not occur until the 20th of the month at the best calculation.

The outlook for spring work for the dredges in the harbor, outside of those on the government contract, while very fair, are not so good as last season. The Duluth Dock and Dredge company has several small contracts to begin on as soon as the dredges can be moved from winter quarters, and it is expected that the big new dredge, built at the company's yards this past winter, will be ready shortly after the season opens.

Capt. C. S. Barker, in addition to his cotract dredging for the government, will do some dredging for the Ohio coal company at its dock extension. The superstructure was erected during the past winter, but will have to be filled in before the dock is ready to receive coal. The St. Paul & Western dock, in West Superior, near the interstate bridge, will also have some dredging done this spring. The Northwestern Coal Railway company's large hydraulic dredge will do the dredging for the new coal dock of the Northwestern Fuel company, on Superior bay, a work that will probably take several months. Capt. Barker will also have some dredging to do at his proposed new yards on Rice's Point. The Interstate Traction company is waiting for a dredge to cut out a channel across the canal for its power cables before opening the season on Park Point with their electric cars. More or less dredging will be necessary at several of the other coal docks this spring.

Spring Cleaning

You are made aware of the necessity for cleansing your blood in the spring by humors, eruptions and other outward signs of impurity.

Or that dull headache, bilious, nauseous, nervous condition and that tired feeling are due to the same cause—weak, thin, impure, tired blood.

America's Greatest Spring Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It makes the blood rich and pure, cures scrofula and salt rheum, gives a clear, healthy complexion, good appetite, sweet sleep, sound health.

For cleansing the blood the best medicine money can buy is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is Peculiar to Itself.

Pleasing Entertainment.

The entertainment given last evening at the First Christian church was a complete success. Saldini gave the entertainment, assisted by a number of musicians. The first part of the program was devoted to Scotch songs and readings. It included numbers by Burns, Walter Scott and Charles Mackey. In the second part Saldini gave numbers by Riley and Longfellow and several humorous sketches. Songs were given by Gean Stuart, Miss McKay, Miss Ella Mason, D. G. Black and J. G. Hamaker. Miss Virginia Bean gave a violin solo.

"A Scrap of Paper."

The comic drama "A Scrap of Paper," was presented for the third time at the First Unitarian church last night before a good audience. The cast was the same as before, but the participants showed an improvement in their rendition of the parts. On the whole the performance though amateur was quite professional in many respects, and the Parthenian club is to be complimented for its excellent work.

COMPANY FORMED

Cook & Turrish Interests to Build New Railroad.

To Run From Virginia Northward Tapping Their Timber.

Road Is to Be a Permanent Standard Gauge One.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake Railway company has been incorporated by the Cook & Turrish pine land interests, and it is planned to build a railroad that will mean a good deal to this section. The firm of Cook & Turrish and the parties interested with it, including J. L. Washburn, own vast quantities of timber that will be reached by the road, and besides their holdings there are millions of feet of standing timber that the road will tap.

The railroad is projected to Koochiching, though that is beyond the limits of the timber holdings of the interested parties. It is not to be a logging road, but a standard gauge permanent railroad, and it is considered that there is business enough in sight to make it a paying proposition aside from that furnished by the incorporators and their associated interests. It is capitalized at $1,000,000, and the incorporators are Wirt H. Cook, M. S. Cook, William D. Bailey, F. W. Heimick and Henry Turrish.

The road will start from Virginia and run northward, touching at the west end of Vermilion lake, and running to Koochiching by way of Ash lake. It is the most direct route to the Rainy lake country. Before the road has gone more than fifty miles from Virginia it will be in the timber owned by the incorporating parties and within fifty miles it will tap several hundred millions of feet of standing pine owned by them. At present an effort is being made to divert this timber to the Mississippi, so that Duluth would get no benefit from it whatever. If the road is built this move will be checkmated.

Beyond the limit of the Cook & Turrish timber holdings there are unlimited possibilities. There are vast spruce fields that the pulp mills will need shortly, and cedar and tamarack enough to furnish a new set of ties for all the railroads in the country. Besides this there are vast areas of farming lands, water powers, mineral lands, and finally, there is a possibility that the line will give a direct outlet to the lakes for the Manitoba wheat that will provide such a reduction in freight rates that practically all of it may be diverted this way.

Preliminary work on the route has already been begun, and it is believed that the enterprise is a "go." It will connect at Virginia with any of the three range roads for Duluth, and not very much road need be built to make the line a very important one.

DISTRICTS.

Suggestion as to Arrangement For New Commissioners.

In all the discussions regarding the redistricting of St. Louis county and increasing the number of commissioners to seven under the new law that the legislature provided at the request of politicians who desired to sooth the division fever that has prevailed on the ranges for some time, it has been assumed that the Mesaba range must necessarily get both of the new commissioners. As a matter of fact, that is not the case. The law does not prescribe the shape of the districts, nor does it necessarily provide that the ranges shall have three commissioners out of the seven.

The county board as constituted at present may district the county as it sees fit. Therefore, if it gives the ranges three commissioner out of the seven, it will be on the board's own responsibility. That was undoubtedly the intent of the framers of the bill, and it was the promise that was made to the range people by them. But it remains for the county board to deliver the goods or not, as it sees fit.

A suggestion has been made that seems, in the opinion of many, to improve a good deal on the plan of giving the ranges three commissioners. That is to have one commissioner from each of the ranges, which would be somewhere near their proportion based on the percentage of taxes they pay. The farming districts between Duluth and the range could have one commissioner, leaving four for Duluth, as at present. The only changes necessary would be to cut the farming sections out of the districts now presided over by Commissioners Kauppi and Kugler, and make them into one new district to be filled by some resident. This commissioner would be wholly neutral between Duluth and the ranges, and Duluth would have four commissioners and the ranges two.

Some of the commissioners, at least, are favorable to this suggestion, and it will be brought up when it comes to acting on the petitions that have been circulated asking the county board to comply with the provisions of the law passed by the legislature during the present session. Whether there are enough commissioners favorable to it to ensure its becoming effective or not is not known, but it will have a chance, at any rate, and as four out of five of the commissioners are Duluth men, it is not improbable that it will go through. One argument that is being used against having too large a proportion of the board from the range is that it will make it difficult to bring about proper assessment of the iron properties, as it would be probable that range men would be averse to increasing the present valuations on the iron properties of the country.

It is said that there may be legal opposition to the measure, anyway, and that test suits may be brought to enjoin the county board from making the changes under the law. It is possible that the petitions may be presented at the April meeting of the board Friday afternoon, as it is understood that enough signers have been secured.

HELPS OVER THE HILL.

Got Lots of Brain Work? Use Grape-Nuts.

"I find Grape-Nuts very helpful to a man troubled with the cares and worriment of business," says Louis Fink, Jr., of 59 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

At the time I commenced using the food I was very weak from want of properly selected food.

The help I received from the powerful food elements in Grape-Nuts was indeed wonderful.

I have come to use the food regularly and do not think a breakfast complete without it."

There's a reason why this food gives one the feeling of new vitality and vigor. Actual use proves the proposition.

SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of falling and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is falling or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric of silver, lead, sulpher, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debiliated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxurient growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 2°, 1900.

Madam Yale.—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From long and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. Sold at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 180 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Gets New Sleepers.

Two of the fine new sleeping cars recently purchased by the Northern Pacific company arrived in Duluth yesterday, and went out on the run to the Twin Cities last evening, and the other two left the Twin Cities last evening and will arrive in Duluth today. The cars are handsome examples of the modern rolling stock that is being turned out of the car shops. They are 70 feet long. One has twelve compartments with a drawing room and the other is a 16-compartment car. The interior of the cars is elegantly finished. In the smokingroom there are red leather settees. The woodwork is in mahogany in one car and curly birch in the other. Steam heat and acetylene gas lights are among the features that conduce to the comfort of the passengers.

FRENCH MUST FIGHT.

Boer Force of 13,000 Men Is Collected.

London, April 3.—That Gen. French is to have determined opposition in the Transvaal and that he will have to fight for his foothold there is indicated by dispatches from both Cape Town and Brussels. These advices are that a body of 13,000 men has been collected, and that the entire force will be under the personal command of Gens. Botha and DeWet, who will join the army at once to undertake a long, hard campaign.

This news has created a profound impression in London, but the public is used to such intelligence. As a member of parliament said:

"As soon as the government begins congratulating itself that it has the war in hand and that the Boers are on the verge of collapse, it is a good time to keep your eye open for disastrous news from the front."

It is reported from Vryheid that, as a result of Gen. French's recent operations, the Boers are retiring eastward, hard pressed by Col. Dartnell, of the Natal police, and Col. Alderson. Some of them tried to break away to the north, but were headed off by Col. Allenby, who captured a 15-pounder and two pompons.

From Cape Colony comes the disquieting news that a large force of Boers has appeared near Richmond. To meet them and defend the town the guard has been called out, yet it is feared the defense may not be adequate.

MAY ENDOW A THEATER.

Latest Project Credited to Andrew Carnegie.

London, April 3.—The latest gossip regarding Mr. Carnegie attributes to him a desire to establish an international theater in New York and London, the companies and productions interchanging. His idea, it is said, is to uplift the masses through the stage, centering the playgoers of both nations upon common ideals.

An unnamed friend understands he will ask a committee of representative critics, actors, actresses, managers and students to decide what an endowed theater ought to present to the public. If the decision is wise he will endow the theater.

STACK & CO.

THIS YEAR BIDS FAIR TO DISTANCE ALL OTHERS

Business is booming and the greatest activity is necessary to keep pace with the demand, Selling good wares on the smallest margin of profit is what we attribute our growing trade to principally. We adhere strictly to that at all times. This Eastertide announcement is brimful of bargains, which in no small degree help to make a joyous Easter. Look over the list of bargains and you will find something you'll need.

Easter Gloves...

Made in Germany. The Cluze patent thumb. Two and three clasp gloves in grays, modes, beavers, castors, tan and black. All new effects, and beyond doubt the best values in Duluth. Per pair—

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Ladies' Satin-pleated Belts, the popular style, with silver or gold finished buckles, other dealers ask $1.00 for them, our price— **75c and 50c**

Double patent leather Belts with chenille streamers, four spikes, scoop back, worth 69c each—at **50c**

Patent leather Belts, trimmed with gold braid, roman gold buckles, giving the popular straight form effect now so popular, regular half dollar value at **25c**

10c is not one bit too high to pay for a nice White Handkerchief; we have about 50 dozen of them—some lace effects—some embroidered—a large number in all Linen and fine Cambric, worth 15c, 17c and 19c each. You can get one or a dozen at—each **10c**

Hosiery and Underwear

The BEST manufacturers in the United States supply us with Hosiery and Underwear. We give below a sample of the prices. Figures do not lie.

Ladies' Vests—

100 dozen Ladies' Vests, the best value ever shown in America—each **5c**

Ladies' Pink and Blue Mottled Vests, worth 15c each—at **10c**

Ladies' fine Imported Yarn Vests, sold by other stores at 85c; our price **25c**

Ladies' Pink and Blue Mercerized Vests, looks like silk, will wear better, worth 50c each, at **39c**

Union Suits—

Ladies' fine Cotton Union Suits, worth 75c each—at **50c**

50 dozen Misses' Cotton Hose, with double knee, worth 15c a pair, special at **10c**

128 dozen Boys' Hose, 2-thread heel and toe, double knee, worth 19c a pair, at **15c**

60 dozen Ladies' Maco Cotton fast Black Hose, in style equal to 50c values, per pair **12½c**

Men's fancy Cotton Hose, Blue, Black and Red ground in alternate stripes and extract figures, a direct reproduction of fine imported makes, at a pair **12½c**

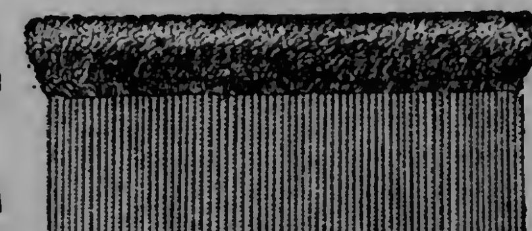
50 dozen Corsets—The P. C. C. brand, made by the Philadelphia Corset company, Philadelphia, Pa., in Blue, Pink, Gray and Black, known as the Short-Hip Special, and worth 75c each; here in all sizes to everyone at **45c**

ITEMS IN THE GREATEST NOTION DEPT. IN DULUTH

Misses' Hose Supporters	5c
Ladies' Dress Shields	5c
Nickel-plated Shears	10c
Adamantine Pins	1c
Hair Pins, 3 doz for	3c
100 yards Spool Silk	3c
Pear Soap—per cake	9c
Hair Brushes, $1 value	39c
10 feet of Crepe Paper	7c
Feather-stitch braid	3c
Hump Hooks and Eyes, a doz	1c
400 Pins in a paper	2c
Tubular Shoe Laces—per pair	1c
Perfumed Talcum Powder	3c
Wire Hair Brushes	10c
Metal Back Combs	7c

A Big Bargain In Dress Binding.

1440 yards Brush Binding—in black only—bought by us from a leading commission house at 25c on the dollar—'tis yours on the same basis—10c Black Brush Binding at—per yard **2½c**



LACE CURTAINS.

Nottingham Curtains, full size, of good quality net, worth $1.00 per pair **75c**

Nottingham Curtains, 3 yards long, full width, with handsome border and neat center, worth regularly $1.35 a pair—at **98c**

Nottingham Curtains, your choice of half dozen different styles extra full width and 3½ yards long, worth $1.75 a pair—at **$1.25**

Nottingham Curtains, good imitations of the more expensive goods, full width and length, the latest designs, and worth $2—per pair **$1.50**

LACE CURTAINS.

Ecru Curtains, the biggest and best value in the city, 3½ yards long, 60 inches wide, handsome designs, sold by others for $2.50—per pair **$1.75**

Lace Curtains of fine quality Nottingham net, with overlock edge, and the season's choicest patterns, worth $3.00 per pair—at **$2.25**

Lace Curtains of superior quality net, 3½ yards long and extra wide, sells regularly at $4.00 per pair **$3.25**

Irish Point Curtains, splendid value —very dainty designs, full length worth $8.00 per pair **$5.50**

RUFFLED CURTAINS AT HALF PRICE.

Ruffled Curtains, Swiss, with lace striped, deep ruffle, regular selling price $5 per pair, sale price **$2.50**

Fine Net Curtains, with insertion and lace borders, 3 yards long, worth regularly $6 per pair—at **$3.00**

Net Curtains, extra good quality with heavy ruffle, finished with lace, splendid value for $7.00; sale price **$3.50**

WRAPPERS.

Ladies' Wrappers, dark calico, all well-finished Skirts, full sweep, worth $1.00 **75c**

Ladies' Wrappers, best standard Calicos, colors dark Red, Blue and Black, made with deep flounce, worth $1.25 **98c**

Ladies' Wrappers, made with yoke and ruffle, braid-trimmed, of fine quality sateen finish, fabric light and dark colors, worth $1.50 **$1.25**

Ladies' Wrappers, Persian effects, fast colors, trimmed with fancy braid, waist lined, good value for $1.75; sale price **$1.48**

Percale Wrappers, made with yoke and ruffle; ruffle, collar and sleeves trimmed with colred embriodery, worth $2.25, at **$1.75**

Percale Wrappers of good quality percale, trimmed with embroidery and braid, splendid value at $2.50, sale price **$1.98**

Three Special Items In Silk Waists.

At $2.98 Ladies' Taffeta Silk Waists, elegantly finished, splendid value at $4.50.

At $4.98 Ladies Taffeta Waists, in Blue, Red and Lavenders, worth regularly $6.00.

At $7.50 Taffeta Silk Waists, in light Blue, Green, Pink—very swell and effective,

Walking Skirts, of very heavy melton, with full flare flounce, 10 rows of tailor stitching, worth $5.00—at **$3.98**

Walking Skirts, colors Blue and Black, made with new flounce, and numerous rows of scroll tailor-stitching, very elegant value at $6.00; sale price **$4.25**

Dress Skirts, in Blue and Black, finished cheviot, correct styles —perfect workmanship, splendid value at $5.00—at **$3.75**

Ladies' Underskirts, sateeen and moreen effects, braid trimmed—heavy and durable, worth regular $1.50; special **75c**

Ladies' Underskirts, of good quality mercerized sateen, made with 10-inch accordeon plaited ruffle—good value at $2.00; our special price **$1.48**

Ladies' Underskirts, of superior quality mercerized sateen, 12-inch accordeon plaited ruffle skirt, extra full sweep **$2.75**

Ladies' Underskirts, fine quality mercerized sateen, made with accordeon plaited ruffle and dust ruffle, worth $4 **$2.98**

SPECIAL VALUES IN EASTER TABLE DAMASKS.

At 25c— Full-bleached Damask, 60 inches wide, pretty patterns, worth 35c per yard.

At 50c— Satin Damask, Irish manufacture, 70 inches wide, worth 75c.

At 75c— Irish Linen Damask, satin finish, splendid value, worth $1.00 per yard.

Fringed Red Damask Table Covers.

8x4 Table Covers	49c
10x4 Table Covers	65c
12x4 Table Covers	75c

Bleached Cloths, plain white and red borders, fringed.

8x4 Cloth	59c
10x4 Cloth	75c
12x4 Cloth	89c

Hemstitched Table Cloth of splendid quality Damask.

8x10 Table Cloth	$2.25
8x4 Table Cloth	$2.75

Linen Table Sets, cloth and 1 doz napkins; napkins ⅝ size

8x10 Cloth and Napkin set **$1.98**

8x12 Cloth and Napkin set **$2.48**

Hemstitched Cloth and Napkins, fine satin-finished, 1 dozen napkins with set.

8x10 Cloth, ¾ Napkin set **$4.25**

8x12 Cloth, ¾ Napkin set **$4.50**

Fringed Towels, all linen, tied, fringe, worth 35c each **22c**

Huck Towels, size 18x36, heavy and durable, worth 30c per pair —each **10c**

1901 Baby Carriages, Go-Carts and Sleepers.

We sell you this line cheaper than some jobbers do. We handle these goods only in the spring; we are badly crowded for room, hence the necessity of quick selling. Our cabs have all got rubber wheels; they all have the "anti-friction wheel fastener," a device for attaching wheels to axles without using nuts. We honestly believe that in uniform excellence of design and workmanship our carriages are superior to any others even at a higher price. We save you from $1.00 to $5.00 on every carriage, go-cart or sleeper.

Fifty Different and Distinct Styles.

You can buy these goods sometimes for as small a sum as $2.50, but for something that comes under the head of tip-top carriages, in every respect, say at about $7.50 to $10.00, we are world beaters.

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 3.—Low pressure areas overlie the province of Saskatchewan and the District of Columbia, the latter having moved from Southern Illinois and increasing decidedly in energy since Tuesday morning, and producing rain or snow in the Southern lake region and districts east of the lower half of the Mississippi river, heavy precipitation occurring at Pittsburg and Washington City. Light falls of rain or snow also occurring at Pittsburg and Washington City. Light falls of rain or snow also occurred in California, Oregon, Montana, Alberta and Assiniboia as a result of the eastward movement of the Canada low area. The barometer is highest over Missouri. Cooler weather prevails in Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic states, Nevada, Western Montana and Alberta, and warmer in Northern Texas, Colorado, Wyoming, South Dakota and Northern Michigan.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Medicine Hat	26
Battleford	30	Memphis	42
Bismarck	32	Miles City	36
Boston	36	Milwaukee	34
Buffalo	34	Minnedosa	32
Calgary	22	Modena	36
Charleston	50	Montgomery	44
Chicago	52	Moorhead	34
Cincinnati	38	New Orleans	48
Davenport	32	New York	40
Denver	36	North Platte	30
Detroit	34	Oklahoma	32
Dodge City	30	Omaha	32
Duluth	26	Pittsburg	34
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	20
El Paso	36	Portland	34
Escanaba	28	Prince Albert	26
Galveston	60	Qu'Appelle	34
Green Bay	26	Rapid City	36
Havre	30	San Francisco	42
Helena	30	Santa Fe	32
Houghton		Shreveport	38
Huron	30	Spokane	26
Jacksonville	54	St. Louis	36
Kamloops	32	St. Paul	32
Kansas City	30	Sault Ste. Marie.	32
Knoxville	40	Swift Current	30
La Crosse	28	Washington	38
Lander	26	Williston	34
Los Angeles	50	Winnemucca	24
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	34

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, with probably rain or snow. Fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 3.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight, possibly followed by showers west portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Unsettled tonight and Thursday, with possibly showers. East to south winds.

North and South Dakota—Threatening tonight and Thursday, with occasional rains. Colder Thursday.

The Divorce Law in Canada

The divorce laws of Canada seem to be giving the people of that country a great deal of trouble at the present time, and a strong effort is being made to have them modified. The principal objection to the present plan is the great expense of securing a legal separation. It costs at least $500 to secure a divorce in unopposed cases, and where there is a contest, $1000 sometimes goes but a little way to secure the desired result. Except in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia, divorces can be obtained only from the Canadian parliament, and the only ground on which parliament has ever granted a divorce is statutory. Applications have been made on other grounds, but they have not been granted. Before an application for divorce will be considered by the Canadian parliament it must be advertised for six months in the Canada Gazette and in two papers at the residence of the parties concerned. When this regulation has been complied with, a special divorce committee of the senate hears the evidence and reports upon it to the senate. If the bill is passed by parliament it becomes law when the governor general sanctions the legislation passed by parliament, usually at the end of the session. This cumbersome plan is not at all popular with those who want to sever their martial bonds, and sufficient pressure has been brought to bear to cause the gathering of several members of parliament at Ottawa for the express purpose of framing a law which they believe can be passed, and which will furnish more up-to-date facilities for divorce to those who wish them.

This Country's Progress Foretold.

The gift of prophecy has been recognized in varied forms since Biblical times. Many prophesies have proved true. There are people who believe that many of the prophetic utterances found in the Bible will yet be realized. There is something uncanny, seemingly unreal in many of the predictions that are made in this enlightened age, but in many cases they are but the keen foresight due to the inventive brain that can see in the future the probabilities that even today lack but some little thing to become realities. A prophecy concerning the development and progress of this country has recently come to light in an old "almanack" published by Nathaniel Ames, at "Boston, New England," in "the year of our Lord Christ, 1758, being the second year after Bissextile, or Leap Year, in the thirty-first year of the reign of King George II." This prediction of the future prosperity of our country was made nearly a century and half ago and reads as follows: "Here we find a vast stock of the proper materials for the art and ingenuity of man to work upon. Treasures of immense worth, concealed from the poor aboriginal natives. The curious have observed that the progress of humane literature (like the sun) is from the east to west; thus it traveled through Asia and Europe, and now is arrived at the eastern shore of America. As the celestial light of the gospel was directed here by the finger of God, it will doubtless finally drive the lang, long night of heathenism darkness from America; so arts and sciences will change the face of nature in their tour from hence over the Appalachian mountains to the eWstern ocean, and as thy march through the vast desert, the residence of wild beasts will be broken up and their abscene howl cease forever, instead of which the stones and trees will dance together at the music of Orpheus, the rocks will disclose their hidden gems and the inestimable treasures of gold and silver be broken up. Huge mountains of iron ore are already discovered, and vast stores are reserved for future generations. This metal, more useful than gold and silver, will employ millions of hands, not only to form the martial sword and peaceful share, alternately, but an infinity of utensils improved in the exercise of art and handicraft among men. Nature through all her works has stamped authority on this law, namely 'That all fit matter shall be improved to its best purposes.' Shall not then those vast quarries that teem with metallic stone, those for structure be piled into great cities, and those for sculpture into statues to perpetuate the honor of renowned heroes? even those who shall now save their country—oh, ye unborn inhabitants of America! Should this page escape its destined conflagration at the year's end, and these alphabetical letters remain legible, when your eyes behold the sun after he has rolled the season's round for two or three centuries more you will know that in Anno Domini 1758 we dreamed of your times." Thus it will be seen that the prophetic individual who prepared this "almanack" nearly 150 years ago foretold the discovery of the vast deposits of iron ore on the Vermilion and Mesaba and other Lake Superior ranges.

THE EASTER SEASON.

The most joyous season of the year in the religious world is Easter—commemorative of the resurrection of the Savior of mankind, telling us that we were born for immortality, destined, unless we sepulchre our greatness, to the highest honor and noblest happiness. Therefore, the churches are richly decorated and songs of praise ascend for "the risen Lord."

Nature welcomes Easter. The signs of springtime are visible on every hand. The sun is warmer, the air is milder, the snow and ice are rapidly melting away, the green grass is coming to view, and everywhere the awakening of nature is making itself evident. The Easter season receives a warm welcome from Dame Nature.

Nor is the revival confined to nature and the world of religion. In commercial and industrial circles also the signs of renewed activity are coincident with the Eastertide—the opening of the springtime. With the passing of the snow and the departure of the icy fetters that have tied up many avenues of commerce, there is new life, fresh activity. Soon the ships will be traversing the great lakes again and the great commerce of the rich empire which this waterway serves will be moving in mighty volume again. From Duluth to Buffalo the thrill of life is now being felt, and soon the wheels will move and the mammoth freight carriers and the palatial passenger boats will resume their travels.

In the business houses there are signs of Easter everywhere. At this season of opening buds and blossoms there is a certain appropriateness in imitating nature by donning fresh and brighter apparel. And thus we have the "Easter openings" at the stores that cater to the adornment of mankind and also more particularly of womankind. And in the taste and real luxury found in the shops in these Easter times is noticeable the impress of Duluth's greatness and growth. What a marvellous change in the Duluth retail establishments within the last few years—what great improvements, enlargements and expansions! Duluth houses are catering today to a trade that would have been impossible ten years ago. Now they have everything to offer to tempt the plainest or the most fastidious taste, and an excellent idea of their attractions can be obtained by a perusal of the many announcements in this Easter edition of The Herald—in itself a fine illustration of Duluth's progress and growth.

TEACHERS' PENSION LAW.

There should be a provision for the retirement of worn-out teachers. Such a provision would be for the protection of the schools as much as for the protection of faithful public servants. There lives in every community one or more worthy persons who have been engaged in the schools for years, have done good service, but owing to the progress of educational measures or the lack of opportunity to brush up, or on account of health failure, have become a drag upon the profession. Social, political or perhaps charitable reasons makes it expedient to employ these persons from year to year. Their usefulness is gone and it becomes a positive crime to force upon children these worn-out nervous systems. What is to be done? Create a pension fund which will be available upon the retirement of all such who have served the state a certain number of years.

How shall this fund be created? Not by taxing the active teachers 1 per cent of their earnings—they get little enough now. Let the fund be raised as other funds are raised. The nation does not tax the war veterans to furnish a fund for the pensioners. This is for the state—for all citizens. The remark of Senator Baldwin that he would not favor a bill that would tax the teachers who do not want to be taxed is on the right track if it does not mean anything. No teacher wants to be taxed, and the state has no business to tax them for any purpose. If the teachers want to form an association to relieve and retire certain worthy fossils, that is another story. But the state has a duty in this direction which ought to be discharged as a state.

THE PRIMARY BILL.

The political bosses have determined that the primary election bill shall not become a law. The senate will kill it or load it down with amendments that will sink it with their weight. Secure in their majority, the Republican politicians of Minnesota will openly defy the expressed demands of the people to have a voice in the choice of candidates for office.

From the very beginning of the session it was observed that there was a disposition to pigeonhole the primary election bill. This was observed by the press, and a unanimous call was made upon the legislature to act. The lower house did respond to the popular demand but with the understanding that the fight should be made in the senate. This fight is now being made.

Political reforms all over the United States are being opposed by the professional politicians. To most of them a primary election law would be fatal, and they know it. The issue was made direct at the last election in Wisconsin, and the proposition carried in favor of a primary law by 100,000 votes, but now the party machine openly opposes not only the LaFollette bill, but the general principles of primary elections.

The Republican organs have already begun to cover the tracks of the gang. The St. Paul Pioneer Press last Sunday asserted that the Democrats in the senate were bent on killing the primary law and followed this bit of information with the threat to marshal all the Republican papers in the state at the very next election to expose this vile plot on the part of the Democratic minority to prevent the people from delivering themselves from the dominion of the machine. Poor old Pioneer Press. It is in a bad hole. In order to accuse the Democratic minority of a political crime against the people it is obliged to admit, not only that the people are being ground down by a Republican machine, but that the Republican majority in the senate, which is more than two-thirds, refuses to pass a bill that the Republican party is pledged to. Of course the Democratic minority is to blame for the cussedness of the Republican majority. However, this is a fair sample of the political argument of the Pioneer Press.

Pictures of various people which have been printed in the newspapers have been subjected to all sorts of comment. Some people have been pleased while others have been enraged, and threatened all kinds of vengeance from a thrashing to a libel suit. It remains for a Maryland man to thoroughly appreciate the work of the newspaper artist. He was suffering from an abscess in the stomach and the physicians had given up all hope of his recovery. Being a prominent man a Philadelphia paper printed what was alleged to be a likeness of him. When he saw it he laughed so heartily that he burst the abscess and is now on the road to recovery. Score one for the much abused newspaper artist!

According to the London Mail, the parks committee of London has a very pretty idea under consideration for the beautifying of the parks of that city. It is nothing less than the cultivation of butterflies. And if the idea takes well with the butterflies—there is no doubt of its taking well with human beings of the city—a finishing touch may be put to all the parks in the world. But there may be some trouble in getting the butterfly to agree to the arrangement. He may prefer the country roadsides.

The hope that the eminent actor Maurice Barrymore might return to the stage after a breif period of rest has been shattered by the examination just made by the physicians at the asylum to which he was sent. They pronounce him hopelessly insane, and say that he will never play again. He has paresis and is going as Scanlon and McCullough went. He may live some time, while on the other hand the end may come swiftly.

Lieut. Commander Roper, who lost his life in attempting to rescue several members of his crew from a fire on board the Petrel the other day, is just as much of a hero as Funston or any officer who risks life in a more spectacular way. But what a difference with the public. Funston, Hobson and others are praised and made much of, while the chances are that poor Roper will hardly be heard of again. Such is life.

A New York apartment house owner has built a theater for the use of his tenants. If he would build a general reception room where the cook ladies could receive the policemen he would earn the full gratitude of a long suffering public.

Russia is about to throw off her mask and reveal herself in her true light. She will undoubtedly do this at once unless China accedes to her demands. The chances are, however, that China will do as she asks.

The supreme court of the state of Maine has decided that a dead person cannot be taxed on property as non-resident. It is consoling to know that there is an escape from the tax collector even if one has to die to find it.

Wienczstam Worieki and Pszernienia Pairskiego were the parties to a lawsuit before the Hartford, Conn., superior court last week. Certainly the United States is a world power, as far as names are concerned.

The children of the couple aged 79 and 77 years who eloped the other day have forgiven them and received them with open arms. How kind of the "children."

A Brazilian heiress was lately seen driving two cows tandem through the Paris streets. The Boston Transcript is guilty of holding the opinion that she was probably going to Pasteur.

Minister Wu is still preaching from his favorite text, that "ignorance is the cause of intolerance." And there is much sound sense in what he says.

Aguinaldo may become a useful citizen of the United States, and he is a citizen now if the doctrine that "the constitution follows the flag" is correct.

Lady Somerset thinks that the brain of the Anglo-Saxon race is alcholized. The English-speaking people of late are an easy mark.

So it is the Panama canal that Morgan wants. Is there no limit to that man's desires?

The expected happened in Chicago—Mayor Harrison was re-elected.

Facts to Be Remembered.

Indianapolis Journal: In discussing our Philippine policy it is worth while to remember that the main prestige to the United States from taking over the islands will not be material but moral. The extension of commerce or increase of trade that may follow annexation will be insignificant compared with the glory of establishing republican government, civil and religious liberty and free schools where they have never existed before.

DAILY STORY.

MEN OF CRAFT.

BY JOE KERR.

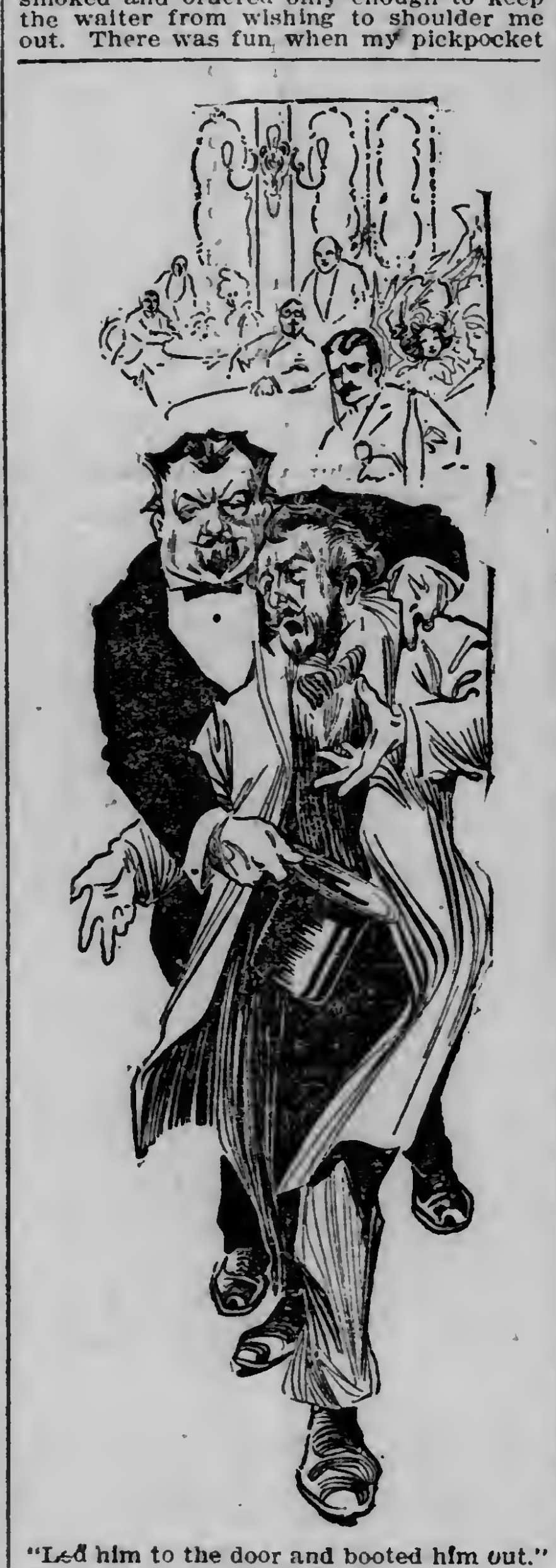
Author of "A Hero's Sister," "Making a Man," Etc.

(Copyrighted 1901, William R. Miller.)

One night as I was returning to my Paris hotel on foot after a long stroll I stumbled over a small package on the sidewalk. The rule is to at once report to a policeman or the nearest station house, but curiosity forced me to disobey it. I had an idea from the instant my fingers touched the package that its contents consisted of bills, and I tucked it into my pocket to be examined later on. In the privacy of my room I cut the string and feasted my eyes on a pretty package of bills. They counted up $5000 in American money, and there wasn't a scratch on the paper to identify the loser. I am an honest man as men go, and was not at all in need of the find to help me out. The money would surely be advertised for next day, and then I would make the loser happy by returning it.

Much to my surprise the lost an found was not advertised. I waited three days without a lien appearing, and then made up my mind to announce the find myself. I wrote out advertisements, an was about ready to start out to visit the offices, when something impelled me to take a closer look at the bills. I was not long, after making certain comparisons, in coming to the conclusion that every bill of the whole lot was a counterfeit. To make myself sure beyond a doubt I took one of the bils to a banking office and passed it in. The cashier hung fire for a minute and then stamped it "counterfeit." There was no longer any question in my mind, and I returned to the hotel with the intention of throwing the package in the fire. It had been dropped on the street by a "shover," and of course he would not give himself away by advertising its loss. I say I meant to burn the bills, and I realized that it was a risky thing to keep them on hand, but when I came to look at them again they looked so crisp and pretty that I hadn't the heart to fling them in the flames. I stowed them away in my trunk for the day to give me a chance to think the thing over, and when evening came I was ready for the theater. I slipped the package into my hind pocket with a chuckle.

I had been the victim of two or three Paris pickpockets, and here was a chance to get even. Let one of them rob me and attempt to pass one of the bills and he would be brought up with a round turn. I expected to be relieved of my "wealth" at the door of the theater, where a big crowd was surging to and fro, and I was not disappointed. I was deftly relieved of the package by a well-dressed, gentlemanly appearing man of middle age. He was an expert, and yet being on my guard, I felt his touch. As he drew away I followed him to a cafe. While he ordered an expensive dinner after a peep at the package, I sat not far away and read and smoked and ordered only enough to keep the waiter from wishing to shoulder me out. There was fun when my pickpocket attempted to pay for his dinner with one of the stolen bills. Owing to its newness the cashier examined it very closely. After a minute or two he slowly made the change, but then a doubt arose and he began making inquiries. He finally convinced himself that the bill was counterfeit, and but for the dignity and cheek of the pickpocket the police would have been called in. He scraped up money enough to pay for his dinner, though it took his last coin, and he must have felt himself under suspicion as he walked out with a swagger. He had replaced the bill and retied the package, and he had not gone a block before he dropped it to the walk.



"Led him to the door and booted him out."

Just ahead of me, as the package fell was a man of seedy-genteel appearance. He sprang forward and secured the "lost" and as I purposely turned my head away he felt that his action had been unnoticed. He did not call to the loser, but turned off at the first corner, and as I sauntered after him I saw him enter a stylish caabret. By the time I got in he was sipping his second glass, and his face fairly beamed with happiness. He had examined the package and was patting himself on the back over his good luck. I sat down to witness his discomfiture, and had not long to wait. He must have been stone broke, as he offered one of the bills in payment of his wine. It was probably his seedy appearance that aroused the suspicions of the cashier, as the bill was carefully scrutinized and finally pronounced bad. I expected to see the man arrested, but the owner of the place had a trick of his own. He tok seedy-genteel by the collar and led him to the door and booted him out, while the bill was retained as a souvenir. I followed on after two or three minutes, and almost the first thing I saw was that package of money lying on the walk. Seedy didn't propose to take any more chances. I picked it up and put it in my pocket and made my way to the theater. For the next two hours I gave the pickpockets golden opportunities, but the package was with me as I returned to my hotel. Next day, with the "queer" in my pocket. I strolled around until I met a blind beggar with his back to a wall. After tossing a coin into his hat I said:

"My dear sir, will you do a stranger in Paris a small favor?"

"Only too gladly, monsieur," he replied.

"Then please take charge of this package for me until my return. You are an honest man and I will trust you."

I handed him the package and turned the corner. Five minutes later I looked for him, but he had disappeared. I have no doubt that his sight was good, and that he had investigated sufficiently to realize that he had a fortune in his grasp. Two days later the papers had a sensation. A cab driver was arrested for attempting to pass counterfeit bills, and his defense was that he had found the bills in the street. The old blind beggar had skated for home with my package, and upon discovering its contents had sought to pass one of the bills. What sort of a shake-up had been given him I could only guess at, but he had certainly avoided future peril by flinging the find into the street. The cabman had found it, but had not escaped as luckily as the rest of us. Did I go to the police and tell my story? Not a bit of it. French law would have held me as an accessory until I could clear myself, and then I should have been charged with keeping lost property contrary to the penal code and been smartly fined. I simply kept quiet and watched the case, and though I was sorry to see cabby get three years in prison for his "crime," I sent him no bouquets or letters of condolence. It was simply his misfortune not to know good money from bad.

Fashionable Footwear

For Eastertide!

We lay at your feet the prettiest fashions in footwear the country affords. There isn't a shape, or style, or toe, or heel, or finish put forth by the finest shoemakers of America that is not represented in this up-to-date shoe store of ours. Nor is there any trouble in fitting your feet perfectly. The size, width and style you fancy is here in your favorite leather.

For Men, Women and Children:

Beautiful Shoes at	$5.00
Handsome Shoes at	$4.00
Elegant Shoes at	$3.50
Splendid Shoes at	$3.00
Fine Shoes at	$2.50
Excellent Shoes at	$2.00
Good Shoes at	$1.50

We enumerate these common prices to illustrate the variety in selections. In each price there are from six to a dozen different styles. Then again, we want you to see for yourself the exceptional qualities we give for these prices. You can put it down that we can save you from 50c to $1.00 every time you buy a pair of Shoes at this store. Our low expenses make a very big difference to our customers. Just come in with your Shoe wants once and see how great the satisfaction we'll give.

THE FAMOUS

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

APRIL SMILES.

Detroit Free Press: "You are awfully, foolishly extravagant," said the matronly friend.

"I know I am," replied the girl. "Papa never will let me have money as long as I have a cent."

Chicago Tribune: "Your letters to me," said his affianced bride one day, "are so cold and formal."

"Surely, my dear," exclaimed the literary celebrity, stung by her reproach, "when they are published, after my death, they will be found to be models of composition, breathing the most exalted sentiments and couched in absolutely correct English!"

Somerville Journal: Tommy—Pa, what is a "social function?"

Pa—A social function, Tommy, is a party to which your mother is invited and the women living next door aren't.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Doesn't it make you furious when another man runs into you on his wheel?"

"Not if he gets sufficiently bruised."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Nexdore—I bought a new piece of music for my daughter to play and I guess she'll master it soon. She was trying all afternoon.

Mrs. Pepprey—Indeed she was. Very.

Philadelphia Press: "Madame," finally said the patient little man in the corner seat of the crowded street car, "I beg your pardon, but—"

"How dare you address me, sir?" she cried haughtily. "I've noticed you ogling me. I do not know you."

"No, ma'am, and what's more, I guess you don't know that you're standing on my net corn."

Detroit Journal: The Heifer quivered as to her lips.

"Once a scrub, always a scrub!" she sighed. "Oh, mamma!"

"Yes, daughter!" said the Cow, sadly. "The only way a scrub may become a thoroughbred imported Jersey, so far as I know, is to be killed by the cars and have suit for her value brought against the company!"

Caste! Than which nothing is more inexorable!

The Boers.

Unschooled in Letters and in Arts unversed;
Ignorant of Empire; bounded in their view
By the lone billowing veldt where they upgrew
Amid great silences; a people nursed
Apart, the far-sown seed of them that erst
Not Alva's sword could tame; now, blindly hurled
Against the march of the majestic world,
They fight and die, with dauntless bosoms curst.

Crazed, if you will; demented, not to yield
Ere all is reft! Yet, mad though these may be,
They have striven as noblest Englishmen did use
To strive for freedom; and no Briton he,
Who to such valor in a desperate field
A knightly salutation can refuse.

"GENTLE SPRING."

The snow has vanished from the hills,
The water murmers in the rills,
The bluebird pipes his sweetest note,
The robin tries to split his throat,
And "Weary Waggles" heaves a sigh,
And treads once more the railroad tie.
The fisherman recounts his lies;
Medicine men all advertise,
"For that tired feeling take our pills,
You'll be relieved of all your ills."
Down in the swamp the bullfrog croaks.
The papers print Spring poem jokes.
The wife, in abbreviated skirt,
Attacks the winter's gathered dirt.
Loafers desert their winter lair
To sniff the warm and balmy air.
The caw of crows falls on the ear
To tell us Spring again is here.
So with contentment full and deep
We hie us to our beds and sleep,
To dream of sun and balmy air,
And wake to "cuss," and tear our hair,
For on the morn a blizzard blows,
And all that day it snows, and snows;
The mercury drops out of sight,
And lowering clouds make day like night.
With steaming eyes, and ditto nose
We swear at frosted ears and toes.
And then we hear a rancorous sound
That wells up from beneath the ground,
Where, safely housed beside his mate,
We hear the groundhog cachinnate,
And chatter, with derisive glee,
"Great Gosh! What fools these mortals be;
They pin their faith to birds and sun,
And think that winter's race is run.
But I'm the only real thing
And when I'm ready, we'll have spring.
Kicking will be of no avail
For I am mighty and must prevail."
—W. C. BAVINGTON, in Burgettstown, Pa., Enterprise.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

Plague Follows War.

Springfield Republican: The bubonic plague's ravages in Cape Town are alarming. There is no blinking the meaning of 246 cases in a town that serves as the military base of the British army.

Glory Comes High.

Buffalo Express: British correspondents in South Africa are beginning to admit the failure of the Kitchener method and to point out that the Boers can be overcome only by keeping large garrisons at all important centers. That would involve a further increase of the army and heavy additional expense. When will the British taxpayers tire of this glory?

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Extraordinary event—Saturday, April 6, matinee and night. Managers Wagenhals & Kemper present

Louis James and Kathryn Kidder

In stupendous scenic production of a

Midsummer Night's Dream

Magnificent scenery and electrical effects; grand chorus and splendid ballet. The Famous Mendelssohn Music. 50—PEOPLE—50 Prices. Night—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquet $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle $1, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Easter Monday, April 8.
ONE NIGHT ONLY.

THE GREATEST OF ALL GREAT ROMANCES

THE PRISONER OF ZENDA.

Anthony Hope's Masterpiece

THE DANIEL FROHMAN PRODUCTION.

(By special arrangement.)

Complete in its magnificent entirety.

PRICES

Dress Circle	$1.00
Parquette	75c
Family Circle	50c
Balcony	50c

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
"New York Vaudevilles"
Three Hours Solid Fun.

117-119 West Superior St. **The New Store** Metropolitan Block.

..Economical Easter Goods..

Easter Gloves.

Eastertime is to be looked forward to as the opportunity of the season to purchase everything in hand covering from the finest quality to the every-day glove. Below is a partial list suggestive of the unusual preparations we've made for Easter Sale. Don't miss it.

Our 79c Glove is proving as satisfactory as most $1.00 Gloves, they come in a full line of colors, will be sold at this Eastertime for only, per pair---------- **59c**

Our $1.50 Glove is a most popular one, gusset in every finger and especially strong thumb, of course every new shade, you would be pleased with them at $1.75, the price only---------- **$1.50**

Our $1.00 Glove is beyond comparison for the money, shades to match any costume, durability unequaled, 'tis a $1.25 glove, our Eastertime price only---------- **$1.00**

Our $2.00 Glove is height of perfection in Glove making, 'tis manufactured for service as well as bueauty and fills both admirably, the best Glove to be found for---------- **$2.00**

Easter Ribbons.

Ribbon beauty and newness never had a fuller showing than here, and now a blending of richness and elegance you have seldom seen with not a shadow of high prices anywhere. What is not to be found at The New Store in Ribbons is not to be found.

Easter Neckwear.

Nobby Easter Neckwear will occupy a very prominent part of the Easter Costume. Fashion demands it this year. We will very satisfactorily fill every want as our line is more than complete. Here are the Persian Stocks, Chenile Ties, plain silk polka dot Ties, Windsors, Collar Edges and all that is desirable. Price them. You will fine just what you wish.

Easter Handkerchiefs.

The necessity that should be first supplied. Our buyer managed to pick up some exceptional values in Handkerchiefs, and they are now ready for the Easter trade. Pure linen plain and embroidered, lace edge and every conceivable kind for your inspection. See our special at---------- **10c**

Underwear Elegance.

Two special values.

Ladies' fancy mercerized Vests—in pink, blue and white—75c is the price everywhere—to Easter shoppers---------- **50c**

Ladies' fine lisle thread—trimmed properly with wide lace—a special value at---------- **50c**

LADIES SUMMER VESTS

Easter Costumes Demand Hosiery

HOSIERY

And we are prepared to supply the demand with a fine line of plain and fancy Hosiery. Our spring line is very inviting.

Ladies' Lisle Hose—Drop stitch—a full line of colors and fine quality—during our grand Easter Sale they will be---------- **50c**

Children's Fancy Hose—Polka dots on blue and black—during our grand Easter Sale they sell according to size—from----**20c to** **40c**

Ladies' Black Hosiery—Plain or white feet and "French Split Foot Hose"—this hose is unequaled at the price we sell them—per pair only---------- **25c**

Ladies' Fancy Hosiery—Hermsdorf dye—black with white polka dots, fancy figures, bow knot designs and plain and fancy figured navy, green, light blue, old rose, pink and lavender Hosiery—during our grand Easter sale we sell them at—per pair---------- **39c**

Easter Linens.

In the rush of preparing the Easter costumes the linens should not be overlooked. A few of the numerous splendid bargains are here described:

Table Linen, 70 inches—Full bleached damask, pattern—pure linen—a bargain at $1.25; limit 3½ yards to a customer. On Thursday you can get it here at a yard---------- **73c**

Table Napkins, ¾ size—Full bleached—just to tickle our smart competitors we offer them for one day only. They are worth $3.50 and $4.50 per dozen. Don't miss this grand opportunity. Thursday a dozen---------- **$2.39**

Table Padding, 58 inches—Good heavy quality and full width; always sells at 50c. On Thursday you can get it at The New Store at the special price of---------- **39c**

Checked Glass Linen—16 inch wide—red, pink or black. We limit 10 yards to a customer and ask only a yard---------- **4c**

Fine Glass Towels—18x36 inches—extra quality—worth 10c each—limit six yards to a customer, Thursday---------- **6½c** Per Yard.

India Linon—30 inches wide, usually sold at 12½c—limit 10 yards to a customer and the price per yard---------- **7c**

TABLE LINENS

Stylish Easter Shoes.

Our unequaled low prices, together with the high quality that is second to none, are making a shoe record that gives us pride. Clean deep price cuts in the newest styles and most durable, guaranteed shoe qualities like these are the trade winners. Be wise and buy your Easter Shoes of us.

Women's Patent Tip, welt soles, very flexible, lace Walking Shoe at $3.50, they are reasonable—Easter price **$2.98**

Women's Cloth Top patent leather—very dressy lace shoes—a $3.00 value—Easter price---------- **$2.29**

Great assortment of Strap Sandals—Misses', Childrens' and Infants', Easter sale prices range from----------59c to **98c**

Women's Fine Vici Kid Dress Shoes—hand turned soles—Louis XIV all-leather heels—patent tip—cannot be duplicated for less than $3.50—Easter price **$2.98**

Women's Fine White Kid Strap Slippers, a special offering at---------- **98c**

Women's White Slippers, fine kid, a special good quality---------- **$1.49**

117-119 W. Superior Street **HENDREN & TALLANT CO** Metropolitan Block.

SUICIDE NO BAR.

Court Rules Beneficial Orders Must Pay Insurance.

Kansas City, Mo., April 3.—The Modern Woodmen of America must pay $2000 to Mrs. Fannie Brasfield, widow of Perly Brasfield, of Unionville, Mo., who committed suicide a little over two years ago. Payment of the policy was refused on the ground that the charter of the Woodmen specifies that suicide within three years frees the order from liability. Suit was brought by the widow in Putnam county, where she secured a judgment. The Woodmen appealed to the Western Missouri court of appeals, which held that insurance policies must be paid to the beneficiaries of those taking their own lives unless it be shown that the member committing suicide intended to do so when he took out his policy.

Get your Easter ice cream orders in early. Smith's, 307 West Superior street.

CITY MAY ACQUIRE

Two Chances of Getting Ownership on Installment Plan.

Aerial Ferry Bridge and a Municipal Lighting Plant.

Quick Action Likely on the Street Lighting Matter.

Municipal ownership, through which public utilities may be acquired by the city on an easy payment installment basis, without an expensive bond issue, is the latest. Duluth has two such propositions to acquire property at the end of a certain length of time.

The American Bridge works offers to build the aerial ferry bridge at a cost of $100,000 and sell it to the city at the end of twenty years for $140,000, payable in annual installments of $7000.

The Black River Falls company offers to build a modern street lighting electric plant and give it to the city at the end of twenty years, providing the city will pay $55 per light per year. At present there are 317 lights in the city which, on that basis, cost $17,435 annually.

From preesnt indications the city will take advantage of the offer of the American Bridge works and purchase the first aerial ferry bridge to be built on this continent on the strictly original scheme of municipal ownership on the installment plan. By building the bridge for $100,000 and selling it at the end of twenty years for $140,000 the bridge company gets 4 per cent on the money invested, and the annual expenses of the city would be increased about $1500.

On the second proposition for acquiring municipal ownership on the installment plan the aldermen are undecided, though to all outward appearances the offer is not regarded as favorable as is the offer of the Commercial Light and Power company to furnish lights under a 5-year contract for $55 per light per year.

Under the minimum rate of the present street lighting contract with the Commercial Light and Power company, the city pays $22,190 annually for street lighting, but the new offer of this company brings that down to $17,435 on the present basis of 317 lights.

There seems to be considerable doubt in the minds of the members of the council as to the ability of the Black River Falls company to get its plant in operation as quickly as desired. The power would be generated at a point on the Black river, fully eighteen miles south of Superior, and it would be necessary to build a line and erect a system of poles and wires throughout the city within a very few months. The line alone within the city limits would cost not less than $54,714.

It is probable that the council will take quick action in the matter of street lighting, however. If the new contract is given to the Commercial Light and Power company, that concern is very anxious to know about it as soon as possible, in order to make extensive improvements. Should the council decide on the Black River Falls proposition, the street lighting for the current year will cost the city $4755 more than it will if the new contract is made with the Commercial Light and Power company.

This additional expense is made possible under the terms of the conditional 3-year contract made with the Commercial Light and Power company last summer. If the city terminates that contract at the end of one year the price per light is $85; if the contract is terminated by the city at the end of two years, the price per light is $80, and if the contract is allowed to run the full three years, the price per light is $70. However, in making the offer for a new contract, the Commercial Light and Power company agrees to permit the terminating of this conditional 3-year contract on Aug. 1, 1901, at the 3-year rate of $70, subject to the council's favorable action on the proposed new contract for five years.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ironwood Man Appointed as First Lieutenant In Regulars.

Ironwood—Col. Bates a well-known resident of Ironwood, has just received a promotion in the shape of a first lieutenancy in the United States regulars. Col. Bates has accepted the office and will report for duty at once. In the Spanish-American war Col. Bates was the captain of the Ironwood company and later was colonel of the Michigan National Guard, Third regiment. His record has been a deserving one and the United States government has seen fit to reward him with the office of first lieutenant in the regulars. Col. Bates is well known to the boys in the National Guard here and also to the Spanish-American war veterans who will be glad to hear of his promotion.

Hancock—Fred Blake, a well-known colored man, aged 53 years, died after a short illness at 5:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon at Hancock. Blood poisoning was the cause of death. Mr. Blake being taken ill on Friday. The remains were removed to J. C. Crawford's undertaking rooms, where they now lie awaiting news from relatives with whom friends of the dead man are now in communication.

Calumet—H. D. Taylor, who recently resigned his position as assistant superintendent of Calumet and Hecla motive power, left for South Bethlehem, Pa., where he has accepted a position as superintendent of the motive power of the Lehigh Valley railroad. He will return to this city in about three weeks' time for Mrs. Taylor, who will then return with him. Mr. Taylor was formerly connected with the Lehigh Valley road, but has been in the employ of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company for a few years and is a very competent man.

Houghton—A horse and cutter broke through the ice on Portage lake Sunday afternoon. The occupants of the cutter found their way to safety, but nothing could be done for the horse, which was drowned. The people were from Dollar Bay and drove to Houghton on the ice. Dr. R. B. Harkness, of the Houghton weather bureau, measured the thickness of the ice at that point just the other day and found it to be only a few inches. He attributes the fact to the steam pipes from the foundry, which open at the water's edge. The ice on the lake is commencing to blacken and it is not now deemed safe for heavily loaded teams to pass over it.

..Stylish..

EASTER SHOES!

New, new, New! Everywhere everything new from the footwear fashion centers that are day in and day out evolving correct creations that appeal to the cultivated taste. This store has the reputation for giving more attention to correct fashions than any other, and a look at this new

Spring and Summer Stock

will easily prove to you that it deserves it. Through all the many months' trials and tribulations of its selecting we never for a moment lost sight of the important question of price as the appended list will show. It's a duty to yourself to see it—you're here invited

Ladies' Easter Shoes	$1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.00 to $6
Ladies' Oxford Ties	$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 to $4
Gentlemen's Easter Shoes	$1.50, $2.50, $3 to $6
Gentlemen's Oxford Ties	$2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00
Girls' Easter Shoes	$1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00
Boys' Easter Shoes	$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50
Children's Easter Shoes	75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00
Infants' Easter Shoes	50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25

Phillips,

218 West Superior Street.

Duluth's Leading Shoe Store.

BELIEVED IN NEW YORK.

Story About Morgan and the Panama Canal.

New York, April 3.—While it is emphatically denied at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. that Mr. Morgan proposes to build the Panama canal if the support of the United States government is obtained, or that he will make a trip to Panama to inspect the route, it is nevertheless admitted by some of his most intimate friends that he is deeply interested with many of his Wall street friends in the success of the new Panama Canal company.

This company was incorporated nearly two years ago in New Jersey, and the board of directors consists of several representatives of the old French Panama Canal company, and a number of New York capitalists. The latter have purchased a controlling interest in the defunct French company, and the scheme was brought to Mr. Morgan for his financial support. A number of his friends and his banking house are now said to control the company, which owns the most feasible route in the Isthmus of Panama.

Mr. Morgan's company has fought an uphill fight for the recognition of its route, and many thought that when the late congressional commission reported in favor of the Nicaraguan route, the battle was lost. There has recently sprang up a sentiment in favor of the Panama canal, however, and Mr. Morgan's recent visit to Washington, during which he is said to have given his opinions to President McKinley, has produced good results.

A SOCIAL STRUGGLE.

Boston Upper Tendom Has Something to Discuss.

Boston, April 3.—Lady Gorgeous and Glorious Lassie, the new show horses of Copper King Thomas W. Lawson's stables, will be the vehicle of introducing the heiress of the Lawson millions to public view at the Boston horse show.

Miss Marion Lawson herself will hold the reins over these fine specimens of horseflesh, in emulation of a number of other aristocratic misses from Beacon Hill and Back Bay. Miss Belle Hunt will ride her beautiful saddle mare, Mary Blake, and will have as her keenest rival another young society woman, Miss Mary B. Forbes, daughter of J. Murray Forbes, of the Milton county set.

Miss Edith Clark is to handle the ribbons over her father's smart roadster, Robin Hood, while Miss W. A. Kottman has entered More Than Queen, with herself driving. Mrs. Harry Farren, a wealthy Brookline society matron, will provide a feature with her entry, Alma. Mrs. Farren glories in reckless horsemanship, and several times has been the heroine of smash-ups or runaways. Her specialties include also span, tandem and four-in-hand feats.

Those rivals for social supremacy, Mrs. "Jack" Gardner and Mrs. "Tom" Lawson, are on the eve of a duel of dollars. Each has announced to friends the intention of occupying box 39 throughout the horse show. Mrs. Gardner has occupied this box, which is immediately at the left of the entrance, at the two last previous shows, and considers it, in a sense, her birthright. But Mrs. Lawson wants it too.

Each will have a representative at the auction with unlimited credit. Mrs. Gardner paid $1100 for first choice of seats at this season's symphony concert, and she had no Lawson bidding against her, either. The acceptable bid, by the rules, will be $100. Mr. Lawson, on the other hand, has spent a quarter of a million dollars in getting his horse exhibits together in recent years.

He gave $10,000 to charity a fortnight ago. He gave $1000 to an obscure coffee house charity the other afternoon. Mrs. "Jack" has spent a good part of a million on her palace and imported art treasures recently. Neither has a financial limit when the social game is played. Nobody would be surprised if that box for six people brought $10,000, or even more, unless the rival owners of millions get together in the next few hours and compromise.

But the bettors all want the Lawson end of the wager.

A COSTLY COCKTAIL.

Actor Paid $1000 For Violating a Contract.

Syracuse, N. Y., April 3.—Harry Vokes, a member of the Ward and Vokes company, made a contract with E. D. Stair, the manager, at the beginning of the season that if he indulged in any intoxicating liquor he would forfeit $1000. He so far forgot himself last night as to drink a cocktail. The manager caught Vokes indulging in his quiet drink. Vokes paid over the $1000.

BLAINE OPENS A SHOP.

New York, April 3.—Much comment has been aroused in fashionable circles here by the action of James G. Blaine, Jr., son of the ex-secretary of state, in opening a ladies' tailoring establishment on Thirty-third street, just opposite the Waldorf-Astoria. In thus doing Mr. Blaine has followed the example of many society men and women of London, England, who have done this believing that their prestige would draw an exclusive trade. It is rumored that the cause for the new stand taken by Mr. Blaine is the result of his engagement to Miss Martha Hichborn, daughter of Admiral Hichborn.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Easter Suits, "That Suit"

Four more days in which to do your Easter Buying.

Our Ladies' Clothing Department

is now in full bloom. Today we added a goodly number of Suits to our already efficient stock. It would be scarcely possible for you to not find something to suit your fancy amongst them, as they embrace all the latest styles in all shades and kinds of cloth. Prices from---------- **$10 to $30**

Dress Skirts in plain and trimmed, all shades, from---------- **$5 to $25**

Rainy Day Skirts, in black, blue and grays, from---------- **$5 to $15**

Silk and Sateen Underskirts, from---------- **$1 to $15**

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Spring Jackets, from---------- **$2.50 to $20**

In Our Men's and Boys' Clothing Dept.

You'll find plenty of good things awaiting you. Spring stock is nearly all in now, and we invite you to come in and see them. We know they will please you. You'll find as neat, stylish and durable Clothing as can be bought in the Northwest for the money. For spring and summer we bought a line of Fancy Flannels and Fancy Worsteds, that make swell Summer Suits, also the staple goods in Clays, Serges, Cassimeres, Meltons and Cheviots in all shades.

Men's Suits, from---------- **$6 to $30**

Spring Overcoats in Tan, Oxfords and Blacks, from---------- **$6 to $20**

Boy's Suits, from---------- **98c to $10**

$1 per week Payments.

Gately Supply Co.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

8 East Superior St.

Easter Elegance!

Easter is the ideal occasion for blossoming out in brand new Spring Clothes. Next Sunday every Proper Dresser will cast aside the somber shades of Lent and Winter, and don the hopeful tints of Easter and Spring. But the Proper Dresser need not pay exorbitant prices to be in style. Common sense will tell him that our low rents and small expenses permit us to sell the best of all Clothes at about one-third less than merchants with the big rent and expenses in proportion. We have some especially strong values in

SPRING SUITS... at $10 $12.50 $15

The new H. S. & M. "Varsity Suit"------------ **$15.00 to $20.00**
Other styles of suits made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx------------ **$10.00 to $22.50**
Men's and Young Men's Blue Serge Suits—guaranteed fast colors------------ **$7.50**

Box and Raglan Spring Overcoats $6.50 up to $20.00

If the garments do not suit you after getting them home, return them to us and get your money back.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx H. S. & M. tailor-made clothes.

Easter Hats and Neckwear We invite special attention to our special $1 90 Hat—it is all right, and is made in correct copy of all the standard blocks. Full line of Stetson Hats. Our display of Neckwear is magnificent; nothing is wanted in the assortment, and our low rent prices will save you money. Sole agents for Young Hats.

KENNEY & ANKER, CLOTHIERS, HATTERS ....AND FURNISHERS
329 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Store.

Our Easter Sale a Grand Success.

EASTER OFFERINGS IN RIBBONS.

A splendid opportunity to supply yourselves with Ribbons you want, at a big saving in price.

Fancy Silk and Plain Taffeta —3½ inches wide, in beautiful range of colorings, 25c quality; note the Easter offering—per yard— **15c**

The Big Store is all a-bloom with the most wonderful bargains we ever had the pleasure of laying before you. Everybody is talking about and complimenting us on the beautiful showings of Wash Goods, Silks, Dress Goods and ready-to-wear garments that are now lavishly displayed in their respective departments. We invite your attention to a few of the many "good things" we are offering for this Easter Sale.

Our Store Will Close at 12 o'Clock Noon, Good Friday.

Beautiful Easter Millinery ....at Popular Prices.

We have just received from a leading importer and manufacturer of fine millinery a small sample line of beautifully trimmed pattern hats—no two alike—the daintiest conceits that artistic taste could create. Would sell in an ordinary millinery store up to $10.00. For this great Easter sale we make the prices—

$3.98, $4.50, $4.98, $5.98, $8.00.

FOR THURSDAY ONLY.

Wash Goods.

2500 yards fine Zephyr Ginghams, in dainty stripes, checks and plaids, handsome styles for waists, regular price 10c; Wednesday—special at—per yard........ **6½c**

Exquisite Wash Fabrics at 49c.

For the rest of the week—Mousseline de Soie, Pointelle de Soie, French Silk Ginghams, in plain Dots and Stripes, beautiful evening shades, worth 60c; special Easter price—per yard........ **49c**

Alexander Pongee Silks, in all the new spring shades—per yard........ **35c**

New Zephyr Ginghams, satin stripes, very pretty styles for waists, 48c value—Easter price. **33c**

New Satin Mercerized, foulards, in Blue, Black, Red and Hello, figures and polka dots—special value........ **25c**

(These are perfect copies of 75c and $1.00 Silk Foulards. Look as well and will wear better.

Ladies' Tailored Suits, Coats, Skirts.

$12.50

For man-tailored Suits, silk-lined Jackets, made in Eton and tight-fitting—Several styles to select from. Flaring flounced skirts. Suits that are in every way attractive. Come in Blue, Gray and Tan all-wool Venetians, actual value $15; for this sale—

$12.50

Others, equally big values, at—

$15, $18 and $22.50

Misses' Tailored Suits.

Made in Tan and Blue Wool Cheviot, blouse jacket, perfect fit guaranteed, regular price $7.50; special for this sale.. **$6.48**

Others in Blue, Brown and Black at—

$10.00 and $12.50

New Silk Waists.

Ladies' Taffeta Silk Waists, in very latest style, bishop sleeve, handsomely trimmed, leading colors and black, special values—

$3.98, $5, $5.98 and $6.50

Ladies' Spring Jackets.

New, nobby styles, at—

$3.25, $4.50, $5.00, $7.50, $9.00 and $10.00

Ladies' New Belts.

The new Jewel Ladies' Belt, the latest New York fad, in gold and Oxidized silver, with jewel settings in buckle, special value—

75c, $1.25 and $1.48

JOHNSON & MOE.

Shoe Department.

Special Easter Sale.

Ladies' $3.50 Hand-turn Dress Shoes, latest styles in Utz & Dunn's Rochester make; Easter price—per pair....... **$2.98**

Ladies' Kid Lace and Button Shoes, Wolfe Bros.' make; our regular low price $1.89; Easter price—per pair........ **$1.48**

New line of Ladies' Kid Oxfords, regular price $1.25—Easter price........ **98c**

Others at $1.50, $1.69, $1.98 and $2.50

Ladies' Kid Juliets and Julia Marlowes, in excellent values, a pair—

$1.98 and $2.50

Children's Shoes.

We have a superb stock of these. We challenge comparison with any line shown at the head of the lakes. We sell the best possible to be obtained at $1.25 and so also with out $1.50 and better kinds.

Special Inducement.

For Thursday and Friday only. A Nice Jump Rope Free with each pair of Girl's Shoes at $1.25 or over.

To the Boys—A Good Ink Tablet and Ruler Free with each pair at $1.25 or over.

UNDERMUSLIN SALE

Ladies' Muslin Gowns, tucked yoke and lawn ruffle trimmed, 65c value, at, each........ **49c**

Four numbers in Gowns, material good muslin, trimmed in beautiful lace or embroidery, at—

68c and 75c.

Better grades at—

88c, 98c, $1.25, $1.48 up to $3.24.

Corset Covers.

Corset Covers, plain muslin; special........ **10c**

Corset Covers, with yokes trimmed in embroidery, insertion or edging, lace and hemstitching, at prices ranging from—

25c to 75c.

Drawers.

Good Muslin Drawers, with tucks of ruffle; special Easter price, per pair........ **25c**

Same as above with lace edging on ruffle, at only........ **28c**

The Umbrella Drawers, with ruffle and lace edging or three rows of hemstitching, at only........ **48c**

Better grades at—

68c, 75c, 88c and up.

Muslin Skirts.

Muslin Skirts, ruffle and lace edging, at—

48c and 58c.

Muslin Skirts, with flounce tucked and embroidery edge, at only........ **75c**

Other beautiful styles up to $2.

JOHNSON & MOE.

Towels.

A fortunate purchase in Turkish and Linen Towels enables us to make this extraordinary offer for this Easter Sale.

50 dozen extra size Linen Huck Towels, bought in a regular way would be worth 22c; Thursday and Friday, each........ **11c**

(Limit, 1 doz to each customer.)

Toweling for Thursday and Friday.

One case 18-inch Linen Finish Crash, worth 8c; special Easter price—per yard........ **5c**

Turkish Towels.

TURKISH TOWELS—Extra size, 25c value—at, only........ **19c**

Easter Offerings in Handkerchiefs.

Ladies' pure Linen Handkerchiefs, hemmed and ready for use, regular 10c value; special Easter price—each........ **5c**

Ladies' Fine Lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.

Ladies' Fine Lawn, hemstitched Handkerchiefs, dainty lace corners, regular 10c kind, special Easter price........ **7c**

We are showing a beautiful line of imported and dainty Lace Edge and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, at—

19c, 25c, 35c, 38c, 48c and up to 98c

Grocery Dept.

For Thursday and Friday.

17 lbs Best Granulated Sugar	**$1.00**
Hiawatha Flour, strictly fancy Patent, per 98-lb sack	**$2**
Strictly fresh Eggs, direct from the country, per doz	**13c**
Storage Butter, per lb	**17c**
Farina, in bulk per lb	**5c**
3 packages Corn Starch	**10c**
Macaroni, in bulk, per lb	**5c**
Full Cream Cheese, per lb	**13c**
Choice California Prunes, per lb	5c
California Cooking Figs, per lb	6c
California Peaches, per lb	8c
Apricots, bright amber color, per lb	10c
Jelly in 3-lb cans, per can	7c
Blueberries, Raspberries and Blackberries, per can	**8c**
Egg Plums and Green Gages, can	11c
12 lbs Rolled Oats	25c
Fancy Burbank Potatoes, per bushel	**49c**
Sour Pickles, per doz	4c
Dill Pickles, per doz	8c
Sweet Pickles, per doz	7c
Sweet Mixed Pickles, per quart	15c
Spiced Pickles, per quart	10c
Chow Chow, per quart	15c
10 bars Kirk's Satinet Soap	25c
4 bars Castile Soap	5c
12 bars White Soap	25c
Kerosene Oil, per gallon	10c
5 gallons Kerosene	45c

JOHNSON & MOE.

THE DEAL IN CORN

Entire Grain Trade Watching It With Great Interest.

Great Enhancement In Value of Corn Stored Here.

Phillips and Patten Contest a Battle Royal.

The sensational rise in the price of corn and the contest between the great bull and bear leaders in Chicago is exciting the close interest of every person interested in the grain business or in speculative trading of any kind. In Duluth it has a particular interest for the grain men from the fact that the amount of corn in store in Duluth this winter is unusually large. At the close of business on Saturday there was in store at the head of the lakes 5,156,294 bushels of corn. There has been a rise in the value of corn in the past few weeks amounting to more than 4 cents at times. Allowing that amount on the full stock in store this corn has shown an appreciation of more than $200,000.

The fight in the Chicago market is between George H. Phillips, the young dealer who has come into much prominence lately by reason of his successful manipulation of the November corn deal, and James A. Patten, a veteran who has been in many deals and has always had a great following. The former is on the bull and the latter on the bear side.

The following sketch from the Chicago Record-Herald of this young corn bull will be of interest:

"George H. Phillips, of Chicago, who not long ago won the title of 'Corn King,' by his unusual operations on the board of trade, is the only man who has succeeded in gaining such royalty without traversing a path strewn with the wrecks of the fortunes of less successful men. It is his pride that though he cleared hundreds of thousands of dollars by his deal or corner in corn, he did not do so through the ruin of any man, and the men who lost the money that came to him were those who sought to ruin him for his temerity in engaging in a large operation without their permission and without giving them an opportunity to share in the profits.

"The men who, as a rule, control the notable operations of the Chicago board of trade from what is practically a trust, and so powerful are they that almost any individual hesitates to try conclusions with them. They manipulate the market as seems best to them, and the other fellows make money by trailing after. Mr. Phillips is a young man of individuality. The thirty-two years of his life have been spent in and about grain operations. Of natural shrewdness, he has imbued a training that has tended to make him a keen judge of men and affairs, and an apt student of market conditions.

"He watched one big firm try to corner corn and fail. He believed he saw the secret of their failure. Talks with his friends convinced them that he was right, but this did not bring him the necessary capital. Finally, he determined to do what he could with the money he had and if that did not prove sufficient, to interest someone who could give the necessary aid. He began operations quietly and for some time no one grasped the meaning of his actions. Then the larger operators who were members of the combination looked for the cause of short conditions and discovered Mr. Phillips. They went after him, and tried in every way possible to frighten and "run him out." Mr. Phillips did not run. Instead he induced an old friend with plenty of capital to aid him, and through this friend eventually secured command of almost unlimited capital. As a result he ran the operators who had descended upon him, helped smaller dealers so they did not lose, and forced the clique to pay him handsomely. When the profits of the deal were counted, Mr. Phillips found himself exactly $200,000 richer than before he started in to make a record in corn."

Patten, the trader, who is opposing Phillips, is also an interesting figure. The Record Herald thus refers to Patten and states his views on the present situation in the corn market:

"Patten is the conspicuous figure on the bear side of corn; fully as prominent just now as a short as Phillips as a corn long. Patten is not at the moment as high in the esteem of the granger bull as his younger opponent; but Patten has been a bull in his day and has had the Western corn speculators at his heels just as Phillips happens to have at the moment. hTe elder man has made hundreds of thousands bulling corn where the younger has made thousands. Any idea consequently that Patten is a constitutional short seller and a trader against the outsider is without basis. Patten's fortune, a million or more, was made as a buyer and not as a seller. The biggest corn profit ever made in any market was taken in 1894 by a crowd headed by the Pattens. The people who called the market that year have been the orn leaders at Chicago ever since and Patten continues conspicuous among them. He worked all through the early half of 1900 to bull corn and shipped millions of it to clean up the market as a sound preliminary for his plan. He happened to change his mind at just the wrong time, and Phillips, with a tenth of the money, made his reputation as a campaigner by picking up the deal where Patten dropped it.

With this introduction Patten's present view of the corn market may be better appreciated by the man who reads it. 'It is possible,' he says, 'that the bulls will get corn to over 45c for May, but it will not change the outcome. The Argentine offerings will break the price finally. The old-time Foss-Strong crowd had a 60c corn price here one season and the South American offerings spoiled their deal finally. Argentine will have 75,000,000 bushels corn to sell this summer, and it had only 50,000,000 bushels that year. The present corn crop is not a small one. No one has pretended it was; it is larger than the last or the 1899 or the 1898. It is only a little under the biggest corn crop we ever had, 2,105,000,000 bushels, according to the government, against 2,283,000,000 bushels in the big year of 1896. The bull now seems to be relying on the lack of cribbed stocks. There is plenty of cribbed corn in Illinois and Indiana. There is very little in Nebraska, not more than a quarter probably of the average. But the farmers have the corn. It did not go into the crib last fall because there was no carrying charge. People do not crib corn unless there is such a carrying charge. That is the only reason corn is not there this year. Country offerings are small now, but this is not the season for liberal offerings. The roads are bad. Unquestionably the country is bullish. It will keep on buying just as long as the price continues to advance. When the market stops there will be the other experience. The shipping demand is poor. There is no difference of opinion on that point. When this advance halts the countrymen's mood will change, and the lack of demand for our exportable surplus will then begin to tell on the market.' "

Last fall Patten started in to bull corn. He kept up his long line for many weeks and suddenly tired of that side, unloaded all of his long corn and took the short side. Then it was that young Mr. Phillips stepped in and took up the bull campaign where Mr. Patten left off. His temerity astounded the old heads, but the young man won out as told in the Record-Herald's sketch.

Early this year Mr. Patten again took up the bull side of corn, but a few weeks ago again switched. Once more Mr. Phillips stepped in and took up the campaign where he left at. If the young man's boldness had astonished the traders before his new step amazed them for the time being. Then a sardonic smile went around for the downfall of the young man was pictured. The old veterans had seen many a young trader win out, but lack the discretion to stay out, plunge in again and sink all. The man who makes two "killings" in succession in the grain market is a very rare article. Hence when Mr. Phillips came back again and so soon, the traders prepared to see him scalped.

For a time it looked as though Phillips was up against it. The market sagged a cent or so below the point at which he was supposed to have taken on his load. Then began a rapid rise and soon the market was about 3 cents above that point. Phillips and his crowd were on the top wave. Monday was a bad day for them, however. Corn slumped heavily. Oats also went against them, for they were heavy buyers in that grain. On Monday Phillips was called for $225,000 according to his own statement, but he made light of that, saying that they were prepared to put up as much again. He said that two of the men in with him had $500,000 each to put up.

The market today was expected to be a crucial test for the Phillips following, as it would show whether they are in control of the corn and oats situation or not. Although Phillips has appeared thus far to be on the wining side the deal is by no means over and he may have some hard jarring before the close of May. This week brought his first serious set back and the trade will be interested to see whether it will prove his undoing. Prestige is a great thing for it brings a following. Whether he can hold it in the face of a set back is a matter for him to develope.

The corn in store in the houses here is not of the kind that is deliverable on contracts in Chicago so that there is no likelihood of the shipment of corn from here to Chicago in the event of a squeeze. The Chicago contract grade is a mixed white grade while the corn here is of the yellow variety. It sells even better in the East and across the water than the Chicago contract corn and the bulk of the corn crop of the country is of the variety in store here. Considerable corn was sold by the Duluth men last week to the East.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 680 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

A STRENGTHENER

Vinol Promptly Overcomes Weakness.

DEBILITY OFTEN PRECEDES COMPLETE COLLAPSE.

We Want Every One to Know How to Get Strong.

OUR VINOL IS A STRENGTH CREATOR.

The saddest sight on earth is a broken-down man or woman.

We see such people every day right here in our city.

It is pitiful to see a man that should be in his prime dragging himself through life dejected, discouraged and broken down, due to some premature weakness. It does not make any difference whether this weakness is the result of dissipation, indiscreet living or disease; it can be overcome.

We have known of many very serions cases of debility quickly overcome by Vinol.

Vinol is a scientific rebuilder and strength creator. It contains the active curative principles of Cod-Liver Oil in a highly concentrated form. The benefit that can be derived from the use of these properties is so well known that there is no need for us to enter into that subject.

We could quote many instances where Vinol has done good; as an example, here is one coming from Jane S. Fenfren, a prominent member of the W. C. T. U., and a resident of Suncook, N. H. She writes:

"I was run down, was in bed from May to March. Was so nervous and sickly that every one thought I was in a most precarious condition. My weight was reduced to 120 pounds. I was advised to take Vinol, which I did, and am now very much better, and am able to be about again. As a rebuilder and a strength giver nothing can equal it. Vinol is a God-blessing to anybody."

Because Vinol is delicious, and because it does contain these much-sought-after medicinal properties we endorse it, and we unhesitatingly proclaim that it is better than any preparation of cod-liver oil or tonic rebuilder we have ever had in our store.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 Superior St. West, Corner Fourth Avenue

THE DAKOTAS.

The Dates Fixed For South Dakota State Fair.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—The state board of agriculture met here Monday evening and organized, electing John Armstrong, of De-Smet, president; W. B. Dean, of Yankton, secretary, and J. E. Platt, of Clarke, treasurer. They fixed the date of the state fair this year for Sept. 9 to 13, inclusive.

Deadwood—The Order of Benedictine Sisters, of Hot Springs, has given to O. C. Jewett, of this city, the work of preparing plans for the new hospital that is to be erected at that place by the order. The building is to be three stories high and will be made of stone from the Burke quarry, near that city. It will be located near the Gillispie hotel.

Sioux Falls—The arrest of a stranger and a heretofore respected young lady of this city, on the charge of occupying a room together at a local hotel, where they registered Sunday night as A. F. Johnson and wife, St. Paul, created something of a sensation yesterday. The stranger, who declined to give his true name to the officers, is supposed to be a former official of Yellow Medicine county, Minn. When taken into police court he was fined $25 and the girl $15, both fines being paid by the former. The girl is only 17 years of age. It is probable a divorce suit will grow out of the episode.

Aberdeen—Henry Powers, of Cambria township, is insane and is giving the authorities some trouble. There being no room for him in the hospital at Yankton he was placed in the county hospital here, but disappeared some time ago. He finally turned up at his brother's home, but resisted arrest with a razor and corn cutter. He will be taken care of here until a place can be made for him at Yankton.

Chamberlain—The local United States land office has given notice that the lands formerly embraced in the Lower Brule Indian reservation were by the act of Feb. 13, 1901, opened to settlement and entry under the public land laws of the United States, including the homestead laws. Plats of the land have not as yet been received, but it is expected they will be sent on most any day after which entry may be made. For some years the Brule Indians have been anxious to dispose of this land and invest the proceeds in stock, so they will now have an opportunity to realize their hopes.

Rapid City—The new building for the state school of mines, for which $20,000 was appropriated by the last legislature, will be erected on the campus by the side of the other two buildings. There is great need for the new structure, since the attendance is much greater than the old buildings will accommodate.

Huron—Two well-known Wessington characters, Merrill and Mary Cameron, were arrested in Hand county a day or two since where they had fled on learning that a warrant had been issued for their arrest on a charge of selling intoxicating liquors contrary to law. They gave bonds in the sum of $400. These people have caused no small amount of trouble for the people of the west side of the county, and have figured before in the courts on the same charge.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—There threatens to be serious litigation in the United States district court of this state over the fight between the Dowagiac and Cassopolis wheat drill firms. United States Marshal Haggart has a large force of deputies out over the state serving notices on dealers who handle the Cassopolis drills. The Dowagiac people claim that the drills are an infringement on their patents. hTe hearing has been set before Judge Amidon May 6.

The Washington officials have decided that the trouble between the new settlers and the squatters on the Fort Buford reservation does not come under United States jurisdiction, and that the state will have to preserve order.

The meeting at Harwood to organize a farmers' elevator company was a success. There was a large attendance and much stock was subscribed. The legal organization will be completed and the work prosecuted in time for the crop this season. The capacity of the elevator will be over 50,000 bushels.

Jamestown—There is some indignation expressed in the James River valley and other sections over the action of the agricultural college officials in sending students who are afflicted with small pox to their homes in different portions of the state instead of placing them in the pest house in Fargo. A new case is reported not far from Melville, being that of a student sent home from the Fargo institution.

County Auditor L. R. Niemeyer and C. B. Buckley have leased commodious quarters in the opera house block and will open a bottling works and billiard hall.

MADE GALLANT FIGHT.

Single Handed He Fought One Hundred Filipinos.

Washington, April 3.—The advancement of Lieut. Emory Winship, U. S. N., four numbers in his grade on account of gallantry in action, is one of the most deserved promotions in the naval service.

Lieut. Winship, as a member of a landing party, from the gunboat Bennington, was left alone in charge of the boats, on the northern coast of Luzon, about 100 Filipinos. With a Colt machine gun he fought the natives for hours, and drove them off. His companions found him in the bottom of the boat unconscious from loss of blood, five bullets having struck him in the legs. After three months in the hospital he recovered.

BOARD OF CONTROL.

Governor Announces Appointment of Its Members.

St. Paul, April 3.—Governor Van Sant yesterday signed the board of control bill and last night announced the appointment of its members. They are C. A. Morey, of Winona; William E. Lee, of Long Prairie, and Silas W. Leavitt, of Litchfield. Morey and Lee are Republicans and Leavitt a Democrat.

By the terms of the bill all the state boards, except the purely educational, are abolished and the various penal, correctional and charitable institutions will be under the direct control of the newly-constituted body. The state university, state normal schools and schools for the deaf and blind will also be under the jurisdiction of the board, so far as their finances are concerned, but the present boards will have charge of the educational departments.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results.
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

DIES FOR LOVE.

A Young Princeton Student's Hopeless Infatuation.

New York, April 3.—That Frank H. Zabrieskis, the young Princeton graduate, who was found dead Sunday in his apartment with a bullet hole through his heart, killed himself for the hopeless love of a beautiful married woman of one of the wealthiest and best known families of New York and one of the "400," is now believed by many of his friends.

The woman sailed a few days ago for Europe, and it is said that her reason for leaving this country was to escape the attentions of the love-mad young man. When Zabrieskie learned she had sailed he gave up all hope and ended his life.

The young man had plenty of money and entree to the best society. He belonged to an old Knickerbocker family.

BOUGHT MORE BONDS.

Washington, April 3.—The secretary of the treasury today purchased in New York $600,000 additional short term bonds at substantially the same rate as paid for the $2,000,000 bonds purchased yesterday.

LASTED FIFTEEN DAYS.

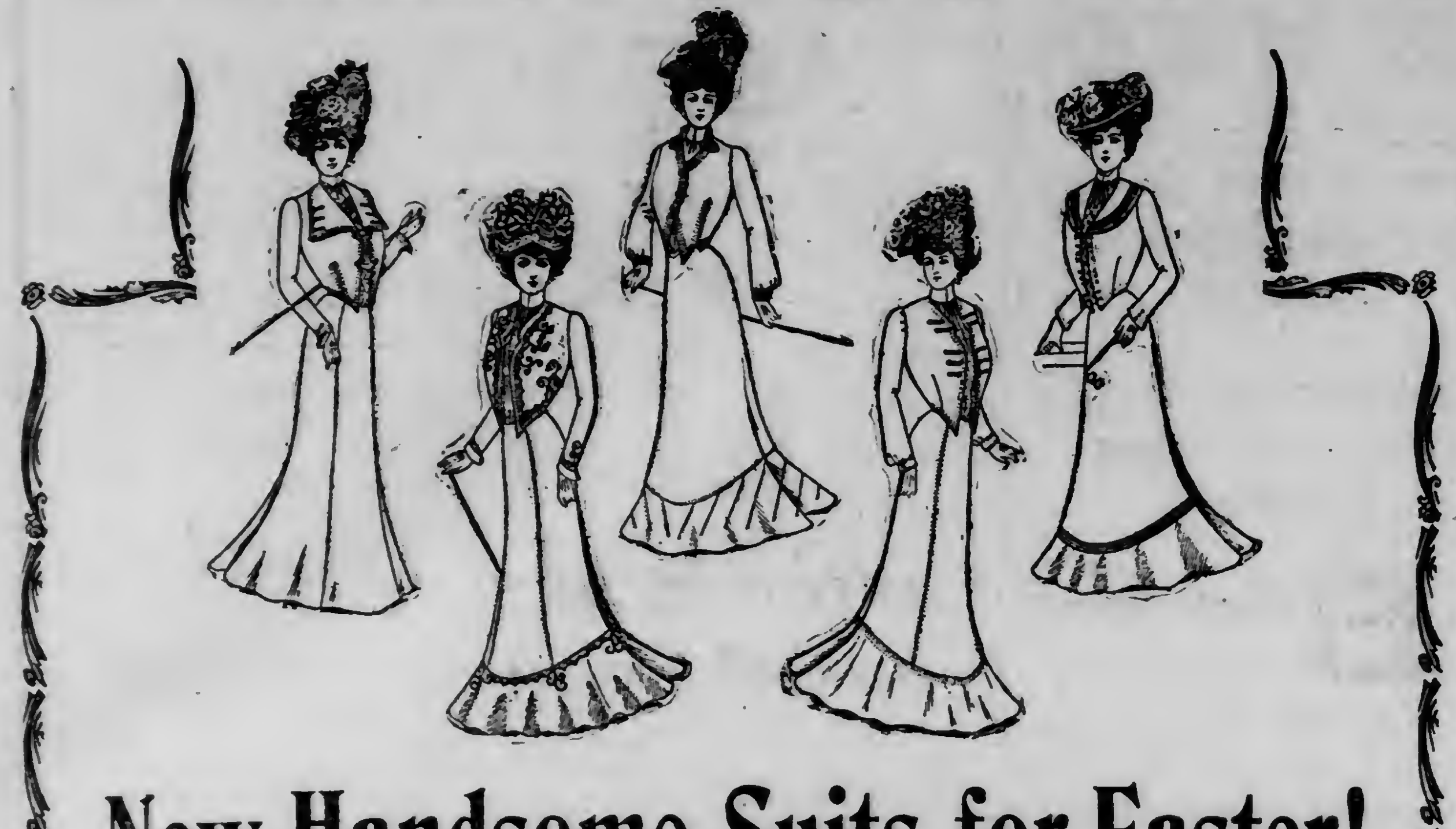
Married Bliss Cost the Old Fellow $24,000.

Assumption, Ill., April 3.—After having been married just fifteen days, Richard Keirn, 84 years old, and his young wife have agreed to separate. He has given her $4000 in cash and deeded her property valued at $20,000, while she relinquishes all further claim to his estate. Their separation was the result of a family quarrel, for which his wife summoned him into court and had him fined $3. This angered him so that he refused to live with her any longer, and arranged the separation upon the terms given.

Before and after trying other remedies use Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 'Twill keep you well all summer. A great spring blessing. Ask your druggist.

QUICK RELIEF, SURE RELIEF
BROWN'S Bronchial Troches
For Coughs and Colds.
Fac-Simile Signature of on every box.

"IS IT SATISFACTORY?"—That's the question that goes with every purchase here—We want you to be so well pleased with every purchase you make here, that you must necessarily come back.



New Handsome Suits for Easter!

Every express now brings in some late, new correct styles in

Suits, Skirts and Waists

Even more advanced and elegant than their predecessors. This has been made necessary by the exceptional heavy selling since our opening and partly because many beautiful gowns we expected to show then were unavoidably delayed through the crowded condition of our workrooms are now arriving just in time for Easter.

Then again, the principle on which we have founded this business—**EXCLUSIVENESS**—requires that as soon as a garment is sold something new must take its place—no re-ordering of the same kinds. In this way the individuality of our customers is protected.

A SPECIAL REQUEST—We would kindly ask that so far as convenient, do your choosing in the morning. We can give you more time and attention than the afternoon crowded condition of our parlors will permit. For any little alterations that may be necessary, please give us all the time you can. Yet depend on it, **our tailors** will meet whatever demand you may make.

The Parisian Suit Co. Chas. Freimuth, Manager. 106 West Superior Street.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO *The New Store* **HENDREN & TALLANT CO**

Timely News About Our Newness In

Suits, Jackets and Waists.

An Explanation: The change in the firm occurring at the time it did caused our buyer to get a late start for market. He found upon arriving there very few garments that would fill the exacting requirements of our high standard of excellence and to secure them contracted with several leading manufacturers to make up our spring line according to the styles he had found the most desirable and popular in the East. This necessitated a delay. Our largest shipment of Suits, Jackets and Waists, and one which completes the stock arrived Monday, and we are congratulating ourselves upon the delay, and why? There is not one new feature in ready-made wear but what is embodied in these Suits, for they were constructed at a late hour when speculation as to the styles had ceased and when the proper styles were fully decided upon.

We put forth a strenuous effort to have them here for the "opening" but could not and have had them made as satisfactorily as they must be made to enter The New Store. If you have purchased we wish you to see them as you will then appreciate our leadership; if not, you cannot afford to miss seeing them if you would have a garment that is exclusive in design. "The prices"—as ever at The New Store—"the lowest."

Silk Waists.

The fancy silk waist has become extremely popular in Paris of late and every indication is that it will be of long duration. Those of ours received Monday were finished up only last week and all the richness and elaboration exhibited across the waters are copied in these. The new corded and strapped bolero effects—L'Aiglon collars and ties—corded effects in vest fronts, with reveres trimmed with bias bands of plain taffeta. Every new sleeve—an especially large line of black waists, while the line of shades in the colored waists are the choicest ones.

Taffeta Jackets.

The newest and most popular garment the season has produced. The line was completed with Monday's arrivals. They are handsome beyond description, and as they were made with the suits, fashion's latest decrees are represented in them. New Eton effects—lined with white, black and dainty shades of satin—vest fronts of white corded silk in gold—chenile trimmings—L'Aiglon collars and the collarless ones—Postilion backs—Bishop, Puff and Bell Sleeves—gold buttons, and tastefully trimmed with gold throughout—much tucking. Newness not found at The New Store is not to be found elsewhere.

Three of our Many Choice Novelties.

Suit of Fine Venetian—New Eton Jacket, lined throughout with Taffeta, skirt in the fine Percaline—L'Aiglon collar, trimmed with stitched Taffeta band—gold braid and fancy buttons are bewitchingly used in trimming—new gored skirt—a $30.00 suit anywhere—Our price, for this week..... **$25.00**

Taffeta Jacket—All-over tucked—lined with guaranteed lavender satin—L'Aiglon collar—stitched bands of panne velvet—Postillion back—flecked corded silk vest front—gold buttons—bishop sleeve with panne velvet cuff—a Jacket the fitting of which is perfect, bust stands out in very admirable manner.. **$25.00**

Suit of Imported Venetian—Newest Eton Jacket—collarless—skirt and jacket trimmed with three rows Peau de Soie bands—black silk girdle which gives the suit the desirable high tone of excellence. New seven gore skirt—in blue only—suit exclusive with us—unequalled at $45.00. Our price......... **$37.50**

AT WEST DULUTH

Edward J. Luther, of Grand Rapids, Minn., deputy coroner of Itasca county, and an old-time resident of this city, was in West Duluth today calling on William Spencer and other friends. Until within the last two years Mr. Luther has been connected with the newspaper business, having owned two different papers in West Duluth, been employed on The Herald, and later owned the Grand Rapids Magnet, which he sold two years ago. Mr. Luther says it is hard to keep out of the newspaper business having once mixed up in it, and he is out now on a jaunt about the country looking up a favorable location to again enter the journalistic ranks. In his official capacity as deputy coroner, Mr. Luther was sent up to Rainy Lake City to investigate the shooting of "One-armed Sullivan" by William Randolph, who went through the city a few days ago en route for Grand Rapids in custody of a deputy sheriff, and he asserts freely that if the case is taken up a charge of at least manslaughter should be brought.

DEBATING BALL CLUB.

The Senate Debating and Social club comprised of a number of well-known young men of this part of the city, will give its first annual ball in the Great Eastern hall, on the evening of April 26. As this is the first attempt of the club to entertain in a public way, elaborate arrangements are being made for the occasion. Yesterday plans were completed whereby the Lady Maccabees of Pearl Hive, No. 4, will serve refreshments. Good music will be produced, and the hall elaborately decorated with the club colors. The arrangements committee is comprised of Erasmus Kreidler, Oliver Olsen and T F. Olsen. The floor committee is comprised of Eugene Iltis, Edwin Olsen, Ray Abbott and T. F. Olsen.

ODD FELLOWS' CONTEST.

The West Duluth lodge of Odd Fellows had a fine time at their meeting last evening. The main feature, of course, was the contest for the silver trophy, and hints of the efficiency of the degree work of the lodge were enough to attract a large crowd of down-town Odd Fellows, who are said to have gone home at a late hour very nervous over their own prospects of getting the trophy after watching the work of last night. The judges were well-known citizens of West Superior, members of the order, who will count up their points and announce the result the latter part of this week. A fine spread followed the meeting of last evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Robert Osier, of West Duluth, who is employed at the Alger, Smith & Co.'s mill, was the victim of a painful accident last evening. He was driving the team on a transfer or roller car, when the lumber slid ahead on top of the horses, frightening them into running away. One of the wheels ran over Mr. Osier's foot, crushing it badly.

West Duluth's population has taken a good spurt in the last few weeks. A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hanson, of 316 Sixty-first avenue west, on Monday; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, of 414 Sixty-first avenue west, this morning, and a girl to Mr. and Mrs. William Hill, of 3820 Oneota street, yesterday.

John Nelson, of Fifty-first avenue west, is sick with pneumonia.

William Wittle, of Barnum, was a caller on West Duluth friends today.

In spite of the warm weather of late the ice at the West Duluth covered rink remains firm and in excellent condition. The rink was flooded last night, the ice forming readily. Tonight and Friday evening will be the last opportunities of the young people to skate this season.

A very pleasant surprise party was sprung on Miss Mary Mayhew, of 4917 Grand avenue, last evening by twenty-five of her friends. The event was in honor of her birthday anniversary. The evening was passed delightfully in music and games, also a taffy pull.

West Duluth grocers have not been patronizing the local commission houses very much since April 1, at which date the commission houses cut off free delivery of goods at West Duluth. The Grocers' union held a meeting on Monday night, elected officers and discussed the situation. Some of the grocery men declare that they will buy their produce in St. Paul before they will submit to the new order of things.

Sitting Bull tribe of Redmen will hold a big pow-wow in the Great Eastern hall on the evening of April 18.

In conformance with the action of the board of fire commissioners at a recent meeting, August Anderson and George Jauss, two new members of the West Duluth department, have been laid off and Edward Mehling has been transferred to the No. 2 house. The team used to pull the fire engine has also been taken to headquarters at Duluth.

Mrs. Josephine Carlson returned last evening from St. Paul, where she was called on account of her daughter's illness.

William Boyd's little 4-year-old son, while playing yesterday, fell on an axe and cut a bad gash in his wrist. Eight stitches were required in dressing the wound.

Casey Foster has gone to his North Dakota farm for the season. He took a number of horses and a few men with him.

Fred Granzow is back from Eveleth.

A. George Penhill has returned after a several months' absence.

But one place for wall paper, Nygren's drug store.

The Ladies' Aid of the Westminster Presbyterian church will give an Easter sale and supper on Thursday evening at Gilley's hall.

Wall paper. Latest styles and richest colorings. Best quality for the least money. From 3 cents up. S. C. Bolger, Ramsey street.

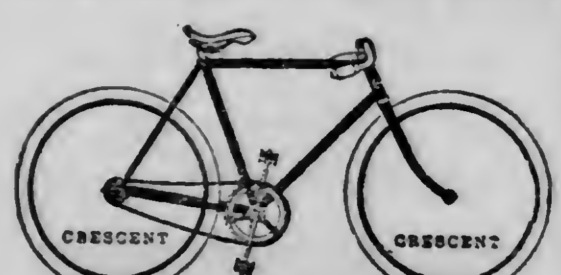
Special meeting of Pearl Hive No. 4, at home of Mrs. Smith, at Michigan house, Fifty-third avenue west, Thursday evening, 8 p. m. All members are requested to be present.

Girl wanted for general housework. Apply at Spencer's Drug store.

Pure drugs and wall paper, at Olanders', 228 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Tonight!

Music at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Good ice. Music Friday night. Will be the last of the season.



CRESCENTS

Satisfy everybody and will surely satisfy you.

They are without doubt the most durable Bicycle on the market today and the price is right.

Crescents..................	$25, $35 and $50
Stearns....................	$40 and $50
Syracuse....................	$25
Supply House Bicycles...........	$13.75

Wieland & Wade

Dealers in Reliable Bicycles,
323 West First Street, Duluth.
317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

EXTEND THANKS.

"Dead Ducks" Call Upon the President.

Washington, April 3.—Ex-Senators Thurston, McBride and Lindsay, ex-Representative Allen of Mississippi and John F. Miller, of Indiana, five members of the recently appointed St. Louis exposition commission, called upon the president today. Mr. Allen remarked humorously after the interview that the commission had simply called to thank the president on behalf of the country for the wise selections he had made. Under the law the commission must organize at St. Louis, under the direction of the secretary of state, within thirty days after its appointment. After leaving the White House the members saw Secretary Hay.

QUARRELED OVER GIRL.

Cherokee, Iowa, April 3.—In a quarrel over a girl, Robert Goff shot and probably fatally wounded Charles Lauer. Goff is under arrest.

SEIZED THE OLEO

Officers Grab Fifteen Hundred Pounds of the Stuff.

Is Colored Yellow In Defiance of the Law.

Armour Packing Company Owns It and Will Fight.

Fifteen hundred pounds of oleomargarine, colored in imitation of "yellow" butter, was seized yesterday afternoon by Officer Jensen of the municipal court. The imitation butter belonged to the Armour Packing company and was in storage at the warehouse of the Booth Packing company, when the court officer, armed with a search warrant, seized it.

It is one of the largest consignments of "oleo" ever seized in the state, and the seizure will result in a lively legal fight between the Armour interests and the state dairy department. The seizure was made under a new state law passed by the present legislature on Feb. 28 last.

The Armour company complied with the provisions of the state law with regard to oleaginous substances in every way, except that the 1500 pounds seized was colored "yellow." There was no attempt made to conceal the fact that it was not butter, as the word "oleomargarine" was printed in large letters all over the tubs and boxes, but the recent amendment to the state dairy laws is very specific on the point that oleaginous substances shall not be colored in imitation of "yellow" butter.

The penalty fixed for the violation of this law is a fine of not less than $100 or more than $500, or imprisonment for one year. This removes it from the jurisdiction of the municipal court, under which the preliminary arrangements and seizure was made.

Today both sides were sparring for a point of vantage, and the Armour interests brought replevin proceedings late this afternoon. The court officer, immediately after making the seizure, stored the imitation butter with the Booth Packing company in the name of the state.

It was reported that Otto Gafvert, the newly appointed dairy inspector for this district, purchased a 10-pound package of the oleomargarine from the Armour company on Monday, and in that case the state's plan of battle will probably be over the 10-pound package rather than the 1500 pounds seized.

In the consignment seized there were three 40-pound tubs, fifty-two 10-pound boxes, forty 10-pound tubs, nine 20-pound boxes and nine 30-pound tubs.

CANNOT GIVE BONDS.

Therefore Joseph Pommerville Must Serve Time.

In the blue room of police court this morning Joseph Pommerville was requested to put up $200 as a pledge that he would not attempt to kill Albert King, within the next three months. He was unable to give the bond and will probably have to spend ninety days' confinement in the county jail.

Last Monday evening Mr. King, who is a bartender at George Marcott's saloon, 1131 West Michigan street, had occasion to put Pommerville out of the saloon. The latter then startled the French settlement by announcing his tremendous yearning to separate Mr. King from the life within him.

He waited outside the saloon with a large knife till the bartender started for home and then followed him. As Pommerville started up to him Mr. King drew a gun in self-defense. He swore out a warrant yesterday charging Pommerville with threats to kill. There were a number of witnesses summoned by Pommerville, who testified in favor of Mr. King, and one of them, claiming to have known the defendant for twenty-five years got excited on the witness stand and said in accents wild that Pommerville "hasn't got a straight head on his hair."

When the court announced that he would have to give $200 bond to keep the peace, Pommerville asked to be allowed to leave the state, but the request was not considered, and he went to jail until such time as he can give the bond or till he shall have served a three months' term.

ENTHUSIASM COOLED.

Small Boys Run Away and Then Return.

Disguised as end men at a minstrel show three small boys ran away from St. Anne's home on Monday, two of them intending to go to Mexico and the third to Two Harbors. After shivering a night and a half in a West End barn, they returned to the home, washed the black cork off their faces, and tearfully promised to be good.

The boys are Clarence Brown, John Carlson and Lloyd Carlson. They are all about 11 years of age. Becoming anxious for adventure they left the St. Anne's home quietly on Monday evening, after blacking their faces with burnt cork, thinking that they could pass off as colored boys.

Young Brown said that he didn't care to run away any further than Two Harbors, but the two Carlson boys thought they would sell papers and secure enough money to join their mother who is in Mexico. The cold nights and lack of food discouraged them.

Black Cat Contest.

The "black cat" contest at Freimuth's is one of the most interesting, unique and mirth-provoking competitions ever held in this city. Hundreds of children, all over the city, have drawn or are drawing cats, and many of the pictures already submitted indicate considerable talent in the drawing of animals. A number of cats submitted thus far are published elsewhere in this issue.

Commissioners to Meet.

The board of fire commissioners will meet this evening and organize. Charles W. Nitterauer, of West Duluth, will succeed Arvin Bagley, who has been a member of the board for the past three years. A number of people have called the attention of city officers to the fact that the council did not confirm Mr. Nitterauer's appointment. The confirmation would undoubtedly have been forthcoming had it been necessary, but under the new charter the appointment of fire commissioners in which the mayor has full power and confirmation is not required.

Do not leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed and cannot be procured while you are on board the cars or steamship. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by Boyce's drug store.

TO MANILLA TO MARRY.

Capt. Ickis Calbes His Betrothed to Sail.

Overton, Iowa, April 3.—Responding to a cablegram from Capt. Warren M. Ickis of the Thirty-sixth regiment, United States army, at Manilla, Philippine islands, Clara Stanchfield, of this city, now in San Francisco, will sail on April 9 to marry the young soldier, who sent her the message to cross the Pacific and fulfill an engagement made when the United States entered into hostilities with Spain.

Miss Stanchfield left Creston several weeks ago to meet her affianced, whom she expected on the transport that was bringing home the Thirty-sixth regiment, but instead of her lover coming home she received a cablegram from him that he had remained. This changed the wedding arrangements, because a marriage was to have followed the home coming of Capt. Ickis. He asked his betrothed to come to him.

Upham Ickis was judge advocate general for a time in the Philippines, and now is title examiner. He has distinguished himself since his enlistment. His intended bride is prominent in Creston society and in church circles.

Rabbits, chickens, ducks and geese for Easter at Smith's.

FROHMAN GOES TO EUROPE.

Will Look After His Interests In London.

New York, April 3.—Charles Frohman sailed for London on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse yesterday to take personal charge of his English theaters and plays during the coming London season, which opens in about two weeks. The production of "The Girl From Up There," with Edna May as its star, will take place at his Duke of York's theater, April 21. The performance will be typically American, for Mr. Frohman is sending across the ocean eighty persons who were in the opera during its recent season at the Herald Square theater. Mr. Frohman said:

"I shall produce Augustus Thomas' comedy, 'On the Quiet,' in London, also a new play by George W. Broadhurst. Besides this, there is William Gillette's appearance in 'Sherlock Holmes,' at Irving's Lyceum theater. Mr. Gillette's season there will begin in September, and he will remain there for three months. When he returns to America he is to play 'Hamlet,' under my management at the Knickerbocker theater. I have made arrangements for next season in America, which include productions by Clyde Fitch, Augustus Thomas, William Gillette, Paul M. Potter, Edward E. Rose, Mrs. Ryley, Edward E. Kidder and other authors. I have also secured the dramatic rights of 'Eben Holden' and 'The Gentleman From Indiana.' My stars for next season include John Drew, William Gillette, William Faversham, W. H. Crane, Maude Adams, Annie Russell, Virginia Harned, and in connection with David Belasco, Blanche Bates. Miss Harned comes to me under a two-years' contract.

"Henry Irving and Ellen Terry, who will appear at the Knickerbocker theater about the end of October, and Charles Hawtrey and his company are the attractions that I will bring to this side from London next season. Mr. Hawtrey will open at the Garrick theater in October in 'A Message From Mars.'"

SEVEN TIMES MAYOR.

St. Louis, April 3.—M. M. Stephens, Democrat, candidate on the Citizens' ticket in East St. Louis, was elected mayor by a plurality of 1500. This is the seventh time that Mr. Stephens has been elected mayor of East St. Louis.

Go to Smith's for Easter novelties.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Hang your clothes without a wrinkle.

A goodform closet set.

Trouser Hanger 30c each. (postpaid.)

Saves time both in putting the clothes away and in finding them.

Saves room by doubling the capacity of the closet.

Made of heavily plated spring steel.

TROUSER SET; 6 Trousers Hangers and 1 loop	$1.50
SUIT SET, 6 Trousers Hangers, 6 Garment Yokes, 1 loop and 1 bar	$2.25
SUIT SET LADIES'; 6 Skirt Hangers, 6 Garment Yokes, 1 loop and 1 bar	$1.75
OR REGULAR SETS; 12 Garment Yokes, 6 Trousers or 12 Skirt Hangers, 2 bars and 1 loop	$3.00
2 in one Outfit	$5.50

We sell the Goodform exclusively in Duluth.

Kelley Hardware Co.

GRAINS ARE WEAK

Wheat Started Out Weak And Sold Down Rapidly.

Offerings Heavy at Chicago, Phillips Being Among Sellers.

Great Interest In Corn Which Declines Heavily.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 3.--The wheat market started out weaker and lower this morning and broke rapidly. There were very heavy offerings at Chicago, Phillips being among the sellers. The market was also bearishly affected by an expected break in the prices of corn and oats and by weak cables, the close at Liverpool being ½@1d lower. There was a temporary reaction due to the reported sale of 1,250,000 bus of wheat for export during the past forty-eight hours, but the market soon weakened again. At Antwerp the close was 1⅞c lower. Chicago finally closed with a loss of 2-⅛c from Monday. Duluth lost 1⅜c from yesterday and Minneapolis lost 1-⅛c. Primary receipts were 1,240,176 bus, last year 1,007,256 bus. Shipments were 648,085 bus against 1,185,964 bus last year. Clearances of wheat and flour weire 582,000 bus. New York reported 51 loads of wheat taken for export yesterday. Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 421 cars, against 306 last week and 374 last year. Chicago receipts, 127 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅝c off at 74c, advanced to 74¼c at 9:33, declined to 74⅛c at 9:34, reacted to 74⅜c at 9:46, sold down steadily to 73½c at 172:16 and 72¾c at 12:45 and closed at 73¼c.

Cash sales were 40,000 bus and prices were the same as yesterday, ¾c under May for wheat to arrive and 1½c under for wheat in store.

Corn was the center of interest today and the operations of Phillips and his crowd in Chicago were watched closely. It was reported from there this morning that he had again put up margins and that he was apparently giving very little support to any of the markets. Gossip from there said:

"'I expect a weak opening in corn and oats,' said George H. Phillips, 'but I believe the low prices will be made in the first few minutes and that there will be a hardening and advancing market from that on. I don't know what to expect in wheat and I don't care much. Our interest in that pit is small. We will have a good deal of buying to do in corn and oats as we have some important orders on a declining scale.'

"Phillips spent most of his time yesterday in his office. His clerks were all at work catching up with their business. He evidently looked as did everybody else who was down town yesterday for an exciting opening this morning. Phillips evidently appreciated the efforts which have been made yesterday to give the outside markets a very weak look. 'It is possible,' he said in discussing the situation, 'that some of the Chicago bears will spend a good deal of money to make the cables look sick this morning.'

"Among those on the curb yesterday, there was the expectation that the coarse grain bears, encouraged by their success of Monday, would renew their attacks on oats and corn today, and that there would be a fight in both pits for the control. The very severe margin call, $225,000, submitted to by Phillips on Monday will relieve the tension some. Those who got their 10 per cent protections day before yesterday will not be inclined to ask for more of the Phillips money unless there should be a very severe break. The large export business, about 1,300,000 bus at the seaboard, is expected to steady the wheat market in a measure. The interest will center in the oats and corn pits. In those markets it will be the Phillips following against the bear professionals and the outcome of today's test of strength will mean a good deal to each side."

In Chicago May corn showed a loss from Monday of 1⅞c and in Duluth of 1c.

Oats closed unchanged in Duluth and ⅝c off from Monday in Chicago. Rye was off 1c and other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73¾c; to arrive, 74½c; May, 75¼c. No. 1 northern, 71¾c; to arrive, 72½c; May, 73¼c; July, 74¼-⅜c. No. 2 northern, 66¼@70¼c. No. 3 spring, 61¼@66¼c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 50c. Barley, 35@55c. Flax, cash, $1.61; to arrive, $1.60; May, $1.60¾; September, $1.15. Corn, 39¼c; May, 40c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 127; corn, 2; oats, 1; rye, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 128,899 bus; corn, 6827 bus; oats, 13,522 bus; flax, 614 bus. Shipments—None.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.73⅜
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	70⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	70
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	70½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	64¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	64
No. 3 spring, 1 car	64⅛
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	62
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	62¼
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	64¾
No grade, 2 cars	63½
No grade, 2 cars	64⅛
No grade, 1 car	63½
Flax, 1,000 bus May	1.62¾
Flag, 2,000 bus September	1.15

B. E. BAKER,
Grain and Stock Broker.
PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.
Offices in Duluth, W. Superior, Virginia and Two Harbors.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 3.—The wheat market has been demoralized, with prices off almost 3c a bus from Monday, May selling at 73⅞@71¾c, closing at 72⅜c. The letting go by Phillips started the bull selling, professionals short selling and stop loss orders. Offerings have been taken care of principally by shorts, who have put it out again on all tendency to show a further decline. Crop conditions have been the important factor, very favorable indeed. This weakness, however, has brought forth a good cash demand; local sales 205,000 bus. There was a good business reported yesterday. Trade very bearish and the volume of business heavy. The market has had a pretty good break and although pressure to further low points may be expected, wheat is evidently below an export basis, which fact will take care of further declines to some extent.

There was an excited corn opening, prices showing a decline of from ¾c to 1¼c. There was a great deal of liquidation; while there was no effort to support the market, Phillips was the only buyer. He left the market pretty much alone though. This lessened the tension somewhat. May sold to 42c, but recovered to 43c, later reflecting the condition of wheat and becoming demoralized with it. When this option is cleaned up as regards corn and the overburdened buying side relieved of too much of a cargo, corn will again go back to its natural position at a higher level than that prevailing today. The break is sentimental and resulting from speculative rather than legitimate conditions.

The experience in corn has been repeated in oats, but not as much as anticipated. There was pretty good selling by local professionals and the inevitable stop loss orders. We have never believed that the high prices recently reached were warranted, but it is expected that oats will keep their relative difference under corn.

The provision market has been wonderfully strong in spite of the grain weakness, the whole list showing an advance. The small official stocks of lard and ribs were the factors. Armour was credited with buying of ribs. The foreigners bought lard.

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Representing
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Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street

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Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
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DIRECT SPECIAL WESTERN UNION WIRE, giving Instantaneous and Continuous New York Quotations.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Per Share. Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	100	170	137
Am. Exchange bank	100	126	119
First Nat. bank, Superior	100	...	96
L. S. Cons. Iron Mines			193
Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	235	150
Leithhead Drug Co	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co	100	122	...
Con. El. Co. 1st pfd	100	...	90
Con. El. Co. 2nd pfd	100	...	80
Con. El. Co., com	100	...	20
County orders	Par		

United States bonds bought and sold.
We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

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Vermilye & Co
BANKERS,
Nassau and Pine Sts., New York;
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INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

Land Scrip.
Pine Lands.
Will buy Timber in St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties.
H. W. COFFIN,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Exciting Times In Cereals at the Opening.

Chicago, April 3.—There were ten exciting minutes in the grain markets at the opening today. Expectation of the culmination of a movement against the enormous lines held by Phillips' following in corn and oats led to enormous pressure from longs who wished to get from under, and from bears. Phillips' brokers, to the great surprise of nearly everybody, were not active.

May corn opened ¾@1½c lower at 42¾c to 42c, under enormous pressure. The pit was crowded to the limit and for ten minutes excitement ruled. Phillips, credited with holding 8,000,000 bus of long May corn, bought only a little and his trades were almost lost sight of in the enormous total. Local bulls and outside interests were buyers, however, and the market recovered to 43c the first hour, during which the speculative atmosphere became less electrical. Local receipts for two days were 394 cars, 93 of contract grade. Cables were weak.

In the oats market, where a severe break had been expected, offerings, while liberal, were mostly local, and there was an excellent outside demand for them. Phillips, who is supposed to hold a line of 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 bus was not in the market. May opened ⅛c to ¼@½c lower at 25½c to 25⅛c, touched 25c and rallied to 25½@⅝c. Receipts were 354 cars for two days.

May wheat started with an opening break of ½c to 1⅝c, selling at 73¾-73c at the opening. Weak cables and the expected break in corn and oats were factors. Offerings were heavy, Phillips being among the sellers, but a report that 1,250,000 bus of wheat had been taken for export during the past forty-eight hours had a steadying effect and May reacted to 73¼c. The pressure seemed to be over for a time but the market again weakened and fell to 73c. Local receipts were 127 cars, 1 of contract grade, for two days, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 421 cars, against 306 last week and 374 a year ago.

Provisions opened irregular, lard particularly so. May lard opened 7½c to 30c up at $8.37½@8.60, under an excited demand from shorts. May ribs opened unchanged at $8.20 and went to $8.30 in sympathy with lard. May pork opened 2½c down at $15.57½ and sold to $15.55.

Close, wheat, April, 71¾c; May, 72⅝@½c; July, 73c. Corn, April, 40⅜c; May, 41⅝c; July, 42c. Oats, April, 24¾c; May, 24⅞c; July, 24⅞c. Pork, April, $15.35; May, $15.45; July, $15.25. Lard, April, $8.60; May, $8.47½; July, $8.25@8.27½; September, $8.25@8.27½. Ribs, April, $8.25; May, $8.25; September, $8.12½@8.15; July, $8.15. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.55; No. 1, $1.54; May, $1.54. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72@75c; No. 3 red, 70@74c; No. 2 hard winter, 70@72c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@72c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 72@75c; No. 3 spring, 67@74c. Corn, No. 2, 41½@¾c; No. 3, 41c. Oats, No. 2, 26¾c; No. 3, 26½c. Rye, April, 50c; May, 50½c. Barley, cash, 38@58c. Timothy, April, $4.05. Clover, April, $11.00.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74B	71⅞	73½@73	78⅝-¾
High	74⅜	72⅜	73⅝	78¾
Low	72¾	71⅛	71⅝	77⅞
Close	73¼	71½	72⅜-½	78
July—				
Open	75⅛B	73½-⅝	73½@¼	78⅞
High	75½	74	73¾	78⅞
Low	74⅜	72¾-⅞	72¼	77¾
Close	74⅜	73-⅛	73	78¼

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	25⅜@¼-⅜	42¾@42¼	$15.60@15.65
High	25⅝	43	15.65
Low	24⅞	40¾	15.54
Close	24⅞A	41⅝	15.45

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 3.—Wheat, cash, 71¾c; May, 71½c; July, 73¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 73¾c; No 1 northern, 71½c; No. 2 northern, 68@69c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 3.—Close, wheat, quiet, ½@1d lower. May, 5s 11⅝d; July, 5s 11⅝d. Corn, quiet, ¼@⅞d lower. May, 3s 10⅝d; July, 3s 10⅛d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 71⅛@70⅞c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 72⅛@72-⅛c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 71¼c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 3.—Wheat, May, 78c; July, 78¼c. Corn, May, 47⅜c; July, 46⅞c.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	22
Creamery, storage tubs	18 @ 19
Dairies, fancy	15 @ 16
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14
Packing stock	11 @ 12
EGGS.	
Fresh	12 @ 12½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	12½@ 13
Twins, full cream	12½@ 12
Full cream, Young America	14
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup., per gal	1 10
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS	
Apples, eating	4 50 @ 5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50 @ 4 25
Apples, California, per box	1 50 @ 1 75
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 25 @ 1 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50 @ 3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California navel oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Cranberries, per bbl	8 50 @ 9 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50 @ 8 00
VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	43 @ 45
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Radishes, per doz	65 @ 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75 @ 2 00
Wax beans	5 25 @ 5 50
Celery, California	85 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Lettuce, per bus	1 25 @ 1 40
Onions, per bus	1 75 @ 1 85
Carrots	70 @ 75
Oyster plant, per doz	50 @ 65
Horse radish, per lb	8
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50 @ 4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00 @ 4 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	10 @ 10½
Ducks	10 @ 11
Geese	10 @ 11
MEATS.	
Mutton	7½
Lamb	8½@ 9
Veal, good	9
Veal, fancy	9½
Beef, dressed	5 @ 6½
Hogs	8
Pork loins	10½
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	17 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	17 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	16 50
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	42
Oats, car lots, sacked	31
Hay, upland	14 00
Hay, timothy	16 00
Feed, No. 1	17 00
Feed, No. 2	17 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 3.—Butter quiet. Creamery, 15@20½c; dairy, 11@18c. Cheese, quiet, 11@11¾c. Eggs, active, 12¼@½c. Dressed poultry, dull. Turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 9@10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 3.—Butter, receipts, 5488 packages. Strong. Fresh creamery, 16@22c; factory, 11@14¼c. Cheese, receipts 783 packages. Firm. Fancy large colored and white, 11@½c; fancy small colored, 12½c; fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 21,417 packages. Strong. Western, fresh, 13½c; storage Western, 13¾@14c; Southern at mark, 12¾@13¼c.

Special Ice cream for Easter. Smith's.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

MET THEIR WATERLOO

Bulls In Grain Met Disaster In Chicago Market.

Phillips and Others Unloaded at a Heavy Loss.

Prices Continued to Fall Until Near Closing Hour.

Chicago, April 3.—Bulls in grains met their Waterloo on the board of trade today, when millions of bushels of long stuff were thrown overboard on crumbling quotations, which ceased falling only a quarter of an hour before the close. Heavy bull speculation, headed by George H. Phillips, who manipulated a squeeze in November corn and thereby obtained a large following, had succeeded in keeping May corn up close to the 45c mark for several days last week. On Saturday professional short selling, reinforced by increasing receipts began to tell on the market. Phillips, credited with holding nearly 10,000,000 bus of corn, about half as much May oats and 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 bus May wheat, was called for $225,000 margins. He responded promptly and on Monday it was thought that the short sellers had run their course. During the latter part of the Monday session, however, the bears redoubled their effort and it was said that Phillips was again called upon for $200,000 margins.

As there was no session yesterday, a measure of confidence began to run through the bull ranks. Bears took advantage of the interim in this market, however, to pound prices on the outside exchanges, and at Liverpool, and when the longs came up at the opening today, they immediately saw that their hopes were gone.

Wheat started the panic by opening at a decline of 1c all around. Corn did likewise. Oats were also extremely weak. Phillips brokers were said to be inactive. The bears were not, however, and by noon they had the longs in a pocket. Millions of bushels of wheat, corn and oats were thrown on the market regardless of price. May wheat, which had sold up to 73⅞c early, fell to 71½@⅝c. On scattered covering it reacted to 72⅜@½c, where it closed, 2c under Monday, and 5⅝c under the high point of a fortnight ago. May corn fell from 43@40¾c, reacted and closed at 41⅝c, a net loss of 1⅞c from Monday. May oats fell from 25⅝c to 24½c, and closed ¾c net lower at 24⅞c.

While Phillips let go of immense holdings on the decline, there were no signs whatever of any financial difficulties on the exchange.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.--Barrett & Zimmerman report receipts of horses heavy with a more satisfactory tone to the trade on farm horses than was experienced at the opening of the market this week. North Dakota trade took a more active turn than was expected. Several carloads of good farm horses were shipped to various points in that state. Local demand for team horses increased materially. Mules moved slowly. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@170
Drafters, choice	125@130
Farm horses, extra	110@130
Farm horses, choice	90@110
Farm horses, common to good	65@ 80

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 3.—Cattle, receipts, 17,000. Steady. Beeves, $3.75@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.85; cows, $1.75@4.70; Texans, $3.75@4.80. Hogs, receipts today, 24,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 3394. Steady to strong. Mixed and butchers, $5.95@6.15; good to choice heavy, $6.10@6.20; rough heavy, $5.95@6.05; light, $5.95@6.10; bulk of sales, $6.05@6.12½. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Strong. Sheep, $3.75@5.10; lambs, $4.50@5.35. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2776; hogs, 13,892; sheep, 15,336. Shipments—Cattle, 1349; hogs, 3495; sheep, 3373.

Go to Smith's for Easter candles.

INCREASE.

Handsome Growth Shown In the Postoffice Business.

The receipts of the postoffice at Duluth for the three months ending March 31, which make the first quarter of 1901 and the third quarter of the government fiscal year, amounted to $27,953.31. In the same period last year they reached a total of $25,427.95. This is a gain for this year of $2525.36. This is a very handsome increase and indicates a much better condition of business in the city.

An application was sent in some time ago by residents of Pike Lake and Hermantown and intervening places for the establishment of the rural mail delivery to those points. At the present time there is a star route service to Pike Lake, which takes mail out six days in the week. Hermantown gets its mail at Adolph station on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road. It is expected that an inspector will be along before a great while to look into the matter.

Suit For Rent.

The estate of the late John N. Brown has begun suit in district court against the Northwestern Benevolent society and the Minnesota and Metropolitan Accident company, of Chicago, to recover $850 alleged to be due for rent of rooms 200 to 204 Lonsdale building for the period between the end of the occupancy of the defendants and the end of the lease. It is alleged that the offices were rented at $1500 a year, and that there was $1000 due for the remaining period. Since then the estate has tried to rent the offices, but has realized only $150, which has been applied on the claim. Fryberger & Johanson are the attorneys.

Fine Floor and
Hardwood Finishers.
H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
16 East Superior St., Duluth.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Prices Inclined to Sag Early But Advances Followed.

Sensational Rise of Ten Points In Delaware & Hudson.

The Heavy Profit-Taking Caused Declines Later In the Day.

New York, April 3.—Stocks showed small opening changes either way, but there was excited trading in a few stocks. Burlington sold at 181 to 181½ for 6000 shares, compared with 179¾ at last night's close and Louisville was lifted an extreme 1¾ on running sales of 2000 shares. Northern Pacific also opened wide at an extreme advance of ⅝ and Amalgamated Copper was run up over a point. On the other hand Rock Island broke 1½ below last night's close on running sales of 3000 shares, and Manhattan and Metropolitan broke 1⅜ and 1¼ respectively. United States Steel stock yielded a fraction on heavy dealings.

Prices were inclined to sag in sympathy with the weakness of the tractions, but the losses only reached a point in Delaware & Hudson, Texas & Pacific and Western Union, before bull manipulation of Burlington and some of the specialties pulled many stocks up. Burlington rose 6⅛ to 185⅞, and Northern Pacific advanced simultaneously to 98⅜. Rock Island rallied 1¾. Gains of 1 to 3⅜ were also made by Northwestern common and preferred and Sloss Steel, Sugar, People's Gas and Consolidated Gas. Manhattan rallied to 130 and Louisville extended its rise to 3¼. This decided exhibition of strength failed to benefit the coalers, Southwesterns or steel stocks to any extent. United States Express broke 5 points. The strong stocks were lower to the extent of a point or more in some stocks before 11 o'clock.

The execution of enormous purchasing orders in Erie common, ranging from 1000 to 6000 shares infused strength into the coalers and a sensational rise of 10 points in Delaware & Hudson revived rumors of New York Central lease with a guaranteed dividend. The trunk line stocks advanced vigorously and some of the less prominent stocks were in demand. Improvements reached 1 to 2 points in Erie, New Jersey Central, Pennsylvania, New York Central, Chesapeake & Ohio, Norfolk & Western, Iowa Central, International Paper preferred, Great Northern preferred and Chicago Terminal preferred. Harlem jumped 5 to 430. The grangers, Pacifics, Southwesterns and some of the specialties, including the United States Steel stocks, were sold heavily meanwhile, but the sustained strength of the prominent stocks helped the market upward all around at noon. Burlington rose above 166. Bonds were irregular.

Heavy profit-taking in the high-priced coalers and grangers was met by new advances elsewhere. St. Paul and Omaha made its extreme advance 6, and Northwestern 3¼. The realizing carried Delaware & Hudson down 4¾; Lackawanna 4½ and Burlington 3¼. Other active stocks reacted 1 to 2½. When the profit-taking threatened to overcome the market, Rock Island was advanced to 150½ and People's Gas to near 112. This checked the reaction, but did not cause any important rally. The closing was animated and irregular.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar ... 6	140¾	141½	140¼	141⅜
Tobacco	125	127½	125	127⅜
Atchison com	63¼	63¼	62½	62⅞
Atchison pfd	95¾	97	95¾	96
Brooklyn Transit	83	83¼	82	82⅝
C., M. & St. P.	153¾	156	153¾	153¾
C., B. & Q.	181	188	181	185¾
U. S. Steel com	48¾	49¼	48½	48⅝
U. S. Steel pfd	96½	96¾	96	96½
B. & O.	92	92¾	92	92¼
L. & N.	102	104½	102	104¼
Manhattan	129⅝	130⅝	128½	129⅞
Missouri Pacific	102⅝	104¼	101⅞	104⅛
N. P. common	96	98½	96	97⅜
N. P. preferred	94	95½	93¾	95¼
People's Gas	107¾	111¾	107½	111½
Rock Island	138½	150½	137¼	150½
Southern Pacific	46¼	46⅞	46¼	46⅝
T. C. I.	65⅞	66	64¼	64¼
Union Pacific pfd	85½	86¼	85½	85⅝
Union Pacific com	93	94½	92¼	93⅝
Western Union	93¼	94¾	92¾	94

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 3.—Cotton opened steady at 1 to 4c advance with May the pivotal month, starting at 801. May touched 799, and reacted to 812. The rest of the list followed partially. The general market was further strengthened by reports of unfavorable weather in the South. Oklahoma reporting 30 degrees with some killing frost. Today's cables were quite as good as expected.

Cotton spot closed quiet, ¼c higher; middling uplands, 8 9-16; middling gulf, 8 13-16; sales, 308 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; April, 819; May, 824; June, 811; July, 812; August, 774; September, 754; October, 744; November, 739; December, 738; January, 739.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 3.—Money on call nominally 2¼@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88@4.88¼ for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Silver certificates, 59¾@61c; bar silver, 58⅝c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds strong. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¼; 3s registered, $1.10¾; coupon, $1.11¼; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13¼; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April 3.—Consols for money, 95½; for the account, 95 13-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 3.—Clearings, $40,440,215; balances, $3,453,464; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 30c discount.

TO RELIEVE SCHLEY.

Rear Admiral Cromwell Sails For Montevideo.

New York, April 3.—D. B. Woodward, assistant commissioner general of the United States to the Paris exposition, sailed this morning on the St. Louis. He goes over to close up the work of the United States commission. On the same vessel sailed Rear Admiral Bartlett J. Cromwell, who goes to relieve Rear Admiral Schley as commander of the South Atlantic squadron. He was accompanied by Lieut. Jay H. Sypher, his flag officer. On the arrival of the St. Louis at Southampton they will sail on a Royal Mail steamship to Montevideo, where the squadron now is.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Are you satisfied
With your present Laundry?
If not, Try Us,
LUTE'S
STEAM LAUNDRY,
808 East Second Street.
We feel sure we can give you satisfaction.
Both 'Phones, 447. Both 'Phones, 447.

SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS.
Steel Boxes
for the safe-keeping of
Valuables!
FOR RENT:
Our vaults are in the Savings Department of the First National Bank. Prices, $5, $10 and $25 per year—according to size.
National Safe Deposit Co.

Easter Flowers!
There's a most beautiful display at the Glass Block of Potted Plants. The best varieties from the leading florists of the Twin Cities. It's a good plan to get your order in early. There are Harrissi Lilies, Zalias, Hyacinths, Hydrangeas, Spireas, Cinerarias, Violets.
Prices about Half What You Pay Elsewhere.
PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE Glass Block STORE

Join the Black Cat Sketch Club

Some of the
Funny Black Cats.
Say, boys and girls, can't you draw as funny ones as these? $2 for the funniest one. Contest closes Saturday.
Draw a funny picture of a cat and send to the store. All are invited.
Freimuth's

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATIC.

Mesaba Range City Elects Thompson Mayor.

Virginia, Minn., April 3.—A. N. Thompson (Dem.) was yesterday elected mayor by a majority of 84 over Mayor Palmer. This was Thompson's third race for the mayoralty, and the contest was very warm. The chief issue of the campaign was a wide-open town or a close shut-up one, and the close shut-uppers won.

The ticket elected is as follows: Mayor, A. N. Thompson, Democrat; recorder, A. E. Blackford, Republican; treasurer, A. Hawkinson, Republican; aldermen—First ward, Harry George; Second ward, A. E. Welberg; Third ward, Henry Burchell; Fourth ward, Thomas St. Cyr. Donnelly and Reinhart tied in the Third ward, which elects two aldermen. All the aldermen are Republicans. Under the new regime the saloons will close on Sunday and the gamblers will be restricted.

Don't Miss Your Train!

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LUMBER SASH, DOORS
MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS,
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

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PATENTS!
MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
JAMES T. WATSON.
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Wheeling Weather is Here You need a Bi cycle, and your thoughts naturally turn to the best---that is the "Columbia."

The "Columbia" Chainless—with the patent coaster and brake, marks the pinnacle of bicycle manufacture. The oldest, staunchest bicycle in America—that's the Columbia.

"COLUMBIA" CHAINLESS	**$75.00**
"COLUMBIA" CHAIN WHEELS	**$50.00**
"HARTFORD"	**$35.00**
"VEDETTE"	**$25.00**
"CLEVELAND" BICYCLES AT	**$50 and $40**

See our $22.85 pacemaker. It sets the stride for low-priced wheels.
Bicycles at $25, $30 and $35. We suit all tastes—all purses.

Thursday, April 4
Afternoon only.
PICTURES—
Framed at removal prices

25c Pictures at	**17c**
50c Pictures at	**34c**
$1 Pictures at	**66c**

One-third off on any picture in our stock.

Friday, April 5,
2 p. m. to 5 p. m.
DRAPERIES—
New Goods, up-to-date colors and conceits.

Our regular $3.50 go at	**$2.61**
Our regular $5.00 go at	**$3.68**
Our regular $5.50 go at	**$4.17**
Our regular $7.00 go at	**$5.29**

For three long hours goods at your own price.

R. R. FORWARD & CO.,
2021-2023 WEST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH, MINN.

ON THE EASTER RABBIT

Germans Make Nests In Which He Lays Gayly Colored Eggs---Chinese Bake Rabbit Cakes For Friends.

Not even the greatest students have ever been able to learn how it happens that the rabbit lays Easter eggs. All they know is that little children, and particularly little children in Germany, make, as their grandfathers did before them, warm nests of hay during Easter week, in which they find on Easter morning a lot of beautiful colored eggs laid there, of course, by the Easter rabbit.

In America the shop windows are now crowded with Easter rabbits, and the Easter cards as often as not show the Easter rabbit's picture. Ask somebody why it is a rabbit instead of a woodchuck or any other animal. You will find nobody that can tell you. Nobody knows. All they can do is to make shrewd guesses at it.

Going back behind the first books men have found that the rabbit was regarded as a sacred animal by widely scattered people all over the world. Even the American Indians, who had never so far as we know heard of Easter, had their feast of the great hare, or rabbit, and in the sixth century before Christ, before the early inhabitants of what is now England had been Christianized, the hare or rabbit is said to have been sacred to Ostara, the goddess of dawn and of spring.

Among the natives of South Africa there has been for centuries, and still is, a story which connects the rabbit with Easter in a curious way. The spots on the surface of the moon form, as these natives say, the perfect image of a rabbit. And as the moon sets or dies and rises again every thirty days it sent the rabbit to take its message to the children of men.

"Go," said the moon to the rabbit, "go and say to the men that even as I die and rise again so shall they also die and rise again."

But the rabbit was wicked and did not carry the message straight.

"The moon says," the rabbit told the South African natives, "that even as I die and do not rise again so shall you also die and not rise again."

When the rabbit came back and told what he had done, the moon was naturally angry and struck at him with a hatchet. The blow struck the rabbit and split its upper lip People who doubt the story are asked to notice that the rabbit's lip is split to this day. And besides having its lip split the rabbit was much frightened at the moon's anger, so that it ran away and hid in a hole in the ground and has been timid ever since.

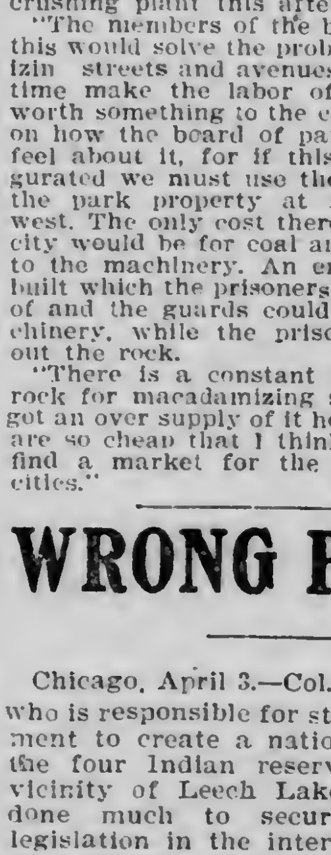
Going over to Asia, it is found that the rabbit still holds its place as a sacred animal. In China and all other countries where the religion of Buddha prevails the story runs that the great Buddha himself was at one time terribly hungry and wandered up and down on the surface of the earth looking for something to eat, but found nothing. Finally the rabbit saw the hungry god and felt sorry for him. Going up close, so that Buddha could not fail to see him, the rabbit lay down at his feet.

"Eat me," said the rabbit to Buddha.

But the Chinese divinity was not to be outdone in generosity. Instead of eating the rabbit he transported it up to the moon, and there to this day the little Chinese children can see it

And today in China at the time of the celebration of the great moon festival, which corresponds in season to Easter in Christian lands, the figure of the rabbit is stamped on the moon cakes which relatives and friends exchange among each oeher in the place of Easter cards.

So the children who credit the Easter rabbit with laying the Easter eggs are simply following a tradition so old that no man knows its beginning, and in every corner of the globe other little children—white, black, yellow or red—are in one way or another paying allegiance to the same tradition.



THE SPRING DICTATES OF FASHION

Three days more, then Easter blossoms forth. It's high time to think Spring Clothing matters over. Fashion heralds are all here for you to view—things new for man's dress.

Top Coats

We are showing them in all the new spring fabrics and shades. They are the correct garment to be worn with a sack suit. Prices—
$10.00, $12.50, $15.00 up to $25.00.

The New Spring Suits for Men

They are the high grade kind, the kind we always sell—in all the new fabrics, stylishly cut. Prices range **from $8.50 to $25.00**

Our Hat and Furnishings Departments

can boast of merchandise that cannot be surpassed. We have plunged in Novelties—they are here for you to see.

Floan, Leveroos and Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Mrs S. T. Rorer will tell the ladies Monday, April 8th 2:30 p. m. how to feed children for health. DEMONSTRATION.

Tickets on sale at Chamberlain & Taylor.

CRUSH ROCK.

Board of Public Works Would Employ Prisoners.

Crushed trap rock for street building purposes will be abundant and very cheap if the board of public works can secure permission from the board of park commissioners to install a rock crushing plant on park property at the corner of Fifteenth avenue west and First street.

Commissioners Wilson, Butchart and Martz of the board of public works have been considering the problems of street repairs and occupation of the chain gang, and this morning decided to take this method of giving county prisoners employment, and repairing macadamized streets and avenues.

They might have decided "to kill two birds with one stone" but for the fact that the prisoners are usually regarded as jailbirds, and some of them might take the reference as being personal.

The board proposes ti erect an enclosure at Fifteenth avenue west and First street in which several hundred prisoners could be worked crushing stone, providing the board of park commissioners will give their consent. The location proposed is a massive bluff of rock which could be worked for twenty years without exhausting the supply of street building material. The board of public works has the necessary rock crushing machinery which could be operated by the guards of the prisoners. In that way labor and rock would be furnished the city without cost and tons and tons of the best trap rock could be turned out at an exceeding low cost.

Should this plan be decided on it might be possible to macadamize London road very cheaply, while under the present system of securing the trap rock, it would cost fully $10,000 and the city has not that amount of additional money to put into street repairs this year. a

President Wilson of the board of public works in speaking of the proposed rock crushing plant this afternoon said:

"The members of the board believe that this would solve the problem of macadamizin streets and avenues and at the same time make the labor of the chain gang worth something to the city. It all depends on how the board of park commissioners feel about it, for if this system is inaugurated we must use the wall of rock on the park property at Fifteenth avenue west. The only cost there would be to the city would be for coal and oil and repairs to the machinery. An enclosure could be built which the prisoners could not get out of and the guards could operate the machinery, while the prisoners would take out the rock.

"There is a constant demand for trap rock for macadamizing streets and if we got an over supply of it here, the lake rates are so cheap that I think we could easily find a market for the rock in Eastern cities."

WRONG PARTY

Chicago, April 3.—Col. John S. Cooper, who is responsible for starting the movement to create a national park out of the four Indian reservations in the vicinity of Leech Lake, and who has done much to secure congressional legislation in the interest of the park, was interviewed today on the timber cutting on the Chippewa Indian reservation, around Leech Lake and other lakes in that region. Col. Cooper said:

"With reference to the interview which Red Blanket, chief of the Bear Island Chippewas, had with Governor Van Sant concerning the manner in which the Chippewas are being defrauded by the timber cutters located on the reservation, the trouble with the complaint is tht it was made to the wrong person. The secretary of the interior, Mr. Hitchcock, has absolute control of the Indian reservations under the law.

"Capt. W. A. Mercer is the Indian agent on the ground, and is subject to the orders of the secretary of the interior and the commissioner of Indian affairs, Mr. Jones. Both the secretary of the interior and the commissioners have given most stringent orders, as I know, that no timber should be cut on the reservations, except dead timber, and that the Indians on the reservation should be employed to do the work.

"If the statement of Red Blanket is true there should be an investigation of the things complained of, because there is not the slighest doubt that both the secretary of the interior and the commissioner of Indian affairs, are acting with the highest regard for the rights and interests of the Indians themselves."

NEW MATCH COMPANY.

Akron, Ohio, April 3.—Articles of incorporation for the Buckeye Match company were sent to Columbus today. It is backed by a syndicate of wealthy Cleveland and Akron business men, and will run, it is stated, on an independent basis.

IS NOT IN COMBINE

Independent Company Buys the McCahill Iron Property.

Shenango Iron Company Pays a Half Million For It.

More Than Twelve Million Tons Has Been Shown Up.

A very important mining deal was concluded today, by which a very valuable Mesaba range lease is transferred to a strong concern that is said to be closely connected with large consumers of iron ore, and that is also said to be outside of the combine entirely.

The ease on sections 22 and 23, township 58-20, has been sold by O. D. Kinney, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn to the Shenango Iron company. The consideration is not made public, but it is reported in various quarters on the street to have been $500,000, and this estimate is believed to be correct. The fee to this property is owned by James McCahill, and the lease was made last June to run for thirty-five years at a royalty of 20 cents a ton. The minimum output provided in the lease is 50,000 tons during each of the first two years, 75,000 tons in the third year and 100,000 thereafter.

It is understood that the Shenango Iron company, though the real interests are covered up in the incorporation, is a very strong concern, and that it is entirely outside of the great steel combination that is being made. It is said that the company will open up the mine and operate it largely and that it has direct connection with large consumers. The minimum provided by the lease will probably cut little figure in the matter if the developments are as large as they are promised to be.

The Shenango Iron company is represented by F. E. Searle and its incorporators are local people who represent the real interests, whatever they may be. This subject will provide a problem concerning which there will be a good deal of guessing, and as the field is rather wide guesses will probably be fruitless until something more definite than is now at hand is provided. At any rate, there are assurances that the company is a strong one, and that it is in no way connected with the combine.

The property covered by the lease is said to be a very good one, showing up more than 12,000,000 tons of a good grade of ore, largely Bessemer.

WILL BE DAYS

Before Storm Wreck Is Cleared Away at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, April 3.—By the employment of all of the regular and emergency force of repair men, the traction companies succeeded in reopening service on most of their lines about 2 o'clock and now cars are being run on something like schedule time. Owing to the very general prostration of poles and wires it will be days before telephone communication to the distant sections of the city and suburbs can be completely restored. The storm, which began about 7 o'clock last night with a heavy rain, continued unceasingly until about 6 o'clock this morning, when it changed to a wet, heavy snow, which continued until 1 p. m. In Allegheny, at the head of Federal street, a heavy landslide caried down many tons of earth and stone, covering the street car tracks to a depth of five feet. A heavily laden United Traction car passed the point just as the slide began and escaped destruction by a very small margin.

The storm pased eastward and as a result the east end, Wilkinsburg, Braddock and the other suburbs lying in that direction suffered the most. In the Shady Side district telegraph and telephone poles were down in all directions, making the streets a tangled mass of wires and suspending traffic of all kinds. Electric light wires went down in the crash on Frankston avenue, making the district an exceedingly dangerous spot. Two horses were electrocuted, but their drivers escaped. Eight or ten cattle sheds collapsed in the stock yards and the stock was saved with difficulty. Business had to be entirely suspended for hours. The storm was the most destructive in years, and the aggregate of small losses will total a large sum.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

Board of Directors Elected By Stockholders.

New York, April 3.—At a meeting today of the Southern Pacific company in this city, the following directors were elected:

T. J. Coolidge, Jr., George J. Gould, E. H. Harriman, Edwin Hawley, Charles M. Hays, H. E. Huntington, James H. Hyde, Otto H. Kahn; J. W. Mackay, D. O. Mills, Winslow S. Pierce, J. H. Schiff, James Speyer, James Stillman and Charles H. Tweed. Charles H. Tweed was reelected chairman of the board of directors of the Southern Pacific.

The following executive committee was elected: George J. Gould, E. H. Harriman, Edwin Hawley, Otto H. Kahn, Jacob H. Schiff, James Speyer, James Stillman, with Charles H. Tweed ex-officio. E. H. Harriman was elected chairman of the executive committee.

Do you know him?
If you dont
You ought to.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The ladies of Morley church had a successful Easter sale and supper at the church Tuesday afternoon and evening which netted a handsome sum. The tables were artistically arranged and loaded with handsome articles which found a ready sale to those who attended. The supper was the feature of the affair and the ladies did themselves proud in its preparation and serving. The menu was choice and varied, embracing many dainty dishes that appealed most heartily to the large number who were fortunate enough to partake.

The Epworth league of the First Methodist church will give a social in the church parlors this evening. There will be an excellent musical program as well as many other pleasant features of entertainment.

The second Beethoven concert at Pilgrim church tonight; admission, 75c.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered in the First Methodist Episcopal church, Thursday evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Dunlap and other spring blocks received. Volland hat factory, 14 First avenue east.

Olof Lund was given an examination in police court this afternoon, charged with stealing a valuable overcoat from Robert Cumby, in Murd Mathieson's saloon. The young man was arrested in Superior, where he had pawned the overcoat for $3. He was found guilty of grand larceny and bound over to the grand jury.

Another carload of trucks for the large double truck street cars arrived today. The trucks are being painted and attached to the cars as rapidly as possible.

Mrs. George Austin, of 230 Fourth avenue west, was found dead in her bed this morning. She has been ill for several weeks, having had an attack of apoplexy. She leaves a husband and two children. No funeral arrangements had been announced at a late hour today.

Buy Smith's best Zennetta chocolates.

PERSONALS.

Edward Edson, of New York, is here for a visit. Mr. Edson is the attorney with whom Judge Moer, formerly of this city, is associated in practice. Judge Moer will be in Duluth in about a month.

A. S. Chase has returned from a trip to Hot Springs and Arizona.

President A. L. Ordean, of the First National bank, returned today from a trip of several weeks to the East.

Michael Kelley has returned from Louisiana, where he has been during the winter engaged in timber operations.

Among the arrivals from Cloquet this morning were Daniel Rogers, D. J. Smith, G. Norman, E. Olson, Charles Keller and Fritz Gustafson.

E. L. Howe, of Ely, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

J. D. Shilling, of Biwabik, was a range visitor in the city today.

M. A. Thomas, a Stillwater lumberman, is in the city, a guest of the St. Louis.

William Kaiser, of the Muscatine Lumber company, of Muscatine, Iowa, is in the city on a lumber-buying trip. During the past season the Muscatine Lumber company has been a heavy purchaser of pine timber in the Northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Ball and Miss Mary Ball, of Tower, were visiting in the city this morning.

M. Palmer, of Virginia, came down from the range this morning.

N. S. Jacobs, of Aberdeen, S. D., is a guest of the Spalding.

Thomas M. Manus, of Ashland, Wis., arrived in the city today.

George Waters, of Iron River, Wis., was a business visitor here today.

Louis Barnett left for Minneapolis this afternoon.

Mattias Lee, of Crystal Falls, Mich., is a business visitor in the city.

TO GO TO ENGLAND.

New York, April 3.—Ten target and trap shooters have been selected to represent the United States at the proposed international match which is to take place during the week beginning July 15 at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. This was determined at a meeting today of marksmen from various parts of the United States, who are participating in the annual tournament of the interstate association at Interstate park, Queens, L. I., who raised a fund of $2000 for defraying the expenses of the team, which after the Pan-American expopspitpion tournament will probably go to England to give exhibitions of marksmanship. Those selected to make up the team are: Thomas A. Marshall (captain), Keithsburg, Ill.; J. A. R. Elliott, Kansas City; W. R. Crosby, O'Fallon, Ill.; Jack Fanning, Jersey City; Fred Gilbert, Spirit Lake, Iowa; R. O. Heikes, Dayton, Ohio; F. S. Parmelee, Omaha; R. Merrill, Milwaukee; C. W. Budd, Des Moines, and Chauncey Powers, Decatur, Ill.

Something that will be appreciated for an Easter Present---

A Ladies' Handsome Umbrella, Bought of.....

G. A. KLEIN, THE JEWELER, 325 W. Sup. St.

EASTER DINNER HINTS.

Masonic Temple Grocery.

Both 'Phones 199. **D. O'LEARY & Co., Props.** 203-205 E. Sup. St.
THE RIGHT PRICED STORE.

West End and West Duluth Delivery on Mondays, Wednesdays. Lakeside Delivery on Tuesdays and Fridays.
Special attention given to 'phone orders. Extra pains with shipping orders.

Everything for Easter

Can be secured at this 20th Century Grocery Store at prices that will please.

Strawberries, 2 boxes for **25c** Best Navel Oranges, per box **$2.65**

Send us your orders for Eggs. Our prices for best stock will be lowest.

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

GRONSETH & OLSEN
TRADE MARK
VIKING
FANCY PATENT
DULUTH, MINN.
VIKING

GASSER'S GROCERY.
ALWAYS RELIABLE.

23 lbs granulated sugar with cash purchase of $5 **$1.00**

100-lb sack Granulated Sugar	$5.65
Arbuckles' Coffee, per package	12½c
XXXX Coffee, per package	12½c
Santa Claus Soap, 9 bars	25c
Lenox Soap, 9 bars	25c
3-lb can Grated Pineapple	12c
100-lb Sack First Patent Flour	$2.00

We are agents for Chase & Sanborn's Celebrated Coffees for this city on Superior street, and we crave an opportunity to please those who are dissatisfied with their Coffee.

OUR MEAT DEPT.

In the way of poultry we will offer some fine dressed Young Turkeys and Chickens. In the way of Beef Roasts and Steaks we will offer you some choice cuts from young and well seasoned stock. In this connection we will say that we age all our best beef for a long period and deliver to the consumer in the pink of condition.

209-211 West Sup. St.

Bon-Ton
Bakery and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior Street.

GOOD THINGS FOR EASTER. We make a specialty of cakes for Easter and at prices lower than they can be made at home.

Handsome Easter Eggs Decorated with names for Self or Friends.

Orders given tomorrow and Friday will be filled promptly.

TROUBLE IS OVER.

Brown Incident Satisfactorily Adjusted.

Washington, April 3.—A cablegram has been received at the state department from the United States minister at Seoul, stating briefly that the McLeavy Brown difficulty has been satisfactorily adjusted. Brown was an Englishman, charged with the management of the Corean customs' department, and it was reported that he had been removed under Russian influence. Although Mr. Allen does not state directly the basis of settlement, it is known that his sympathies were strongly with Brown, so it is believed that the official must have been reinstated. The immediate result of this settlement is to remove what promised to be an ugly issue between the United States and Russia, for the American minister's report shows clearly that Brown's removal would have seriously injured American commercial interests in Corea.

McCOY AND MAHER MATCHED.

Louisville, April 3.—It was announced by the management of the Southern Athletic club that Kid McCoy and Peter Maher had been matched for a 20-round bout here April 29.

CHANGE IN OFFICERS.

Philadelphia, April 3.—The board of directors of the Reading company at a meeting this afternoon accepted the resignation of President Joseph S. Harris and elected George F. Baer to succeed him. President Harris will remain yith the company in an executive position.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.
17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Easter Specials

In Table Fruits and Vegetables, selected with greatest care as to quality and sold on the lowest margin of profit.

Pint Boxes Louisiana Strawberries—each—
15 cents
Home Grown Lettuce—3 heads—
10 cents
Florida Tomatoes—per lb—
15 cents
Mushrooms—per lb—
50 cents
Fancy Large Cucumbers—
15 cents
Tender Asparagus—per bunch—
15 cents
SWEET JUICY NAVEL ORANGES—
Medium size—per dozen—
20 cents
Large size—per dozen—
35 cents
Extra large size—per dozen—
25 cents

We will have on sale next Saturday twenty-five varieties of New Spring Vegetables tempting to the eye and pleasing to the palate.

Florida Egg Plant—each—
10 cents
Demand increasing rapidly on our Java and Mocha Coffee in 3-lb cans at—per can—
85 cents
Equal to most Coffees sold at 40c per lb.
Crosse & Blackwell's Mixed Pickles and Chow Chow in full quart jars—per jar—
50 cents

WE SELL SWIFT'S PREMIUM BRAND HAMS AND BACON.

New Laid Eggs direct from farmers—2 dozen—
25 cents
High Grade Corn, Peas and Tomatoes—3 cans— **25c** 12 cans— **95c**
Once tried, always used.
Laundry Soap, the best—10 bars—
25 cents

Mail orders receive prompt and careful attention.

RATHBUN'S.
17 East Superior Street.

AGREED ON SALE.

Idle Miners Will Soon Resume Work.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 3.—The joint scale committee of the Indiana operators and miners has agreed on a scale contract which includes the clause requiring miners to buy powder from the employing operator at $1.75. The miners' representatives secured some modifications of the contract in other particulars. Undoubtedly the joint convention will approve the scale and over 5000 miners now idle will resume work.

TODD IS GUILTY.

Winnipeg, April 3.—Donald Todd, tried for murder of John Gordon has been convicted of manslaughter. Sentence is reserved.

Mr. Bates reports the demand for Anglo American Copper Mining Company's shares very active. At 15 cts. a share it is certainly a very cheap stock and bound to advance rapidly as soon as work is resumed at their mine.

Company's Office,
4 Exchange Building.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1350

Seven-room house at Lakeside on an improved street. One block from street car. All conveniences. Very cheap.

Money on Hand for Any Good Loans at lowest rates.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
Lonsdale Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

SECURE A HOME!

$2850 Fine dwelling in East End—8 rooms and bath, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Electric lights.

$2500 Complete 7-room dwelling in East End: modern improvements; can arrange easy terms.

$5500 Improved property at West End, paying 7 per cent net.

$5500 Fine corner East First street and Tenth avenue; well rented.

$500 AND UP—A few bargains in vacant lots in East End of city.

C. A. & E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Building.

DECISIVE MAJORITY

Given For Primary Election Bill In the Senate.

A Few Important Amendments Were Finally Adopted.

Militia Bill Allowing Additional Companies Passed the House.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The primary election bill has been passed by the senate by a decisive majority. A few amendments were adopted, not in any sense changing the important provisions of the bill as it came from the house, and there is every reason to believe that they will be accepted by that body without demur. Perhaps the most important amendment was that proposed by Senator Ives and adopted yesterday. It provides that the voter shall be given the primary ticket for which he asks, without being required to state what party he last affiliated with, or expected to affiliate with, at the next election. Another amendment precludes the placing upon the official election ballot as an independent candidate the name of any person who has been defeated for nomination at the primary. When the bill was taken up today, Senator Stockton moved that the vote by which the amendment proposed yesterday by Senator Ives, changing the manner of declaring political affiliation, be reconsidered. This was vote down, 26 to 29.

Senator Coller moved to amend, so as to prevent independent candidates from going upon the official ballot. Carried.

Senator Everett moved to amend by confining the operation of the law to cities of 10,000 or more. He said there was no demand from the country districts, and if the law was passed it would be the most unpopular and obnoxious legislation of the session. It was a partisan measure, he said, and designed to militate against the minority party. However, his amendment was lost, 37 to 6.

Senator Thompson thought that the Coller amendment would render the bill unconstitutional, and moved that the vote by which it had been adopted be reconsidered. This carried, and the amendment was further amended by excluding from running any independent candidate who had been defeated at the primary election. In this shape it was passed.

Senator Greer moved to amend to change the date of holding the primary election from September to June. Lost, 21 to 32.

The bill was amended to go into effect Sept. 1, 1901, on motion of Senator Greer, and on motion of Senator E. E. Smith, voting machines were authorized to be used at primaries.

The bill was then placed on its final passage and was passed, 45 to 12.

Under suspension of the rules, the Sweningsen optometry bill and the Myran memorial to congress regarding tri-state drainage, were passed.

IN THE HOUSE.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house appropriation committee held a meeting last night, and the result was apparent today when a number of bills were reported for indefinite postponement. The militia bill, adding $10,000 to the appropriation for the National Guard, making possible the addition of one company to each of the three regiments, was favorably reported and pased under suspension of the rules.

The reapportionment bills were presented favorably with amendments, which if passed will make a senate of sixty-four members and a house of 122 members. One senator and one representative are added in the Lincoln-Brown district, and two more representatives are given to Hennepin county. These last were not in the bill as introduced, its avowed purpose being to change boundaries somewhat, and the committee added the two members. Representative Alford, by request of the governor, introduced a bill permitting appeals from municipal to district court in Duluth, and it passed under suspension of the rules.

The Haughland bill against blind pigs in the shape of social clubs, which was killed yesterday, was reconsidered and passed, 70 to 30.

The following senate bills on the calendar were given their final passage:

Buckman—Making it a misdemeanor for an employe to obtain railroad or other transportation, or the benefit of other advancements made by employers to be thereafter paid in labor, to refuse to perform such labor or repay such advancements.

Judiciary committee—To amend laws relating to the giving of surety bonds by certain officers.

Baldwin—To legalize sheriffs' certificates in certain cases.

Grindeland—To amend law for uniform state certificates for teachers in certain public schools.

Lord—Amending law relating to auctioneers.

Miller—Authorizing villages under 10,000 to construct and repair sidewalks, and to assess the expense on property adjoining, to make such assessments in installments, and authorizing orders therefor bearing interest, and to repeal chapter 49 of the general laws of 1899 and acts inconsistent therewith.

HAYES APPLICATION.

Will Come Before the Board Again.

The application of M. A. Hayes, backed by the Fitger Brewing company, for a license to sell liquor in the station of Burnett, in the town of Industrial, will probably come up again at the Friday meeting of the board of county commissioners, and it will be interesting to watch its disposition, in view of the rather strenuous criticism by the grand jury of the practice of granting licenses where the residents and settlers object. In this case there was a very active fight at the March meeting of the board, when a number of the settlers, all of the loggers doing business in that locality, and the Missabe road appeared to protest vigorously against the granting of the license. It appeared that the bond was defective, and the case went over without any action one way or another. It is expected that it will be up again this time, with a new bond, and the board will probably act upon it.

Sheriff Sargent has suggested to the board that the jail is sadly in need of a coat of paint inside, and that an iron or wicket door should be placed on the outside entrance to the jail office.

Judge of Probate Bonham has filed a report showing receipts of $19.20 last month.

Clerk Hire Bill.

The statement of the bill passed by the legislature increasing the limit on clerk hire for county officers, as telegraphed to The Herald, was slightly erroneous. It was said that the bill increased the allowance for clerk hire for the offices of the county auditor, treasurer and clerk to $9000 a year each. The bill applies only to the treasurer's office, and it permits that office to use $9000 a year instead of $6000, as at present. The limit on the auditor's office is $12,000 already.

WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

Important Decision In South Dakota Case.

St. Paul, April 3.—A Pierre, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The supreme court today handed down a decision by Corson in the case of the state vs. G. H. Bacon and H. P. Smith, known as the board of corrections and charities case. The holding is that the defendants are holding office without authority of law and should be removed therefrom.

The case hinged on the right of the legislature to pass emergency measures, thus cutting out the referendum, and the court holds it has this power.

The emergency law was passed to make possible the appointment of Republican members on the board in place of hold-over fusionists.

BOUND FOR CHIENG TING FU.

Berlin, April 3.—The Cologne Gazette today publishes a dispatch from Pekin announcing that a French force was entrained April 1, bound for Chieng Ting Fu, seventy-five miles southwest of Pao Ting Fu, the scene of a recent massacre of Christians.

SHOOTING POSTPONED.

New York, April 3.—Owing to bad weather, the grand American handicap, which was to have been shot off at Interstate Park, Queens, L. I., today, has been postponed until tomorrow at 9 a. m.

GERMAN WARSHIP GROUNDS.

Kiel, April 3.—The flagship of Prince Henry of Prussia, the turret ship Kaiser Friedrich III. grounded yesterday afternoon, east of Arcona, owing to some unexplained cause. She arrived here this afternoon under her own steam and was docked. The damages she has sustained appear to be so extensive that she may have to be put out of commission.

For Easter Presents!

My stock of gold rings is correct and of the latest style. My assortment of fine diamonds, precious stones, watches, table silver, candelabras and toilet articles for wedding presents shows a bewildering variety from which to select, and are all in the latest styles and designs.

JACOB GRUESEN,
Expert Watchmaker and Jeweler,
31 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Bargains in Cheap Homes.

$425 $50 cash, balance $8 per month for 4-room cottage, in splendid condition, and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$475 $50 cash, balance $8 per month, for 7-room house in good condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$650 $75 cash, balance $10 per month for 7-room house in fine condition and lot on improved street, Duluth Heights.

$325 For a 3-room house and regular size lot, on paved street, near street car line, West Duluth.

$475 For a well-built 6-room house on improved street, West Duluth.

$575 For 6-room house and lot on Eighth street near Twenty-first avenue west; easy terms.

$1200 For 9-room house with stone foundation and basement, between First and Second streets, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$1400 For 7-room house, city water, on Second street, near Twenty-fifth avenue west (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For 6-room house and lot near 37th avenue west and 3d street, (second story not quite finished.)

$525 For a well-built 6-room house on Ninth street near Fourth avenue east.

$900 For a good 8-room house in fine condition, and lot 25x150 feet, near 22d avenue east and London road. This is the best bargain in a cheap home in the East End.

ALFRED KJELLIN, Agent,
306 Burrows Building.

It is surprising how liberal house owners are with tenants at West Duluth and how any profits can be made after paying taxes, insurance and repairs. We do not quote lower prices than other owners, but we have the following for rent, near to school, church and cars, and where the mail is handed in at the door, which the people who are being robbed in the other parts of the city can avail themselves of:

A 10 room house with city water—
40 cents a day.

8-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

A 7-room house, city water—
30 cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
26⅔ cents a day.

A 6-room house, city water—
33⅓ cents a day.

Leases are made payable by the month.

Chan. Smith,
2 First Ave. W., Hunter Blk.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

RAFFLE.

RAFFLE—THE TABLE COVER RAFFLED off by Mrs. Gurinu was won by Mrs. Morrison, of Hunter's Park.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske. room 2 over No. 7 West Superior street.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 285—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—LEARN TO become one and support yourself while learning. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206 New Jersey building, Duluth. Open evenings.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—

Sealed proposals will be received at the Duluth public library, up to 5 o'clock p. m., April 15, 1901, for the construction of a hot water plant for the public library building now under construction.

Plans of the building are on file in the office of A. F. Rudolph, architect, 413 Manhattan building (Chamber of Commerce), Duluth, Minnesota.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of Fred Voss, treasurer, in the sum of $100.00, said check to be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into contract within five days after award.

Mark envelope containing bid, "Proposal for heating," and address the same to Charles L. Codding, secretary public library board.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHARLES L. CODDING,
Secretary of Library Board.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-3-6-1901.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOW IS THIS?

$2600 Takes 50x290 feet fronting on improved avenue in the East End. Good for a row of 15 houses. All public improvements.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 PALLADIO BLDG.

BARGAIN..

We can now give possession of the elegent residence, 1602 Jefferson Street at any time. This is a complete and model house in every detail, with hot water heat. Will be sold low if taken this month.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

$500 BUYS TWO LOTS 50 BY 150 FEET on upper side of London road. Must be sold. Address D 24, Herald.

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 23 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 742.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FRANKLIN TYPEWRITER costing $70. Must be sold at any price. Address J 2, Herald.

FOR SALE—80-ACRE FARM WITH buildings, etc., near city, 20 acres in grass, 20 acres partly cleared, 500 cords hardwood, 20,000 feet pine and much other timber. A. A. Holt, 506 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTICON as good as new at half regular price, also 100 fine colored and plain slides of Scotland and Ireland. 431 West Michigan street, telephone 376.

FOR SALE OR RENT—RESTAURANT in good condition and locality. Fifty boarders at present. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

FOR SALE—200 ACRES OF DESIRABLE farm land, or exchange for improved city property. Inquire at 705 Board of Trade building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—FAMILY MARE, 8 YEARS old. Harness, Stanhope and cutter. Will sell all or part. 714 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, $500 EMERSON PIano; also improved farm. Address M 6, Herald.

WHY PAY EXORBITANT RENT when you can have a 6-room house on Grand avenue, Lakeside, large rooms, beautiful view, assessments all paid, for $1250. Will take $250 down, rest in easy installments. Address J. McD., Herald office.

FOR SALE—THREE FRESH MILCH cows. Fortieth avenue west and Eleventh street, "Hall Place."

FOR SALE—A CHEAP HORSE AND double harness. Apply at No. 12 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—NEW FIVE ROOM HOUSE on lot 40 by 80 feet, located at No. 418 19½ avenue west. $900 cash. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

HORSES HORSES

☞ Barrett & Zimmerman have at ☜
☞ their stables, opposite the Post- ☜
☞ office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 ☜
☞ head horses constantly on hand. ☜

Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 326 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint bicycles made, for only $11.75, and want it on free ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in excellent condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows' building. Best work. Moderate prices.

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A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 334 W. Sup. St.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DULUTH'S
Upholstering Store,
10 E. Superior St.

Repairs and recovers all kinds of upholstered furniture at very low prices. Come in and look over our line of coverings in all the newst designs, patterns and colors. Also we carry genuine Leather and Pantasote Leather in different colors and will be pleased to cover any piece of furniture with these materials.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1317 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SECOND COOK at Branch Bethel. Apply Charles H. Hall.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework. Inquire Flat A, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—A GIRL OF 16 TO ASSIST IN housework. T. H. Hawkes, Jr., 210 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 314 East Second street.

GENTLEMEN OR LADIES, $15 PER week and expenses. Call at once. This offer for ten days only. Room H, Delaware hotel, 11:30 a. m.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 17 OR 18 years old. Good wages. Call 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AND sewing girl. Mrs. Granzow, 227 West Fourth street.

WANTED—AT MADAME WARDE'S, 3 West Superior street, apprentice girls, at once.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AT Colson House.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK FOR HER board and go to school. Address Georgia B., Adolph, Minn.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1430 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. W. L. McLennan, 608 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT BOY OF 17. Apply with references at 304 West Michigan street.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers and one weekly man. J. S. Lane.

WANTED — SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron Works, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers, one pant and one vest maker. B. M. Sulte, 15 First avenue west.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BUSHELman at once. J. S. Lane.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY AND TYPEwriter. Apply Mendenhall & Hoopes.

WANTED — COMPETENT ASSISTANT bookkeeper and collector, familiar with details of a mercantile office Young man preferred; must be a worker; permanent position with splendid possibilities for the right man. M. S. Burrows.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL MAGNIFicent portrait in colors of President McKinley. Size 14 by 21 inches. 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

STRONG BOY OF 16 WANTS WORK AT once. Will do most anything. Address Clifford Turner, 526½ West First street.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady (Canadian) where she can work mornings and evenings for board. Apply M 56, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY MAN WHO has had nine years' experience in store. Best of references. Address M 82, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSEHOLD SEWING AND ladies' dressmaking, at very reasonable prices. 1131 East Fourth street.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE TO take care of furnished rooms or a few engagements for nursing. Call or address 817, West Michigan street, city.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING BY THE day. Address 613 West First street.

YOUNG MAN WANTS WORK AT teaming or driving hack in city. Call or address, William Grasby, Colson house, Duluth.

HAIR WORK.

HAIR WORK DONE, No.2 WEST FIRST.

PERSONAL.

THE PRESENT ADDRESS OR whereabouts of Tuffield Gardona, who was in Duluth for a time, is very much desired by his mother, Philamenia Gardona, of No. 13 Lancaster street, Cohoes, N. Y. Anyone being able to give any information will confer a great favor to an anxious mother at the above address.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, ONE OF THE most desirable houses in town. Very central. Lane MacGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, $22, SIX ROOMS, bath and water included, to family without children. Reference required. J. C. Perry, 215 Seventh avenue east.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR the summer, by responsible party. G. Y., Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 125 SECOND AVEnue west, eight rooms, steam heat. Apply 121 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT for the summer. Address M 6, Herald.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, CENTRALly located, $15 per month, water included. M 4, Herald.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, 25x86, IN new brick building. 120 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—$7, three rooms, hot water. 222 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building. Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FURNISHED flat for the summer. Apply 630 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLATS, four rooms, $12 and $14. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FOUR TO SIX ROOM FLAT, central. M 8, Herald.

WANTED—FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS centrally located, only two in family. Address J 1, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN private family by refined young woman. Best of references. Terms moderate. Address M. T., Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 1, 1901. Work, First degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave April 2, 1901. Work, ———— Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall, All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN., Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

LADIES, WE ARE PREPARED TO make silk draperies. The McGuire rugs from old carpet. Steam carpet cleaning, refitting and relaying. Interstate Rug company, 1701 West Michigan street. 'Phone 318.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PIANO TUNING.

FIRST CLASS WORK. C. A. GREGORY, piano tuner, Zenith telephone 606.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined. $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by the undersigned: Retail and wholesale by **S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH**, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on diamonds, pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Wanted!

Good delivery horse at
Masonic Temple Grocery.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND safe. R. C. Kruschke, 402 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWENTY HEAVY work horses. Apply Lerch's livery barn.

WANTED—LANDS IN COOK AND Lake counties. Century Commercial company, 514 Palladio.

WANTED — LIVE MARTEN, EITHER old or young. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY, TWELVE CANARY singers. Apply 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE IN ITASCA, St. Louis and Lake counties. Maginnis & Bull, 526-7 Manhattan building.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT of 1900, 75c a bottle; $1 express prepaid. C. J. Tufte, Druggist, Duluth.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Mrs. J. Hanson, private hospital and female complaints. 708 E 3rd st. 'Prone 1225

BREINHOLM, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..Duluth..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar..Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar..Virginia..Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar..Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv.......Duluth.......Ar	12 00 m
7 15 pm	Ar.......Virginia.......Lv	7:35 am
7 40 pm	Ar.......Eveleth.......Lv	7:35 am
7 30 pm	Ar.......Ely.......Lv	7:19 am

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†1 25 pm *11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 10 am
*11 10 pm	Pacific Express	*7 00 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 10 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**5 45 pm *7 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS.	*9 50 am *8 00 pm

SECTION TWO. DULUTH EVENING HERALD PAGES 13 to 20.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1901.

21
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

"Hail, Happy Easter Morn"

"LET US REJOICE

THE FEAST OF EASTER===By Right Rev. James McGolrick, Bishop of Duluth.

The feast of Easter is the feast of our Lord's resurrection. The word Easter is derived from the name of the Saxon goddess, Eastre, who was called by the Germans Ostara, and honored as the divinity of the dawn. It is also called the Paschal feast, a term of Jewish origin, in commemoration of the Passover, or deliverance of the Jewish people from the bondage of Egypt.

The Christian celebration goes back to the earliest times. When St. Polycarp came to Rome, about 160 A. D., he found the Christians keeping the Pasch on the Sunday following the first full moon, after the vernal equinox, because, they said, on that day Christ rose again, finished the work of redemption and accomplished our delivery from the worse than Egyptian bondage of sin.

For a long time there were disputes, many and bitter, about the exact time of the celebration, but the question was settled as we now keep the feast at the Council of Nice. St. Leo calls Easter the feast of feasts, the greatest of Christian solemnities. All the movable feasts of the church are calculated from Easter. A want of mathematical accuracy in the computation of time caused much of the trouble, but a remedy was applied once for all by Pope St. Gregory's reformation of the calendar.

St. Paul makes the resurrection of our Lord the center truth of all Christianity, and in his letter to the Corinthians (C. xv, 14, etc.) he says: "And if Christ be not risen again, then is our preaching vain and your faith is also vain. If in this life only we have hope in Christ, we are of all men most miserable."

And truly, all the teaching of Christ, by word and by example, would lose force if the Holy One were permitted to see corruption. He who said: "I am the Resurrection and the Life" would have failed in his promises. The apostles were to be in a special manner the witnesses of the Resurrection; on this truth they built the Christian faith.

Hence, too, the meaning of the attacks on this doctrine from the very beginning. Every little discrepancy in the gospel was seized on with avidity by the enemies of Christianity; the question was discussed in every century, down to our own day. The how of the mystery of the Resurrection is beyond our ken, in common with a thousand other mysteries, for our life is full of mysteries.

In later days, Renan and Strauss and a whole host of advanced critics not only denied the possibility of the Resurrection, but presented Christ either as an erudite physician, or a skilled hypnotist, or as one guilty of fraud and deception. In face of all this hostility, Christianity has gone on conquering and to conquer, young and old, learned and unlearned, have borne witness by their lives to this sacred truth

Long ago Dante wrote of Christ's work:

"That all the world, said I, should have
been turned
To Christian, and no miracle been
wrought,
Would in itself be such a miracle
The rest were not an hundredth part so
great."

Our hope in eternal happiness, our consolation in the trials of life, the high standard of moral life brought into the world by Christ's law, are reasons enough for abounding joy in the feast of Christ's Resurrection.

JAMES McGOLRICK.

THE ANGEL'S EASTER SERMON===By Rev. S. P. Long, Pastor of First Methodist Episcopal Church.

"Why seek ye the living among the dead? He is not here, but is risen." Luke 24, 5-6.

At the birth of Christ an angel first proclaimed the glorious news "of good tidings of great joy which shall be to all people." Again, on the first Easter morning, an angel gave the world the first intimation of the resurrection, when pointing to the empty tomb, he said: "He is not here, but is risen." The sermons of the angels were exceedingly brief, but where will you find any message or proclamation that is so profoundly important to the children of men as these. It was like rosy fingered dawn, declaring night over, and leading in glorious day, proclaiming amidst the songs of birds and the murmuring of brooks that through the winter's dreary months, the world had not been dead, that the leafless trees and meadow, brown and bare, were only waiting to be called forth into resplendent beauty. The angel's sermon, on Easter morning, completes the story of world's literature. As at the Christmastide we like to make a pilgrimage to the little khan in Bethlehem of Judea, so on Easter morning, called by the fathers, the queen of festivals, the Sunday of rejoicing, let us go out of the gate of Jerusalem, made sacred as the way Christ went to the place of crucifixion, passing along the Via Dolorosa, by the place of the skull, where we pause for a moment and with bowed heads we see once more the awful tragedy that had taken place there on the Friday previous. It seems as if even yet we hear the cruel taunts of the priests and Sadducees, the loathly merriment of the soldiers and the mockery of the crowd. Then our thoughts turn to the mother, the family at Bethany and the beloved disciple, utterly crushed and fainting, and with them we too despair of "any hope for love or truth or goodness any more." Going on, we follow the path over which the body of Christ had been carried to the tomb of Joseph. Though the journey is not we recognize as Mary Magdalene, Mary the mother of James, and Salome. These women, since, have become famous, as the first pilgrims to the holy sepulchre. Untold millions have gone there since; there the king has knelt before the tomb of the greatest of all kings; the holy man has bowed and realized that this was the holiest shrine on earth; the peasants of the old world have here looked with awe on the tomb which once contained the body of the poor man's friend, while millions from a continent then unknown, have bowed in self-abnegation.

It was to these women that the angel spoke. They were greatly favored, and God rewarded their devotion by making them the angel's assistants in disseminating intelligence concerning the risen Lord. They were not unusually holy women; they were not possessed of unusual faith; their faith seemed to have been buried in the tomb, and the angel chides them for the lack of it, when he says: "He is not here, but is estingly important narrative in the Christmas and makes the most interrisen. Remember how he spake unto you." It was their love for him that was honored and their devotion to him that was rewarded. What a scene we witness as we approach the tomb. We have an angel preacher, three women for a congregation and Christ and the empty tomb for the text. Let us be on our guard lest here we be presumptuous. Stand thou back, oh, philosopher, thou speculator in the mysteries of truth and hear words that shall outlive the sun and the moon and the stars!

The sermon begins with a question: "Why seek ye the living among the dead?" We see the women start with amazement for they had seen the agony on the cross, had heard the great cry as he gave up the ghost, witnessed the Roman soldier pierce the sacred side, wept while Joseph and Nicodemus had taken the body from the tree, followed while they bore it to the tomb, and there saw the burnial and the great stone rolled against the mouth of the grave. What, therefore, can the angel mean? A great hope springs in their long, we overtake three women whom hearts, a hope laden with fear. But we are likewise amazed, for have not our forefathers, from the time of Abel down to the present, visited the cemeteries as the abode of the dead. The rabbis, as well as the wise of many nations, taught this.

All this prepares us for the second part of the angel's sermon, "He is not here, but is risen," a truth of vast import to Christ, who had staked his all on the resurrection and of far-reaching consequence to us; a truth that throws a glorious light into the tomb, not only giving us the good news of an open grave and that our dead are living, but also that while we wander in the wilderness, they have passed over the Jordan into the holy Canaan. While our bark is tossed on the fitful sea, the toy of wind and wave, theirs is anchored in the haven where storms are unknown. More than this, the angel's sermon implies that falsehood, hatred, malice and all their foul brood cannot triumph, that goodness is eternal, that kindness and truth are immortal.

S. P. LONG.

THE EASTER HOPE===By Rev. T. H. Cleland, Pastor of First Presbyterian Church.

Of the fifty-two golden days of the year, the Easter morn dawns the brightest. It is suggestive of life; for living, not dying, is the great duty of man. It is suggestive of the life immortal, in which love finds a solace that the severed links of the golden chain of friendship shall be reunited again. It is the inspiration of self-sacrificing heroism; for while life may be spent in one perpetual oblation for the welfare of humanity, there is an endless period of satisfied reflection that duty has been well done.

In the dim age of Job men could ask: "If a man die shall he live again?" Jesus Christ has risen and lives forever, to supplant the interrogation with a demonstration. Christ's unbroken tomb is the grave of a religion, the eclipse of faith, the death of splendid enthusiasms. Christ's broken tomb is the Gibraltar of faith, a veritable Waterloo for unbelief. A perplexed young man said: "If I could be certain of the resurrection of Christ, all my doubts would be cleared away." Greenleaf, the famous jurist, examining the evidence as a scientist, renders this judgment: "The testimony of the evangelists, examined by the rules of evidence administered in the courts of justice, proclaims the undoubted conviction of their integrity." Since his time critical research has demonstrated, what no scholar denies, that the sacred writings which proclaim Christ's resurrection were written within lived in the earth.
thirty-five years of the incident itself, too short a time for a myth or tradition to be current which living witnesses could contradict. The existence of the Christian church is a standing witness to the fact. An effect must have a cause. The most powerful institution of the ages could not rest upon a fogbank or be built on deceit. Something happened which transformed the timorous, affrighted flock of Christ into a band brave, believing, enthusiastic; strong enough, within three centuries, to be master of the mistress of the world. No Caesar from the depths of his mausoleum at Rome could, with ever-widening domination, rule the world for nineteen centuries and be the hope of the twentieth.

The Easter hope is a stimulus and persuasion to nobler present living. A son was collecting the riches of art and antiquity in the old world for a museum in the new, to be planted where the mountains look out on the Pacific, at Palo Alto. His life was cut off at an untimely age. His surviving mother, past her three score and ten, determined to perpetuate his life by planting an institution that is to equip the generations of American youth yet to come. As the twentieth century opens, Carnegie writes on its fresh pages, not only the most munificent gifts to posterity known to the world, but furnishes a splendid example to the prosperous men of the true stewardship of wealth while they live; of the way of true reconciliation between man and his brother. Thus the risen Christ is being more widely re-
Christ's resurrection has thrown open the gates of life, and left them open. Said the immortal Moody: "Don't you believe them when they tell you that Moody is dead. When Moody is gone, Moody will then but have begun to live." It is with this hope that the rent in our hearts and the breach in our homes is filled up, and a survivor could carve on the tomb of a friend: "Entered into mortality March 9, 1824; born into immortality June 21, 1893.

"The swallow leaves her nest,
The soul my weary breast,
But therefore let the rain
On my grave
Fall pure; for why complain,
Since both will come again
Over the wave."

T. H. CLELAND.

PROOF OF IMMORTALITY===By Rev. Alexander Milne, Pastor of Pilgrim Congregational Church.

The celebration of Easter is the yearly festival of the immortal life. It comes appropriately, in these northern latitudes, at the turn of the year, when the marvelous powers which God has lodged in the material world are springing forth in newness of life. Easter seems but to express the highest form of the same truth proclaimed by singing brook and swelling bud and joyful bird. It is the full revelation of the story nature has been striving to tell from the beginning. Its sweet significance is that life is conqueror over death and lord of all. Far back in the centuries was the question asked, in words that rise in the heart and press to the lips whenever we stand in the presence of the mystery of death: "If a man die, shall he live again?" Easter is the joyful answer of millions of hearts. It brings to the bereaved the message that their loved ones are not gone from their side forever, but that they have simply taken their journey a little earlier to the "sweet and blessed country" which is the "home of God's elect."

"Life is real, life is earnest,
And the grave is not its goal."

Historically, the source of this joy, the ground of the possibility of this assurance, is found in the victory over death accomplished by Jesus Christ. Whatever criticism may conclude concerning the narratives of the resurrection, the fact is beyond the possibility of doubt, that in Jesus Christ and his disciples the hope of immortality first became a victorious energy of conviction, a living fountain of nobleness, a spring of virtue and heroism: "Life and immortality" are "brought to light" in the gospel. The apostles preached not a dead but a living Christ. Their assurance of hope was born in his victory. They rested on his word, verified to them by many infallible proofs; "Because I live, ye shall live also." Easter is therefore a glorification of Christ. In some Eastern countries the people greet one another on Easter morning with the words, "He is risen." This is the great message pealed forth in hymn and anthem. His triumph is our victory. The power of the king of terrors has been broken. By the glorious resurrection and ascension we are assured heirs of the eternal ages. Our life on earth is a "tale by strangers quickly told." In the light of Easter it is but the brief introduction to a history whose richer glories shall be unfolded in the heavenly country. The hope is strong in noblest incentive. As Mrs. Moulton said:

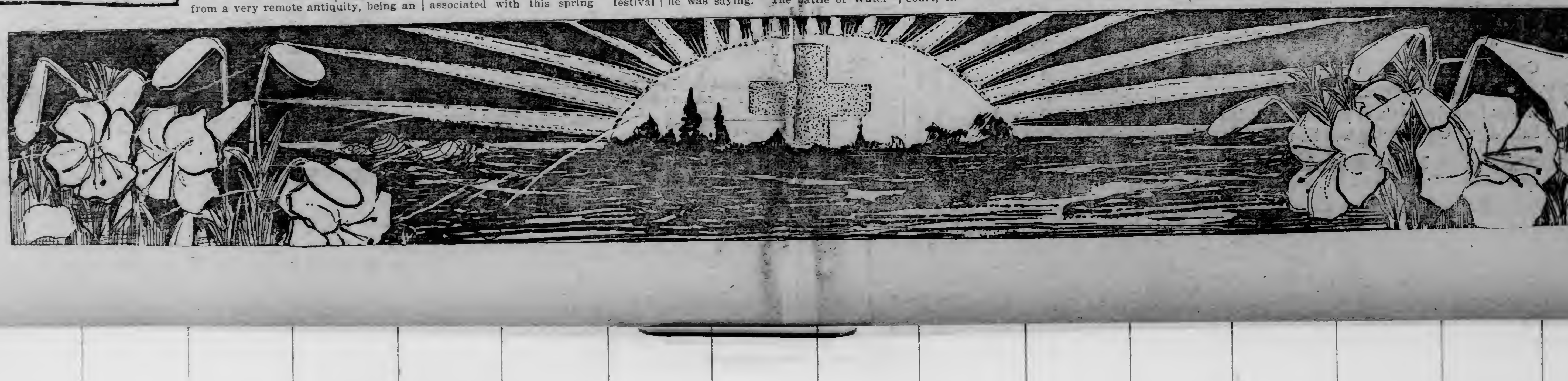
"Some day or other I shall surely come
Where true hearts wait for me;
Then let me learn the language of that
home
While here on earth I be,
Lest my poor lips for want of words be
dumb
In that high company."

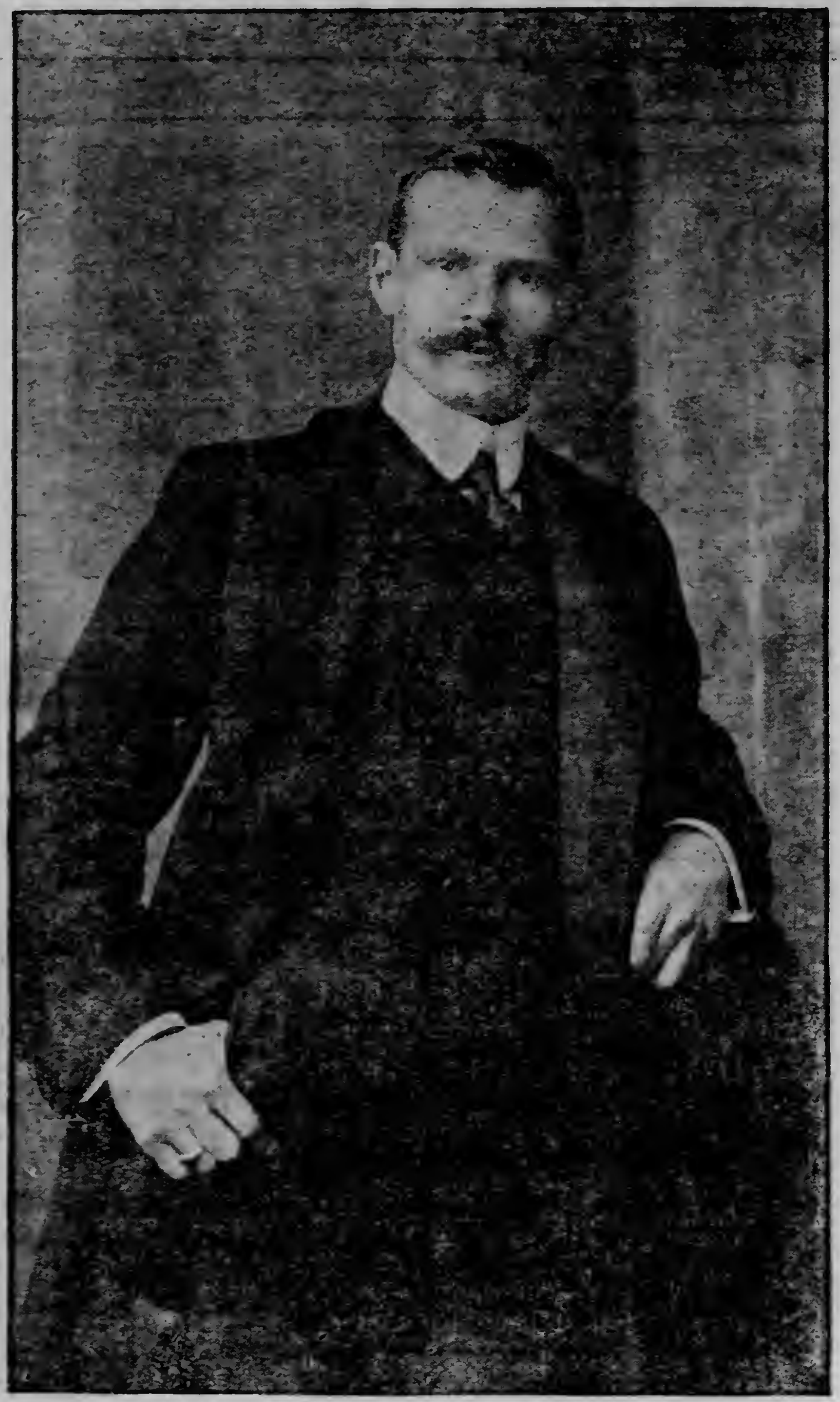
ALEXANDER MILNE.

THE UNITARIAN VIEW===By Rev. Harry White, Pastor of First Unitarian Church.

It is interesting to consider precisely the part which Easter observances can have in the thought of a man or woman who has been touched by modern thought of a man or woman who has been touched by modern thought and by modern ideas. The Christian celebration of Easter comes down to us from a very remote antiquity, being an adaptation of the Jewish passover with certain slight admixture from the early and almost universal sun worship, in which there were spring festivals to welcome the returning warmth of the sun and the return season of fruitfulness. Of course, these antecedent roots are lost sight of in the thoughts now connected with Easter; the main idea associated with this spring festival since ints adoption by the Christian church, has been the resurrection of Jesus. But this, too, is going the way of the solar myth. Men are coming to see that there was no resurrection. It is true that men like Lyman Abbot still say that the resurrection of Jesus is "the best attested fact in history." But surely Mr. Abbot would not seriously take that position if he realized what he was saying. The battle of Waterloo is a fact of history. Would Mr. Abbot say that the evidence for the resurrection compared with the evidence for Napoleon's final defeat? Surely Mr. Abbot is too sane a man to do that. He would see, if he should examine the evidence for this alleged "best tested fact in history" with the same care that a lawyer takes in examining the evidence upon which he must rest his case in court, that it was unsupported by any trustworthy evidence.

Is Easter therefore without any meaning to us because the main idea with which it has been associated with is a false idea? Not at all. Though the resurrection of Jesus be purely legendary, nevertheless there is a permanently true spiritual fact symbolized by the legend. Let us, therefore, recognize the legend as a legend and try to discover the deeper truth under it.'





This picture is a good likeness of Mr. Edmund Gurney, Duluth's leading and reliable ladies' tailor, draper and importer. It is conceded far and near that Gurney's tailor gowns are works of art in fit and workmanship, besides which all materials used to make up his garments are guaranteed to give thorough satisfaction.

Gurney makes a specialty of gowns for $55, containing good material and best of silks. He has always on hand a choice selection of high grade materials, which enables him to make a gown within two days. He furnishes samples on application everywhere, and for out-of-town parties, with prearranged time, it is only necessary to remain a few hours in Duluth, during which time he arranges all the fittings necessary to an in every detail perfect garment.

Gurney's Ladies' Tailoring Establishment, Rooms 8 and 18 Phoenix block.

CARED FOR HER SISTER.

Romance of Two Aged Kentucky Women.

Danville, Ky., April 3.—Bettie Munday, aged 96, and Amanda Munday, aged 98, both died near Mayo, Mercer county, within a few days of each other. They came to Harrodsburg about 75 years ago and lived in the old fort there. One had been engaged to a Virginia planter, who died a few days before the wedding was to take place, and grief so affected the girl's mind that she never recovered. Her sister remained with and cared for her during her lifetime, and death separated them for only a few days. Since their death relatives, who have taken charge of their property, have found many interesting keepsakes, among them a $35 bank bill issued by the Northern Bank of Kentucky in 1842, and signed by John Tilford, president, and M. T. Scott, cashier. The money is long ago outlawed, but is of considerable value as a curio. Several handsome dress patterns were also found, which had never been used, and which had been purchased sixty years ago.

TWO HUNDRED TEETH.

Skeleton of Dwarf Sealed In a Rock.

Newport, Tenn., April 3.—While a crew of laborers were working an excavation through the Forman cliff, two miles east of Newport, for the bed of the Tennessee & North Carolina railroad, they found a human female skeleton, 19 inches in height, in a perfect state of preservation. The strangest feature were the teeth, which were 200 in number, and had no sockets, but were developed from and grew upon the jawbone, with no adjacent valvular adjunct. As soon as removed the bones were hermetically sealed and sent to the Smithsonian institution.

The skeleton was found in solid rock, ten feet from the face and eight feet from the top of the cliff, in a cavity two feet by fifteen inches. About the cavity was no opening crevice or aperture for the skeleton to enter since the formation of the cliff, probably more than 2000 years ago.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

THE CRIME CONFESSED

Jones Tells of Murdering Millionaire Rice In New York.

Ended Life of His Employer By Means of Chloroform.

Patrick Was the Chief Conspirator In the Awful Crime.

New York, April 3.—Without the slightest hitch in his well-modulated voice and displaying no outward sign of emotion, Charles F. Jones, secretary and valet of the late William Marsh Rice, confessed under oath that he had ended the life of his employer with chloroform.

The confession was the climax of a remarkable recital in which was laid bare the details of an alleged subtle conspiracy, which had for its object the seizure of $3,000,000 in cash and negotiable securities and the conversion of $3,000,000 in realty to the use of the alleged chief conspirator.

There was a dramatic force in the directness and minute attention to detail with which Jones approached the tragedy—the moment when he covered the face of the sleeping man with the chloroform-saturated napkin and then waited for him to die.

The self-confessed murderer told the story of the alleged plot from its inception.

The capital crime he committed and all the minor offenses that proceeded it, were, he declared, at the instigation of Albert T. Patrick. It was Patrick, he said, who conceived the idea of forging a will and forging transfers and conveyances. It was Patrick who induced two persons to witness the forged signature. It was Patrick who was determined that Rice should die, and it was Patrick who sought to have him killed slowly and then, becoming impatient, determined upon quick action. And, according to Jones, remarkable as it may seem, Rice never knew Patrick during his lifetime and never saw him but once. Jones, according to his story, first began his acquaintance with Patrick, when the lawyer called at the residence of Millionaire Rice on Madison avenue in October, 1899. He told of the growing friendship and the gradual approach to the plot against Mr. Rice, which resulted in the scheme to defraud and how he finally yielded. Then came the transfer of real and personal property to Patrick, over the forged signature of Rice, the stealing of blank checks from the millionaire's check book, then the delivery to Patrick, and the forging of Rice's signature, the proposition to put the aged millionaire out of the way, first weakening him by continuous doses of mercury, the calling in of a physician at frequent intervals, thus apparently providing for the issuance of a death certificate and the extreme care with which this plan of slow poisoning and how this was developed. Then unfolding the plot in the drama as if he was only interested as a spectator, Jones led up to the day of the murder. He swore that Patrick had furnished him with mercury pills of a different composition from those first administered, told how the millionaire defeated the purpose of the plotters by refusing to take them. Then, Jones said, Patrick began to display impatience. He swore he brought two ounces of oxalic acid to Jones and swears he told him to dilute one ounce in twenty-two times its weight in water and to give the mixture to Rice for the purpose of weakening his heart action. To induce the old man to take these several poisons, Jones said he was compelled to take doses himself in Rice's presence. One dose was really not dangerous. It was the cumulative effect of the drug that was to be feared. According to this remarkable confession the oxalic acid was too strong and Jones was asked to use chloroform and laudanum. Jones said he was afraid to buy the drug in the neighborhood and he sent to his brother in Texas for them. They came by express. This was followed by a meeting in the street with Patrick, who told him that the old man was lasting too long, that he must be put out of the way at once, that Jones must do the work, that there would really be no harm in it, because Rice had poisoned his own wife years ago and deserved punishment.

Jones described his return to Mr. Rice's apartments and the discovery of the millionaire sleeping peacefully in his bed; he told of his stealthy search for a napkin and the fashioning of it into a cone shape, as directed, he said, by Patrick.

He detailed the story of the placing of a small sponge at the point of the cone. Then he told of the saturating the napkin and spong with chloroform and holding it over his own nostrils to test its effect. Jones looked straight into the eyes of Assistant District Attorney Osborne and continued without a tremor in his voice. He described his return to the bed with the saturated napkin in his hand, of the placing of it over the face of the sleeping old man, of the flight from the room, of the weary wait of thirty minutes in accordance with Patrick's alleged instructions. At the expiration of the half hour he returned and found Rice dead. He then threw open the windows to free the room of the odor of chloroform, telephoned Patrick that Rice was dead, sent for a physician, and after expressing his grief at the loss of so good and kind an employer, he said he went to bed, and fell into a sound sleep.

Patrick, accused by the witness of being the arch-criminal, listened to the witness with attention and occasionally made notes of the testimony. Not even the remarkable witness on the stand was more cool, calm and collected than this remarkable prisoner. Patrick's hand was firm and steady. He displayed neither anger, fear nor resentment. When Jones reached the description of the murder of the sleeping old man, Patrick merely stroked his beard and leaned back in his chair, apparently slightly bored by the recital of the details

Mrs. Francis, with whom Patrick boarded at the time Rice died, preceded Jones on the witness stand. She was called to identify the telegrams from J. M. Coleman, Houston, Texas, addressed to Patrick and to tell of some "grayish white" pills which the prisoner was taking for malaria. She was asked if she had destroyed Patrick's medicine chest and replied in the negative, adding that she would deliver any of Patrick's property to the district attorney any time it was wanted.

Assittant District Attorney Osborne jumped at the offer and said he would send a detective for the medicine chest.

Mr. Houseman, counsel for the defense, objected to action being taken at once, saying that if the prosecution became obstreperous he would go to the Francis house himself, take possession of the medicine box and leave nothing for Mr. Osborne.

"One moment," said Justice Jerome, "I control this situation myself. I think anyone who seized these articles and withheld them from the authorities could be sent to the Tombs."

Mr. Houseman expressed a willingness to be sent to the Tombs if necessary in discharging a duty to one of his friends. It was finally arranged, however, that both sides should have representatives when the medicine chest was first removed from the Francis residence. Afterward it was to be turned over to the district attorney for safe keeping.

Court closed for the day with Jones still on the stand.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thomson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

CUBAN OIL SCANDAL

Root Seeks to Avoid Probing Trust Tariff Trouble.

Two Patriots Implicated Turn on the Government.

Nobody Understands Why Tariff Was Placed Upon Oil.

Washington, April 3.—One of the latest and most sensational phases of the Havana bribery scandal, which Secretary Root is seeking to hush up, is contained in the announcement from the Cuban capital that Horatio Rubens and Gonzales Quesada, the two patriots whose names have been on the United States pay roll for nearly four years, have suddenly turned upon their benefactor, Gen. Wood, and are striving to defeat the Platt amendment in the constitutional convention. It will be recalled that a few days ago Rubens' name was erased from the war department's pay roll without any explanation. He had been drawing $5000 per year, with liberal allowances for travel, and enjoyed the privilege of making frequent drafts upon the cashier of the war department.

Governor General Wood was directly responsible for subsequent dismissal, and it is now said that the governor general is prepared to institute criminal proceedings against Rubens on account of the supposed connection of that patriot with the recent reduction of the tariff on crude oil used in the manufacture of illuminating gas. Quesada has apparently taken up Rubens' cause, and together this pair of worthies seem determined to upset all of the plans for the administration for Cuba.

Nobody has yet understood why a tariff was placed upon oil imported for consumption on the island, except to enable the Standard [illegible] company to bleed the people of Cuba out of millions which it could not obtain in any other manner. There are no oil fields in Cuba. Its coal deposits are insignificant. Therefore every gallon of oil and nearly every ton of coal which are consumed by its people are imported.

The gas companies in all of the cities manufacture their illuminant from crude petroleum. Before the occupancy of the island by the United States oil of every description was entered free of duty. Not even Spain exacted a tariff for a product that was so purely a necessity to all of the people.

The Standard Oil company invaded the island very soon after our military forces took possession. It erected large storage tanks at all of the principal cities and then filled them up with crude and refined oil. After a supply sufficient to last Cuba for several years had been laid in President McKinley was appealed to to fix a tariff on oil. A year ago the president promulgated an order establishing a tariff of $2.80 per 100 kilos upon refined oil and $1.40 per 100 kilos for crude oil.

The Cuban people resented this infringement of their rights with so much indignation that the tariff was held up for a while, but eventually the Standard Oil company's influence prevailed and the proclamation was enforced. After the schedule had been in effect long enough to cause the gas companies at Havana and Santiago and elsewhere a great deal of irritation Horatio Rubens came to the front with a scheme to relieve the said gas companies. For the sum of $40,000 he promised to secure a 50 per cent reduction of the tariff on crude oils. Just how he worked the matter will remain a mystery if the intended investigation promised by Secretary Root is hushed up, but the fact remains that Governor General Wood recommended the reduction and President McKinley ordered it.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Gen. Samuel Pearson, representing the Boers, filed suit Tuesday in the United States court at New Orleans seeking an injunction to prevent the steamer Australian from leaving port with a cargo for South Africa.

The state board of pardons of Ohio has refused to recommend that the governor interfere in the case of Edwin Ruthven, who was convicted of murdering Officer Shipp, in Cleveland, on the night of May 6, 1900.

Application has been made to the stock exchange to list preferred and common shares of the new United States Steel corporation $550,000,000 of each. The application may be acted on at a special meeting of the governing committee at the next regular meeting which does not take place until a week from tomorrow.

Stanislaus Stepinski, a Bohemian laborer, shot and killed his wife at Chicago last night and then sent a bullet through his own head. Despondency over inability to procure work is said to have been the cause of the murder.

It is believed among Republicans ot Topeka that Col. R. W. Blue, ex-congressman-at-large, will be appointed commissioner of pensions in place of H. Clay Evans.

NORTHROP TO DECLINE.

Will Not Accept Appointment to Conference.

Chicago, April 3.—Professor Cyrus Northrop, president of the university of Minnesota, who was named recently by President McKinley as one of the United States commissioners to the international conference of American states, to be held in the City of Mexico the coming fall, stated today that he probably would be forced to decline the appointment.

"I already have accepted an engagement to speak at the bicentennial celebration in October," he said, "and as the proposed conference is to be held about that time, it will be impossible for me to attend it. I never sought the appointment."

NUNS EXCLUDED.

Madrid, April 3.—The minister of war, Gen. Weyler, has ordered the exclusion of nuns from the military hospital until the budget shall have provided funds permitting them to return.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES.

Pittsburg, April 3.—President T. J. Shaffer is preparing to issue notices that the election of delegates to the annual convention of the Amalgamated Association, which is to begin in Milwaukee May 21, commences the first week in April and will continue until all delegates are elected. The indications are that $5.50 a ton will be the base rate fixed for puddling.

Actors, Singers, Talkers Are all more or less subject to bad throat, hoarseness, tonsilitis and catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder never disappoints. "I can but proclaim Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder a wonderful medicine for actors, singers and public speakers. Myself and my wife have tried everything, but have never found anything to equal this great remedy for quick action; it certainly is a wonder-worker."—Al. Emmett Foster, New York city. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—25.

PASSED QUEENSTOWN.

Queenstown, April 3.—Neither the big White Star liner Oceanic from New York, nor the American liner Waesland from Philadelphia, was able to communicate with shore when they arrived off this port this morning. Owing to the gale which prevailed they were compelled to proceed on their way to Liverpool without landing any mail or passengers.

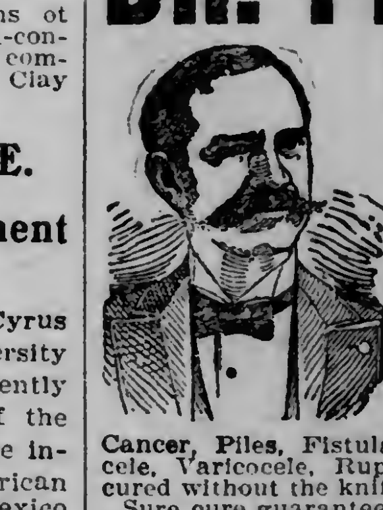
AS PLAIN AS BLACK and WHITE the reasons why you should give your eyes the proper care and why our glasses are just the kind to enable you to do it.

We make and sell the best grade only, and never sacrifice quality to price.

C. D. Trott, 3 West Superior St

The only practical **Optician** in Duluth

DR. PIERCE



Room 1, No. 5 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist

For the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerus, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Constipation, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies unknown to other physicians. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE - AGED AND OLD MEN

who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental Work or Overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles. Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

All Interstate cars stop at our doors.

Easter Millinery: Most style—least price

SPICER-FANNING CO.

THE NORTHWEST'S GREATEST STORE.

1501-1507 Tower Avenue. West Superior, Wis.

Women's Easter Wearables

YOU may select your Easter wear from the best garment stock north of Chicago, if you come here. Our suit stock contains the largest assortment of desirable novelties you will find in the Northwest.

Three of the foremost men-tailors in America give us control of their lines for Duluth and Superior. Each of these three makers imparts a touch of originality to his work. As a result our suits and jackets are quite unlike the commonplace styles so generally shown.

This exclusiveness in our styles is much appreciated by good dressers.

Those who know most about the elsewhere-prices can best appreciate the matchless values we offer. In short, we can give you exclusive styles and save you money as well.

We want to prove this to you.

Come over—look through our stock. We will refund car fare if you are not more than pleased with the showing.

Eischen Bros.

Duluth's Leading Florists.

129 West Superior Street.

FOR EASTER we will have the largest and finest line of Cut Flowers and Plants ever shown in Duluth. Plants and Cut Flowers of every description and we were never in better shape to fill your orders. All our Plants and Cut Flowers are all home-grown.

Fancy Baskets filled to order is a Specialty with us.

Plants.

Every Plant Perfect.

Easter Lilies,
Azaleas,
American Beauties,
Hydrangeas,
Spireas,
Cinerarius, all colors.
Primroses,
Begonias,
Daffodils,
Tulips, all colors.
Hyacinths, all colors.
Palms and Ferns.

Cut Flowers.

Nothing but the choicest stock.

Easter Lilies,
Calla Lilies,
Tulips,
Daffodils,
Violets,
Roses, all colors.
Carnations, all colors.
American Beauties,
Ferns,
Smilax,
Maiden Hair Ferns.

We will deliver orders to any address and at any time desired.

Our store is fitted up in modern style for displaying flowers and with every convenience for handling them.

If you love flowers and plants do not fail to give our store a visit Friday and Saturday. Our display will be well worth a special trip down town.

VISITORS ALWAYS WELCOME.

An Easter Scene.

Sunlight poured through polished panes upon a well-scoured floor. The odor of chemicals filled the air. Down a long room stretched a row of white iron beds. On a cot lay a child whose face was as pale as the lime-washed walls. In one blue-veined hand the youngster held a flower—a flower once a bud under the Bermuda sky.

"I've seen them before," the child was saying. "I used to see them in the window of the shops where they make them."

All day the lily stood in a splendid vase at the head of the cot. When the night came and the light burned low in that long, white room, the lily bent tenderly over the face of the sleeping child.

Coloring Easter Eggs.

Easter eggs can be colored with aniline dye. It should be diluted to the proper shade and the eggs boiled in it. Green, the color of hope and resurrection, is particularly appropriate, but a variety is pleasing—red, pink, blue, pale yellow and purple. Eggs can be boiled hard and painted in water colors with a single spring flower, as a primrose or a butterfly, also a symbol of the resurrection. They should be arranged in nests of moss. German children believe that the Easter eggs are laid by hares, so representations of this little animal are often placed on them, or near them. Painted butterflies, mounted on wire, can be made to hover over the nest.

Spring coughs are especially dangerous and unless cured at once, serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but a high grade remedy. Max Wirth.

THE ORIGIN OF EASTER

Pagans Held a Feast at the Same Period as Did the Christians In Honor of the Saxon Goddess Ostara.

Boston, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The observance of the feast of Easter is very widespread. Although commemorating the resurrection of Jesus Christ its name is derived from the festival of the goddess Ostara, in Anglo-Saxon Eastre, which the ancient Saxons celebrated at about the same season as the Christian festival occurs.

Easter in the "good old days" of the early church was a great time and undoubtedly in its celebration not a few pagan observances were mingled with those of the Christian ritual.

According to the ancient chroniclers we learn that the celebration at one time lasted eight days. It gradually dwindled from that to its present duration, as now observed in Europe, of two days, including Easter Sunday and Monday.

Easter has always been the favorite season for performing the rite of baptism, in conjunction with which much feasting was indulged in. Lent being over the people gave themselves up unrestrainedly to enjoyment. The old term, dominica gaudii, meaning "Sunday of joy," fitly expressing the spirit in which the occurrence was regarded. Bond men were, at this period, given their freedom. The week was given up to popular sports, dances and all kinds of mirth-creating shows. Even the clergy joined in the secular demonstrations, reciting legends and anecdotes from their pulpits, while the poor were feasted in the churches. These Easter revels finally degeneratel into orgies and with the coming of the reformation in the sixteenth century were abolished.

It was customary on Easter day for the people to salute one another with the exclamation, "surrexit," "He is risen," the reply being "vere surrexit," "Verily He is risen."

At the time of the introduction of the Gregorian calendar, the ecclesiastical authorities in deference to ancient custom determined to adhere to the method of calculating the date of Easter by the moon. It is not, however, the actual moon in the heavens, nor even the mean moon of astronomers that regulates the date of Easter, but simply an imaginary moon, whose periods are so contrived that the new calendar moon always follows the new moon by from two to three days. The result of this is that the 14th of the calendar moon, considered the full moon, since the time of Moses, for ecclesiastical purposes, falls generally on the 15th or the 16th of the real moon, which usually is two days earlier. Easter day is always the first Sunday after the paschal full moon, that being the full moon which happens upon or next after March 21, which is the beginning of the ecclesiastical year. If the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter day is the following Sunday. This arrangement was made in order to avoid Easter day happening on the date of the Jewish passover, but it has occurred on that date and again will in 1903.

In the sequence of the theologic idea it naturally takes a place, strongly second to that of Christmas in importance and more suitable than it for demonstrativeness, among all Christian nations being so honored in the calendar.

The religious life of our nation happily is not blended with its political life, and despite the little differences of sect and creed, Easter is universally regarded amongst us as a strong enunciative feature of the church militant.

Its observance in the Catholic, Anglican and Lutheran church differs only in point of form.

The idea of Christ arisen is the inspiration of all the ceremonial.

It is peculiarly fitting at the time of year when it occurs, being emblematical of the newly arisen buds and blossoms as it is of the divine idealization.

The altars of the past have never risen to a point equal to the Christian embodiment of the idea.

The application of energy and the consummation of results continues with little variation as the centuries proceed. The crucifixion of man as an element in the cosmic economy recurs with each generation.

The dictum "The poor ye have always with you" continues, as it were, an immutable part of the doctrine of the universe.

Stoics and sybarites have viewed that indisputable fact for ages and others have attempted to give it the lie, but the fact still remains.

It is the millstone around the neck of humanity.

But, after "Eloi, eloi, lama sabacthani"—after the tomb has apparently closed and shut out the beautiful life of self sacrifice forever, there comes an awakening.

It is not an awakening to the same realities and forms which have stood before.

It is the most concrete realization of a higher and more suitable existence, born of the grand test of human endurance and faithful performance of duty. An uplifting from one sphere to another. An idealization and a realization of the heart's dreams and a logical sequence to tradition.

Easter means so much to us, in fact, that in the rush of daily life we scarcely recognize all its potentialities.

It is the epithalamium of civilization. The budding and welding of new hopes and new life, with naturally higher developments.

In the social calendar it is naturally made an important event of the year.

It is the mating time which nature has ordained, in this latitude at least. The birds mate, carolling as they do so the sweet songs of jubilant rebirth, flowers life their heads from out the wintry snows and brides of high and low degree are led to the altar.

The shell of the Easter egg is very obvious to the multitude and it is to be hoped that its interior will be better understood as the years preceed.

Perhaps the spirit of Easter was never more truly caught than in Tennyson's inspiring words in "In Memoriam."

"I hold it truth with he who sings
To one clear harp, in divers tones,
That men may raise on stepping-stones
Of their dead selves to higher things."

WILLIAM D. MORGAN, M. A.

DECORATING THE HOME

Giving the House a New Dress For Easter a Pretty Custom That Is Growing In Popularity.

Giving the house a new dress for Easter is one of the pretty customs which grow in popularity every year. And this year it will be as general as decorating for Christmas or New Year's.

All the art stores have Easter designs for rooms, and the china and glass stores are arranging miniature dinner tables for the admiration of those who may be on the lookout for something quite new for Easter. Those who can afford the luxury of refurnishing are indulging in that prettiest of all household things, a Japanese room. The model for these rooms is taken from Japanese pictures and from the ideas of those who have visited the Land of Flowers at this season as well as from the Japanese dealers who are arranging their shop windows into a semblance of what the wily, almond-eyed ones term "Easter in Japan."

The materials for such a room, if one is willing to indulge in it lavishly, are a bushel of quince blossoms, another bushel of apple blossoms, some Oriental prayer rugs, a Japanese fire stool, two or three Japanese chairs and tables, a square umbrella as big as the room to form a canopy, some Japanese hangings, a Japanese tea set, some tall Japanese vases and a big Japanese doll to make one feel at home.

In the hands of an artistic woman a room furnished with these things may be made a lovely dream of color. Even an inartistic woman could not make it look bad. The Japanese have such beautiful color schemes that just to look upon their creations is a joy.

For those who are fond of laying in a stock of spring plants at Easter time there are very effective possibilities in the way of room decorations. One of these is the palm room. And this is such a very lasting thing that it will be sure to be beautiful all the spring months until the family exodus into the country. So never mind if the outlay staggers you a little at first glance.

The background for the palm room must be a palm. And when you get it you can place it in a corner, and it will be a handsome beginning. For a $10 bill you can get one big enough to reach almost up to the ceiling and take the place of the dozen pots of little things which you were going to get for the spring conservatory. But for half the sum you can get a palm big enough to give dignity to the palm room. Next, if you have a tall lamp, set it in a big jardiniere and fill the jardiniere with ferns. They will grow well in the heat and will be wonderfully effective. Small pots of ferns, palms and rubber plants complete the greenness of the Easter green room.

Set a tall vase of them also at the foot of grandfather's clock, and be as generous in their distribution as you please. Even grandfather himself, strict Puritan though he may have been, would relax into a gratified smile on Easter day at the sight of his old timepiece.

Ribbons are to play an important part in the Easter trimmings.

Easter baskets are wound with ribbons so that the texture of the basket is not seen at all. A very ordinary basket of striped straw may have its handle and rim wound with pink ribbons and then be filled with pink hyacinths. The basket should be as shallow as possible, so that a few sprays of moss arranged under the ribbon-wound rim will entirely cover it.

Trimming the house for Easter is such a pretty custom that one feels like bowing to it and conforming to it in all possible ways. Happily the spring novelties in Easter decorations are so numerous, so varied and so cheap that all may indulge in them to a certain extent, even though the Easter bonnet and the Easter wrap be too dear for present purchasing.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

EASTER EGGS

Date Back to Ancient Times---How to Decorate Them.

All the traditions connected with the Easter egg, its decoration, cooking and eating, are, of course, decidedly old world, and yet there is some myth among the legends of the Inca Indians which tells of a magic egg and how it may be found in some mysterious spot, and of its wonderful power. Whether or not this is one of the supertsitions of the far east which Munca Capac brought with him from the other side of the Pacific is altogether unknown, but certain it is that in Asia, Africa and Europe feasts were kept in most ancient times when the egg played a prominent part. The Jews used eggs in their feast of the Passover long before the coming of Christ. In Persia colored eggs are presented at the celebration of the solar New Year's, an extremely ancient custom with this people.

From Germany comes the singular connection of a rabbit with the Easter eggs. It is believed that this little animal steals into the house when all is quiet and hides a store of pretty eggs in most imposible places, giving the children, who must search for them, a great deal of trouble and excitement in finding them. The house mother prepares by procuring a quantity of eggs and colors them herself by wrapping them in colored calicoes some plain and some figured.

To the country boy or girl in America Easter or "Paas," in rural vernacular, resolves itself first and foremost into a contest to see who can accumulate the greatest store of eggs, and, secondly, who can eat the most. For weeks before Easter the hens are the recipients of marked and unremitted attention. Their daily habits are closely scrutinized, and the "cut-cut-cut-ca-da-cut!" that announces a new contribution to the food supply of the country is the signal for a rush on the part of the children to obtain the coveted treasure.

Each child has long before this selected a hiding place in the fragrant haymow, and thither in secrecy the lucky finder bears each new addition. Then when Easter morning dawns the hoarded contents are all brought forth, and proud indeed is the lucky boy or girl whose "Paas" outnumbers his fellow's. Then the Easter breakfast! Boiled or fried, with juick, pinky ham, egg after egg disappears until "the wonder grows how one small" stomach can hold the wealth of eggs committed to its care. At Sunday school Easter Sunday in all the hamlets of the state the story of the resurrection, it is safe to say, will be overshadowed in many a small boy's mind by the more present question, "How many eggs did you have for "Paas?"

In the simpler forms the eggs are swiftly colored in rainbow hues with aniline dyes, then daintily etched with a sharp pointed knife, or they are coated with metallic paints, or they are frosted with diamond dust. For decorating by whatever method the eggs are either hard boiled or the contents are blown out by means of a tiny hole at either end and the eggs are then finished with narrow ribbons for a hanging.

An exquisite greeting is this bit of nature's porcelain when transformed into a vase and filled with violets. The support for the vase is made of three pieces of bronzed wire, each three inches long, twisted together in the form of a tripod.

To make a vase, carefully break off the smaller end of the shell. Leave the edges jagged and gild them heavily. Decorate the outer shell with tiny sprigs of blue flowers in oil. A dainty bit of white and blue china is the result.

By tinting the shell a delicate yellow, gilding the jagged edges of the opening and then adding light designs in red and gold lines the vase is suggestive of royal Worcester.

A great variety of vases can be made. They should in every case be filled with dainty spring flowers.

Prior to the application of paints to the shell it must be well washed, thoroughly dried and rubbed with benzine. After this treatment there is no more difficulty in painting on eggshells than on paper.

Prettily decorated eggs nestling in the fragrant depths of flowers or in a nest of fresh grass breathe of glad springtime.

A quaint wooden shoe, gilded and supplied with white satin ribbons for carrying, may be filled with smilax, posies and eggs.

A large straw hat with ribbon handles in pale and deep green lined with sweet grass is a dainty nest for colored eggs. Eggs decorated with comic faces are much appreciated by the children.

The Easter Bonnet.

Sing ho the Easter bonnet
With a lot of strings upon it
New and bright,
And the avenue parade
Of the maidens all arrayed
For the sight.

For sweet the Easter faces
That brighten up the places
Where they go,
With their nodding and their smiling
And our mannish hearts beguiling,
As they know.

Not a man but likes the showing
Of the bonnets in their going
Up the street,
And our admiration rightly
Do we give—the sight is sightly
And a treat.

So let's hang the bills for dollars
That are stiff enough for collars,
Yea, and high,
And pray for decent weather
For the witching maidens' feather—
So say I.

For I love one Easter bonnet
With a lot of strings upon it,
bright and gay,
For the face that's just below it,
And I care not if you know it,
Right away.

—PHILIP VERRIL MIGHELS.

A Costly Easter Egg.

In France more than any other country is Easter a sesaon of giftmaking. The egg is the ruling emblem, almost as endless in device and costliness as in form. There is one such gift egg on record that was of white enamel and had doors which when opened revealed Easter gospels engraved on all its walls, and for the yolk there was a tiny music box, which played twelve tunes. The cost of this trifle was $12,000.

SOME QUAINT CUSTOMS

The Beautiful Customs Which Still Enter Into and Influence the Observance of Easter In Many Countries.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The celebration of Easter is regarded throughout the Christian world as a most important event. Some of the customs attending it are peculiarly quaint and interesting. While the world is apparently clamoring for war, in all the great citadels of human faith the beautiful gospel of re-birth is celebrated with ever-increasing enthusiasm.

At Rome, the great western center of the Catholic faith, the day is ushered in with the firing of cannon from the castle of St. Angelo, and from 6 to 7 o'clock a string of carriages filled with the fashionables of the capital commences to wend towards St. Peter's.

The cardinal arch-priest now officiates in place of the supreme pontiff at the celebration of high mass, while the pope presides over the celebration in the consistory within the vatican.

Formerly the celebration was attended with greater pomp than now. The pope in presiding over the service wore a jewelled tiara and his vestments were a mass of gold emblazonry. He was escorted to his throne by a military body, the noble guard lining the way.

Today the service conveys less expression of temporal power.

In Moscow, the head of the Eastern church, the most distinctive of Easter celebrations is made. They commence a week ahead.

On Willaw Day Eve, the night before Palm Sunday, the krasnoi or Great Red square in front of the church of St. Basil, near by the Kremlin, is a scene of characteristically Easter features. Booths are ranged up all around the square, in which every kind of sweetmeat and toy dear to the heart of the children can be found. These include quaint dolls, cakes made of poppy seed, angels, and curiously decorated Easter eggs. Branches of the sacred willow are, of course, the most sought article.

This is the opening of the Easter celebration, the first encroachment upon the long solemnity of Lent.

Easter in Russia is what Christmas is to us, even during the week preceding it, while all the clubs are closed and street musicians forbidden to ply their trade, the shops are open to furnish facilities for buying presents; for everyone must have a present at Easter.

The purchases, however, have to be made sub rosa during the latter part of the week.

The Russian proletariat takes its annual wash at Easter. The public baths are crowded and those who do not avail themselves of the facilities are looked upon as social outcasts. The good Russian housekeeper does not fail to carry out the same clarifying idea, and every nook of her domicile has been routed out before Easter morning.

With the arrival of Easter day, midnight, the bells from every section of the city peal out, forming a joyful if somewhat discordant chorus, cannon boom from the Tainitzky towers, lights flash out from spire and gilded dome and all the leading streets are suddenly illuminated. The people rush to church to have their Easter eggs blessed, to embrace one another and indulge in all the fraternal feeling of the Christmas festival. Among the higher classes the mistress, leaving her private chapel, salutes her servants and in the grand salon all meet together to offer congratulations. Breakfast is then served in the dining room and a blessing sung by the priests. After this the day opens and Easter Sunday is spent in making calls, much as New Year's day used to be in America.

Easter is celebrated with great pomp at the German court, however little it may be regarded by some of the kaiser's skeptical subjects.

Eastern morn is ushered in by a salute from the castle tower, executed by the cornetists of the guarde du corps and the purple flag is raised over the palace. At 7 o'clock the kurenda enters the grand gates and takes its position under the windows of the royal apartments. It is a band of choristers selected from the leading churches.

After playing for a while its members are subsequently invited to breakfast by the kaiser.

In Paris, Easter Sunday is celebrated in various ways. The Parisian falls into line with the general sentiment of the situation and whether he be atheist or Christian makes as much of the event as possible.

An elegant display of new toilets is an indispensable part of the celebration, a display which probably cannot be duplicated anywhere else on the earth, except in New York, from a point of costliness and style.

In Spain the celebration of Easter is naturally the same as in all strongly papal countries. The cathedrals and churches are the great rendezvous of all and the services are carried out in a most expressive manner.

A pretty custom which the rural Spaniards have it that of taking little captive birds to church with them in their cages and releasing them at the moment the gloria is pronounced.

The Portuguese celebration of Easter is very elaborate. One of the quaint customs that the peasants indulge in is that of "lifting," which is commemorative of the Savior's rising from the grave. Three or four persons take hold of each arm and leg of one of their friends, or a stranger, if such should happen, and life him or her up in a horizontal position. The "lifting" is sometimes done in a chair upholstered in white and decorated with white blossoms or ribbons.

In some districts of France it is customary for the priest of the parish to go round to each house at Easter and bestow his blessing. In return he receives eggs, both plain and painted.

In the same district the idea prevails that the bells of the churches are not heard in holy week because they have gone to Rome to get the blessing of the pope. They bring back with them as presents to the good children eggs dyed scarlet like the cloak of a Roman cardinal. Another superstition prevalent in France is that on Easter morning, at the sound of the rejoicing bells, angels deposit baskets of eggs in the houses of the faithful. Some times evil spirits slyly slip accursed eggs into these baskets and great mischief is the result. In Savoy a lad and a maid who executed the egg dance on Easter Monday without breaking a single egg became betrothed beyond the power of objecting parents to prevent their union. It is related that Philibert the Handsome, duke of Savoy, became affianced to Margaret of Austria in this manner. Formerly France was ransacked for the largest eggs, which were covered with gilding, which were blessed by the priest after the Easter high mass was celebrated before the king and then distributed among the courtiers. France still has her Easter egg celebration, but it is in the form of works of art which illustrate the original egg in cardboard or sugar.

The most costly Easter egg ever made was for King Alfonso of Spain. It was of white enamel, beautifully painted, containing a mechanical bird which sang twelve airs, and cost $4000.

The Easter celebration in Germany is much simpler than in France. Children there believe implicitly in the egg-producing power of the hare and a common form of Easter present is a nest of eggs with a hare sitting on them.

FREDERICK WATSON.

EASTER LILY.

Held High Place In Religious Worship For Ages.

While all the flowers of spring find a welcome place in the decorations of the day and win admirers, the white lily (L. candidum) is par excellence the Easter flower. A native of the Levant, growing wild in most Mediterranean countries, it has for years been considered emblematic of purity and hope. The Greeks called it the flower of Juno and told this myth in explanation of its origin: "Jupiter," they said, "wished to make his boy Hercules one of the gods. So he snatched him from the bosom of his earthly mother, Alcmena, and bore him to the breast of Juno. The milk is spilled from the full-mouthed boy as he traverses the sky, making the Milky Way, and what drops below stars and clouds and touches earth stains the ground with lilies." As the emblem of purity it was contrasted with the passion rose of Aphrodite, and beauty was represented crowned with white lilies and violets, types of purity and modesty.

The lotus holds chief place in all Oriental mythologies, its antiquity extending far beyond the limits of Grecian myth-making. The Egyptians spoke of it as the throne of Osiris, the god of day, and they are represented on monuments as holding the white lotus in their hands at banquets. As a symbol of purity and benediction the lily was chiseled on the pillars of Solomon's temple and ornamented the great golden candlestick. While honored by specific mention by our Lord, truth compels the statement that the probabilities are against the lily having been the flower particularly referred to.

The lily is not common in the flora of Palestine, and some think it must have been the red anemone, with which the Galilean hillsides are covered in springtime, that suggested the beautiful figure in the sermon on the mount. Others advance arguments in favor of asphodel, amaryllis and narcissus. Whichever it was, and it is not impossible, though improbable, that it was our lily, the figure remains a most beautiful and effective one and has doubtless had a wonderful and wide-reaching effect in giving the lily an added charm and sacredness wherever Christianity has established itself.

The Dyeing of the Easter Eggs.

'Tis Easter mild,
And every child
Will agonize
With splashing dyes.
"Oh, mamma, I'm needing some crimson red!
I can get it all for a dime.
Oh, mamma, please do not shake your head!
You know it is Easter time.
And, ma, can I have the bottle of blue
That sits on the kitchen shelf?
I'll stand on a chair and won't bother you
And dye all the eggs myself."

Then, oh, for the white and yellow egg glaze
That plasters their curly hair,
And a sticky mass that lingers for days
Spread over the kitchen chairs!
No tatto deep of the pirate main
Or the paint of the Zulu bands
Could ever hold their indelible stain
Like the dye on the children's hands.

—Chicago News.

Easter In Russia.

An Easter feast in Russia usually consists of a sucking pig, lamb, shoulder of veal, a ham, curdled cream, Easter bread, red eggs, colored lights, fiddling and general merrymaking. In the good old times the nobility left their tables furnished until Whitsuntide, so that any one who chose to enter their house might partake of what was there set out, nor was food denied any one. This state of affairs could hardly be imagined here; but, strange as it may seem, in the few localities where this ancient custom still keeps up, there is scarcely recorded a case of the betrayal of such hospitality.

A PEASANT SUPERSTITION.

Bells Go to Rome and Return Easter.

In some remote districts of France it is still customary for the priest of the parish to go around to each house at Easter and bestow on it his blessing. In return he receives eggs, plain and painted. In these same regions a belief still lingers that during passion week the bells of the churches set out for Rome in order to get themselves blessed by the pope. During this period of mourning the bells are mute in their belfry, and the peasants firmly believe that they have started on their pious pilgrimage and will return to send forth a joyous peal on the morning of the resurrection. People do not come back from so long a journey without bringing presents to good children. The joy bells then always come first and bring with them various beautiful playthings. The death bells come last and bring nothing. Easter, then, was like a second New Year's day The peasant bestowed on his child an egg, dyed scarlet, like the cloak of a Roman cardinal and supposed to come from Rome.

"I Followed Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Now I am Well."

Doctors Mystified.

A woman is sick; some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story.

She holds something back, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she ought to have told, and thus completely mystifies the doctor.

Is it any wonder, therefore, that the doctor fails to cure the disease? Still, we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician. It was for this reason that years ago Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., determined to step in and help her sex. Having had considerable experience in treating female ills with her Vegetable Compound, she encouraged the women of America to write to her for advice in regard to their complaints, and being a woman, it was easy for her ailing sisters to pour into her ears every detail of their suffering.

In this way she was able to do for them what the physicians were unable to do, simply because she had the proper information to work upon, and from the little group of women who sought her advice years ago, a great army of her fellow-beings are to day constantly applying for advice and relief, and the fact that more than one hundred thousand of them have been successfully treated by Mrs. Pinkham during the last year is indicative of the grand results which are produced by her unequaled experience and training.

No physician in the world has had such a training, or has such an amount of information at hand to assist in the treatment of all kinds of female ills, from the simplest local irritation to the most complicated diseases of the womb.

This, therefore, is the reason why Mrs. Pinkham, in her laboratory at Lynn, Mass., is able to do more for the ailing women of America than the family physician. Any woman, therefore, is responsible for her own suffering who will not take the trouble to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice.

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to conquer female diseases.

Grateful Letters from Cured Women.

GRACE B. STANSBURY

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was a sufferer from female weakness for about a year and a half. I have tried doctors and patent medicines, but nothing helped me. I underwent the horrors of local treatment, but received no benefit. My ailment was pronounced ulceration of the womb. I suffered from intense pains in the womb and ovaries, and the backache was dreadful. I had leucorrhœa in its worst form. Finally I grew so weak I had to keep to my bed. The pains were so hard as to almost cause spasms. When I could endure the pains no longer, I was given morphine. My memory grew short and I gave up all hope of getting well. Thus I dragged along. To please my sister I wrote to you for advice. Your answer came, but meantime I was taken worse, and was under the doctor's care for a while.

"After reading your letter, I concluded to try your medicine. After taking two bottles I felt much better; but after using six bottles I was cured. All of my friends think my cure almost miraculous. I thank you very much for your timely advice and wish you prosperity in your noble work, for surely it is a blessing to broken-down woman. I have full and complete faith in the **Lydia E. Pinkham Vegetable Compound.**"—GRACE B. STANSBURY, Herington, Kansas.

ELLA BRENNER

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been thankful a thousand times since I wrote to you for what **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has done for me. I followed your advice carefully and now I feel like a different person.

"My troubles were backache, headache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation, and leucorrhœa. I took four bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am now well.

"I thank you again for the good you have done me."—ELLA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to tell you what your medicine has done for me. I believe it saved my life. I had womb trouble and inflammation of the ovaries, and was troubled with flowing too much. I had two doctors, but they did me no good. After writing to you, I began the use of your remedies, and to-day I am well. I cannot say enough in your favor and shall always praise your Vegetable Compound."—MRS. FRED. LEO, Box 520, Skowhegan, Maine.

MRS. B. CUNNINGHAM

December 28, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel that it is my duty to write and tell you of the benefit I have derived from the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I wrote to you last June and described my sufferings.

"I took seven bottles of your medicine and was cured of my troubles. Last September I was taken with a very bad kidney trouble. I was away from home and was obliged to return. I started to take your medicine again and was soon well.

"When I wrote to you last summer I weighed only one hundred and five. I now weigh one hundred and thirteen. I am very grateful to you for the good advice you gave me, and would recommend your medicine to all who suffer from female weakness."—MRS. B. CUNNINGHAM, Oakland, Ill.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE Co., Lynn, Mass.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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APPROPRIATE AND DAINTY FOR EASTER MENUS.

The sacred festival of Easter has become so imbued with the holiday spirit that characterizes Christmas and other religious celebrations, it is simply recognized by many as a festive occasion, especially by the younger generations. Young children regard it as a gift-exchanging time; those of older growth, as heralding the season of new and beauteous things, especially for personal adornment. Still to many the Easter gladness, Easter lilies and the new life budding all around us, bring thoughts of the great lesson conveyed in Easter; the lesson of love to all humanity; the spirit of forgiveness and encouragement; the manifestation of that love which is immortal.

A SEASON OF GLADNESS TO ALL.

Even to those who acknowledge no sect or creed, the season must impart a feeling of solemn joy and renewed hopes, the very atmosphere seeming full of promise.

Old Mother Earth puts off her robes of brown or austere white and begins to bedeck herself, like a giddy young maiden, with fresh and dainty colors, and through all the lands run that spirit of renewal that influences and gladdens the most commonplace lives.

EASTER-TIDE MARKETS.

The Eastertide markets in a large city are well worth visiting and are calculated to teach an object lesson to even the most thoughtless. Here the housekeeper, in search for something new and fresh, receives inspiration; but must guard her purse-strings jealously and keep the admonition in her mind, only "costly as thy purse can buy," or she will be tempted beyond her judgment by the almost reckless display of the good things of earth. Those who are not obliged to take thought of the morrow as to what they shall eat, at least, may find pleasure in the wealth of color of fruit and vegetables. One would expect to find few possibilities for decoration on the butcher's stalls; and yet even these most prosaic materials, beef, mutton, poultry, hams, etc., lend much to the attractive picture presented. The evidence of refinement in a nation is first evinced in things pertaining to the table; this is clearly shown by careful attention to the decorative feature in our stores, markets, or whatever foodstuffs are displayed. Even the French cannot excel us in this.

FOR THE EASTER TABLE.

For the recherche Easter dinner spring lamb is considered the proper meat to serve; with this, of course, green peas and mint sauce. These delicacies being somewhat scarce and dear at this season, the careful housewife looks about her to see if she cannot substitute something quite as fitting but less expensive. A roast of mutton, saddle, leg or crown, will give better flavored meat and is quite in keeping. The latter, in fact, makes a most suitable dish for the Easter dinner. The shoulder may also be transformed into an attractive form for the occasion by having it carefully boned, stuffed and shaped into a mutton duck. With these may be served fresh string beans, which are in the market all through the winter and much cheaper than the peas. Spinach molded and with slices of hard-boiled egg for garnish is nice served with lamb or mutton, and instead of cauliflower, cut white cabbage into rather coarse, square pieces; stew carefully in plenty of water, with saucepan uncovered, until just tender and serve with cream sauce.

Old potatoes may be made to masquerade as small, new tubers by paring, cutting round with vegetable scoop, letting lie in cold water for an hour and boiled in salted water until done, but not tender enough to break; serve with cream sauce or melted butter and chopped parsley.

Eggs, of course, must be much in evidence and these can appear in many forms, from the soup course to desserts.

THE TABLE DECORATIONS.

These should be green and white, or yellow and white with a touch of green. However, all delicate, spring-like colors are appropriate; the idea is to give the dainty newness and freshness of the fresh life just budding forth all around us. Of course the lilies rank first, having a significance all their own; but crocuses are dainty and show their brave faces so soon after the snows, they deserve the second place. Then come the "daffy-down-dillies," tulips, hyacinths and violets.

The Easter lilies are not, in strictly good taste, suitable table decorations. Their odor is too heavy and neither the plant nor flowers lend themselves gracefully to such purposes. They are better for open hall decoration, which permits their fragrance to permeate the atmosphere of the entire house with a delicate, subtle perfume, very suggestive and delightful. Let the table decorations be light and not overdone; remember at this season there is only a suggestion of bloom about our northern homes, a promise of the fullness to come. If small lilies, crocuses or violets are used, have them growing in a bed of moss.

For special occasions, the desserts and ices may be molded in shapes representing flowers, eggs, rabbits or any appropriate design for Easter.

AN EASTER MENU.

Bisque of Clam Bouillon.
Olives. Radishes.
Boiled Halibut. Sauce Hollandaise.
Potato Croquettes. Pickled Oysters.
Crown of Mutton. Mint Sauce.
Molded Spinach with slices of Eggs.
Creamed Carrots.
Macaroni Pudding. Tomato Sauce.
Easter Salad.
Pineapple Meringue.
Candied Eggs with Bonbons.
Coffee.

Bisque of Clam Bouillon—Mince a tablespoonful of onion, two tablespoonfuls of carrot and two of celery. Place in a saucepan with two level tablespoonfuls of butter, cover and cook slowly, stirring frequently until vegetables are tender. Then add two tablespoonfuls of flour, having same amount of fat in pan; stir until smooth; add a pint of boiling water and a pint of clam bouillon. Let boil up, then strain and return to the fire. Beat the yolks of two eggs with half a cup of cream; add half a cup of hot bouillon, mix and turn slowly into the soup, stirring rapidly. Serve with cream wafers.

Potato Croquettes and Pickled oysters are used to garnish the boiled halibut.

MACARONI PUDDING.

Cook macaroni without breaking when cold, and line a round or oblong buttered mold by coiling it around. Make a forcemeat of two cups of cold chicken chopped fine, one tablespoonful of finely minced parsley, one teaspoonful of onion juice, one teaspoonful of salt, quarter of a teaspoonful of white pepper, a tablespoonful of green pepper chopped fine, two well-beaten eggs and enough thick cream sauce to bind well together. Fill the lined mold with this, stand in a pan of hot water and steam until pudding is firm. Turn out on a heated dish and serve with browned tomato sauce.

EASTER SALAD.

Cut potatoes into long, narrow strips, as for straws, boil in salted water until barely done; drain and while still warm sprinkle with a little oil, lemon and onion juice and let stand until cold. Arrange these straws into little nest shapes on crisp lettuce leaves; make little balls of cream cheese, roll them in grated yellow cheese and lay them in the nests; serve with mayonnaise for the potatoes.

PINEAPPLE MERINGUE.

Peel a medium-sized pineapple, slice and cut into small cubes. Put into a sauce pan with a cup of granulated sugar and a cup of water; stir until sugar is dissolved and cook until the syrup is quite thick. Put three cups of milk in double boiler and heat scalding hot. Beat the yolks of six eggs until light, then pour the milk over them; mix well and return to the boiler; stir and cook until thick. Pour the custard into a basin and chill on ice; then add the pineapple and syrup. Freeze quite stiff, then pack in an oval or egg-shaped mold; cover closely and pack in ice and salt. Let stand several hours. Boil half a cup of sugar with quarter of a cup of water until it spins a thread when slowly dropped from a spoon. Beat five of the egg whites to a stiff froth and then add the syrup; beat until cold. When ready to serve the pudding, turn quickly out of mold onto a very cold, fireproof dish. Cover with the meringue and slip into a very hot oven and brown lightly and serve at once.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Hashed Liver on Toast,
Baked Potatoes,
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Cold Mutton Sliced,
Tomato Jelly with Mayonnaise,
Butter Cakes, Cocoa.
DINNER.
Sorrel Soup.
Baked Fish, Boned, and Stuffed with Oysters,
Potato Balls String Beans,
Sweetbread and Cucumber Salad,
Snow Pudding,
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, Cream,
Codfish Hashed in Cream,
Plain Boiled Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Broiled Oysters, Brown Sauce,
Stewed Macaroni,
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Clear Soup,
Fricassee of Flounders, Mashed Potatoes,
Hot Cold Slaw,
Baked Bananas, Cream,
Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream,
Meat Cakes, Horseradish Sauce,
Fried Onions,
Corn Mush Waffles, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Fricassee of Mushrooms,
Sweet Potato Croquettes,
Cottage Cheese, Brown Bread,
Tea.
DINNER.
Tomato Soup,
Broiled Steak, Mashed Potatoes,
Corn Pudding,
Egg Salad,
Orange Charlotte,
Coffee.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES.

Mrs. J. W. P. writes: When using vegetable oil for deep frying is it necessary to have it smoking hot for all articles fried?

HEATING VEGETABLE OIL FOR FRYING.

Do not have your vegetable oil "smoking" hot for frying any article. Oysters and croquettes requiring but little cooking are put in the oil when it reaches a temperature high enough to immediately color a crumb of dry bread a light delicate brown. Raw potatoes, small fish, doughnuts and uncooked articles require a lower temperature to allow them to cook through before they are too well browned on the surface. Test the fat with either a piece of the dough or raw potato. For the dough the fat must be hot enough to act at once in liberating the gas in the powder and expanding the dough so it will rise at once to the surface, but not brown for several minutes. If you have any trouble in browning the articles, you probably keep your fat below the browning point by putting too many articles in the fat at the same time.

Miss Porter writes: Will you kindly give recipe for French toast and for frappe?

FRENCH TOAST.

Toast slices of stale bread; then dip each slice first in sweet milk and then in well-beaten egg and fry brown in hot fat.

FRAPPE.

The writer does not say give name of frappe desired; we therefore give recipe for orange frappe:

Add two cups of water to one cup of granulated sugar and stir until sugar is dissolved; then boil for five minutes; add a cup of orange pulp and quarter of a cup of strained lemon juice. Beat until cold and then freeze to the consistency of soft snow; using equal quantities of salt and ice. he orange juice may be used instead of the pulp and the whites of three eggs beaten to a froth, stirred in just before freezing.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

REST AS YOU RIDE.

The Morrow Coaster Brake.

Guarantees you *Absolute Comfort and Pleasure in Cycling.* Fits any wheel. Your wheel always under control. Security on hills. A luxury on the level.

You Ride 50 Miles, but Pedal only 35 Miles.

100,000 satisfied riders last year. Sold by all cycle dealers. *Booklet Free.*

Eclipse Mfg. Co., Elmira, N. Y.

van Houten's Cocoa

Easy to Make—Easy to Digest and of Exquisite Flavor.
Strengthening, Refreshing and most Economical in use.
Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.

Nerves like this
become steady
Nerves like this
when you eat
The Food Granola

Nervous disorders are aggravated by heavy, pasty or harsh, burned grain foods. *Granola* is thoroughly cooked, sterilized and digested. It is ready for instant use. *Eat Granola and Live.* Live well and be well while you live. Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Sold by all grocers. Beware of imitations.

Drink Caramel Cereal and Sleep Well—it leaves the nerves *Strong.* Caramel Cereal is the only substitute for coffee that has an actual food value. Send 3 cents for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. BATTLE CREEK, Mich.

Choicest Farm (Melted) Butter is not equal to

WESSON VEGETABLE ODORLESS COOKING OIL

because Wesson Cooking Oil is richer, has better cooking qualities, is more conveniently handled and costs much less. Wesson Oil is more easily digested than melted butter and enables a dyspeptic to eat foods fried in it with greatest "after-comfort."

Of course you know that Wesson Oil is vastly superior to any animal fat

for the same reason that it is superior to butter and because lard may carry with it the disease-taint with which the swine may be affected.

Philadelphia, Jan. 25, 1900.

Wesson Process Co.

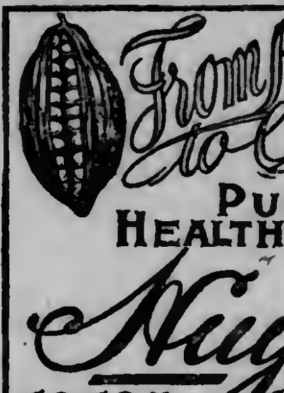
Gentlemen:—Both brands of Wesson Oil have now been most thoroughly tested and both give excellent results. The Wesson Salad Oil is certainly sweet and bland and makes up easily into all sorts of salad dressings.

Fully believing as I do that oil is the only fat to use for frying purposes, I most heartily endorse the Wesson Cooking Oil, which has given most favorable results. Very truly yours,

SARAH TYSON RORER.

Sold by leading grocers. Send us 4c in stamps, mention this paper and receive our new cook book.

WESSON PROCESS CO.
120 South Third Street, Philadelphia.



From Bean to Cup
PURE! HEALTHFUL!!
Huyler's
COCOA CHOCOLATE
GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 18th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of John Gulbranson, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Gustaf Gulbranson, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 23rd day of September, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

It is ordered further that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March-20-27-April-3-1901.

BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

HARRISON ENDORSED

Elected Mayor of Chicago For the Third Time.

His Plurality Over Judge Hanecy Is 28,257.

Results of Elections Held In Various Other Cities.

Chicago, April 3.—Carter H. Harrison has been re-elected mayor of Chicago and will next week commence his third term as the chief executive of the city. His total plurality over Judge Elbridge Hanecy, the Republican nominee, is 28,257. The total vote of the city is Harrison, 156,952; Hanecy, 128,695, Harrison's plurality, 28,257.

In the last mayoralty election the vote was: Harrison, Democrat, 148,497; Carter, Republican, 107,437; Harrison's plurality, 41,057.

In the presidential campaign last fall the city vote for president was: McKinley, 189,786; Bryan, 177,165; McKinley's plurality, 7621. Samuel Alschuler, the Democratic nominee for governor, ran ahead of Bryan, however, his vote being 188,521 against 172,386 for Yates, a plurality of 16,135 for Alschuler.

Out of the 35 wards of the city Harrison carried 26 and Hanecy 9. The vote was badly split, some of the strongest Republican parts of the city giving only a small plurality for the party nominee and some of them going for Harrison, who, however, suffered in some of the Democratic strongholds. The city wards were redistricted after the presidential election, and the regular majorities in some of the wards were turned squarely around from what they have always been.

The redistriction will make some difference in the complexion of the next municipal council, as several of the aldermen who, in ordinary circumstauces would have held over, were redistricted entirely out of their wards. There were two hold-overs in the Seventh and Thirty-first. Where there were two hold-overs the new council will decide who of the men is entitled to the seat, and where there were none, and two men were elected at the present election, the courts will be called upon to decide the question of the legality of an aldermanic election, in which two men were elected at one time, instead of one, as provided by the statutes governing the case. For these reasons it is impossible at this time to predict the exact formation of the new council, but indications are at present that the Republicans will have a working majority. The present body consists of 39 Republicans, 27 Democrats and 4 independents. Of the hold-overs 16 were Republicans, 15 Democrats and 3 independents.

The chief issue in the campaign has been the granting of franchises to the street car companies of the city. These all expire soon by limitation and the terms of extension are to be selected during the next two years. Harrison has a record against the granting of long franchises and his followers claimed throughout the campaign that the Republican nominee was inclined to grant long time privileges. The Republicans denied this with great energy, making their campaign on the flaws they picked in the record of Mayor Harrison and saying that Hanecy was the more disposed to favor the street car companies than is Harrison. Hanecy was the nominee of the Republican machine, which is dominated by ex-Congressman William Lorimer and this fact cost him many votes in his party, as there are many of the rank and file of the party who are stoutly opposed to their party machine and all of its works. The Democratic following of ex-Governor Altgeld was against Harrison.

One of the features of the campaign was the aldermanic contest in the Twenty-first ward, Mayor Harrison's home ward, where Honore Palmer, son of Potter Palmer, was a candidate for election on the Democratic ticket, it being his first essay in politics. His opponent was S. Harvey Helm, Republican, who has been alderman from the ward for two years. Palmer was elected by a majority of about 1200.

WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee—County elections were held throughout the state Tuesday, and nearly all the cities and towns elected tickets. As a rule, party lines were eliminated. Justice Eric Dodge was elected to the supreme bench without opposition. Four non-partisan judges were elected in Milwaukee county. Oshkosh went Democratic by 250, against a Republican majority last year of 500. At Madison, W. G. Zimmerman, Republican, was elected county judge by about 800 majority, and Professor Storm Bull, Democrat, a nephew of Ole Bull, was elected mayor. Racine and Fond du Lac elected Democratic mayors and Republican councils. Janesville and Waukesha went Republican.

Following is a list of the towns and cities, and the way they went:

Republican: Amherst, Waupaca, Sparta, Fairchild, Baraboo, Hayward, Darlington, Black River Falls, Pewaukee, Delavan, River Falls, Unity, Viroqua, Park Falls, Monroe, Marshall, Janesville, Bloomer, Evansville, Hudson, Waukesha.

Democratic: Hartford, Ashland, Kenosha, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fox Lake, Climan, Jefferson, West Bend, Marinette, Muskoda, Two Rivers, Boyd, Juneau, Elroy, Pardeville.

Citizens' or non-partisan: Grand Rapids, Shawano, Weyauwega, Royalton, Bloomfield, Fremont, Wolf River, Osceola, Phillips, Elkhart Lake, Augusta, Wyocena, Tomahawk, Britton, Shell Lake, Kilbourn, New Lisbon, Algoma, Arcadia, Colby, Thorpe, Horicon, St. Croix Falls, Rhinelander.

No license: Oconto, Grantsburg.

License: Deerfield, Lodi, Spring Green.

KANSAS.

Kansas City—Municipal elections were held in all the larger cities of Kansas Tuesday. Party lines were not drawn generally, and in numerous cities the issue was prohibition, Mrs. Nation's crusade having aroused the temperance people to demand enforcement of the law against liquor selling.

In Kansas City, Kas., the largest city in the state, there were straight party tickets, and W. H. Craddock, Democrat, was elected mayor by 900.

In Topeka, the Republican ticket, headed by J. W. F. Hughes for mayor, and supported by the temperance people, was elected

J. W. Orr, Democrat, was elected mayor of Atchison by 500 majority.

At Leavenworth the entire Democratic ticket was elected by a majority of 500. At Wichita, where Mrs. Nation began her crusade, the temperance ticket was overwhelmingly defeated by the Republicans.

The Republicans carried Galena, elected J. V. McGann mayor.

MINNESOTA.

St. Paul—Municipal elections were held in the various cities of the third-class throughout the state Tuesday. Party lines were not drawn, and in many cases there was but one ticket in the field. Wherever the issue was "license" or "no license," the former has been successful.

In several instances the question of issuing bonds for various local improvements was voted upon. At New Ulm, a proposition to issue $30,000 bonds for a municipal electric light plant carried, while at Le Sueur a proposed tax levy for public library was overwhelmingly defeated.

ELSEWHERE.

Denver—The city election went heavily Republican, the only officers which are at all in doubt being hte mayoralty and some of the members of the council. Henry V. Johnson, present mayor, ran independently on a ticket which with three or four exceptions, was identical with that of the Republicans headed by Robert R. Wright..

Lincoln, Neb.—Mayor Hudson J. Winnett, Republican, was elected by a majority slightly exceeding the normal. Every other Republican city candidate was also elected.

You can cure dyspepsia by dieting. Eat good, wholesome food, and plenty of it—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to cure. Max Wirth.

PATHETIC PICTURE

Of Philip Wolfrom Who Became Crazed In New York.

He Saw His Paintings Burn and His Hopes Vanish.

Intended to Go to Paris ---Story of His Love.

A New York special to The Herald on Monday told of the sad case of Philip Wolfrom, the artist, and son of Louis Wolfrom, of this city, who suddenly lost his reason in New York, crazed by the burning of his studio, with all his paintings and other art treasures. The story in detail is thus told by the World of Monday:

A PATHETIC SCENE.

Pathetic was the picture yesterday when Philip Wolfrom, cowboy, athlete, student, who, love denied him, gave himself to art—Wolfrom, whom Tissot and Munkaczy had painted as the Christ—in Jefferson market police court was sent away to Bellevue's insane ward.

Fire last Thursday morning fell upon his studio. Flames wiped out the works of art on which his hopes in life were based. He fought in vain to save them, and when all was over turned away with laughter—a maniac's laugh.

And in that laugh there lies the pathos of this story—the story of a boy born with the spark of genius in his soul, who breathed in genius amid the solitude of the great plains, whose delicate, artistic mind was doomed to two great disappointments, at the very threshold of a most promising career.

CHAPTER I.

Philip Wolfrom was born in Duluth, Minn., of staunch parents—of the kind that went Westward on the first wave of pioneering. He early began to notice the beautiful in nature. To all dumb creatures he was kind and gentle. He loved the flowers and nature.

This love early drove him into the saddle. To earn a living and to enjoy the wild free life of the plains he took to herding cattle. He quickly learned to shoot with the revolver in a way that startled older cowboys, to handle the curling lassoo with surpassing skill.

Out on the plains he used to read novels and to study books while in the saddle. The old, wild, sweet ambition that every boy of spirit has came to him. He plunged Eastward and four years ago struck New York—a stranger. He frequented museums and libraries. He studied night and day. And back in Minnensota an old mother prayed.

Riding in Central Park policemen saw his horsemanship. Soon he was asked to teach a class of New York's bluecoats the art of riding. He took the class, was talked about, and what he earned he spent in the art schools.

His bright, open, handsome face, the bronze of the plains still on it, attracted the attention of S. Louis Mora and Professor Chase. They looked at his sketches and bade him go to Paris and study.

He went. What matter to him whether he had money to live on there or not. To such fellows all things come. He reached the Latin Quarter with the best of letters of introduction in his pocket—and kept them there.

CHAPTER II.

But Paris quickly found him out. They told him at Bozart's that he must be hazed. They warned him that he would suffer if he resisted it. Laughingly he bade them to wait till the next morning.

Next morning the hazers came. They found him sitting on the posing platform in deer skins, a brace of revolvers at his waist, a rawhide lasso in his hands.

With a hiss the rawhide sprang from his sturdy arm and circled down on the head of the chief hazer. Quickly he was hauled up and his wind cut off. Releasing him the cowboy artist picked another and pulled him to the platform. The rest fled:

The lasso was a novelty to Paris. The cowboy became a favorite. Today his figure is to be seen in many a European studio, for he willingly posed for his schoolmates.

Tissot and Munkazcy visited the school. They saw the handsome figure of the Westerner. They saw his gentle face, the kindness that shone in his eyes. The peace, the subdued energy, the lack of selfishness in his face made him their model for "The Christ" in those pictures that are famous.

CHAPTER III.

He fell in love. She was an art student, Anetta Trasor, daughter of Vienna parents. She was too strongly wedded to her art. The plainsman's wooing was in vain.

It was just after that, in March, 1899, his sister, Annie, found him lying ill in Boulogne-sur-Mer, and brought him home.

Pale and emaciated he took passage with her on the steamship Rotterdam. He stood on deck till the blue and purple shores of France vanished below the horizon, then turned to babble mildly of Anetta Trasor. When they tried to reason with him madness seized him still more violently and a straitjacket was resorted to.

His friend, Seymour Burwell, of Duluth, came with him. He and the sister took Wolfrom to Bellevue, where ultimately he recovered completely.

He wrote to the Vienna girl to wait for him; he would win fame and fortune.

Here in New York he began again. His study in Paris had greatly improved him. He was reckoned a master. He began to show his hands at sculpturing animals. Thousands admired his sculptured broncos and steers. His masterpiece is supposed to be an elephant, now on exhibition at the academy of design.

Other artists in the West Fourteenth street studio building said he was killing himself with work. Those who knew of the Vienna sweetheart shook their heads.

His studio was filled with the best work, worth a fortune in itself. Wealthy folk admired and offered to buy. Several pieces he was finishing meant to him another trip to Paris. It was his hope to go to Paris and claim the little Vienna art student this spring.

But it was not to be.

CHAPTER IV.

Last Thursday morning he went out for his coffee and rolls. He was only a boy, for all his success. As he returned he hummed an old-fashioned tune that his mother had taught him.

Suddenly there was a cry of fire. Smoke burst from his studio. Firemen arrived at the same time that he did. He tried to force his way into the room. They held him back. It was too late to save anything. With a look of sorrow he commenced to talk about his paintings and models.

Then, with a laugh, he turned away—the delicate mind of the artist was unstrung once more.

He rushed into the street and disappeared. An hour later he appeared at the home of Mrs. Stumm, in East Twenty-first street. He talked incoherently and raved about his Vienna sweetheart, but said nothing about the fire

In a little while he rushed out. He made his way to Miss Maud Stumm's studio, in West Twenty-third street. There he sat down at an easel. Over and over he tried to catch an expression on the cloth, but it would not come. He talked incohorently, and Miss Stumm was frightened.

That night he sat all the night on his stairs. Those who passed thought him drunk. Next morning he returned to Miss Stumm's studio and an elevator boy called in a policeman.

In the Jefferson Market court yesterday Miss Stumm sadly made complaint against her old friend, charging that he was insane. He was sent to Bellevue that his mental condition might be determined.

Mrs. Stumm telegraphed his sister in Kansas City, and his family will take charge of him. It is honed that he will recover.

The Anderson Palm Garden

DULUTH'S POPULAR RESORT FOR GENTLEMEN.

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

Miss Pauline Pement, Violinist.

Miss Pauline Pement, without a doubt, one of the finest Lady Violinists in the country, has been secured by us for a brief period. She is a great favorite in Duluth, having filled an engagement of twelve consecutive months in this house with the CHICAGO LADIES ORCHESTRA last season, and met with the greatest success.

We are pleased to state that our little Lady Contralto, Miss Beatrice Hawthorn, has recovered from her illness, and will be happy to entertain the patrons of the Garden with the latest songs of the day. To hear her is a rare treat.

Miss Lilian Prindell is considered by the musical critics of Duluth to be an artist of the highest standing on the instrument known as the nearest one to the human voice—the 'Cello. She has been heard and highly appreciated by those attending the Flaaten Concerts during the past winter.

In connection with the above artists we have Prof. Bernard-Perboner's Famous Ladies Orchestra. Every member a star and soloist.

We wish to take this opportunity of thanking the public at large, rich and poor, for the generous patronage received at their hands. Many of our best friends told us, when we started, "too good for Duluth." We told them, "No, nothing is too good for Duluth." To prove this, we want you, with the many, to follow the crowds, afternoon or evening, to this noted resort and see if we made a mistake. Everyone has his enemies; we have a few, and why? Because we would not let them run our business. No, we want to run it ourself. We are in business to please the many and not the few.

The Strictest of Order Prevails at All Times.

While taking it easy in one of our chairs ask for "La Verdad," clear Havana, or "La Linda.," Domestic Cigar.

JAY W. ANDERSON, Prop.

Miss Beatrice Hawthorn, Soloist.

EASTER FLOWERS

This week our big store will be packed full of the finest line of potted plants we have ever shown. The stock will consist of Easter Lilies, Azaleas, Hydrangeas, Spireas, Hyacinths, Tulips, Daffodils, Violets, Lilies of the Valley. Every plant grown in our own houses.

Saturday we will show the largest and finest line of Cut Flowers and made up baskets of Flowers and plants ever seen in Duluth.

You will miss one of the most magnificent Floral Displays of a lifetime if you fail to see our store Friday and Saturday.

We will also have our usual fine display of choice Home-made Candies and a nice line of EASTER EGGS, RABBITS, ETC.

——SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAYS.

W. W. Seekins,

115 W. Superior St. Florist and Confectioner.

CABLE FLASHES.

By a night surprise the British captured a laager of sixty Boers near Boschberg, between Brandfort and Saltpan, Orange River Colony.

It is asserted in Paris on responsible authority that Yang Tse viceroys who since last summer have been under official obligations to England have renewed their protests against the signing of the Manchurian convention, and both England and Japan are going to great lengths in efforts to secure its rejection.

Li Hung Chang, with his bodyguard, is returning to Shanghai. He is indisposed. Steamers are detained at his disposal and he is expected to arrive at Tien Tsin Thursday. A company of Germans defeated 1000 Chinese robbers March 31, seven miles north of Tien Tsin, killing eleven and wounding fifty. It is reported that a dozen foreigners were acting in co-operation with the robbers. The Germans captured thirty carts and a gun.

The London county council has decided to buy 225 acres of land on which to build workmen's houses to accommodate 42,000 persons. The cost will be £1,500,000.

An earthquake at Cape Kaliakra, on the Black sea, March 31, destroyed the lighthouse there.

The London Daily Express publishes the following dispatch from Pao Ting Fu, dated March 31: "Chinese here profess to have received information from Li Hung Chang that the Manchurian convention has been signed."

Luke Fildes has been commanded to paint a full-length state portrait of King Edward in his royal robes. It will be the official portrait.

MINSTREL DEAD.

New York, April 3.—Harry Budworth, the old-time minstrel and vaudeville performer, died last night of hemorrhage of the lungs at the home of a friend in this city. Mr. Budworth was over 50, and at one time was one of the most popular of Haverly's minstrel troupe.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels, make them regular. Max Wirth.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

BRAIN FOOD

Is of Little Benefit Unless It Is Digested.

Nearly everyone will admit that as a nation we eat too much meat and too little of vegetables and the grains.

For business men, office men and clerks, and in fact everyone engaged in sedentary or indoor occupations, grains, milk and vegetables are much more healthful.

Only men engaged in severe outdoor manual labor can live on a heavy meat diet and continue in health.

As a general rule meat once a day is sufficient for all classes of men, women and children, and grains, fruit and vegetables should constitute the bulk of food eaten.

But many of the most nutritious foods are difficult of digestion, and it is of no use to advise brain workers to eat largely of grains and vegetables when the digestion is too weak to assimilate them properly.

It is always best to get the best results from our food that some simple and harmless digestive should be taken after meals to assist the relaxed digestive organs, and several years' experience have proven Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to be a very safe, pleasant and effective digestive, and a remedy which may be taken daily with the best results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can hardly be called a patent medicine, as they do not act on the bowels nor any particular organ, but only on the food eaten. They supply what weak stomachs lack, pepsin diastase, and by stimulating the gastric glands, increase the natural secretion of hydrochloric acid.

People who make a daily practice of taking one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal are sure to have perfect digestion, which means perfect health.

There is no danger of forming an injurious habit, as the tablets contain absolutely nothing but natural digestives; cocaine, morphine and similar drugs have no place in a stomach medicine, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are certainly the best known and most popular of all stomach remedies.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and after a week's use note the improvement in health, appetite and [illegible]

HANNA DENIES.

Knows Nothing About Panama Canal Scheme.

New York, April 3.—Senator Hanna's attention was called at the Waldorf-Astoria last night to the report that J. Pierpont Morman had formed a syndicate to buy the rights of the French Panama canal company and that in conversation with the president and Senator Hanna Mr. Morgan had advocated the abandonment of the Nicaraguan route.

"Yes, I have already seen that report in the paper," he said, "and you may say for me that there is not a word of truth in it. Personally, I have never expressed a preference for any route, but as for this story, I have never heard of such a thing. If Mr. Morgan is going into the canal business, I am not in his confidence."

AT A STANDSTILL.

No Progress In Peace Negotiations In China.

New York, April 3.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: Despite statements to the effect that China has not rejected the Manchurian convention, it is thought here that she will probably do so.

Japan has given to China written assurances that she will share the consequences of China's refusal to sign the Russian treaty if these consequences include war. The peace negotiations are at a standstill.

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe. Max Wirth.

The Blood HEALTHY OR DISEASED

When there is a natural and healthy circulation of the blood, the entire quantity, estimated at one-eighth the weight of the body, passes through the heart every five minutes. This rapid flow of the blood through the system prevents the entrance of disease germs and impurities of every description. It filters out all that is not necessary or good for the growth and development of the body and nourishing and strengthening the muscles, tissues, nerves and bones. But, unfortunately, few persons can rightly claim an absolutely pure blood supply and perfect and unpolluted circulation, and in consequence are exposed to innumerable diseases. Contagious Blood Poison, the greatest enemy to mankind, enters the system through the blood, and Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Tetter—in fact the majority of human ailments—are caused by poisons or humors that are engendered and fostered in a sluggish and impoverished blood. Old sores, chronic ulcers and rheumatic pains are common, especially among old people, whose blood naturally grows thin and pale because of the lack of the red corpuscles that give color and strength to youthful blood. Sallow complexions and rough, oily skins evidence some constitutional or blood trouble, which salves, lotions, powders nor any external treatment can cure. Diseases that originate in the blood, whether they manifest themselves as ulcers, tumors, itching eruptions, muscular or bone pains, require a tonic and blood purifier such as S. S. S., which not only antidotes and neutralizes blood poisons and humors, but possesses health-giving tonic properties that no other blood medicine does. It goes down to the very foundation of the disease and eliminates from the system everything of a poisonous character or that obstructs and clogs the circulation. It builds up and imparts new strength and vitality to the old innutritious blood, and when the arteries and veins are once more filled with new rich blood, the general health begins to improve, muscles grow stronger, and sores and eruptions of every kind disappear.

The Blood is the Source of All Strength

Polluted Blood Breeds Disease

S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier, and the purest and most reliable in all blood diseases. It has been tested in thousands of cases during the past fifty years and is more popular today than ever. We will be glad to send you our book free, and if in need of medical advice write our physicians all about your case; this information will cost you nothing and comes from experienced and educated doctors. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

FOR THE EASTER BRIDES

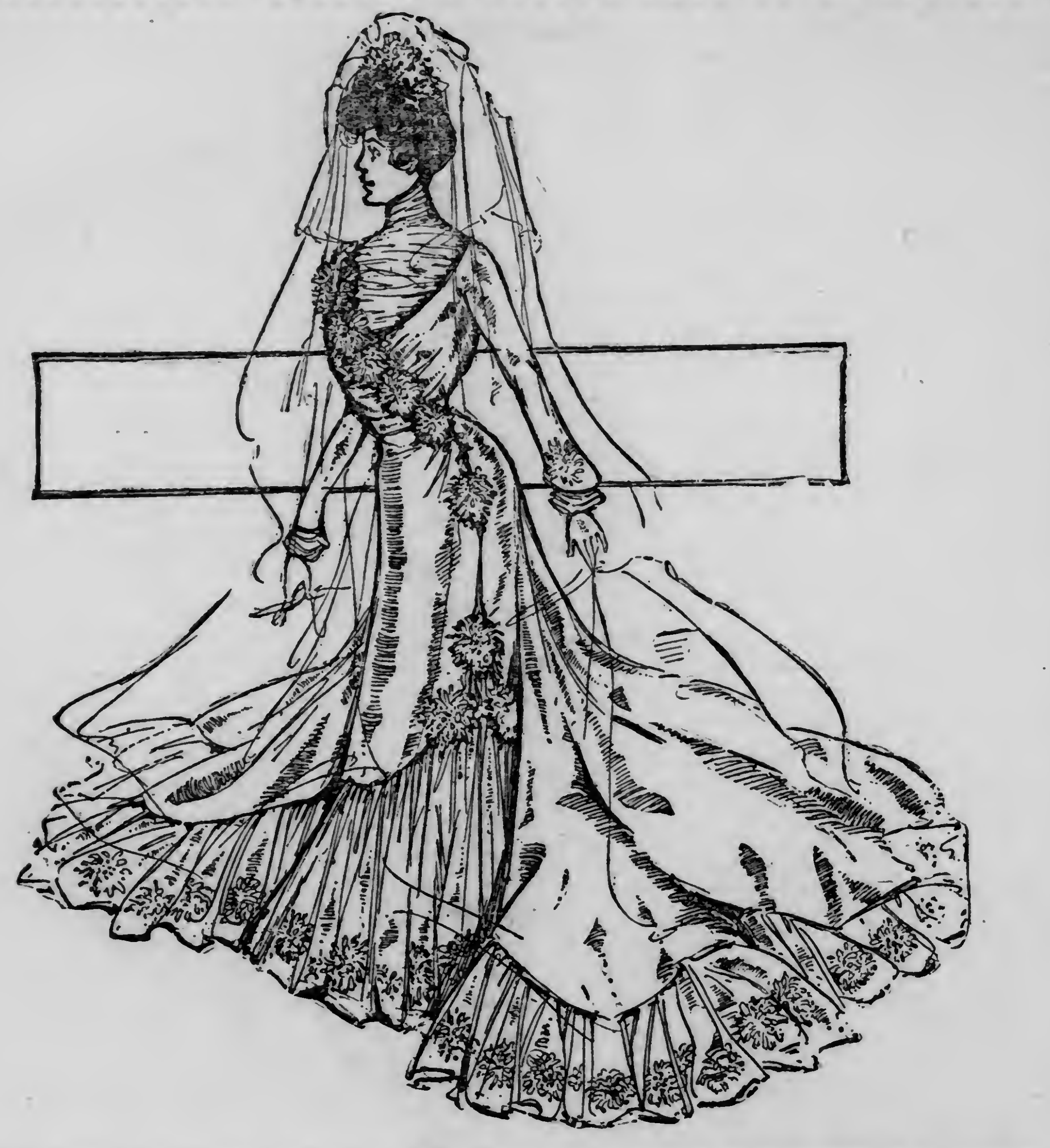
Flowing Empire Gowns and Princess Robes---The Little Painted Veils For the Bridesmaids---Many Novel Creations.

Paris, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Every year, just at this season, the shops here are besieged by impatient American girls bargaining for their trousseaux. They remain in America, enjoying their last season of young ladyhood, with zest, until Lent calls a halt to gaieties. The swiftest ocean greyhounds bring them over here and their important mission is all completed before Easter. And what energetic shoppers these brides-to-be prove. They all come well equipped with addresses of recommended shops and their days are spent in one continuous round of shopping. The glove makers, the fan makers, the lingeries, the couturiers, the tailors, the modistes all do their very prettiest to these fair clients for they know just how much their patronage is worth.

Chance often throws several of these young women together at some well-appointed pension, and their interest become the common interest of the entire household. Our pension this spring has housed a bevy of the prettiest American girls imaginable, the kind that you proudly allude to as "typical" in a foreign country where people can't prove on you your prevarication. They have inspired us all with the keenest interest in their purchases and after dinner they hold little impromptu receptions and exhibit enthusiastically their latest acquired finery. Their trousseaux are bought with an eye to serving through the entire summer so that gauzy creations are really in the majority. So here we got an inkling of what to expect through the hot months of summer. And speaking of summer reminds me of an interesting purchase one of these young women made for her six bridesmaids. Hers is to be an empire wedding carried out faithfully in every detail, even as to church decorations. The bridesmaids are to carry the most bewitching little empire fans of white gauze incrusted with delicate festoons of Brussels lace and at the center there is a medallion of tulle with a monogram wrought of Brussels lace appliquet. The sticks are the frailest little affairs of carved ivory inlaid with tiny flecks of gold effects.

The wedding gowns that have been fashioned for Easter brides veer away delightfully from the conventional rigid white satin gown of days gone by. There are flowing empire gowns of the softest tissue silks, with fluffy soft ruches and frills, and clinging princess robes with their long lines left unbroken and boasting as a trimming all sorts of lace motifs appliqued flat.

A wedding gown designed for a tall lithe girl was made of soft white liberty satin. It was princess and fastened over to the left side in scantily draped folds. Along the edges of the opening there was a border of chrysanthemum blossoms in Brussels lace appliqued flat. The lower blossoms that were arranged in an artistic cluster on the lower part of the gown and long heavy interlacing stems caught up to the waist line. The neck was cut V at the front and was filled in with white chiffon laid in tiny tucks. Chiffon was also employed for the high tucked collar that was ornamented with lace appliques. The lower part of the gown was trimmed with a full deep flounce of the chiffon with the lace chrysanthemum blossoms appliqued at intervals. There was a decided flare at the lower part of the close fitting satin sleeves showing a puff of white chiffon underneath.



Princess wedding gown, made of white Liberty satin, trimmed with Brussels lace appliques. Yoke collar and flounce of white chiffon.

A great deal of thought is given the bridal veil, which, by the way, will be "part and parcel" of the approved bridesmaids' toilettes. The very newest little veils have dainty borders of orange blossoms, painted in the most delicate colors on bolting cloth and appliqued. Painted orange blossoms ornament the long white suede gloves that are to be worn with a bridal gown having elbow sleeves.

There are a number of pretty light summer silks in all these smart trousseaux. Figured crepons, embroidered crepe de chine in all the new shades, penne foulards, open-work surahs, all made up daintily with touches of sheer batiste embroidery, touches of ribbon and gauzy scarfs and sashes.

A very effective panne foulard gown boasted a large bias plaid, in white, black and a brilliant shade of grass green. The skirt was made close fitting over the hips and the fullness at the back was given by a very much shirred box plait. Around the lower part there was a trimming of bias folds of the silk describing diamonds. At the center of each diamond there was a motif of white embroidered batiste. An acordeon plaited frill of hunters green gauze finished the skirt. The corsage was of pierced and embroidered white batiste over green taffeta. It had a sort of novel bolero wrought of narrow bias folds of the silk describing zig-zag lines. The uppermost fold crossed at the front and continued over the shoulders to form bretelles. Folds of the silk ornamented the upper part of the bishop-shaped batiste sleeve and gave the eect of being a continuation of the folds forming the bolero. There was a broad scarf of the green gauze that encircled the waist with long ends reaching nearly to the bottom of the skirt.

The hats in these trousseaux are all the lightest fluffiest creations imaginable. Tulle plays a most important role, spangled tulle and delicate chiffon flowers of all shades.

An attractive traveling gown designed for a spring bride was made of light brown cloth. It had one of the new princess skirts that merged into a sort of corslet ceinture, higher at the back than the front. It was cut to give a triple tunic eect and at the left side was slashed for its entire length and finished with a dark brown taffeta facing heavily stitched. A similar trimming was repeated at the bottom of each tunic. There were broad bands of the stitched taffeta attaching the slashed edges of the tunic that had the effect of being buttoned across with small green gold buttons.

The jacket was a bolero cut in scallops around the bottom and trimmed with taffeta bands put on to give a triple bolero effect. It was trimmed double-breasted fashion with small gold buttons that gave a pretty touch to the high military collar. The sleeves were close fitting and finished with bands of the stitched taffeta and gilt buttons.

Ribbon plays such an important role on all of the new summer gowns. One dainty afternoon blouse was actually built of ribbon woven into a bias plaid. It was white gauze ribbon, two inches wide. The corsage was a blouse fastening over to the left side with a single large strass button. It was cut roundnecked to show a yoke and tall collar of the sheerest white embroidered batiste. There was a single revere at the front of the corsage bordering on the yoke that was draped in white chiffon. A frill of embroidered chiffon fell jabot fashion from the yoke to the narrow black velvet ribbon ceinture. This narrow velvet ribbon was repeated at the top of the collar and again at the lower edge, where it merged into a cravat bow. Woven ribbon was employed for the close-fitting elbow sleeves that were finished with chiffon frills. Short loops of the ribbon formed basques.

The long traveling coats that all brides include in their trousseaux are for the most part built on Raglan lines. One new affair of light weight castor cloth was made with broad tucks that described Vs at the front and back. These tucks were considerably stretched before being stitched so that instead of lying flat they vaunted a decided little flare. The upper part back and front was ornamented with heavy castor colored guipure that gave rather the effect of a yoke. A high stitched taffeta collar of a deeper shade of castor gave a neck finish. The broad stitched cuffs were of the same material. Large agate buttons, set in silver, fastened the coat at the front.

The prettiest wedding slippers are of white velvet with choux of white gauze, glittering with strass.

NINA GOODWIN.

THE EASTER TABLE.

Decorations and Other Accessories For a Luncheon.

After the gloom of Lent, the fasting and the long prayers society blossoms once more into gayety on Easter day. Even the dining room shows evidence of the new order of things. Lenten menus belong to the winter, but the Easter table boasts of the first fruits of the earth and all things which are fresh, green and fragrant.

Of course the luncheon table would not represent an Easter feast without lilies. They are essential. A pretty centerpiece is a moss of green jardiniere filled with the snowy blossoms. The base of the jar is hidden by masses of violets, both white and purple. At the four corners of the table sprays of lilies and myrtle are fastened carelessly. At each girl's place there is a bouquet of white violets and at each man's place a purple. The candle shades must be white and gold, or they can each represent a single lily. Of course the prettiest china for Easter is white and gold, and the yellow tone, suggestive of sunlight, should be introduced as much as possible. Indeed some women carry this idea so far that they will not suffer artificial light at all. They let in all the sunlight possible, so that it may stream over the table and glitter from each bit of silverware and crystal.

As regards the menu itself, all sorts of Easter conceits may be introduced by a clever woman—a roast chicken surrounded by eggs made of mashed potato artistically speckled with browned cracker crumbs; a lemonade in which tiny confectionery ducklings swim. Rabbits can be made to stand guard over the crystal dishes of radishes, salted almonds and olives. The ices can be in the shape of candy chickens sitting on colored ice cream eggs, and the bonbons and crystallized fruits can be held in crape paper receptacles fashioned so as to represent single flowers. The after dinner coffee may be daintily served in cups made out of large-sized eggshells. These can be ornamented in gold paint with the initials of each guest. Of course these egg cups cannot stand alone. They will have to be placed in the little silver holders so popular for Turkish coffee, or, if these are lacking, ordinary napkin rings can be used. These should be covered with pale green crepe paper cut so as to represent leaves. The effect of the eggs nestling among the foliage is very pretty.

EASTER'S PROMISE.

Come, all ye dwellers on the earth,
Whether of high or lowly birth;
All who in God's own image are created,
Lift up the heart, lift up the voice,
'Tis Eastertide; rejoice, rejoice!
The Ship of Promise comes with treasures freighted.
The air rings with the glad refrain:
"Resurgam! I shall rise again!"

Roll back the stone! Roll back the stone!
The sepulcher is dark and lone!
The Lord has risen for the world's salvation!
Lift up heart and lift up voice,
'Tis Eastertide; rejoice, rejoice!
Land shouts to land, and nation calls to nation.
Hear the great and glad refrain:
"Resurgam! I shall rise again!"

Not to a creed or sect alone
Come the glad words, "Roll back the stone."
The Easter song is sung for all God's people.
Welcome the cry, "Rejoice, rejoice!"
From every heart, from every voice.
Let the bells sound from minaret and steeple.
The words swell up from hill and plain:
"Resurgam! I shall rise again!"

It is the promise to mankind,
The hope in every heart enshrined.
No matter what the worship be.
No matter where may bend the knee,
The Arab at his Allah's shrine,
The Persian where his fire gods shine,
The Hindoo prone at Vishnu's seat,
The savage at his idol's feet,
To all does Eastertide proclaim
A holy truth—a hope the same.

To all beneath the vault of heaven
The Easter promise has been given,
And in the swelling Easter song
Come angels' voices, clear and strong,
To every soul by error torn,
To every heart by sorrow worn,
To every bosom racked with pain:
"Resurgam! I shall rise again!"
—CONSTANCE LEVIEN, in New York World.

Easter In the New Century.

In the century just begun there will be 5217 Sundays. In that which we have hardly yet learned to speak of as the last Easter Sunday has occurred once on its earliest possible date, March 22, 1818; but this will not recur till the twenty-third century. The earliest Easter in the new century will be March 23, 1913. Easter Sunday will fall once on its latest day, April 25, 1943. This also occurred once in the century just passed—in 1866. Ascension day is practically always in May, but on three occasions in the past century it occurred in June, and in the new century, this will happen four times.

Can't Sleep?

Did you ever have that feeling of oppression, like a weight on your chest, or a load of cobblestones in your stomach, keeping you awake nights with a horrible sensation of anxiety, or tossing restlessly in terrible dreams, that make the cold perspiration break out all over you? That's insomnia, or sleeplessness, and some unfortunates suffer with it night after night, until their reason is in danger and they are on the edge of going mad. The cause of this fearful ailment is in the stomach and bowels, and a Cascaret taken at night will soon bring relief and give the sufferer sweet, refreshing sleep. **Always insist on getting CASCARETS!**

air t' thim hobo-mobo troocks!—Puck.

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."
THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

The Coldest.

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.
NEVER SOLD IN BULK.
DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 458

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Add: STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

BRINGS FREEDOM

Haley, Tenn., February 2, 1900.

I have been suffering from female diseases for four years. At times I have to go to bed. I have had several doctors but none of them did me any good. My menses have not been right for years and they get worse every year. My friends advise me to take Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught. I will tell you of my troubles and ask you to write me whether or not I should take Wine of Cardui. I have pains all over me. I have no appetite to eat. At times it hurts me to stand on my feet. I have spells in which I nearly smother. My stomach and bowels are in bad shape and it hurts me to lie on my side. I have catarrh in my head so bad, my head nearly kills me sometimes. What can you do for me? Mrs. DELIA PEARSON.

The future seemed about hopeless when Mrs. Pearson wrote this letter. Four years had been full of pain for her. Doctors had failed. Just think of the agony of such years of menstrual suffering! This good woman knew she was gradually growing weaker. She could not eat. It was painful at times to lie down. The awful menstrual trouble was sapping away her life. The pain grew sharper and continued longer each month, and each month she grew less able to bear it. What was she to do? A friend answered that for Mrs. Pearson by advising her to take Wine of Cardui. Mrs. Pearson can never fully repay that friend.

WINE OF CARDUI

Haley, Tenn., June 17, 1900.

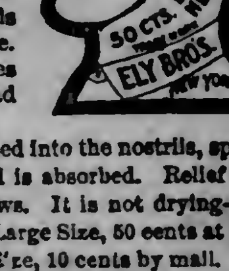
I have used five bottles of Wine of Cardui and five packages of Thedford's Black-Draught, and I feel like a new woman. My husband and my friends say I look better than I have in some time. I wrote you in February about your medicine, and I have been taking it ever since. I am doing all my work with ease, and am resting well at night and sleeping like a child. My menses come on regularly now for the first time in three years. I have no more smothering spells and no more headache, and I am feeling better in every way. When I wrote you last February I was not able to sit up. I began mending as soon as I commenced taking your medicine and have been improving ever since. Your medicines have done me more good than all the doctors' medicines. DELIA PEARSON.

How can any woman who suffers as Mrs. Pearson suffered read this statement without recognizing that Wine of Cardui will cure her own ills in the same way. Wine of Cardui has brought relief to more than 1,000,000 women during its history of nearly 100 years. It is not an untried experiment. A million healthy women are examples of the health-giving power of the Wine. It is a simple, harmless vegetable medicine, that always does one thing—regulating the menstrual flow and strengthening the weakened and diseased female organs. That is what you need if you suffer like Mrs. Pearson. If you are in distress as she was, the way to health is open to you—go to your druggist and buy a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui. Don't accept substitutes. These women were cured by Wine of Cardui.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional traetment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.



Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

THE FLORAL DISPLAYS

Two Million Dollars Spent For Blossoms For Easter Decorations In New York Churches This Year.

New York, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—What would our Puritan forefathers say to the pomp and display which accompany the celebration of a twentieth century Easter?

Of all the great church festivals of the Christian year Easter now takes the precedence.

The Easter parade of Fifth avenue and Riverside Drive is one of the great sights of twentieth century civilization.

It is estimated that a million dollars, at least, is spent on new clothes for the occasion by those who join in the annual show

The spick and span toilets are a delight to look upon, the utmost skill of the cleverest tailors and modistes having been expended upon them.

Despite his Puritan ancestors the American is yearly becoming a smarter and more critical dresser, the habit spreading even to those who move in the lower lines of life.

Consequently the Easter sartorial displays made in the other cities differ only in degree and effectiveness.

But given clear skies and a kindly sun on an Easter morning (when it does not come too early in the season) and you have as pretty a sight on the great avenues as there is to be seen anywhere in the world. What if these stylish churchgoers do think more about their clothes than they do of their creed? Deference to form is at least a minor virtue.

And they are going to take part in, to form a prominent feature of, the great Easter church display, which is the glory of all Christendom.

Why should they not put on their most gorgeous apparel?

They are told to consider the lilies which neither toil or spin and yet which are arrayed more beautifully than ever man can be.

Truly the twentieth century is the florists' age. Hundreds of thousands of feet of glass houses are added yearly for the purpose of raising flowers used in the decoration of the churches at Easter.

A few years ago it was unusual for any churches but those where the Roman Catholic and Episcopalian creeds were preached to make a floral display at Easter. But now the practice is common with almost all denominations. The spirit of "Gloria in Excelsis" is spreading among all Christians.

Our churches this year will present the most charming spectacles of anything in the land.

With the growing extravagance of the New York public, instead of single lilies in pots being the usual style of offering sent by earnest church members to adorn their favorite place of worship, great baskets of lily plants, a dozen or more, and all tied with broad sash ribbons, are the usual thing this spring. Azaleas, genestas, hydrangeas and tulips are all in magnificent condition. For a gift one of the prettiest things and most popular is a basket of growing violets tied with velvet ribbons.

At St. Patrick's cathedral the altar and chancel will be banked with masses of beautiful large palms and ascension lilies. Many flower offerings are usually sent in by members of the congregation as well, and these will give the great altar the appearance of being entirely made of flowers. White is almost the only color used in the Roman Catholic churches. Lilies, azaleas and marguerites with palms, will be most largely used.

At the Church of the Incarnation, at Madison avenue and Thirty-fifth street, the altar and chancel will be one mass of pink roses. St. Bartholomew's will have white lilies on the altar. The front will be trimmed with lilies of the valley and pink roses, and many special offerings are usually received from parishioners.

St. Thomas' will be all yellow and white about the pulpit; while the panels will be outlined with pink roses and vines falling from the top. The oak lectern will be trimmed with red roses.

The chancel and the altar at the Church of the Heavenly Rest will be hidden under pink and white roses, azaleas and ascension lilies. The decorations at the Brick Presbyterian church will be principally of genestas and lilies.

Simplicity will be the keynote of this year's decorations at Grace church. White and green will be the only colors used. The columns back of the altar will be outlined with banks of lilies to the height of about fifteen feet in such a way as not to obscure the mosaic paneling. Above this Southern clematis will be draped up to thirty feet. The clematis will spring from mounds of palms on either side of the altar. Back of the choisters, on both sides of the chancel, will be a bank of solid green, against which the white gowned singers will show most picturesquely. The lectern is to be wound with massive garlands of lilies and above the communion table a large cross of lilies will be depended.

A conservative estimate has been made that $2,000,000 was spent for flowers in preparation for this Easter. Twenty-five years ago the entire floral business of the country, it is stated by the leaders of the trade, amounted to only about $300,000 annually. Floral artists tell me that they expect this year to record Easter sales amounting to $2,000,000 in this city.

Easter has gradually taken the place of New Year's day for the giving of tokens. It stands next to Christmas, and a very good second at that

Lilies were never more beautiful. Of the $2,000,000 spent for flowers by New Yorkers this exctic demands $800,000. In other words, forty per cent of the flowers sold consisted of lilies.

In popularity the violet came next. The sales of this flower amounted to between 20 and 25 per cent of the total. The demand for violets was more democratic this Easter than before, and for this reason some of the smart set selected other flowers for boquets and boutonnieres.

Azaleas have increased in favor for decorations. This is because they are not only beautiful, but they last a long time. If properly cared for the azaleas will keep from five to six weeks. It is estimated that between $200,000 and $350,000 was spent for azaleas this Easter.

Hydrangeas press close upon azaleas, but one reason why they are not so popular is because they are virtual sponges. They drink water in great quantities, and as a result they are often watered too much. This flower makes a pretty decoration, but requires more attention than many care to spend upon it. About $150,000 was spent for hydrangeas this Easter.

The programs for Easter music this year are more elaborate than ever and the outburst of glad song which will arise from the throats of the thousands of choristers will form one of the most marvelous paeans ever wafted to the skies.

It is at Easter that the choirmaster realizes the climax of his ambition, for without the choirboys the services in our leading churches at this great festival would lack their most inspiring feature.

The rendering of the beautiful chants and anthems by their vibrant and carefully trained voices is by far the most attractive feature of the church service. Few understand, or appreciate, the long and patient labor on the part of the choirmaster necessary to bring about the triumphant results. Few therefore realize the pride which swells his bosom while he marks the perfection of each note as it wells from the throat of his favorite pupil.

Thousands of boys are employed as choristers by the various churches throughout the United States and during recent years this training has been brought practically to the basis of a science.

Probably the cleverest choirmaster in the world and the one individual who has systematized the training of choirboys to a fine point of perfection is connected with one of the leading churches here.

He leads probably what is the best choir of trained boy choristers in the world. It is the ambition of his life to outstrip all the choirmasters in the United States. He is constantly on the alert for good voices and has a marvellous capacity for handling the boys under his care. Abundant funds have been placed at his disposal by the wealthy members of the church with which he is connected. He is therefore able to attract all the stars from other choirs if he feels so disposed. He prefers, however, to discover extraordinary voices and to train them himself, believing that he thus gets a better general effect from the choir. These boys he selects, as far as possible, from the same class, so that they feel a natural sympathy with each other. He usually procures them from the schools, keeping in friendly touch with the teachers so that he is apprised of any special talent that appears. If he can find room for the new voice he is speedily secured and put into training. So high a standard of singing is maintained in this choir that any boy who wishes to leave it before his age has rendered him useless is sure of a prompt and remunerative engagement elsewhere. This choirmaster says emphatically that no form of singing can take the place of that of the choir boys for church services.

Their tones have a quality never heard in adult voices of either sex, a quality which a choir of girl singers cannot equal. The voices of the latter lack the breadth of tone possessed by the boys' voices, and as a rule good choirmasters use only boys.

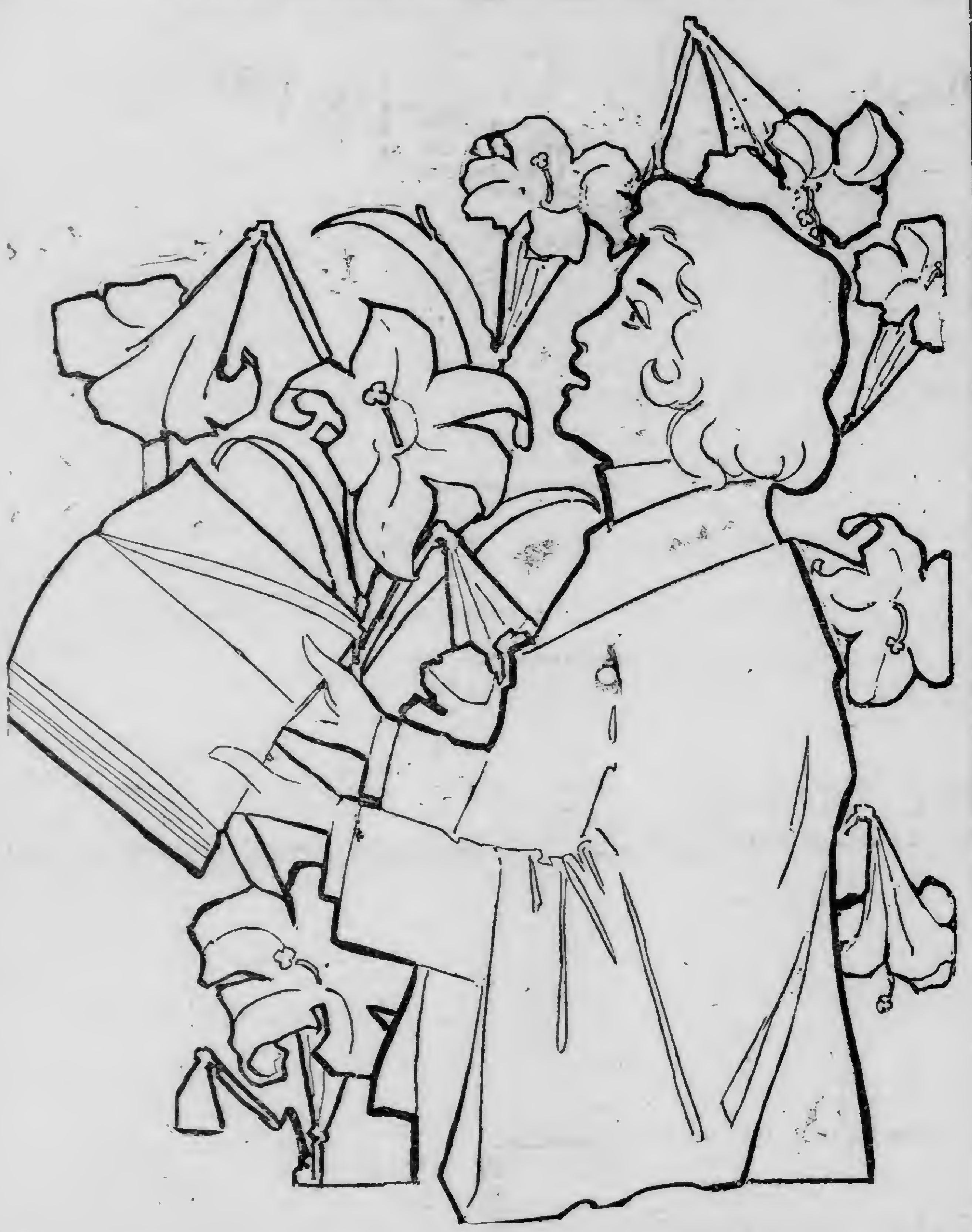
However liberal the boy choirmaster is paid he necessarily has but a brief career. Few retain their purity of tone after the age of 15, many lose it a year or two earlier. Even if their training begins at as early an age as eight years they have little time in which to make money. It not infrequently happens that as soon as a boy has become of value to the choirmaster the premonitory rasp or squeak becomes noticeable and his career as a chorister is at an enw.

All these and many other less important things contribute to the glory of the twentieth century Easter, which is in many respects one of the highest outward expressions of advancing civilization.

STUYVESANT FOX.

LEADING THE ANTHEM.

The Choirmaster, Wreathed In Easter Lilies, Is Thoroughly Typical of the Great Christian Festival of Which He Is a Leading Figure.



SICK HAIR

Few people realize that their hair is sick when it shows signs of falling and that in its feeble way it is crying for nourishment. If your hair is falling or dry or turning gray it is very evident that it is not enjoying good health; therefore, the only intelligent thing to do is to treat it.

Give it medicine and not dye. Dye is a relic of barbarism, and should be shunned by all refined people, aside from the vulgarity of the act. All hair dyes are injurious, and it is an impossibility to make a hair dye that is not, as nitric of silver, lead, sulpher, copper and other poisonous minerals compose their ingredients. Civilization has progressed in the last decade so effectively that the hair can now be restored to its natural color without dye.

Mme. M. Yale's Hair Tonic

is a life-giving fluid to the hair, and the only remedy on record in the history of the world that has the power to restore the natural color of gray hair. It is a medicine that strengthens and invigorates—giving circulation to the natural coloring fluids and action to the oil ducts. It tones up the debilitated nerve force and STOPS HAIR FALLING in twenty-four hours.

IT CURES DANDRUFF,

makes hair grow on bald heads, softens dry, harsh hair; gives gloss and richness to the natural color, produces a luxurient growth and is a positive cure for all manner of hair and scalp diseases. Scientifically compounded by the great woman chemist, Mme. M. Yale, after her formula from her analysis of the human hair.

RESTORES FADED HAIR.

July 2°, 1900.

Madam Yale.—Your Hair Tonic is all that it is recommended to be. From long and severe illness my hair had become faded and dead; before I had used one bottle the natural color and lustre were restored. It has a marvelous effect on faded hair.

LENA M. EARLE, Maquoketa, Iowa.

For blondes and brunettes, children and adults—as pure as the hair itself. Sold at $1.00 per bottle. Manufactured only by MME. M. YALE, Beauty and Health Specialists, 180 Michigan ave., Chicago.

We carry a full line of all of Madame Yale's Remedies and are her Duluth agents.

Our special price on Madame Yale's Hair Tonic, 89c.

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

TO CATCH THE DOGS.

New System to Be Adopted In Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 3.—Between June 1 and Sept 1 any dog found in Minneapolis without a tag is assured of tragic death. The canine may belong to the ultra exclusive set of dogdom or he may be a common cur, but if he be without the significant bit of brass that indicates his tax has been paid, he is snared forthwith, hauled to the dog pound and at a decent interval thereafter sent to the happy hunting ground by the water route.

In years gone by it was customary for the dog catching to be farmed out to some private individual, who had what he could make out of it in the way of head money and penalties on dogs redeemed from the pound. This system proved wholly unsatisfactory for the dog catcher was not always a man of lofty moral character, and the large number of well-connected, licensed dogs alleged to have been found without tags was suspicious. A more satisfactory system was introduced when the mayor detailed an active and trustworthy policeman for the work, giving him such police assistants as were needed. This detail is made early in May every year, and the dog catchers become busy June 1, after the city's dog owners have been repeatedly warned and all have had opportunity to buy license tags.

The dog catcher's paraphernalia is simple, being mainly a snare of strong copper wire and a wagon with a crate to hold the dogs. One season the Humane society made a vigorous protest against the use of the wire snares—which frequently choked a dog nearly to death—and nets were substituted. These proved very cumbersome, however, and the tagless dogs soon learned to pass by on the other side when a man with a net appeared. So the snare, being inconspicuous and effective, was restored to favor. The dog license is $1 a year.

SWITCHED MILLIONAIRES.

Denver Belle Jilts Her Old Sweetheart.

Denver, Col., April 3.—Miss Cornelia Baxter, daughter of ex-Governor Baxter, of Wyoming, jilted Gerald Hughes, son of Millionaire Charles J. Hughes, of Denver, for Hugh Tevis, of California, who recently inherited $5,000,000 by the death of his father, Lloyd Tevis, late president of the Wells-Fargo Express company.

Mr. Hughes and Miss Baxter were neighbors and sweethearts in her childhood days, and when she left the convent school at Paris, where she was educated, Mr. Hughes went to that city to accompany her home. It was then that they became engaged. In order to keep the engagement secret, Miss Baxter went to San Francisco with her mother to buy her trousseau. Two of her bridesmaids accompanied her to try dresses she had selected, and plans were made for the home Mr. Hughes was to build for her, and the wedding day was set for April 25.

Wedding invitations and presents of silver had been ordered when, about three weeks ago, Miss Baxter met Mr. Tevis in Monterey. A few days ago she notified Mr. Hughes of her engagement to Mr. Tevis. Miss Baxter was the beauty of the last season, and was queen of the Silver Serpents' ball, the social function of the Denver season.

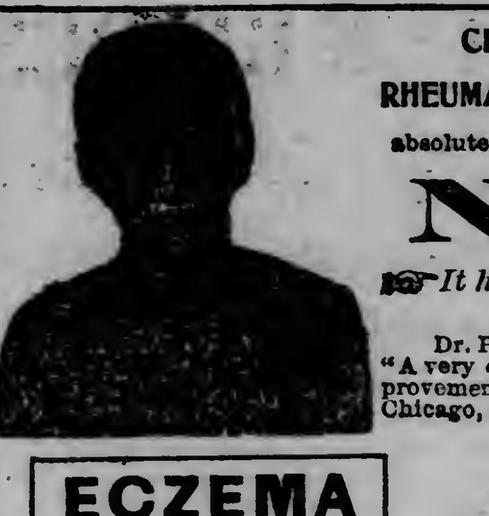
A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

"I AM FOR MEN"
HENRY GEORGE
A GREAT 5¢ CIGAR
H. M. & CO.
HENRY GEORGE

WELLS-STONE-ORDEAN CO., DISTRIBUTORS, DULUTH, MINN.



CHRONIC ECZEMA, ULCERS, PILES, RHEUMATISM, BURNS, FROST-BITES absolutely cured by the wonderful Armenian ointment

Naftalan.

☞ *It has been tried by thousands with the most wonderful results.*

Dr. Pezzoli of the Vienna General Hospital, writes: "A very extensive case of Eczema showed marked improvement *after two day's use.*" Dr. E. L. Schmidt of Chicago, reports: "Especially good results in Eczema."

Put up in 50c and $1.00 Boxes.

If your druggist does not keep it write direct to

FORT WAYNE DRUG CO., FORT WAYNE, IND.

ECZEMA

Sole agents for the United States.

Omega Oil

Cold In the Chest—If a porous plaster was the only thing which cured cold in the chest or pains in the chest, there would be some excuse for putting one on, but there's something ten times better. It's Omega Oil. Rub your chest and throat with it to-night, and to-morrow morning you'll be all right. Omega Oil is a liniment that does not burn, blister, or itch like a porous plaster. It doesn't stick to the skin like glue, either. Every mother knows that old-fashioned sweet oil is a real good remedy for rubbing on the chest when a cold has settled there, but sweet oil isn't near so good as Omega Oil. It contains a green Swiss herb that soothes, heals and subdues inflammation in a most astonishing way. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

If your dealer refuses to supply you with this wonderful Swiss green liniment, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 755

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
THE GREAT Internal and External REMEDY
For Neuralgia, Colic, Toothache, Rheumatism, Sprains, Diphtheria, Ague, Sore Throat and Lungs, Diarrhoea, Internal Pains, Wounds, Bruises, Chilblains Etc.
AN INSTANT RELIEF

In Emergency Cases

Get a bottle of HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT. It will save doctors' bills. It may save lives when the doctor isn't available. It's an emergency hospital in itself. Thousands of homes know it and rely on it absolutely for every ache and pain.

Sold everywhere in 25-cent, 50-cent, and $1.00 bottles.

D. E. PRALL & CO.,

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

SAGINAW, MICH.

BE STRONG.

Lincoln Sexual Pills restore *natural* strength and vigor. They do *not* excite or stimulate. They are a perfectly pure and certain nerve food, and every tablet is standarized to absolute uniformity. Use them and you will rejoice in strength, nerve vigor and manly magnetism.

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO., FORT WAYNE, IND.

FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

BEFORE AND AFTER

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

KENTUCKY ROMANCE

Bridegroom Gave Up a Million For Girl He Loved.

Working For Three Dollars a Week and Is Happy.

The Bride Still Retains Her Position as Stenographer.

Louisville, Ky., April 3.—Neither commands, entreaties, promises, the discipline of the military school nor a mother's will could keep young Clarence Ott from the girl he loved. He was the heir of millions, but he gave them up when he married pretty little Annie Peyton, the 18-year-old stenographer. Now the 19-year-old bridegroom is working for $3 a week, but he is happy. The bride still retains the position she has had for three years as stenographer for a life insurance company.

On the night of Dec. 31 the two stole from their home in Louisville, Ky., over to Jeffersonville, Ind., and were married. Prosecuting Attorney Nick Vaughn, specially appointed guardian of the girl, was a witness.

Peyton is one of the best of the old Kentucky names. The bride's mother was Mrs. Sue Gohegan, daughter of a famous old-time doctor in Jefferson county. The family, however, came to poverty, and when 14 years old young Annie Peyton had to start to earn her own living.

She went to a business school, and there her industry and perseverance quickly made her an expert stenographer. Then she went to an insurance company and has been there ever since. Her employers have besought her, though married, to continue at work.

In the Sunday school at the Walnut Street Methodist church little Annie Peyton, 15 years old, met Clarence Ott. As the second son of Henry Ott, of Ahrens & Ott, the boy was far above the little working girl in the matter of worldly goods.

They would walk home from Sunday school together and during the week from the meetings of the missionary society, of which Annie Peyton was a member. Young Ott's father died, leaving his property, extending into the millions, to the widow in fee simple.

Soon the mother became cognizant of her son's love for the little stenographer. She made threats and promises, but all to no avail. A military school was decided upon as a good treatment for such a case and young Ott was bundled off to a collegiate institution with military attachments near Asheville, N. C.

He went to school with apparent willingness, but he did not forget the little girl in Louisville clicking away at her typewriter eight hours a day. They exchanged letters regularly.

Last summer came and Clarence Ott returned from Asheville. He still loved his sweetheart and in the fall he refused to return to Asheville. He was then put in Professor Tharp's school in Louisville. Efforts to break off the intended match continued, but each futile attempt confirmed the lovers in their affection. The promise of a trip to Europe, with the much-desired consent for a wedding after he had finally completed his education in five years, was cast aside by the impetuous boy. It was to be an early wedding or none with him.

His sweetheart, who had advanced steadily in the esteem of her employers and of the church people, agreed with him. She was under age, but her only relative contributed nothing toward her support, so the boy and girl went before Judge Gregory and had Judge Nick Vaughn, prosecuting attorney, appointed her legal guardian.

It was on the night of Dec. 31. Young Ott had heard that with the new year he might be sent away again and he could not stand the thought of another separation. Through Judge Vaughn he secured a letter secretly. They were to go to Christ church Episcopal cathedral for the midnight services, but at 10 o'clock Clarence Ott called at the Young Women's Christian home, where Miss Peyton boarded.

"Why are you going so soon?" said Miss Peyton.

"Oh, we want to sit in the church awhile," said Ott.

Judge Vaughn met them at the corner. He took the girl and young Ott slipped down to the ferry alone. He crossed the Ohio river to Jeffersonville and then waited near the boat for his sweetheart. She and her guardian crossed on another boat.

Once off the boat the judge and the girl slipped away to where young Ott was waiting. Squire Nixon was in readiness and then before half a dozen late loungers, Clarence Ott gave up $1,000,000 for the girl he loved.

The plan was to keep the wedding secret until the young bridegroom had finished another year at school and was in a better position to earn a living in case of a family rebuff. Mrs. Ott, however, heard rumors of the marriage. She investigated and found them true.

Mrs. Ott went home, but Clarence did not follow. He is still staying away, for his mother will not relent.

Since his marriage he has received but one message from home. It was brief, but to the point: "Don't make any bills." That was all.

FOR A YOUNGER MAN.

Young Wife Deserted Bridegroom of Eighty-Two.

Richmond, Va., April 3.—How a bridegroom of 82 won a pretty young wife of 16, and then lost her, is the story which is now exciting interest and curiosity at Spring Hope, N. C. A few days ago James S. Ellixon, a hale and hearty but hoary headed man of 82, and Lou Wilson, a plump and pretty lass, left their homes in Halifax county, Virginia, and went to Henderson, N. C., where they were married.

They were accompanied by Giles Ford and Henry Wise, young neighbors, who were aiding them in their arrangements. From Henderson they started in a wagon for Spring Hope, where they intended to live.

Just before they reached that place, however, a storm came up, and the pair decided to stop at a neighboring house, while Ford and Wise took the wagon and continued on to Spring Hope. One of the young men returned with a buggy the next morning and took away the winsome bride, telling her better half that another vehicle would be along shortly and convey him in the same direction. An hour passed and no buggy came. The bridegroom grew uneasy, not only on account of his young bride, but because of the fact that his trunk, which had gone on before to Spring Hope, contained $1000 in currency.

Fortunately there was a telephone at hand and he sent a message to Spring Hope causing their arrest.

He then made haste to go to that place, but when he arrived found both wife and money safe and sound and the men were set free. Mr. and Mrs. Ellixon then left town in a buggy, but the following morning the young bride returned alone, having left her aged partner eighteen miles away out in the country. Since then the young lady has disappeared and it is not known where she has gone. It is stated that the old man was induced before leaving Spring Hope to put his money in a bank there.

Daffodil
Perfume
ONE DROP LASTS THIRTY DAYS
SEELY PERFUME CO.
DETROIT, MICH
Sample by mail 10¢
One oz bottle 75¢

EAT AND KNOW HAPPINESS.

New and Wonderful Dish Delights Epicures.

Washington, April 3.—A new and enticing entree has made its appearance in Washington within the past month. Women are cultivating a fondness for it, men swear by it and children cry because of it. It was introduced by a woman who claims the world as her home, but who settles in Washington for a short time each winter. This woman obtained the recipe of the entree from Mrs. James Brown Potter, who, in turn, got it from an East Indian nabob. The secret of its composition was learned in this wise: Mrs. Potter, dining with the Indian prince upon his native heath, was introduced to the famous entree, which afterward mounted to the brain of the fair guest. The East Indian, overcome by the charm and beauty of his guest, made haste to reply to her entreaties. "Ah, certainly, dear lady. The entree is yours. The secret of its making is yours. Nay, more, the slave that cooked the entree is yours."

And so it happened that the insatiable Cora returned to England with the East Indian cook, whose skill has since made famous the dinners given by Mrs. Potter. The charms of the entree have attracted the high livers of Washington with fatal fascination. The recipe of the dish is herewith printed for the first time: "Take a hot curry of finely minced chicken livers and rice, sprinkle to the depth of half an inch with freshly grated cocoanut; cover all with a liberal paste of English chutney. Eat and know entire happiness."

PARDONED.

A Man Who Shot His Daughter's Betrayer Is Freed.

New Orleans, April 3.—A few months ago C. H. Candler, first cousin of Governor Candler, of Georgia, hunted down C. E. Pratt, a young business man of Bienville parish and shot him to death on the main street of Arcadia. Pratt was literally blown to pieces, Candler emptying both barrels of his shotgun into him. As the mangled corpse lay at his feet Candler told of his motive in killing the young fellow. "He betrayed my daughter," he said. "I learned of it two days ago. I searched for him day and night. I could not rest while he was alive. Now I am satisfied."

Candler surrendered, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury on a criminal bond. When he was tried by a jury he was sentenced to twenty-four hours' confinement in prison. Even this slight punishment was wiped off the official score against him. Governor W. W. Heard, of Louisiana, issuing him a full and free pardon.

The case has been, from every standpoint, one of the most notable the state has known. From the first public sentiment unanimously justified the father's deed. The preliminary trial was but a formality. The trial before the jury was never seriously regarded. The plain people of Bienville conceived that Candler had done no more than his duty.

No sooner was the conviction recorded and the sentence entered than a movement to secure his pardon was circulated and signed by every man to whom it was presented. The action of Governor Heard had been anticipated, and was in no sense a surprise. Candler had never suffered a minute's imprisonment as a result of the killing, and today he contends that he would act again as he did if he had the same situation to live over.

Pratt, the young man who was killed, had been visiting Miss Candler for some time preceding the shooting. The girl was in love with him, and after he had wronged her, concealed his guilt until it was possible to hide it no longer. The moment Candler heard the name of her betrayer he started out on Pratt's trail and only stopped when he had accomplished his revenge.

UNREQUITED LOVE.

Partly Responsible For Funston's Adventurous Life.

Parkersburg, W. Va., April 3.—R. P. Camden, a nephew of former United States Senator Camden, of this city, taught Fred Funston the manual of arms and military tactics before he had any military title or experience. Funston met him in New York when he was preparing his expedition to Cuba and wanted Camden to join him. Funston had the spirit, but not the military education, while Camden had the military education, but not the spirit.

They compromised, Camden teaching Funston and his men to drill in a cellar, where they met secretly at night. They finally got the men ready and Funston took them to Cuba. Mr. Camden says that Funston's unrequited love for a niece of Henry Ward Beecher drove him to adopt the adventurous life which his instincts had always impelled him to live.

GREAT SELF-CONTROL.

Evangelist Preached After Hearing Distressing News.

Mishawaka, Ind., April 3.—Ten minutes after the receipt of a telegram announcing that his wife had been fatally mangled in a heroic effort to save the life of her little child from the hoofs of a runaway team in Indianapolis, Evangelist Patterson entered the local Christian church and preached the seventeenth sermon in a series here without a tremor. He gained twelve converts. His self-control under the terrible mental strain is considered wonderful. The audience possessed no knowledge of the minister's distress. After the sermon he raced for Indianapolis.

RESULT OF SPILT MILK.

Led to Marriage of a Pretty Actress.

Williamsport, Pa., April 3.—A quiet wedding at Christ Episcopal church completed a genuine romance. The contracting parties were Miss M. Ethelryn, of this city, and Earl W. Henning, of Massillon, Ohio.

Mr. Hemming is a wealthy manufacturer. Last fall he visited Williamsport, and was a guest at the City hotel. There Miss Fisher was employed as a dining room girl. While a meal was being served Miss Fisher accidentally overturned a glass of milk, and a portion of the contents bespattered the clothing of the stranger.

Miss Fisher was greatly embarrassed, but apologized in such a graceful manner that the heart of the manufacturer was pierced by cupid's arrow. Within a few days the pair were good friends. After Mr. Henning went West a correspondence was maintained between him and Miss Fisher.

On Friday Mr. Henning came to Williamsport again, and the wedding was hastily arranged. Miss Fisher is an orphan, and is exceedingly pretty.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Gloves for Easter

Fownes' La Tosca, pearl fasteners to match the color of glove, and Paris backs, in shades of Pearls, Tans, Beavers, Black with self or white stitchings, Red, Brown and Grays, a pair	$2.00
Centemeri Suede—Black—per pair	$1.75
Dent's Suede, Black, Grays and White—per pair	$1.50
Fownes' Dagmar, 2-clasp—all colors—per pair	$1.50
Le Clarion, real kid, 3-clasp—all colors—per pair	$1.50
La Tour Pique—2-clasp, Beavers, Browns, Reds and Black—per pair	$1.25
Marlboroughs—2-clasp, in all colors, Black and White—per pair	$1.00
Ireland Bros.' Suede—per pair	$1.00
2-clasp Elite—per pair	89c

10,000 Umbrellas Just Opened.

500 Children's, Misses' and Ladies' Umbrellas, 26-inch size, steel rod—each	45c
1000 Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas, steel rod, paragon frame, assorted handles, each	95c
500 Ladies' Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Black, 26-inch size, steel rod, paragon frames, assorted handles—each	$1.25
200 Ladies' all-silk serge Umbrellas—colors Navys, Brown, Red, 26-inch size; natural handles, at the low price each of	$2.75

Shoes for Ladies.

Easter Bargains.

Women's patent calf, extension sole, new mat kid top, military heel, lace Boots, all sizes and widths, exceptional value at $3.00; price	$2.49

Women's patent calf, opera toe, light, flexible sole; fancy cloth top, lace Boots, all sizes and widths, none better made to retail at $3; price	$2.49
A mixed lot of 150 pairs Women's all-patent calf and fine glazed kid, extension sole low shoes or Oxford Ties, the very swellest designs—regular price $2.50 and $2.75, on sale at	$1.99
About 200 pairs Women's Southern button low Shoes, fine dongola kid, hand-turn soles; they are stylish, great wearing and comfortable; real value $2.50; on sale at	$1.75

Shoes for Misses.

Misses' patent tip, fair stitched extension sole, soft kid, lace Shoes, sizes to 2; values $1.50, at	99c
Children's hand turn lace and button kid Shoes, stitched in different colors, some pat. tips, others kid; sizes to 11; value $1 on sale	75c
Infants'—same styles—sizes to 6, on sale at	50c

We have just placed in stock, several new and very complete lines of Misses' and Children's fancy Slipers in Red, White, Tan and Black; prices from—
75c to $1.50

Ladies' Belts.

THE NEW "DIP" BELT—
In silk, velvet, leather and woven metal, are the height of fashion; we show an almost endless variety—
50c to $1.75

NEW FRENCH GIRDLES—
In gold, plain or fancy, lend an added richness to the new costumes—
25c, 50c and 75c

NEW VELVET BELTS—
With the season's favorite buckle—Turquoise Matrix—we show the best line in town—
75c, $1.00 and $1.50

Druggists' Sundries

CASHMERE BOUQUET
COLGATE & COMPANY
NEW YORK
EXTRAIT
1790

EASTER PERFUMES—
Ed Pinaud's Triple-extracts, violet, heliotrope, lilac, lily of the valley, rose geranium, Frangipanni and New-mown Hay—per oz—
50c

WOODWORTH'S SONS COMPANY—
Triple extracts in all odors—per oz—
50c

COLGATE & CO.'S TRIPLE EXTRACTS
—Italian violet, lily of valley, white lilac, new mown hay, pansy blossom, white rose—per oz
35c

ROGERS & GALLETS
Handkerchief Extracts 1¼-oz bottle—per bottle
98c

Advantageous Shopping Inducements Thursday

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Every department in the Big Store ready for Easter Business. Never has such an elaborate display been attempted in the Northwest, and never has reliable, up-to-date merchandise been offered at such low prices. We expect you here tomorrow. *Enough said.*

WORTH KNOWING—

We do all kinds of pleating.
We do all kinds of shirring.
We do all kinds of pinking.
We do all kinds of button covering.
We make to order all kinds of neckwear.
We make to order all kinds of ribbon bows.
We guarantee all Kid Gloves at $1 and up.
We are agents for Standard Paper Patterns.

That any goods bought in the house not thoroughly satisfactory can be returned.

That we are the originators of everything that is new and up-to-date in merchandising at the head of the lakes.

WORTH KNOWING—

That we will place on sale Thursday the following Easter Potted Plants—

300 Easter Lilies in pots.
100 Azaleas—very choice.
500 potted Hyacinths—assorted varieties.
50 Hydrangeas—very fine stock.
50 Spircas—very fine,
100 Hydritt Roses—extra choice.
500 potted Violets—4 in pots.
100 assorted Begonias.

Place your order for all kinds of Cut Flowers for Easter now—prices right.

Imported Dress Novelties—Exclusive Novelties.

Here are the very choicest novelties—fresh importations from Paris—soft, clinging fabrics in dainty designs and colorings—the wondrous beauty of these rich textures is only appreciated on seeing them. Silk Warp Crepe de Chines, Poplenettes, Grenadines, barred and fancy, Silk Warp de Beiges, Silk Warp Taffeta Cloths, Rich Satin Pannes, Silk Warp Veilings, Snow Flake, all-wool Veilings and many others ranging in price from $10.00 to $27.50

Wash Dress Fabrics.

We never had such a superb stock of all that's new and nice in light weight dress goods. Our assortment is so comprehensive it takes in about everything from everywhere, from the low priced Ginghams to rich Silk Warp Fabrics.

Pouzinette de Soie, in solid colors, overlaid with silk embroidery, worth $1 for	75c
Broche Ragure Soie—this beautifully illuminated cloth with unique silk spots and satin stripes—per yard	50c
Imported Madras, 50 pieces, no two alike—our regular 39c cloth—opening price	25c

Silk Department.

The freshness of our Silk Department is exhilarating. New stylish, up-to-date fabrics, and at such low prices that our competitors marvel.

Flannel Taffetas—This soft yet strong fabric warranted not to cut—in a full line of popular shades—per yard	85c
Crepe de Chene, 24-in wide, of excellent quality, in black and colors, for	98c
Rich Foulards—These fabrics are the noblesse, liberty satin and Regence—in coloring and design—elegant and effective—per yard	$1.50, $1 39, $1.25, $1.00, 75c, 59c

Black Dress Fabrics.

For years we have been the recognized headquarters for Dress Goods, and this year we are stronger than ever.

Black Venetians and Broadcloth Fabrics that are unsurpassed for quality and finish—ranging in price from—per yard	$4.00 down to $1.00
Pebble Cheviots—46-inches to 58-inches wide—ranging in price from—per yard	$2.00 to 85 cents
Granite Cloths—38 to 50 inches wide—per yard	89c, 69c and 59c

Easter Neckwear

Swell Up-to-date Creations.

A beautiful hand-made Chiffon stock with hand-embroidered Jabot—in white, black and creme—nothing nicer for Easter wear and the prices are—
$2.00 each, up to $4.75 each

We have some beautiful examples of high class workmanship in satin—"stocks with string ties handsomely stitched in gold and other colors"—also single ties without the collars—all of the very latest and best style—
25c, up to $3.50

Silk Chiffon and Lace combinations, soft finish, Chiffon with lace applaque, beautiful silk and Chiffon colors with point Venice and Duchesse Point Turnovers, silk hemstitched collars and Jabots, edged with lace and gold spangled, also combinations of silk and lace in white and black and all black—all new and strictly hand made—
$1.69, up to $5.00 each

A nice line of Lace Collars—Creme and black Batiste Collars Appliqueed with Lace—Batiste Collars, edged with lace and gold trimmed $2.00 to $5.00 each

Handkerchiefs.

Just received—a splendid line of embroidered, scalloped and lace trimmed Handkerchiefs for ladies, usually sold for 35c—a special 15c, or $1.65 doz.

Ladies' embroidered and scalloped, lace trimmed and embroidered, hemstitched, embroidered and lace trimmed, special at 25c each

In Ladies' Handkerchief from 35c up to $8.00 each we have all the combinations of lace and embroidery, plain hemstitched and embroidered, every kind and style—the most desirable.

Millinery Dept.

Our Easter Opening is now an event of the past. It will be remembered by many as one of the most delightful openings they ever attended. EVERYBODY expressed themselves with surprise at our grand exhibition, and openly declared that our showing was larger than all the others combined, and that our Headgear had that touch of distinctiveness that every woman of refinement and good taste appreciates.

Get Your Easter Hat Here

Beautiful copies of imported patterns in black and colors, styles that are exclusive and out of the ordinary ideas—Price $5.00 to $10.00

Exquisite Pattern Hats—Embracing the most beautiful creations and ideas that can be put together. The trimmings are the finest that money can buy. Inspection and comparison solicited. Price $12.50 to $35.00

Ready-to-Wear Hats—In all the newest up-to-date shapes—in plain and fancy braids and in silk and cloth tailor-made or suit Hats. Prices—
75c up to $5.75

Our Showing of Flowers, Feathers, Buckles, Ribbons and Children's and Infant's Headgear is simply immense.

Inspection Solicited.

Tailor-Made Suits.

In the most fashionable shapes and fabrics—all the accepted new Easter and Spring styles—are assembled in this store. The styles are not only attractive, but the prices as well. Just note a few of them:

Women's man-tailored Suits in tan, brown, blue, castor, black and gray; jacket made in Blouse, Eton, tight fitting or double-breasted effects. All trimmed with bands of plain taffeta silk to match material, with gilt braid; skirt cut in the newest style with a dainty flare; value $18.00. Easter sale price $12.50

Women's new Parisian Tailored Suits which show a new and novel feature—all exclusive in style and finish. They come in Postilion effect, Eton effect, Bolero effect and Princess.

Prices $15 to $89

Silk Shirt Waists.

New exquisite Silk Waists just received from the hands of the makers. A favorable business transaction permits us to sell dainty Silk Waists at—

$3.98 instead of ☞ $6.00

The price we have always been asking for such grades. These Waists come in all colors and sizes—all the very newest styles.

☞ **Ask to see our $4.98 Silk Waists. We will match them against any $7.00 waist sold elsewhere.**

Corsets.

KABO STYLE 352

The kinds that fit, that wear, and give entire satisfaction—new Corset Fashions as reflected from Paris and as you can only find here. We are exclusive agents for the **Fasso Corsets,** acknowledged the most perfect fitting hand-made corset made. If you have had trouble in obtaining a Corset to fit you to perfection, try this store, which is acknowledged headquarters for all high-grade Corsets.

Kabo Corsets, all styles, best on earth	$1.00 to $3.00
Fasso Corsets, a hand-made corset	$5.75 to $13.50
The W. B. Corset in all new models	$1.00 to $3.00
The Thompson Glove-fitting Corset	$1.00 to $3.00
Genuine French P. D. Corset	$2.25 to $3.75
Chicago Waists, all sizes	$1.00

Muslin Underwear.

New Muslin Underwear at old prices. Those are the big facts that we want you to comprehend.

Women's exquisite gowns, in fine muslin, cambric, nainsook and long cloth—all exquisitely trimed with lace and embroidery, price—
75c, 98c, $1.25, $2.50 and $3.50

Women's Drawers—in 100 different styles and materials; price—
29c, 39c, 49c, 65c, 75c and 98c

Women's Corset Covers, in any style you may think of; price
12c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c and 49c

Women's New Underskirts in great many different effects; price—
98c, $1.25, $1.75, $1.98 to $5.00

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TEN PAGES.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1901. TWO CENTS.

Beautiful New Carpets.

In this case beauty is much more than skin deep, in fact the beauty enters the quality of our carpets as well as the appearance. It is the fixed purpose of this store to sell only reliable carpets at reasonable prices and you will find here at this time a variety equalled by but few stores anywhere.

PRICES:

Ingrains at .... 25c a yard up
Brussels at .... 45c a yard up
Velvets at .... 75c a yard up
Axminsters at .... 75c a yard up
Wiltons at .... $1.15 a yard up
Mattings at .... 20c a yard up

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

Your Loss....

May come like a thief in the night, but it need not be felt financially if you safeguard your interests by taking out sufficient insurance to protect them. Don't permit your property to remain unprotected. Secure insurance at once. You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency
Torrey Bldg., First Floor.
Duluth, Minn.

I HAVE BEEN BUYING AND WANT MORE
LAKE SUPERIOR Consolidated Stock.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID.
HANSEN SMITH,
First Floor, Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn....

MONEY TO LOAN
Large amount of local money on hand to loan at low rates on first mortgages. No delay in passing on applications.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor, Providence Bdg

von Suessmilch & Costello,
HUNTER BLOCK,
Duluth, Minnesota. Dentists.
For a short time only—special prices on plates.

FINE STATIONERY.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

We treat you today with reference to your coming back tomorrow.
Zenith 'Phone 336
15 Second Avenue West.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers

GOLFERS.

Annual Meeting of the Western Golf Association at Chicago.

Chicago, April 4.—The annual meeting of the Western Golf association was held in this city today and the following officers selected for the ensuing year:

President, George R. Thorne, Midlothian Country club, Chicago; vice president, William Holabird, Glenview, Chicago; secretary, W. F. Pillsbury, Onwentsia, Lake Forest; treasurer, Alan L. Reid, Chicago Golf club. Additional directors: A. F. Bowen, Riverside Golf club; B. F. Schurmeier, St. Paul Town and Country club; Clarence Carpenter, Detroit Country club; L. T. Boyd, Milwaukee Country club; George S. McGrew, Glen View Golf club. Dates for the annual amateur championship of the Western Golf association and the open event, should it be decided to give one this year, were scheduled to come before the meeting, but it is expected both matters will be referred to a committee for final action.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

Collector of Porto Rico Makes Official Report.

Washington, April 4.—G. W. Whitehead, collector of customs for Porto Rico, has reported to the treasury department the amount of the imports and exports of the island from May 1, 1900, to Feb. 28, 1901. The value of the free imports from the United States for that period was $3,546,852, and that of the dutiable imports from the United States $2,906,156. From all other countries the free imports aggregated $33,360 and the dutiable imports $1,616,092. The total duties collected were $893,092. During the same period the exports to the United States amounted to $3,030,506, and to all other countries $2,423,577. The total imports amounted to about $8,100,000 and the exports to $5,814,083.

DR. HUNTING DEAD.

Well Known Presbyterian Minister Passed Away.

Marshall, Mich., April 4.—Rev. Dr. George F. Hunting, one of the best known Presbyterian ministers in the country, died at his home here today of paralysis, after two years of failing health. He was formerly president of Alma college at Alma, Mich. Dr. Hunting was prominent as a G. A. R. man and Knight Templar, and had considerable fame as a poet.

STRIKERS RETURN.

Newmarket, April 4.—The striking stablemen, after a ballot, have decided to accept the trainers' terms and are returning to the stables.

BRITISH CASUALTIES.

London, April 4.—The British casualties in South Africa continue high. The totals for the month are: Killed, 9 officers and 103 men; wounded, 26 officers and 270 men.

IN CONTEMPT

A Display of Petty Meanness By Pugh.

Cowardly Methods to Defeat a Bill.

St. Paul, April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Pugh, of St. Louis county, is being severely criticized by the other members of the delegation and other members of the legislature who have learned the facts for a display of petty meanness that is not often made by one who poses as a useful legislator. Some time ago Mr. Pugh introduced a bill to place the special judge of the Duluth municipal court on a salary of $2000 a year. Senator Baldwin went to Mr. Pugh and told him he could not support the bill, giving as his reasons that the theory of the municipal court act was that one judge should do the work of that court and that a special judge should be called in to act in case of an emergency, in case of the absence or sickness of the regular judge. The work in that court, it was pointed out, is less now than it has been for years and there is little need for a special judge and no reason for putting him on a salary of $2000 and increasing the expenses of the court. Senator Baldwin thus stated his reasons for not supporting the bill and stated them frankly to Mr. Pugh.

Yesterday morning before the house was called to order, Senator Baldwin was in the house and Mr. Pugh asked him if he would support that bill. The senator replied that he would not and repeated to him his reasons. Pugh then said: "Have you any bills coming in here?" The senator replied: "Yes, I suppose I have." Pugh tossed his head. As a matter of fact, Baldwin had two bills on the house calendar, and a few minutes after the house was called to order a house member notified him that Pugh was making a personal canvass of the house asking the members to vote against Baldwin's bill. The senator went into the house and several members told him Pugh had requested them as a personal favor to him to vote against the two Baldwin bills on the calendar. He then went to Pugh and accused him of this dirty work. After some hesitating, Pugh admitted the charge was true. Baldwin asked him if he was doing so because it was his bill, and Pugh said he was. Baldwin then promised Pugh that his constituents should know his qualifications as a legislator. The bill, which was designed to legalize sheriffs' certificates in certain cases, was killed because Baldwin did not know about Pugh's contemptible actions until too late to save it.

There is a possibility, however, that when the cowardly methods adopted by Pugh become generally known by the members, the house will reconsider the vote and pass the bill.

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EXPENSES OF ROYALTY

Civil List Reported With an Increase of Sixty-Five Thousand Pounds—Mr. Labouchere Objects to the Addition.

London, April 4.—The report of the committee appointed to consider changes in the civil list recommends that the new civil list be fixed at about £470,000 as follows:

Privy purse, £110,00; salaries of household and retired allowances, £125,000; works, £20,000; royal bounty, alms and special services, £13,000 and sundries, £8000.

The committe recommends an annuity of £20,000 to the duke of Cornwall, £10,000 to the duchess of Cornwall and £6000 to each of the king's daughters. The queen's annuity in the event of her surviving the king, is increased to £70,000 and an annuity of £30,000 is provided for the duchess of Cornwall in the event of her surviving the duke.

The proposals for the civil list show a net increase of £65,000. Mr. Labouchere, the sole signatory of the minority report, thinks that no increase is necessary. In a piquant paragraph he says: "The committee did not deem it within the scope of their inquiry to consider whether a continuance of the pomp and pride and ceremony of the court is desirable. Suggestions have been rife that the cost of living has gone up among the wealthier classes since her late majesty ascended the throne. This idea seems to be due to the present ostentatious expenditure of some of those who have suddenly acquired large fortunes. But your committee does not believe the sovereign would desire to enter into monetary competition with such persons or encourage by his example such vain glorious prodigality on the part of his subjects.

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LARGEST EVER BUILT

Steamship Celtic of White Star Line Launched at Belfast Has Capacity For Nearly Three Thousand Passengers.

Belfast, April 4.—The new White Star liner Celtic, the largest vessel ever built, was successfully launched here this morning in the presence of a large and representative gathering.

The Celtic's dimensions are as follows: Length, 680.9 feet; beam, 75 feet; depth, 44.1 feet; gross tonnage, 20,880; net tonnage, 13,650. The Celtic will have a displacement of 33,000 tons and is not intended for speed. She is designed as an emigrant carrier and will comfortably carry 1700 emigrant passengers.

The christening was performed by the marchioness of Dufferin. Among the prominent persons who participated in the ceremony were the Countess Cadogan, wife of the lord lieutenant of Ireland; the marquis and marchioness of Dufferin; the marquis and marchioness of Londonderry.

The arrangements for the launching were similar to those of the Oceanic, and the new vessel glided from the ways and was pulled up within her own length by dropping three pairs of anchors. The launching occurred amidst enthusiastic cheers of the people and the blowing of sirens and fog horns.

The Celtic has nine decks and capacity for 2859 passengers. She will carry a crew of 335 men. Her tonnage is 3600 greater than that of the Oceanic and nearly double that of the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, and her displacement is 12,500 greater than that of the latter vessel, while her displacement and tonnage is 10,200 over that of the Great Eastern.

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MINE BLOWN UP.

It Escaped During the Spanish War.

Norfolk, Va., April 4.—S. H. Mitchell, of the United States artillery department, reports having successfully blown up a submarine mine near Sacketts Harbor, Va.

The mine was one that had been planted during the Spanish war at Port Royal, S. C., or some other point in that vicinity. This mine had broken loose and since that time has been drifting at sea. Some farmers discovered it a few days ago thrown up by the tide.

BY THE PRESIDENT.

Several Appointments Announced at White House.

Washington, April 4.—The following presidential appointments were announced at the White House today: Department of justice—William Clayton, to be judge of United States court of the central district of Indian territory; Benjamin F. Hackett, to be marshal of United States for central district of Indian territory.

The president today signed the commissions of Lloyd Wheaton as major general and of Jacob H. Smith and Frederick Funston as brigadier generals of the United States army, the commissions of Gens. Wheaton and Smith bearing date of March 30 and that of Gen. Funston of April 1.

ROUSSEAU RELIEVED.

Surgeons Operated On Him Very Successfully.

Paris, April 4.—M. Waldeck-Rousseau passed a very bad night. His physicians on their arrival at 9 o'clock this morning found phlegmon beneath the tongue, and decided that an immediate operation was necessary. This was accomplished under chloroform. At noon the patient had improved and was free from fever. The phlegmon was accompanied by odema, which made breathing extremely difficult.

The physicians consider the patient's condition more satisfactory, but another consultation will be held this afternoon. The cabinet had been summoned to meet today, but the order has been countermanded.

RIOTS AT PARA.

Five Persons Killed and Many Wounded.

New York, April 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rio Janeiro says: Serious riots are reported from Para as a result of friction between the political parties.

Fighting in the streets became so severe that the police were compelled to ask for the aid of soldiers.

The garrison was ordered out, and finally the soldiers were compelled to fire upon the mobs in the streets. As a result five persons were killed and many wounded.

BURGLARS BLEW SAFE

Had Desperate Encounter With Night Watchman and Citizen.

Bound and Gagged Opponents and Made Their Escape.

Believed But a Small Sum Was Secured By Robbers.

Chardon, Ohio, April 4.—Six men blew open the safe of the Citizens' Savings bank early today, and after a desperate fight with Night Watchman Pomeroy and a citizen, whom they overpowered, succeeded in making their escape. It is believed the robbers secured less than $200. The night watchman discovered the men at work in the bank. He was seized, bound and gagged, but not until he had shot one of the burglars. Dr. Hadson, who lives near the bank, was aroused by the noise and came to the scene. He also was seized and tied hand and foot. It required three big charges of dynamite to blow the safe door off. After completing their work the robbers left town on a handcar.

Two men have been arrested at Willoughby on suspicion. The robbers only succeeded in gaining entrance to the one compartment of the big safe. In another part, which was not reached, it is said nearly $50,000 was stored.

Pomeroy, the night watchman, was badly injured. After he shot one of the burglars he was unmercifully clubbed over the head. After being bound and gagged the watchman was dragged into the bank, where he witnessed all the operations. At each explosion the robbers retired to places of safety. Pomeroy lay in an exposed place and no attention was paid to him, except that one of the robbers, whose arm evidently had been broken by his shot, occasionally gave him a kick. The robbers were a long time getting into the vault. They gathered up the loose coins lying about and then went at the strong box, against which they exploded several charges without result.

ARTIFICIAL

Is Sensation at Paris Over Departure of Russian Warships.

Paris, April 4.—An official of the foreign office informed a representative of the Associated Press today that the sensation which was being created by the departure of the Russian warships from Toulon is quite artificial. It was never intended that the whole Russian squadron should remain there during the Franco-Italian festivities, as it was recognized that the presence of a third party would tend to check the expansion of feeling, while at the same time it might invest the events at Toulon in the minds of others with a triple political character which they do not possess. The czar wishes, nevertheless, that the Russian navy should greet President Loubet at Toulon, and it will be represented by at least two warships, which will stay there during the festivities, in which their officers will participate.

A Russian personage in this city, who was interviewed on the subject, spoke in the same strain, explaining that had Russian officers and warships been in too great numbers they might have diverted to themselves part of the demonstrative friendliness which the Italians came to seek in France. He also said that there had been a lack of discretion on the part of the Russian consul at Toulon and declared that the Russian squadron had never intended to take part in the fetes. He admits that the departure of the Russian warships was hastened in order to cut short the reports in certain Paris papers which had been attributing undue significance to the arrival of the Russian squadron at the present juncture.

WILL BREAK DEFENSE.

Kruger Fears For the Safety of Zoutpansberg.

New York, April 4.—Says the London correspondent of the Tribune: News comes from Brussels to the effect that Mr. Kruger thinks that the occupation of Zoutpansberg will finally break down the Boer defense. Zoutpansberg is the Boer seat of government, and contains supplies of stores and ammunition, and it is understood to be in imminent danger as a result of Lord Kitchener's northern campaign. Prisoners who have recently arrived at Pretoria are stated, however, to have expressed opinions that the war will last for three years longer."

STORM WAS SEVERE.

Meagre Reports of Damage In West Virginia.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 4.—Reports from all parts of West Virginia, which have been kept back by broken wires, tell of severe snow, rain and wind storms. All over the state there seems to have been a heavy fall of snow except in the southeastern part, where there was rain instead, and it amply made up for the difference. A flood is now feared along the lower Ohio. All the small streams in the upper part of the state are bank full, and the lumbermen are suffering great losses.

AGREEMENT REACHED.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 4.—An agreement was reached today between the Wood Manufacturing company and their employes; 500 girls and women returned to their machines in the garment factory.

UP TO PEOPLE

To Vote on Gross Earnings Tax Increase.

Jacobson Bill Has Passed Both Houses.

St. Paul, April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—By a vote of 53 to 8 the state senate today passed the Jacobson bill, increasing the tax on gross earnings of railroads from 3 to 4 per cent, without amendment as it came from the house, and the bill goes to the governor for his signature. If the increase is sustained by the people, and afterwards by the courts, it will mean an increase of several hundred thousand dollars in the taxation of railroads in the state. Under the 3 per cent law the state received nearly $1,250,000 from its railroads. The fight for an increase in the tax has continued for the past ten years, a previous law having been declared to be unconstitutional by the United States supreme court, and the present measure provides for its submission to a vote of the people at the next election.

The bill came into the senate at 9:30 with a favorable report from the committee, and the motion was immediately made and carried to put it at once on its final passage. After a call of the senate, the previous question was ordered, shutting off debate, and fully half the senators therefore felt obliged to explain their votes, so that the result was not announced until 11 o'clock.

Senator Schellbach tried to secure the adoption of a minor amendment, but was ruled out on an objection by Senator Snyder. Later, in explaining his vote against the bill, he let himself loose in an attack on what he termed the "blackguard methods used in forcing its passage," declaring the bill to be improperly drawn and sure to be knocked out by the courts just as soon as they could get at it.

On the motion to reconsider, which was voted down, Senator J. J. Ryder made a final plea for the railroads, which he called the colonizers and developers of Minnesota, and, therefore, deserving to be encouraged rather than assailed with a club, as in such legislation as this.

The rest of the morning session was tame and lifeless in comparison with the incidents on the passage of the Jacobson bill. After the gross earnings bill had been disposed of, the Haughland social club blind pig bill was taken up, and after three-quarters of an hour spent in desultory talk on it it was laid over until tomorrow afternoon.

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STEAMER WENT ASHORE

Big Sound Passenger Boat Grounded In Narragansett Bay In Heavy Fog—Passengers Taken Off Without Injury.

New York, April 4.—Word has been received here that the steamer Chester W. Chapin, of the New Haven steamboat line, running between Providence and New York, went ashore on Patience island in Narragansett bay about 9 o'clock last night, during a heavy fog. The steamer was bound from Providence with a large number of passengers. The passengers were taken off by two tugs and a steamer and will be forwarded to New York by train. The line is controlled by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad company.

The Chester W. Chapin is the latest addition to the New Haven line. She is a steel twin screw steamer built in 1899 at Sparrows Point, Md. She is 2868 tons gross and is 312 feet long, 64 feet beam and 16.9 feet deep.

Providence, R. I., April 4.—The Chester W. Chapin went ashore about 9:15 p. m. as she was feeling her way out from Providence, but it was several hours before the news was received in this city. At first it was thought the steamer could release herself, as she was proceeding at slow speed, but after several trials with reversed engines, the efforts were discontinued and two of the steamer's officers started in a small boat for Warwick Neck lighthouse on the west shore of the bay, whence they communicated with the city by telephone.

As soon as possible two of the Providence Boat company's tugs were despatched to the island. The Providence, Fall River & Newport line also sent the Bayque from Newport, to take off passengers and render any other service possible. The tugs took positions on both sides of the Chapin and for several hours strained and pulled on the stranded craft in an effort to move her. All efforts were fruitless. When it was seen that the steamer would be delayed for some time, the passengers, who had suffered no discomfort and who had shown no evidence of panic, were transferred to the Bayque and brought to this city. A special train was made up and the travelers started for New York by rail early today.

Officials of the steamer line think the vessel is not seriously damaged and that she will be floated during the day.

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SPANISH WAR CLAIMS

Commission Will Organize Next Week and Six Months Will Be Allowed In Which to File Claims.

New York, April 4.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: The organization of the Spanish war claims commission, which will be effected next week, with ex-Senator Chandler as president, is drawing fresh attention to the Cuban claims. The total amount of damages asked now foots up $30,000,000 and though six months is allowed for filing claims after the commission organizes, it is not probable that the list will be greatly extended. Nearly all the pending claims have been taken up by lawyers as contingent ones, the usual fees being 33 1-3 per cent of the amount allowed. One firm, which has a large international business, has filed claims for various clients to the aggregate amount of $3,000,000. A Washington lawyer, who was attached to the military government for a brief period, represents claims amounting to $800,000.

There are a number of claims of Cuban-Americans which were taken up by the state department and pressed on the Spanish government for reparation for injuries inflicted or for imprisonment. In two or three cases of this kind the Spanish authorities had agreed to make compensation for the injuries. Among these is that of Mrs. Ruiz, the widow of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, who, it was charged, was killed in jail near Havana in the last days of President Cleveland's administration. Mrs. Ruiz filed a claim for $75,000 damages, and since the death of her husband has been living in Washington in poverty.

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MISSED ONE, SHOT THREE

San Francisco Man Fired at Woman, But Missed Her and Killed Two Men and Wounded Others.

San Francisco, April 4.—Two men were fatally shot and one seriously wounded in a saloon on Pacific street early today. Joseph H. Cordes, of Elmhurst, shot at a woman acquaintance, but missed her each time and struck three innocent bystanders, all of whom were sailors. John Carson was the first victim to succumb. He died shortly after arriving at the hospital. Peter Sjogren, of the transport Indiana, was shot through the head. The physicians say he cannot recover. A. J. Shanley, of the bark Harvester, was shot in the back. His chances of recovery are fair.

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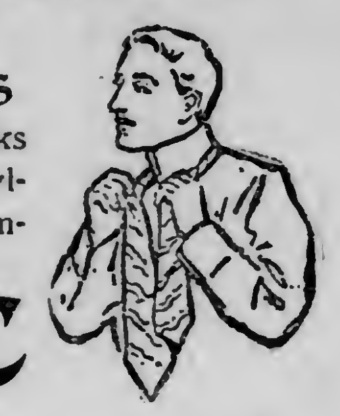
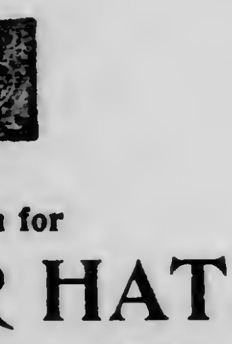
ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.

Washington, April 4.—The board of directors of the American anti-Saloon league has fixed Dec. 3 to 5 inclusive as the dates for holding the national convention of the association. The meeting will be a congregation of the various anti-saloon leagues of the country and a large representation is expected.

CLAIMS FOR COAL MINES.

Lima, Peru, April 4, (via Galveston.).—Claims have been filed by three local merchants, in connection with a big American syndicate for some important coal mines which have been discovered near Moquequa.





The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

EASTER

Neckwear and Gloves.

The very fashionable NEW NARROW FOUR-IN-HANDS in all shades, figures, stripes and checks—also the new Artist Model Ties, stylish Windsors, De Joinvilles, etc., combining a wealth of color and made of $1 silks — Easter sale price—your choice___ 50c

Great display of our celebrated $1.50 gloves, new grades, modes, tans, browns and reds—kid, cape goat, reindeer and mocha—all the new stitchings and equal to the $2 gloves of other stores__________________ $1.50

Also the famous makes of Gloves—Fownes & Dents at $1.50, $2.25 and $2.50.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Come to The Great Eastern for

YOUR EASTER HAT.

Either the "Burrows," the "Duke of York" or any one of our many new stiff and soft hats is appropriate, and the prices— $1.35 and $3.50

Or one of the celebrated Knox in this year's faultless styles at_____________ $5.00

Fine Silk Hats at________ $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00

All hats perfectly fitted by practical hat men.

A HAZY RECOLLECTION.

Tom Baker Loses Cash and Memory.

Two men held Tom Baker up against the rosewood in a Bowery saloon and robbed him of something like $65. He watched them take the money but did not miss it till he went into another saloon and tried to buy a glass of fermented rain water. He says that the hold up occurred last night or the night before or possibly on the morning of the day before that.

The woodsman only reported the robbery to the police this morning, though according to his story he may have been touched Monday morning. He says he remembers seeing the men taking money from his pocket but it did not occur to him that he was being robbed till he went to another saloon and found that he didn't have enough money to pay for his drink.

NEARLY ALL FROM CAMPS.

Smallpox Cases Come From There.

The breaking up of lumber camps and the rapidity with which woodsmen are coming in, is keeping the health department officials and employes tremendously busy. During the past month seventy cases of small pox have come to Duluth from lumber camps in this vicinity, and now that the woodsmen are coming in so fast the physicians and others fear a spreading of the epidemic unless unusual precautions are taken.

Health Commissioner Robinson says that there were seventy-seven new cases last month but only seven of these came from the city or neighboring towns. The seventy were from lumber camps and in several instances the patients were not captured until they had reached the city.

TONNING SONG CYCLE.

Presented at the Beethoven Club Recital.

Duluth music lovers had the pleasure of listening to the second concert of the Beethoven Chamber Music club, which took place at the Congregational church last night before a good audience. "Arabian Love Songs," the latest composition of Duluth's pianist, Gerard Tonning, was presented and made a fine impression. The composition is in the form of a song cycle for four solo voices and these were ably supplied by Mrs. Cecille Berryman, of Superior, soprano; Miss Clara Hector, contralto; George L. Tyler, tenor, and E. W. Prophet, baritone. A song cycle, being a series of pieces with different arrangements and adapted to make the composition as varied as possible, gives the composer much scope in his work. The chief aim, of course, is to secure local color, and Mr. Tonning, having taken his "Arabian Love Songs" from Richard Henry Stoddard's "Book of the East," has retained in his music the Oriental atmosphere that pervades the poem. A very attractive form of composition it is an extremely difficult thing to arrange the text uniformly, but Mr. Tonning has succeeded admirably in his work.

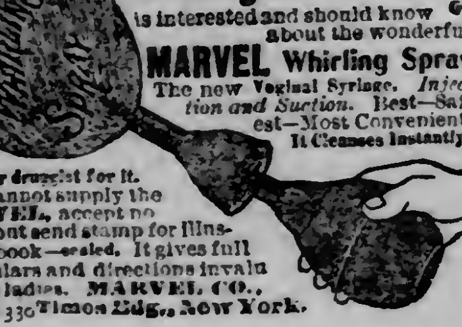
The soprano and tenor duet, "Beloved! Since They Watch Us," was the most striking part of the composition. The baritone solo was heartily encored. It is full of melody and was sung with good effect by Mr. Prophet. The shading and ensemble of the whole was excellent and the soloists seemed to grasp the composer's idea fully. A word concerning the accompaniment, which was arranged and played by the composer, would not be amiss. It is melodious and shows much skill in structure and style.

The song cycle is comparatively rare, there being only two compositions of this style—"In a Persian Garden," from the "Rubyaiat" and "Love Songs" by Brahms.

The Chamber club played two quartets with excellent effect. The first number was for strings by Beethoven, with Fred G. Bradbury, first violin; J. H. Flaaten, second violin; I. N. Sodahl, viola, and Gaston Borch, 'cello. The allegro was especially well done. The fast movement was played with a brilliancy and finish which could not be improved upon. The low melody of the adagio, with its gradual transformation into wild, passionate strains, followed by the delightful dainty crispness of the scherzo, are to be long remembered. In the quartet for the piano, violin, viola and 'cello by Bungert, the performers outdid themselves. It is a recent composition that is seldom heard, and this fact, together with the dash and brilliancy of the rendition, made it especially enjoyable. Messrs. Tonning, Bradbury, Sodahl and Borch played this and it is seldom that such music is heard in Duluth. The fire and energy with which it was executed made it very effective.

These concerts are especially delightful, for the reasons that chamber concert music is the ideal music for stringed instruments, and from the ability of the performers.

The last concert will occur during the early part of April.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 330 Times Bldg., New York.

Can Cubans Govern Themselves.

One of the best known diplomatists recently declared that the Cubans are incapable of governing themselves, and that the United States must maintain its present control indefinitely, or else annex the island. There will be those who will dispute this, but there are none who dispute the well-established fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is capable of controlling the common diseases of the stomach. It is a remedy that is backed by fifty years of success. It is an ideal medicine for constipation, a strength builder for those who are predisposed to lung troubles, and for nervousness it is of wonderful benefit. As an appetizer it is incomparable. Those whose stomachs are out of order should not fail to try a bottle.

Close to Death.

A. S. Lindsey, well known in Superior, came very near to death in the city jail this morning. He has been suffering from brain and kidney troubles and while in a very weak condition last evening was thought to be drunk and was arrested. This morning while walking across the jail room he reeled and fell and for several hours he was not expected to live. Under the influence of hypodermic injections he revived sufficiently to be removed to St. Luke's hospital.

Mr. Lindsey is about 45 years of age and single. The police notified several of his Superior friends of his dangerous condition.

His Wife Complained.

Seldom in the history of the local police court has a man been arrested for drunkenness on the written complaint of his wife. Usually such arrests are made by officers without warrants, but the rule was broken this morning when John Drohan was arrested on a warrant sworn out by his wife, Mary Drohan. In the complaint she charged her husband with "wilfully becoming intoxicated by then and there violently drinking intoxicating liquors."

The expression, "violently drinking" seemed to puzzle the court somewhat at first but a look at the defendant showed plainly that he had handled booze more roughly than was absolutely necessary for thirst quenching purposes. He was sentenced to the county jail for ten days.

TO PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND GRIP

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

WAGE WAR ON FILTH

That Determination Is Reached Today By City Officials.

Ordinances to Be Secured Making Effective Action Possible.

Wish to Make Tenant Responsible For Dirty Premises.

War on filth and promoters of unsanitary conditions was declared at noon today by an impromptu council of war hastily summoned in the office of the mayor.

The council was attended by Mayor Hugo, Health Commissioner Robinson, City Attorney Mitchell, Chief Crandall of the police department, President Wilson of the board of public works and Fire Warden Shinlaub.

Last year the city administration requested all the people to clean up on May 1. Very few complied with the request. The same request holds good this year, but it will be supported by the most vigorous fight against unsanitary conditions ever waged in this city.

The heavy artillery to be used in this campaign against filth is to be furnished by the ordinance department of the council. This department has an ordinance now pending that makes tenants of property responsible for all ashes, garbage or refuse found on the property, or in the alley or street abutting the property occupied by the tenants. Last year the city officers were powerless to fix the responsibility of the tenants, and the property owners, many of whom were non-residents, could not be reached. The ordinance may be passed by the council next Monday night.

After the council of war it was decided that the scattering of papers was one of the great factors of uncleanliness with which the city would have to contend, and Fire Warden Shinlaub said that he would prosecute violators of the ordinance in this respect to the fullest estent. The passing of hand bills was condemned, and the consensus of opinion was that the police department should stop it, but there is not sufficient power given the department, either in the city ordinance or in the charter, to push the matter as vigorously as desired. The passing of hand bills on the street is not only inimical to sanitary and aesthetic conditions, but is an annoyance to pedestrians and absolutely useless for advertising purposes.

Chief Crandall said that he would see to it that the police department strictly enforced the ordinance against expectorating on sidewalks and obstructing alleys in places where the tenants and property owners could not be reached under the proposed ordinance.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 94, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Express paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

IT IS LIKED.

Rock Crushing Plant Idea Generally Considered Good.

The proposition of the board of public works to have a municipal rock-crushing plant operated by prison labor seems to meet with much favor. Such a plant could turn out 75 tons of crushed rock for macadamizing purposes each day, and at a cost of only a few cents a ton. First street and London road, the two finest macadamized streets in the city, need to be resurfaced, but the city officers have been unable to decide the financial points necessary to such extensive improvements on these two thoroughfares. There is not enough money in the street maintenance department to make the improvements under ordinary conditions, but it is thought with prison labor operating a rock crushing plant turning out 75 tons a day, the street could be rebuilt, if necessary, at a comparatively small cost to the city.

Whalen Taken Down.

Deputy Sheriff W. J. Bates left this afternoon for Stillwater with James Whalen, the young man who assisted Joseph Goldstein to procure the revolver with which he attempted to kill Deputy Sheriff F. L. Mage while attempting to escape. Whalen goes to Stillwater on a reformatory sentence for stealing from Floan, Levroos & Co.

Under Sheriff Dash returned this morning from Stillwater, where he took William Hawkins to serve four years for grand larceny in the second degree.

Dispute Is Settled.

A dispute between the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Duluth over about 27,000 acres of land in this county has been settled by a stipulation giving the Northern Pacific 4400 acres and the St. Paul & Duluth 22,547.20 acres. The suit was begun by the receivers of the Northern Pacific Railroad company against the St. Paul & Duluth, but by stipulation these parties were changed to the Northern Pacific Railway company and the Northwestern Improvement company, these corporations having succeeded to the interests of the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth respectively.

C. O. F.

At their last meeting, St. Louis Court, No. 177, unanimously voted resolutions of condolences to Brother F. J. Dion, a member of the court, for the sad loss of his beloved wife. That a copy of these resolutions be entered upon the records of the court and that a copy of the same be sent him and also to The Evening Herald of Duluth for publication.

ST. LOUIS COURT NO. 177, C. O. F.,
Duluth, Minn.

Stavseth-Halden.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Stavseth, at 205 Eleventh avenue west, was the scene of a very pretty home wedding last night, when the daughter of the house, Miss Anne Staveseth, and Martin Halden, a brother of County Auditor Halden and an employe of his office, were married. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. B. Tvedt, of the First Norwegian Lutheran church. Many guests attended, and a very pleasant evening was spent. Refreshments were served. Peter Stavseth was best man and Miss Halvarda Stendahl was bridesmaid. The couple will live at the corner of Fifth street and Sixth avenue east.

Do you know him?
If you don't
You ought to.

MANIFESTO

Will Soon Be Issued By Aguinaldo Counselling Surrender.

Manilla, April 4.—Aguinaldo has the assistance of Chief Justice Arellano and of Mr. Fisher, Gen. MacArthur's private secretary, in preparing his manifesto. The work is not completed and the tenor of the contents is not divulged. Chief Justice Arellano had a long conference with Aguinaldo. He says Aguinaldo is realizing the futility of further resistance and is desirous of sparing the Filipinos additional distress, trusting to the justice and generosity of the American people. The chief of the revolution will urge the rebels to cease fighting and accept American sovereignty.

MEAGER

Are the Reports of Damage Done By Wednesday's Storm.

Pittsburg, April 4.—Because of the very general prostration of the telegraph wires, news concerning the effects of yesterday's storm in nearby towns is meager, but what has come to hand shows the storm to have been destructive in the extreme. Butler, McKeesport, Greensburg, Johnstown, and several up-river points all tell the same story of the heaviest snow and rain fall in years, great destruction caused by falling telegraph and telephone poles, the crushing in of house roofs and breaking down of trees, fences, etc. Many accidents are reported, but no fatalities.

In this city order is gradually being restored, street car service has resumed almost its normal condition, but it will require several weeks of the hardest kind of work to put telephone, fire alarm and electric light wires in their former condition. The streets and avenues in the Oakland and East End districts today present a very wrecked appearance. After a careful inspection the police reports scarly a thoroughfare that was not more or less damaged through wires or poles falling and when these escaped, their place was taken by trees. Many of the owners of East End residences regret this latter fact more than all the others, as the poles and wires can be replaced, but the trees will take years to attain their fine growth and luxuriance.

POSTPONED.

Meeting of Ore Producers Not Held as Proposed.

Cleveland, April 4.—It is stated that the meeting of iron ore producers which was scheduled to take place in this city last week to fix prices for this season on the product of the Lake Superior mines, has again been postponed, and this time indefinitely. A number of leading Cleveland producers are at present in New York in conference with the promoters of the United States steel corporation. It is understood that negotiations are in progress which may result in the absorption of a number of additional iron properties by the latter concern. The independent producers say it would be useless to hold the proposed meeting until the full scope of the new combine is known. That the United States corporation holds the key to the entire situation is generally admitted.

CONFERRED.

President and Secretaries Hay and Root Have Consultation.

Washington, April 4.—The president and Secretary Hay were in conference for almost an hour this morning. Secretary Root was present a portion of the time. The subject of the consultation was not disclosed although it was surmised that it related to the Chinese situation. Secretary Hay stated that the government had no official advices confirming the press reports that China had definitely refused to sign the Manchurian agreement with Russia. Secretary Root pronounced the stories that Aguinaldo had been invited to come, or that he was coming to the United States in the near future to be baseless. After the secretary of state and the secretary of war had departed Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, called at the White House and was received by the president in the blue parlor. The official explanation of the ambassador's visit, given out at the White House, was that he called to present the acknowledgement of the British government for the expressions of condolence on the death of Queen Victoria.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

The Anglo-American Copper Mining Company of Parry Sound. (Limited.)

Offers for sale from its Treasury Stock, par value $1.00, a limited number shares at

15 CENTS PER SHARE

The Anglo-American Company is actively engaged in mining copper ore from its Blanche B mine, located on Wilcox Island.

The mine is on the same formation as the Wilcox mine.

The company has contracted for a smelter to be in operation by June 1st, with a capacity of 20 tons per day, with a large amount of ore already on the dump ready for the smelter.

The company owns its properties unincumbered and has the smelter provided for, and confidently expects to be shipping refined copper from its smelter in June of the present year.

The reports as to the McGowan and Wilcox mines apply with equal force to the mine of the Anglo-American Copper Company.

From all tests made the ore averages over 7 per cent copper and 12 per cent zinc, while the smelter test is as follows:

AMERICAN REDUCTION WORKS.
METALS, DROSSES AND OXIDES, ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING IN SCRAP METAL LINE.
Offices 303 Dearborn Street, Suite 792.
Chicago, Ills.

CHICAGO, ILL., NOV. 1, 1900.

Anglo-American Copper Mining Company, Ltd., City.

GENTLEMEN—We beg leave to report that **after smelting 700 lbs.** of ore from Blanche B. Mine, result was **65 lbs. copper** saved from material.

We are yours truly. AMERICAN REDUCTION WORKS,
Fish & Harris.

For further information call at the office of the company.

4 EXCHANGE BUILDING, DULUTH.

MORE OF MR. JONES

Self Confessed Murderer Continues Testimony In Rice Case.

Shows Himself to Be a Weak and Vacillating Scoundrel.

Nothing Has Yet Been Proven Against Lawyer Patrick.

New York, April 4.—The proceedings against Albert T. Patrick, the lawyer, who is accused of causing the death of William Marsh Rice to obtain his property, were resumed today.

Before the proceedings began the representatives of the prosecution and defense discussed a proposition to adjourn today until next Tuesday morning.

Assistant District Attorney Osborne said: "We don't want an adjournment unless the defense will waive further examination."

"Well," said Justice Jerome, "as yet nothing has been shown to prove that Patrick is really guilty of murder except the uncorroborated testimony of an acknowledged accomplice. There must be corroboration of Jones' statements in order to hold Patrick on a murder charge, and I will not accept a waiver at the present time from either side."

The cross-examination of Charles F. Jones was then taken up. Jones said that on the afternoon before he attempted to commit suicide he wrote some letters. When he got better he destroyed them all. He did not think they had been out of his possession from the time they were written until he destroyed them. Jones said, however, that he leftt he letters in his cell when he was taken to the district attorney's office. One of the letters was to Fred B. House, who was his counsel at that time. He did not write a statement while he was in Bellevue hospital. While in the hospital he received visits from Capt. Baker of Texas, one of the witnesses of the 1896 will. Later on he was called upon by Mr. Battle, his present counsel.

"What conversation took place between you and Mr. Battle?" asked Mr. Moore.

"After Capt. Baker had introduced me to Mr. Battle he went away. Mr. Battle then said he understood from Capt. Baker I wanted him to represent me. Mr. Battle said he was willing to become my attorney, and would do the best for me."

"Mr. Battle," witness continued, "asked me where I had the knife with which I cut myself, and where I got it. I told him."

"When did Capt. Baker call again."

"To the best of my recollection he returned the same evening, accompanied by Mr. Battle."

Mr. Moore tried to draw from the witness an admission that Capt. Baker on his first visit to Jones in the hospital had suggested that the latter employ separate counsel.

"I do not think he did," witness replied.

Mr. Moore objected to the qualification with which almost all of the answers were prefaced.

"Give me a responsible answer. Did you ask Capt. Baker, in substance, to get you another lawyer?" asked Mr. Moore.

"I asked him to send me some members of the Weeks & Battle firm, yes."

Witness said Mr. Battle called on him at the hospital three times. On his second visit witness said Mr. Battle was accompanied by his (witness) father, who lived near Houston, Teaxs. Witness said he did not do any writing at the time, but had conversation with his father about family affairs. "I felt bad," said Jones, "and my father was very much distressed. I referred my father to Mr. Battle for anything regarding the Rice case."

"Did you expect him to tell your father all in regard to the murder of your benefactor, that you had told him?"

Jones said that he had thought that was the understanding.

"Had you told Mr. Battle the same story about the murder as you told Mr. Osborne on Oct. 28?" asked Mr. Moore.

"Yes, I had."

"Then," said Mr. Moore, "on that evening you were quite determined to deceive your own father; you were willing that he should be told a lie?"

Witness did not reply.

Mr. Moore insisted that a direct answer be given and Justice Jerome finally put the question himself.

"Were you willing to deceive your father?"

"I was on that occasion," witness replied.

"When you made your first statement to Mr. Osborne, did he not tell you that you lied?"

"To the best of my recollection he said that I had made a fictitious statement and that it could not be corroborated."

"Did not Mr. Osborne say you would both be punished if you did not tell the truth?"

Mr. Moore next brought out the letters which were written by Jones before he tried to cut his throat, and which were left in his cell when he was taken to Bellevue.

Witness said they were returned to him there by a man he did not know. He could not describe the man.

Jones said it was true that in the statement of his own case which he had made to his counsel he had told a falsehood in stating that Patrick had killed Rice.

"You deceived even your own lawyer?" asked Mr. Moore.

At this point Justice Jerome interfered.

"This witness is a weak, wicked and unfortunate man. He is a self-confessed murderer and deserves contempt, but I won't allow you to insult him."

Lawyer Moore said: "Here is a solemn statement about a cold-blooded murder. My client is directly concerned, and I am not asking too much in demanding that it shall go on the record that it is a falsehood."

Justice Jerome then allowed the question, and Jones said he had deceived his attorney.

A statement made by Jones to his present counsel, Mr. Battle, was read. Melvin Dalberg, of Patrick's counsel, began the reading of the paper, but had some difficulty in deciphering it, and Patrick took up the reading and finished it. This is the first time that Patrick's voice has been heard in court. In the statement Jones alleged that Patrick killed Rice.

OPENLY INSULTED.

Edward's Commission Fares Badly In Portugal.

London, April 4.—Dispatches received here from Paris reiterate the stories of affronts to Lord Carrington and his suite while returning from Lisbon after formally announcing King Edward's accession to King Charles of Portugal. It seems that the train on which the mission traveled conveyed a number of nurses returning from the Boer army. The result, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris, was that at every station there were violent anti-British scenes. Lord Carrington and his suite were openly insulted, while the nurses were greeted with loud cheers. The situation became so intolerable that the British mission changed trains.

DR. THUNDER

Head Medicine Man of Winnebagoes Is Dead.

Milwaukee, April 4.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Black River Falls, Wis., says Dr. John Thunder, head medicine man of the Winnebago tribe, died here today of pneumonia, aged 60 years. Dr. Thunder was the father of Tom Thunder, pretender to the chieftainship of the tribe.

DISAPPEARANCES.

Europe Stirs Up Its Memory of Cases.

The recent kidnapping case in Omaha revived interest in England and on the continent to the subject of kidnapping and mysterious disappearances and some of the stories of the most celebrated happenings of this sort that have occurred during the last century across the water have been retold, says the Chicago Tribune. It is said that in London alone many hundreds of people vanish completely every year. A large proportion no doubt efface themselves voluntarily; but there are plenty of genuine and well authenticated instances in which the circumstances and general environment of the victims absolutely preclude the entertaining of any such suppositions.

Six years ago in London George Fitch, a wealthy stock broker, suddenly disappeared under the most mysterious circumstances. The missing man was of quiet habits, with a substantial balance at his banker's, and, so far as known, no private worries whatever. He left his office for his home in the suburbs one evening at the usual time, but never arrived, nor was any trace of him ever seen again from that day to this, although a reward of $5000 was promptly offered.

At about the time when half the amateur detectives in London were hunting for Mr. Fitch another strange case of sudden disappearance, under exceptionally romantic and painful circumstances, was engaging the attention of the English foreign office. Charles Fitzgerald, an English newspaper writer of repute had set out on a journey from Sofia to Vienna. He never reached his destination and, although every effort was made to trace his movements, the secret of his fate is even yet unsolved. It is said that, at the time of his disappearance, he was carrying important dispatches for the Bulgarian government, and, if this be true, he probably fell a victim to one of the numerous oath-bound political associations with which that turbulent principality has always been honey-combed.

One of the most mysterious cases was that of a farmer named Williamson, who suddenly dropped out of sight forty years ago at the village of Haselmere, in Surrey. Williamson started to cross a meadow near his house to give instructions to some workmen on the other side. He trudged along whistling and singing to the middle of the field, and there suddenly and completely vanished. There was no wall, no ditch, no bush which could have concealed him. His wife, who had been standing in the doorway of her house watching her husband, suddenly screamed: "He's gone; he's gone; what an awful thing," and fell to the ground in a swoon. When she revived her reason had fled, and two other women who witnessed the occurrence received so severe a fright that they were sick for weeks. This mystery was never explained.

A similar case was that of Charles Ashmore, who lived at Bramber, in Sussex. Some years ago, at 9 o'clock in the evening, the boy was sent to a well 100 yards from the house to draw a bucket of water. He did not return and his father became anxious and set out with a lighted lantern to look for him. A light coating of snow lay on the ground, though none was falling or had fallen for hours. The boy's footsteps could be distinctly traced in the snow as far as the well, but they ended abruptly. There was a thin coating of ice on the water in the well and it had not been broken. The well was dragged and many searching parties scoured the neighborhood for days, but no trace of the boy was ever found.

One of the most remarkable and sensational disappearances of the nineteenth century was that which occurred in its first few years. Benjamin Bathurst, a kinsman of Lord Bathurst, was sent on a secret mission to Vienna, at the time that England, before opening the Peninsular campaign, sought to persuade Austria to declare, by way of distraction, war against France. On reaching Perleberg, in Bradenburg, a couple of sentries were tolled off to mount guard over the inn where he stopped, and on his setting forward on his journey towards nightfall he thanked them and told them they might withdraw. They did so, and, while all the household was on the alert to see him off, he walked beyond the circle of the lantern glare and was lost to sight at the head of the horses. This occurred on Nov. 25, 1809, and Mr. Bathurst was never seen or heard of again, although England offered a reward of $10,000 and Prussia $5000 for any evidence that would explain the missing man's disappearance.

Don't Get Left.

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Cascarine at all Druggists.

Cures biliousness, constipation and dyspepsia, or money refunded. Price 50 cents. Book explaining cause and cure of disease mailed free. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Freimuth's

Every day in the week is a good day to come here—"to trade or to look around and compare things"—but

Busy Under Price **Friday**

is an especially good one—because on it we make special prices in every department. These are for tomorrow only—

$7 Walking Skirts at $3.98 A little lot of $5, $6 and $7.00 Walking Skirts — good heavy skirtings in gray, black and blue. Choice Friday to close out quickly at $3.98.

75c Defender Sheets, only 55c Full size, 81x90, fine quality genuine "Defender Brand"—no better made

Pillow Cases to match, 18c quality 13c

8-4 Lockwood Sheeting at 17c Full bleached, fine quality—you know its usual price—a bargain at

$1.00 Homespun Cheviots 59c In gray, blue and Reseda green—52 inches wide—splendid for street dresses and skirts—$1 quality

70c Wool Cheviots, only 50c In blue and black—an excellent, serviceable cloth—selling at

Women's 20c Hose at only 12½c Real Maco yarn, perfect fast black, regular selling price 20c

35c Mercerized Sateens at 25c 36-inch—a fine quality sateen that usually sells for 35c

12½c Percales selling at 8½c Best quality percale in new patterns for skirt waists and house dresses, 12½c quality

Men's $1.00 Shirts at only 50c Stiff bosom percale—in all colors, very pretty stripes, sizes 15, 15½, 16, 17 only; have been selling at $1.00.

25c Teck Ties at only 17c Assorted patterns — good colors—we invite you to see them

39c Belts selling at only 25c Gilt braid Belts with patent leather edges—heavy gilt buckle - usual price 39c

50c Satin Ribbons at only 25c Double-faced Satin Ribbon 3½ to 4½ inches wide—colors white, pink, blue, red, etc— regular 50c value

35c Boxes Stationery at 25c Old Berkshire Mills Antique Linen or Satin Wove; first quality—1 quire paper and envelopes—usually 35c

$1.00 Copies "Black Rock" 25c Fine cloth bound edition of Ralph Connors' famous book—a book with a reputation—only a limited number $1 copies while they last at 25c.

$1 Hood's Sarsaparilla at 72c The best Spring medicine; the great blood purifier—price

$1.25 and $1 Hair Brushes 69c Real ebony and solid backs —This is an extraordinary value

25c Dressing Combs only 17c Fine Celluloid Combs that will give good service and are worth 25c

25c Glass Lamps selling at 10c Stands 16 inches high, complete with burner, chimney and wick, regular price 25c Limit 2 to a buyer.

Glass Sauce Dishes selling at 1½c 4 inch size, plain clear glass, worth 40c per dozen. Limit 1 dozen to a customer

15c Rotary Flour Sifters at 8c Good and well made. This is an exceptionally good value for the price

18c Pudding Pans selling at 9c Extra deep, good granite iron pans, worth 18c each, selling at only

THE OHIO

Will Be Launched on May Eighteenth.

Washington, April 4.—Judge Advocate Lemly has received a telegram from Commander Snow, at San Francisco, stating that the Union Iron works will launch the battleship Ohio on May 18. The company has been informed that President McKinley and his cabinet will be present at the launching.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

ARE NOW AROUSED

Property Owners and Paving Men Beginning to Move.

Afraid the Council May Select Material Not Wanted.

Vitrified Brick Interests Are Now Circulating a Petition.

The action of the council in taking steps toward a charter amendment abolishing the system of property petitions for street improvements, has roused the street paving agents to energetic work. They and many of the property owners, fear that if the council is given the power to make the street improvements without petition from the property owners, the aldermen will not consult the property owners in the kind of material to be used either, and for that reason several new petitions were started today.

Several petitions were started some time ago in the interest of sheet and block asphalt, covering improvements out Superior street to Twenty-third avenue east. With the possibility of the council taking the street paving question out of the hands of the property owners confronting them, the circulators of these petitions are busy revising them so as to include only that part of Superior street between Eighth avenue west and Second avenue east in the proposed improvement.

The vitrified brick interests are out with a petition today, as are the sandstone and sheet asphalt interests. It is anything to keep the proposed charter amendment down, and if nothing else the action of the council last Monday night has stirred up considerable excitement among those vitally effected. This may result in the paving of Superior street by petition much sooner than expected.

RAISE IN ICE.

Ice Companies to Move Prices Up a Stiff Notch.

The ice companies have decided to advance the price of ice in Duluth the coming summer. The advance will be quite heavy in some instances and lighter in others. The ice men claim that they lost money last summer and that ice in Duluth is sold cheaper than anywhere else around here. They exhibit price lists in use in the Twin Cities, showing that prices there are much higher.

One of the ice men said this morning that if people were disposed to think that they were trying to make an unreasonable profit, they would show up their books for last season which would show an actual loss. Nevertheless there will be a big kick on the part of the people and they will lay it to the sentiment which seems to be general to advance prices all along the line.

The advance means that the householder who was getting ice twice a week last summer and paid $1.50 a month must pay $2.25 this summer and the one who gets ice three times a week must pay $2.75 a month.

In other lots prices will be about like this: Above three tons at one delivery, $2.50 a ton; in lots of three tons or thereabouts, $3 a ton; 1000 pounds a week to saloons and restaurants, 25 cents per 100 pounds; 1000 to 1500 pounds a week, 20 cents per 100 pounds; above 1500 pounds a week, 15 cents a pound; drug stores, 15 cents per 100 pounds.

Deliveries of 50-pound pieces to small stores will be at the rate of 15 cents a piece. These are supposed to be dropped off on the sidewalk in front of business places.

IS VERY COOL.

Frank Lowery Skips Out After Informing His Wife.

His family, his friends and the police, are anxious to know the exact location of Frank Lowery, the well known restauranter of Lake avenue. Last night about 11 o'clock he wrote a note to his wife instructing the night clerk to deliver it to her in twenty minutes. The note, however, was not delivered until this morning. It stated briefly that Mr. Lowery was about to leave for parts unknown and that his wife and her brother could take charge of the restaurant business at 220 Lake avenue south. When he wrote it, Mr. Lowery evidently thought his wife was in their apartments over the restaurant, but it so happened that she was spending the night with relatives down in the West End.

When she returned this morning and found the note she immediately notified the police and every effort was made to locate the missing husband, but without success. He was seen on Superior street about midnight.

GOING UP.

Price of Some Kinds of Meat to Advance.

The coolness with which prosaic wholesale and retail meat dealers are gradually raising prices is likely to drive people to vegetable diet. The meat markets of this city have already put the price of pork from 10 cents a pound to 12½ cents and will probably raise the price of sirloin steak from 15 to 18 cents a pound.

The meat dealers claim that they are forced to do this because the packing houses are raising the wholesale rates on them, and singular as it may seem the packing house agents profess total ignorance of any raise, or contemplated raise. The butchers, however, insist that the big wholesalers are shoving up the price on them on practically every kind of meat, but that the butchers are only going to raise the price to the public on pork and sirloin steaks. When asked how they expected to come out with any profit on such philanthropic deal one meat dealer said that it would simply be cutting down the margin of profit to the retailers.

STOPPED IN HOUSE

Senate Amendments to Primary Election Law Not Approved.

Committee of Conference May Straighten Out Trouble.

An Insurance Bill As Substitute For Laybourn Measure.

St. Paul, April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Dunn primary elections bill was reported to the house today from the senate with the amendments. A motion to non-concur was adopted and Speaker Dowling appointed Dunn, Roberts and Schulz as house members of a committee on conference. Most of the morning was devoted to routine consideration of bills on the calendar and general orders. Representative Torson's bill to extend to four years the term of the state superintendent of public instruction, which went through the committee of the whole yesterday, was killed on final passage today. Among the bills passed were these:

House bills—Haughland's county surveyor's bill; Stites' bill relating to election of township officers; corporation bills of Sherf; Grass, covering technicalities.

Senate bills—Smith—To authorize cities of over 50,000 to establish employment bureaus; Schaller—Authorizing public corporations to refund their bonded indebtedness; committee substitute to amend public school law.

In committee of the whole but two bills were acted on. Kelly's auctioneer bill was recommended for passage and the Berg bill providing for cash payment of road tax instead of labor payments, was killed.

The house committee on insurance introduced a bill today as a substitute for the Laybourn insurance code bill. The original measure has been in the committee's hands for the past six weeks, and the substitute represents a vast amount of work in the way of correcting verbal errors and inconsistencies.

The substitute bill covers eighty pages of typewritten copy, and includes 116 sections. The principal changes from the Laybourn original bill are to strike out the New York form of fire insurance policy and retain the present Minnesota standard form, and also to change the provisions regarding incorporation, so as to allow local companies to re-incorporate on the stock plan.

The substitute, like the former bill, increases the clercial force in the insurance commissioner's office quite materially. This increase is justified, on the ground that the same sized office force is now maintained that was employed when the office was in its infancy.

SCHELLBACH'S AMENDMENT.

St. Paul, April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The amendment which Senator Schellbach wanted to offer to the Jacobson bill, but the senate would not receive, was:

"Providing, however, that the treasurer of this state is hereby authorized to receive any part of the taxes due from any railroad company, and that all penalties provided herein for non-payment of such taxes shall apply only to such part of taxes as may be delinquent and unpaid."

The object of the amendment was to prevent the tying up of the whole tax by allowing the state treasurer to accept 3 per cent on account while the litigation is pending. Then if the courts should decide the law valid, the state could collect interest and penalties on the balance. As the law now stands, the treasurer can accept no tender less than the full amount.

BIDS OPENED

For Construction of Protected Cruiser Milwaukee.

Washington, April 4.—Bids were opened in the office of the secretary of the navy today for the contract to build the protected cruiser Milwaukee, otherwise known as protected cruiser No. 21. Secretary Long announced before the opening of the bids that should any belated bid reach the department, which is proved to have been held up on account of the storms in the West, it will be considered along with those opened today. There were two bidders and three bids, the Union Iron works of San Francisco, and Cramp & Sons, of Philadelphia, the latter firm submitting two separate proposals.

NOT NEGOTIABLE.

Are Securities Secured In Chadron Robbery.

Chadron, Ohio, April 4.—Cashier Smith announced this afternoon, that the burglars who robbed the bank this morning, secured $150 in gold, $20,000 in certificates of deposit and $25,000 or $30,000 worth of mortgages and other securities belonging to individuals. None of the paper taken is negotiable. There was $30,000 in cash in the inner vault which they did not get.

JOHNSON SWORN IN.

Begins Duties As Mayor of Cleveland.

Cleveland, April 4.—Tom L. Johnson was today sworn in as mayor of Cleveland and at once assumed the duties of his office. He stated that he was not ready to name the members of his cabinet and requested the various heads of departments under ex-Mayor Farley's administration to continue to act for the time being.

Augustus Hubbell, charged with libeling Hon. Tom L. Johnson, waived a preliminary hearing before Justice Brown today and was bound over to the common pleas court. Hubbell, on Saturday last, made a sworn statement, in which he said Johnson had given him $300 to influence voters at the election.

EX-MAYOR BUTLER DEAD.

Milwaukee, April 4.—Ammi R. R. Butler, ex-mayor of Milwaukee, died today at the residence of his son, John A. Butler, 135 Nineteenth street, after a lingering illness. He was 79 years of age.

Wanted.

Experienced Salesladies for our Cloak and Millinery Departments. Apply at Manager's Office between 9 and 10 Friday morning.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Duluth hive No. 1 L. O. T. M. will give a progressive cinch party tomorrow evening at the Hunter's hall.

The board of civil service commissioners has ordered a competitive examination for positions as drivers in the fire department. The examination will be held in the council chamber on April 23.

The circulating department of the public library will be closed all day tomorrow, it being Good Friday. The reading room will be open afternoon and evening.

The Second Presbyterian church will hold its annual meeting in the auditorium of the church this evening, to listen to reports and plans for the work of the coming year, after which refreshments will be served in the lecture room.

D. L. Martin has begun suit against William Buckley to recover $84.61 alleged to be due on a note. Phelps & McManus are the attorneys.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Byron Dale Elliott and Carrie Jones, Martin Halden and Anne Stavseth and to Andrew Anderson and Gena Peterson.

Tilly Carlson, a young woman from Montana, who was visiting in the city, has been brought before the probate court for insanity, and her examination was to take place this afternoon. If she is found to be insane she will probably be sent back to Montana.

The delinquent personal property taxes will be turned over to the clerk of the district court tomorrow, and they will go to the sheriff about April 23.

There will be no session of the board of trade tomorrow, which is Good Friday.

John Robinson, an 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. David S. Robinson, of Quince street, Duluth Heights, died this morning at the home of his parents. The funeral will be held from the house tomorrow morning and the interment will be at Calvary cemetery.

G. Fred Stevens, the newly appointed surveyor general of logs for the Duluth district, has removed his office from the Lyceum building to Room 505 Palladio building. Mr. Stevens will assume the duties of his office one week from next Monday.

John H. Hunter, assistant superintendent of the Moody Bible institute, in Chicago, will conduct a series of evangelistic meetings, for two weeks, at the Lake Avenue Bethel, commencing next Sunday morning. Mr. Hunter will be assisted by T. W. Harris, the gospel singer.

The statement of Receivers Hartman and Dunn of the Commercial Light and Power company for the months of January and February were filed in the United States court today. They show receipts of $29,345.24 and a cash balance at the beginning of the period amounting to $2,951.22. Disbursements were $30,201.14, leaving a balance of $2,095.32.

Mr. and Mrs. William Asher, until recently connected with the Jefferson Park Presbyterian church, of Chicago, as assistants to the pastor, Rev. Frank Talmage, D.D., have accepted positions with the Bethel association. Mrs. Asher arrived today and will sing at the Lake Avenue Bethel services on Sunday. Mr. Asher is expected in Duluth May 1.

PERSONALS.

Maj. R. E. Fleming, of Fargo, is in the city today for the purpose of attending the Masonic banquet this evening.

Police Sergt. Thompson is on duty again after a short illness.

City Attorney Mitchell has returned from a short business trip to St. Paul.

Ex-Senator D. M. Sabin left for Chicago, for a short business trip this afternoon.

Among the railroad afficials in the city today were Albert Nash, traveling passenger agent; C. F. Shanley, assistant claim agent, and H. P. Barlow, attorney of the Omaha company.

S. J. Cusson, manager of the Edward Hines Lumber company, is back from Chicago.

C. H. Street, member of a Chicago lumber firm, who has been in the city for the past few days, left for his home today.

Mayor Cardle, of Cass Lake, has returned from a short vacation trip and will tomorrow resume his duties as conductor on the Eastern Minnesota run from Duluth to Bemidji.

John Cardle, of Blue Earth, Minn., was a visitor here today.

C. Bruce Nimmo, formerly in the drug business here, now of Brainerd, Minn., was a visitor in the city today.

C. E. Bailey, of Eveleth, was a range visitor in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Rogers, of Cloquet, arrived in the city this morning to spend the day.

Waldo Sweet, of Fond du Lac, Wis., was a caller in the city today.

Herbert Kelly, of Ely, was among the range visitors here this afternoon.

R. S. Miller, of Ely, is in the city on a short business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Butler, of Virginia, are visitors in the city today.

William Allen, of the Tower Lumber company, was a caller here today.

Henry Clark, of Two Harbors, made a business visit in the city this morning.

John Kerr, of Minneapolis, was in the city yesterday. He leaves today for Ely and other range towns, where he has mining interests.

Boston & Montana.

In 1860 cotton was king. Later gold was king. But it is everywhere admitted that today copper is king. A supreme court decision causes a shutdown in the Boston & Montana copper mine, throwing hundreds of men out of employment, and it is a question whether or not the entire mine will be closed. Should it be, it will strengthen the demand for copper, and again Duluth people will benefit by the rise in productive stocks. Day by day Parry sound is coming to be a household word. It will not be long before Parry sound, on Georgian bay, will be as well known as the word Mesaba.

Each day offers new evidence that when O. L. Young and his Chicago parties began developments in the Parry sound district they were building for future delivery. They went at their explorations systematically, and every acre of ground owned by the company was most carefully proved as to quality and quantity of ore indications. The lands were paid for, developments pushed, buildings sufficient for the operation of a well-equipped mine built; scows, lighter and a large tug were supplied. All of this was done before any stock was placed on the market. The outcome was the organization of the Anglo-American, under the management of Mr. Young.

Quite a number of our citizens seem to confuse this company with the Parry Sound company represented by A. R. Macfarlane. While the properties of both companies are in the same district, the companies are distinctly separate. If the people interested in the production of copper will consider that the Michigan mines have paid millions of dollars in dividends on ore averaging less that 3 per cent and some of it less than 1 per cent, what must be the prospect in the Georgian bay country, averaging 7 to 12 per cent? R. W. Peters, of Baltimore, Mr., in his report of the Wilcox mine, says: The ore in Band B, shaft No. 2, is about ten feet wide, averaging 14 per cent copper and over 20 per cent zinc, and is traceable to the island, on which is a shaft thirty-five feet deep in identical ore. This island which Mr. Peters refers to is the Wilcox island, owned by the Anglo-American company, and this "identical ore" he refers to is the lode being operated by the Anglo-American company, and their shaft is 50 feet deep, and in ore all the way growing richer as they go down.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

For Easter

The finest and best Gloves from France, Italy and America are ready—for Easter and spring—very little change in what will be worn. As spring comes we get lighter weights, lighter seams. Every pair fitted and fully warranted.

The celebrated "Reynier," the very finest glove made at the price.

Glace, $2.00.
Reynier Suede, $1.75.
Founes' "La Tosca," $2.00.
Foune's Dagmar and Eugenie, $1.50.

The P. & L. Suede, $1.00.
Leland Bros.' Suede, $1.00.
And the "Crespi," the best dollar glove in the world.

Tomorrow—Friday—would be a good day to have your gloves fitted and avoid the Saturday crowds.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CONVICTED.

Alonzo Whiteman Found Guilty of Grand Larceny.

New York, April 4.—Alonzo J. Whiteman, formerly of Duluth, was convicted of grand larceny in the court of general sessions today. Whiteman's offense was the passing of a worthless check at the Hotel Navarre.

Is In Chicago.

President Greatsinger will not arrive in the city from the East before Saturday. The frequent announcements of his coming, followed by failures on his part to arrive, have inspired some of his friends to believe that he is walking back in order to have ample time to meditate upon the enormity of the task he has in front of him as president of a street railway concern that is in disfavor with the employes and people. It is explained, however, that he is attending the meeting of the directors of the Minnesota Iron company in Chicago.

DIFFICULT

Question Is Asked War Department By Gen. Chaffee.

Washington, April 4.—Gen. Chaffee has cabled the war department from Pekin that the military commanders, representing the foreign powers there, are now considering the question of disposing of the Chinese forts and of establishing fortified posts at proper intervals along the route from Pekin to the sea. Gen. Chaffee seeks instructions for his guidance in the conference.

A rather difficult question is involved in Gen. Chaffee's request for instructions. As to the treatment of Chinese fortifications no particular difficulty is involved, for the state department has clearly set out its views that these should not be destroyed, but simply dismantled. As to the establishment of fortified posts, it is probable the United States will on its part persist in the policy of declining to maintain a permanent military establishment in China.

Meanwhile the war department is pushing its preparations for the complete evacuation of China by American forces, and it is now stated that Gen. Chaffee's army will embark for Manilla on May 30. Not a word has been heard from Mr. Rockhill for the last three days. Consequently there is no official confirmation of the Pekin report that the Chinese government has finally refused Russia's proposition as to Manchuria. The Chinese minister was not among the callers at the state department today, but it was learned that he had not received advices of China's final rejection of the agreement.

EXONERATED.

Surfman Heard No Signal From Steamer Rio Janeiro.

Washington, April 4.—General Superintendent Kimball of the United States life-saving service has received the report of the commission appointed to investigate the alleged failure of Mark Ellingsen, a surfman of the Fort Point life-saving station, to report the distress signals from the City of Rio de Janeiro, which foundered off San Francisco bay Feb. 22. "It is proved beyond question," says the report, "that at no time was any signal made by the steamer entitled to be recognized as a signal of distress. Ellingsen is therefore exonerated."

BLOODLESS DUEL.

Kentuckians Meet and Punch Each Other.

Louisville, April 4.—Gen. John B. Castleman, who was colonel of the First Kentucky regiment, and was later appointed by President McKinley to be a brigadier general of volunteers, and Walter B. Forester, managing editor of the Louisville Commercial, fought on the street today. No blood was shed and the affair was quickly over. There had been bad feeling between them since the Spanish-American war, when Forester was assistant adjutant general of Kentucky. They met on Fourth avenue today. Gen. Castleman struck Forester in the face. Forester struck back and Gen. Castleman fell to a half recumbent position. Friends stepped between them and each of the combatants proceeded quickly to his office.

SAVED.

Sampson Kept From Prison For Time Being at Least.

Chicago, April 4.—Michael J. Sampson, formerly chief clerk of the bureau of special assessments, who was arrested in London, brought back and convicted some time ago of forgery, was, by vigorous use of the long distance telephone, today saved, for the time being, at least, from entering upon his term of imprisonment in the Joliet penitentiary. The supreme court issued a mandate a month ago refusing a new trial for Sampson and ordering the sheriff to take him to the penitentiary at once. Shortly after noon today Judge Gibbons granted a writ of habeas corpus for Sampson, setting his hearing for tomorrow.

The writ was rushed over to the county jail, but the deputy sheriff and his prisoner had already departed and a wild race in a cab through the downtown streets to the Union depot was without result, as the train had just left. Sheriff Magerstadt was then hunted for, finally found, and the writ served on him. The long-distance telephone to Joliet was called into use, the warden of the prison summoned to the wire and requested to stop the deputy and his prisoner at the door on their arrival this afternoon. Sampson's fight for liberty has been almost as remarkable as that of former banker, E. S. Dreyer, and every legal resource has been used to prevent his imprisonment.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Adrian, Mich., April 4.—Darius H. Batcheller, a horse breaker, today fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide.

CARNEGIE'S ROMANCE.

Interesting stories of the early life of Andrew Carnegie are being recalled since the negotiations for his retirement from the steel business begun, says the Evening Wisconsin. Many of the stories center around the days when Mr. Carnegie was superintendent of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad, at a time when he was just beginning to enter the iron business from which grew the $400,000,000 properties just sold to J. Pierpont Morgan. Mr. Carnegie at that time lived in a little frame cottage that still stands at Penn and Lang avenues, with his mother, of whom he was passionately fond. His brother, Thomas M. Carnegie, had married earlier and lived not far away.

One story of an early courtship that displayed the strong character of Mr. Carnegie was recalled by the recent death of Mrs. Thomas A. Scott, widow of Gen. Thomas A. Scott, who was for years president of the Pennsylvania railroad. It was along in 1864, and Mr. Carnegie was paying attentions to Miss Annia Riddle, the tall, graceful and beautiful daughter of the editor of the Pittsburg Gazette. Mr. Carnegie was young then and fascinated, and he thought so much of his young sweetheart that he arranged one day, during a visit to Mr. Scott, his superior, to have the latter meet "his Annie."

President Scott was older, a widower and one of the handsomest and most entertaining men in the United States. He had largely made young Carnegie what he was then, and the latter fairly worshipped his patron. And his desire to have Mr. Scott meet Miss Riddle was in the nature of bestowing an honor upon his friend.

Young Carnegie confided his intentions to a friend, but the latter disapproved of the arrangement, and doubted the wisdom of the act. He pointed out that Mr. Scott was so handsome, so dignified and so accomplished, so winning when he wanted to be, and—he was a widower—he was sure to woo and win the sweet young girl. But young Carnegie was proud and stubborn, and his only reply to his friend was that if any other man in the world could win his sweetheart away from him he did not want her.

The introduction took place. The handsome Mr. Scott wooed and won and wed, and when he died some years later he left his widow many millions and a number of children. Mr. Carnegie did not marry until late in life, his strong, determined character being exhibited in many ways in his brilliant and successful business life, in which he accumulated ten times the wealth and distinction of his patron of the later '60s. His happy married life in New York, in wealth the peer of any in the world, his worship not money, though he has it beyond the dreams of avarice—his worship, his wife and daughter, his delight to do good, are well known to every Pittsburger. The incident of early life was told to illustrate the strong character of the present steel king as a brilliant young Pittsburger, and the fact that while he would defy hate he would play second fiddle to no man.

GAVE RILEY A START.

"We Hoosiers ought to be everlastingly grateful to 'Lije' Halford," said the soap man in the hotel lobby, who was discussing James Whitcomb Riley with a reporter, "for bringing Riley into prominence, by dismissing him from his job as a writer for the Indianapolis Journal, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Of course they all wanted to know how it happened, and the soap man told the story. Riley was getting a few dollars a week from the Journal for original poems, when "Lije" Halford, afterward private secretary to President Harrison and now paymaster in the army, came to the paper as managing editor.

Halford at once decided that expenses should be cut down, and picked upon Riley as the first victim. He told Riley that the poetic department would be continued if Riley wanted to furnish the poems without expense to the office. The blow was a hard one on Riley, and he was ready for a time to give up in despair. While things were looking decidedly blue for him a convention was held in Indianapolis. One of the men nominated was a big fellow who had never made a speech in his life.

He was called before the convention and stood, shifting from one foot to the other in perfect agony for a moment, and then blurted out: "Gentlemen, I thank you for this nomination. I can't make a speech, but I can tell you one thing: This ticket you've nominated here today is goin' to win, when the frost is on the pun'kin and the fodder's in the shock.'" "I heard that speech," continued the drummer, "and it took the house by storm. It was evidence that the little poem by Riley, which had been published but a few days before, had been read by the spectators, who joined in the applause which greeted the apt quotation from the poem.

That circumstance brought the business manager of the Journal to Riley's rescue, and his first book, "The Old Swimmin' Hole and 'Leven More Poems," was published and made a great hit. Since that time things have been coming easy for Riley. If Halford hadn't fired him he might never have discovered himself."

COLD IN ALASKA.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The weather bureau station at Eagle, Alaska, has now been in operation for somewhat over a year. The lowest temperature observed during that period was 65 degrees below zero, in January, of 1900.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Every Hour Counts!

"Next Sunday's Easter!" do you realize it?

Friday and Saturday will be great days for buying clothes! You'd best "take time by the forelock,"

There'll be a great rush and crush by Saturday; so much to do, and so little time to do it in!

Tomorrow would be the best time to pick out your costume or wrap, when you can take your time to do it, and when we can give you all the time you want!

Everyone says that we never had so handsome and varied a stock as now!

No one who would buy nice clothes can afford to pass us by!

All sorts of costumes —plain single or double-breasted Tight Fitting—Postilion backs, Princess, Bolero and Etons!

All the best colors—and black.

Some all silk lined—some jackets only—silk lined.

All sorts of Jackets—and wraps too! Plain Etons, Box Coats, Tight Fitting Fly Front Coats, from $6.75 up to $39.50.

Taffeta Jackets in almost fifty styles—from $12.50 to $45.00.

"Raglans," or spring Newmarkets as some call them, $12.50 to $39.50, quarter, half or all silk lined!

Cloth Skirts — $5.75 to $45.00. Taffeta Skirts —$10.75 to $85.00.

Silk Waists, $5.00 to $15.00, over forty styles!

Silk Petticoats, from $5.75 to $35.00, all the shades and black!

Girls' Clothes, too—don't forget us on them! we've made great preparations to fit them out—lots of kinds of suits, age 10 to 18 — in the new reds, blue, brown, tan and castor, handsomely trimmed!

Jackets, too—galore and pretty ones for little prices; $5.50 starts the range for good ones and up to $25.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Never Disappointed An Advertiser.

The Friday Herald

—WELL NAMED—

the Shoppers Guide

Advertising copy to run in all editions should be ready Thursdays at noon.

HE KILLED HIS WIFE

Because She Wanted $15 Hats and $5 Shoes.

New York, April 4.—Because his wife was extravagant and wanted $15 hats and $5 shoes, and made it impossible for him to live with her, according to his story, Axel Douglass, 24 years old, an assistant janitor, shot and instantly killed his wife, Alma, in his room at No. 635 Lexington avenue. After killing his wife he shot himself above the heart.

He is a prisoner at Flower hospital, and may not recover. Douglass has been employed for a month by Theodore Frankenberg, janitor at No. 141 East Fifty-fourth street. He had not lived with his wife for several months. She worked as a servant in One Hundred and Eighteenth street. Just where is not known. Their 3-months-old boy is in the care of a friend, Mrs. Larsen, No. 673 Hicks street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Douglass visited her husband Monday night. She met him outside the door, and went with him to his room. She was not seen alive again. About an hour and a quarter later Douglass walked out of the Fifty-fourth street door and staggered across to Frankenberg's home.

"I did it. I give myself up," he said to Frankenberg. "She said she must have $15 hats and $5 shoes, and I killed her. I'm sorry, but had to do it."

As he staggered he left a trail of blood behind. He was taken to the hospital under arrest.

TO "SEE" KING EDWARD.

James J. Van Alen to Investigate That Order.

New York, April 4.—James J. Van Alen sailed for Europe on Tuesday on the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse to "see about" the distinction recently conferred upon him by Edward VII. It is the order of St. John of Jerusalem. Miss Sara Van Alen, his youngest daughter, accompanied him. It was recently represented that she was engaged to marry Robert T. Collier, son of P. Fenelon Collier. Just before the steamer sailed Mr. Van Alen was asked:

"How long will you stay on the other side?"

"I don't know," he replied.

"Have you accepted the decoration conferred on you by the king of England?"

"Not yet," laconically.

"Will you accept it?"

"I am going to see."

"Are you going to investigate it before you accept it?"

This was one more question than Mr. Van Alen was willing to answer, so without a word he walked away.

COAL FOR JAPAN.

Cumberland, Md., April 4.—The Consolidation Coal company of the Cumberland region has just been awarded the contract to supply the new United States coaling station at Yokohama, Japan. The transport Alexander will be loaded at Baltimore this week with 5500 tons to begin this contract.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

TRUST TO DICTATE

Combine Has Partner of Cabinet Favorite as Director.

Steel Combine to Profit By Knox as Attorney-General.

Reed Simply Represents Knox In the Steel Directory.

Washington, April 4.—The close relation between Philander C. Knox, who has been selected by President McKinley to become attorney general, and J. Pierpont Morgan's billion-dollar steel trust is betrayed in the publication of the names of the directors, one of whom is James H. Reed, of Pittsburg, law partner of Mr. Knox. Together they comprise the firm of Knox & Reed It is admitted that Reed was placed in the directory to represent the great Carnegie interests, of which he and his partner were attorneys and stockholders for many years. If Mr. Knox had not been selected to succeed Attorney General Griggs, and his appointment to a place in the cabinet was not pending, he would have been chosen a director of the billion-dollar trust instead of his partner.

When J. Pierpont Morgan, Senator Hanna and other great corporate influences decided that Knox must succeed Griggs, the idea of making him a director of the billion-dollar trust was abandoned and his partner was selected in his stead. It is a fact, however, that Reed simply represents Mr. Knox in the directory, so that if Mr. Knox decides to accept the attorney generalship, which everybody believes he will do, he will practically exercise the authority of a director of the greatest trust in the history of the world while acting as a member of President McKinley's cabinet.

Mr. Knox has not yet indicated what he proposes to do in the matter of accepting the proffered portfolio, but it is presumed that the president has been informed of his intention to take the place, and that Mr. Knox is simply waiting until he can arrange his private affairs in Pittsburg before making public announcement of his purpose to accept.

IN DIRE WANT.

Ten Seamen Who Were Badly Treated By the British.

New York, April 4.—Ten men are at the Clarkson street almshouse, Brooklyn, waiting for some relief to turn up that they may get to their various homes. They are of a party that numbered fifty-two when they left this country nearly four months ago on a ship laoded with mules consigned to the British army in South Africa. The remainder of their number have not been lucky enough to get back to their native land and are either supposed to be dead or in various parts of the world. This condition, they say, is due to the privations they have suffered since they left New Orleans Dec. 14, aboard the steamship Hyades with 1002 mules bound for New London, South Africa.

Two of the men refused to give their names, but the others are J. D. Tucker, of St. Louis, who was head foreman; J. D. Colcock, of Galveston, and A. Gibson, New Orleans, assistant foremen; William Towey, Memphis; Charles Pulford, Pittsburg; A. Kendry, Iowa; A. O'Connell, McKeesport, Pa., and Fred Houston, New Orleans. hTe men arrived in New York on Friday aboard the ship Dunstan of the Bruce line from Para, Brazil. They are penniless and charges upon the municipality and have no hope of getting home save from charitable sources. One of the men, telling the story of their troubles, said:

"We all signed articles to go aboard the ship through the fine talk of the ship's agents in New Orleans, and supposed that we were to have good and sufficient food and our transportation. But the third day out we had to kick, as we couldn't stand the thin watery stuff they called soup, all the ingredients of which were potatoes and salt horse. Sometimes we had crackerhash, which is hardtack and water. The kick didn't do much good, however. When we got to East London harbor we were kept anchored for several days. Several of the men again demurred to the food and ten of them were jailed on mutiny charges. They were promised their immediate freedom if they would join the English army. Our pay for the trip was $15 and passage home, but after keeping us there for several days we were again told to go aboard the Hyades, but instead of going home we landed at Buenos Ayres, where we were held for twelve days for cargo and five days for quarantine. Many of us then offered to take £9 for our passage home and quit the ship, but the captain would not give us more than £4 10s. which would not pay our way. Then we went to Para, Brazil, where we were forced to stay in one room not larger than 18 by 16, with neither chairs nor beds. Finally our passage was paid on the Dunstan to New York."

A DEACON MAY SUE.

His Daughter Pictured on a Brandy "Ad."

East Wallingford, Conn., April 4.—Photographs of Edith Evans, the pretty 16-year-old daughter of Deacon and Mrs. Richard E. Evans, of Meriden, Conn., were used by an East Wallingford fruit distiller for advertising purposes, and now the deacon threatens suit against the distiller and photographer.

The distiller had a half-tone picture of the young lady on his calendars, which he distributed freely among the saloonkeepers of Wallingford and Meriden. The picture showed the girl in gauzy clothing, borrowed for the occasion, and holding up to the light a cocktail glass containing a peach to advertise a peach brandy. Miss Evans has always borne the best of reputations, and the calendars caused consternation among her friends.

The deacon immediately engaged Officer Daniel O'Reilly, of Wallingford, to suppress the calendars, and the few that remain are highly prized by the owners.

The photographer who took the picture says Miss Evans knew exactly what she was about, and that one of the finished pictures was given to her to recompense her for sitting. The deacon says this is untrue, as his daughter would not countenance such a thing.

Edith, who is employed in a local millinery store, would not say a word about the matter.

$6,000

Worth of First Class

Groceries at Cost.

We have concluded to close out our entire stock during April, and in order to accomplish this everything goes at cost, and lots of goods at less than cost.

Come quick and get your supply while the stock is complete. With thanks for past patronage we are

Yours respectfully,

Anderson Grocery Co.

Corner Superior Street and First Avenue East.

Phone 555.

BARRED FROM SCHOOL.

Porto Rican Kept Out For a Year.

New York, April 4.—Because he was born in Porto Rico, Iudalceio Brillas of 35 Hick street, Brooklyn, will be denied the privilege of attending the public schools for a year to come if the ruling of the Brooklyn board of health is upheld.

Iudalceio, a lad of 13, said he had come from San Juan four weks ago, leaving his widowed mother.

The boy, after being vaccinated, asked the health board for a certificate, but was told he could not have one, as he had not been in this country a year.

Iudalceio says: "I am an American citizen, because I am of Porto Rico, which country is of the United States—and then I am in my country."

A DARING TRICK.

Vaudeville Team Shows a Remarkable Feat.

New York, April 4.—Hill and Silviany, man and wife, are performing nightly in a vaudeville house a most daring trick on a single bicycle wheel. Hill takes the wheel with nothing to guide it but pedals and goes forward and backward and does figure eights and finally concludes the single work with a spin. Then, taking his wife on his shoulders, he executes the same movements, while the woman does a series of contortions and poses. This is followed by Hill riding down a twenty-foot set of steps on the one wheel, making an abrupt turn at the bottom and coming down to the footlights, reversing the pedals when on the very edge of the stage and going backward to his finishing spin. Then he repeats the feat with his wife on his shoulders.

TO QUIT PORTO RICO.

Governor Allen to Resign At Early Date.

Washington, April 4.—Governor Allen of Porto Rico, who is coming back from San Juan on the auxiliary cruiser Mayflower, will resign the governorship very shortly after his return and resume his old place as assistant secretary of the navy. Frank W. Hackett, the present assistant secretary, who has made himself obnoxious to the administration by his persistent exploitation of Sampson as a hero, in spite of the fact that Sampson is a tabooed quantity, is to be summarily dropped.

The explanation is made that when Governor Allen consented to take command in Porto Rico he was assured that he would be required to live at San Juan but a year. A story is current that he may be appointed to succeed Secretary Long, who is desirous of getting out of the cabinet and returning to his old home in Massachusetts. H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, whose name is being used in connection with every vacant job at the disposal of the president, is brought forward as a possible successor of Governor Allen.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

Dr. Lyon's

PERFECT

Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

FIANCEE WAS DEAD

But Elmer Nicholson Had Not Heard the Sad News.

Shocked When He Went to Her House to Call.

Flossie James Was Poisoned While Working In Pottery.

Zanesville, Ohio, April 4.—Miss Flossie James, aged 18, employed at the Roseville pottery, became poisoned from the glaze, and on Saturday fell in a faint. She never recovered consciousness, and died at noon Sunday. She was the principal support of a widowed mother and two small sisters, and was to have been married on May 30 to Elmer Nicholson, of Byesville, the son of well-to-do parents.

On Saturday a letter came to the James home from Mr. Nicholson, stating that he would be here Sunday to visit his fiancee. Sunday afternoon an attempt was made to notify Mr. Nicholson of his sweetheart's death, but he had started here. He arrived in the city after dark Sunday evening, and when he knocked at the James home he failed to notice the crepe on the door.

In response to his knock Mrs. Fogarty, a neighbor, opened the door, and when Nicholson entered the room he asked upon noticing the room full of people: "Why, what is the matter." Mrs. Fogarty said: "Haven't you heard?" and, receiving a negative reply, she told him, "Flossie is dead." Mr. Nicholson was completely overcome, and his grief was pathetic in the extreme.

He walked on into the room, where the remains of his dead sweetheart were lying, and he became almost wild from sorrow. The employes of the pottery where the young woman worked raised a large sum of money for the burial expenses, and in many ways expressed their sympathy and sorrow. Mr. Nicholson remained here until noon the next day, when he accompanied the remains to Byesville, where the funeral and interment were conducted.

QUEER STRIKE

Grows Out of Question of Etiquette In Workroom.

Derby, Conn., April 4.—Archie M. Loudon, foreman of the molders in the Farrell Foundry and Machine company's works at Ansonia, says his name is "Mister" Loudon. The 200 men under him, united as Iron Molders' union No. 71, say that plain "Loudon" is good enough for them. If the foreman insists on being "mistered" they say they will strike.

Daniel Sughrue, one of the skilled molders, was the first to discover that Mr. Loudon wanted to be addressed with dignity.

"Hey, Loudon, what do you want done with this?" he asked several days ago.

"My name is 'Mister' Loudon," said the foreman, frigidly.

Shughrue laughed and said plain "Loudon" was good enough. He was discharged taht night.

That started the trouble. The other molders sent a committee to the foundry office, demanding that Loudon be discharged. Both men were called in, and through the persuasive eloquence of President Farrell, Loudon apologized to Sughrue. Sughrue, though promised reinstatement, refused to apologize, and he cannot be re-engaged without Loudon's consent. Then the local union carried the question of foundry etiquette to headquarters, asking that a strike be authorized.

Three members of the headquarters executive committee are trying to arbitrate the difference between "Mister" Loudon and his men. The union, which is the strongest in Ansonia, says it has numerous grievances against the foreman, one of which is that he discharged 200 men during the last year when there was no cause for such a reduction in force.

UNIQUE SUIT OF CLOTHES.

A suit of clothes made of black woolen cloth which has never been through the dye tub is probably the most remarkable costume that President McKinley has ever owned, says a correspondent of the New York World. That he can wear it, as one of a very few men who have enough of the wool to make a suit of clothes, is due to the courtesy of George W. Peterson, who owns a flock of seventy black sheep, the only really black flock in the country. Mr. Peterson has also given Senator Platt a quantity of the same cloth.

Mr. Peterson, an amateur stock breeder, who has a farm at Austerlitz, N. Y., raised his black sheep at great expense and with much care. There are seventy in all, and the wool at each shearing was saved until there was enough to make 100 yards of rich black cloth.

No dye of any sort was used, and the wool is as pure in color and texture as when it came from the sheeps' backs. This is the only known instance in which black cloth has been made without dyeing the wool.

For this cloth is priceless. There are a limited number of yards of it, and as Mr. Peterson refuses absolutely to sell an inch and has given most of it to his friends, there is no possibility of buying any of the cloth.

A GREAT HAUL.

A certain York farmer went into the woods the other day to get dry fuel, and he got a better load than he expected. He saw a giant pine stub on the edge of an icy marsh, cut it down, and began to chop it into lengths, says the Lewiston Journal. Soon he felt his ax strike something soft as it broke through the shell of the stub. Thinking that there might be a bear inside, he proceeded cautiously, using wooden wedges to split the stub apart. When the hollow, dry log fell in halves there in the cavity lay eight fat 'coons, snugly housed away for the winter. Further up in the trunk were two more 'coons, while in the stump was a 50-pounder—the biggest and fattest of the lot. This lucky farmer thus got, besides a cord of dry wood, over 200 pounds of 'coon meat and eleven 'coon skins, and ever since that day he has quit all other work and goes about in the woods looking for more hollow logs with 'coons in them.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

BIT OF MAGIC

An Indian Fakir's Trick Explained By Hypnotism.

How the Old Man and Boy Climbed Aloft.

An officer of the British Army, who served in India with the Seventh and the Fourteenth Hussars, is spending a few weeks in New York, relates the Sun. The other day some friends were talking with him about India and his experiences there, and the conversation turned to Indian fakirs and their wonderful performances.

"Theso fellows do perform some extraordinary tricks," said the British officer, "but extraordinary as they are, the tricks are not so fearfully wonderful as some of the stories of them which are brought away from India by the tourists who learn all about India and its people in the course of a few weeks' sojourn in some of the coast towns.

"As a matter of fact, the greatest of the fakirs are never seen in the towns and cities. Their religion and superstition will not permit them to wander from their native haunts, and only those who have travelled or lived in the wildest and most remote parts of India have witnessed the performance of the really great tricks of the fakirs.

"You must remember at the outset that the real thing, to use an Americanism, in the way of a Hindoo fakir is a man of secrets and strange habits. He loves, or affects to love, solitude, and he works upon the superstition of his fellows in performing what are regarded by the other Hindoos as sure-enough miracles. He lives in comparative seclusion, existing on heaven knows what.

"Of course, at every opportunity, he extorts whatever he may from his fellows, but that is not much. And, shunning as he does, the cities, it is only for a venturesome foreign hunter that he may now and then perform and get any considerable backsheesh. In his native state he is the filthiest human being I ever clapped my eyes on, and by long habit he has fallen into a chronic state of weirdness, so to speak.

"Report travels much more rapidly than one would suppose in the mountains of India, and once a party of foreign sportsmen or travelers appears in the up-country, a fakir is not long in striking the spoor and he keeps to it until he comes up with the strangers. At such times the fakir usually travels with a small boy and a dirty bag filled with a promiscuous jumble of nuts, shells, trick paraphernalia and what not.

"The first time I ever met a no-discount fakir was in a wild, unfrequented part of India, where two other officers of the regiment, an army surgeon and myself, had gone on a hunting trip. We had spent the day beating for a tiger, which got away, and had returned to camp tired and out of sorts. Taking an early dinner, for we were horribly hungry, we sat down outsido the tent to smoke our cheroots.

"Suddenly, just before sundown, we noticed an uncanny looking person coming toward us, grinning like a black devil, salaaming at every step and mumbling something which none of us could understand. We knew, of course, that our visitor was one of the mountain fakirs, and we calmly waited for him to proceed to business.

"As he put down his bag with great deliberation, the boy accompanying him curled himself up on the ground and seemed to be paying attention to nothing in particular. After a little the old codger produced, seemingly from nowhere, a ball of ordinary cotton string, which had once been white, such string as shopkeepers ordinarily use to tie up light parcels with.

"The man's hair was gray and his hide was as black as Erebus. He wore a dirty turban and loin cloth, which two articles constituted his apparel. The boys outfit was no less elaborate.

"After tossing the ball of string about for a while—it was about the size of a billiard ball—he threw it high into the air, retaining the free end of the string in his hand. Up and up and up went the ball, growing smaller and smaller the higher it traveled, until it disappeared from sight altogether. To all appearances it had sailed up until it reached the nearest stratum of clouds and disappeared behind it. It was the mightiest ball throwing we had ever seen and was quite sufficient to attract our attention to anything that the old boy might subsequenly do—and that was just what he wanted.

"As soon as the ball had disappeared, the fakir let go the free end of the string and there we had a line of cotton string extending from about five feet from the ground up to the Lord knew where. When the old man found that the ball remained up in the air, refusing asolutely to come down, no matter how wildly he gesticulated or how loudly he yelled at it, he was apparently much annoyed.

"He tugged and tugged at the cord, but he couldn't pull the ball out of space and as an evident last resart, he called the boy, told him to climb the cord and bring the ball down. Then we saw the spectacle of a boy 12 or 14 years old, climbing hand over hand, up a line of cotton twine about the size of a large pin.

"Up and up, higher and higher, the urchin went, climbing as a sailor climbs a rope, until he, too, had disappeared behind the clouds which hid the ball. When last we saw him, he looked to be just about as big as the ball did when it disappeared.

"As soon as the urchin disappeared, there was more trouble for the fakir. The boy appeared very well satisfied with the roosting place he had found and the old man was no more successful in getting him back to earth then he had been with a ball of twine. Then we did have a sample of splendid rage.

"The old rascal worked himself up into a perfect fury. He yelled and danced and gesticulated and gave the best exhibition of a human demon that I ever saw. By way of heightening the effect and increasing our interest in the show, he dropped into broken but intelligible English, the substance of which was:

"'Am I to be made an idiot of by a ball of string and a fool by a chokera (small boy)? Allah forbid! I will them both teach that they may not trifle with one so old and so wise.'

"Then rushing to the filthy old bag that had been lying all this time on the ground, he thrust an arm into it and drew forth the most murderous knife I ever saw. It had a curved blade about 9 inches long, about 3 inches across the hilt and tapering to a fine point. Placing the knife between his teeth and grasping the twine in both hands the old boy, showing marvelous agility for one of his apparent age, went up the cord as the boy had, hand over hand, and in less time than it takes to tell it he, too, had disappeared from view.

"He had us all going by this time, and we just sat there aping up into the air like a lot of precious idiots. There was a second's absolute silence, and then an agonizing yell, so piercing that it sunk into one's very bones. Another second, which seemed like an age, and then we saw a dark object come hurling down from the sky. Down and down it came until it landed only a few feet from us with a sickening sort of a thud.

"Looking to see what it was, we saw the head of the boy who had climbed the cord lying there, severed from the body at about the middle of the neck. A closer examination showed that the face wore a horrible expression, while the scarlet blood poured from the divided arteries and the dark venous blood from the veins. The twitching of the newly cut muscles and the windpipe, and the cleanly-severed joints of the cervical vertebrae were quite plain to the army surgeon and to the rest of us, all of whom knew a little of anatomy from the field hospitals.

"We hadn't by any means got over the shivery feeling we experienced at seeing the head of the late urchin, when down came an arm, cut off through the shoulder joint and giving all the anatomical relations in that part quite plainly. A moment later the other arm dropped at our feet and an examination showed that it had been cut off in exactly the same way. The doctor said the old rascal carved cleverly enough to have been a surgeon at the Royal college.

"We were about ready for anything after that, and so were not particularly surprised when a leg, severed at the hip joint and exposing the head of femur, the muscles twitching just as you may have seen them twitch in a freshly killed animal came along. The other leg followed in due time and then came the trunk.

"A moment later, the old man was seen coming down the string and, when he dropped to the ground from the end of it, he was literally covered with gore from head to foot. The knife, still held between his teeth, was fairly dripping with blood. His eyes appeared wilder than ever, his features drawn, and he paced back and forth for a few seconds like a chained tiger.

"Then he collected the head, limbs and trunk and tossed them into the old bag. While watching this action we lost sight of the string and the knife and never saw them again. Slinging the bag over his shoulder, he walked away. We knew this was only a bluff, because he hadn't yet received any backsheesh and we know he never would depart without that.

"He had moved off only a few paces when we saw that something was moving inside the bag. The old man stopped, put on a surprised expression, put the bag down on the ground, and in a moment out crawled the boy as sound in wind and limb as he had ever been.

"The boy began to smile and the old man, smiling and salaaming, came toward us for his money. This he got in a very liberal amount and off he went, leaving us standing there, mystified, confused, flabbergasted.

"We looked about for traces of the recently committed tragedy, but where the ground had been red with blood a moment before not a trace of it was left. There was not the slightest bit of doubt that the boy had been carved up and there was not the slightest doubt that he had as miraculously come to life again.

"About the carving, the rest of us might have been mistaken, but you couldn't fool the doctor. He had been cold-blooded enough to pick up the different members of the body as they had come tumbling down from the sky, had examined them and was perfectly positive that the dismemberment had taken place and had been the work of a skillful surgeon or student of anatomy. That was one of the few performances that I ever saw of the real, genuine Hindoo fakers of the Indian wilds."

"But how the devil do you account for it all? asked one of the British army officers friends.

"Why, there is only ont way to account for it," was the reply. "We were simply mesmerized or hypontized by the old boy and placed in such a mental state that we imagined the whole performance really had been enacted."

"But how about the army doctor, who handled the dismembered parts?" asked some one else.

"Oh, he was befuddled just like the rest of us. He thought he handled stray arms and legs and heads and trunks, whereas he didn't do anything of the kind."

"Maybe Englishmen in India can become thus mentally twisted," said the first inquirer, "but I'm damned if I believe anybody else can. Either you saw a miracle performed or the whole blessed lot of you were jagged."

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2 Send for Woman's Safeguard (free). WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

FEEL BAD?

Take a little of **Mull's Grape Tonic**—The crushed fruit laxative. The New Wonder for bad health, acts gently, delightful to take. Druggists, 50c.

The Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ills.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer cures Frost Bites, 25c.

LITTLE BOY'S BRAVERY

Saved Many Lives at Plum Gut, One of the Most Dangerous Points On the Atlantic Seaboard.

Washington, April 3.—A prominent member of the house tells me he is certain that within the limits of the present congress measures will be taken to provide a number of new lighthouses along our seaboard. In spite of the fact that we have at present more than 1000 lighthouses and lighted beacons for the guidance of mariners, there are many points on our coast illy covered.

The necessity of increasing our facilities in this direction are becoming more obvious every day, with the rapid development of our mercantile marine and navy. Applications have already been filed through various congressmen for the establishment of a number of new stations.

The difficulty of obtaining suitable people to take the perilous positions which the new establishments will call for is one of the problems which have to be faced.

The duties of a lighthouse keeper are of such a self-denying character that it is hard to get persons to accept the position.

If the story of those devoted souls who have attended to this difficult task among our present incumbents of office were told it would make a volume of such thrilling character that it would outclass any romance ever written.

The annals of the department here teem with instances of devotion and service that fairly stand in line with, if they do not give the blush to, our navy and military departments.

I do not know that any story I could glean from those records would more clearly illustrate the facts of the case than that of little Sigurd Anderson, the hero of Oyster Bay, Long Island, which deserves to be classed with that of Grace Darling.

Little Sigurd Anderson, his name should stand away up beside Dewey's for the immortal deed that he did!

No one will ever know the name of the vessel that he saved from destruction, for when duty is done no one knows or asks who did or who did not do it.

It was a wintry night last week, seas rolling mountains high and little Sigurd, only 9 years old, said to his mother: "Guess I'll go and keep pop company." His mother smiled and looked at those blue, questioning eyes of his. They did not change or swerve. Sigurd seemed to be thinking. What he knew or did not know about the situation at the lighthouse no one, perhaps, will ever know. Perhaps in some strange way the child was told to go. It may even have been a boyish prank. But he went.

The winds howled without and shook the sturdy little cottage in which Ole Anderson lives. His mother said not a word, for her mind also was anxious and she knew that little Sigurd had so often kept the lookout for his father before.

The lighthouse is situated at the extreme northwestern end of Long Island. The jagged rocks which form the termination have been a source of danger to mariners ever since there has been any shipping in this part of the world. The light shows the passage through Plum Gut, one of the most perilous points for navigation on the Atlantic seaboard. The lighthouse during a storm is practically inacessible.

When Sigurd rose to go on his errand his mother said: "How will you get there?"

"I guess Dan will row me over," said Sigurd and getting himself into his overcoat he said: "I'll take chances, anyhow."

His mother said nothing and out into the storm went Sigurd. He had not far to go to the home of Dan Liverick. The oyster fisher was home and welcomed the lad heartily.

When Sigurd told him that he wanted him to row him to the lighthouse Dan took an extra puff at his old briar pipe.

"Guess not tonight, lad, " he said. "No boat 'id ever get there."

A puff or two more.

"Aye, lad, and it was Riordan that come ashore two days ago and he has never gone back. Your father is alone, God held him, and I'll try to row you over."

They went over that stormy sea and they woke Ole Anderson up. Tired with three days' vigils he had fallen asleep, and little Sigurd stood at the helm that night, kept things going, and saved one vessel, at least, from going to destruction on the reefs of Plum Gut.

No one will ever think of building a monument to that brave little fellow, and there are many other stories as thrilling as that in the records of the lighthouse department. But no one thinks to write them up—cui bono?

It is only to be hoped that such stock will develop along our coast line to meet our growing requirements.

FREDERICK WATSON.

UNMARRIED YET.

There was a promise made by Senator Mark A. Hanna before the re-election of President McKinley that has never been fulfilled, relates the Saturday Evening Post. The promise was made under happy conditions. It was at Canton, Ohio, at the house of President McKinley, when the air was filled with warm autumn sunshine, and affairs politically were going merrily and well, and the president and Senator Hanna were taking an hour of ease.

A young woman journalist, who represented an Eastern paper, was in Canton telegraphing her daily "story" to her paper. She was leaving that afternoon for the East, and had been sitting with Mrs. McKinley, talking over things domestic and playing with the children, who were always hanging around "Auntie 'Tinley," as every Canton child calls the wife of the president.

The president and Senator Hanna walked down to the train with her. The senator told her that she had no right to be in newspaper work; that Southern girls, above all others, should have a husband and a home.

"Very good," said the young woman, "and I agree with you. I have no sentimental view about bettering the world by writing, or new-fangled ideas about a woman having public positions; but I am a wage-earner, as half the Southern girls must be, to help support relatives."

"Well, you ought to be married," insisted the senator, and the president agreed with him. "I don't like to see them earning a living, if they can help it; a woman's place is out of public life, and if a woman is clever enough to fill a good position on a big paper she's far too good for that position, and she should use that cleverness in getting a good, rich husband."

"Suppose she doesn't know any rich man," said the senator. "I'll tell you what we'll do. We three will make a bargain right here. If President McKinley is re-elected I'll get you a rich, single man." The three shook hands and parted.

The president was re-elected. Senator Hanna knows many a rich, single man in Ohio. But the girl remains unmarried.

BELL BOY'S LUCK.

"Luck," said a man who believes in it, to the New York Sun, "comes to different people in different ways. I know a man who is now about as well fixed as most men would want to be whose luck came to him in helping a man on with an overcoat.

"He was a bell boy then in a hotel, and one day a big man, who was big and prosperous financially as well as physically, and who had just got his overcoat out of the coat room, turned to him and said:

"'Here, boy, help me on with this coat,' at the same time tossing the big coat over to him and turning away. The boy didn't begin to be big enough to do it, and asking him to was just the big man's little joke, for he was a good-natured man, but the next minute the big man felt the coat going up on his shoulders all right. Turning round he saw the youngster stepping down from a chair which had been standing near and which he had grabbed onto the minute the man turned his back.

"This tickled the big man very much and he took the small boy into his office, and practically the boy's fortune was made from that minute, for he had the stuff in him to make good as well as the brains to meet his luck half way when it came."

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts a want advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter, that each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address, and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is absolutely necessary in order to obtain the responses.

NOTICE.

Parties suffering with indigestion will find a reliable and safe remedy in the

Herba Cura Stomach Powder.

A remedy that has cured hundreds of people of this trouble in the last quarter of a century.

Sold by the Leading Druggists.

LUMBER SASH DOORS
MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
2d AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

A NEW COMBINE

Pool of Vessels Outside of the Steel Trust.

An Experiment That Will Be Watched With Interest.

Can It Make Grain Rate Regardless of Ore?

An Associated Press dispatch says that a meeting of the owners of fleets on the great lakes outside of the steel combine was to begin in Cleveland today and continue during the balance of the week to effect a pool of all vessels not in the United States Steel corporation.

This will be an interesting experiment, and it will practically resolve the great lakes fleet into two camps, the fleets owned and controlled by the steel combine and those embraced in the new pool. The latter may not embrace all of the independent vessels, but it will probably include most of them, and the instinct of self-preservation may drive all of them into the fold. The movement is said to be headed by five Cleveland vessel owners who control in the aggregate over 100 boats, and the dispatch says that it is understood that with the steel trust fleet counted out the pool will control 75 per cent of the tonnage on the lakes.

What the effect of this move will be will be watched with great interest. In the past vessel rates in general have hinged largely on the ore rate. Grain freights, and in a measure lumber freights, have maintained relative proportions with the ore rate, and when the latter went up or down the others followed. If that condition continues in the future the pool will not have very great power, because the steel fleets, being included as part of the holdings of all interests from the mine to the furnace, can make the ore rates about what they please. Then if the other freights maintain their old proportion, the pool vessels will have no option but to accept such rates as the trust fleet may bring about.

But if the pool is strong enough, and does not come in conflict with the trust fleet, it may be able to dictate grain freights, regardless of the usual influencing causes of supply and demand, and this will make the situation still more interesting. It is not stated that the pool has such intent as this, though if it is not formed to keep up rates it is difficult to see what its objects may be.

The engineers' strike has affected the tugs of the Great Lakes Towing company, and the engineers that have been at work on the tugs Record and Superior have gone out in obedience to commands from headquarters. Their strike is only in sympathy with the general strike as they have no complaint on wages. The tug trust, however, is a part of the Lake Carriers' association, and it is against this organization that the engineers' strike is directed. It does not affect the Maytham Towing and Wrecking company, which is not a part of the Lake Carriers' association, nor any of the other tugs in the port of Duluth. Only a few of the local engineers will be affected, therefore, and the craft will be in a good position to stand quite a long strike.

AMUSEMENTS.

"A MILK WHITE FLAG."

This season's edition of Hoyt's "A Milk White Flag" is said to be wittier, brighter and snappier than ever, and contains new and appropriate music and specialties that bear the stamp of novelty. The wonderful achievements of that remarkable military organization, the Ransome Guards, are exploited by a company that is excellent in every particular. One of the important features of the production is the conception of "The Private" as given by that popular comedian, Little Chip, who is said to make his part excruciatingly funny, and whose rendition of character songs has been highly praised for many a day. "A Milk White Flag" comes to the Lyceum tomorrow evening.

"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."

The production of "A Midsummer Night's Dream by the James Kidder company at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening will be one of the most gorgeous things ever seen on the stage of that theater and that means a great deal. The scenery and costumes are simply gorgeous, magnificent; and in these alone, more than $20,000 was expended. A feature of the production is a corps de ballet under the supervision of Professor Dare, and the Mendelssohn music and marches are of the most melodious and dashing style, and as might naturally be expected, the movements have that rhythmic ring and stirring effect of the old masters. Of the players Miss Kidder, will be seen as Helena, one of her best characters; she is simply superb and at times incomparable. She is always graceful and effective. Mr. James, will be seen as Bottom, the most remarkable interpretation this actor has given in classic comedy.

"PRISONER OF ZENDA."

Once more will Duluth theater goers see "The Prisoner of Zenda." It will be at the Lyceum Monday next. The dramatization of this famous book has been an established favorite play for several seasons, and like wine, improves with age, for its reception this season equals in every respect the hearty welcome it received upon its initial appearance. The company this season is said to be the equal of any former presentation, and the scenery and custumes even more magnificent than before. The following well known players are prominent in the cast: Vaughan Glaser, Robert Conness, Helen Strickland, George W. Lynch, Marion Daniels, Cecil Owen, Willis Page, Luke Conness, etc.

The Fire Commissioners.

Following the courteous precedent established by the board of public works at its recent election, the Republican fire commissioners last evening elected the Democratic commissioner, president for the next year. James McDowell succeeds himself as presiding officer, as does C. E. Richardson, in the office of secretary. W. M. Abrahamson was elected vice president. The new commissioner is Charles W. Nitterauer, of West Duluth.

Searchlight of public opinion has revealed the fact that Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest spring blessing ever offered afflicted mankind. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

MISSOURI PROHIBITS

Scathing Report Against Use of Alum Baking Powders.

Testimony That Alum Powders Are Harmful Is Overwhelming.

Anti-Alum Law Constitutional and Must Be Observed.

The contest in the Missouri legislature over the alum baking powders has been watched with great interest by both the consumers of baking powders and the manufacturers of the alum brands, in every section of the country.

A statute in that state had been adopted prohibiting the manufacture or sale of alum powders. The makers of such powders contested the law in the courts, but it was sustained. They then sought to have it repealed, but the good sense and integrity of the members of the assembly came to the rescue of the advocates of pure food and defeated the efforts of the most powerful lobby known in Missouri for years. The prohibitive law remains.

The statement is made by the legislative committee to which the bill was referred that the manufacturers of alum powders have combined in a trust, and annually pay into a legislative fund a large amount of money to procure action in their interests, and to prevent the passage of pure food laws. The following extracts from the report of this committee against the repeal of the alum law are quoted from the St. Louis Inter-State Grocer:

The purpose of this bill is to repeal so much of the present statute as makes it unlawful to use alum in food and food compounds. In the opinion of this committee that should not be done. If we are to place any faith whatever in the unanimous testimony of all the leading chemists of the Union, including those in the public services of the government, as well as those employed in all the principal colleges and universities of the country, there can be

NO DOUBT THAT ALUM IS A POISON,

and that its use in food is hurtful to health and dangerous to life, especially in the case of children and young girls and delicate women. The voluminous and overwhelming testimony which has been given by scientific experts upon this subject, is corroborated by the testimony of hundreds of eminent physicians in active practice, including the medical heads of both the army and navy of the United States, and including, also, some 500 physicians of this state, all testifying, with remarkable unanimity to the same effect, that alum is a poison, and that its use as a food ingredient should be prohibited. In addition to that it is a fact that the use of alum in food and compounds that are used in the preparation of food has been long prohibited by law in England, France, Germany and other European countries, and the laws are rigidly enforced.

Against this great mass of concurrent testimony, in which science, experience and law all combine in condemning alum as a food ingredient, there is scarcely a protest from any source worthy to be treated as an authority. It is true that certain chemists, employed by the American (Alum) Baking Powder Association or Trust, the General Chemical Company and the Pennsylvania Salt Company, two corporations organized in New Jersey, and the greatest manufacturers of alum in the country, have expressed the opinion that alum, when used in making bread, loses its poisonous quality by some means in the process of cooking; but this interested testimony is contradicted, and, in the opinion of this committee, overwhelmingly refuted, by large numbers of

THE MOST FAMOUS SCIENTISTS

of the country, who have shown by repeated and conclusive experiments with alum baking powders that a poisonous residuum is left in bread after baking, which is extremely harmful to health and dangerous to life. Many serious and fatal ills in given cases have been traced directly to this cause.

The people of the state are entitled to be protected against frauds which imperil their health and lives, and this committee is unwilling to repeal a law having that end in view, merely to oblige those who would make pecuniary profit by imposing upon a confiding public.

The clap-trap about this bill being opposed by a so-called trust engaged in manufacturing baking powders without the use of alum, scarcely deserves to be noticed. It should not matter, if it were true. Even if some trust should perchance declare that poison is a bad thing in human food, should we therefore begin at once to feed poison to the people? That would be carrying trust opposition to the point of criminal stupidity.

A LARGE ALUM POWDER CORRUPTION FUND.

That there is a rich and powerful association or trust interested in the manufacture and sale of alum baking powders, does not admit of doubt, and that that trust has been back of this movement to repeal this law is almost equally certain. This alum trust or association is made up of sixty-seven alum baking powder manufacturing powder companies and two great chemical companies (the two New Jersey corporations above mentioned as engaged in making alum). The members of this association contribute annually to a legislative fund, to be expended in preventing pure food legislation, which has for its object the prohibiting of the use of alum as a food adulterant, and it is believed that not less than $100,000 are annually expended in that direction.

Safety Deposit Boxes.

The National Safe Deposit company has established a set of deposit vaults in the savings department of the First National bank that will doubtless prove of great use and convenience to business men and others that have need of a place to store papers or other valuables privately. Steel boxes are provided for this purpose, and, of course, each box is absolutely private and secure from intrusion. The prices range from $5 to $25 per year, according to the size of the box. This convenience will be greatly appreciated by those who have need of it, and it will probably be largely used.

MEANS NO CHANGE

Directorate of Steel Combine Taken to Indicate That.

Federal Steel Men Are Most Prominent In Directorate.

Have Always Believed In Letting Constituent Companies Alone.

The announcement of the directorate of the United States Steel company was made a few days ago, and to all of the men associated with the companies in Duluth that have gone into the combine it was of great interest. The composition of the board would seem to indicate that the men with the Federal Steel company are to control the policy of the company. President E. H. Gary of the Federal Steel company is the chairman of the board, and other men conspicuous in the management of the Federal Steel company are in the directorate. Of course C. M. Schwab, who is the president of the company, is not a Federal Steel company man, but the policy outlined by the board will undoubtedly be carried out by him.

This ascendancy of the Federal Steel company interests is eminently satisfactory to the men in the employ of the companies here, because the policy of the Federal Steel company directors has been to allow the constituent companies to continue their individual organization. They did not consolidate everything under one management, and cut off all the men possible, but they continued the management of the companies, which went into the combination with very little change. The prediction has been made by men familiar with the workings of the Federal Steel company that if the policy of the Federal Steel interests controls in the new company there will not be a change in the management of affairs at the head of the lakes. The management of the railroads may be excepted from this, however, because the Duluth & Iron Range is without a head at the present time, and there may be one man selected to have charge of the two roads, or they may be continued under separate management. Of course the separate identity of the two roads must be preserved.

The question will naturally be asked, how does the combine expect to save in expenses if it keeps all of the companies separate and cuts off none of the men here? The question is a very natural one, for the aim of combinations, or trusts, as people generally term them, is to cut down expenses as far as possible. How, then, does the combine expect to save any money in the operation of the roads and mines in this county? Men who ought to know say that it will save hundreds of thousands of dollars in spite of the fact that the companies may be left under separate management, as they are now For instance, both roads have been competing for traffic in the past, and this has a number of times resulted in the building of long extensions from the road farthest distant from the mine. There will be no more of this, and there will be savings of many thousands of dollars in this way. Of course there is the Hill road to reckon with, but the competition from that source will not be nearly so great. In the matter of extensions alone it is expected the combine can save great money every year.

There is another thing for the combine to consider also. In the past there has been a generally friendly feeling among the people of the county toward the iron interests. They have not been excessively taxed, and they have been molested very little. They have been allowed to continue their freight rate at the price they wished, have dictated the legislative selections, and in general have very little to complain of. If they now go to cutting down all around and reducing their forces, they may create a different sentiment among the people. That this might result disastrously there is every reason to believe. The combine may be powerful, but the people could make things interesting if they once got after it hard.

There is little doubt that the long heads at the head of the combine will take such things into account. There is not nearly so much fear of a general consolidation of interests in this county as there was a short time ago.

THE PIERCE CASE.

Will Come Up When Transcript Is Out.

The case against Dr. Thomas J. Pierce will not come up for a week or so in district court. The motion for a new trial is held up pending the issuance of a transcript of the testimony in the case in which Dr. Pierce was found guilty of abortion by a jury, which is delayed slightly owing to the heavy press of criminal matters which are all in the hands of one court reporter, who has to get them all out. When the transcript is made the motion for a new trial will be entered and sentence will be suspended until the determination of that motion. The matter will be determined, however, before the close of the month, as the March term will end before then.

A FRESH YOUTH.

Sometimes Does Not Pay to Be Smart.

There is said to be a certain young man in this city who has learned by experience that it is not always a wise thing to attempt the "smart" act before a crowd of people for the purpose of attracting attention to himself. This individual got on a West Duluth car a few days ago with a $20 gold piece in his pocket. It was probably the first time that the young man ever had one in his possession, at least he acted in a manner that would confirm such a suspicion. He was scarcely on the car, when the conductor started to take up the fares. The first person he asked for a fare was the young man, whose gold piece was fairly burning a hole in his pocket, and who was evidently pleased over the surprise he was about to spring on the conductor. As the conductor held out his hand the young man flipped into it the coin and with an indifferent air he remarked:

"I don't suppose you can change it. I'll pay the fares of everybody on the car."

The conductor had one of those innocent smiles that mean a great deal, when he glanced over the car and commenced jerking the bell cord until he had rung up twenty fares. About the time he had rung up twelve or thirteen fares the young man's chin dropped a little and he stammered out:

"W-w-w-what! You are not going to change it are you?"

"Sure," responded the conductor, "what do you want for change quarters, dollars or gold pieces," and he produced from an inside pocket a book well stuffed with bills.

The by-play had been watched with amusement by the remaining nineteen passengers who had their fare paid by the young man and the latter was greeted with a burst of laughter as the conductor gave him $19 in change. The young man rode a block further and left the car, but he carried with him the memory of a glad smile on the faces of nineteen other people.

DYSPEPSIA.

Few diseases inflict upon their victims greater suffering than does dyspepsia. If you have dyspepsia or indigestion in any form do not ruin your stomach with drugs, use **Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey** as directed, it will cure any form of indigestion and will restore the stomach to its normal condition.

TACONY, Pa.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.:

Dear Sirs:—I have already used two bottles of your Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I took it in the way of an egg-nog every morning. I had been troubled with a burning sensation after meals for a long time, but was completely cured.

ISAAC T. GREENWOOD.

The only Whiskey taxed by the Government as a medicine. This is a guarantee. Be sure you get the genuine. Refuse substitutes. All druggists and grocers, or direct. Write for free medical booklet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

PASSOVER.

Jewish Celebration of This Period Now Under Way.

Last night the Hebrews of this city began the celebration of the greatest of Jewish anniversaries—the feast of the Passover. This celebration will last a week. It is the most prominent of the three annual festivals instituted by Moses in commemoration of the deliverance of the Israelites from Egyptian bondage.

The history of the Passover is one of the most complicated subjects in Hebrew archaeology and it has been a great battle ground of Pentateuch criticism. The ancient Israelites opened the harvest season with a religious feast. Until the first sheaf had been presented to Jehovah, no one tasted the new grain, not even parched or fresh ears of corn. After this all hastened to enjoy the new blessings of divine goodness, by eating unleavened cakes, without awaiting for the tedious process of fermenting the dough.

The following is from the Encyclopedia Brittannica: This natural usage became fixed in custom, and at a comparatively early date a new significance was added to it by a reference to the exodus from Egypt, when, as tradition ran, the people in their hasty departure, had no time to leaven the dough already in their troughs. The two elements of a thankful recognition of God's goodness in the harvest, which every one was eager to taste the moment that Jehovah had received His tribute at the sanctuary and of grateful remembrance of the first proof of His kingship over Israel, went very fittingly together. A similar combination is found in the thanksgiving of Deut. xxvi:5 sq.; in the law, Deut, xxiv:19-22, and elsewhere; the yearly blessings of the harvest were the proof of the continued goodness of him who brought Israel forth from Egypt, to set him in a fruitful and pleasant land. The feast of unleavened bread, with the presentation of the harvest seaf, which is its leading feature, presupposes agricultural and a fixed residence in Canaan. In the pastoral life the same religious feelings found their natural expressions in thank-offerings for this increase of the flocks and herds, consisting of sacrifices "of the firstlings of the flock and the fatlings thereof. The firstlings answer to the first fruits; the increase of cattle fals mainly in the spring, and spring is also the time of the best pasture in a climate where the harvest-tide lies between Easten and Whitsunday, the time, therefore, when a fat sacrifice can be selected and when vows would generally be fulfilled; especially as among the Arabs, would frequently have reference to the multiplication of the flock. The accumulation of the sacrifice of firstlings and fatlings at one season of the year would readily give rise to a spring feast, and it appears from the Jehovist, that something of this kind existed before the exodus, and gave occasion to the request of Moses for leave to lead the people out into the wilderness to sacrifice to Jehovah. Pharoah's refusel was appropriately punished by the destruction of the first born of man and the firstlings of beasts in Egypt.

The Passover is a sacrifice drawn from the flock or the herd, presented at the sanctuary and eaten with unleavened bread. It is slain in the evening of the first day of the feast, so that the sacrificial feast is nocturnal; and the pilgrims may return to their homes next morning; but the abstinence from leaven lasts seven days, and the seventh day, observed as a day of rest, is the closing day of the feast.

JONES-ELLIOTT WEDDING.

Two Young People United In Marriage.

A very pretty wedding took place last night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Miles, of 1418 East Fourth street. Miss Carrie Jones, formerly of Neilsville, Wis., and Byron Dale Elliott, formerly of Pataskala, Ohio, were united in the bonds of wedlock, Rev. Bower Reynolds Patrick, of the First Baptist church, officiating. At 8:15 o'clock the wedding march, beautifully played by Miss Winters, began. The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of white silk trimmed with blue and white, and she carried white roses. Miss Myra Grandy, the maid of honor, was attired in pink and white and carried pink roses. H. L. Winters, of Scranton, Pa., was the best man.

The house decorations were tasteful and beautiful. Pink and white were the dominant colors. Refreshments followed the ceremony, and an excellent musical program was given. The couple received a number of handsome and useful presents. The groom, Mr. Elliott, is employed in the piano department at French & Bassett's.

Duluth Singer With Them.

Miss Satie McNeil, formerly of Virginia, in this county, and well known in Duluth, where she studied muic and frequently sang, is with the James-Kidder company which will appear at the Lyceum Saturday. The company carries a large number of singers and Miss McNeil heads the list. They appear in the fairy scenes of "A Midsummer Night's Dream," and sing the Mendelssohn music.

Do You Know

JELLYCON

Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors — Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

PANTON AND WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

See the Great Flower Show

Bargain Friday

Order Your Easter Flowers

ON no other day of the week is it possible to buy any of these Special Bargain Friday goods at the prices quoted for Bargain Friday only. These goods are VERY SPECIAL. We make these inducements to DRAW THE MASSES to this store. They are so genuine as to cause great crowds to flock to the Glass Block on Bargain Friday. The wonderful success of our Spring opening encourages us to give you extra good bargains for tomorrow, the last Friday before Easter.

Notice—We request customers as a special favor, to report at once anything found to be NOT EXACTLY as represented in our ads.

MEN'S and boys' turtle neck sweaters---navy, garnet, green --- striped with white---50c value---the price on Bargain Friday 29c

MEN'S fine soft finish Japonette handkerchiefs, open work---silk initial---one inch hemstitched---regular 10c value, Bargain Friday for 5c

CHILDREN'S and misses' fine 1x1 rib seamless knit hose---fast black---sizes 5 to 9½---regular 15c value---on Bargain Friday they go at 9c

LADIES' spring underwear--ecru Egyptian cotton---vest high neck, long sleeves---pants knee length, side button---35c value---Bargain Friday 21c

FIFTY dozen ladies' two-clasp gloves---embroidered backs---blacks and all colors---also white---special for Bargain Friday only 79c

SEVENTEEN in. linen glass toweling, red or blue checks---regular 8c value---you can get it at the Glass Block on Bargain Friday for 5c

THIRTY-SIX inch cheese cloth, unbleached, for papering purposes---Bargain Friday for 2½c

NINE-quarter bleached sheeting, full width, standard brand, 22c value, Friday for 16½c

SIXTY-SIX in. bleached damask, satin finish, pure Irish linen every thread---75c value---Bargain Friday 55c

TWENTY by twenty inch napkins, full bleached all linen, regular $1.50 value---on Bargain Friday at per dozen $1.25

FRENCH flannels, silk embroidered dots, all colors, sold everywhere at 95c---on Bargain Friday they go at the Glass Block for 65c

ONE hundred dozen ladies' pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, 15c quality---on Bargain Friday at the Glass Block, three for 25c

ONE hundred dozen ladies' white hemstitched handkerchiefs, regular 7c quality---on Bargain Friday each 3c

THIRTY-SIX inch printed cashmeres---in full range colors---all new goods---29c value---Bargain Friday 19c

CORDED dimities in beautiful patterns---new importations for spring 1901---Bargain Friday only 4c

JARDINIERES, 3 sizes, tinted, glazed inside and out---fancy embossed---for Friday---6-inch for 19c---7-inch for 29c---8-inch for only 39c

SAD irons—100 sets—sensible sad irons --- nickel plated---three irons, handle and stand---on Bargain Friday you can get a set for 75c

TWENTY-FIVE doz. percale wrappers --- dark colors---well made---some deep flounce---value 70c---on Bargain Friday for 49c

IN MICHIGAN.

Young Miner Killed By Falling Rock at Franklin.

Franklin—Henry Erkela, a miner employed at the old Franklin mine, aged 20, was instantly killed by falling rock yesterday afternoon. Capt. Hall, mine inspector, went down to the property this morning to look into the cause of the accident, and it is probable that an inquest will be held. Beyond the fact that Erkela was tramming at the thirty-fifth level and was caught by the heavy mass of rock, little is known as to the accident. It is said, however, that the rock fell a distance of 150 feet.

Isle Royale—The new 6-ton capacity skip, the first ever operated on the south side of Portage lake, went into commission at the Isle Royale No. 1 shaft Wednesday. This shaft is now ready for regular production. No. 2 will be similarly equipped within ten days, while the compressor is also ready. It is expected that one head at the mill will start on May 1, the second head on May 15 and a third head soon after. The new shafts will receive no attention until the mine is on the producing list.

Desmond—The new postoffice at the Ripley has been designated "Desmond," and henceforth will be known by that name, and all Ripley mail in the future will necessarily have to be addressed as such. The contract for the carrying of mail to and fro from the place will soon be let. The new office is a great boon to the people of the canal and vicinity.

Calumet—The Calumet & Hecla Mining company has declared a dividend of $15 per share on the 100,000 shares. This is $500,000 smaller than the dividends preceding, and the stock has dropped off 50 points in consequence. The total dividends paid to date aggregate $74,350,000.

PILLMAKER DEAD.

Philadelphia, April 4.—William R. Warner, a widely-known manufacturing chemist, died in this city yesterday. Mr. Warner was the first man to manufacture sugar-coated pills and to introduce licorice tablets. He was a distant relative of George Washington, and his art collection includes over 100 portraits of Washington.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

Fast Mail.

Duluth-Superior-Chicago Fast Mail train, over "The North-Western Line," leaves Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

This is the only solid through passenger train between the head of the lakes and Chicago, the only train with a "free" chair car, the only train carrying a dining car.

THE LETTER

Written By Gen. Botha to Lord Kitchener Made Public.

London, April 4.—The letter of Gen. Botha, the Boer commander-in-chief to Lord Kitchener, commanding the British forces in South Africa, preliminary to the recent peace meeting, casually referred to in Lieut. Gen. Kitchener's report of the negotiations, and from which the opponents of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain hoped to obtain some clew of the recent failure of the conferences, was published as a parliamentary paper this morning. The letter is dated at the commandant general's camp, Feb. 13, and commences with a reference to "the verbal message from your excellency." Continuing, the letter says:

"I have the honor to inform your excellency that no one desires more than I to bring this bloody struggle to an end. I would also very much like to meet your excellency for the purpose of mutual discussion to see if it is not possible to discover terms under which this can be done."

The remainder of the letter of Gen. Botha is of no importance. It merely suggests a place of meeting and arrangements for the guarantee of safe conduct.

Removed.

Julius Melander, the bookbinder, from 117 West First street to 132 West Michigan street.

Pullman Tourist Sleeper to California Via The Sunshine Route---C. M. & St. P. Ry.

Every Tuesday a splendid, up-to-date Pullman tourist sleeper leaves Minneapolis at 7:50 a. m., and St. Paul 8:00 a. m., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. and runs through without change to Los Angeles, Cal., via Kansas City and the A. T. & S. F. Ry.—the famous Sunshine Route—arriving there the following Saturday morning.

Through berth rate, Twin Cities to Los Angeles, only $6.00. Each berth in this sleeper will comfortably accommodate two persons.

Tickets for use in this tourist sleeper, from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Los Angeles, San Francisco, etc., now being sold at the unusually low rate of $32.90.

For further particulars and descriptive folder, address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or see "Milwaukee" ticket agents.

More New Equipment.

The Northern Pacific company has just received from the shops four new coaches that are to be put on the Duluth Short Line service, between this city and the Twin Cities. Two of the sixteen section sleepers will be placed on the service between St. Paul and the head of the lakes, and the other two will run from Minneapolis.

Dr. Bull's

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

COUGH SYRUP

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Through Sleeping Car Service to Kansas City Via "The Milwaukee."

A standard first-class sleeper for Kansas City, via C., M. & St. P. railway's route, leaves Minneapolis, 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:00 a. m., daily, and arrives Kansas City 7:00 o'clock next morning.

The "Hedrick" is the most direct and comfortable route from the Twin Cities to Kansas City, the South, Southwest and California.

For full information regarding lowest rates, apply to C., M. & St. P. Ry. ticket agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Prescriptions Filled Correctly.

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here, is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure, fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescription department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied the patient gets the best medicine.

Boyce's Drug Store.

BATTLE CREEK NOW SANITARIUM FOODS

FOR HEALTH

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL removes the stomach terror of lard-made pies!

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings.
{ Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5 00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 4.—The Eastern storm is central near New York city and the Northwest Canada low pressure area has moved south to Colorado and Kansas. Pressures are high over California and from Lake Superior south to the Gulf of Mexico. Light to heavy falls of rain or snow occurred in North Atlantic states, and light rain or snow in Western South Dakota, Wyoming, Saskatchewan and Oregon. It is cooler in South Atlantic states, Northwest Canada, the Western Dakotas, Montana, Wyoming and Nevada, and warmer in Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas and New Mexico.

Minimum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Los Angeles	44
Battleford	8	Marquette	30
Bismarck	32	Medicine Hat	—
Boston	38	Memphis	44
Buffalo	34	Miles City	28
Calgary	14	Milwaukee	38
Charleston	41	Minnedosa	26
Chicago	40	Modena	20
Cincinnati	38	Montgomery	42
Davenport	36	Moorhead	38
Denver	32	New Orleans	52
Detroit	34	New York	40
Dodge City	42	North Platte	35
Duluth	36	Port Arthur	—
Edmonton	12	Portland	38
El Paso	54	Prince Albert	—
Escanaba	26	Qu'Appelle	—
Galveston	62	Rapid City	32
Green Bay	30	San Francisco	42
Havre	10	Santa Fe	40
Helena	28	Shreveport	56
Houghton	26	Spokane	30
Huron	36	St. Louis	40
Jacksonville	44	St. Paul	36
Kamloops	36	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Kansas City	42	Swift Current	20
Knoxville	38	Washington	38
La Crosse	32	Williston	24
Lander	26	Winnemucca	12

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Occasionally threatening tonight and Friday, with possibly rain or snow. Fresh and brisk northeasterly w

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 4.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight. Friday showers.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and Friday. Brisk easterly winds.

North and South Dakota—Rain or snow in South Dakota tonight and Friday, and in Southern North Dakota tonight.

Padded the Census Returns.

A Maryland census enumerator has been on the carpet for false enumeration in that state and he makes the novel defense that the people are so ignorant that they would not be counted. He said that when they saw him coming they would literally takes to the woods, and he had to guess how many were living there. As the more names he returned the more pay he received, it was but natural that he guessed high. This discovery of fraud is further evidence of the need of putting the census bureau beyond the reach of politics. The Maryland enumerator in question was appointed on the recommendation of Congressman Mudd (Rep.), who knew little or nothing about him. The enumerators were "charged" to the congressmen of the states. Each congressman had the actual appointment of the enumerators to be employed in this district. One of these recommended this enumerator, named Abel or Abell; Mr. Mudd indorsed the recommendation, and the appointment was made. Mr. Mudd says he is not responsible for the enumerators generally appear to have done their work very faithfully. Only in Maryland have any complaints of unfairness or marked carelessness been made to the census office. But it is because the appointees were better than the system under which they were appointed, which was wholly bad, that the entire census is not thus vitiated. A high-minded congressman naturally recommended better men than those selected by "a practical political worker." The latter's appointees were under a double temptation; to pad the returns, to pad their own pockets and to pad them for the benefit of their party. The civil service reformers saw this danger and sought to prevent it, but their contention met with so little sympathy in congress that hey abandoned the fight rather than risk the exposure of their weakness, which a roll call would have revealed. Thus the spoils system triumphed.

A Floating Exposition Proposed.

A novel scheme for capturing foreign markets has been proposed by O. P. Austin, chief of the bureau of statistics at Washington. His idea is to start a floating exposition to every port of the world where a market is possible. There are ports in Asia, Oceanica, Africa and South America whose imports amount to as much as $2,000,000,000 annually. These imports consist of the very class of goods that we want to sell, such as foodstuffs, textiles, mineral oils, machinery and manufactures of all kinds. In spite of our having all these things in excessive quantities and superior qualities we have never sold more than $200,000,000 worth in one year to the countries in question. The whole scheme is founded on the theory that if one wants trade he must go after it. It is the "drummer" principal enlarged. From four to six ships will be fitted out, and the cruise may last three years if necessary. In each port visited the merchants will be invited to visit the ships, inspect the goods, and then the people in general will be entertained. By this means foreign merchants will not only be shown what we have to sell, but we will be enabled to learn their desires in regard to packing, length of credit desired and other things that will enable us to meet their wants. One of the army transports now lying idle could be utilized for the floating exposition. The scheme would be more effective in increasing foreign trade than paying big ship subsidies.

Cocaine, which was heralded at its discovery as the greatest boon to suffering humanity since the discovery of chloroform, is now recognized as one of the most deadly and pernicious drugs. It is characterized as one of three great scourges of the world, alcoholism and morphinism being the other two.

CONTEMPTIBLE ACTION.

The legislative correspondents at St. Paul send a story regarding the actions of Representative Pugh, of this city, that is very much to his discredit. He is accused of having defeated, by mean, underhanded and cowardly methods, a bill of considerable interest to many people here simply because it was introduced by Senator Baldwin, who had refused to support a measure fathered by Mr. Pugh, to put the special municipal judge on a salary, not because Pugh was its author, but because he did not agree with its provisions.

Thirsting for revenge, because the senator refused to swallow his convictions and support a bill that many Duluth people believe to be bad and meriting defeat, Pugh went among his acquaintances in the house and asked them, as a personal favor, to vote against two Baldwin bills that were on the house calendar. Before Baldwin learned of this sneaking action and could undo Pugh's contemptible work, the bill had been defeated.

This incident illustrates very clearly the stamp of politician that this Representative Pugh is. Heretofore he has been rather harmless, and while he has not been of any service to the district he represents, he has not done much injury. The defeat of this measure by cowardly, contemptible methods shows that he is becoming dangerous and must be restrained. The newspapers have been very lenient with Mr. Pugh—when the limited qualifications that he possesses as a legislator are considered—and they have charitably preserved silence concerning his ignorance and stupidity and eagerness to advance the personal interests of the Pugh family. It is time to give him some attention, when he tries to defeat important legislation in order to "get even" with another member of the legislature.

THE SWING OF THE PENDULUM.

The returns from the recent elections show that the swing of the political pendulum has begun toward Democratic principles. One noticeable feature is the large number of Democratic mayors elected in the cities from North Dakota to Ohio. In many cities the Republican machine maintained the party majorities in the wards for aldermen, but lost on the head of the ticket. For the last four months there has been a steady gain in anti-Republican sentiment all over the United States. The arrogance of the Republican majorities in congress and in the various state legislatures is responsible for much of this falling off among Republican adherents. If the ratio of loss continues until the next biennial election, the Republican party will lose the lower house of congress.

And there is no reason why it should not. In its entire management the party represents the monied interest in opposition to the interest of the individual citizen. Following out the practice of the Republican party, this nation would change from a republic to an oligarchy, with the power centered in the senate. The various departments of the government are under the control of a few manipulators. To these few the executive branch is subservient—the president owes his elevation to that power. The legislative branch no longer represents the people, but the combinations that control transportation, production and education. The judicial branch, while still apparently uninfluenced in its general course, has shown signs of manipulation. It is but necessary to refer to the income tax decision. That there have within the last six months been made direct attempts to influence the highest court of the land by subtle influences from the administration, many believe. And how can that belief be avoided when one son of a justice holds a high commission in the army and another sits as attorney general of Porto Rico, placed there against the protest of the people?

It is not what the Republican majority has done during the last four months that has given the political pendulum a decided impetus in its return swing, but the things that it tried to do and could not, by reason of Democratic opposition. If the Republican politicians failed to loot the country, it was not because they did not have the disposition to do so, but because they were thwarted by the opposition and the voice of public opinion. The cloven hoof and the forked tail have been revealed, however, and the G. O. P. will have a hard time to recover the confidence that it worked up under the influence of "the full dinner pail."

There was a time when the Republicans placed much confidence in the ability of the Democratic majority to always make a fool of itself and throw away its advantages. The tables are now turned. The medal for ability to throw away one of the greatest advantages a party ever gained must be awarded to the present managers of the Republican party.

Mr. Hanna and Perry S. Heath may be crackerjacks to work up a political campaign and bamboozle voters, but when it comes to the act of maintaining themselves in the power gained, they are both rank failures. They are all right in leading the assault, but they do not know how to hold the fortress. The reason is found in the fact that a fakir is as successful as a philosopher in times of public excitement, but he finds his level when men get sober and begin to think.

The talk about a reorganization of the Democratic party at this time is futile. Democrats can afford to let organization go to the dogs for the present, saw wood, do right and give the rope to the Republican elephant, who will do the rest. When the time comes the people will indicate the lines on which the reorganized Democratic party must proceed.

In a certain sense the Republican majority last fall was a good thing for the country—it will insure a complete destruction of a force that would have been only checked under other circumstances. There are some diseases which must be allowed to run a certain length of time before they can be wholly cured. Mark Hannaism is such a disease. Within the next four years it will have so manifested itself that a complete cure can be perfected.

THROUGH THE SENATE.

The state senate has passed a primary election bill. Not the primary election bill passed by the house, but another amended to suit the program of the gang of official pirates who were acting as the divinity that shapes legislation in this state. It is the old gag by which the Republican majority hopes to escape punishment. The bill will be sent back to the house with the amendments, and after a wrangle of a week or more it will probably be returned with the amendments not concurred in. A deadlock may result and the legislature may adjourn on April 12, minus a primary election law.

That is the program, and dollars to doughnuts it will be carried out. There is said to be no doubt that a majority of the lower house are under the influence of the gang and do not want a primary election law at all. They were afraid to go on record in that shape, but left it to the senate to provide a loop hole out of which both could crawl. "Oh, yes," they will say, "we all voted for a primary election law, but we could not agree as to its details and it consequently failed of passage." The Republican majority in the senate can point to the vote on the bill as they had it amended and declare that they were for a primary election law.

The people should now let the members of the house understand that they will be held strictly accountable for the failure of the bill to pass. The amendments made by the senate have not injured the measure and they should be accepted by the house. Experience will soon demonstrate whether the law will need amendment, and the next legislature can cure the defects.

The Sunday closing problem is one of the most difficult which has or will confront the directors of the Pan-American exposition to be held at Buffalo. It will require serious consideration and the decision will be awaited with interest. To a layman there seems to be no reason for a conflict between the church-going and the exposition-seeing people. The former advance no reason for the closing of such an exposition excepting that they claim that it is a desecration of the Sabbath. That question, however, is one for individual conscience to answer. The church has no right to arbitrarily designate the visiting of an art museum as a desecration of the Lord's day. If it is wrong to improve ones condition by a visit which will prove an education, it is wrong to walk or drive in the parks or visit a library on Sunday. The position of those who are seeking to deprive the wage-earners of opportunity of studying a great educational and industrial exposition on the only day in the week that is their own, is one which is not supported by an enlightened public sentiment.

If a bill which has just passed the French chamber of deputies becomes a law, France will not be a very desirable place for men of the Carnegie and Morgan class to locate. The object of the bill is to prevent the undue accumulation of wealth. It provides that when an inheritance exceeds $200,000 the succession tax shall be increased by 1-12, and for each successive $200,000 there shall be a progressively increased tax until $4,000,000 is reached, when the ordinary tax shall be doubled. For $10,000,000 the tax is to be 2½ times the ordinary tax and for $20,000,000 it is to be tripled. The statute, if passed, will also apply to gifts made to heirs during the donor's lifetime as well as at demise. It is said to be doubtful if the bill passes the senate, and that it was allowed to pass the chamber with the knowledge that it would be killed in the upper house. Be that as it may, it is an indication that the minds of the people are turning in the right direction.

The report of Surgeon Latimer, the insanity expert who has returned from the Philippines, where he has been to investigate the reported prevalence of insanity among the United States soldiers, is most reassuring. He says the number of cases has been greatly exaggerated and what cases exist are of a very mild type, which yield readily to treatment. He attributes most of them to melancholy, superinduced by the nature of the service and the climatic conditions. Many of the volunteers went to the islands with the idea that they would have a nice time with romantic adventure, whereas they are chiefly employed in the dull routine of duty alternately drenched with rain or dew and exposed to the fierce heat of the sun. The per centage of insanity is about 25 to 1000 per month and he recommends that the best thing that can be done for the patients is to bring them home and muster them out of the service after their health is restored.

Senator Dawson of the Illinois legislature proposes to tax old bachelors who have reached the age of 40 and want to marry, by taxing them an additional fee of $100 for the marriage license. The proceeds from the fees are to be used to establish a home for Illinois spinsters. It is safe to say that the average spinster would object to the plan, as if it were put in operation, her chances for marriage would grow beautifully less. After a man has waited for twenty years to get up sufficient courage to pop the question, the fee would certainly scare him out of the notion entirely.

Word comes that the scandals in the commissary department in Manilla are not new, that others have been discovered before, but have been suppressed because they "were a menace to the military situation in the islands." It was high time for Aguinaldo to take the oath of allegiance and take charge of the civil government in the Philippines, and the military affairs as well, so that Uncle Sam may not become a bankrupt in trying to civilize the natives. It takes a vast amount of provisions to properly teach a heathen nation honesty, don't you think?

In ways that are dark and for tricks that are vain—but then, what is the use comparing the heathen Chinee with the Minnesota legislature? The Chinee is not in it.

There is talk of a consolidation of the two empires of Russia and China, should the present czar be assassinated. The scheme is to depose the present Chinese emperor and make Li Hung Chang emperor of the dual empire. It would solve the present difficulty and would disconcert the anarchists—they could not kill a Li.

According to an English statistician, 2000 people go crazy every year in Great Britain. They have sufficient cause to.

SMILING LINES.

Detroit Journal: A man never gets thoroughly to understand his importance relatively to ultimate ends of Providence until he puts the lighted end of his cigar in his mouth.

Philadelphia Times: "I couldn't make a fire in a heater the whole winter," grumbled the tenant.

"Then you must have saved lots of money on coal. I'm afraid I'll have to raise the rent."

Judge: Mrs. Jones (reading)—People who make matches acquire a fatal disease of the jaw. Did you know that?

Mr. Jones—No, but I know the poor chap who falls a victim to their match-making usually gets it in the neck.

Washington Star: "Do you appreciate music?"

"Sometimes," answered the young man with wide ears. "The other evening I went to hear a big chorus and I dozed off and thought the home team was making home runs that drove the bleechers crazy."

Philadelphia Press: Towne—That was a horrible break you made talking to Wedden yesterday.

Browne—What do you mean?

Towne—You asked him if he wasn't getting tired of the new woman.

Browne—Well?

Towne—Well, he has been divorced twice and has just married his third.

Detroit Free Press: "We have got to git," said the assistant.

"What's doing?" asked the manicurist.

"I have just discovered that I sent that pickle for Mugge, the prize fighter's, hands, to the leading society woman for a face bleach."

Chicago Tribune: "Sorry to trouble you, madam, but your husband fell from a fourth-story window he was cleaning today and—"

"Oh, my poor husband!"

"Your husband is all right, madam, but he fell so blamed awkwardly that he broke my awning all to pieces and got away before I could see him. Here's the bill for damages and you tell him that if he wants to save trouble he'd better settle it right away."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "You may talk as you please," said the public-spirited suburbanite, "but our town is all right. Why, look at our remarkably low death rate. That's an argument."

"Yes, that's an argument," interrupted the caustic city man. "It shows how very few people would care to be found dead there."

A RUSSIAN HORATIUS.

(While the British and Russian troops confronted each other at the railway siding in Tien Tsin the Russian general is said to have called for volunteers to hold the switch. The result is told below).

Up spake the Russian general,
In ringing tones cried he:
"Now, who will stand at my right hand
And guard the track with me?"
The serried columns murmured
Beside the Tien Tsin switch,
When straight there rose before the foes
The form of Ivan Popoloffosedevalovosoffitivitch.

Beside the Russian general,
All straight he stood and proud,
And like the breeze 'mid bending trees,
His name swept through the crowd.
Uncertain stood the Britons,
Not knowing which was which,
And there were those with trickling nose
At sight of Ivan Popoloffosedevalovosoffitivitch.

Now write his name in marble,
Within the Hall of Fame,
But ere you do be sure that you
Build an L to the same.
And up and down the hallway,
Through the curve and bend and niche,
Let there repose in future glows
The name of Ivan Popoloffosedevalovosoffitivitch.

—Baltimore American.

THE AFTERNOON PAPER.

Brooklyn Eagle: Some explanation is necessary to satisfactorily account for the rapid strides which, during the past four or five years, have been made by the evening newspaper press in the United States.

Of course, it is easy to allege that improved machinery, extended methods of transportation, the concentration of population, speed in the transmission of intelligence by telegraph and telephone and the cheapening of typesetting and other forms of civilized progress account for the tremendous favor into which evening papers are coming, as well as the consequent immense increase observed in their circulation everywhere, but when all these things are cited and considered they still fall short of accounting for the fact that the masses are rapidly beginning to read evening papers almost exclusively.

We think the real source of the wonderful progress of the evening press during the past four or five years, and which indicates that in the near future it is certain to largely take circulation and business from the morning press, is due to a combination of all these circumstances.

Improvements in machinery and speed in picture-making and typesetting have enabled the evening papers to progress morally, intellectually and newsily. This has developed and satisfied a natural desire among the people.

Most men like to take a paper home and read it by the fireside at night, when the family is in repose and time is ample. A morning paper, on the contrary, must necessarily be perused hastily and thrown aside.

So it appears to us that just in proportion as the evening papers satisfy the demands of the people for news and literature, they will take circulation and business away from the morning papers.

Russia and America.

Chicago Chronicle: Treatment of the dead is one of the tests of civilization. During the Pekin siege an American marine who had fought to death beside a Russian had to be buried without a coffin. His Russian comrade leaped into the trench and with a woman's tenderness arranged the earth softly so as to give the head a pillow. Wednesday the bodies of six marines were removed from their temporary resting places for shipment to this country. Two Russian companies participated in the ceremonial and rendered Russian military honors to their late comrades. Gen. Chaffee made suitable acknowledgment to the Russian government. From the beginning of our international relations Russia has shown a sincere and disinterested kindliness to Americans. But for the readiness of the Russian fleet to aid the Union if the British warships intervened during the civil war for its destruction, American history would read differently today.

Woes and Ways of Kansas.

Wichita Eagle: In Kansas when a man begins exhibiting a shattered equilibrium a half dozen people gather around and encourage him by listening. This makes seven. Where seven are gathered together 200 believe that there must be something doing worth the while, and congregate. That makes 207. The crank's talk then becomes a "movement." The "movement" gets into the newspapers. Kansas is advertised discreditably and the progress of the state is impeded. But the fact remains that Kansas is the only state in the Union where free speech prevails. And that is something.

Congressional Seed Time.

Philadelphia Record: The time has come for the usual spring distribution of seeds by the agricultural department through the postoffice. Senators and members of the house have left at the department thousands and tens of thousands of addresses of persons to whom packages of vegetable and flower seeds are to be sent. One day last week not less than 1200 mail sacks, each containing 200 packages of seeds, were dispatched from the Washington postoffice. It is estimated that the total number of seed packages this year will amount to 11,000,000, or 2,000,000 more than last year. Each year the volume swells like a rolling snowball. The sending of the seeds will prove of advantage to those postmasters whose salaries will be fixed by the weight of packages delivered from their offices between Feb. 20 and March 20 this year.

FUNSTON'S EXPLOIT.

Chicago News: War has its romance and poetry, as well as its tragedies. Nothing since Dewey's sailing into Manilla bay has equaled the picturesque daring of Gen. Funston, which resulted in the capture of Aguinaldo, the head and front of the Filipino insurrection.

Brooklyn Eagle: Wherever there are wars in which our flag is a factor, Funston will be a brilliant figure. It is to be hoped that the luster of his achievements will not be dimmed by injudicious indulgence in lyceum lectures or other forms of mental lassitude and lingual dissipation.

St. Louis Republic: Funston is again to the front, this time with Aguinaldo in tow. No one doubted that if Aguinaldo could be caught Funston was equal to the task. Funston has inhaled the ozone of the West. Such daring as he has exhibited is in perfect harmony with the Western spirit.

Indianapolis Press: In the early stages of the Spanish war, Gen. Frederick Funston won a reputation as a man who does things, and that reputation he has maintained with constantly increasing credit. The capture of Aguinaldo is simply the latest and most remarkably brilliant accomplishment in a long record of valorous deeds.

Kansas City Star: Whether Gen. Funston is given his star or not he has written his name in American history as a shining hero. When some of the great political lights of the time shall have long since faded, when men now in high positions will have been utterly forgotten, the name of Fred Funston will live in the books.

Indianapolis Journal: Regarding the matter from another point of view, his capture adds greatly to the prestige of Gen. Funston, to whose skill and daring it is due. No American war has produced a more typical specimen of the true American soldier and hero than this volunteer officer of Kansas. To say that he is lucky is not enough. Mere luck cannot account for achievements that require a rare combination of high and manly qualities. Gen. Funston has added a new claim to the admiration of his countrymen and the gratitude of the government.

New York Evening Post: Although then a mere soldier of fortune and a yellow journal hero of the days when devotion to the cause of absolute freedom for Cuba was praiseworthy, on his appointment to the command of the Twentieth Kansas infantry, Gen. Funston displayed unusual qualities in disciplining and controlling his regiment. For these evidences of executive ability and force of character he has received much less credit than for his courage under fire. If there are those who regret that deceit and trickery and the use of traitors were necessary to capture Aguinaldo, we must point out to them that this is a legitimate part of warfare, which legalizes nearly every practice that is regarded with abhorrence among civilized men in time of peace.

Chicago Tribune: The administration made a remarkably good investment when it appointed Funston a brigadier general of volunteers and sent him back to the Philippines to outdo his previous audacious performances. But for him Aguinaldo would still be at large, making much trouble, while the probabilities are that now he is safely caged the insurrection will flicker out for lack of a recognized, able leader. Other officers would have gone out in quest of him with cavalry and infantry, with trumpets and with drums. Not one of them would have conceived the idea of entering Aguinaldo's camp in the guise of a prisoner and capturing him in the midst of his followers. It seemed a wild, hare-brained scheme of Funston's commanding officers, but luckily they had confidence enough in him to let him try it.

When Easter Comes.

"Thirty days hath September,"
Every person can remember;
But to know when Easter's come,
Puzzles even scholars some.

When March the twenty-first is past,
Just watch the silvery moon,
And when you see it full and round,
Know Easter'll be here soon.

After the moon has reached its full,
Then Easter will be here,
The very Sunday after
In each and every year.

And if it hap on Sunday
The moon should reach its height,
The Sunday following this event
Will be Easter bright.

—Boston Transcript.

Political Grafting In Cuba.

Havana Post: An old-fashioned fight over the spoils of politics seems to be going on in the city government of Havana. The national party, whose members are at present in the crib, does not propose to allow the Republicans, who at present happen to be drawing salaries from the city, to continue to do so any longer. They are to be bounced to make room for the friends of the aldermen of the National party. This is like old times at home. A contemporary said recently that there are 250 employes in the city buildings, where in the most reckless day of Spanish rule, there were not more than eighty or ninety.

Enriching the Republic.

New York Tribune: This happy and prosperous republic is likely to be still further enriched by a fructifying and spacious flood of immigration this year. A single German steamship this week brought almost 2000 passengers in its steerage, nearly all of them sturdy Teutons, who intend to stay here and to become patriotic American citizens. They are the sort of sound and sterling stuff of which we cannot have too much.

The Shoe on the Other Foot.

Louisville Courier-Journal: It is observant that those who are most indignant in denouncing the proposition that Great Britain give suffrage to the Kaffirs are those who are almost indignant in denouncing any abridgment by Great Britain of the independence of the Boers. It is often the case that those who are most vociferous in the cause of "human liberty" insist as vociferously that they shall select the humans to whom alone liberty shall be given.

Get Ready For Promotion.

Success: The greatest request for advancement is to be fitted for the place above you. Many a young man has failed of promotion because he was not fitted for the opening when it came, and had not tried to see how much good he could do for his employer, but how little.

Driving a Good Bargain.

Indianapolis News: Denmark is thrifty. It is understood that her West Indian possessions are a source of expense rather than a revenue to her, and they are of no military or naval advantage to such a power as she is, and yet she wants $4,000,000 for them. Well, we do not have to have them.

Gracious Condescension.

San Francisco Call: In his communication to our government setting forth reasons why Great Britain cannot accept the Nicaraguan treaty proposed by the senate, Lord Lansdown says: "His majesty's government throughout these negotiations gives evidence of its earnest desire to meet the views of the United States," and we can all be glad he was considerate enough to say it, for we would never have known otherwise.

Send For Funston.

Philadelphia Ledger: It begins to look as if De Wet might yet lead Kitchener from the Cape to Cairo.

DAILY STORY.

THE MENAGERIE SHIP

BY McALPIN J. WHEELER.

Author of "A Game of Bluff," Etc.

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The records of the sea do not contain a more curious tragedy than that enacted in mid-ocean on board the ship Evening Star thirty years ago. You may have read detached accounts of it as the tale was published far and wide at the time, but as I was one of the spectators I can give you all the details as they came under my eyes.

I was second mate of the New York bark Wanderer, and she had voyaged half way across the Atlantic on her way to Holland, when we got such a stiff gale and heavy sea that we had to lit to. With her head to the wind and wave and the oil bags out our craft rode like a duck, though the men could not move about the decks without grasping life-lines. We had been drifting along for ten hours when we sighted a craft in trouble to leeward of us. It proved to be the ship Evening Star, bound from Hamburg to New York, and her cargo consisted mostly of wild animals for the zoological gardens. She took on three elephants, four lions, three tigers, a rhinocerous, a hippopotamus, two giraffes, three African buffaloes, a pair of zebras, two panthers, a leopard and a number of wolves and hyenas. In addition there was a number of serpents and a gorilla. It was an expensive lot of animals, and aside from the crew of eighteen men on the ship there were ten keepers or attendants. The Evening Star had been especially fitted for this voyage, and had no other cargo aboard. The between decks had been fitted up for a portion of the animals and the food and attendants for all, and the original idea was to secure the elephants there. When they came to load them however, the brutes made such resistance that it was found impossible to lower them through the hatches. Stalls had to be fitted up for them on deck, and it was this change that begot the tragedy. On the upper deck, also, were the buffaloes, the rhinocerous and the giraffes. Everything else was stowed below, and the ship started out and had a long run of fair weather. All was going well when she encountered the storm which overtook us six hours later. As soon as the sea got up there was distress among the elephants, and one old bull seemed to go crazy. He was not only confined in a stout pen, but chained to the deck by all his feet, and yet when his fears and sufferings had worked him up to a pitch of frenzy he demolished his pen by a few mighty heaves, broke his chain and was at liberty. He was thrown down again and again by the motions of the ship, but when he got his legs under him he set out to work destruction. He tore down the pens and released the other elephants and the three killed the giraffes. The buffaloes and rhinocerous broke loose and then the sailors were in a panic and the ship could no longer be cared for. Up to this time she had been running off before the gale, but was just preparing to wear around when the animals took possession of the decks. Half an hour later foremast and mainmast went over the side, and then the Evening Star was swung into the trough of the sea. It was in that condition we found her, and for

One End of the Ship was in Possession of the Old Bull Elephant Alone.

the first hour we expected to see her founder every time she went down into the hollows. Being only in ballast with plenty of free board, she was like a cork, and we finally made up our minds that she would live through it. So far as we could make out through the blinding spray most of her crew were in the shrouds of the mizzenmast, and we could not understand why they did not clear her of the floating wreckage and try to get over a sea anchor to bring her head to the wind. The rate of drift of the two crafts was about the same, and for twenty-four hours we were never more than half a mile apart. We made out what we took to be elephants staggering about the decks, but could not believe what we saw aright.

We first sighted the ship at about 9 o'clock in the morning of a Wednesday. At noon of Thursday the gale broke, but we were bound to stand by her until we could render assistance. The sea continued so heavy all the afternoon that we dared not launch a boat, but as the weather had cleared we had a better sight of her and were greatly mystified. We were sure that we saw lions, tigers and other wild animals fighting on her decks, and at least one great serpent twisting his way upwards on her mizzen shrouds. It was not until 8 o'clock on Thursday morning that we launched a boat and I was pulled off to the wreck. When I reached her I found a surprising state of affairs. Her captain and mates were locked in the cabin, a portion of the crew had secured themselves in the forecastle, and there were seven or eight men lashed to the rigging and almost dead from hunger, thirst and exposure. One end of the ship was in possession of the old bull elephant alone, and the other was held by the rhinocerous and a lion. Between them lay dead bodies of three men, the other two elephants, the giraffes, buffaloes, a tiger, two wolves and a leopard, while in the rigging were two great serpents. I got this information from the men aloft, and it then became a question of how I was to get aboard and aid them. As soon as I pulled around to her bows the lion began to roar and the rhinocerous to sniff another fight, and the demeanor of the elephant showed that he would resent any intrusion of his end of the ship. I finally put back to the brig to get instruction from our captain, and when I started out again I was supplied with a sporting rifle and ammunition.

From the open boat and only a short distance away, I opened fire on beast, animal and serpent. The lion I killed after a few shots, but when I had wounded the elephant and rhinocerous they charged each other in their rage and came together amidships to go down with a crash and slide overboard through the broken bulwarks. The serpents in the rigging were chilled and in a lethargic state, and soon after we boarded the wreck they were caught and taken down by the keepers. We had all clear above now, but down below other wild beasts and reptiles were prowling about or fighting at intervals, and it was a matter of four hours before we had killed or made prisoners of them. Out of the entire menagerie only a wolf, two hyenas and a couple of serpents were saved, while three men had been killed and the ship badly wrecked. After helping her crew get possession of her we resumed our voyage, and as soon as she could get up jury masts she headed back for Hamburg and eventually reached that port.

Where there is Smoke there must be fire. When we hold our regular customers from year to year and add more daily there must be a reason.

The Fact is Notorious that prices which are an every day occurence here would be labeled "Special" elsewhere.

Easter Suits,

Good suits, suits that mark the wearer as a connoisseur in dress taste. In unending variety hovering in cost around the

$15.00 Mark.

Lightweight Overcoats.

Merit and economy go hand in hand "for sure" in our overcoat section. The mind, the body and the purse fitted simultaneously at about $15.00.

More and better Knee Pants for Boys than ever before at 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

C. W. ERICSON,
Reliable Clothier.

Cost You Five, Eh?

Washington Post: The advent and spread of the so-called Order of the Buffaloes but goes to show that all that is required for the ordinary man to make an idiot of himself is a half a chance.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Tomorrow Night, April 5.

Dunne & Riley's Magnificent new production, by Chas. H. Hoyt—Company of 40 people, including MARY MARBLE, JOHN W. DUNNE and LITTLE CHIP and THREE SISTERS FANCHONETTI.

A MILK WHITE FLAG...

Military band and operatic orchestra—teeming with specialties and brilliant musical numbers—A brand new production—New Ideas—New features—New Costumes—New Dialogue.

Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c, Gallery 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Extraordinary event—Saturday, April 6, matinee and night. Managers Wagenhals & Kemper present

Louis James and Kathryn Kidder

in stupendous scenic production of a

Midsummer Night's Dream

Magnificent scenery and electrical effects; grand chorus and splendid ballet. The Famous Mendelssohn Music. 50—PEOPLE—50 Prices, Night—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquet $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Matinee—Dress Circle $1, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Easter Monday April 8, One Night only

THE GREATEST OF ALL GREAT ROMANCES—
Anthony Hope's Masterpiece,

The Prisoner of Zenda....

The Daniel Frohman production (by special arrangement.) Complete in its magnificent entirety. Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

BRIMFUL OF

Piano Goodness!

THE FAMOUS

Kranich & Bach.

In tone, delightfully rich, mellow and sweet.
In action, elastic, responsive and sure.
In perfection of finish and artistic design, most satisfying.
Extremly low prices for a distinctly art piano. Imported woods, unique designs.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

Duluth Music Co.

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.

Corner Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

DEEP PLOTS IN KOREA.

Minister Accused of Plotting Against Lady Om.

Victoria, B. C., April 4.—News was brought by the Empress of Japan that another of those strange dramas for which the Korean capital is notorious, is going on at Seoul. Kim Yang Chun, minister of finance, was charged with plotting to do away with the emperor's favorite, the Lady Om, who, according to Eastern papers, has a romantic history, having been rescued from slavery and placed in the palace. She is now practically the dictator of the Korean policy.

Kim was seized and tortured in a shocking manner. Kwon Chai Miong, minister of war, enraged at the fate of his friend, resigned, and a political crisis resulted.

The Japan Daily Mail says that rumor assigns the plot to Russia.

The correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury at Seoul wires March 18 that Kim Yir Jun, another Korean officer, arrested in connection with the plots, when tortured, confessed that there was a scheme to issue circulars and to fire on the Russian legation, to murder the empress and the Lady Om and to create the Princess Taspekiu empress. He has been sentenced to be decapitated.

Reports are also given from Korea of an insurrection at Song Pha, eight miles east of Seoul, where insurgents led by soldiers, who have become malcontent because of their failure to receive their pay, are raiding and killing.

CENT REACHES VANCOUVER

A Change Unwelcome to the Old-Timers.

Vancouver, B. C., April 4.—A change, unwelcome to old-timers in general, as also to many retail dealers, is being brought about here at the instance of the Hudson Bay company. It is the introduction of the cent as a general current coin. Hitherto nothing less than 5 cents has "gone" in Vancouver.

The change marks the full recognition of the entrance of this city and district upon an era of keen competition, cut prices and probably also lower average wages, more in line with Eastern and mid-Canadian quotations. The change was bound to come. It, however, comes rathe [illegible] It will materially affect retailers' profits on small transactions, they having frequently got the benefit of a difference of a cent to two when "change" came under 5 cents.

GREAT VOICE FAILS.

Jean de Reszke's Old Trouble Has Returned.

Boston, April 4.—Jean De Reszke's voice has failed him again. "Le Cid" was not given here by the Grau Opera company. The management simply announced the change of operas, and said the tenor was indisposed.

As near as can be learned, De Reszke has been stricken with the same form of bronchitis with which he was afflicted last year, and which kept him voiceless for many months. His physicians believe he will be able to appear upon the operatic stage again.

The last recovery of De Reszke was a matter of weary months, and after a long rest, when he did attempt to sing in public, he was a failure. It is only since he came to America that his voice has regained its former brilliancy. Now the doctors say the strain has proved too great, and he must pay a severe penalty. His age, too, is against him, and it is impossible for him to recuperate as he did previously.

"Jean De Reszke's voice will be only a memory hereafter," is the mournful prophecy of the music lovers.

IT IS IMPORTANT

To Know What You Are Taking When Using Catarrh Medicines.

Catarrh is the short route to consumption, and the importance of early and judicious treatment of catarrh, whether located in the head, throat or bronchial tubes, cannot be too strongly emphasized.

The list of catarrh cures is as long as the moral law, and the forms in which they are administered, numerous and confusing, from sprays, inhalers, washes, ointments and salves to powders, liquids and tablets.

The tablet form is undoubtedly the most convenient and most effective, but with nearly all advertised catarrh remedies, it is almost entirely a matter of guess work as to what you are taking into your system, as the proprietors, while making all sorts of claims as to what their medicines will do, always keep it a close secret as to what they are.

The success and popularity of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, is largely because it not only cures catarrh, but because catarrh sufferers who used these tablets know what they are taking into their systems. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets being composed of Eucolyptol, Hydrastin, Guaicol and similar valuable and antiseptic ingredients, and are pleasant to the taste, and being dissolved in the mouth, they take immediate effect upon the mucous lining of the throat, nasal passages and whole respiratory tract.

The cures that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have accomplished in old chronic cases of catarrh are little short of remarkable, and the advantage of knowing what you are putting into your stomach is of paramount importance, when it is remembered that the cocaine or morphine habit has been frequently contracted as the result of using secret catarrh remedies.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets meet with cordial approval from physicians, because their antiseptic character renders them perfectly safe for the general public to use, and their composition makes them a common sense cure for all forms of catarrhal troubles.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full-sized packages.

ADVANCE IN RAILS.

Steel Trust Expected to Put Up Prices.

New York, April 4.—Officials of the steel companies absorbed by the United States Steel corporation state that one of the first steps the new management will take will be to advance the price of rails. The present price is $26 a ton, and they believe the new price will be $30 a ton.

The Missouri Pacific placed an order today for 10,000 tons at the old figure with the National Steel company.

All the big manufacturers report that they have orders to keep all their mills running until next October.

WRECKED BY CIGARETTES.

Mental and Physical Ruin of Cornell Student.

New York, April 4.—That the smoking of from forty to fifty cigarettes daily has weakened a young student of Cornell university, both mentally and physically, was the assertion made by his cousin at the Madison street police station. The victim's cousin is A. S. Schoomer, an attorney, who, with a physician, took the young man to the station, but would not give his name. They said the student had been showing signs of mental derangement for a week, and added that he was never without a cigarette. He was sent to Bellevue about three weeks ago, and after ten days' treatment, during which time he had been obliged to leave cigarettes alone, he showed such improvement that he was released. He was in his sophomore year, but his ailment made it necessary for him to give up his studies. On the advice of the sergeant the young man was taken home.

TO AID RESEARCH.

Special Scholarship Founded By Andrew Carnegie.

London, April 4.—Andrew Carnegie has founded a research scholarship in connection with the iron and steel institute. To this end he has presented to the institute $32,000 worth of Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad 5 per cent debenture bonds, the income from which is to be applied in awarding annually one or more scholarships of such value as the council of the institute shall decide. The awards will be made irrespective of sex or nationality. The scholarships will be tenable for a year, and will be renewable at the discretion of the council.

The object of the scheme is not to facilitate the ordinary collegiate studies, but to enable trained students to conduct research in the metallurgy of iron and steel and allied subjects, with the view to aiding its advance or its application to industry.

HARDLY EVER SOBER.

Claim Made In New York Will Contest.

New York, April 4.—The $5,000,000 estate left by the late George Kemp has found its way into the courts, and the case is now on trial. When Mr. Kemp died he left a will stipulating that the bulk was to be divided so that Marian M. Tyng, Juliet Augusta Kemp and Arthur Tyron Kemp should each get one-fifth and the remaining two-fifths were to go to the widow. When Mrs. Kemp died it was found that she created a trust fund for the benefit of her son George, that would give him an income of $9000 a year for life, and divided the rest of her share, amounting to $2,000,000, so that George, as well as the other three children, should share it equally, less the $150,000 set apart to form the trust fund for George's benefit.

Now the other three children come into court and contend that their mother had no power to allow George to share in the rest of the two-fifths of the estate, and, in order to show that the elder Kemp had purposely excluded his elder son from any considerable share of his estate, evidence was introduced today as to George Kemp's habits. Edward Kemp, an uncle of the young man, somewhat hesitatingly said that his nephew was frequently under the influence of liquor. After a wrangle as to the admissibility of this line of examination, Mr. Kemp was asked:

"Was your nephew ever sober?"

"Hardly ever."

Two Trains a Day.

On May 5 the Northern Pacific Railway company will inaugurate a double train service between Duluth and Staples, Minn., to make connections with the North Coast limited train from the Twin Cities. While the time card for this service has not been definitely arranged, it is probable that there will be trains into Duluth at about 7 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and departing trains at 8 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening.

THE IRON MARKET

Demand In Every Direction Proves to Be Enormous.

Some Surprise In the Organization of Steel Corporation.

New Ore Properties Are Being Constantly Acquired.

New York, April 4.—The Iron Age says: The announcement of the organization of the United States Steel corporation has brought some surprises, notably as to the absence in the directory of a larger representation of the principal men in some of the constituent concerns. The scope of the new concern is now being enlarged, more particularly through the acquisition of additional ore properties. The Oliver sixth of the Oliver Iron Mining company, not controlled by the Carnegie Steel company has been added; the Aragon, with a product of 400,000 tons, has been purchased, and an option has been secured on the Cleevland-Cliffs company, the most extensive and valuable of the outside concerns, with their transportation interests and their charcoal furnaces. It is a fact, too, that negotiations are pending for the purchase of some of the large steel plants, which still linger in single glory.

The iron markets are very strong throughout, and every suspicion of manipulation to help along the floating of the great consolidation has disappeared. The demand in every direction proves to be enormous, and there is no doubt but it has for the present, at least outrun the active capacity, great though it be. Pig iron for steel purposes for prompt delivery continues very scarce, and billets are simply unobtained for early shipment. In fact, some of the rolling mills belonging to the consolidation are idle, because the steel plants cannot furnish them with material. Premiums are the rule, not alone for steel, but also for a large variety of finished products, and heavy orders are being placed.

As yet there are no indications that the danger point in values has been reached, although some of the most conservative of consolidation managers avow that it is not far off. There are no signs of speculation anywhere, but on the contrary there is a growing disposition to cover requirements for more distant delivery, in some cases into the fourth quarter. In foundry irons buyers, representing a wide variety of consumptive requirements, are still coming into the market, and good purchases continue, in spite of the fact that the Southern furnaces are now asking $11.75 for No. 2 foundry, free on board, Birmingham. As an instance how great the change has been, we may cite the fact that one leading company last week made shipments to Europe on old contracts, which netted only $7.50 at the furnace.

Another instance of the sharp struggle which European manufacturers are engaged in against American competition is furnished by the bids for the second installment of the famous Java cast iron water pipe order. The first, for about 3500 tons, was taken by R. D. Wood & Co., of Philadelphia, last year, the second, for about 3600 tons, has just been captured by the large French works at Pont-a-Mousson, at a figure which, it is claimed, was $4 per ton below the lowest American bid.

MISTAKE IN MEDICINES.

Iowa Woman Uses Carbolic Acid for a Gargle.

Mason City, Iowa, April 4.—By a mistake in medicine used for a gargle, Mrs. M. Carroll, living four miles south of Burcjinal, nearly lost her life. Thinking to gargle her throat with camphor, she got carbolic acid instead, but by good fortune, none of the poison reached her stomach and her life was saved. Her throat and mouth were badly burned, but no serious results are apprehended.

Twilight Trains.

There are only two Twilight Limited trains, one south-bound and one north-bound, over "The North-Western Line" between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities of Minnesota, leaving each starting point after the business of the day is over, arriving at destination at early bedtime. Gentlemen enjoy the comfortable, commodious club smoking room of the observation cars and the 6 o'clock superb dinner in the popular diner. Ladies have all the luxuries of their own home in the large and roomy parlor cars, with their upholstered revolving chairs. Then, again, it saves you sleeping car fare by taking this train, enabling you to reach a comfortable hotel for a night's refreshing sleep, or possibly your own home. The traveling public appreciate the service and the schedule.

Remember the hour of departure—4:30 p. m. daily from the brownstone depot of "The North-Western Line," foot of Fifth avenue west.

GROWING TOO FAST.

Children growing too fast for their strength need more than their ordinary food. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites supplies that need. It has the power to nourish and strengthen that does not obtain in their usual food.

All sickly, delicate children, who have no definable disease, are invariably benefited by the use of Scott's Emulsion.

A fifty cent bottle will prove to be the best investment you can make.

The Engineer

Leaning from the cab window does more with his ears than his eyes. The "rumble and grumble and roar" of his engine are to him articulate speech, and a false note in that jumble of sounds would catch his ear as quickly as a discord would strike the ear of the leader of an orchestra.

He thinks more of his engine than himself. That is why he neglects to notice symptoms which are full of warning. The foul tongue, the bitter taste, sour risings, and undue fullness after eating are but symptoms of dyspepsia or some form of disease involving the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. In time the heart, liver, lungs, or other organs are involved and the engineer has to lay off.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood and builds up the body with sound healthy flesh.

"I used ten bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and several vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' a year ago this spring, and have had no trouble with indigestion since," writes Mr. W. T. Thompson, of Townsend, Broadwater Co., Montana. "Words fail to tell how thankful I am for the relief, as I had suffered so much and it seemed that the doctors could do me no good. I got down in weight to 125 pounds, and was not able to work at all. Now I weigh 160 and can do a day's work on the farm. I have recommended your medicine to several, and shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Pierce and his medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

THE DAKOTAS.

Prairie Fire Does Much Damage Near Virgil, S. D.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—A prairie fire Wednesday afternoon swept over a stretch of country east of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, starting a few miles southeast of Virgil and traveling north ten or twelve miles. hTe burned district is two miles wide. Several farmers suffered heavy losses. Frank Wood lost his house, barn and his supply of hay and corn; Arthur Thompson a barn, and the immense sheep sheds on the J. H. Cone ranch, four miles north of Virgil. Thousands of tons of hay were destroyed. The fire was driven by a 40-mile-an-hour gale.

Fort Meade—There is a question whether the present contractor is going to be able to complete the artesian well which has been under way at this fort for some time. The drill got down to a depth of 1450 feet and there caught. While fishing for it, the cable broke about 150 feet below the surface. All kinds of implements have been used in an endeavor to get the hole cleared out. Water has been encountered in an upper basin, uut not enough to fill the contract.

Clark Anderson and H. Bunting of Sturgis have been awarded the contract for furnishing the horses for the Thirteenth cavalry, which is being enlisted at this fort. Anderson is to furnish 214, at $109 per head, and Bunting a like number at $104.50 a head. The horses will be taken from the ranges for the most part. There were several bids before the department, the highest being for $149, made by a horse raiser in Missouri. The horses are to be supplied by May 20. Dealers of the Hills consider they have scored a victory, since the department will take native horses for the entire lot.

Dell Rapids—The next meeting of the South Dakota state board of pharmacy for the transaction of regular business and the examination of candidates for registration will be held at Aberdeen, April 10. Applicants for examination should be filed with the secretary at least five days before the date of the meeting.

Aberdeen—At a special meeting of the city council it was decided to accept what is known as the Prior site, opposite St. Mark's church, for the new library building.

During the month of March the United States land office received forty-five homestead entries, covering 60,942 acres; nine timber culture proofs on 1438 acres, and thirteen homestead proofs on 1931 acres. The isolated tracts and excesses sold aggregated 644 acres.

Mitchell—John Gregory, aged 16, who was accidentally shot in a shooting gallery, died yesterday.

Rapid City—F. J. Cross has returned to Kelstone from Milwaukee, where he sold the Cross group of mining claims to the Elizabeth Mining company for a large cash consideration.

Sioux Falls—Professor H. E. Kratx, of the Sioux City schools, has agreed to deliver an address before the teachers of Southeastern South Dakota, who will hold their annual meeting at Parker on Friday and Saturday.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The meeting of the band men of the state in Fargo to organize an association resulted in the appointment of a committee to draft a constitution and by-laws and report at another meeting to be held during the fire festival, when it is thought there will be a big band tournament. A permanent organization will then be effected.

Grand Forks—There are signs of activity around the plant of the Grand Forks Lumber company in anticipation of the breaking up of the Red and Red Lake rivers. The ice is pretty well broken up and has started down stream in a few places, and will go out in the next few days.

Jacob and Joseph Bassenella will be tried at the June term of the district court for the murder of Axel Anderson. They were given a preliminary hearing and held for trial. At the preliminary hearing no testimony for the defense was offered.

Jamestown—The asylum board has met and organized with W. A. Murphy, of Neche, as president, and Capt. Mudgett, of Valley City, secretary. The board made a thorough inspection of the institution. It is understood the board is unfavorable to the appointment of Dr. Moore as superintendent. Harvey Pray seems to be likely to be appointed steward. He is from Valley City and a member of Company G. Dr. Sifton of Jamestown and Dr. Crawford of New Rockford are after an appointment as superintendent.

The city council has decided to call for bids for the drilling of a new artesian well which will furnish the city with abundant water for all purposes. It will be lined with piping 6 inches in width at the narrowest point. The last well drilled proved a failure. The new one will be put down near the first city well which was of great volume and power, but gave out when the piping became old and decayed, letting the well gradually fill.

A stranger from the west fell from the Northern Pacific bridge into the James river to avoid a collision with a switch engine. He succeeded in climbing out without assistance and made his way to the Delmonico, where he ordered the best in the house. While waiting for his order he produced a roll of $90 in cash and two $100 drafts and dried them by the stove.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

BOUND TO HAWAII

Party of Nearly a Thousand Sailed From Porto Rico.

Many More Have Preceded Them to New Homes.

Nearly All of the Travelers Comprise Entire Families.

Ponce, P. R., March 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Another expedition of Hawaiian-bound emigrants sailed for New Orleans on the steamer California, Capt. Dyer, from Guananya, yesterday. There were 839 in the party. The expedition was composed of the finest appearing lot of people yet to leave for Hawaii. Nearly all the travelers comprised entire families.

The number of persons to a family averaged about six and there was one family of eleven persons.

Of the 2700 Porto Ricans who have gone to Hawaii, over 85 per cent have been women. The party which left on the Californian were fair specimens of Porto Rico's labor classes, and were as sturdy as the general run of Porto Ricans.

Before the first boat load of emigrants was sent out to the ship, about 1200 people congregated on the beach and two priests celebrated mass in the open air. Two weddings and two christenings were also performed.

While on their way to New Orleans the emigrants, most of whom were in rags when embarking, will be cheaply, but substantially clothed at the expense of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' association, and the entire party will be vaccinated.

Rations of codfish, beef, potatoes, rice, beans, bread and coffee are served twice daily.

The only reasonable objection advanced so far to this emigration from Porto Rico, is that the island's best laborers are leaving. The recruiting agents have orders to enlist no Spaniards and no pure black people are taken, the idea being presumably, to have the men marry Hawaiian women and thus lose their identity with Porto Rico. In all events, after being transported so far, it is not likely that they will ever return. It is considered that Porto Rico is over-populated and the sooner the population is thinned down, the better off Poro Rico will be.

The agents who have been endeavoring to secure laborers to work on McDonald's railway in Ecuador are having but little success. They say they can employ 3000 men. Judging from the reports of the treatment of Jamaican laborers there, Ecuador is not a desirable country for emigrants and the Jamaican government has prohibited further emigration. It is expected that the Ecuador agents will send a small shipload of emigrants to Ecuador sometime in April. It has been suggested that the authorities might examine and report on conditions existing in Ecuador, and especially among the laborers on the Guayaquil-Quito railroad, before allowing Porto Ricans to emigrate thither.

Over 350 men are now being embarked on the steamer Porto Rico for the iron mines near Santiago Cuba. These laborers are contracted to work for three months at a dollar a day.

Indications in this part of the island point to an exceedingly large coffee and sugar crop. The DeFord estate, near Guayamas, the largest on the island, will grind its first crop this year and if this comes up to expectations, they will ship nearly $1,000,000 worth of sugar this spring. A native planter near Guanaca will soon ship $10,000 worth of sugar and other planters have good crops in view. Agriculturally, Porto Rico has almost entirely recovered from the effects of the cyclone of nearly two years ago.

The fruit outlook is good, but owing to the time required for maturing fruits will produce no returns for two or three years.

A year ago there was hardly an acre of fruit under cultivation in Porto Rico. Several Floridans came here and settled and are now waiting for their fruit trees to blossom. In fruit production, questions of transportation must be carefully considered, and fruit property must be near a port or on one of the short railroads. Good fruit land is worth from $8 to $70 an acre according to location. The shippers of New Orleans find Porto Rico a good market for rice. The Californian, which arrived here last week from New Orleans, brought 5000 packages of rice, which were disposed of very rapidly.

Rice and codfish brought here on schooners is the chief diet of the Porto Ricans. The number of smallpox cases in Ponce is reported at fifty.

Don't Get Left.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY CHANGES TIME.

On and after March 31 the night train on Eastern Minnesota railway will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. and West Superior at 11:25 p. m. for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Sleepers ready at Duluth at 9 p. m.

KING'S HEALTH GOOD.

Recent Disturbing Rumors Pronounced Groundless.

New York, April 4.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The latest reports about the king's health are reassuring. His throat has been examined by Sir Felix Semon, and the recent disturbing rumors have been pronounced to be groundless. Sir Felix is the German throat specialist, who has been appointed physician extraordinary to the king, and has been naturalized as a Britisher. The king's general health is good. He has not suffered from the pressure of public business, and his voice is strong and natural. Recent rumors about a mysterious ailment in his throat have caused uneasiness in high circles on account of the fatal malady of the king's brother, the duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Twenty Years of Vile Catarrh.—Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn., writes: "I have been a sufferer from throat and nasal catarrh for over twenty years, during which time my head has been topped up and my condition truly miserable. Within fifteen minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, I obtained relief. Three bottles have almost, if not entirely, cured me." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—26.

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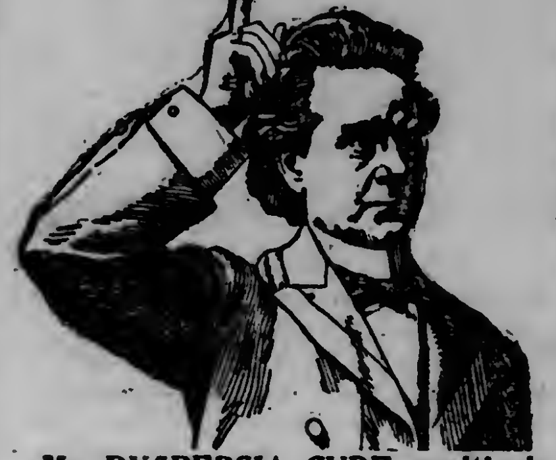

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My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakened by powerful cathartics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure corrects bloating of the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, belching wind or sour food, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, improper circulation, coated tongue, heart-burn or water-brash.

His Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes.

Munyon's Pile Ointment cures all forms of piles.

Munyon's Blood Cure corrects all blood impurities.

Munyon's Liver Cure corrects headache, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, $1.

Munyon has a cure for every disease. **The Guide to Health** (free) tells of them. Cures, mostly 25 cts. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

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Are you real certain your liver is in good working condition? If it isn't you know it, the symptoms are too positive to allow you to be deceived. That coated tongue, yellow skin, headache, etc., can be relieved by

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like other men. Try. Let your good sense predominate; place yourself in the hands of science, and don't take everybody's advice—which is nobody's advice. There are years before you; health and happiness too. No pains—no sleepless nights, no scanty appetite, no tired feeling, no heartache or sorrow.

We understand your case; know how you worry as you realize that each day finds you weaker—with less endurance.

We know your despair as you look into your mirror—and see reflected there lines of care which should have no place on so young a brow.

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They will build you up to health and strength—the perfect being the Lord intended you to be. They will fill the sunken cheek, clear the sallow skin, ease the aching back and cure Nervous Debility completely.

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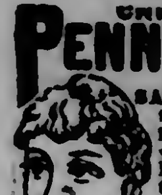

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Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of six hundred forty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is due at this date upon a certain mortgage made by M. Ella Hizer, mortgagor, to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, mortgagees, dated June 7th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 24th, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 42 of mortgages, on page 488.

And whereas, Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have assigned all their interest in said debt and mortgage to the said Frederick S. Easton, and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt, now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situated in said county, to-wit: Lot number three (3), in block number twenty-two (22), in Highland Park addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house thereof, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 20th, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of seven hundred fifty-six dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at this date upon a mortgage made by M. Ella Hizar, mortgagor to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, mortgagees, dated June 7th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 24th, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 42 of mortgages on page 483.

And whereas Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have assigned all their interest in said debt and mortgage to the said Frederick S. Easton and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number three (3), in block number nineteen (19), in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house thereof, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 20th, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of seven hundred ninety-three dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at this date upon a mortgage, made by M. Ella Hizar, mortgagor, to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, mortgagees, dated June 7th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 24th, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in book 42 of mortgages, on page 484; and whereas, Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have assigned all their interest in said debt and mortgage to the said Frederick S. Easton, and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt; now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number four (4) in block number nineteen (19), in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 20th, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald—March-7-14-21-28—April—4-11—1901.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE SALE.—

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned, as assignee of the estate of Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, will, at his office, 212 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash all the interest which said Otis W. Saunders had at the time of his said assignment and all the interest that said assignee has received by virtue of a deed made by H. B. Moore to B. D. Brown, assignee of said Otis W. Saunders, insolvent, in and to the following described property situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, viz:

The undivided half of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 17; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 18; the undivided half of the n½ of the ne¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 19; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the ne¼ and of the nw¼ of the nw¼ and lot 3, in section 21, all in township 69, range 19.

The undivided half of the nw¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the s½ of the ne¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 27; all of the se¼ of the se¼ of section 27; the undivided half of the nw¼ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the s½ of the sw¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 26; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 35, all in township 64, range 20.

The undivided half of the e½ of the sw¼ section 31; the undivided half of the w½ of the se¼ section 31, all in township 69, range 20 west.

The s½ of the se¼ and the se¼ of the sw¼ of section 21; the sw¼ of the sw¼ of section 22, all in township 61, range 21.

Lots 7, 9 and 11 and the e½ of the sw¼ of section 6; the se¼ of section 29, all in township 58, range 14.

The west half of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the sw¼ section 23, township 58, range 15.

The n½ of nw¼ section 13; e½ of the ne¼ section 14; e½ of the nw¼ and the sw¼ of the nw¼ and the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 23, all in township 59, range 15.

The undivided half of lots 2, 3 and 4 and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 30; the undivided half of the ne¼ of the nw¼ and the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 32; the undivided half of the w½ of the sw¼ of section 28; the undivided half of the se¼ and of the e½ of the sw¼ section 29; the undivided one-third of the ne¼ of section 29, all in township 59, range 14.

Said sale will be made subject to the taxes and encumbrances on said premises and will be subject to confirmation by the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said matter will be brought on for confirmation before the court at special term at the court house, in the city of Duluth, Minn., on Saturday, the 13th day of April, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m., or as soon thereafter as it can be heard.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 2nd day of April, 1901.

HARVEY A. WING,
Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-4-6-1901.

TRADING ACTIVE

Liveliest Day on Duluth Board In Many Months.

Wheat Opened Higher and Declined But Rallied Later.

Phillips Crowd Have Their Innings In Corn Market.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 4.—The grain markets were quieter today after the tumult which characterized the speculation yesterday, although on the local board trading was the most active eseen in many months. May wheat started at a fair advance, the opening strength being due to steadier cables. Liverpool closed only ¼d lower in the fho face of yesterday's heavy slump in American markets, and Antwerp closed unchanged. Primary receipts were 531,614 bus, last year 543,900 bus. Shipments were 204,861 bus, last year 132,990 bus. Argentine shipments of wheat this week were reported at 1,552,000 bus, last year 2,338,000 bus. The Price Current reports the spring as late and wet, and the condition of wheat much better than a year ago.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 269 cars, against 343 last week, and 467 last year. Chicago receipts, 96 cars, none of contract grade.

On the Duluth board May wheat opened ¼c higher at 73½c, rose to 73⅞c at 9:32½, sold at 73⅝c at 9:36, reacted to 73¾c at 9:37, fell off to 73⅜c at 9:56, recovered to 73½c at 10:04, declined to 73⅜c at 10:19, sold at 73½c at 10:44, and then sold down steadily to 72⅝c at 11:31, rallied to 73c at 11:55 and continued to the close which was at 73½c, an advance of ¼c over yesterday. The Chicago market was off ⅛-¼c and Minneapolis was a shade stronger.

Cash trading was active, sales aggregating 75,000 bus at ¾c under May for wheat to arrive, and 1½c under for wheat in store.

Corn in Chicago was strong today and Phillips was evidently having his innings again. The close was at an advance of 1⅝c. Primary receipts were 322,771 bus, against 748,376 bus last year; shipments 363,177, last year 500,523. London reported the Argentine surplus for export at 60,000,000 bus.

Flax was off 1¾c, rye was up 1c and other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard—Cash, 74c; to arrive, 74¾c; May, 75½c. No. 1 northern—Cash, 72c; to arrive, 72¾c; May, 73½c; July, 74⅝c. No. 2 northern, 66½-70½c. No. 3 spring, 61½-66½c. Oats, 27¼-27c. Rye, 51c. Barley, 35-55c. Flax—Cash, $1.58¼; to arrive, $1.59¼; May, $1.61; September, $1.15. Corn—Cash, 39½c; May, 40c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 83; corn, 1; oats, 3; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 134,732; corn, 6607; rye, 3905; flax, 944. Shipments—Wheat, 622; corn, 994.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1184 bus	$0.74⅛
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	73¾
No. 1 northern, 7 cars	71⅞
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	72¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	72⅝
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	72
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	72
No. 2 northern, 13 cars	69½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	68¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69⅛
No. 2 northern, 9 cars	69½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	69¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	66¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	68⅞
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	66½
Flax, 7000 bus, September	1.15
Flax, 2000 bus, September, Northwestern	1.18½
Flax, 3000 bus, May	1.62½

B. E. BAKER,

Grain and Stock Broker.

PRIVATE WIRES TO ALL MARKETS.

Offices in Duluth, W. Superior, Virginia and Two Harbors.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Quiet Follows the Recent Speculative Tumult.

Chicago, April 4.—Following the speculative tumult yesterday, the grain markets at the start today seemed quiet. In corn, the liquidation seemed to have spent itself, while professional bears were unwilling o attack prices in view of the notable steadiness at Liverpool, which market failed to respond appreciably to the weakness here yesterday. May corn opened ⅜@1⅜c higher, at 42@43c, reacted to 42⅜c and rallied to 42¾c. There were no heavy individual trades. Receipts were 285 cars, 38 of contract grade. July was in good demand at about ¼@⅜c premium over May.

Wheat was quiet early. May opened ¼@⅜c higher to a shade higher, at 72¾c to 72½c, and gradually worked off to 71⅞c on selling by elevators. Local receipts were 96 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reportel 269 cars against 343 last week last week and 467 a year ago.

Oats were quiet but firm in sympathy with corn. The demand came largely from local shorts, May opened ⅛@¼c higher at 25c to 25⅛c, and sold to 25¼c. Receipts were 234 cars.

Provisions opened firm on light offerings, but soon turned easier on selling of lard by a packer. May pork opened unchanged at $15.45 and sold to $15.20; May lard, 2½c higher, at $8.50, touched $8.52½, and then reacted to $8.40. May ribs opened 2½c up at $8.27½, touched $8.30, and followed this bulge by a drop to $8.25.

Close. wheat, April, 71⅝c; May, 72¼c; July, 72¾@⅞c. Corn, April, 42¾c; May, 43¼c; July, 43¼c. Oats, April, 25½c; May, 25⅝c; July, 25¾c. Pork, April, $15.10; May, $15.20; July, $15.07½. Lard, April, $8.55; May, $8.42½; July, $8.25@8.27½; September, $8.27½. Ribs, April, $8.20; May, $8.20; July, $8.12½; September, $8.10. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.55; No. 1, $1.55; May, $1.54; September, $1.16. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71@73½c; No. 3 red, 70@72½c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@74c; No. 2 northern spring, 70@73c; No. 3 spring, 67@72c. Corn, No. 2, 41¾@42c; No. 3, 41½@¾c. Oats, No. 2, 26¼c; No. 3, 26¼. Rye, April, 51c; May, 50½c; July, 51½c. Barley, cash, 38@58c. Timohty, April, $4.05. Clover, April, $11.00.

George Rupley

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Brotherton Iron Mine Co	25	600	...
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	101	...
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
Am. Shipbuilding Co.	100	122	...
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We also deal in Real Estate, Commercial Paper, Mortgages, Loans and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

TURN FOR BETTER.

Drastic Liquidation In Cereals Has Ended.

Chicago, April 4.—On the board of trade today, corn and oats took a turn for the better and apparently the drastic liquidation which had been in progress since last Saturday, had run its course. May corn tended steadily upward today and closed at 43¼ cents, within ⅛ cent of the top, and at a net gain over yesterday of 1⅝ cents. Phillips, leader of the Western bulls, was not active in the market, although he was credited with absorbing a block of 200,000 bushels of May and another of 400,000 bushels of July, which were offered at critical stages. The bulls had a good start today owing to the almost positive refusal of the Liverpool and London markets to follow yesterday's panicky declines here. Country acceptances were reported light and the weather in many states helped the holders.

May oats ruled strong and closed at 25⅝ cents, within ⅜ cent of the top and with a net gain of ¾ cent.

Further letting go by tired holders caused a sharp drop about the middle of the session in the wheat pit and May got down to 71¼ cents, ¼ cent under the low point of yesterday. Heavy export sales and a reported spurt in the flour sales at the Northwest, however, brought about a sharp rally in May to 72⅝ cents, which closed on a reaction at 72¼ cents bid, a net loss of only ⅛@¼ cent.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73½	71¾	72¾-72⅝	78¼
High	73⅞	72	72¾	78⅜
Low	72⅝	70⅝	71¼	77½
Close	73½B	71½-⅝	72¼B	77¾
July—				
Open	74⅝B	73⅜	73¾-73	78½-⅝
High	75	73½	73⅜	78⅝
Low	74	72⅝	72⅛	77⅞
Close	74⅝	73¼	72¾-⅞A	78A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	25@25⅛	42@42¾	$15.45
High	25⅝	43¼-⅜	15.45
Low	25	42	14.95
Close	25⅝A	43¼	15.20

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 4.—Close: Wheat—Spot, quiet, unchanged, 1d to ½d lower; No. 2 red, 6s; May, 5s 11⅝d; July, 5s 11⅜d. Corn, unchanged to ½d lower; May, 3s 10⅝d; July, 3s 10⅛d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 4.—Wheat, May, 77¾c; July, 78c. Corn, May, 48⅜c; July, 47⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 4.—Wheat, cash, 72¾c; May, 71½@⅝c; July, 73¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74¼c; No. 1 northern, 72⅛c; No. 2 northern, 68⅝@69⅝c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, May wheat, 71-¼c @70⅞-71c.
Calls, May wheat, 72-⅛c @ 71⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 71⅝c bid @71⅞c asked.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 5000; steady; good to prime steers, $5.90@$6.00; poor to medium, $3.90@$4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.65@$4.75; cows and heifers, $2.75@$4.606; canners, $2.00@$2.75; calves, $4.75@$6.20; Texas steers, $3.50@$5.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 21,000; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 2450; steady, closing stronger; mixed and butchers, $5.90@$6.17½;good to choice heavy, $6.05@$6.22½; rough heavy, $5.90@$6.00; light, $5.85@$6.12½; bulk of sales, $6.00@$6.15. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; steady; sheep, $4.60@$5.25; lambs, $4.75@$5.40. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 17,925; hogs, 23,409; sheep, 14,196. Shipments—Cattle, 3697; hogs, 3307; sheep, 1619.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 4.—While the wheat pit has not shown the volume of business done yesterday, there has been a very wide selling to fluctuation. May selling as low as 71¼c and as high as 72¾c, closing at 72¼c. The firm cables which came only ¼d lower caused quite a buying spurt on the part of local shorts early. There was an improved cash demand with a large business done. Local sales 300,000 bus, 8 loads at New York, but the weather reported are entirely favorable. The Price Current was bearish, declaring the crop conditions 12 to 15 per cent over a year ago. Primary receipts were 531,000 bus, against 543,000 bus a year ago. Stop loss orders and the absence of outside demand in conjunction with the very bearish sentiment prevailing has made the undertone of wheat a very weak one and without radical news favorable to the long side, the tendency of prices is inevitably downward.

The battle which is being waged in corn between the bull and the bears has resulted in a miniature victory for the former, and the May option has sold as high as 43 cents. The low prices being at the opening 42 cents, Phillips has cut considerable figure on the buying side and the May shorts have apparently liquidated going into July. Liverpool cables were unchanged. Receipts 285 cars with 190 estimated for tomorrow.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that an increasing activity in the trade of farm horses is plainly observed. Buyers from North Dakota, Wisconsin and local points were in good attendance and the buying was brisk and firm. Prices a little stronger with a possible advance over the quotations of past week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@175
Drafters, choice	125@140
Farm horses, extra	115@130
Farm horses choice	100@115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 75
Mules	100@150

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	22		
Creamery, storage tubs	18	@	19
Dairies, fancy	15	@	16
Dairy, fair	13	@	14
Packing stock	11	@	12
EGGS.			
Fresh	12	@	12½
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12½	@	13
Twins, full cream	12½	@	12
Full cream, Young America	14		
Swiss Cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup., per gal	1 10		
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	19	@	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	15	@	17
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand-picked, bus.	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	3 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz.	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb.	17		
Brazils, per lb.	14		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS			
Apples, eating	4 50	@	5 00
Apples, cooking, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Apples, California, per box.	1 50	@	1 75
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas	1 25	@	1 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@	7½
California navel oranges	2 50	@	2 75
Cranberries, per bbl	8 50	@	9 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	7 50	@	8 00
VEGETABLES.			
Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	40
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, per lb	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	43	@	45
Cauliflower, Cal., per crate	2 75	@	3 00
Radishes, per doz	65	@	75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	1 75	@	2 00
Wax beans	5 25	@	5 50
Celery, California	85	@	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
Lettuce, per bus	1 25	@	1 40
Onions, per bus	1 75	@	1 85
Carrots	70	@	75
Oyster plant, per doz	50	@	65
Horse radish, per lb	8		
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Jersey sweet potatoes	4 50	@	4 75
Illinois Jersey sweet potatoes	3 00	@	4 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@	3 75
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Chickens	11	@	12
Turkeys	10	@	10½
Ducks	10	@	11
Geese	10	@	11
MEATS.			
Mutton	7½		
Lamb	8½	@	9
Veal, good	9		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	5	@	6½
Hogs	8		
Pork loins	10½		
BRAN AND SHORTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc.	17 50		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc.	17 00		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc.	17 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc.	16 50		
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.			
Corn, car lots, sacked	42		
Oats, car lots, sacked	31		
Hay, upland	14 00		
Hay, timothy	16 00		
Feed, No. 1	17 00		
Feed, No. 2	17 50		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 4.—Butter, quiet; creameries, 15@20½c; dairies, 11@18c. Cheese, quiet, 11@12¼c. Eggs, active, dull; turkeys, 8½@11½c; chickens, 9@10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 4.—Butter receipts, 3267 packages; firm; creamery, fresh, 16@22c; factory, 11@14½c. Cheese receipts, 2290 packages; firm; fancy large colored and white, 11@½c; fancy small colored, 12¼@½c; fancy small white, 12@¼c. Eggs receipts, 14,750 packages; steady; Western, fresh, 13½; storage Western, 13¾@14c; Southern at mark, 12¾@13¼c. Sugar, raw, steady; fair refining, 3¼@3 17-32; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-16; molasses sugar, 3 9-32; refined, steady; crushed, 575; powdered, 535; granulated, 525. Coffee, dull and easy; No. 7 Rio, 6¾.

STORY DOUBTED.

Another Rumor of Attempted Assassination of Czar.

London, April 4.—A special dispatch from Vienna says a report is published there that an officer of the Guards entered the czar's study yesterday and fired at him with a revolver. His majesty was not hit, the dispatch adds, and the officer committed suicide.

The story is doubted, and is evidently a resuscitation of the report contained in a dispatch to the Morning Leader, of this city, from Kieff, April 1, which said that an officer of the czar's household had attempted to assassinate his majesty by firing at him, missed the czar and then shot himself before he could be arrested.

Holy Week Services.

At St. Paul's church Holy week services will be as follows:

April 4, Maundy-Thursday, 7:30 p. m., Holy communion, "The Last Supper."

April 5, Good Friday, 10:30 a. m., "The Crucifixion." 12-3:00 p. m., "Service of Commemoration." Meditation by the bishop and rector.

April 6, Easter even, 10:30 a. m. 3:00 p. m., baptism.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m., daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities, will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

EXCITED TRADING

Speculation In Stocks Began With a Rush and Roar.

Warm Contest Between the Bull and Bear Factions.

Wide Fluctuation of Prices During the Whole Session.

New York, April 4.—Speculation in stocks started off with a rush and a roar today. Buying in all departments showed a frantic eagerness and the result was some wild and bewildering fluctuations in prices. Extraordinary advances in yesterday's stock market seemed to have awakened the fever of speculation all through the country and the result was a heavy congestion of buying orders in commission brokerage offices this morning with which tho telegraph wires were burdened last night and before the opening this morning. Apparently there were many of these speculators who had placed no limit as to price 1 ntheir orders, but had instructed their agents to buy round amounts of various stocks "at the market." With their pockets full of these orders, the brokers were naturally in a highly nervous and excited condition when they gathered on the floor of the exchange shortly before the opening. There was a general atmosphere of "to do or to die," in the big board room, when the chairman's gavel fell, marking the beginning of the trading. There was a very full attendance, and everybody seemed to have something to do. The spectators in the gallery witnessed a scrimmage which proved to be highly entertaining. The scene was one of confusion confounded and even the most skillful floor operators found difficulty in following the course of events. Stocks changed hands at the same instant in the same group at widely ranging prices. One broker was eagerly selling Missouri Pacific at 105, while another was frantically bidding 106¾ for the stock and paying that price for it. In Northwestern the opening spread was as wide as 3 points, simultaneous sales being made at 190 and 193. Prices fluctuated in a very wild and feverish manner. The opening bulge carried Rock Island 4¾ over last night, St. Paul and Northwestern 2¾, Missouri Pacific 2⅝, Illinois Central 5¼, Colorado Fuel 6½, New York Central 2⅜, Pennsylvania 2¼ and People's Gas, Louisville, Sugar Tobacco and a number of less important stocks 2 points. The list of gains of 1 or 2 points was a long one.

With this buoyant rise on top of yesterday's surprising gains, the operators who had bought yesterday with seemingly recklessness, sold again with a similar indifference without exactitude in price, satisfied to skim the cream of their profits and get out. Prices yielded by violent intervals, while constant reinforcements of the buying demand caused sensational rebounds, the prices on the recovery in some cases exceeding the first high level, but on each advance the market staggered under the avalanche of stock which was hurled at it to realize profits.

The relapse during the first hour ran to 4⅜ in Burlington, 4¼ in Rock Island, 5 in Delaware & Hudson, 3½ each in Tobacco and Illinois Central, 3⅝ in Northwestern and 2½ in Missouri Pacific and 2 in a long list of stocks. But a few important stocks were carried under last night under the pressure of the tremendous liquidation. United States Steel stocks particularly ruled under last night, the preferred to the extent of a point, through the excitement. With the working off of the over-night accumulation of orders the fluctuations of prices became much less violent, although the trading continued very heavy and the price movement wide and confused. But the excitement died out considerably and an attitude of waiting for further developments prevailed.

Later in the day after the liquidation had somewhat spent its force, the speculative leaders endeavored to revive the enthusiasm by developing new points of strength. New York Central was lifted to 155¼ and Pennsylvania to 160. There were striking gains all through the list of trunk lines and Vanderbilts. Amalgamated Copper was also pushed up an extreme 4¾. The liquidation was renewed at other points in the list under cover of this strength, and there were some violent declines and sensational rebounds, the market becoming extremely feverish and irregular again. Rock Island was raided down to 148, 7¾ below the high point and other stocks fell to the lowest again. The excitement and wide fluctuation of prices continued during the rest of the session as a contest between the bull and bear factions.

New York, April 4.—There was eager buying all through the list at the opening, which carried prices buoyantly upwards from 1 to over 3 points in the most prominent stocks. London buying helped the advance especially in the trunk lines, St. Paul and Louisville, in which the advances ran from 2 to 2¼ on running sales at varying quotations. Rock Island sold a point below last night's close and on a parity with last night's figure on simultaneous sales and advanced above that later. People's Gas was carried up 1½ over last night. There were large blocks taken of Missouri Pacific at an extreme advance of 2⅝. Illinois Central was carried up 5¼ by rapid stages. There were gains of 1 to 1½ scattered all through the list of railroad stocks and the high-priced industrials and specialties. The only conspicuous exception to the upward tendency was United States Steel stocks, the preferred yielding 1¾ and the common rising only a fraction. The market continued very buoyant after the opening at further notable advances, but Northern Pacific broke sharply after a fractional advance.

The rapidity and violence of price movements during the first hour was bewildering. About every stock of prominence fluctuated wildly and relapses and recoveries of a point or more were frequent. Heavy realizing caused a setback in the stocks which had the most substantial gains at the opening. Meantime the industrials and some of the steel stocks and minor railroads, were rising vigorously. Colorado Fuel gaining 4½ and Sugar, Tobacco, Iowa Central, preferred, Baltimore & Ohio and Kansas & Texas 1¼ to 2¼. Rock Island then jumped to 155¾ which caused the other grangers to harden again. Before 11 o'clock, the market was breaking wildly in spots. The declines from the best were Rock Island 4¼, Burlington 4⅜, Delaware & Hudson 5, Tobacco 3½ and a long list of others about 2 points. There were some violent rebounds again at the end of the hour.

Trading became more heavy in volume and price more stable. Prices worked upwards throughout, Burlington rallying 3⅜ to 186⅛. Delaware & Hudson 4½, and the active list generally from 1 to 2 points. The local traction stocks became buoyant under the leadership of Metropolitan, which rose 3⅜. Stocks of the investment class continued to be absorbed at notable advances over preceding sales. American Coal sold 12½ above the last sale, St. Paul & Omaha, preferred, 3¾, New Haven 2¼ and St. Paul, preferred, 2 points. Colorado Fuel was up 8. Outside of the tractions the active list failed to recover to the best prices. The market yielded before noon except for an advance of 2⅞ in Amalgamated Copper. Bonds were irregular.

The fluctuations of prices became violent and erratic again during the final hour. The reaction extended to 3 points in some of the trunk lines and grangers. Amalgamated Copper continued to advance an extreme 8⅝. The closing was excited and extremely irregular.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	141⅞	143¼	141¼	141¼
Am. Tobacco	128	129¼	126	127½
Atchison, com.	63⅞	64½	63½	63¾
Atchison, pfd.	97	97	96	96
Brook. Rap. Tran.	83⅞	84⅝	82⅝	82¾
C., M. & St. P.	158½	158½	155½	155¾
C., B. & Q.	187	187½	182¾	185¾
Erie	38⅞	39	38⅛	38½
U. S. Steel, com.	48½	48⅞	48	48⅛
U. S. Steel, pfd.	95⅞	96	95½	95⅞
B. & O.	93	95½	92½	94
L. & N.	105½	106¼	105	105¼
Manhattan	130⅜	130⅜	128½	129½
Mo. Pacific	106⅜	106⅝	103¾	104
Nor. Pacific, com.	97	97¾	96½	97⅜
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	95½	95½	94¼	94½
People's Gas	112½	113	111⅛	111¼
Rock Island	151	155¾	148	150¼
So. Pacific	46¾	46⅞	46	46⅛
Tenn. C. & I.	64½	65	62½	64
U. S. Leather, com.	13⅜	13⅝	13	13¼
Union Pacific, pfd.	86	86⅛	85⅜	85⅞
Union Pacific, com.	94¼	94½	92¾	93⅜
Western Union	94	94½	93	93
So. Railway, com.	28⅜	28½	28	28¼
So. Railway, pfd.	79⅞	79⅞	79	79
Great Northern	203½	203½	203	203
Pennsylvania	158	160	157	158½

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 4.—Clearings, $26,871,838; balances, $3,377,489. Posted exchange, $4.85½@$4.89; New York exchange, 35c discount.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 4.—Cotton opened steady, 2 points higher to 2 points lower. A selling movement set in and the market soon became very weak, with a general decline of 5 to 9 points, May, which yesterday showed leading firmness, today showing leading weakness under active realizing, which caused a decline from 825 at which the market opened to 814, while July sold down from 812 to 804, and October from 745 to 737. Shorts were about the only support of the market, with the selling movement accelerated by heavy receipts and continued unsatisfactory cotton trade conditions at home and abroad. Cotton spot closed quiet, ⅛c lower. Middling uplands, 8 7-16c; middling gulf, 8 11-16c; sales, 150 bales. Cotton futures closed steady at the decline April, 8.01 May, 8.06; June, 7.96; July, 7.98; August, 7.43; October, 7.33; November, 7.28; December, 7.27; January, 7.27.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel: Adventure, 15½; Allouez, 3; Anaconda, 47; Arcadian, 22; Arnold, 3¾; Atlantic, 30; Baltic, 44¾; Bingham, 24¼; Butte and Boston, 100; Calumet and Hecla, 815; Centennial, 26; Copper Range, 53; Cochita, 7¼; Dominion Coal, 37; Elm River, 5¾; Franklin, 19; Humboldt, 25; Mass, 17¼; Michigan, 7; Mohawk, 30⅞; Mayflower, 2½; Old Colony, 4¼; Osceola, 83; Parrot, 53¾; Quincy, 175; Rhode Island, 5½; Santa Fe, 7¾; Tamarack, 330.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 4.—Money on call nominally at 2½@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88@4.88⅛ for demand and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@4.84½. Silver certificates, 58½@60c; bar silver, 58½c; Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds firm. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.06¼; 3s registered, $1.10¾; coupon, $1.11½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.38½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.13¼; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, April, 4.—Consols for money 95 9-16; for the account, 95 13-16.

INVITED TO LEAVE.

Tower People Get After a Young Man.

E. Morcom, of Tower, arrived in the city today to attend the meeting of the county commissioners tomorrow. Capt. Morcom says that the young man that gave out for publication in this city some months ago such a vivid pipe dream of his escape from being quarantined in a hotel in Tower was driven out of town a few days ago, when he made his reappearance there. The dream was so vivid that it did not meet with the approval of the people of Tower, many of whom, in visiting here, declared that the young man's story was made out of whole cloth. An inquiry was made that disclosed the name of the young man, and care was taken that this should be generally known at Tower.

When he revisited the place one of the Tower citizens, quickly recognizing the name, called the young man to one side and told him that his talk had made him particularly obnoxious to the people there, and that the best thing he could do would be to get out of town just as fast as he was able. The young man demurred, when his adviser mentioned the fact that on a previous occasion a man made himself disliked by the citizens of Tower and was shown a rope. That was enough for the young man, and he even consented to accept an escort until at a respectable distance outside the corporate limits of Tower.

MINE ON FIRE.

Flames Discovered In the Tilden Mine at Bessemer.

Bessemer, Mich., April 4.—No 7 shaft of the Tilden mine is afire. One hundred and fifty men are under ground, but as the shaft is connected with No. 6 shaft, there is no danger of loss of life.

CHARTER BILL PASSED.

Albany, N. Y., April 4.—The bill amending the charter of the city of New York, was completed by a conference committee, passed both houses of the legislature today.

FINANCIAL.

THE

American Exchange BANK,

DULUTH, MINN.

Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000

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MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
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We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits or any amount for a period of three months or longer.

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Valuables!

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Our vaults are in the Savings Department of the First National Bank. Prices, $5, $10 and $25 per year—according to size.

National Safe Deposit Co.

WALKING IN SIGHT

Woodland Street Cars May Be Stopped Any Day.

Temporary Agreement Made Last Fall Has Expired.

General Manager Warren Has Orders to Stop Service.

The residents of the charming suburbs of Woodland and Hunter's park, now that the winter season is over, are again face to face with a probability that they will have to walk to and from the city.

Herbert Warren, general manager of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, says that he is under orders to shut off the service on the Woodland line at any time if something is not done. That something is considered by many to be the presentation of the line to the Traction company by the Woodland company, its present owners. It is the same trouble that was up last summer, and that was temporarily disposed of in the fall, so that the fatal day went over until this spring.

The expiration of the extension came April 1, but so far the service has not been shut off, as threatened last year. Mr. Warren states, however, that the shut-down is due almost any day, and that it will surely come if that "something" is not done. The claims of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, which is furnishing the service, are that that line is in bad shape, that it needs extensive repairs, and that in its present condition it is dangerous to the life and limb of the passenger who entrusts himself to the dangers of a trip out on the Woodland line. It says that these repairs must be made, and that as it does not own the line it certainly cannot afford to make them just for the fun of the thing.

The inference from this is, as many have understood it, that the Woodland company should turn the line over to the large company, when the necessary repairs will be made and the line run freely and regularly forever. But the Woodland company says that it is not in a position to either turn over the line or make the extensive repairs the Duluth-Superior company believes to be necessary.

That is the situation at present, and in the meantime the Woodlanders are wondering how long they will have to walk if it comes to that, and what the outcome of it all is going to be anyway. At any rate, they are glad that the shutdown did not come in the middle of the winter, but was postponed until the present time, when the mornings are pleasant and the walk in will be very delightful—for a time.

IS NOT QUARANTINED.

William Sauntry Was at Carlton Yesterday.

There appears to be something radically wrong in the Associated Press dispatch from Hudson, Wis., received yesterday, stating that William Sauntry, the millionaire lumberman, of Stillwater, Minn., was quarantined at that point with 400 men that he was taking out of his camps near Gordon. The dispatch said that the entire force was stopped at Hudson by Superintendent Winter, of the Omaha road. F. E. Otis, commercial agent of the Milwaukee road in this city, was at Carlton yesterday afternoon and not only saw, but visited with Mr. Sauntry, going with the latter to the train which he took for the Twin Cities. There is little doubt but that a large number of the woodsmen are quarantined, but Mr. Sauntry's friends say that the person giving out the information has another guess coming so far as Mr. Sauntry is concerned.

Talk of Chicago Election.

J. C. Dietz, of Chicago, who represents the Traders' Insurance company, is in the city for a few days looking up the matter of grain insurance for the coming season. Mr. Dietz says that he left Chicago just before the election and that it is the first time that he has missed his vote in municipal elections. He says that Mayor Harrison's re-election is no more than he expected and that the Republicans themselves are to blame for it; that if they had held together Harrison could easily have been defeated. Mr. Dietz says that the Republicans of Chicago are becoming independent voters more and more every year, and that it will not be many years before party organization in Chicago will be a thing of the past.

DENIES IT.

A Diamond Match Company Rumor Is Discredited.

The report has grown current that the Diamond Match company has an option on all of the holdings of the Mitchell & McClure Lumber company in this section, including its timber and its mill property in Duluth.

Manager William S. Conklin, of the Mitchell & McClure company, this morning said there is absolutely nothing in the rumor. He said that it probably grew out of the fact that Mitchell & McClure, in common with several other interests in this city, have a little timber in Cook county that is under option to the Diamond Match company. This is the option that was referred to in The Herald a few days ago, but he has no reason to believe that it ever will have an option on the Mitchell & McClure company's interests. The company's mill at West Duluth is being refitted for the season's work, which will begin just as soon as the ice goes out, and the cut this year is expected to be a heavy one.

RANDOLPH RETURNS.

Gives Bail and Goes Back to Koochiching.

William Randolph, who shot and killed "One-armed" Sullivan on the border some time ago, returned last night from Grand Rapids, where he went, accompanied by Daniel Waite, his attorney, to arrange for bail. He left today for Koochiching. Bail was furnished there, and Mr. Randolph is now at liberty, but under bonds to appear to answer to an indictment if one is found. The preliminary hearing took place at Koochiching a couple of months ago, and while the justice has made no findings as yet, it is probable that he will bind Randolph over to the grand jury. It is reported that the sentiment at Grand Rapids is against any further action, and it is considered doubtful if an indictment would be found. A trial would be of considerable expense, the mileage being 640 miles between Koochiching and Grand Rapids.

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Best Dining Car Service.

LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

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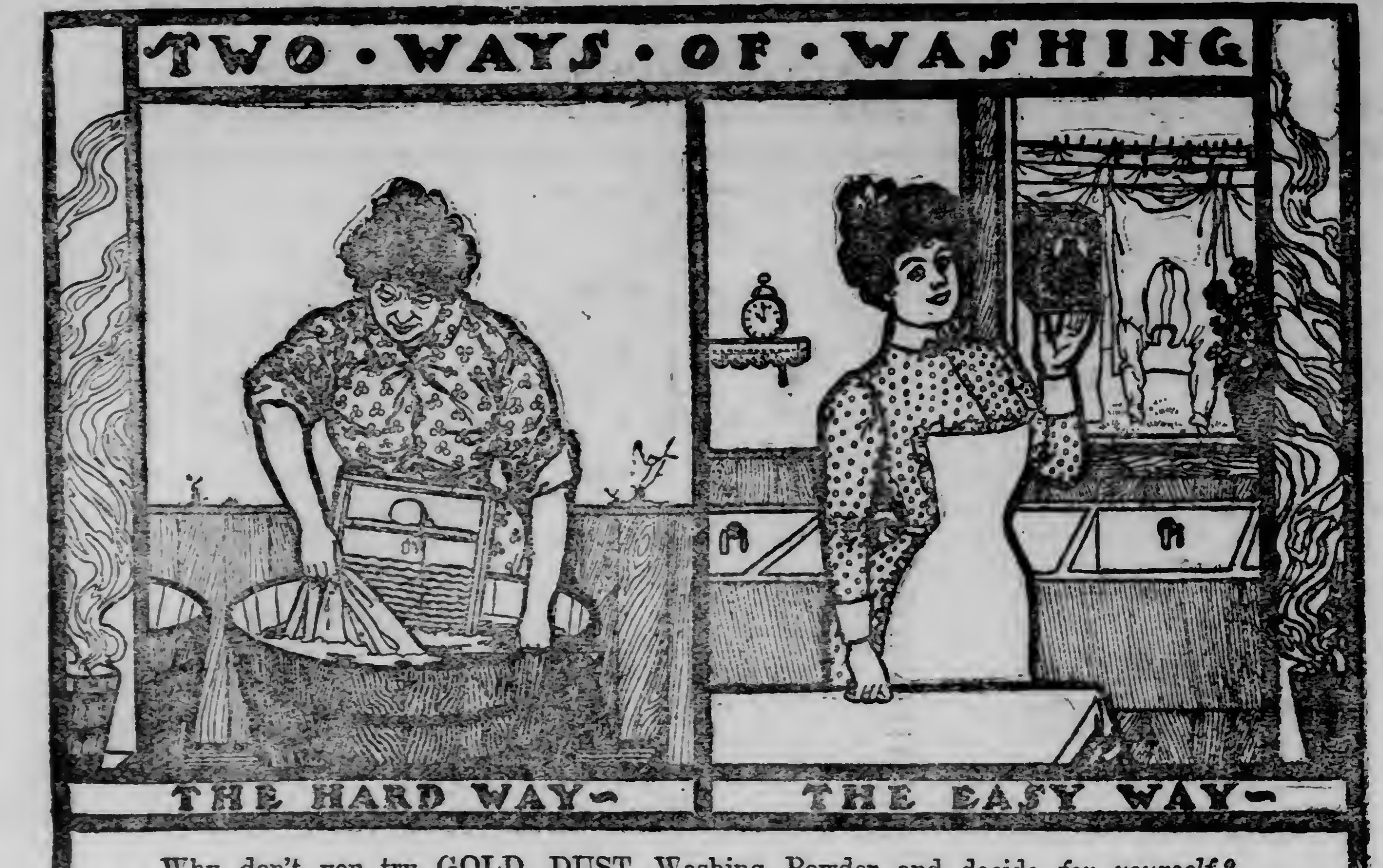
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GIBRALTAR MENACED

French Aggressions In Morocco May Have Serious Effect.

"Rock" of Gibralter May No Longer Be Impregnable.

Some Favor Giving the Fortress Back to Spain.

London, April 4.—Great Britain is discovering with a vengeance that troubles never come singlehanded. Menaced in China and South Africa, it now seems that her great stronghold, Gibraltar, may soon be rendered practically useless to her by the encroachments of France in North Africa.

Gibraltar has hitherto been always considered the one impregnable point in the Mediterranean and the key to British control of that most important sea. While France has worked hard and silently in Morocco for years past, Great Britain has been simply a cipher there. The only voice that has been raised in opposition to her aggressions has been that of Germany, but ror whom, there is little doubt, Morocco now would be practically under French control.

France, with her ownership of Algiers, practically controls the situation there today from a military point of view. Fez, the ancient capital, to which the Sultan is now alleged to be flying from Tangier, could be reached by French troops very quickly by a sharp advance from the north.

France is following the policy of Russia in Asia and building railroads as fast as circumstances permit. By this plan she will, if unable to seize Morocco, practically be able to starve its inhabitants out by concentrating the trade of Western North Africa in Algeria. In this way, for the safety of her own subjects, she would naturally ultimately be compelled to establish a protectorate over Morocco.

Morocco is in perhaps a worse condition than any other country internally, owing to misgovernment. Justice, progress and education are unknown quantities, even security for life and property being unassured. Anarchy and revolution may any day furnish France with the opportunity which she desires.

Of course France, under those circumstances, would be excusable for any aggressive action which she might take, as she has hitherto been in the past. She would say: "Look what I have done in the hinterland! Have I not made it possible for the wheels of civilization to progress into the Sahara?"

Since the beginning of last year vast territory claimed by the sultan, and credited to him on the old map, have been seized by France.

At that time the oasis of Twat, acknowledged to be outside the sphere of British influence, was place vi et armis under French control.

Gurara and Tidikelt in the same way have been brought into the scope of French control. The Moorish frontier line has been pushed back nearly 100 miles to Igli. While Igli of itself is of no value, it is most important as a base of supplies to be used in an advance on the oases of Tafilet. The district, which is chiefly noted as containing the confluence of two or three streams, forming the Wad Saura river, is very thinly populated. But Morocco has been particularly decided in her protests to the powers concerning the aggressions of France in this direction.

Since last spring the French railway connecting Tlemcen and Oran in Algeria with Aiu Sefra, the nearest station to Moroccan territory, has been pushed forward in the direction of the Moorish town of Figig. The railway works are guarded strongly by French troops under the allegation that several of the fierce tribes in the neighborhood were disaffected.

Italy, which has made the strongest protest against the advance of France in this direction, has received little satisfaction, and although her interests would be more virtually affected by French control of Morocco than those of any other country except England, she may not be disposed to raise any further objections after her alleged change of heart towards France.

Italy, to whom the balance of power in the Mediterranean may be said to mean life or death, has made a suggestion to the powers to settle the Morocco question by means of neutralization. By this plan the authority of the sultan would have been secured. He could then have granted to his subjects a proper constitution. It would have been possible to establish mixed tribunals. Taxation could have been regulated, the criminal code revised and Morocco, one of the earth's paradises, could have been made habitable for decent people.

With the effectual establishment of French control in Morocco, Gibraltar would be unquestionably menaced. France would possess armaments along the Moorish Mediterranean by the Atlantic corner from Tangier to Tetuan, the balance of power in the Mediterranean would be completely upset, and the passage of British ships through the straits of Gibraltar menaced.

England, after many years' consideration of the question, is now constructing a new harbor, on the bay side of Gibraltar, at a cost of $20,000,000. Military experts declare that the new harbor will be a source of menace to the great fort, as it would be vulnerable to Spanish fire on one side and French attack from Tangier and Ceuta on the other.

A parliamentary inquiry is to be made into the desirability of continuing the work of construction.

The Gibraltar question used to be a perennial one almost in England.

While some maintained that the rock was indispensable to the integrity of the empire and are still most emphatic on that point, strong arguments have been advanced by others in favor of the retrocession of the fortress to Spain.

In the treaty of Utrecht the tenth article, which covers the ceding of Gibraltar to England, stipulates that "whenever the crown of Great Britain shall think fit to grant, sell or by any means to alienate Gibraltar, the preference of having the same shall always be given to the crown of Spain before any others."

With the retrocession of Gibraltar Britain might consider the evacuation of Malta, Cyprus, Egypt and India a foregone conclusion. In any case Gibraltar will not be evacuated, for doctrines of the Manchester school, which once favored such a course in Britain, are daily being looked upon more and more as fallacies.

So far as the menace of her fleets is concerned, should the present harbor be completed it would be easy for her to establish batteries in the neutral ground commanding it, if any attempt be made by Spain to menace it.

There is no doubt that Great Britain, when the time comes, will demand of France that her status in Egypt be permanently sustained in return for French accessions in Morocco.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Capt. Duncan, manager of the Syndicate's cup defender, now being built at Bristol, R. I., announces that the name of the boat when she sailed would be "The Constitution."

Mrs. Maria Todd, widow of Ohio's famous war governor, died Wednesday evening, aged 88 years.

Gen. MacArthur cables that the number of sick in the Philippines are 2838 in hospital, and 998 in quarters, the percentage being 6.89.

Victor Schultz, a mail carrier, of Marion, Ind., aged 35, shot and instantly killed his wife and fatally wounded W. A. Eikenberry, a boarder in the family, who attempted to interfere. He then cut his throat from ear to ear with a razor. Schultz and Eikenberry will die. No motive is known.

Mrs. Fred H. Alms, of Cincinnati, announced that she desired to honor the memory of her husband by erecting on the grounds of the university of Cincinnati, at a cost not to exceed $100,000, a large music hall.

George W. Thatcher, charged with forging notes to the amount of $300,000 on the late P. P. Mast, was arraigned in police court at Springfield, Wednesday morning. Examination was waived and Thatcher was bound over in $10,000 to answer to the grand jury.

Vincenzo Pollodori, publisher and editor of the Italian newspapers El Progresso and Christofero Colombo, of New York, died Wednesday at his home in Stapleton, Staten Island, aged 58 years.

Hugh Hornwell, a farmer of Kellerville, dropped dead after casting his ballot Tuesday evening. He had been drinking lemon extract.

The Chicago, Dubuque & Pacific Railroad company filed articles of incorporation Wednesday. The proposed line is from Dubuque southwesterly to the Pacific coast. Incorporators are all Iowa men.

CABLE FLASHES.

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the London Morning Post asserts that the Boers have tried for treason and executed Mr. DeKock, the peace envoy, who took the message from Gen. Smith-Dorrien to Commandant Gen. Louis Botha, Feb. 12.

"The withdrawal of the Russian squadron at Toulon," says Le Parole, "is a brutal disavowment of our government by an allied nation and a condemnation of our policy toward Italy. Moreover it is a threat and a warning from the czar."

The authorities of Leicester began the prosecution of sixty thousand defaulters under the vaccination act. Six test cases had been started, but all had been withdrawn for various causes. Leicestershire is a hotbed of anti-vaccinationists.

The elections to the Folkenthing have resulted in a sweeping victory for the opposition and an overwhelming defeat for the government.

The war office at Berlin has received advices from Count Von Waldersee reporting the defeat March 31, of a thousand Chinese robbers by a company of Germans seven miles north of Tien Tsin. He adds that the robbers are being pursued and also that a detachment of infantry, at the request of the Chinese authorities, has been sent from Tien Tsin to Hwang Sun and Liu Ting Kan to protect the inhabitants from robbers.

The Japanese press continues very bellicose," says the Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday. "Count Okuma (formerly premier and now leader of the opposition) declares in the course of an incisive article that Japan must assert herself or the work of thirty years will be lost. Corea, he says, is not a Russian chattel, and that Russia's action is a direct challenge to Japan."

Several plague corpses have been found in the streets and houses at Cape Town, indicating efforts to conceal contact with the disease. The total number of deaths from the plague is 107, including 22 Europeans. There have been 315 cases of the plague.

It is reported at Canton that the viceroy has received a telegram from the court to the effect that a peaceable settlement of affairs is impossible. The viceroy is described as much disturbed by this communication.

DULUTH CONTRACTOR WINS

Will Build Addition to Hotel at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—A contract for a $10,000 addition to the Markham hotel has been let to Tom Johnson, of Duluth. This addition will make the Markham in dimensions 140 by 80 feet, with a kitchen 20 by 60 feet. It is to have 150 rooms, eight bathrooms and office, 60 by 24 feet. The building will be three stories high and first-class in all attainments. It is to be completed by July 1.

Dyer Davis, who was arrested last week on a charge of burglary, was sent to the Crookston jail by Justice Reynolds. Davis will be held until the grand jury meets in September. He says half of his life has been spent in jail.

John Dacy, a lumberjack, died instantly at this place yesterday of what some suppose alcoholism. He is 41 years of age and is said to have a family at Sacred Heart, Minn.

The Norwegian inhabitants of Bemidji will hold a grand celebration on May 17, in commemoration of the day the first constitution of Norway was signed. They intend to have Senator Nelson deliver the oration.

CHICAGO TO HAMBURG.

New Trans-Atlantic Line Opens Soon.

Chicago, April 4.—The new Chicago trans-Atlantic steamship Northwestern will sail on its first trip from Chicago to Hamburg, Germany, on April 24. A cargo of agricultural implements and miscellaneous freight will be carried on the first trip. It is expected that the entire voyage down the lakes, through the St. Lawrence and across the Atlantic will take only twenty-two days. The boat and its sister ship will make regular trips to Hamburg after April 22.

It has been fully demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and cold in the head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use. A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment. Sold by druggists or it will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief is immediate.

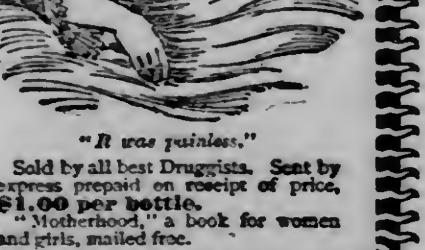
The Ordeal is Trying

Childbearing is a perfectly natural function, but it is robbed of its terrors where the virtue of *"Mother's Friend"* is known. This unique liniment, applied externally, relaxes all the muscles, so that

The Ordeal is Easy

WILL BOLT, of Lynnsville, Iowa, writes: "'Mother's Friend' has relieved my wife of all cramps, which makes it worth the money."

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



"It was painless."

Sold by all best Druggists. Sent by express prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. "Motherhood," a book for women and girls, mailed free.

FOR FRUIT GROWERS

Bulletin of Interest By Department of Agriculture.

An Inquiry Into Paris Green as an Insecticide.

Bogus, Adulterated and Low Grade Paris Green Found.

From The Herald Washington Bureau

Washington, April 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—A bulletin of interest to farmers and fruit growers regarding experiment station work has just been issued by the department of agriculture.

Discussing the subject of insecticides, the bulletin states that it has been observed by entomologists and fruit growers that the results obtained by the use of Paris green varied to a considerable extent. The California station has recently made some investigations of Paris green as an insecticide, as well as of the damage to foliage often noted as a result of its use.

As a result of those studies, three classes of unsatisfactory Paris green are recognized; bogus, adulterated and low grade. By bogus Paris green is meant out-and-out imitations of the substance in which the color is due to other substances than copper, and in which there is little trace of either copper or arsenic, which are the essential constituents of pure Paris green. It is not believed that much Paris green of this nature is upon the market. By adulterated Paris green is meant that to which some other cheaper and usually non-poisonous substance has been added for the purpose of increasing the weight; for example, gypsum and flour. By a low grade Paris green is meant a Paris green which contains a low percentage of arsenic. To raise the percentage of arsenic in such grades of Paris green it is customary to add free arsenous acid ("white arsenic"). Such a mixture, however, is very harmful for spraying purposes, because arsenious acid is soluble to a considerable extent in water, and for this reason is likely to injure the foliage. This injury cannot always be prevented by the addition of lime, which has been generally recommended for this purpose.

In several states laws have been passed which establish a standard for Paris green. These laws, however, simply require that Paris green shall contain a fixed amount of arsenic (50 per cent) without specifying its form. It is evident from the above facts that to be of the greatest benefit to fruit growers the inspection should take into consideration the form of the arsenic in the Paris green. One of the chief advantages of pure Paris green as an insecticide is its slight solubility in water and the consequent possibility of using it in considerable quantities without injuring the foliage of plants. When, however, deficiency in arsenic content is made with a soluble form of arsenic, the value of the substance as an insecticide is greatly reduced.

There is considerable difference of opinion as to the extent of such adulteration. Of twenty-four samples of Paris green examined during 1899 by the New York station, in compliance with the state law providing for inspection of this article, only one or two showed evidence of admixture of white arsenic. This station states that "the color of Paris green is changed to such an extent by addition of white arsenic, or other similar materials, that one can usually detect an adulterated article by its appearance. Paris green, of good quality, is intensely bright green and uniform. Then adulterated, the green loses something of its intensity, and is grayish green and is not always uniform."

The bulletin further states that during the past few years the San Jose scale has caused so much alarm among the fruit growers of this and other countries that entomologists have devoted a large amount of attention to the development of effective methods of controlling it. The unusually energetic efforts which have been put forth in this direction have resulted in the production of methods which are useful against a number of other insects, as well as against the San Jose scale. Besides, the method of fumigation with hydrocyanic-acid gas, various washes and spraying solutions have been applied with more or less success against scale insects. Kerosene oil, diluted and undiluted, has been experimented with in a number of states, and recently crude petroleum has attracted attention as a remedy against the San Jose scale. A rather extensive series of experiments with this substance was recently conducted by Professor J. B. Smith, at the New Jersey station, the results of which were such that a number of fruit growers were asked to make experiments on their own orchards in order to determine whether the crude oil could be safely used as a spray or wash by the average horticulturist.

The trees treated with the crude oil included all the ordinary fruit trees, except the cherry, and numbered about 4000. The crude oil was applied as a wash and as a spray. In the form of a spray it was used undiluted and also diluted with water in various proportions. These treatments were at first made during the winter, but later the oils were tried as a summer spray. Considerable injury resulted, however, from its use upon the foliage of fruit trees during the growing season. The station, therefore, concludes that "crude petroleum is not suited for a summer application, either pure or diluted," but that for use in winter "it is fully as effective against scale insects as kerosene, and is harmless to the most tender varieties and on the youngest trees. * * * As the oil remains on the surface for a long time, it makes no difference whether it is put on undiluted or mixed with water." When the crude oil is applied in an undiluted form, the station recommends that an apparatus, which makes a fine spray, be used for its application. When this is not practicable, it is suggested by Professor Smith that equally good results may be obtained by using an apparatus which thoroughly mixes the oil and water as it is applied, the oil being diluted with 60 to 75 per cent of water.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ACT QUICKLY.

Delay Has Been Dangerous In Duluth

DO THE RIGHT THING AT THE RIGHT TIME. ACT QUICKLY IN TIMES OF DANGER. BACKACHE IS KIDNEY DANGER. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS ACT QUICKLY—CURE ALL DISTRESSING, DANGEROUS KIDNEY ILLS. PLENTY OF EVIDENCE TO PROVE THIS:

Mr. R. Stevens, of 1010 West Third street, carpenter, says: "Years ago I hurt my back and ever after I had trouble with my kidneys, such as severe aching pains through the small of my back. I could not rest comfortably at night, and often was so lame and sore I could hardly get out of bed in the morning. It was painful for me to stoop or lift anything heavy. I used plaster after plaster, besides a host of different remedies, but none of them did me any permanent good. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and procured them from W. A. Abbett's Drug store and began taking them. I was soon convinced that they were doing me good and continued their use. The kidney secretions which before were highly colored, distressing and annoying, soon became regular and normal and the aches and pains left me."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

STABBED.

Dr. Johnson Killed By Patient In Insane Hospital.

Sunbury, Pa., April 4.—Dr. John Johnson, of the state hospital for the insane, was stabbed to death last night by an insane patient, named Capello, who became unmanageable during the afternoon. The other patients became alarmed and their cries could be heard some distance away. An attendant finally subdued the Italian and as Dr. Johnson was stooping over him taking his temperature he plunged his knife into the doctor three times. Thinking he was not seriously hurt, Dr. Johnson started for the doctor's room but before he had proceeded far fell to the floor dead.

CANNOT SIGN.

China Formally Notifies Russia Concerning Manchurian Treaty.

Pekin, April 4.—The Chinese government has formally notified Russia that China owing to the attitude of the powers, is not able to sign the Manchurian convention.

"It is China's desire," says the formal notification, "to keep on friendly terms with all nations. At the present she is going through a period which is the most perilous in the empire's history and it is necessary that she should have the friendship of all.

"However much she might be willing to grant any special privilege to one power, when others object, it is impossible that, for the sake of making one nation friendly, she should alienate the sympathies of all others."

Li Hung Chang says this letter settles the matter definitely and that Russia was informally notified to the same effect March 29.

Phince Ching asserts that every Chinaman except Li Hung Chang was against signing the convention.

AFTER CUES.

London Politicians Closely Watching For Changes In Ministry.

New York, April 4.—The king's special audiences are watched eagerly by politicians in search of cues to public affairs, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. A. J. Balfour has been called by Mr. Chamberlain to Windsor, and the two visits support the current belief among the best informed people in politics that Lord Salisbury's retirement is impending, and that the king is quietly arranging conditions for the reorganization of the ministry, with the first lord of the treasury in the upper house and the secretary for the colonies as leader in the house of commons. Bulletins from Arlington are favorable, and Lord Salisbury's friends assert that the family interest, now strong in the cabinet, will keep him in office until the coronation. The day for Lord Salisbury's departure for the Riviera is not yet set.

Before and after trying other remedies use Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 'Twill keep you well all summer. A great spring blessing. Ask your druggist.

AGAINST COMPETITION.

English Concerns to Combine Their Forces.

New York, April 4.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: It is officially announced that the Thames Iron Works Shipbuilding and Engineering company, Messrs. Siemens, Messrs. Mather and Platt and the Brush Electrical Engineering company are to close their ranks and to combine their forces in order to make a fight for British industry as against American competition. One immediate conseuence of the formation of this British trust is that designs have already been prepared for electrical equipment of two underground railroad lines of London and the construction of another one.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

SCHLITZ

All over the world Schlitz beer is known and is the standard. In Vladivostock, Pretoria, Shanghai, Singapore, Bombay, Cairo and Constantinople it is the beer of civilization.

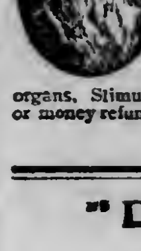
Schlitz beer has won the world's markets by its reputation for purity, maintained for half a century. Wherever white men live Schlitz beer is acknowledged the pure beer. Our pledge to you and our pledge to all nations is that never will a bottle of Schlitz beer go out until we have insured its purity; never a bottle insufficiently aged.

Schlitz beer, wherever you find it, is healthful; it is

WORLD-FAMOUS

and has made Milwaukee famous

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

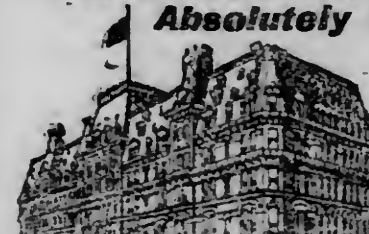
SAPOLIO

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

Hotel Victoria

Broadway, 5th Ave. and 27th Street, New York.

Absolutely Fireproof



GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Propr.

In the center of the shopping and theatre district. First-class in all its appointments. Entirely new throughout.

European Plan

Rooms single or en suite, with or without bath, hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

John H. Langton, formerly of The Spalding Hotel is on The Victoria staff.

THERE IS CLAIMED TO BE DUE and there is due at the date hereof sixteen hundred fifty dollars principal and interest upon a mortgage made and delivered by Elizabeth George and William E. George, her husband, mortgagors, to Lawrence Newport, mortgagee, dated June 1st, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 15th, 1896, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages on page 574, mortgaging and conveying the following described land situate in said county, to-wit: Lots number thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), in block number nine (9), in Lester Park, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof. No astion having been commenced to recover said debt. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein and above described with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the twentieth day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated March 1st, 1901.

LAWRENCE NEWPORT,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of nine hundred ten dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is due at this date upon a certain mortgage made by Chris Brown and Charles H. Davidson to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, bearing date September 27th, 1889, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October 15th, 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Book 12 of mortgages, on page 185.

And whereas, Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have assigned all their interest in said mortgage to the said Frederick S. Easton, and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number six (6), in block number six (6), in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 20th day of April, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of seven hundred fifty-six dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at this date upon a mortgage made by M. Ella Hizar, mortgagor to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, mortgagees, dated June 7th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 24th, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 42 of mortgages, on page 485.

And whereas, Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have duly assigned their interest in said debt and mortgage to said Frederick S. Easton and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt.

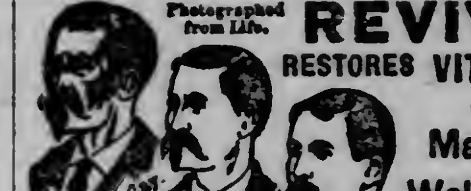
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number two (2), in block number nineteen (19), in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house thereof, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 20th, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.


Photographed from Life.
1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of seven hundred ninety-three dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at this date upon a mortgage, made by M. Ella Hizar, mortgagor, to Frank A. Day, Charles E. Dickerman and Frederick S. Easton, mortgagees, dated June 7th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 24th, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in book 42 of mortgages, on page 487; and whereas, said Charles E. Dickerman and Frank A. Day have duly assigned all their interest in said debt and mortgage to the said Frederick S. Easton, and no action has been commenced to recover any part of said debt; now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to statute the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: Lot number five (5) in block number nineteen (19), in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, April 20th, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 7th, 1901.

FREDERICK S. EASTON,
Mortgagee and Assignee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald—March-7-14-21-28—April—4-11-1901.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage executed and delivered by Frank D. Steger and Ida E. Steger, husband and wife, mortgagors to Security Trust Company, mortgagee, dated the sixteenth (16th) day of March, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the eighth (8th) day of April, A. D. eighteen hundred ninety-five (1895), at nine (9) o'clock in the forenoon, in book 121 of mortgages, at page 256, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of twenty-three hundred ninety-three and 87-100 dollars ($2393.87), for principal and interest, and for taxes and assessments on the mortgaged premises paid by the mortgagee, and interest on the same:

Now, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, on the sixteenth (16th) day of April, A. D. nineteen hundred one (1901), at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest theron, and costs and expenses of sale, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are all that certain real estate and premises lying and being in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit:

Lots seven (7), eight (8) and (9), block twenty-seven (27); eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), block thirty-five (35); three (3) and four (4), block forty-two (42); twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), block forty-two (42); twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25), block forty-six (46); seven (7), block fifty (50); one (1), two (2), block fifty-one (51); twenty-eight (28), block fifty-one (51); five (5) and eight (8), block fifty-four (54); six (6), seven (7), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), block fifty-five (55); nine (9) and ten (10), block fifty-eight (58); six (6), block fifty-nine (59); ten (10), block sixty (60); twenty-two (22), block sixty-two (62); twenty (20), block sixty-three (63); fourteen (14), block sixty-six (66); one (1), two (2), three (3), block seventy (70); thirteen (13), block seventy-one (71); nine (9) and ten (10), block seventy-two (72); sixteen (16), block seventy-seven (77); all in Harrison's Brookdale Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in office of register of deeds in and for said county.

Dated February 15th, 1901.

SECURITY TRUST COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

DURMENT & MOORE,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
616-619 Germania Life Building,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-28-March-7-14-21-28-April-4-11-1901.

The Saturday Herald IS THE SUNDAY PAPER IN THE IRON RANGE TOWNS...... REMEMBER THIS IN PLANNING YOUR ADVERTISING.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent

Modern four and five room flats in **Bellevue Terrace**, cor. of seventh Avenue West and First Street. To be ready for occupancy May 1st.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

AT WEST DULUTH

Anson Van Campen, who last season was employed as fireman at the Lesure sawmill, has returned from Holly, Mich., where he has been for the winter. Mr. Van Campen is very indignant over the report that was sent the newspapers alleging his death at Holly, about two months ago, and is on the still hunt for the party that instigated the item, for he says that the publication of the notice has caused him a great deal of trouble in family matters. Shortly after the item appeared in the paper one of Mr. Van Campen's friends denied the report, and the matter was corrected, but not until the damage had been done, so Mr. Van Campen says. He is back now to meet the person that caused the trouble and have him prove that he, Van Campen, is really dead, if he can. He says that the publication of the false death notice caused a firm, with whom he expected to hire out, to employ another man, and on the strength of it his household effects, held at West Duluth, were sold. He believes that there is a conspiracy back of the whole thing to injure him, and he therefore intends to make an investigation.

A SOCIAL SESSION.

The A. O. U. W. lodge of West Duluth and its auxiliary, the Degree of Honor lodge, will hold a joint social session next Wednesday evening, and it is expected that a delightful time will be had. The ladies will have a musical and literary program, which will be participated in by the Workmen, in the form of a debate on the question of the reserve fund. This matter was to have been debated on at the Workmen meeting last evening, but was postponed until Wednesday evening. The ladies will serve refreshments.

WOMEN DISAGREE.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Nellie Barber, of Proctorknott, swore out a warrant in Justice Stone's court, charging Mrs. Ida Morton, of the same village, with assaulting and beating her. She asks that the latter be put under peace bonds, that the complaining witness has reason to believe that the defendant contemplates another assault. The case will probably come up Saturday.

GETS A RING.

William Spencer was this morning presented with a very unique and valuable key ring by the traveling representative of an Indianapolis physicians' supply house, as a return for his courtesy in giving the first exact information regarding West Duluth that the traveling man claims to have had. The latter says that he was told in Duluth that there were twenty-four physicians in one block in West Duluth, and he came out prepared to stay three or four days.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rudolph Geiser and Miss Anna Geiser, superintendent and principal of the Morris, Minn., schools, will return to their home tomorrow, after a few days' visit with the family of Charles Boerner.

Mrs. Willard Shirley, of 610 Fifty-sixth avenue west, has recovered from a two weeks' illness.

John Swenby, of Pine Hill, who has been quite sick, is recovering.

A boy was born on April 1 to Mr. and Mrs. August Anderson, of Tacoma street.

Among the West Duluth Masons that will attend the Maundy-Thursday annual banquet of the Scottish Rite, at the Spalding this evening, are Dr. David Graham, R. L. Cochrane, H. R. Patterson, L. S. Neuman, C. W. Nitterauer and L. A. Barnes.

Mrs. Thomas left today for Two Harbors to join Dr. Thomas and visit a few days.

Otis Nelson left West Duluth yesterday for Ashland, to remain for a time.

William McLaughlin has gone to Proctorknott, where he has accepted a position firing on an engine on the Missabe road.

L. S. Neuman came down from Eveleth this morning and will return to-morrow.

A daughter was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Sundeen, of Sixty-second avenue west and State street.

Miss Jole Boerner has recovered from a several days' sickness with the grip.

Miss Mamie Enright returned yesterday to Biwabik after a few days' visit with friends here.

Victoria Dorthea Lund, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Lund, of 412 Sixtieth avenue west, died yesterday. The funeral will take place from the family residence tomorrow afternoon.

The regular meeting of the W. F. M. S. will be held at the home of Mrs. Saing, on Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

Jay Bundy and little son left yesterday for Iowa, where a specialist is to be consulted regarding some trouble with the boy's eyes.

Ed Simons has gone to Carlton.

Mrs. Josephine Carlson has returned from a short visit at Minneapolis.

Joseph Smith is back from Split Rock.

Wall paper. Latest styles and richest colorings. Best quality for the least money. From 2 cents up. S. C. Bolger, Ramsey street.

Girl wanted for general housework. Apply at Spencer's Drug store.

Attention Skaters!

Music at West Duluth Covered Rink tomorrow night—Friday.

Last Skating of the Season.

CRESCENT BICYCLES

Give satisfaction. That's why we handle them. They give us no trouble. Everyone guaranteed to give satisfaction. You take no chances when you buy a Crescent. They are strictly up-to-date, all the latest improvements and the price is right.

Crescents	**$25, $35 and $50**
Sterlings	**$40 and $50**
Stearns	**$40 and $50**
Syracuse	**$25**

Wieland & Wade
323 West First Street, Duluth.
317 Central Avenue, West Duluth.

Brown Mallough & Son
Cash Grocers. West Duluth.

A FEW POINTERS FOR WIDE-AWAKE HOUSEWIVES—SLAUGHTER PRICES FOR

Friday and Saturday:

NEW-LAID EGGS—two dozen	25c
JACKSON SOAP—8 bars for	25c
BLUEING—8c bottle for	5c
NEW SEEDED RAISINS—2 packages for	25c
SWEET, TENDER CORN—4 cans for	25c
STRINGLESS BEANS—fine quality—4 cans for	25c
DIME MATCHES—4 pkgs for	25c
COCOANUT—fancy shredded—per lb	15c
EVAPORATED CALIFORNIA FRUITS AT MATCHLESS PRICES	
Evaporated Pears—Bartlett variety, 3 lbs for	25c
Evaporated White Muir Peaches, 2 lbs for	25c
Bright, Moor Park Apricots, 3 lbs for	25c
Fancy Santa Clara Prunes, 7 lbs for	25c
Fancy Evaporated Apples (Bowen Bros.), 3 lbs for	25c
CHOICE PAT. FLOUR—(Not in a trust)—an excellent brand—per 98-lb sack	$1.85
Per 49-lb sack	93c

We are the only agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffees in West Duluth. A full line of Domestic Fruits and Green Vegetables for Easter trade.

LAID AT REST.

Funeral of "Sun Do Move" Jasper.

Richmond, Va., April 4.—The funeral of the late Rev. John Jasper, the famous negro preacher, occurred today at Mount Zion church, of which he was pastor. The body lay in state in the heavily draped church all day yesterday. The services [illegible] at 2:30 o'clock. [illegible] the church was crowded. A portion of the edifice was reserved for white people and many were present. Among the mourners were those whom the old man had antagonized during his life. The services consisted of hymns, special music, a scripture lesson and four eulogies on the several aspects of Rev. Jasper's character. The congregation followed the body to Ham cemetery, where the interment took place in the family section.

Don't Miss Your Train!

Commencing Sunday, March 31, the night train on the "Duluth Short Line" (N. P. R.) will leave Duluth at 11:10 p. m. daily for the Twin Cities. Four new standard Pullmans—the handsomest ever run from the head of the lakes to the Twin Cities. Will go into service next week. Open at 9 p. m.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1,275

For the property at 919 East Sixth Street—Eight-room house, 25-foot lot—house cost $1350.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT.

5 per cent on business property.
5½ per cent on residence property.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

$12000 Will buy 100x140 to an alley on West Second street, near Third avenue west.

$7500 For 75x140 to an alley on West Second street, opposite new Public Library building.

$5250 A 75-foot corner on East Superior street; improved, rentals net 8 per cent.

$3250 A 7-room house, modern and in best repair, on Sixteenth avenue east.

$900 A choice residence lot on East Third street, near Seventeenth avenue east. All improvements in street.

$1500 A house and lot in West End on First street, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$1000 Buys a 25-foot lot on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$350 A 25-foot corned near West Park school, and only one block from street cars.

If you are looking for a choice investment in business property paying a good rate of interest and for sale at a bargain, call and see us.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—

$3650 A new modern 7-room house, only six blocks from court house, lot 40x140 ft.

$1250 6-room house, lot 25x140 ft, upper side Third St., near Seventh ave. east.

$750 Fine lot with old house, near 8th ave. east and Third street.

$1250 Lot with two houses, near Second street and 21st ave. west.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.

Eight-room house in East End, all modern improvements, $5500 if sold before April 1st.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

4½% 5% 5½%

Money to Loan

ANY AMOUNT.

Prompt and correct service.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 533.

Carpets and Window Shades.

CARPETS AND SHADES AT CUT prices. O. H. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

IT WILL PAY LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to take their clothes to John Mueller, 21 West Superior street, old 'phone 28—4 rings, for fancy cleaning and dyeing of all kinds. Get our prices on Browning, King & Co.'s made-to-order clothing.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S clothes cleaned and all kinds of first class work done satisfactory and promptly attended to. Julius Lieske, room 2 over No. 7 West Superior street.

PILES AND RUPTURE.

PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED, without cutting. Duluth references. Illustrated circular. Graff block. Hours 1 to 4.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—LEARN TO become one and support yourself while learning. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206 New Jersey building, Duluth. Open evenings.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING, storm windows taken off, William Simpson, Zenith telephone 738; office 119 West First street.

STAMPED SATIN.

STAMPED SATIN—ASSORTED COLORS in nine square inch blocks for fancy work, quilts, sofa cushions, etc., each stamped with a neat and graceful design to be worked in silk. 10 cents per package, postpaid. One copy of the great popular song "For the Flag I Die, Dear Mother," regular 40-cent sheet music free with every package ordered. Address Mrs. F. M. Cheney, 925 West Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to try our Germicide treatments for dandruff and falling hair; also our sure remedy for premature gray hair. To introduce our new specialist, we will give reduced prices for a few days. Regular $5.00 course of treatments, either hair or complexion, $3.50.

MME. BOYDE CO.,
216 West Superior street.

Goods well bought are half sold. Goods well advertised in The Herald are all sold.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOW IS THIS?

$2600 Takes 50x290 feet fronting on improved avenue in the **East** End. Good for a row of 15 houses. All public improvements.

A. C. VOLK & Co
202 PALLADIO BLDG.

BARGAIN..

We can now give possession of the elegent residence, 1602 Jefferson Street at any time. This is a complete and model house in every detail, with hot water heat. Will be sold low if taken this month.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

Desirable offices, suitable for physician or dentist.

Store on Michigan street, central, including refrigeration.

One room in McDonnell block, 124 West Superior street.

C. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Building

Excursions to Western Canada.

On Tuesday, April 9, 16, 23 and 30, I will have very cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building, Duluth, Minn.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair works, 23 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 742.

HERBAQUEEN'S SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD effects. First Class condition; fine material. Owner leaving city. Householder, Herald office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BABY CARriage, cost $40; good as new. Inquire 504 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FRANKLIN TYPEWRITER costing $70. Must be sold at any price. Address J 2, Herald.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon as good as new at half regular price, also 100 fine colored and plain slides of Scotland and Ireland. 431 West Michigan street, telephone 376.

FOR SALE OR RENT—RESTAURANT in good condition and locality. Fifty boarders at present. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

FOR SALE--FAMILY MARE, 8 YEARS old. Harness, Stanhope and cutter. Will sell all or part. 714 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, $500 EMERSON PIano; also improved farm. Address M 5, Herald.

WHY PAY EXORBITANT RENT when you can have a 6-room house on Grand avenue, Lakeside, large rooms, beautiful view, assessments all paid, for $1250. Will take $250 down, rest in easy installments. Address J. McD., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A CHEAP HORSE AND double harness. Apply at No. 12 West Superior street.

FOR SALE--NEW FIVE ROOM HOUSE on lot 40 by 80 feet, located at No. 418 19½ avenue west. $900 cash. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING ON First street, suitable for office, store or shop, $450. J. W. Shellenberger, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—TWO SEWING MACHINES and one bedroom suite, also other furniture. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

HORSES HORSES

Barrett & Zimmerman have at their stables, opposite the Post office, Duluth, from 300 to 400 head horses constantly on hand. **Private sales daily. Part time given if desired.**

FOR SALE—BUSINESS HOUSE, BRICK 226 Lake avenue south.

IF YOU WANT ONE OF THE HIGHEST grade, well-known, new 1901 flush-joint Bicycles made, for only $11.75 and want ten-days' trial before paying one cent, cut this notice out and mail to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill., for free Bicycle Catalogue and full particulars.

FOR SALE—ONE STEINWAY SQUARE piano in good condition. A bargain. 516 Second avenue east.

THE HALL'S SAFE CO.—FIRE AND burglar proof safes. Jas. S. Ray, dealer. New 'phone 1198.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND STEAM shovels, locomotives, rails and cars for construction and logging. M. Mitshkun company, Detroit, Mich.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows block. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker. 334 W. Sup. St.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN DULUTH STOP AT THE Midland hotel, 210 West Second street. Rooms in good condition; good board; everything modern. Rates, $1 per day. William Hargreaves, proprietor.

RAFFLE.

RAFFLE—THE SEWING MACHINE raffled by Charles Perry was won by Mrs. James M. Early, of 2231 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Wanted.

Experienced Salesladies for our Cloak and Millinery Departments. Apply at Manager's Office between 9 and 10 Friday morning.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

EXPERIENCED NURSE. MRS. C. A. Thorpe, 327 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 16 YEARS OF age to assist in housework for small family. Apply Mrs. Massey, 5 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1317 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SECOND COOK at Branch Bethel. Apply Charles H. Hall.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with housework. Inquire Flat A, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—A GIRL OF 16 TO ASSIST IN housework. T. H. Hawkes, Jr., 210 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 314 East Second street.

GENTLEMEN OR LADIES, $15 PER week and expenses. Call at once. This offer for ten days only. Room H, Delaware hotel, 11:30 a. m.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. None but good cook need apply. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 17 OR 18 years old. Good wages. Call 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 28 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at the Palmer house.

WANTED—AT CRAGGENCROFT, A first class laundress. Good wages and good home. Take Woodland cars.

WANTED—AT THE OLDEST AND most reliable employment office. A cook and dish washer for Montana. Cooks, dining room girls for the city and girls for private places. 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED young men between the ages of 18 and 20 for bundle inspectors at Panton & White's. Apply Friday to superintendent.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG BOY TO work around Hotel Tremont.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers and one weekly man. J. S. Lane.

WANTED — SEVERAL GOOD MACHINists. Superior Iron Works, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers, one pant and one vest maker. B. M. Sulte, 15 First avenue west.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BUSHELman at once. J. S. Lane.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY AND TYPEwriter. Apply Mendenhall & Hoopes.

WANTED—COMPETENT ASSISTANT bookkeeper and collector, familiar with details of a mercantile office. Young man preferred; must be a worker; permanent position with splendid possibilities for the right man. M. S. Burrows.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer. Good position. Address T. F., Herald.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL MAGNIFicent portrait in colors of President McKinley. Size 14 by 21 inches. 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG LADIES, position as chambermaids. Address G 92, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as sales lady in a millinery shop. Address R 92, Herald.

STRONG BOY OF 16 WANTS WORK AT once. Will do most anything. Address Clifford Turner, 3205 West First street.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady (Canadian) where she can work mornings and evenings for board. Address M 56, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY MAN WHO has had three years' experience in store. Best of references. Address M 82, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE TO take care of furnished rooms or a few engagements for nursing. Call or address 517, West Michigan street, city.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING BY THE day. Address 612 West First street.

HAIR WORK.

HAIR WORK DONE, No. 2 WEST FIRST.

PERSONAL.

WILL LADY THAT MADE DATE FOR March 28, at East End, please write again. Address Jim, Herald.

THE PRESENT ADDRESS OR whereabouts of Tuffield Gardona, who was in Duluth for a time, is very much desired by his mother, Philamenia Gardona, of No. 13 Lancaster street, Cohoes, N. Y. Anyone being able to give any information will confer a great favor to an anxious mother at the above address.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, ONE OF THE most desirable houses in town. Very central. Lane MacGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—HOUSE, $22, SIX ROOMS, bath and water included, to family without children. Reference required. J. C. Perry, 215 Seventh avenue east.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 125 SECOND AVEnue west, eight rooms, steam heat. Apply 121 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—HOUSE IN ASHTABULA terrace. Inquire 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STRICTLY MODERN NINE room house three blocks from postoffice. Myers' Bros., 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, with or without board, a handsome suite of rooms. Steam heat and stationary wash stands. Private family in East End. Reasonable rates to permanent parties with references. Address B 8, Herald.

FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT for the summer. Address M 6, Herald.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, CENTRALly located, $15 per month, water included. M 4, Herald.

FOR RENT—$7, three rooms, hot water. 222 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 224 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT—LODGE ROOM IN ODD Fellows' building. Wednesday evenings. Enquire at Schiller's cigar store.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FURNISHED flat for the summer. Apply 630 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLATS, four rooms, $12 and $14. Enquire 718 West Fifth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FOUR TO SIX ROOM FLAT, central. M 8, Herald.

WANTED—FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS centrally located, only two in family. Address J 1, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS. 228 Second avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN private family by refined young woman. Best of references. Terms moderate. Address M. T., Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting, April 15, 1901. Work, Second degree, H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 8, 1901. Work, First degree. Burr Porter, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 3, 1901. Work, Royal arch degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 7, 1901. Work. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Lericheux, Recorder.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, No. 25, West Duluth, meets the first four Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. E. B. McCullum, Sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Visiting members welcome. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 106, I. O. O. F.—Meets Thursday evening, at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and First street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; D. J. Dewar, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets every first and third Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, NO. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, Wa-ke-ne-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. C. Evans, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

SILK DRAPERIES.

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DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv...Duluth...Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar...Proctor...Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:35 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:56 a.m.	Ar...Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:20
11:08 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3 15 pm	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12 00 m
[illegible] pm	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	[illegible] am
7 40 pm	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	[illegible] am
7 30 pm	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	[illegible] am

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